

Volume 2

Documentation and Listings
Original Lanczos Codes

Lanczos Algorithms for Large Symmetric Eigenvalue Computations

Jane K. Cullum

Ralph A. Willoughby

Originally Published by Birkhäuser-Boston in 1985
Copyright Reverted to Jane K. Cullum and Nona Willoughby in 2001

- Volume 1: Theory

Volume 1: Theory has been republished verbatim in 2002 as Volume 41 in the SIAM Book Series, Classics in Applied Mathematics. SIAM Publications, Philadelphia, PA. ISBN 0-89871-523-7. (A short Errata for Volume 1 is included in this web version of Volume 2 as Chapter 10.)

- Uni-Processor and Parallel/Fortran90 Versions

Currently, Leonard Hoffnung (Math. Dept, U. Kentucky), Spencer Shellman, (Comp. Sc. Dept, U. Utah) and Jane Cullum (*cullumj@lanl.gov*) are working on uni-processor and on MPI parallel Fortran90 versions of the codes contained in Volume 2. The Hoffnung and Shellman contributions are supported currently by a U.S. Department of Energy, Office of Science, MICS, Los Alamos AMS Program grant. The resulting codes will be made available via the Netlib software repository.

- Matrix Size

This book was published 17 years ago. Computers of today are orders of magnitude faster and have orders of magnitude more memory and storage than those which were available when this book was written. Seventeen years ago, a matrix of size 10,000 was considered very large. Since 1985 some of the algorithms which are included in this book have been used on problems of size a million or more. The requirements are *accurate* matrix computations and *sufficient* computer arithmetic precision.

- Thanks to Leonard Hoffnung for his help in converting ancient 'script' files for Volume 2.
-

Contents

1	Lanczos procedures	1
1.1	Introduction	1
1.2	What are Lanczos procedures?	4
1.3	Comments and disclaimers	7
2	Real Symmetric Matrices	9
2.1	Introduction	9
2.2	Documentation for the Codes in Chapters 2, 3, 4, 5	11
2.3	LEVAL: Main Program, Eigenvalue Computations	40
2.4	LEVEC: Main Program, Eigenvector Computations	54
2.5	LEMULT: LANCZS and Sample Matrix-Vector Multiply Subroutines	75
2.6	LESUB: Other Subroutines used by the Codes in Chapters 2, 3, 4, 5	95
2.7	LECOMPAC: Optional Preprocessing Program	124
2.8	LEVAL: LEVEC: File Definitions, Sample Input Files	127
3	Hermitian Matrices	129
3.1	Introduction	129
3.2	HLEVAL: Main Program, Eigenvalue Computations	132
3.3	HLEVEC: Main Program, Eigenvector Computations	147
3.4	HLEMULT: LANCZS and Sample Matrix-Vector Multiply Subroutines	170
3.5	HLEVAL: HLEVEC: File Definitions, Sample Input Files	190
4	Factored Inverses of Real Symmetric Matrices	193
4.1	Introduction	193
4.2	LIVAL: Main Program, Eigenvalue Computations	196

4.3	LIVEC: Main Program, Eigenvector Computations	211
4.4	LIMULT: LANCZS and Sample Matrix-Vector Multiply Subroutines	234
4.5	PERMUT: LORDER: LFACT: LTEST: Optional Routines for Chapters 4, 5, 9	242
4.6	LIVAL: LIVEC: File Definitions, Sample Input Files	263
5	Real Symmetric Generalized Problems	265
5.1	Introduction	265
5.2	LGVAL: Main Program, Eigenvalue Computations	268
5.3	LGVEC: Main Program, Eigenvector Computations	282
5.4	LGMULT: LANCZS and Sample Matrix-Vector Multiply Subroutines	305
5.5	LGVAL: LGVEC: File Definitions, Sample Input Files	317
6	Real Rectangular Matrices, Singular Values and Vectors	319
6.1	Introduction	319
6.2	Documentation for the Codes in Chapters 6	322
6.3	LSVAL: Main Program, Eigenvalue Computations	344
6.4	LSVEC: Main Program, Eigenvector Computations	359
6.5	LSMULT: LANCZS and Sample Matrix-Vector Multiply Subroutines	385
6.6	LSSUB: Other Subroutines used by the Codes in Chapter 6	394
6.7	LSVAL: LSVEC: File Definitions, Sample Input Files	421
7	Nondefective Complex Symmetric Matrices	423
7.1	Introduction	423
7.2	Documentation for the Codes in Chapter 7	426
7.3	CSLEVAL: Main Program, Eigenvalue Computations	445
7.4	CSLEVEC: Main Program, Eigenvector Computations	458
7.5	CSLEMULT: LANCZS and Sample Matrix-Vector Multiply Subroutines	479
7.6	CSLESUB: Other Subroutines used by the Codes in Chapter 7	490
7.7	CSLEVAL: CSLEVEC: File Definitions, Sample Input Files	514
8	Real Symmetric Matrices, Block Lanczos Code	517

8.1	Introduction	517
8.2	Documentation for the Codes in Chapters 8 and 9	520
8.3	BLEVAL: Main Program, Eigenvalue and Eigenvector Computations	532
8.4	BLMULT: Sample Matrix-Vector Multiply Subroutines	541
8.5	BLSUB: Other Subroutines used by the Codes in Chapters 8 and 9	547
8.6	BLEVAL: File Definitions, Sample Input File	567
9	Factored Inverses, Real Symmetric Block Lanczos Code	569
9.1	Introduction	569
9.2	BLIEVAL: Main Program, Eigenvalue and Eigenvector Computations	571
9.3	BLIMULT: Sample Matrix-Vector Multiply Subroutines	581
9.4	BLIEVAL: File Definitions, Sample Input File	587
10	Errata: Volume I: Theory	589

Chapter 1

Lanczos procedures

1.1 Introduction

The FORTRAN codes contained in this volume are designed for computing eigenvalues and eigenvectors or singular values and singular vectors of large, sparse matrices. Large means of order several hundred to perhaps 10,000. The largest matrix which we tested was real symmetric and had order 4900. This book is divided into 9 chapters. In this first chapter we give a brief description of Lanczos eigenelement procedures and then make some comments about what the Lanczos codes in this book can and cannot be expected to compute. Detailed analyses of the ideas used in these procedures are contained in Volume 1 of this book.

Chapters 2 through 7 contain procedures which are based upon the single-vector Lanczos recursion with no reorthogonalization of any kind. Six different classes of problems are addressed in these 6 chapters: Eigenelement computations for

1. Real symmetric matrices (Chapter 2)
2. Hermitian matrices (Chapter 3)
3. Factored inverses of real symmetric matrices (Chapter 4)
4. Real symmetric, generalized problems (Chapter 5)
5. Nondefective, complex symmetric matrices (Chapter 7)
6. Singular value and vector computations for real, rectangular matrices (Chapter 6).

Chapters 8 and 9 contain Lanczos procedures which are based upon 'block' versions of the Lanczos recursions. These iterative block procedures include some reorthogonalization within each iteration, but this reorthogonalization is limited to reorthogonalizations w.r.t. certain vectors in each first Lanczos block.

The single-vector procedures can be used to compute anywhere from a very few to very many eigenvalues (singular values). These eigenvalues (singular values) need not be at the extremes of the spectrum. For some matrices it is even possible to compute all of the eigenvalues. The iterative block procedures can only be used to compute a few extreme eigenvalues of the specified matrix. The single vector codes consist of two phases. First eigenvalues or singular values are computed and then corresponding eigenvectors or singular vectors are computed. The iterative 'block' codes compute eigenvalues and corresponding eigenvector approximations simultaneously. Block codes for computing singular values are not included in this book. See for example, Golub, Luk, and Overton [13] for an example of such a block algorithm.

With three exceptions which are given below, each Chapter 2 through 9 contains the following types of information for the particular class of problems considered in that chapter: documentation; main program(s); LANCZS subroutine for computing Lanczos matrices; sample matrix-vector multiply and/or solve subroutines; other subroutines needed by the codes in that chapter; and definitions of the files used by the programs together with sample input files. Because of the similarities between the variables, flags, etc., the documentation for the codes contained in Chapters 2, 3, 4, and 5 was combined and is contained in Section 2.2 of Chapter 2. The codes in Chapters 2, 3, 4, and 5 use essentially (with 2 exceptions) the same set of ‘other or additional subroutines’ so these subroutines were combined and are given only in Chapter 2, Section 2.6. Similarly, the block codes in Chapters 8 and 9 use the same set of additional subroutines and these are given only in Section 8.5. Some additional optional, preprocessing codes are also provided, and again each of these is included in only one of the chapters and not in each of the ones where it might be useful.

Each set of codes contains many write statements. These write statements serve two major functions: to provide consistency checks on the information supplied by the user, and to provide running commentary on the progress of the computations. Much of the code has been modularized to help make the program logic more transparent to the user. These codes are not designed as efficiently as they could be. Many internal comments have been included. Numerous consistency checks have been used to verify that the user has set up the procedure properly. Basically, we have compromised some efficiency for safety and robustness.

Each LANCZS subroutine together with the corresponding sample matrix-vector multiply and solve subroutines are in files labelled as *MULT. For example in Chapter 2 where real symmetric matrices are discussed this file is labelled LEMULT. The user should note that within a given *MULT file, each sample USPEC* and *MATV subroutine has been given two names so that these subroutines can co-exist with similar subroutines for other test matrices. However, two different *MULT files cannot co-exist because subroutine names are reused in going from one category of matrices to another category. In particular for the codes in Chapters 2, 3, and 7, the matrix-vector multiply subroutine is called CMATV. Moreover, in all of the chapters, the matrix specification subroutines are called USPEC. This reuse of names makes it easier for the user to pass from one set of codes to another. Furthermore, from category to category, subroutines with similar function were typically given the same name. For example, all of the subroutines which generate families of Lanczos matrices are named LANCZS. There are two BISEC bisection subroutines for computing eigenvalues of real symmetric tridiagonal matrices, one for Chapters 2, 3, 4, and 5 and the other one is for Chapter 6. If these sets of codes had to co-exist in one computer file, then it would be necessary for the user to devise a scheme for renaming those subroutines which have the same names.

With respect to portability, each of these programs and subroutines has been individually checked for portability by the PFORT Verifier [22], but the communications between these subroutines have not been checked. Obvious problems with portability like non-Fortran items in the format statements have all been removed. However, certain nonportable constructions have been retained because they make the programs somewhat easier to use. The header of each of the programs contains a list of those constructions in that program which were identified by the PFORT verifier as being nonportable. These headers can be used to locate the nonportable items so that if necessary they can be modified. A list of most of the nonportable items and the reasons for retaining them are given in Table 1.1.

The single vector Lanczos codes in Chapters 2 through 7 are essentially self-contained. The user must provide the matrix-vector multiply and/or solve subroutines which are required by these codes, together with a matrix specification subroutine which defines, dimensions and initializes the matrix which will be used by the Lanczos procedure. The sample matrix-specification subroutines and sample matrix-vector multiply and solve subroutines contained with these codes can be modified and used if appropriate or they can be replaced completely. All of these procedures require a random number generator subroutine, inner product subroutines, and a subroutine to mask underflow. These procedures assume that each time the random number generator is called that the seed for this generator is automatically reset to a different value.

The iterative ‘block’ Lanczos codes in Chapters 8 and 9 require matrix specification and matrix-vector

Nonportable Construction	Where Used	Why Used
Entry	Passes storage locations of arrays and parameters needed to define user-specified matrix from subroutine USPEC where arrays are dimensioned and initialized to the corresponding matrix-vector multiply or solve subroutine.	Codes do not need to 'see' the user-specified matrix. Codes need only output from matrix-vector multiply or solve subroutines for the matrix being used. User does not have to alter the calling sequences to these subroutines every time the number or kind of arrays needed to define the given matrix is changed.
Formats (20A4) and (4Z20)	(20A4) is used to read and write explanatory comments within the main programs and in sample USPEC subroutines. Machine format (4Z20) is used to read in and write out the Lanczos tridiagonal matrices generated and other quantities for which conversion errors could cause numerical problems.	Allows the user to easily modify headers describing the matrix and code being used. Prevents format conversion errors incurred in input/output conversions.
Free Format Read (5,*)	Used in main program and in sample USPEC subroutines on read-ins of user-specified parameters from input file 5.	Ease of input. User does not have to have the input values properly aligned in the input file.
Complex*16 Variables	Used only in the Hermitian and in the complex symmetric Lanczos codes.	Computations require double precision complex arithmetic.
Specification of Machine Epsilon	Used in main programs	Required to define tolerances used at various points in the computations.

Table 1.1: Nonportable Constructions Used in the Codes

multiply and solve subroutines very similar to those used in the single vector codes, plus the same type of random number generating subroutine, inner product subroutine, and mask subroutine. However, as implemented here the block codes are not self-contained. These codes call two subroutines from the EISPACK Library [23, 8], TRED2 and IMTQL2, which are used repeatedly to compute the eigenvalues and eigenvectors of the small Lanczos matrices generated on each iteration of the block procedures. The user can of course replace these calls by calls to subroutines which perform similar functions, if the EISPACK Library is not available.

The optional preprocessing programs in Sections 2.7, 4.5, 6.7, and 7.7 are stand-alone (if one includes the programs which must be supplied by the user), except for the subroutine PERMUT given in Section 4.5. PERMUT can be used in conjunction with the procedures in Chapters 4, 5, and 9. It calls the SPARSPAK Library [9] (A. George, J. Liu, E. Ng, U. Waterloo) to try to determine a reordering of the given sparse matrix for which the sparsity of the given matrix translates into a sparse factorization of the reordered matrix.

1.2 What are Lanczos procedures?

Lanczos procedures for computing eigenvalues and eigenvectors of real symmetric matrices are based upon one or more variants of the basic single-vector Lanczos recursion for tridiagonalizing a real symmetric matrix A . Given a starting vector v_1 which is typically-generated randomly, the Lanczos recursion implements a Gram-Schmidt orthogonalization of the matrix-vector products Av_i corresponding to the Lanczos vectors v_i generated by the recursion. See for example Bjorck [1]. Specifically, we have that for $i = 2, \dots, m$,

$$\beta_{i+1}v_{i+1} = Av_i - \alpha_i v_i - \beta_i v_{i-1} \quad (1.2.1)$$

where $\alpha_i \equiv v_i^T Av_i$ and $\beta_{i+1} \equiv v_{i+1}^T Av_i$. By definition $\alpha_i v_i$ and $\beta_i v_{i-1}$ are the projections of Av_i onto the two most recently-generated Lanczos vectors v_i and v_{i-1} . In practice to improve the numerical stability of this recursion, the above formulas are replaced by the following ones.

$$\alpha_i \equiv v_i^T (Av_i - \beta_i v_{i-1}) \text{ and } \beta_{i+1} \equiv \|Av_i - \alpha_i v_i - \beta_i v_{i-1}\|. \quad (1.2.2)$$

The α_i as defined in Eqn(1.2.2) correspond to a modified Gram-Schmidt orthogonalization procedure. The formula for β_{i+1} given in Eqn(1.2.2) is theoretically equivalent to the one given with Eqn(1.2.1). However, it is superior numerically because this choice directly controls the sizes of the Lanczos vectors. See Paige [19].

Rewriting Eqn(1.2.1) in matrix form, we obtain

$$AV_j = V_j T_j + \beta_{j+1} v_{j+1} e_j^T \quad (1.2.3)$$

where T_j denotes the real symmetric tridiagonal Lanczos matrix of order j whose diagonal entries are the scalars α_i , $1 \leq i \leq j$, and whose subdiagonal (superdiagonal) entries are the scalars β_{i+1} , $1 \leq i \leq j-1$, generated by the Lanczos recursion. In Eqn(1.2.3), $V_j = (v_1, v_2, \dots, v_j)$, the matrix whose columns are the Lanczos vectors generated by the recursion, and e_j is the coordinate vector whose j -th component is 1 and whose other components are 0.

It is easy to demonstrate by induction that in exact arithmetic each set of vectors V_j generated by the recursion in Eqns(1.2.1) and (1.2.2) is an orthonormal set. Therefore for any A -matrix with n distinct eigenvalues and any starting vector v_1 which has a projection on every eigenspace of A , we have that for each $j \leq n$,

$$T_j = V_j^T A V_j. \quad (1.2.4)$$

Thus the symmetric tridiagonal matrices T_j are representations of the projections of the given matrix A onto the subspaces spanned by the corresponding sets of Lanczos vectors V_j . The eigenvalues of these matrices are the eigenvalues of the A -matrix restricted to these subspaces. Since the Lanczos vectors are obtained by orthogonalizing vectors of the form $\{v_1, Av_1, A^2v_1, \dots\}$, we expect the eigenvalues of the T_j to provide good approximations to some of the eigenvalues of A , if j is sufficiently large. Clearly, at least theoretically, if we extend the recursion to $j = n$, then the eigenvalues of T_n will be the eigenvalues of A . T_n is simply an orthogonal transformation of A and must therefore have the same eigenvalues as A . Moreover, any Ritz vector $V_j u$ obtained from an eigenvector u of some T_j is an approximation to a corresponding eigenvector of A .

Basic steps in any Lanczos procedure for computing eigenvalues and eigenvectors of ‘symmetric’ matrices are the following.

1. Use a variant of the Lanczos recursion to transform the given ‘symmetric’ matrix A into a family of ‘symmetric’ tridiagonal matrices of varying sizes.
2. Compute eigenvalues and eigenvectors of certain members of this family. Because of the real symmetric tridiagonal structure this is a much simpler problem than computing the eigenvalues and eigenvectors of A directly.
3. Take some or all of these eigenvalues as approximations to eigenvalues of A and map the corresponding eigenvectors of the tridiagonal matrix into Ritz vectors for the matrix A .
4. Use these Ritz vectors as approximations to the eigenvectors of A .

The Lanczos recursion in Eqn(1.2.1) has several properties which make it particularly attractive for dealing with large but sparse matrices. First the given matrix enters the recursion only through the matrix-vector multiply terms Av_i . Thus contrary to what is done in the standard methods for solving small or medium size eigenvalue problems, see for example EISPACK [23, 8], the given matrix is not explicitly modified. The user must provide only a subroutine which computes Ax for any given vector x . If the matrix A is sparse, this computation can be done using an amount of storage that is only linear in the size of the matrix instead of quadratic. Second, the recursion uses only the two most recently-generated Lanczos vectors. The Gram-Schmidt orthogonalization of an arbitrary set of vectors would require that at any given stage in the process that all of the vectors which have already been orthogonalized be available for orthogonalizing each additional vector as it is considered. Thus, the storage requirements for implementing the basic Lanczos recursion are minimal. If we use Eqns(1.2.1) and (1.2.2) then only 2 n -vectors are needed for the two most recently-generated Lanczos vectors plus storage for the α and β arrays.

There are however numerical problems if only a simple direct implementation of this recursion is programmed. In general such an implementation yields Lanczos matrices which have extra eigenvalues in addition to the ‘good’ eigenvalues which are approximations to eigenvalues of A . These extraneous or ‘spurious’ eigenvalues are caused by the losses in the orthogonality of the Lanczos vectors which in turn are caused by the combination of the roundoff errors resulting from the finite computer arithmetic and the convergence (as j is increased) of eigenvalues of the Lanczos matrices to eigenvalues of the original matrix A . This interaction between the computer arithmetic and the convergence of eigenvalues is discussed in Paige [17, 20].

During the past 5 – 10 years many different types of Lanczos eigenelement algorithms have been proposed. See Volume 1, Chapter 2 of this book for a brief survey of the literature. Most of these procedures incorporate modifications to the basic Lanczos recursion in Eqns(1.2.1) and (1.2.2) which force the Lanczos vectors to stay nearly orthonormal. These approaches require either the repeated computation of Ritz vectors or the repeated reorthogonalization of the Lanczos vectors as they are generated or some combination of these two computations. In either case as the size of the Lanczos matrix generated is increased to be able to compute more eigenvalues, the associated Ritz vectors or the Lanczos vectors needed for

the reorthogonalizations require more and more storage. These modifications often work well but destroy much of the simplicity of the basic procedure, and because of the added storage requirements resulting from the reorthogonalizations they limit the number of eigenelements which can be computed.

The approach which we have chosen and which is implemented in the enclosed FORTRAN programs in Chapters 2 through 7 is not to force the orthogonality of the Lanczos vectors by reorthogonalizing, but to work directly with the basic Lanczos recursion, accepting the losses in orthogonality, and then unraveling the effects of these losses. This approach allows us to retain the basic simplicity of the Lanczos recursion, to minimize the storage requirements, and to therefore maximize the number of eigenvalues of A which can be computed. In our approach in the single-vector algorithms in Chapters 2 through 7, Ritz vectors are not computed until after the eigenvalues have been computed accurately. Consequently, the basic storage requirements for our eigenvalue (singular value) algorithms are only a small multiple of the size of the largest Lanczos matrix used in the computations. Thus, we can compute many eigenvalues of very large but sparse matrices. Depending upon what is to be computed and upon the eigenvalue distribution in the given matrix A , the sizes of the Lanczos matrices used in these computations may be much smaller or considerably larger than the original A -matrix. However the Lanczos matrices generated by the procedures in Chapters 2 through 6 are real symmetric and tridiagonal so that these matrices can be very large and still not present insurmountable computational problems. Eigenvalue and eigenvector computations for such matrices require minimal amounts of storage and fairly reasonable numbers of arithmetic operations.

The computational problems which arise from not maintaining near orthogonality of the Lanczos vectors and which we must address in our single-vector codes are of two types. First and most importantly, we must deal with the question of sorting the eigenvalues of the Lanczos matrices into 2 classes, one corresponding to the ‘good’ eigenvalues which are approximations to the eigenvalues of A and the other corresponding to the extra or ‘spurious’ eigenvalues caused by the losses in orthogonality. The identification test used for doing this is discussed in Volume 1, Chapter 4, Section 4.5. For the procedures discussed in Chapters 2 through 6, this identification test is an integral and inexpensive part of the eigenvalue (singular value) computations. For the complex symmetric procedure discussed in Chapter 7 this test is handled in a considerably less eloquent manner and is expensive.

The second but much less serious difficulty we must address is the question of false multiplicities. The multiplicity of a particular ‘good’ eigenvalue as an eigenvalue of the Lanczos matrices is not related to the multiplicity of that eigenvalue as an eigenvalue of the A -matrix. ‘Good’ eigenvalues may replicate many times as eigenvalues of a Lanczos matrix, but be only simple eigenvalues of the original A -matrix. Thus, these single-vector procedures cannot directly determine the true multiplicities of the computed ‘good’ eigenvalues. Of course, this latter comment is also applicable to any single-vector Lanczos procedure not just to our procedures. Theoretically, at most one eigenvector for each distinct eigenvalue of the A -matrix can be obtained using the single-vector Lanczos recursion given in Eqns(1.2.1) and (1.2.2). (This of course is not true for iterative block Lanczos procedures.) It is interesting to note however that if the Lanczos recursion is used without any reorthogonalization, then it can yield sets of linearly independent eigenvectors for eigenvalues which are multiple in the A -matrix. The amount of work required to compute these additional eigenvectors depends upon the particular matrix in question and upon the particular eigenvalue. The codes provided in Chapters 2 through 7 of this book do not however incorporate this capability.

The iterative ‘block’ Lanczos procedures for real symmetric matrices given in Chapters 8 through 9 are based upon a block version of the Lanczos recursion

$$Q_{j+1}B_{j+1} = AQ_j - Q_jA_j - Q_{j-1}B_j^T \quad (1.2.5)$$

for $j = 1, 2, \dots, s$ where Q_1 is $n \times q$ and the coefficient matrices A_j and B_{j+1} are block analogs of the scalar coefficients in the single-vector Lanczos recursion in Eqns(1.2.1) and (1.2.2). The number of blocks s used on each iteration is chosen such that $qs \ll n$, where n is the order of the given A -matrix and q is chosen such that $q \geq q'$, the number of eigenvalues and eigenvectors desired. The Lanczos matrices are real symmetric, block tridiagonal matrices. In Eqn(1.2.5) we used Q_j instead of V_j because in our block Lanczos procedures we maintain near-orthogonality of the blocks generated within each iteration

by incorporating reorthogonalization of the blocks of Lanczos vectors with respect to certain vectors in the first Lanczos block.

The ‘block’ procedures provided in Chapters 8 and 9 are really hybrid algorithms, something between a true block Lanczos procedure, see for example, Cullum and Donath [4, 3] and Chapter 7 in [5], and the single-vector Lanczos procedures given in Chapters 2 through 7. The sequence of ‘blocks’ generated on each iteration of this hybrid method has the property that the first Q -block contains at least as many vectors as the user is trying to compute, but the second and succeeding blocks each contain only one vector. The corresponding resulting Lanczos matrices are not block tridiagonal. Each Lanczos matrix has a border of blocks in the first q rows and columns and is tridiagonal below this border.

At the beginning of each chapter, a brief description is given of the particular variant of the Lanczos recursion used in the Lanczos codes included in that chapter, along with some additional comments relevant to the particular types of problems being considered in that chapter.

1.3 Comments and disclaimers

The single-vector Lanczos procedures contained in Chapters 2 through 7 do not behave like standard eigenvalue procedures. Their behavior is both non-classical and somewhat unorthodox. If one of these codes were run on two different kinds of computers but with the same original matrix and the same initial specifications, the computed results could be quite different. A primary cause for such differences can of course be a difference in the starting vector caused by a difference in the random number generators. However even if the same starting vector were read in, the results would almost surely differ due to the differences in the computer arithmetic. In practice, the Lanczos matrices generated on two different kinds of computers may agree for a certain number of Lanczos steps but will begin to diverge upon the convergence of one or more of the eigenvalues of these Lanczos matrices to eigenvalues of the A -matrix. If after a reasonable number of steps in the Lanczos recursion we were to compare the entries in the Lanczos matrices generated by the two different computers, the values would probably be very different.

Furthermore, if we were to compute the eigenvalues of the two sets of Lanczos matrices for various sizes and ‘spurious’ eigenvalues were present, then these spurious eigenvalues would be different and even appear in different portions of the spectrum. In fact, prior to the convergence of a particular ‘good’ eigenvalue, the values of that good eigenvalue, in terms of how accurate it is at any given stage in the computations, may differ. However once a ‘good’ eigenvalue in either set has converged, that ‘good’ eigenvalue will agree with a true eigenvalue of the original user-specified matrix to as many digits as can be expected.

Therefore, if the user carries out the sample eigenvalue computation provided in Chapter 2, he/she should not be alarmed or surprised if the output from the computer being used does not agree with what is shown in the sample, as long as the converged ‘good’ eigenvalues agree. Actually one may observe different rates of convergence on different kinds of computers, depending upon the computer arithmetic. With increased arithmetic precision in all of the computations, these procedures may converge more rapidly. With decreased precision, they will converge less rapidly. All of our codes use double precision arithmetic (for an IBM 3083) and any precision less than that is not recommended.

Each of these procedures requires the user to supply either a matrix-vector multiply subroutine or a matrix-vector solve subroutine. (Both types of subroutines are required for the codes in Chapter 5 .) Such subroutines should perform the required computations rapidly and accurately, taking advantage of any special properties or structure in the given matrix. Our Lanczos programs see the original matrix as the outputs of these subroutines. The codes provided include sample matrix-vector multiply subroutines for a general sparse ‘symmetric’ matrix given in a particular sparse format. These are available for the user to use or modify as desired. Note that similar programs are also provided for the singular value/vector computations. Accuracy is important in these subroutines because consistency must be maintained in the information being provided to the LANCZS subroutine which is generating the Lanczos matrices. There is no built-in mechanism for preserving symmetry. Therefore, the matrix-vector multiply and solve subroutines must be coded with care. Without such consistency the Lanczos codes will not function

properly.

The convergence characteristics of the two types of Lanczos procedures considered are quite different. These differences are discussed in Chapters 4 and 7 of Volume 1 of this book. However, in both cases, the degree of difficulty in computing the desired eigenvalues depends upon the eigenvalue gaps. For the single-vector procedures the primary factor in determining whether or not it is feasible to compute either large numbers of eigenvalues or the eigenvalues with the smallest gaps, is the gap ratio, the ratio of the largest gap between two neighboring eigenvalues to the smallest such gap. The smaller this ratio, the easier it is to compute all of the eigenvalues of the given matrix. The larger this ratio, the harder it is to compute those eigenvalues with the smallest gaps. The locations of the desired eigenvalues in the spectrum of the given matrix also play a significant role in the rate of convergence of individual eigenvalues. Both types of Lanczos procedures favor extreme eigenvalues. The iterative block codes, in fact, can only compute a few extreme eigenvalues. However for the single-vector codes, it is possible for interior eigenvalues which have gaps which are significantly larger than the gaps for some of the extreme eigenvalues to converge prior to the convergence of those extreme eigenvalues. Examples of the convergence achievable are given in Volume 1, Chapter 4 of this book.

The convergence of the iterative block procedures depends primarily upon the gaps between the eigenvalues being computed and the closest eigenvalue not being approximated, the spread of the matrix, and the overall eigenvalue distribution. The block procedures discussed in Chapters 8 and 9 are iterative and the codes track the rate of convergence. If the observed rate is too slow (as specified by the user), these block procedures will terminate without achieving convergence. The user then has the option of restarting the block procedure with a different choice of parameters and using the current approximation to the basis for the desired eigenspace as the starting vectors.

Thus, the amount of work required for a particular eigenelement computation for a given matrix using a particular method depends directly upon the eigenvalue distribution in that matrix and upon which portion of the spectrum is being computed. Some problems are ‘easy’, others are hard. Therefore failure can occur, in the sense that these procedures may not be able to compute the information desired by the user within the computational bounds specified by the user. However the single-vector Lanczos procedures, even in ‘failure’, provide a great deal of information about the eigenvalue spectrum of the given matrix.

In deciding which procedure to use on a given problem, our preference is a single-vector procedure, although the iterative block procedures can often quickly provide simultaneously the desired eigenvalues and eigenvectors. If the user wants extreme eigenvalues and the user knows or suspects that one or more of these is multiple, then the block procedure is probably preferable. More details about the Lanczos procedures contained in this book can be found in Volume 1. Any questions about these programs including the question of obtaining copies of these codes or of problems with these codes, should be addressed directly to the authors. We hope that these codes will prove useful in many different applications in the engineering and scientific community.

Chapter 2

Real Symmetric Matrices

2.1 Introduction

The FORTRAN codes in this chapter address the question of computing distinct eigenvalues and corresponding eigenvectors of real symmetric matrices, using a single-vector Lanczos procedure. For a given real symmetric matrix A , these codes compute real scalars λ and corresponding real vectors $x \neq 0$, such that

$$Ax = \lambda x. \quad (2.1.1)$$

Definition 1 *The real $n \times n$ matrix $A \equiv (a_{ij})$, $1 \leq i, j \leq n$, is a real symmetric matrix if and only if for every i, j , $a_{ij} = a_{ji}$.*

Real symmetric matrices are discussed in detail in Stewart [24]. Properties which we use are:

1. Real symmetric matrices have complete eigensystems. That is, the dimension of the eigenspace corresponding to any given eigenvalue of the given matrix A is the same as the multiplicity of that eigenvalue as a root of the characteristic polynomial of A .
2. For any two distinct eigenvalues of A , λ and μ , and corresponding eigenvectors x and y , $x^T y = 0$. Thus, eigenvectors corresponding to different eigenvalues are orthogonal, and we can construct an eigenvector basis which is orthonormal. Vectors are orthonormal if they are orthogonal and each has a Euclidean norm of 1. (The Euclidean norm of a vector is just the square root of the sum of the squares of its components.)
3. Small perturbations in the matrix cause only small perturbations in the eigenvalues. Of the classes of matrices which we consider, the class of real symmetric matrices is the most well-behaved and thus the 'easiest'.

The Lanczos codes contained in this chapter correspond to the most straight-forward implementation of the Lanczos recursion included in this book. These codes can be used to compute either a very few or very many of the distinct eigenvalues of the given real symmetric matrix. As the documentation in the next section indicates, the A -multiplicity of a given computed 'good' Lanczos eigenvalue can be obtained only with additional computation, and the modifications required to do this additional computation are not included in these versions of the codes. This implementation uses the basic Lanczos recursion given in Eqns (1.2.1) and (1.2.2) in Section 1.2 of Chapter 1 to generate a family of real symmetric, tridiagonal

matrices (T -matrices) whose sizes are specified by the user. There is no reorthogonalization of the Lanczos vectors at any stage in any of the computations.

LEVAL, the main program for the real symmetric eigenvalue computations, calls the subroutine BISEC to compute eigenvalues of the user-specified Lanczos tridiagonal matrices on the user-specified intervals. BISEC simultaneously computes these T -eigenvalues with their T -multiplicities and sorts the computed T -eigenvalues into two classes, the 'good' T -eigenvalues and the 'spurious' T -eigenvalues. The 'good' T -eigenvalues are accepted as approximations to eigenvalues of the user-specified matrix A . The accuracy of these 'good' T -eigenvalues as eigenvalues of A is then estimated using error estimates computed by subroutine INVERR. Error estimates are computed only for isolated 'good' T -eigenvalues. All other 'good' T -eigenvalues are assumed to have converged. If convergence has not yet occurred and a larger Lanczos matrix has been specified by the user, the program will continue on to a larger Lanczos matrix, repeating the above procedure on this larger matrix.

Once the eigenvalues have been computed accurately enough, the user can select a subset of the 'converged' eigenvalues for which eigenvectors are to be computed. The main program LEVEC, for computing eigenvectors of real symmetric matrices, is then used to compute these desired eigenvectors.

All computations are in double precision real arithmetic. The user must supply a subroutine USPEC which defines and initializes the user-specified matrix A and a subroutine CMATV which computes matrix-vector multiplies Ax for any given vector x . These subroutines must be constructed in such a way as to take advantage of the sparsity (and/or structure) of the user-supplied A -matrix and such that these computations are done accurately. More details about these real symmetric single-vector Lanczos procedures are given in Chapter 4 of Volume 1 of this book.

C		LEV00520
C	HERMITIAN MATRICES:	LEV00530
C		LEV00540
C	GIVEN A HERMITIAN MATRIX A OF ORDER N THE THREE SETS OF	LEV00550
C	FORTTRAN FILES LABELLED HLEVAL, LESUB, AND HLEMULT CAN BE USED	LEV00560
C	TO COMPUTE DISTINCT EIGENVALUES IN USER-SPECIFIED INTERVALS.	LEV00570
C		LEV00580
C	CORRESPONDING EIGENVECTORS FOR SELECTED, COMPUTED EIGENVALUES	LEV00590
C	CAN BE COMPUTED USING THE SETS OF PROGRAMS LABELLED HLEVEC,	LEV00600
C	LESUB, AND HLEMULT.	LEV00610
C		LEV00620
C		LEV00630
C	FACTORED INVERSES OF REAL SYMMETRIC MATRICES:	LEV00640
C		LEV00650
C	GIVEN A REAL SYMMETRIC MATRIX A, THE LANCZOS RECURSION IS	LEV00660
C	APPLIED TO THE INVERSE OF A, USING A FACTORIZATION	LEV00670
C	OF A. THE SETS OF FILES LIVAL, LESUB, AND LIMULT	LEV00680
C	CAN BE USED TO COMPUTE THE DISTINCT EIGENVALUES OF THE	LEV00690
C	INVERSE OF THE A-MATRIX AND OF A IN USER-SPECIFIED	LEV00700
C	INTERVALS. THE PROGRAMS ACTUALLY ALLOW ONE TO WORK WITH	LEV00710
C	ANY MATRIX $B = PCP'$ WHERE $C = SO*A + SHIFT*I$, WHERE	LEV00720
C	SO AND SHIFT ARE SCALARS CHOSEN BY THE USER AND P IS A	LEV00730
C	PERMUTATION MATRIX CHOSEN SUCH THAT THE FACTORIZATION	LEV00740
C	OF THE B-MATRIX RETAINS SPARSITY. IN THE	LEV00750
C	SAMPLE LIMULT SUBROUTINES PROVIDED, SO AND SHIFT MUST BE	LEV00760
C	CHOSEN SO THAT THE RESULTING B-MATRIX IS POSITIVE DEFINITE,	LEV00770
C	AND THE CHOLESKY FACTORS ARE USED TO SOLVE $B*U = V$.	LEV00780
C	HOWEVER, THE USER CAN EASILY REPLACE THE SAMPLE USPEC AND	LEV00790
C	BSOLV SUBROUTINES PROVIDED BY SUBROUTINES THAT ALLOW THE	LEV00800
C	GENERAL FACTORIZATION $L*D*(L-TRANSPOSE)$. THESE LANCZOS	LEV00810
C	PROGRAMS APPLY THE LANCZOS RECURSION TO B-INVERSE, USING	LEV00820
C	THE FACTORIZATION PROVIDED. OPTIONAL PREPROCESSING PROGRAMS	LEV00830
C	PERMUT, LORDER, LFACT, AND LTEST ARE PROVIDED FOR SET-UP PURPOSES.	LEV00840
C	PERMUT USES THE SPARSPAK PACKAGE OF A. GEORGE, J. LIU AND	LEV00850
C	E. NG TO OBTAIN A REORDERING OF THE GIVEN MATRIX THAT	LEV00860
C	PRESERVES SPARSENESS ON SUBSEQUENT FACTORIZATION. LORDER	LEV00870
C	CAN BE USED TO REORDER A GIVEN MATRIX, USING A GIVEN	LEV00880
C	PERMUTATION. LFACT CAN BE USED TO COMPUTE THE CHOLESKY	LEV00890
C	FACTORS OF A GIVEN POSITIVE DEFINITE B-MATRIX. LTEST CAN	LEV00900
C	BE USED TO ESTIMATE THE NUMERICAL CONDITION OF THE	LEV00910
C	B-MATRIX.	LEV00920
C		LEV00930
C	CORRESPONDING EIGENVECTORS FOR SELECTED, COMPUTED	LEV00940
C	EIGENVALUES CAN BE COMPUTED USING THE SETS OF FILES	LEV00950
C	LABELLED LIVEC, LESUB, AND LIMULT.	LEV00960
C		LEV00970
C	GENERALIZED REAL SYMMETRIC PROBLEMS:	LEV00980
C		LEV00990
C	GIVEN 2 REAL SYMMETRIC MATRICES A AND B WHERE IN ADDITION B IS	LEV01000
C	POSITIVE DEFINITE AND ITS CHOLESKY FACTORS ARE AVAILABLE,	LEV01010
C	THE SETS OF FILES LGVAL, LGMULT, AND LESUB CAN BE USED	LEV01020
C	TO COMPUTE THE DISTINCT EIGENVALUES OF THE GENERALIZED	LEV01030
C	PROBLEM $A*X = EVAL*B*X$.	LEV01040
C		LEV01050
C	CORRESPONDING EIGENVECTORS CAN BE COMPUTED USING THE PROGRAMS	LEV01060

C	LGVEC, LGMULT, AND LESUB. NOTE THAT THE PREPROCESSING PROGRAMS	LEV01070
C	AVAILABLE FOR USE IN CASE (3) (PERMUT, LORDER, LFACT, AND LTEST)	LEV01080
C	CAN ALSO BE USED IN THIS CASE TO OBTAIN A SUITABLE PERMUTATION,	LEV01090
C	AND A FACTORIZATION OF THE RESULTING B-MATRIX. THE A-MATRIX	LEV01100
C	CAN THEN BE PERMUTED USING LORDER.	LEV01110
C		LEV01120
C		LEV01130
C	THESE PROGRAMS ALL USE LANCZOS TRIDIAGONALIZATION WITHOUT	LEV01140
C	REORTHOGONALIZATION TO GENERATE REAL SYMMETRIC TRIDIAGONAL	LEV01150
C	MATRICES, T(1,MEV), OF ORDER MEV. SUBSETS OF THE EIGENVALUES OF	LEV01160
C	THESE T-MATRICES, LABELLED AS THE 'GOOD EIGENVALUES', YIELD	LEV01170
C	APPROXIMATIONS TO THE DESIRED EIGENVALUES. CORRESPONDING	LEV01180
C	RITZ VECTORS ARE APPROXIMATIONS TO THE DESIRED EIGENVECTORS.	LEV01190
C	NOTE THAT FOR CASE (4) THE GENERALIZED LANCZOS RECURSION	LEV01200
C	$B \cdot V(I+1) \cdot BETA(I+1) = A \cdot V(I) - B \cdot V(I) \cdot ALPHA(I) - B \cdot V(I-1) \cdot BETA(I)$	LEV01210
C	IS USED, ALONG WITH THE B-NORM.	LEV01220
C		LEV01230
C	THE IDEAS USED IN THESE PROGRAMS ARE DISCUSSED IN THE FOLLOWING	LEV01240
C	REFERENCES.	LEV01250
C		LEV01260
C	1. JANE CULLUM AND RALPH A. WILLOUGHBY, LANCZOS ALGORITHMS	LEV01270
C	FOR LARGE SYMMETRIC MATRICES, VOLUME ?, PROGRESS IN	LEV01280
C	SCIENTIFIC COMPUTING, EDITORS, G. GOLUB, H.O. KREISS,	LEV01290
C	S. ARBARBANEL, AND R. GLOWINSKI, BIRKHAUSER BOSTON INC.,	LEV01300
C	CAMBRIDGE, MASSACHUSETTS, 1983.	LEV01310
C		LEV01320
C	2. JANE CULLUM AND RALPH A. WILLOUGHBY, COMPUTING EIGENVECTORS	LEV01330
C	(AND EIGENVALUES) OF LARGE, SYMMETRIC MATRICES USING	LEV01340
C	LANCZOS TRIDIAGONALIZATION, LECTURE NOTES IN MATHEMATICS,	LEV01350
C	773, NUMERICAL ANALYSIS PROCEEDINGS, DUNDEE 1979, EDITED BY	LEV01360
C	G. A. WATSON, SPRINGER-VERLAG, (1980), BERLIN, PP.46-63.	LEV01370
C		LEV01380
C	3. IBID, LANCZOS AND THE COMPUTATION IN SPECIFIED INTERVALS OF	LEV01390
C	THE SPECTRUM OF LARGE SPARSE, REAL SYMMETRIC MATRICES, SPARSE	LEV01400
C	MATRIX PROCEEDINGS 1978, ED. I.S. DUFF AND G. W. STEWART,	LEV01410
C	SIAM, PHILADELPHIA, PP.220-255, 1979.	LEV01420
C		LEV01430
C	4. IBID, COMPUTING EIGENVALUES OF VERY LARGE SYMMETRIC MATRICES-	LEV01440
C	AN IMPLEMENTATION OF A LANCZOS ALGORITHM WITHOUT	LEV01450
C	REORTHOGONALIZATION, J. COMPUT. PHYS. 44(1981), 329-358.	LEV01460
C		LEV01470
C		LEV01480
C	-----PORTABILITY-----	LEV01490
C		LEV01500
C		LEV01510
C	PROGRAMS WERE TESTED FOR PORTABILITY USING THE PFORT VERIFIER.	LEV01520
C	FOR DETAILS OF THE VERIFIER SEE FOR EXAMPLE, B. G. RYDER AND	LEV01530
C	A. D. HALL, "THE PFORT VERIFIER", COMPUTING SCIENCE TECHNICAL	LEV01540
C	REPORT 12, BELL LABORATORIES, MURRAY HILL, NEW JERSEY 07974,	LEV01550
C	(REVISED), JANUARY 1981.	LEV01560
C		LEV01570
C	WITH THE EXCEPTION OF THE PROGRAMS FOR HERMITIAN MATRICES WHICH	LEV01580
C	ARE NOT PORTABLE BECAUSE OF THEIR USE OF COMPLEX*16 VARIABLES,	LEV01590
C	THE OTHER PROGRAMS INCLUDED ARE PORTABLE EXCEPT FOR A FEW	LEV01600
C	CONSTRUCTIONS WHICH, IF NECESSARY, WILL HAVE TO BE MODIFIED	LEV01610

C	BY THE USER FOR THE PARTICULAR COMPUTER BEING USED.	LEV01620
C		LEV01630
C	NONPORTABLE CONSTRUCTIONS:	LEV01640
C		LEV01650
C	REAL SYMMETRIC MATRICES:	LEV01660
C	IN LEVAL AND IN LEVEC	LEV01670
C	1. DATA/MACHEP STATEMENT	LEV01680
C	2. ALL READ(5,*) STATEMENTS (FREE FORMAT)	LEV01690
C	3. FORMAT(20A4) USED FOR THE EXPLANATORY HEADER ARRAY, EXPLAN	LEV01700
C	4. FORMAT(4Z20) USED TO READ AND WRITE ALPHA/BETA FILES.	LEV01710
C	IN LEMULT	LEV01720
C	1. IN CMATV AND USPEC THE ENTRY THAT PASSES THE STORAGE	LEV01730
C	LOCATIONS OF THE ARRAYS DEFINING THE USER-SPECIFIED	LEV01740
C	MATRIX.	LEV01750
C	2. IN THE SAMPLE USPEC PROVIDED: FREE FORMAT (8,*),	LEV01760
C	THE FORMAT (20A4), AND DATA/MACHEP STATEMENT.	LEV01770
C		LEV01780
C	HERMITIAN MATRICES:	LEV01790
C	IN HLEVAL AND IN HLEVEC	LEV01800
C	1. DATA/MACHEP STATEMENT	LEV01810
C	2. ALL READ(5,*) STATEMENTS (FREE FORMAT)	LEV01820
C	3. FORMAT(20A4) USED FOR THE EXPLANATORY HEADER ARRAY, EXPLAN	LEV01830
C	4. COMPLEX*16 VARIABLES AND FUNCTIONS SUCH AS DCMPLX.	LEV01840
C	5. FORMAT (4Z20) USED TO READ AND WRITE ALPHA/BETA FILES.	LEV01850
C	IN HLEMULT	LEV01860
C	1. IN CMATV AND USPEC THE ENTRY THAT PASSES THE STORAGE	LEV01870
C	LOCATIONS OF THE ARRAYS DEFINING THE USER-SPECIFIED	LEV01880
C	MATRIX.	LEV01890
C	2. COMPLEX*16 VARIABLES AND FUNCTIONS SUCH AS DCMPLX.	LEV01900
C	3. IN THE SAMPLE USPEC PROVIDED: FREE FORMAT (8,*),	LEV01910
C	THE FORMAT (20A4), AND DATA/MACHEP STATEMENT.	LEV01920
C		LEV01930
C	FACTORED INVERSES OF REAL SYMMETRIC MATRICES:	LEV01940
C	IN LIVAL AND IN LIVEC	LEV01950
C	1. DATA/MACHEP STATEMENT	LEV01960
C	2. ALL READ(5,*) STATEMENTS (FREE FORMAT)	LEV01970
C	3. FORMAT(20A4) USED FOR THE EXPLANATORY HEADER ARRAY, EXPLAN	LEV01980
C	4. FORMAT(4Z20) USED TO READ AND WRITE ALPHA/BETA FILES.	LEV01990
C	IN LIMULT	LEV02000
C	1. IN USPEC AND BSOLV, THE ENTRIES THAT PASS	LEV02010
C	THE STORAGE LOCATIONS OF THE ARRAYS DEFINING THE	LEV02020
C	USER-SPECIFIED MATRIX.	LEV02030
C	2. IN THE SAMPLE USPEC SUBROUTINES PROVIDED:	LEV02040
C	FORMATS (20A4) AND (4Z20), FREE FORMAT (8,*), AND	LEV02050
C	DATA/MACHEP STATEMENTS.	LEV02060
C		LEV02070
C		LEV02080
C	GENERALIZED SYMMETRIC PROBLEM, B-MATRIX POSITIVE	LEV02090
C	DEFINITE AND CHOLESKY FACTORS AVAILABLE:	LEV02100
C	IN LGVAL AND IN LGVEC	LEV02110
C	1. DATA/MACHEP STATEMENT	LEV02120
C	2. ALL READ(5,*) STATEMENTS (FREE FORMAT)	LEV02130
C	3. FORMAT(20A4) USED FOR THE EXPLANATORY HEADER ARRAY, EXPLAN	LEV02140
C	4. FORMAT(4Z20) USED TO READ AND WRITE ALPHA/BETA FILES.	LEV02150
C	IN LGMULT	LEV02160

```

C      1.  IN USPECA, USPECB, AMATV AND LSOLV THE ENTRIES      LEV02170
C      THAT PASS THE STORAGE LOCATIONS OF THE ARRAYS DEFINING LEV02180
C      THE USER-SPECIFIED MATRICES.                          LEV02190
C      2.  IN THE SAMPLE USPECA AND USPECB SUBROUTINES PROVIDED: LEV02200
C      FORMATS (20A4) AND (4Z20), FREE FORMAT (8,*), AND      LEV02210
C      DATA/MACHEP STATEMENTS.                               LEV02220
C                                                            LEV02230
C      ALL 4 CASES USE THE FORTRAN FILE LESUB:                 LEV02240
C      IN LESUB ALL STATEMENTS ARE PORTABLE EXCEPT FOR:     LEV02250
C      (1)  THE ENTRY IN SUBROUTINE LPERM THAT PASSES THE     LEV02260
C      PERMUTATION FROM THE USPEC SUBROUTINE TO LPERM.        LEV02270
C      (THIS IS USED ONLY IN CASES (3) AND (4)).              LEV02280
C      (2)  THE COMPLEX*16 VARIABLES AND FUNCTIONS USED IN    LEV02290
C      SUBROUTINE CINPRD. (THIS IS USED ONLY IN CASE (2)).    LEV02300
C                                                            LEV02310
C      IN THE COMMENTS BELOW:                                  LEV02320
C                                                            LEV02330
C      COMPLEX*16 = COMPLEX VARIABLE, 16 BYTES OF STORAGE     LEV02340
C      REAL*8 = REAL VARIABLE, 8 BYTES OF STORAGE             LEV02350
C      REAL*4 = REAL VARIABLE, 4 BYTES OF STORAGE             LEV02360
C      INTEGER*4 = INTEGER VARIABLE, 4 BYTES                  LEV02370
C                                                            LEV02380
C                                                            LEV02390
C-----MATRIX SPECIFICATION-----LEV02400
C                                                            LEV02410
C                                                            LEV02420
C      IN CASES (1) AND (2), SUBROUTINE USPEC IS USED TO SPECIFY THE LEV02430
C      USER-SUPPLIED A-MATRIX.  SIMILARLY, IN CASE (4) SUBROUTINES LEV02440
C      USPECA AND USPECB DEFINE THE USER-SUPPLIED A-MATRIX AND B-MATRIX. LEV02450
C      IN CASE (3) ((4)), SUBROUTINE USPECB DEFINES THE FACTORIZATION LEV02460
C      OF THE MATRIX (B-MATRIX) USED BY THE LANCZOS PROCEDURE.  LEV02470
C      (IN CASE (3) THE A-MATRIX IS NOT USED DIRECTLY.)        LEV02480
C                                                            LEV02490
C      IN CASES (1) AND (2), SUBROUTINE CMATV IS A CORRESPONDING LEV02500
C      MATRIX-VECTOR MULTIPLY SUBROUTINE WHICH SHOULD BE DESIGNED LEV02510
C      TO TAKE ADVANTAGE OF ANY SPECIAL PROPERTIES OF THE GIVEN LEV02520
C      MATRIX.  IN CASE (4) THIS SUBROUTINE IS NEEDED FOR THE LEV02530
C      A-MATRIX AND THUS IS CALLED AMATV.  IN CASES (3) AND (4) LEV02540
C      SUBROUTINES THAT CAN SOLVE  $B*U = V$ , USING A SPARSE LEV02550
C      FACTORIZATION OF B ARE NEEDED.  THESE SUBROUTINES ARE LEV02560
C      CALLED RESPECTIVELY, BSOLV AND LSOLV.  IN ALL CASES, LEV02570
C      ANY MATRIX-VECTOR MULTIPLY AND SOLVE SUBROUTINES USED LEV02580
C      MUST BE DESIGNED TO COMPUTE RAPIDLY AND ACCURATELY.     LEV02590
C                                                            LEV02600
C      IN ALL CASES:                                          LEV02610
C      SUBROUTINE USPEC(A OR B) HAS THE CALLING SEQUENCE      LEV02620
C                                                            LEV02630
C      CALL USPEC(N,MATNO)                                     LEV02640
C                                                            LEV02650
C      WHERE N IS THE ORDER OF THE USER-SUPPLIED MATRIX A, AND LEV02660
C      MATNO IS A  $\leq 8$  DIGIT INTEGER USED AS A MATRIX AND LEV02670
C      TEST IDENTIFICATION NUMBER.  IN ALL CASES THIS (THESE) LEV02680
C      SUBROUTINE(S) DEFINES (DIMENSIONS) THE ARRAYS REQUIRED LEV02690
C      TO SPECIFY THE MATRIX (MATRICES IN CASE (4)) THAT WILL BE LEV02700
C      USED BY THE LANCZS SUBROUTINE.  IN CASES (1) AND (2)    LEV02710

```

```

C      THIS IS THE A-MATRIX; IN CASE (3) THIS IS THE FACTORIZATION      LEV02720
C      OF A SCALED, SHIFTED AND PERMUTED VERSION OF THE                 LEV02730
C      USER-SPECIFIED A-MATRIX. IN CASE (4) THE A-MATRIX               LEV02740
C      IS SPECIFIED AS WELL AS THE FACTORIZATION OF THE                 LEV02750
C      B-MATRIX. THIS SUBROUTINE ALSO INITIALIZES THE ARRAYS           LEV02760
C      AND ANY OTHER PARAMETERS NEEDED TO DEFINE THE MATRIX           LEV02770
C      (MATRICES). THE STORAGE LOCATIONS OF THESE PARAMETERS           LEV02780
C      AND ARRAYS ARE THEN PASSED TO THE MATRIX-VECTOR MULTIPLY        LEV02790
C      SUBROUTINE CMATV IN CASES (1) AND (2), TO THE SUBROUTINE         LEV02800
C      BSOLV IN CASE (3), AND TO THE SUBROUTINES AMATV                  LEV02810
C      AND LSOLV IN CASE (4) VIA ENTRY CALLS. IN CASES (3) AND (4)     LEV02820
C      WHENEVER A MATRIX HAS BEEN PERMUTED, THERE IS ALSO AN           LEV02830
C      ENTRY INTO THE SUBROUTINE LPERM TO PASS THE LOCATIONS OF         LEV02840
C      THE PERMUTATIONS IPR AND IPRT USED. SAMPLE USPECS, CMATV,       LEV02850
C      AMATV, BSOLV AND LSOLV SUBROUTINES ARE INCLUDED                 LEV02860
C      IN THE RELEVANT FILES. THESE SAMPLE PROGRAMS ASSUME THAT         LEV02870
C      THE USER-SUPPLIED A-MATRIX IS STORED ON FILE 8 IN CASES (1),    LEV02880
C      (2), AND (4), AND THAT THE FACTORIZATION OF THE B-MATRIX         LEV02890
C      IS ON FILE 7 IN CASES (3) AND (4). THE USER SHOULD SEE          LEV02900
C      THE INDIVIDUAL SAMPLE SUBROUTINES FOR MORE DETAILS.             LEV02910
C                                                                      LEV02920
C      IN CASES (1) AND (2):                                           LEV02930
C      SUBROUTINE CMATV HAS THE CALLING SEQUENCE                       LEV02940
C                                                                      LEV02950
C          CALL CMATV(W,U,SUM)                                          LEV02960
C                                                                      LEV02970
C      IN THE REAL SYMMETRIC CASE, U AND W ARE REAL*8 VECTORS           LEV02980
C      AND SUM IS A REAL*8 SCALAR. IN THE HERMITIAN CASE, U             LEV02990
C      AND W ARE COMPLEX*16 VECTORS AND SUM IS A REAL*8 SCALAR.         LEV03000
C      CMATV CALCULATES  $U = A*W - SUM*U$  FOR THE USER-SPECIFIED      LEV03010
C      MATRIX A. ONE OF THE SAMPLE CMATV SUBROUTINES INCLUDED           LEV03020
C      COMPUTES MATRIX-VECTOR MULTIPLIES FOR AN ARBITRARY SPARSE,      LEV03030
C      SYMMETRIC MATRIX STORED IN THE SPARSE FORMAT SPECIFIED IN THE   LEV03040
C      CORRESPONDING SAMPLE USPEC SUBROUTINE. FOR CASES (1) AND         LEV03050
C      (2) CMATV IS THE SUBROUTINE USED BY THE LANCZS SUBROUTINE        LEV03060
C      THAT GENERATES THE T-MATRICES. IN CASE (4) SUBROUTINE           LEV03070
C      AMATV HAS THE SAME CALLING SEQUENCE AS CMATV IN CASE (1).       LEV03080
C                                                                      LEV03090
C      IN CASES (3) AND (4):                                           LEV03100
C      ALPHA/BETA HISTORY IS GENERATED USING SPARSE MATRIX INVERSION.  LEV03110
C      IN CASE (3), AT EACH ITERATION OF THE LANCZOS RECURSION         LEV03120
C      GIVEN A FACTORIZATION OF THE MATRIX BEING USED, THE             LEV03130
C      SUBROUTINE BSOLV FOR A GIVEN V, COMPUTES U SUCH THAT  $B*U = V$ .  LEV03140
C      THE CALLING SEQUENCE OF BSOLV IS                                LEV03150
C                                                                      LEV03160
C          CALL BSOLV(V,U,IBSOLV)                                       LEV03170
C                                                                      LEV03180
C      WHEN IBSOLV = 2,  $U = (B-INVESSE)*V$  IS RETURNED. IN CASE (4),  LEV03190
C      AT EACH ITERATION OF THE GENERALIZED LANCZOS RECURSION BOTH THE  LEV03200
C      SUBROUTINE AMATV AND THE SUBROUTINE LSOLV ARE USED. THE          LEV03210
C      CALLING SEQUENCE OF LSOLV IS                                     LEV03220
C                                                                      LEV03230
C          CALL LSOLV(V,U,ISOLV)                                         LEV03240
C                                                                      LEV03250
C      WHERE U AND V ARE REAL*8 VECTORS. LSOLV PERFORMS 4 FUNCTIONS.    LEV03260

```

```

C      LET L DENOTE THE CHOLESKY FACTOR OF THE B-MATRIX USED IN LANCZS.      LEV03270
C      WHEN ISOLV = 1, LSOLV COMPUTES  $U = L*V$ . WHEN ISOLV = 2,      LEV03280
C      LSOLV COMPUTES  $U = (L-TRANSPOSE)*V$ . WHEN ISOLV = 3, LSOLV      LEV03290
C      COMPUTES  $U = (L-INVERSE)*V$ . WHEN ISOLV = 4, LSOLV      LEV03300
C      COMPUTES  $U = ((L-TRANSPOSE)-INVERSE)*V$ .      LEV03310
C      LEV03320
C      SAMPLE PROGRAMS ASSUME THAT THE A-MATRIX (CASES (1),(2),(4))      LEV03330
C      IS ON FILE 8 AND STORED IN THE FOLLOWING SPARSE FORMAT:      LEV03340
C      ICOL(K), K = 1,NZL, NUMBER OF SUBDIAGONAL NONZEROS IN COLUMN K.      LEV03350
C      IROW(K), K = 1,NZS, ROW INDEX OF ASD(K).      LEV03360
C      AD(K), K=1,N, CONTAINS THE DIAGONAL ELEMENTS OF THE A-MATRIX.      LEV03370
C      ASD(K), K=1,NZS CONTAINS THE SUBDIAGONAL ELEMENTS OF A BY COLUMN.      LEV03380
C      NZS = NUMBER OF NONZERO ELEMENTS BELOW THE DIAGONAL OF A      LEV03390
C      NZL = INDEX OF LAST COLUMN WITH NONZERO SUBDIAGONAL ENTRIES      LEV03400
C      N = ORDER OF THE A-MATRIX.      LEV03410
C      LEV03420
C      NOTE THAT THE OPTIONAL PREPROCESSING PROGRAMS PERMUT AND      LEV03430
C      LORDER ASSUME THAT THE GIVEN MATRIX IS ON FILE 8. CASES (3)      LEV03440
C      AND (4) ASSUME THAT THE SPARSE FACTORIZATION OF B IS STORED ON      LEV03450
C      FILE 7. THE SAMPLE BSOLV SUBROUTINE SUPPLIED ASSUMES      LEV03460
C      THAT THE B-MATRIX IS POSITIVE DEFINITE AND THAT ITS CHOLESKY      LEV03470
C      FACTOR IS PROVIDED ON FILE 7, STORED IN SPARSE FORMAT IN      LEV03480
C      ARRAYS BD AND BSD. THE USER CAN EASILY REPLACE THIS SAMPLE      LEV03490
C      BSOLV SUBROUTINE AND THE CORRESPONDING SAMPLE USPEC      LEV03500
C      SUBROUTINE BY SUBROUTINES THAT DEFINE AND USE A GENERAL      LEV03510
C      FACTORIZATION  $L*D*(L-TRANSPOSE)$ .      LEV03520
C      LEV03530
C      THE SAMPLE USPEC, CMATV (CASES (1) AND (2)), AMATV (CASE (4)),      LEV03540
C      BSOLV (CASE (3)), AND LSOLV (CASE(4)) MUST BE MODIFIED BY      LEV03550
C      THE USER TO ACCOMODATE THE USER-SPECIFIED MATRIX OR MATRICES.      LEV03560
C      LEV03570
C      LEV03580
C-----MACHEP-----LEV03590
C      LEV03600
C      LEV03610
C      MACHEP IS A MACHINE DEPENDENT PARAMETER SPECIFYING THE RELATIVE      LEV03620
C      PRECISION OF THE FLOATING POINT ARITHMETIC USED.      LEV03630
C      MACHEP =  $2.2 * 10^{-16}$  FOR DOUBLE PRECISION ARITHMETIC ON      LEV03640
C      IBM 370-3081.      LEV03650
C      LEV03660
C      THE USER WILL HAVE TO RESET THIS PARAMETER TO      LEV03670
C      THE CORRESPONDING VALUE FOR THE MACHINE BEING USED. NOTE THAT      LEV03680
C      IF A MACHINE WITH A MACHINE EPSILON THAT IS MUCH LARGER THAN THE      LEV03690
C      VALUE GIVEN HERE IS BEING USED, THEN THERE COULD BE      LEV03700
C      PROBLEMS WITH THE TOLERANCES.      LEV03710
C      LEV03720
C      LEV03730
C-----SUBROUTINES AND FUNCTIONS USER MUST SUPPLY-----LEV03740
C      LEV03750
C      LEV03760
C      GENRAN, FINPRO, MASK, USPEC, AND      LEV03770
C      CASES (1) AND (2), CMATV: CASE (3), BSOLV:      LEV03780
C      CASE (4), AMATV AND LSOLV.      LEV03790
C      LEV03800
C      GENRAN = COMPUTES K PSEUDO-RANDOM NUMBERS AND STORES THEM IN      LEV03810

```



```

C-----LEV04370
C                                           LEV04380
C                                           LEV04390
C-----PARAMETER CONTROLS FOR EIGENVALUE PROGRAMS-----LEV04400
C                                           LEV04410
C                                           LEV04420
C    PARAMETER CONTROLS ARE INTRODUCED TO ALLOW SEGMENTATION OF THE LEV04430
C    EIGENVALUE COMPUTATIONS AND TO ALLOW VARIOUS COMBINATIONS OF LEV04440
C    READ/Writes. LEV04450
C                                           LEV04460
C    THE FLAG ISTART CONTROLS THE T-MATRIX (ALPHA/BETA HISTORY) LEV04470
C    GENERATION. LEV04480
C                                           LEV04490
C    ISTART = (0,1) MEANS LEV04500
C                                           LEV04510
C        (0) THERE IS NO EXISTING ALPHA/BETA HISTORY AND ONE LEV04520
C            MUST BE GENERATED. LEV04530
C                                           LEV04540
C        (1) THERE IS AN EXISTING ALPHA/BETA HISTORY AND IT IS LEV04550
C            TO BE READ IN FROM FILE 2 AND EXTENDED IF NECESSARY. LEV04560
C                                           LEV04570
C    THE FLAG ISTOP CAN BE USED IN CONJUNCTION WITH THE FLAG ISTART TO LEV04580
C    ALLOW SEGMENTATION OF THE EIGENVALUE COMPUTATIONS. LEV04590
C                                           LEV04600
C    ISTOP = (0,1) MEANS LEV04610
C                                           LEV04620
C        (0) PROGRAM COMPUTES ONLY THE REQUESTED ALPHAS/BETAS, LEV04630
C            STORES THEM AND THE LAST 2 LANCZOS VECTORS GENERATED LEV04640
C            IN FILE 1 AND THEN TERMINATES. IN CASE (4) THERE LEV04650
C            ARE ACTUALLY 3 VECTORS TO BE SAVED. LEV04660
C                                           LEV04670
C        (1) PROGRAM COMPUTES REQUESTED ALPHAS/BETAS AND THEN LEV04680
C            USES THE BISEC SUBROUTINE TO CALCULATE EIGENVALUES LEV04690
C            OF THE TRIDIAGONAL MATRICES GENERATED FOR THE ORDERS LEV04700
C            SPECIFIED BY THE USER AND ON THE USER-SPECIFIED LEV04710
C            INTERVALS. PROGRAM THEN USES THE SUBROUTINE INVERR LEV04720
C            TO COMPUTE ERROR ESTIMATES FOR THE ISOLATED GOOD LEV04730
C            T-EIGENVALUES WHICH ARE USED TO CHECK THE LEV04740
C            CONVERGENCE OF THESE T-EIGENVALUES. LEV04750
C                                           LEV04760
C    CONTROL PARAMETERS FOR WRITES LEV04770
C                                           LEV04780
C    ITHIS = (0,1) MEANS LEV04790
C                                           LEV04800
C        (0) IF ISTOP .GT. 0 THEN ALPHA/BETAS ARE NOT SAVED ON LEV04810
C            FILE 1. LEV04820
C                                           LEV04830
C        (1) PROGRAM WRITES ALPHAS/BETAS AND LAST 2 LANCZOS LEV04840
C            VECTORS TO FILE 1 SO THAT THE T-MATRIX GENERATION LEV04850
C            MAY BE REUSED OR CONTINUED LATER IF NECESSARY. LEV04860
C            TYPICALLY ONE WOULD ALWAYS DO THIS ON ANY RUN WHERE LEV04870
C            A HISTORY FILE IS BEING GENERATED. HISTORY MUST BE LEV04880
C            SAVED IN MACHINE FORMAT ((4Z20) FOR IBM 3081) SO LEV04890
C            THAT NO ERRORS ARE INTRODUCED BY FORMAT CONVERSIONS. LEV04900
C                                           LEV04910

```

```

C      IDIST = (0,1)  MEANS                                LEV04920
C                                                           LEV04930
C      (0) DISTINCT EIGENVALUES OF T-MATRICES ARE NOT SAVED. LEV04940
C                                                           LEV04950
C      (1) PROGRAM WRITES COMPUTED DISTINCT EIGENVALUES OF LEV04960
C          T-MATRICES ALONG WITH THEIR T-MULTIPLICITIES    LEV04970
C          TO FILE 11.                                     LEV04980
C                                                           LEV04990
C      IWRITE = (0,1)  MEANS                                LEV05000
C                                                           LEV05010
C      (0) NO EXTENDED OUTPUT FROM SUBROUTINES BISEC AND INVERR LEV05020
C          IS SENT TO FILE 6.                               LEV05030
C                                                           LEV05040
C      (1) INDIVIDUAL COMPUTED T-EIGENVALUES AND CORRESPONDING LEV05050
C          ERROR ESTIMATES FROM THE SUBROUTINES BISEC AND INVERR LEV05060
C          ARE PRINTED OUT TO FILE 6 AS THEY ARE COMPUTED. LEV05070
C                                                           LEV05080
C      THE PROGRAM ALWAYS MAKES A SEPARATE LIST OF THE COMPUTED GOOD LEV05090
C      T-EIGENVALUES ALONG WITH THEIR MINIMAL GAPS AND WRITES THEM OUT LEV05100
C      TO FILE 3. CORRESPONDING ERROR ESTIMATES FOR ANY ISOLATED LEV05110
C      GOOD T-EIGENVALUES ARE ALWAYS WRITTEN TO FILE 4.     LEV05120
C                                                           LEV05130
C                                                           LEV05140
C-----INPUT/OUTPUT FILES FOR EIGENVALUE PROGRAMS----- LEV05150
C                                                           LEV05160
C      ANY INPUT DATA OTHER THAN THE ALPHA/BETA HISTORY SHOULD BE STORED LEV05170
C      ON FILE 5. SEE SAMPLE INPUT/OUTPUT FROM TYPICAL RUN. LEV05180
C      THE READ STATEMENTS IN THE GIVEN FORTRAN PROGRAM ASSUME THAT LEV05190
C      THE DATA STORED ON FILE 5 IS IN FREE FORMAT. USER SHOULD NOTE LEV05200
C      THAT 'FREE FORMAT' IS NOT CLASSIFIED AS PORTABLE BY PFORT SO THAT LEV05210
C      THE USER MAY HAVE TO MODIFY THE READ STATEMENTS FROM FILE 5 TO LEV05220
C      CONFORM TO WHAT IS PERMISSIBLE ON THE MACHINE BEING USED. LEV05230
C                                                           LEV05240
C      FILE 6 WAS USED AS THE INTERACTIVE TERMINAL OUTPUT FILE. LEV05250
C      THIS FILE PROVIDES A RUNNING ACCOUNT OF THE PROGRESS OF THE LEV05260
C      COMPUTATIONS. THE AMOUNT OF INFORMATION PRINTED OUT IS LEV05270
C      CONTROLLED BY THE PARAMETER IWRITE.                 LEV05280
C                                                           LEV05290
C      DESCRIPTION OF OTHER I/O FILES                        LEV05300
C                                                           LEV05310
C      FILE (K)      CONTAINS:                               LEV05320
C                                                           LEV05330
C      (1)           OUTPUT FILE:                             LEV05340
C          HISTORY FILE OF NEWLY-GENERATED T-MATRIX (ALPHA AND LEV05350
C          BETA VECTORS) AND LAST 2 LANCZOS VECTORS USED LEV05360
C          IN THE T-MATRIX GENERATION. NOTE THAT IN CASE (4) LEV05370
C          THREE 'LANCZOS' VECTORS ARE WRITTEN TO FILE 1. LEV05380
C          IF ITHIS = 0 AND ISTOP = 1, FILE 1 IS NOT WRITTEN. LEV05390
C                                                           LEV05400
C      (2)           INPUT FILE:                               LEV05410
C          SAME AS FILE 1 EXCEPT THAT IT CONTAINS A LEV05420
C          PREVIOUSLY-GENERATED T-MATRIX (IF ANY). IF ISTART = 1, LEV05430
C          PROGRAM ASSUMES THAT THERE IS A HISTORY FILE OF ALPHAS LEV05440
C          AND BETAS ON FILE 2. THESE ALPHAS AND BETAS ARE LEV05450
C          READ IN ALONG WITH THE LAST 2 LANCZOS VECTORS THAT LEV05460

```

```

C          WERE GENERATED.  IN CASE (4) THREE 'LANCZOS' VECTORS      LEV05470
C          ARE READ IN FROM FILE 2.                                  LEV05480
C                                                                    LEV05490
C      (3)   OUTPUT FILE:                                           LEV05500
C          COMPUTED GOOD EIGENVALUES OF THE T-MATRICES USED. ALSO    LEV05510
C          CONTAINS T-MULTIPLICITIES OF THESE EIGENVALUES AS          LEV05520
C          EIGENVALUES OF THE T-MATRIX, AND THEIR GAPS AS             LEV05530
C          EIGENVALUES IN THE A-MATRIX AND IN THE T-MATRIX.          LEV05540
C          FILE 3 IS ALWAYS WRITTEN.  IN CASE (3) THIS OUTPUT        LEV05550
C          CONTAINS THE EIGENVALUES OF THE B-INVERSE MATRIX           LEV05560
C          SINCE IN THIS CASE THE T-MATRICES CORRESPOND TO           LEV05570
C          THE B-INVERSE MATRIX AND NOT TO THE A-MATRIX.  IN        LEV05580
C          THIS CASE, 3 SETS OF GAPS ARE GIVEN, THOSE IN              LEV05590
C          THE T-MATRIX, IN THE B-INVERSE MATRIX AND THOSE           LEV05600
C          FOR THE CORRESPONDING EIGENVALUES IN THE A-MATRIX.        LEV05610
C                                                                    LEV05620
C      (4)   OUTPUT FILE:                                           LEV05630
C          ERROR ESTIMATES FOR THE ISOLATED GOOD T-EIGENVALUES        LEV05640
C          WHICH ARE OBTAINED USING THE SUBROUTINE INVERR. THESE      LEV05650
C          ESITMATES USE THE LAST COMPONENTS OF THE ASSOCIATED        LEV05660
C          T-EIGENVECTORS WHICH ARE COMPUTED USING INVERSE           LEV05670
C          ITERATION.  FILE 4 IS ALWAYS WRITTEN.                     LEV05680
C                                                                    LEV05690
C                                                                    LEV05700
C      (7)   INPUT FILE:                                           LEV05710
C          USED ONLY IN CASES (3) AND (4), FACTORED INVERSES         LEV05720
C          OF REAL SYMMETRIC MATRICES AND GENERALIZED EIGENVALUE      LEV05730
C          PROBLEM.  CONTAINS THE REQUIRED FACTORIZATION OF THE        LEV05740
C          B-MATRIX.                                                  LEV05750
C                                                                    LEV05760
C      (8)   INPUT FILE:                                           LEV05770
C          SAMPLE USPEC SUBROUTINE ASSUMES THAT THE ARRAYS            LEV05780
C          REQUIRED TO SPECIFY THE USER'S-MATRIX ARE STORED ON        LEV05790
C          FILE 8.  USERS MUST MAKE WHATEVER DEFINITIONS ARE         LEV05800
C          APPROPRIATE FOR THEIR MATRICES.  NOTE THAT IN CASE        LEV05810
C          (3) THE LANCZS SUBROUTINE DOES NOT USE THE MATRIX          LEV05820
C          ON FILE 8 IN THE T-MATRIX GENERATION, RATHER IT           LEV05830
C          USES THE FACTORIZATION OF AN ASSOCIATED                    LEV05840
C          B-MATRIX WHICH IS STORED ON FILE 7.  IN CASE (4),          LEV05850
C          THE INFORMATION STORED ON BOTH FILES 7 AND 8 IS USED.      LEV05860
C                                                                    LEV05870
C      (9)   INPUT AND OUTPUT FILE:                                  LEV05880
C          CAN BE USED TO STORE THE TRUE EIGENVALUES OF THE          LEV05890
C          GIVEN PROBLEM, WHEN THE PROCEDURE                          LEV05900
C          IS BEING EXERCISED ON A TEST MATRIX.                      LEV05910
C                                                                    LEV05920
C      (11)  OUTPUT FILE:                                           LEV05930
C          COMPUTED DISTINCT EIGENVALUES OF T-MATRICES USED.         LEV05940
C          ALSO CONTAINS THEIR T-MULTIPLICITIES AND T-GAPS TO        LEV05950
C          NEAREST DISTINCT EIGENVALUES, AND THE T-MULTIPLICITY      LEV05960
C          PATTERN OF THE GOOD AND THE SPURIOUS T-EIGENVALUES.        LEV05970
C          FILE 11 IS WRITTEN ONLY IF IDIST = 1.                     LEV05980
C                                                                    LEV05990
C                                                                    LEV06000
C-----PARAMETERS SET BY THE EIGENVALUE PROGRAMS----- LEV06010

```

```

C                                                    LEV06020
C                                                    LEV06030
C   THESE PARAMETERS ARE SET INTERNALLY IN THE PROGRAM   LEV06040
C                                                    LEV06050
C   SCALEK      K = 1,2,3,4                               LEV06060
C                                                    LEV06070
C           THE SCALING FACTORS SCALEK HAVE BEEN INTRODUCED IN AN LEV06080
C           ATTEMPT TO MAKE THE TOLERANCES USED IN THE      LEV06090
C           T-MULTIPLICITY, SPURIOUS, ISOLATION AND PRTESTS ADJUST LEV06100
C           TO THE SCALE OF THE GIVEN MATRIX.  THESE FACTORS MUST LEV06110
C           NOT BE MODIFIED.  THESE TOLERANCES OCCUR IN LUMP,  LEV06120
C           ISOEV, AND PRTEST.                                LEV06130
C                                                    LEV06140
C   NOTE:      THE USER SHOULD NOTE THAT IF THE MATRIX BEING LEV06150
C   PROCESSED IS VERY STIFF, THAT IS THE RATIO OF THE LARGEST LEV06160
C   EIGENVALUE IN MAGNITUDE TO THE SMALLEST IN MAGNITUDE IS VERY LEV06170
C   LARGE, THEN THE TOLERANCES BEING USED IN BISEC, LUMP, ISOEV LEV06180
C   AND PRTEST MAY NOT TREAT THE SMALL END (SMALL IN MAGNITUDE) LEV06190
C   VERY WELL.  IN SOME SUCH CASES A USER-INTRODUCED REDUCTION LEV06200
C   IN THE SIZE OF TKMAX AND THE SUBSEQUENT RECOMPUTATION OF    LEV06210
C   THE T-MATRIX EIGENVALUES IN (ONLY) THE LOWER END OF THE    LEV06220
C   SPECTRUM WITH THIS TKMAX MAY RESULT IN IMPROVED COMPUTATIONS LEV06230
C   AT THE LOW END.                                           LEV06240
C                                                    LEV06250
C   THE LUMP, ISOEV, AND PRTEST TOLERANCES THAT WERE USED    LEV06260
C   MOST IN THE TESTING OF THESE ALGORITHMS WERE NOT          LEV06270
C   SCALE INVARIANT BUT SEEMED TO WORK WELL ON MATRICES THAT  LEV06280
C   HAD EIGENVALUES WITH MAGNITUDES BOTH GREATER THAN AND LESS LEV06290
C   THAN 1.  THESE TOLERANCES ARE ALSO INCLUDED IN THESE THREE LEV06300
C   SUBROUTINES BUT AS COMMENTED OUT STATEMENTS.  THEY CAN BE LEV06310
C   REVIVED BY COMMENTING OUT THE CORRESPONDING TOLERANCES    LEV06320
C   SPECIFIED IN THE STATEMENT ABOVE EACH OF THESE.           LEV06330
C                                                    LEV06340
C   IMPORTANT TOLERANCES OR SCALES THAT ARE USED REPEATEDLY   LEV06350
C   THROUGHOUT THE LANCZOS EIGENVALUE PROGRAMS ARE THE FOLLOWING: LEV06360
C   SCALED MACHINE EPSILON:  TTOL = TKMAX*EPSM WHERE           LEV06370
C   EPSM = 2*MACHINE EPSILON AND                               LEV06380
C   TKMAX = MAX(|ALPHA(J)|, BETA(J), J = 1, MEV)                LEV06390
C   BISEC CONVERGENCE TOLERANCE:  BISTOL = DSQRT(1000+MEV)*TTOL LEV06400
C   BISEC T-MULTIPLICITY TOLERANCE:  MULTOL = (1000+MEV)*TTOL  LEV06410
C   LANCZOS CONVERGENCE TOLERANCE:  CONTOL = BETA(MEV+1)*1.D-10 LEV06420
C                                                    LEV06430
C                                                    LEV06440
C   BTOL = RELATIVE TOLERANCE USED TO ESTIMATE ANY LOSS OF LOCAL LEV06450
C   ORTHOGONALITY OF THE LANCZOS VECTORS AFTER THE T-MATRIX    LEV06460
C   HAS BEEN GENERATED.  THE LANCZOS PROCEDURE WORKS WELL     LEV06470
C   ONLY IF LOCAL ORTHOGONALITY BETWEEN SUCCESSIVE LANCZOS     LEV06480
C   VECTORS IS MAINTAINED.  THE TNORM SUBROUTINE TESTS         LEV06490
C   WHETHER OR NOT                                             LEV06500
C                                                    LEV06510
C           MINIMUM |BETA(I)|/||A|| > BTOL.                    LEV06520
C           I=2,KMAX                                           LEV06530
C                                                    LEV06540
C   IF THIS TEST IS VIOLATED BY SOME BETA AND A T-MATRIX THAT LEV06550
C   WOULD INCLUDE SUCH A BETA IS REQUESTED, THEN THE LANCZOS   LEV06560

```

```

C          PROCEDURE WILL TERMINATE FOR THE USER TO DECIDE WHAT TO LEV06570
C          DO.  THE USER CAN OVER-RIDE THIS TEST BY SIMPLY DECREASING LEV06580
C          THE SIZE OF BTOL, BUT THEN CONVERGENCE IS NOT AS CERTAIN. LEV06590
C          THE PROGRAM SETS BTOL = 1.D-8 WHICH IS A VERY CONSERVATIVE LEV06600
C          CHOICE. THE || A || IS ESTIMATED BY USING AN ESTIMATE LEV06610
C          OF THE NORM OF THE T-MATRIX, T(1,KMAX). LEV06620
C          LEV06630
C          GAPTOL = RELATIVE TOLERANCE USED IN THE SUBROUTINE ISOEV LEV06640
C          TO DETERMINE WHICH OF THE GOOD T-EIGENVALUES NEED LEV06650
C          ERROR ESTIMATES.  THE PROGRAM SETS GAPTOL = 1.D-8. LEV06660
C          IF FOR A GIVEN 'GOOD' T-EIGENVALUE THE COMPUTED GAP LEV06670
C          IS TOO SMALL AND IS DUE TO A 'SPURIOUS' T-EIGENVALUE LEV06680
C          THEN THE 'GOOD' T-EIGENVALUE IS ASSUMED TO HAVE CONVERGED LEV06690
C          AND NO ERROR ESTIMATES ARE COMPUTED. LEV06700
C          LEV06710
C          LEV06720
C-----USER-SPECIFIED PARAMETERS FOR EIGENVALUE PROGRAMS-----LEV06730
C          LEV06740
C          LEV06750
C          RELTOL = RELATIVE TOLERANCE USED IN 'COMBINING' COMPUTED LEV06760
C          EIGENVALUES OF T(1,MEV) PRIOR TO COMPUTING ERROR LEV06770
C          ESTIMATES. LEV06780
C          LEV06790
C          THE LUMPING OF T-EIGENVALUES OCCURS IN SUBROUTINE LUMP. LEV06800
C          LUMPING IS NECESSARY BECAUSE IT IS IMPOSSIBLE TO ACCURATELY LEV06810
C          PREDICT THE ACCURACY OF THE BISEC SUBROUTINE.  LUMP 'COMBINES' LEV06820
C          T-EIGENVALUES THAT HAVE SLIPPED BY THE TOLERANCE THAT WAS USED LEV06830
C          IN THE T-MULTIPLICITY TESTS.  IN PARTICULAR IF FOR SOME J, LEV06840
C          LEV06850
C          |EVALUE(J)-EVALUE(J-1)| < DMAX1(RELTOL*|EVALUE(J)|,SCALE2*MULTOL) LEV06860
C          LEV06870
C          THEN THESE T-EIGENVALUES ARE 'COMBINED'.  MULTOL IS THE TOLERANCE LEV06880
C          THAT WAS USED IN THE T-MULTIPLICITY TEST IN BISEC.  SEE THE HEADER LEV06890
C          ON THE LUMP SUBROUTINE FOR MORE DETAILS. LEV06900
C          LEV06910
C          RELTOL IS SET TO 1.D-10. LEV06920
C          LEV06930
C          MXINIT = MAXIMUM NUMBER OF INVERSE ITERATIONS ALLOWED IN LEV06940
C          SUBROUTINE INVERR FOR EACH ISOLATED GOOD T-EIGENVALUE. LEV06950
C          TYPICALLY ONLY ONE ITERATION IS REQUIRED. LEV06960
C          LEV06970
C          SEEDS FOR RANDOM NUMBER GENERATORS = INTEGER*4 SCALARS. LEV06980
C          LEV06990
C          (1) SVSEED = SEED FOR STARTING VECTOR USED IN LEV07000
C          T-MATRIX GENERATION IN LANCZS SUBROUTINE LEV07010
C          LEV07020
C          (2) RHSEED = SEED FOR RIGHT-HAND SIDE USED IN LEV07030
C          INVERSE ITERATION COMPUTATIONS IN INVERR. LEV07040
C          LEV07050
C          BISEC DATA LEV07060
C          LEV07070
C          (1) NINT = NUMBER OF SUBINTERVALS ON WHICH EIGENVALUES ARE LEV07080
C          TO BE COMPUTED. LEV07090
C          LEV07100
C          (2) LB(J) = (J = 1,NINT) = LEFT END POINTS OF THESE INTERVALS. LEV07110

```

```

C          MUST BE PROVIDED IN INCREASING ORDER.  THAT IS,      LEV07120
C          LB(J) < LB(J+1) FOR J = 1,NINT.                        LEV07130
C                                                                LEV07140
C      (3) UB(J) = (J = 1,NINT) = RIGHT END POINTS OF THESE INTERVALS. LEV07150
C          MUST BE PROVIDED IN INCREASING ORDER.  THAT IS,      LEV07160
C          UB(J) < UB(J+1) FOR J = 1,NINT.                        LEV07170
C                                                                LEV07180
C      (4) MXSTUR = MAXIMUM NUMBER OF STURM ITERATIONS ALLOWED FOR LEV07190
C          ENTIRE SET OF EIGENVALUE CALCULATIONS OVER ALL      LEV07200
C          SPECIFIED SIZE T-MATRICES.  PROGRAM WILL            LEV07210
C          TERMINATE IF THIS LIMIT IS EXCEEDED.                LEV07220
C                                                                LEV07230
C      T-MATRICES                                              LEV07240
C                                                                LEV07250
C      SIZES OF T-MATRICES                                    LEV07260
C                                                                LEV07270
C          (1) KMAX= MAXIMUM ORDER FOR T-MATRIX THAT USER IS WILLING LEV07280
C              TO CONSIDER.                                     LEV07290
C                                                                LEV07300
C          (2) NMEVS = MAXIMUM NUMBER OF T-MATRICES THAT WILL BE LEV07310
C              CONSIDERED.                                       LEV07320
C                                                                LEV07330
C          (3) NMEV(J)  (J=1,NMEVS) = SIZES OF T-MATRIX TO BE LEV07340
C              CONSIDERED SEQUENTIALLY.                         LEV07350
C                                                                LEV07360
C      T-MATRIX-GENERATION                                    LEV07370
C                                                                LEV07380
C      USER SHOULD NOTE THAT THIS PROGRAM FIRST COMPUTES A T-MATRIX LEV07390
C      OF ORDER KMAX AND THEN CYCLES THROUGH THE T-MATRICES SPECIFIED LEV07400
C      A PRIORI BY THE USER, USING THE SUBROUTINE BISEC TO COMPUTE THE LEV07410
C      EIGENVALUES OF THE T-MATRICES ON THE INTERVALS SPECIFIED BY LEV07420
C      THE USER.                                              LEV07430
C                                                                LEV07440
C      IDEALLY, ONE WOULD COMPUTE THE EIGENVALUE APPROXIMATIONS AT A LEV07450
C      REASONABLE SIZE T-MATRIX, LOOK AT THE ACCURACY OF THE COMPUTED LEV07460
C      RESULTS AND USE THAT TO DETERMINE AN APPROPRIATE          LEV07470
C      INCREMENT FOR THE SIZE OF THE T-MATRIX BASED UPON WHAT    LEV07480
C      HAS ALREADY CONVERGED AND UPON THE SIZES OF THE ERROR ESTIMATES LEV07490
C      ON THOSE EIGENVALUES THAT ARE DESIRED BUT THAT HAVE NOT YET LEV07500
C      CONVERGED. HOWEVER, IN THE INTERESTS OF GENERALITY AND    LEV07510
C      SIMPLICITY WE DID NOT DO THAT HERE.                     LEV07520
C                                                                LEV07530
C                                                                LEV07540
C-----CONVERGENCE TESTS FOR THE EIGENVALUE PROGRAMS----- LEV07550
C                                                                LEV07560
C                                                                LEV07570
C      THE CONVERGENCE TEST INCORPORATED IN THIS PROGRAM IS      LEV07580
C      BASED UPON THE ASSUMPTION THAT THOSE T-EIGENVALUES AND THEIR LEV07590
C      ASSOCIATED T-EIGENVECTORS WHICH CORRESPOND TO THE         LEV07600
C      EIGENVALUES AND RITZVECTORS WHICH WE WISH TO COMPUTE      LEV07610
C      CONVERGE AS THE T-SIZE IS INCREASED.                     LEV07620
C                                                                LEV07630
C      AS CURRENTLY PROGRAMMED, CONVERGENCE IS CHECKED BY EXAMINING LEV07640
C      THE SIZES OF ALL OF THE COMPUTED ERROR ESTIMATES ON ALL OF THE LEV07650
C      INTERVALS SPECIFIED BY THE USER.  IDEALLY CONVERGENCE SHOULD LEV07660

```

```

C      BE CHECKED ONLY ON THOSE EIGENVALUES OF INTEREST AND          LEV07670
C      ONCE THE EIGENVALUES ON SUB-INTERVALS OF THESE INTERVALS HAVE LEV07680
C      CONVERGED, ANY SUBSEQUENT EIGENVALUE COMPUTATIONS SHOULD BE  LEV07690
C      MADE ONLY ON THE UNCONVERGED PORTIONS.  OBVIOUSLY, IT WOULD BE LEV07700
C      DIFFICULT TO INCORPORATE CODE TO DO THE ABOVE WITHOUT KNOWING LEV07710
C      A PRIORI PRECISELY WHAT THE USER IS TRYING TO COMPUTE.        LEV07720
C      THEREFORE, WE DID NOT ATTEMPT TO DO THIS.  IF ONE WISHES TO   LEV07730
C      MAKE SUCH A MODIFICATION THEN ONE MUST ALSO MODIFY THE PROGRAM LEV07740
C      SO THAT IT CREATES AN OVERALL LIST OF THE CONVERGED 'GOOD'    LEV07750
C      T-EIGENVALUES AS THEY ARE COMPUTED, SINCE CONVERGED 'GOOD'    LEV07760
C      T-EIGENVALUES WHICH WERE COMPUTED AT A PARTICULAR VALUE OF MEV LEV07770
C      WOULD NO LONGER BE RECOMPUTED AT LARGER VALUES OF MEV.      LEV07780
C                                                                    LEV07790
C      IF ONLY A FEW EIGENVALUES ARE TO BE COMPUTED THEN SUCH CHANGES LEV07800
C      WOULD NOT MAKE MUCH DIFFERENCE IN THE RUNNING TIME.          LEV07810
C                                                                    LEV07820
C                                                                    LEV07830
C-----ARRAYS REQUIRED BY THE EIGENVALUE PROGRAMS-----LEV07840
C                                                                    LEV07850
C                                                                    LEV07860
C      ALL 4 CASES                                                  LEV07870
C                                                                    LEV07880
C      ALPHA(J) = REAL*8 ARRAY.  ITS DIMENSION MUST BE AT LEAST KMAX, LEV07890
C      THE LENGTH OF THE LARGEST T-MATRIX ALLOWED.  THIS           LEV07900
C      ARRAY CONTAINS THE DIAGONAL ENTRIES OF THE T-MATRICES.      LEV07910
C                                                                    LEV07920
C      BETA(J) = REAL*8 ARRAY.  ITS DIMENSION MUST BE AT LEAST KMAX+1. LEV07930
C      THIS ARRAY CONTAINS THE SUBDIAGONAL ENTRIES OF THE          LEV07940
C      T-MATRICES.                                                  LEV07950
C                                                                    LEV07960
C      THE ALPHA AND BETA VECTORS ARE NOT ALTERED                  LEV07970
C      DURING THE CALCULATIONS.                                     LEV07980
C                                                                    LEV07990
C      V1(J),V2(J),VS(J) = REAL*8 ARRAYS IN REAL SYMMETRIC CASES.  LEV08000
C      V1 AND V2 ARE COMPLEX*16 IN HERMITIAN CASE.                LEV08010
C      IN CASES (1) AND (2) VS MUST BE OF                          LEV08020
C      DIMENSION AT LEAST KMAX.  IN CASES (3) AND                  LEV08030
C      (4) VS MUST BE OF DIMENSION AT LEAST                        LEV08040
C      MAX(N,KMAX).  IN REAL SYMMETRIC CASES                      LEV08050
C      V1 MUST BE OF DIMENSION AT LEAST                           LEV08060
C      MAX(KMAX+1,N) AND V2 MUST BE OF DIMENSION                  LEV08070
C      MAX(KMAX,N).  IN HERMITIAN CASES V1                        LEV08080
C      MUST BE OF DIMENSION MAX(N,(KMAX+1)/2)                     LEV08090
C      AND V2 OF DIMENSION AT LEAST MAX(N,KMAX/2).                LEV08100
C      IN ALL CASES HOWEVER, THE ABOVE DIMENSIONS                 LEV08110
C      FOR V2 ARE VALID ONLY IF NO MORE                           LEV08120
C      THAN KMAX/2 EIGENVALUES OF THE GIVEN                       LEV08130
C      T-MATRICES ARE TO BE COMPUTED IN ANY GIVEN                LEV08140
C      SUBINTERVAL.  V2 IS USED IN THE SUBROUTINE                 LEV08150
C      BISEC TO HOLD THE UPPER AND LOWER                          LEV08160
C      ENDPOINTS OF THE SUBINTERVALS GENERATED                   LEV08170
C      DURING THE BISECTIONS.  THEREFORE, ITS                     LEV08180
C      REAL*8 DIMENSION MUST ALWAYS BE AT LEAST                   LEV08190
C      2*Q WHERE Q IS THE MAXIMUM NUMBER OF                       LEV08200
C      EIGENVALUES OF THE SPECIFIED T-MATRIX IN ANY               LEV08210

```

C ONE OF THE SPECIFIED INTERVALS. LEV08220
 C NOTE THAT IN THE HERMITIAN CASE, V1 AND V2 LEV08230
 C ARE DEFINED AS COMPLEX*16 IN THE MAIN PROGRAM LEV08240
 C AND IN THE LANCZS SUBROUTINE BUT ARE LEV08250
 C REDEFINED AS REAL*8 IN OTHER SUBROUTINES. LEV08260
 C LEV08270
 C LB(J),UB(J) = REAL*8 ARRAYS. EACH MUST BE OF DIMENSION AT LEAST LEV08280
 C NINT, THE NUMBER OF SUBINTERVALS TO BE CONSIDERED. LEV08290
 C LB CONTAINS THE LEFT-END POINTS OF THE INTERVALS LEV08300
 C ON WHICH EIGENVALUES ARE TO BE COMPUTED. UB LEV08310
 C CONTAINS THE RIGHT-END POINTS. LEV08320
 C LEV08330
 C EXPLAN(J) = REAL*4 ARRAY. ITS DIMENSION IS 20. THIS ARRAY IS LEV08340
 C USED TO ALLOW EXPLANATORY COMMENTS IN THE INPUT FILES. LEV08350
 C LEV08360
 C G(J) = REAL*4 ARRAY. ITS DIMENSION MUST BE >= MAX(2*KMAX,N) LEV08370
 C IT IS USED FOR HOLDING THE RANDOM VECTORS GENERATED, LEV08380
 C HOLDING THE COMPUTED ERROR ESTIMATES AND THE COMPUTED LEV08390
 C MINIMAL GAPS FOR THE GOOD T-EIGENVALUES. LEV08400
 C LEV08410
 C MP(J) = INTEGER*4 ARRAY. ITS DIMENSION MUST BE AT LEAST KMAX, LEV08420
 C THE MAXIMUM SIZE OF THE T-MATRICES ALLOWED. IT CONTAINS LEV08430
 C THE T-MULTIPLICITIES OF THE COMPUTED EIGENVALUES. NOTE LEV08440
 C THAT 'SPURIOUS' T-EIGENVALUES ARE DENOTED BY A LEV08450
 C T-MULTIPLICITY OF 0. T-EIGENVALUES THAT THE SUBROUTINE LEV08460
 C PRTEST HAS IDENTIFIED AS 'GOOD' BUT HIDDEN ARE IDENTIFIED LEV08470
 C BY A T-MULTIPLICITY OF -10. LEV08480
 C LEV08490
 C NMEV(J) = INTEGER*4 ARRAY. ITS DIMENSION MUST BE AT LEAST THE LEV08500
 C NUMBER OF T-MATRICES ALLOWED. IT CONTAINS THE ORDERS LEV08510
 C OF THE T-MATRICES TO BE CONSIDERED. LEV08520
 C LEV08530
 C LEV08540
 C FOR CASE (3) ONLY: LEV08550
 C GR(J),GC(J) = REAL*8 ARRAYS. USED ONLY IN THE HERMITIAN CASE. LEV08560
 C GR AND GC MUST EACH BE OF DIMENSION AT LEAST N. LEV08570
 C BOTH ARE USED IN THE RANDOM VECTOR GENERATION. LEV08580
 C GR IS ALSO USED TO STORE MINIMAL GAPS BETWEEN LEV08590
 C 'GOOD' T-EIGENVALUES. LEV08600
 C LEV08610
 C FOR CASES (3) AND (4) FOR THE PERMUTATION: LEV08620
 C LEV08630
 C IPR(J), IPT(J) = INTEGER*4 ARRAYS. EACH OF DIMENSION AT LEAST N. LEV08640
 C USED TO STORE THE REORDERING OF THE GIVEN MATRIX LEV08650
 C OR MATRICES. LEV08660
 C LEV08670
 C LEV08680
 C OTHER ARRAYS LEV08690
 C LEV08700
 C THE USER MUST SPECIFY IN THE SUBROUTINE USPEC (A OR B) WHATEVER LEV08710
 C ARRAYS ARE REQUIRED TO DEFINE THE MATRIX OR MATRICES BEING USED. LEV08720
 C ALSO IN CASES (3) AND (4) ONLY, WHEN WORKING WITH INVERSES LEV08730
 C OF SPARSE SYMMETRIC MATRICES, IN THE OPTIONAL, PREPROCESSING LEV08740
 C PROGRAMS PERMUT, LFACT, LORDER, AND LTEST IT IS NECESSARY TO LEV08750
 C SPECIFY ADDITIONAL ARRAYS JUST FOR THESE COMPUTATIONS. THE USER LEV08760


```

C      IS REFERRED TO THOSE PROGRAMS FOR DETAILS.                                LEV08770
C                                                                                   LEV08780
C                                                                                   LEV08790
C-----SUBROUTINES INCLUDED-----LEV08800
C                                                                                   LEV08810
C                                                                                   LEV08820
C      LANCZS = COMPUTES THE ALPHA/BETA HISTORY. IN CASES (1) AND (2)              LEV08830
C      REAL SYMMETRIC AND HERMITIAN MATRICES, USES SUBROUTINES                      LEV08840
C      FINPRO, GENRAN AND CMATV. IN CASE (3), INVERSES OF                         LEV08850
C      REAL SYMMETRIC MATRICES, USES SUBROUTINES FINPRO,                         LEV08860
C      GENRAN AND BSOLV. IN CASE (4), GENERALIZED EIGENVALUE                     LEV08870
C      PROBLEM, USES SUBROUTINES FINPRO, GENRAN, AMATV AND                       LEV08880
C      LSOLV.                                                                    LEV08890
C                                                                                   LEV08900
C      BISEC = COMPUTES EIGENVALUES OF THE SPECIFIED T-MATRIX                     LEV08910
C      USING STURM SEQUENCING, ON SEQUENCE OF INTERVALS                         LEV08920
C      SPECIFIED BY THE USER. EACH SUBINTERVAL IS TREATED                       LEV08930
C      AS OPEN ON THE LEFT AND CLOSED ON THE RIGHT.                             LEV08940
C      EIGENVALUES ARE COMPUTED WITH SIMULTANEOUS DETERMINATION                 LEV08950
C      OF THE T-MULTIPLICITIES AND OF SPURIOUS T-EIGENVALUES.                   LEV08960
C                                                                                   LEV08970
C      INVERR = USES INVERSE ITERATION ON T-MATRICES TO COMPUTE ERROR            LEV08980
C      ESTIMATES ON COMPUTED GOOD T-EIGENVALUES. (USES GENRAN)                  LEV08990
C                                                                                   LEV09000
C      LUMP = 'COMBINES' EIGENVALUES OF T-MATRIX USING THE RELATIVE              LEV09010
C      TOLERANCE RELTOL.                                                         LEV09020
C                                                                                   LEV09030
C      ISOEV = CALCULATES GAPS BETWEEN DISTINCT EIGENVALUES OF T-MATRIX          LEV09040
C      AND THEN USES THESE GAPS TO LABEL THOSE 'GOOD'                          LEV09050
C      T-EIGENVALUES FOR WHICH ERROR ESTIMATES ARE NOT COMPUTED.                LEV09060
C                                                                                   LEV09070
C      TNORM = COMPUTES THE SCALE TKMAX USED IN DETERMINING THE                  LEV09080
C      TOLERANCES FOR THE SPURIOUS, T-MULTIPLICITY AND PRTESTS.                 LEV09090
C      IT ALSO CHECKS FOR LOCAL ORTHOGONALITY OF THE LANCZOS                    LEV09100
C      VECTORS BY TESTING THE RELATIVE SIZE OF THE BETAS USING                  LEV09110
C      THE RELATIVE TOLERANCE BTOL.                                              LEV09120
C                                                                                   LEV09130
C      PRTEST = LOOKS FOR GOOD T-EIGENVALUES THAT HAVE BEEN MISLABELLED          LEV09140
C      BY THE SPURIOUS TEST BECAUSE THEY HAD 'TOO SMALL' A                      LEV09150
C      PROJECTION ON THE STARTING LANCZOS VECTOR.                              LEV09160
C      (LESS THAN SINGLE PRECISION)                                             LEV09170
C      TESTS INDICATE THAT SUCH EIGENVALUES ARE RARE.                           LEV09180
C      PRTEST SHOULD BE CALLED ONLY AFTER CONVERGENCE                          LEV09190
C      HAS BEEN ESTABLISHED.                                                    LEV09200
C                                                                                   LEV09210
C      INVERM = USED TO COMPUTE ERROR ESTIMATES FOR ANY T-EIGENVALUES            LEV09220
C      WHICH PRTEST INDICATES MAY HAVE BEEN MISLABELLED.                       LEV09230
C      SUCH T-EIGENVALUES ARE RELABELLED ONLY IF THEIR ERROR                    LEV09240
C      ESTIMATES ARE SUFFICIENTLY SMALL. PRIMARY USE OF                        LEV09250
C      INVERM IS IN THE CORRESPONDING EIGENVECTOR COMPUTATIONS.                 LEV09260
C                                                                                   LEV09270
C      CASES (3) AND (4) ONLY, FACTORED INVERSES:                              LEV09280
C                                                                                   LEV09290
C      FOR OPTIONAL, PRELIMINARY PROCESSING:                                   LEV09300
C      PERMUT (PROGRAM CALLS SPARSPAK PACKAGE) :                               LEV09310

```

```

C      USES THE NONZERO STRUCTURE OF A GIVEN MATRIX A.                                LEV09320
C      CAN BE USED TO OBTAIN A REORDERING OF A THAT PRESERVES                        LEV09330
C      SPARSITY UNDER FACTORIZATION. PERMUT CALLS                                  LEV09340
C      THE SPARSPAK PROGRAMS, (A. GEORGE, J. LIU, E. NG,                             LEV09350
C      U. WATERLOO). PERMUT ALSO TAKES THE USER-SPECIFIED MATRIX,                   LEV09360
C      APPLIES THE SCALE SO AND THE SHIFT TO IT, AND THEN WRITES                     LEV09370
C      OUT THE CORRESPONDING SPARSE MATRIX DATA FILE FOR THE                       LEV09380
C      RESULTING MATRIX  $C = SO*A + SHIFT*I$ . SEE THE PERMUT FORTRAN                     LEV09390
C      CODE FOR DETAILS.                                                            LEV09400
C                                                                                     LEV09410
C      LORDER (STAND-ALONE PROGRAM):                                                 LEV09420
C      GIVEN A MATRIX C IN SPARSE FORMAT AND A PERMUTATION P,                       LEV09430
C      COMPUTES THE REORDERED MATRIX  $B = P*C*P'$  AND WRITES IT                       LEV09440
C      TO FILE 9 IN SPARSE FORMAT. SEE THE LORDER FORTRAN CODE                     LEV09450
C      FOR DETAILS.                                                                LEV09460
C                                                                                     LEV09470
C      LFACT (STAND-ALONE PROGRAM) :                                                 LEV09480
C      GIVEN A POSITIVE DEFINITE MATRIX B IN SPARSE FORMAT                         LEV09490
C      COMPUTES THE SPARSE CHOLESKY FACTOR L OF B AND WRITES IT                     LEV09500
C      TO FILE 7 IN SPARSE FORMAT. THUS,  $B = L*L'$ .                               LEV09510
C      SEE THE LFACT FORTRAN CODE FOR DETAILS.                                    LEV09520
C                                                                                     LEV09530
C      LTEST (CALLS 3 USER-SUPPLIED PROGRAMS CMATV, CMATS, AND BSOLV):              LEV09540
C      GIVEN THE FACTORIZATION OF A MATRIX B, LTEST COMPUTES                        LEV09550
C      THE SOLUTION OF THE EQUATION  $B*U = B*V1$  FOR A SPECIFIC RANDOMLY-             LEV09560
C      GENERATED V1, WITH AND WITHOUT ITERATIVE REFINEMENT, TO                     LEV09570
C      OBTAIN A ROUGH CHECK ON THE NUMERICAL CONDITION OF THE MATRIX B.             LEV09580
C      THIS PROGRAM USES 3 SUBROUTINES CMATV, CMATS, AND BLSOLV.                     LEV09590
C      SEE THE LTEST FORTRAN PROGRAM FOR DETAILS.                                  LEV09600
C                                                                                     LEV09610
C                                                                                     LEV09620
C-----OTHER PROGRAMS PROVIDED-----LEV09630
C                                                                                     LEV09640
C      LCOMPAC (STAND ALONE PROGRAM):                                                 LEV09650
C      TRANSLATES A REAL SYMMETRIC MATRIX PROVIDED IN THE                         LEV09660
C      FORMAT I, J, A(I,J) INTO THE SPARSE MATRIX                                LEV09670
C      FORMAT USED IN THE SAMPLE USPEC, CMATV, BSOLV AND                           LEV09680
C      LSOLV SUBROUTINES PROVIDED. IT ASSUMES THAT THE                             LEV09690
C      MATRIX ENTRIES ARE GIVEN EITHER COLUMN BY COLUMN OR                         LEV09700
C      ROW BY ROW. THE DATA SET CREATED IS WRITTEN TO                             LEV09710
C      FILE 8.                                                                      LEV09720
C                                                                                     LEV09730
C                                                                                     LEV09740
C-----COMMENTS ON THE STORAGE REQUIRED FOR EIGENVALUE PROGRAMS-----LEV09750
C                                                                                     LEV09760
C                                                                                     LEV09770
C      CASE (1), REAL SYMMETRIC MATRICES:                                           LEV09780
C                                                                                     LEV09790
C      THE ARRAYS IN THE REAL SYMMETRIC EIGENVALUE PROGRAM REQUIRE                  LEV09800
C      APPROXIMATELY THE EQUIVALENT OF ONE REAL*8 ARRAY OF DIMENSION                LEV09810
C                                                                                     LEV09820
C       $3.5*KMAX + 2*MAX(KMAX,N) + .5* MAX(2*KMAX,N)$                                LEV09830
C                                                                                     LEV09840
C      PLUS WHATEVER IS NEEDED TO GENERATE A*X FOR THE GIVEN MATRIX A.             LEV09850
C      THE ARRAYS ALPHA, BETA, VS AND MP CONSUME  $3.5*KMAX*8$  BYTES.                 LEV09860

```

```

C   THE ARRAYS V1 AND V2 CONSUME 2*MAXIMUM(KMAX,N)*8 BYTES, WITH THE  LEV09870
C   QUALIFICATION STATED ABOVE WHERE V2 IS DEFINED.  THE G-ARRAY  LEV09880
C   CONSUMES .5*MAX(2*KMAX,N)*8 BYTES.  LEV09890
C   LEV09900
C   CASE (2), HERMITIAN MATRICES:  LEV09910
C   LEV09920
C   THE ARRAYS IN THE HERMITIAN EIGENVALUE PROGRAMS REQUIRE  LEV09930
C   THE EQUIVALENT OF ONE REAL*8 ARRAY OF DIMENSION  LEV09940
C   LEV09950
C   3.5*KMAX + 4*MAX(KMAX/2,N) + .5*MAX(2*KMAX,N) + 2*N  LEV09960
C   LEV09970
C   PLUS WHATEVER IS NEEDED TO GENERATE A*X FOR THE GIVEN MATRIX A.  LEV09980
C   THE ARRAYS ALPHA, BETA, VS, AND MP CONSUME 3.5*KMAX*8 BYTES.  LEV09990
C   THE ARRAYS V1 AND V2 CONSUME 4*MAXIMUM(KMAX/2,N)*8 BYTES, WITH THE  LEV10000
C   QUALIFICATION STATED ABOVE WHERE V2 IS DEFINED.  THE G-ARRAY  LEV10010
C   CONSUMES .5*MAX(2*KMAX,N)*8 BYTES.  GR REQUIRES  LEV10020
C   AND GC REQUIRE 2*N*8BYTES.  LEV10030
C   LEV10040
C   LEV10050
C   CASE (3), INVERSES OF REAL SYMMETRIC MATRICES:  LEV10060
C   LEV10070
C   THE ARRAYS IN THE EIGENVALUE PROGRAMS DESIGNED FOR  LEV10080
C   CASE (3), INVERSES OF REAL SYMMETRIC MATRICES USING  LEV10090
C   REORDERING AND FACTORIZATION, REQUIRE  LEV10100
C   THE EQUIVALENT OF ONE REAL*8 ARRAY OF DIMENSION  LEV10110
C   LEV10120
C   3*KMAX + 3*MAX(KMAX,N) + .5*MAX(2*KMAX,N)  LEV10130
C   LEV10140
C   PLUS WHATEVER IS NEEDED TO GENERATE B(INVERSE)*X FOR THE  LEV10150
C   SCALED, SHIFTED AND PERMUTED VERSION OF A WHICH WE DENOTE  LEV10160
C   BY B.  THE ARRAYS ALPHA, BETA, MP, AND MP2 CONSUME 3*KMAX*8  LEV10170
C   BYTES.  THE ARRAYS V1, V2, AND VS CONSUME 3*MAX(KMAX,N)*8 BYTES,  LEV10180
C   WITH THE QUALIFICATION STATED ABOVE WHERE V2 IS DEFINED.  LEV10190
C   THE G ARRAY CONSUMES .5*MAX(2*KMAX,N)*8 BYTES.  THESE NUMBERS  LEV10200
C   DO NOT INCLUDE THE STORAGE REQUIRED BY THE PREPROCESSING PROGRAMS  LEV10210
C   PERMUT, LORDER, LFACT, AND LTEST.  LEV10220
C   LEV10230
C   LEV10240
C   A SYMMETRIC, SPARSE MATRIX OF ORDER N WITH NZS NONZERO ELEMENTS  LEV10250
C   BELOW THE MAIN DIAGONAL WOULD REQUIRE THE EQUIVALENT OF ONE  LEV10260
C   REAL*8 ARRAY OF DIMENSION 1.5*(NZS + N) IF THE POINTERS USED  LEV10270
C   ARE INTEGER*4.  LEV10280
C   LEV10290
C   SOME OF THE ARRAY STORAGE IS NOT ESSENTIAL AND COULD BE  LEV10300
C   ELIMINATED IF STORAGE IS A PROBLEM.  LEV10310
C   THE FOLLOWING COMMENTS APPLY DIRECTLY ONLY TO CASE (1),  LEV10320
C   THE PROGRAMS FOR REAL SYMMETRIC MATRICES, HOWEVER, SIMILAR  LEV10330
C   STATEMENTS COULD BE MADE ABOUT THE OTHER CASES.  LEV10340
C   LEV10350
C   CASE (1), REAL SYMMETRIC PROGRAMS:  LEV10360
C   THE G ARRAY COULD BE REMOVED IF THE USER IS WILLING TO  LEV10370
C   LEV10380
C   (1) REGENERATE THE RANDOM STARTING VECTOR IN INVERR  LEV10390
C   FOR EACH ERROR ESTIMATE  LEV10400
C   (2) WRITE OUT THE ERROR ESTIMATES AND VARIOUS GAPS AS  LEV10410

```

C THEY ARE GENERATED RATHER THAN STORING THEM IN G FOR LEV10420
 C LATER PRINTOUT LEV10430
 C (3) CHECK CONVERGENCE WITHIN INVERR LEV10440
 C LEV10450
 C CLEARLY THE INDEX VECTOR MP COULD BE AN INTEGER*2 ARRAY AS COULD LEV10460
 C THE POINTERS USED TO DEFINE THE USER'S MATRIX. LEV10470
 C LEV10480
 C THE USER SHOULD NOTE THAT WITH AN EIGENVALUE SUBROUTINE THAT LEV10490
 C USES BISECTION (LIKE BISEC) IF MORE THAN 25% OF THE LEV10500
 C EIGENVALUES ARE TO BE COMPUTED, THEN IT MAY BE MORE LEV10510
 C ECONOMICAL TO USE THE EISPACK SUBROUTINE IMTQL1. LEV10520
 C (SEE MATRIX EIGENSYSTEM ROUTINES-EISPACK GUIDE (2ND EDITION) LEV10530
 C B.T. SMITH ET AL, SPRINGER-VERLAG, NEW YORK, 1976, P213.). LEV10540
 C HOWEVER, IF THE SUBROUTINE IMTQL1 IS TO BE USED IN PLACE LEV10550
 C OF BISEC, THEN NONTRIVIAL CHANGES IN THE LANCZOS CODE MUST BE LEV10560
 C MADE. FOR DETAILS OF ONE SUCH IMPLEMENTATION SEE LEV10570
 C IBM RESEARCH REPORT 8298, COMPUTING LEV10580
 C EIGENVALUES OF LARGE SYMMETRIC MATRICES - AN IMPLEMENTATION OF A LEV10590
 C LANCZOS ALGORITHM WITH NO REORTHOGONALIZATION. PART II. COMPUTER LEV10600
 C PROGRAMS., DECEMBER 1980, WHICH CONTAINS A GENERAL LEV10610
 C LANCZOS CODE WHICH INCLUDES AN IMTQL1 OPTION OR LEV10620
 C PREFERABLY CONTACT THE AUTHORS. LEV10630
 C LEV10640
 C THE BISEC SUBROUTINE WHICH IS INCLUDED IS A MODIFIED FORM OF LEV10650
 C THE BISECT SUBROUTINE IN EISPACK. BISEC ASSUMES THAT THE LEV10660
 C VECTOR V2 IS LONG ENOUGH TO HOLD BOTH THE UPPER AND THE LEV10670
 C LOWER BOUNDS ON THE BISECTION INTERVALS USED TO COMPUTE LEV10680
 C THE EIGENVALUES OF THE T-MATRICES. THEREFORE, IF THE LEV10690
 C LENGTH OF V2 IS ONLY KMAX, BISEC CAN COMPUTE ONLY AT MOST LEV10700
 C KMAX/2 EIGENVALUES OF THE GIVEN T-MATRIX IN ANY GIVEN LEV10710
 C SUBINTERVAL. LEV10720
 C LEV10730
 C AS PROGRAMMED BISEC USES THE ARRAYS ALPHA,BETA,V1,V2,VS AND MP. LEV10740
 C HOWEVER, V1 IS USED ONLY TO STORE BETA(J)**2 SO THAT THEY DO NOT LEV10750
 C HAVE TO BE REGENERATED ON EACH STURM. IF THE USER IS WILLING TO LEV10760
 C COMPUTE THE BETA(J)**2 AS NEEDED, THEN V1 COULD BE ELIMINATED LEV10770
 C FROM BISEC. BISEC STORAGE THEN BECOMES A REAL*8 ARRAY OF DIMENSION LEV10780
 C 4.25*KMAX IF WE ALSO REDUCE MP TO INTEGER*2. FURTHERMORE, LEV10790
 C IF ONE KNEW THAT ONLY Q*MEV EIGENVALUES OF T(1,MEV) WERE TO BE LEV10800
 C COMPUTED AT EACH STAGE FOR SOME Q<.5 THEN FURTHER REDUCTIONS IN LEV10810
 C STORAGE COULD BE MADE IN BISEC. LEV10820
 C LEV10830
 C AS PROGRAMMED INVERR USES ALPHA, BETA,V1,V2,VS,G AND MP. LEV10840
 C VS CONTAINS THE COMPUTED EIGENVALUES OF T(1,MEV). MP GIVES LEV10850
 C THEIR T-MULTIPLICITIES AND FLAGS WHICH EIGENVALUES ARE TO HAVE LEV10860
 C ERROR ESTIMATES COMPUTED. V2 IS USED FOR THE SOLUTION LEV10870
 C VECTOR IN THE INVERSE ITERATION AND V1 FOR THE FACTORIZATION. LEV10880
 C G CONTAINS THE RANDOMLY-GENERATED STARTING VECTOR FOR THE LEV10890
 C INVERSE ITERATION. THE BASIC STORAGE FOR INVERR IS THEREFORE LEV10900
 C A REAL*8 ARRAY OF DIMENSION 4*KMAX PLUS THE STORAGE NEEDED FOR LEV10910
 C THE COMPUTED T-EIGENVALUES AND THEIR T-MULTIPLICITIES. LEV10920
 C LEV10930
 C VS COULD BE USED TO STORE ONLY THOSE COMPUTED EIGENVALUES OF LEV10940
 C T(1,MEV) THAT ARE OF INTEREST. IN THAT CASE THE DIMENSIONS OF VS LEV10950
 C AND OF MP NEED NOT BE ANY LONGER THAN THE NUMBER OF SUCH LEV10960

```

C      EIGENVALUES. AS PROGRAMMED, ALL THE COMPUTED DISTINCT EIGENVALUES LEV10970
C      OF T(1,MEV) ARE STORED IN VS. THEREFORE TO TAKE ADVANTAGE OF LEV10980
C      SUCH A REDUCTION IN STORAGE THE USER WOULD HAVE TO MODIFY THAT LEV10990
C      PART OF THE PROGRAM AND ALSO COMMENT OUT THE CALL TO THE LEV11000
C      SUBROUTINE PRTEST. LEV11010
C      LEV11020
C      LEV11030
C-----LEV11040
C      LEV11050
C      COMMENTS FOR EIGENVECTOR COMPUTATIONS LEV11060
C      LEV11070
C-----LEV11080
C      LEV11090
C      LEV11100
C      THE EIGENVALUES WHOSE EIGENVECTORS ARE TO BE COMPUTED MUST LEV11110
C      HAVE BEEN COMPUTED USING THE CORRESPONDING LANCZOS EIGENVALUE LEV11120
C      PROGRAMS BECAUSE THE EIGENVECTOR PROGRAMS WILL USE THE SAME LEV11130
C      FAMILY OF LANCZOS TRIDIAGONAL MATRICES THAT WAS USED IN THE LEV11140
C      CORRESPONDING EIGENVALUE COMPUTATIONS. LEV11150
C      LEV11160
C      THESE PROGRAMS ASSUME THAT THE EIGENVALUES SUPPLIED TO IT LEV11170
C      HAVE BEEN COMPUTED ACCURATELY, AS MEASURED BY THE LEV11180
C      ERROR ESTIMATES COMPUTED IN THE CORRESPONDING LANCZOS LEV11190
C      EIGENVALUE COMPUTATIONS, ALTHOUGH THESE ESTIMATES ARE LEV11200
C      TYPICALLY CONSERVATIVE. IN CASES (1), (2) AND (4), THE LEV11210
C      EIGENVALUES OF INTEREST ARE STORED IN THE ARRAY GOODEV(J), LEV11220
C      J=1,NGOOD. IN CASE (3) THE PROGRAM WORKS WITH THE LEV11230
C      EIGENVALUES OF B(INVERSE) WHICH ARE STORED IN THE ARRAY LEV11240
C      GOODBI(J), J=1,NGOOD. THE CORRESPONDING EIGENVALUES LEV11250
C      OF A ARE STORED IN GOODA(J), J=1,NGOOD. LEV11260
C      LEV11270
C      FOR EACH GOODEV(J), THE SUBROUTINE STURMI COMPUTES THE LEV11280
C      SMALLEST SIZE LANCZOS TRIDIAGONAL MATRIX, T(1,M1(J)), FOR LEV11290
C      WHICH GOODEV(J) IS AN EIGENVALUE TO WITHIN A SPECIFIED LEV11300
C      TOLERANCE. IT ALSO ATTEMPTS TO COMPUTE THE SIZE, M2(J), LEV11310
C      BY WHICH THE GIVEN EIGENVALUE BECOMES A DOUBLE EIGENVALUE LEV11320
C      TO WITHIN THE GIVEN TOLERANCE. THESE VALUES ARE USED LEV11330
C      TO DETERMINE 1ST GUESSES AT SIZES FOR THE T-EIGENVECTORS LEV11340
C      THAT WILL BE USED IN THE RITZ VECTOR COMPUTATIONS. LEV11350
C      SUBROUTINE INVERM SUCCESSIVELY COMPUTES CORRESPONDING LEV11360
C      EIGENVECTORS OF ENLARGED T-MATRICES UNTIL A SUITABLE LEV11370
C      SIZE T-MATRIX IS DETERMINED FOR EACH J. UP TO 10 SUCH LEV11380
C      EIGENVECTOR COMPUTATIONS ARE ALLOWED FOR EACH EIGENVALUE. LEV11390
C      LEV11400
C      AFTER APPROPRIATE T-EIGENVECTORS HAVE BEEN COMPUTED, LEV11410
C      RITZ VECTOR CORRESPONDING TO THESE T-EIGENVECTORS ARE THEN LEV11420
C      COMPUTED AND TAKEN AS APPROXIMATE EIGENVECTORS OF A FOR THE LEV11430
C      GIVEN EIGENVALUES, GOODEV(J), J = 1, ..., NGOOD. LEV11440
C      LEV11450
C      THIS IMPLEMENTATION FIRST COMPUTES ALL OF THE RELEVANT LEV11460
C      EIGENVECTORS OF THE SYMMETRIC TRIDIAGONAL MATRICES LEV11470
C      IN THE VECTOR, TVEC. LEV11480
C      LEV11490
C      THEN, AS EACH OF THE LANCZOS VECTORS IS REGENERATED, ALL LEV11500
C      OF THE RITZ VECTORS CORRESPONDING TO THESE LEV11510

```

```

C      T-EIGENVECTORS ARE UPDATED USING THE CURRENTLY-GENERATED      LEV11520
C      LANCZOS VECTOR.  LANCZOS VECTORS ARE GENERATED (NOTE        LEV11530
C      THAT THEY ARE NOT BEING KEPT), UNTIL ENOUGH HAVE            LEV11540
C      BEEN GENERATED TO MAP THE LONGEST T-EIGENVECTOR INTO ITS    LEV11550
C      CORRESPONDING RITZ VECTOR.  THE ARRAY RITVEC CONTAINS THE    LEV11560
C      SUCCESSIVE RITZ VECTORS WHICH ARE THE APPROXIMATE            LEV11570
C      EIGENVECTORS OF A.                                           LEV11580
C                                                                    LEV11590
C                                                                    LEV11600
C-----PARAMETER CONTROLS FOR EIGENVECTOR PROGRAMS-----LEV11610
C                                                                    LEV11620
C                                                                    LEV11630
C      IN CASES (3) AND (4) WHERE A SPARSE FACTORIZATION OF A      LEV11640
C      SPECIFIED MATRIX IS USED, THE USER SPECIFIES USING THE FLAG LEV11650
C      JPERM WHETHER OR NOT THE FACTORIZATION SUPPLIED CORRESPONDS LEV11660
C      TO THE ORIGINAL MATRIX OR TO A PERMUTATION OF THE ORIGINAL  LEV11670
C      MATRIX.                                                       LEV11680
C                                                                    LEV11690
C      JPERM = (0,1) MEANS                                           LEV11700
C          0  NO PERMUTATION                                         LEV11710
C          1  MATRIX HAS BEEN PERMUTED.  NOTE THAT IN              LEV11720
C              CASE (4) THE PROGRAM WILL ASSUME THAT THE            LEV11730
C              DATA SUPPLIED FOR THE A-MATRIX CORRESPONDS TO THE  LEV11740
C              CORRESPONDING PERMUTATION OF THE ORIGINAL A-MATRIX. LEV11750
C              IN BOTH CASES THE LANCZS CODES WILL WORK WITH THE   LEV11760
C              PERMUTED MATRICES AND THE PERMUTATION WILL BE       LEV11770
C              UNDONE ONLY IN THE EIGENVECTOR PROGRAM AFTER         LEV11780
C              THE RITZ VECTORS FOR THE PERMUTED PROBLEM HAVE      LEV11790
C              BEEN COMPUTED.                                       LEV11800
C                                                                    LEV11810
C      OTHER PARAMETER CONTROLS ARE INTRODUCED TO ALLOW SEGMENTATION LEV11820
C      OF THE EIGENVECTOR COMPUTATIONS AND TO ALLOW VARIOUS COMBINATIONS LEV11830
C      OF READ/Writes.                                              LEV11840
C                                                                    LEV11850
C      THE FLAG MBOUND ALLOWS THE USER TO DETERMINE A FIRST GUESS ON THE LEV11860
C      STORAGE THAT WILL BE REQUIRED BY THE T-EIGENVECTORS FOR THE  LEV11870
C      EIGENVALUES WHOSE EIGENVECTORS ARE TO BE COMPUTED.          LEV11880
C      THIS CAN BE USED TO ESTIMATE THE REQUIRED SIZE OF THE TVEC ARRAY. LEV11890
C                                                                    LEV11900
C      MBOUND = (0,1) MEANS                                          LEV11910
C                                                                    LEV11920
C          (0)  PROGRAM COMPUTES FIRST GUESSES AT THE SIZES         LEV11930
C              OF THE T-MATRICES REQUIRED BY EACH OF THE             LEV11940
C              EIGENVALUES SUPPLIED AND THEN CONTINUES WITH        LEV11950
C              THE CORRESPONDING T-EIGENVECTOR COMPUTATIONS.       LEV11960
C                                                                    LEV11970
C          (1)  PROGRAM COMPUTES FIRST GUESSES AT THE SIZES         LEV11980
C              OF THE T-MATRICES REQUIRED BY EACH OF THE             LEV11990
C              EIGENVALUES SUPPLIED, STORES THESE IN FILE 10       LEV12000
C              AND THEN TERMINATES.  THE USER CAN USE THESE       LEV12010
C              SIZES TO ESTIMATE THE SIZE TVEC ARRAY NEEDED        LEV12020
C              FOR THE DESIRED T-EIGENVECTOR COMPUTATIONS.         LEV12030
C                                                                    LEV12040
C      THE FLAGS NTVCON, TVSTOP, LVCONT, AND ERCONT CONTROL THE STOPPING LEV12050
C      CRITERIA FOR INTERMEDIATE POINTS IN THE LANCZOS PROCEDURE.  THEY LEV12060

```

C	TERMINATE THE PROCEDURE IF VARIOUS QUANTITIES COULD NOT BE	LEV12070
C	COMPUTED AS DESIRED.	LEV12080
C		LEV12090
C	NTVCON = (0,1) MEANS	LEV12100
C		LEV12110
C	(0) IF THE ESTIMATED STORAGE FOR THE T-EIGENVECTORS	LEV12120
C	EXCEEDS THE USER-SPECIFIED DIMENSION OF THE	LEV12130
C	TVEC ARRAY PROGRAM DOES NOT CONTINUE WITH THE	LEV12140
C	T-EIGENVECTOR COMPUTATIONS. TERMINATION OCCURS.	LEV12150
C		LEV12160
C	(1) CONTINUE WITH THE T-EIGENVECTOR COMPUTATIONS	LEV12170
C	EVEN IF THE ESTIMATED STORAGE FOR TVEC EXCEEDS	LEV12180
C	THE USER-SPECIFIED DIMENSION OF THE TVEC ARRAY.	LEV12190
C	IN THIS SITUATION THE PROGRAM COMPUTES AS MANY	LEV12200
C	T-EIGENVECTORS AS IT HAS ROOM FOR, IN THE SAME	LEV12210
C	ORDER IN WHICH THE EIGENVALUES ARE PROVIDED.	LEV12220
C		LEV12230
C	SVTVEC = (0,1) MEANS	LEV12240
C		LEV12250
C	(0) DO NOT STORE THE COMPUTED T-EIGENVECTORS ON	LEV12260
C	FILE 11 UNLESS ALSO HAVE THE FLAG TVSTOP = 1,	LEV12270
C	IN WHICH CASE THE T-EIGENVECTORS ARE ALWAYS	LEV12280
C	WRITTEN TO FILE 11.	LEV12290
C		LEV12300
C	(1) STORE THE COMPUTED T-EIGENVECTORS ON FILE 11.	LEV12310
C		LEV12320
C	TVSTOP = (0,1) MEANS	LEV12330
C		LEV12340
C	(0) ATTEMPT TO CONTINUE ON TO THE COMPUTATION	LEV12350
C	OF THE RITZVECTORS AFTER COMPLETING THE	LEV12360
C	COMPUTATION OF THE T-EIGENVECTORS.	LEV12370
C		LEV12380
C	(1) TERMINATE AFTER COMPUTING THE	LEV12390
C	T-EIGENVECTORS AND STORING THEM ON FILE 11.	LEV12400
C		LEV12410
C	LVCONT = (0,1) MEANS	LEV12420
C		LEV12430
C	(0) IF SOME OF THE T-EIGENVECTORS THAT WERE	LEV12440
C	REQUESTED WERE NOT COMPUTED, EXIT	LEV12450
C	FROM THE PROGRAM WITHOUT COMPUTING THE	LEV12460
C	CORRESPONDING RITZ VECTORS.	LEV12470
C		LEV12480
C	(1) CONTINUE ON TO THE RITZ VECTOR COMPUTATIONS	LEV12490
C	EVEN IF NOT ALL OF THE T-EIGENVECTORS	LEV12500
C	REQUESTED WERE COMPUTED.	LEV12510
C		LEV12520
C	ERCONT = (0,1) MEANS	LEV12530
C		LEV12540
C	(0) PROCEDURE WILL NOT COMPUTE A RITZ VECTOR FOR	LEV12550
C	ANY EIGENVALUE FOR WHICH NO T-EIGENVECTOR WHICH	LEV12560
C	SATISFIES THE ERROR ESTIMATE TEST (ERTOL) HAS	LEV12570
C	BEEN IDENTIFIED.	LEV12580
C		LEV12590
C	(1) A RITZ VECTOR WILL BE COMPUTED FOR EVERY	LEV12600
C	EIGENVALUE FOR WHICH A T-EIGENVECTOR HAS BEEN	LEV12610

C	COMPUTED REGARDLESS OF WHETHER OR NOT THAT	LEV12620
C	T-EIGENVECTOR SATISFIED THE ERROR ESTIMATE TEST.	LEV12630
C		LEV12640
C		LEV12650
C	-----INPUT/OUTPUT FILES FOR THE EIGENVECTOR COMPUTATIONS-----	LEV12660
C		LEV12670
C		LEV12680
C	ANY INPUT DATA OTHER THAN THE T-MATRIX HISTORY FILE AND THE	LEV12690
C	PREVIOUSLY COMPUTED EIGENVALUES AND CORRESPONDING ERROR	LEV12700
C	ESTIMATES SHOULD BE STORED ON FILE 5 IN FREE FORMAT.	LEV12710
C	SEE SAMPLE INPUT/OUTPUT FOR TYPICAL INPUT FILE.	LEV12720
C		LEV12730
C	FILE 6 WAS USED AS THE INTERACTIVE TERMINAL OUTPUT FILE.	LEV12740
C	THIS FILE PROVIDES A RUNNING ACCOUNT OF THE PROGRESS OF THE	LEV12750
C	COMPUTATIONS. ADDITIONAL PRINTOUT IS GENERATED WHEN	LEV12760
C	THE FLAG IWRITE = 1.	LEV12770
C		LEV12780
C		LEV12790
C	DESCRIPTION OF OTHER I/O FILES	LEV12800
C		LEV12810
C	FILE (K) CONTAINS:	LEV12820
C		LEV12830
C	(2) INPUT FILE:	LEV12840
C	PREVIOUSLY-GENERATED T-MATRICES (ALPHA/BETA ARRAYS)	LEV12850
C	AND THE FINAL TWO LANCZOS VECTORS USED ON THAT	LEV12860
C	COMPUTATION. THIS PROGRAM ALLOWS ENLARGEMENT	LEV12870
C	OF ANY T-MATRICES PROVIDED ON FILE 2. NOTE THAT	LEV12880
C	IN CASE (4), THREE 'LANCZOS' VECTORS ARE ON FILE 2.	LEV12890
C		LEV12900
C	(3) INPUT FILE:	LEV12910
C	THE GOOD EIGENVALUES OF THE T-MATRIX T(1,MEV)	LEV12920
C	FOR WHICH RITZ VECTORS ARE REQUESTED.	LEV12930
C	FILE 3 ALSO CONTAINS THE T-MULTIPLICITIES OF THESE	LEV12940
C	EIGENVALUES AND THEIR COMPUTED GAPS IN THE	LEV12950
C	T-MATRICES AND IN THE USER-SUPPLIED MATRIX. IN	LEV12960
C	CASE (3) FILE 3 CONTAINS THE EIGENVALUES OF THE	LEV12970
C	B-INVERSE MATRIX AND 3 SETS OF CORRESPONDING GAPS.	LEV12980
C	THIS FILE IS CREATED IN THE LANCZOS EIGENVALUE	LEV12990
C	COMPUTATIONS.	LEV13000
C		LEV13010
C	(4) INPUT FILE:	LEV13020
C	ERROR ESTIMATES FOR THE ISOLATED GOOD T-EIGENVALUES	LEV13030
C	ON FILE 3. THIS FILE IS CREATED DURING THE LANCZOS	LEV13040
C	EIGENVALUE COMPUTATIONS.	LEV13050
C		LEV13060
C	(7) INPUT FILE:	LEV13070
C	IN CASE (3) ((4)),	LEV13080
C	CONTAINS SPARSE MATRIX REPRESENTATION OF FACTORIZATION	LEV13090
C	OF MATRIX (B-MATRIX) USED BY LANCZS SUBROUTINE.	LEV13100
C		LEV13110
C	(8) INPUT FILE:	LEV13120
C	IN CASES (1), (2) AND (4), USPEC SUBROUTINE ASSUMES	LEV13130
C	THAT USER-SUPPLIED A-MATRIX IS ON FILE 8. IN CASE (3)	LEV13140
C	A-MATRIX CAN BE STORED ON FILE 8, BUT IT IS NOT	LEV13150
C	USED BY THE LANCZOS PROGRAMS.	LEV13160


```

C                                                    LEV13170
C      (9)      OUTPUT FILE:                                LEV13180
C               ERROR ESTIMATES FOR THE COMPUTED RITZ VECTORS CONSIDERED LEV13190
C               AS EIGENVECTORS OF THE MATRIX USED BY THE LANCZS      LEV13200
C               SUBROUTINE. THESE ESTIMATES ARE OF THE FORM          LEV13210
C               AERROR = || A*RITVEC - EVAL*RITVEC ||                LEV13220
C               WHERE A DENOTES THE MATRIX USED BY LANCZS, EVAL DENOTES LEV13230
C               THE EIGENVALUE BEING CONSIDERED AND RITVEC DENOTES    LEV13240
C               THE COMPUTED RITZ VECTOR.                            LEV13250
C                                                                    LEV13260
C      (10)     OUTPUT FILE:                                LEV13270
C               GUESSES AT APPROPRIATE SIZE T-MATRICES FOR THE      LEV13280
C               T-EIGENVECTORS FOR EACH SUPPLIED EIGENVALUE, GOODEV(J). LEV13290
C                                                                    LEV13300
C      (11)     OUTPUT FILE:                                LEV13310
C               COMPUTED T-EIGENVECTORS CORRESPONDING TO EIGENVALUES LEV13320
C               IN THE GOODEV ARRAY. NOTE THAT IT IS POSSIBLE IN     LEV13330
C               CERTAIN SITUATIONS THAT FOR SOME EIGENVALUES IN THE  LEV13340
C               GOODEV ARRAY A T-EIGENVECTOR WILL NOT BE COMPUTED.  LEV13350
C                                                                    LEV13360
C      (12)     OUTPUT FILE:                                LEV13370
C               CONTAINS COMPUTED RITZ VECTORS CORRESPONDING TO     LEV13380
C               THE T-EIGENVECTORS ON FILE 11. NOTE THAT IN          LEV13390
C               SOME SITUATIONS THAT FOR SOME EIGENVALUES IN        LEV13400
C               THE GOODEV ARRAY FOR WHICH T-EIGENVECTORS HAVE      LEV13410
C               BEEN COMPUTED NO RITZ VECTOR WILL HAVE BEEN         LEV13420
C               COMPUTED.                                           LEV13430
C                                                                    LEV13440
C      (13)     OUTPUT FILE:                                LEV13450
C               ADDITIONAL INFORMATION ABOUT THE BOUNDS AND ERROR   LEV13460
C               ESTIMATES OBTAINED.                                  LEV13470
C                                                                    LEV13480
C                                                                    LEV13490
C-----SEEDS FOR EIGENVECTOR PROGRAMS-----LEV13500
C                                                    LEV13510
C      SEEDS FOR RANDOM NUMBER GENERATOR GENRAN                LEV13520
C      (1) SVSEED = INTEGER*4 SCALAR USED IN THE SUBROUTINE      LEV13530
C                  GENRAN TO GENERATE THE STARTING VECTOR FOR      LEV13540
C                  THE REGENERATION OF THE LANCZOS VECTORS.        LEV13550
C                                                                    LEV13560
C      (2) RHSEED = INTEGER*4 SCALAR USED IN THE SUBROUTINE      LEV13570
C                  GENRAN TO GENERATE A RANDOM VECTOR FOR          LEV13580
C                  USE IN SUBROUTINE INVERM.                        LEV13590
C                                                                    LEV13600
C      USER SHOULD NOTE THAT SVSEED MUST BE THE SAME SEED THAT   LEV13610
C      WAS USED TO GENERATE THE T-MATRICES THAT WERE USED TO      LEV13620
C      COMPUTE THE EIGENVALUES WHOSE EIGENVECTORS ARE TO BE        LEV13630
C      COMPUTED. SVSEED IS READ IN FROM FILE 3.                   LEV13640
C                                                                    LEV13650
C                                                                    LEV13660
C-----USER-SPECIFIED PARAMETERS FOR THE EIGENVECTOR PROGRAMS-----LEV13670
C                                                    LEV13680
C                                                                    LEV13690
C      NGOOD      = NUMBER OF EIGENVALUES READ INTO THE GOODEV     LEV13700
C                  ARRAY READ FROM FILE 3.                         LEV13710

```

C		LEV13720
C	N = SIZE OF THE USER-SUPPLIED MATRIX.	LEV13730
C		LEV13740
C	MEV = SIZE OF THE T-MATRIX THAT WAS USED TO COMPUTE	LEV13750
C	THE EIGENVALUES WHOSE EIGENVECTORS ARE REQUESTED.	LEV13760
C	MEV IS READ IN FROM FILE 3.	LEV13770
C		LEV13780
C	KMAX = SIZE OF THE T-MATRIX PROVIDED ON FILE 2.	LEV13790
C		LEV13800
C	MDIMTV = MAXIMUM CUMULATIVE SIZE OF THE TVEC ARRAY ALLOWED	LEV13810
C	FOR ALL OF THE T-EIGENVECTORS REQUIRED. MDIMTV	LEV13820
C	MUST NOT EXCEED THE USER-SPECIFIED DIMENSION OF	LEV13830
C	THE TVEC ARRAY. PROGRAM CAN BE RUN WITH THE FLAG	LEV13840
C	MBOUND = 1 TO DETERMINE AN EDUCATED GUESS ON AN	LEV13850
C	APPROPRIATE DIMENSION FOR THE TVEC ARRAY.	LEV13860
C		LEV13870
C	MDIMRV = MAXIMUM CUMULATIVE SIZE OF THE RITVEC ARRAY ALLOWED	LEV13880
C	FOR ALL OF THE RITZ VECTORS TO BE COMPUTED. MDIMRV	LEV13890
C	MUST NOT EXCEED THE USER-SPECIFIED DIMENSION OF	LEV13900
C	THE RITVEC ARRAY. MUST BE SELECTED SO THAT	LEV13910
C	THERE IS ENOUGH ROOM FOR A RITZ VECTOR FOR EVERY	LEV13920
C	GOODEV(J) READ INTO PROGRAM. (\geq NGOOD*N)	LEV13930
C		LEV13940
C		LEV13950
C	-----ARRAYS REQUIRED BY THE EIGENVECTOR PROGRAMS-----	LEV13960
C		LEV13970
C		LEV13980
C	ALL 4 CASES	LEV13990
C		LEV14000
C	ALPHA(J) = REAL*8 ARRAY. ITS DIMENSION MUST BE AT LEAST	LEV14010
C	KMAXN, THE LARGEST SIZE T-MATRIX CONSIDERED BY	LEV14020
C	THE PROGRAM. NOTE THAT KMAXN IS THE LARGER OF	LEV14030
C	THE SIZE OF THE ALPHA, BETA HISTORY PROVIDED	LEV14040
C	ON FILE 2 (IF ANY) AND THE SIZE WHICH THE PROGRAM	LEV14050
C	SPECIFIES INTERNALLY, THIS LATTER IS ALWAYS	LEV14060
C	$\leq 11 \cdot \text{MEV} / 8 + 12$, WHERE MEV IS THE SIZE	LEV14070
C	T-MATRIX THAT WAS USED IN THE CORRESPONDING EIGENVALUE	LEV14080
C	COMPUTATIONS. ALPHA CONTAINS THE DIAGONAL ENTRIES	LEV14090
C	OF THE LANCZOS T-MATRICES. ALPHA IS NOT DESTROYED	LEV14100
C	IN THE COMPUTATIONS.	LEV14110
C		LEV14120
C	BETA(J) = REAL*8 ARRAY. ITS DIMENSION MUST BE AT LEAST 1	LEV14130
C	MORE THAN THAT OF ALPHA. DIMENSION COMMENTS ABOVE	LEV14140
C	ABOUT ALPHA APPLY ALSO TO THE BETA ARRAY. BETA	LEV14150
C	CONTAINS THE SUBDIAGONAL ENTRIES OF THE T-MATRICES.	LEV14160
C	BETA IS NOT DESTROYED IN THE COMPUTATIONS.	LEV14170
C		LEV14180
C	RITVEC(J) = REAL*8 ARRAY IN REAL SYMMETRIC AND INVERSE OF	LEV14190
C	REAL SYMMETRIC CASES. COMPLEX*16 IN CASE (2),	LEV14200
C	HERMITIAN MATRICES. IN EACH CASE ITS DIMENSION \geq	LEV14210
C	NGOOD*N WHERE N IS THE ORDER OF THE USER-SUPPLIED	LEV14220
C	MATRIX AND NGOOD IS THE NUMBER OF EIGENVALUES WHOSE	LEV14230
C	EIGENVECTORS ARE TO BE COMPUTED. IT CONTAINS THE	LEV14240
C	COMPUTED APPROXIMATE EIGENVECTORS OF A. THESE	LEV14250
C	COMPUTED RITZ VECTORS ARE STORED ON FILE 12.	LEV14260

C		LEV14270
C	TVEC(J) = REAL*8 ARRAY. ITS DIMENSION MUST BE AT LEAST	LEV14280
C	MTOL = MA(1) + MA(2) + ... + MA(NGOOD)	LEV14290
C	WHERE NGOOD IS THE NUMBER OF EIGENVALUES BEING	LEV14300
C	CONSIDERED AND MA(J) IS THE SIZE OF THE	LEV14310
C	T-MATRIX BEING USED FOR THE RITZ VECTOR	LEV14320
C	COMPUTATION FOR GOODEV(J). THESE SIZES	LEV14330
C	ARE COMPUTED BY THE PROGRAM. AN ESTIMATE OF	LEV14340
C	MTOL CAN BE OBTAINED BY SETTING MBOUND = 1,	LEV14350
C	RUNNING THE PROGRAM, AND MULTIPLYING THE RESULTING	LEV14360
C	TOTAL OF THE T-SIZES SPECIFIED BY 5/4. THE ARRAY	LEV14370
C	TVEC CONTAINS THE COMPUTED T-EIGENVECTORS. IF THE	LEV14380
C	FLAG SVTVEC = 1 OR THE FLAG TVSTOP = 1, THEN	LEV14390
C	THESE VECTORS ARE SAVED ON FILE 11.	LEV14400
C		LEV14410
C	V1(J) = REAL*8 ARRAY IN REAL SYMMETRIC AND INVERSE OF	LEV14420
C	REAL SYMMETRIC CASES. COMPLEX*16 IN CASE (2),	LEV14430
C	HERMITIAN MATRICES. IN THE REAL CASES ITS	LEV14440
C	DIMENSION MUST BE THE MAXIMUM OF KMAX AND N.	LEV14450
C	IN THE HERMITIAN CASE ITS DIMENSION MUST BE	LEV14460
C	THE MAXIMUM OF KMAX/2 AND N WHERE KMAX IS THE	LEV14470
C	LARGEST SIZE T-MATRIX THAT IS TO BE CONSIDERED	LEV14480
C	IN THE T-EIGENVECTOR COMPUTATIONS. V1 IS USED	LEV14490
C	IN THE SUBROUTINE INVERM AND IN THE REGENERATION	LEV14500
C	OF THE LANCZOS VECTORS.	LEV14510
C		LEV14520
C	V2(J) = REAL*8 ARRAY IN THE REAL SYMMETRIC AND INVERSE	LEV14530
C	OF REAL SYMMETRIC CASES. COMPLEX*16 IN CASE (2),	LEV14540
C	HERMITIAN MATRICES. IN CASES (1),(3) AND (4), ITS	LEV14550
C	DIMENSION MUST BE > = MAX(KMAX,N); IN CASE (2)	LEV14560
C	> = MAX(KMAX/2,N). IT IS USED IN THE REGENERATION	LEV14570
C	OF THE LANCZOS VECTORS AND IN SUBROUTINE INVERM.	LEV14580
C		LEV14590
C	GOODEV(J), = REAL*8 ARRAYS EACH OF DIMENSION AT LEAST NGOOD.	LEV14600
C	EVNEW(J) CONTAIN THE EIGENVALUES FOR WHICH EIGENVECTORS	LEV14610
C	ARE REQUESTED. EIGENVALUES IN GOODEV ARE READ	LEV14620
C	IN FROM FILE 3. IN CASE (3) GOODEV IS REPLACED	LEV14630
C	BY GOODA AND GOODBI ARRAYS, SEE BELOW.	LEV14640
C		LEV14650
C	AMINGP(J), = REAL*4 ARRAYS OF DIMENSION AT LEAST NGOOD.	LEV14660
C	TMINGP(J) CONTAIN, RESPECTIVELY, THE MINIMAL GAPS FOR	LEV14670
C	CORRESPONDING EIGENVALUES IN GOODEV ARRAY IN	LEV14680
C	A-MATRIX AND IN T-MATRIX.	LEV14690
C		LEV14700
C	TERR(J), ERR(J), = REAL*4 ARRAYS (EXCEPT TLAST WHICH IS	LEV14710
C	ERRDGP(J), TLAST(J) REAL*8). EACH MUST BE OF DIMENSION	LEV14720
C	RNORM(J), TBETA(J) AT LEAST NGOOD. USED TO STORE QUANTITIES	LEV14730
C	GENERATED DURING THE COMPUTATIONS FOR	LEV14740
C	LATER PRINTOUT.	LEV14750
C		LEV14760
C	G(J) = REAL*4 ARRAY WHOSE DIMENSION MUST BE AT LEAST	LEV14770
C	MAX(KMAX,N). USED IN SUBROUTINE GENRAN TO HOLD	LEV14780
C	RANDOM NUMBERS NEEDED FOR THE LANCZOS VECTOR	LEV14790
C	REGENERATION AND FOR THE INVERSE ITERATION	LEV14800
C	COMPUTATIONS IN THE SUBROUTINE INVERM.	LEV14810

```

C                                                    LEV14820
C  MP(J) = INTEGER*4 ARRAY WHOSE DIMENSION IS AT LEAST NGOOD.           LEV14830
C      INITIALLY CONTAINS THE MULTIPLICITY OF THE EIGENVALUE             LEV14840
C      GOODEV(J) AS AN EIGENVALUE OF THE T-MATRIX T(1,MEV).             LEV14850
C      USED TO FLAG EIGENVALUES FOR WHICH NO T-EIGENVECTOR              LEV14860
C      OR NO RITZ VECTOR IS TO BE COMPUTED.                               LEV14870
C                                                    LEV14880
C  MA(J)  = INTEGER*4 ARRAYS EACH OF WHOSE DIMENSIONS                     LEV14890
C      IS AT LEAST NGOOD. USED IN DETERMINING                            LEV14900
C      AN APPROPRIATE T-MATRIX FOR EACH EIGENVALUE                      LEV14910
C      IN GOODEV ARRAY.                                                  LEV14920
C                                                    LEV14930
C  MINT(J),MFIN(J) = INTEGER*4 ARRAYS WHOSE DIMENSIONS MUST BE AT       LEV14940
C      LEAST NGOOD. USED TO POINT TO THE BEGINNINGS                     LEV14950
C      AND THE ENDS OF THE COMPUTED EIGENVECTOR                         LEV14960
C      OF THE T-MATRIX, T(1,|MA(J)|).                                    LEV14970
C                                                    LEV14980
C  IDELTA(J) = INTEGER*4 ARRAY WHOSE DIMENSION MUST BE AT               LEV14990
C      LEAST NGOOD. CONTAINS INCREMENTS USED IN LOOPS                  LEV15000
C      ON APPROPRIATE SIZE T-MATRIX FOR THE T-EIGENVECTOR              LEV15010
C      COMPUTATIONS.                                                     LEV15020
C                                                    LEV15030
C                                                    LEV15040
C  CASE (2) ONLY, HERMITIAN MATRICES:                                     LEV15050
C                                                    LEV15060
C  GR(J),GC(J)  = REAL*8 ARRAYS USED ONLY IN CASE (2),                  LEV15070
C      HERMITIAN MATRICES. EACH MUST BE AT                              LEV15080
C      LEAST MAX(N,KMAX). USED TO HOLD                                  LEV15090
C      STARTING VECTORS FOR LANCZS                                       LEV15100
C      COMPUTATIONS AND FOR INVERM SUBROUTINES.                         LEV15110
C                                                    LEV15120
C  CASES (3) AND (4) ONLY, FACTORED INVERSES OF REAL SYMMETRIC          LEV15130
C  MATRICES AND GENERALIZED EIGENVALUE PROBLEMS:                       LEV15140
C                                                    LEV15150
C  VS(J) = REAL*8 ARRAY WHOSE DIMENSION MUST BE AT LEAST N.            LEV15160
C      USED IN REGENERATION OF THE LANCZOS VECTORS.                     LEV15170
C                                                    LEV15180
C  IPR(J), IPT(J) = INTEGER*4 ARRAYS. EACH MUST BE OF DIMENSION         LEV15190
C      AT LEAST N, THE ORDER OF A. USED TO STORE                       LEV15200
C      THE REORDERING OF THE GIVEN MATRIX.                              LEV15210
C                                                    LEV15220
C  CASE (3) ONLY, INVERSES OF REAL SYMMETRIC MATRICES:                 LEV15230
C                                                    LEV15240
C  GOODA(J), GOODBI(J) = REAL*8 ARRAYS. EACH MUST BE OF DIMENSION       LEV15250
C      AT LEAST NGOOD, THE NUMBER OF EIGENVALUES                      LEV15260
C      BEING CONSIDERED. GOODA CONTAINS THE                             LEV15270
C      EIGENVALUES OF A AND GOODBI CONTAINS THE                         LEV15280
C      EIGENVALUES OF B(INVERSE). THE PROGRAM                          LEV15290
C      WORKS DIRECTLY WITH THE GOODBI ARRAY.                           LEV15300
C                                                    LEV15310
C                                                    LEV15320
C-----SUBROUTINES INCLUDED FOR THE EIGENVECTOR COMPUTATIONS----- LEV15330
C                                                    LEV15340
C                                                    LEV15350
C  STURMI = FOR EACH GIVEN EIGENVALUE GOODEV(J) DETERMINES             LEV15360

```

C	THE SMALLEST SIZE T-MATRIX FOR WHICH GOODEV(J) IS	LEV15370
C	AN EIGENVALUE (TO WITHIN A GIVEN TOLERANCE) AND IF	LEV15380
C	POSSIBLE THE SMALLEST SIZE T-MATRIX FOR WHICH	LEV15390
C	IT IS A DOUBLE EIGENVALUE (TO WITHIN THE SAME	LEV15400
C	TOLERANCE). THE SIZE T-MATRIX USED IN THE	LEV15410
C	EIGENVECTOR COMPUTATIONS IS THEN DETERMINED BY	LEV15420
C	STARTING WITH AN INITIAL GUESS BASED UPON THE	LEV15430
C	INFORMATION FROM STURMI, AND LOOPING ON THE SIZE	LEV15440
C	OF THE T-EIGENVECTOR COMPUTATIONS.	LEV15450
C		LEV15460
C	LBISEC = RECOMPUTES THE VALUE OF THE GIVEN EIGENVALUE AT THE	LEV15470
C	T-SIZE SPECIFIED FOR THE T-EIGENVECTOR COMPUTATION.	LEV15480
C	LBISEC IS A SIMPLIFICATION OF THE BISEC SUBROUTINE	LEV15490
C	USED IN THE LANCZOS EIGENVALUE COMPUTATIONS.	LEV15500
C		LEV15510
C	INVERM = FOR THE T-SIZES CONSIDERED BY THE PROGRAM COMPUTES	LEV15520
C	THE CORRESPONDING EIGENVECTORS OF THESE T-MATRICES	LEV15530
C	CORRESPONDING TO THE USER-SUPPLIED EIGENVALUES IN	LEV15540
C	THE GOODEV ARRAY.	LEV15550
C		LEV15560
C	THE LANCZS, TNORM , AND CINPRD (CASE (2) ONLY) SUBROUTINES	LEV15570
C	ARE USED HERE AS WELL AS IN THE EIGENVALUE COMPUTATIONS.	LEV15580
C		LEV15590
C	IN CASES (3) AND (4) ONLY AND THEN ONLY IF THE ORIGINAL MATRIX	LEV15600
C	(MATRICES) HAS (HAVE) BEEN PERMUTED:	LEV15610
C		LEV15620
C	LPERM = (USED IN CASE (3) AND (4) ONLY). GIVEN A B-MATRIX AND	LEV15630
C	A PERMUTATION P DEFINED IN THE VECTORS IPR AND IPT,	LEV15640
C	AND A VECTOR X COMPUTE EITHER (P-TRANSPOSE)*X OR PX.	LEV15650
C		LEV15660
C	-----	LEV15670

2.3 LEVAL: Main Program, Eigenvalue Computations

```

C-----LEVAL  (EIGENVALUES OF REAL SYMMETRIC MATRICES)-----LEV00010
C  Authors:   Jane Cullum and Ralph A. Willoughby (Deceased)      LEV00020
C              Los Alamos National Laboratory                     LEV00030
C              Los Alamos, New Mexico 87544                      LEV00040
C                                                       LEV00050
C              E-mail:  cullumj@lanl.gov                          LEV00060
C                                                       LEV00070
C  These codes are copyrighted by the authors.  These codes      LEV00080
C  and modifications of them or portions of them are NOT to be   LEV00090
C  incorporated into any commercial codes or used for any other  LEV00100
C  commercial purposes such as consulting for other companies,    LEV00110
C  without legal agreements with the authors of these Codes.     LEV00120
C  If these Codes or portions of them are used in other scientific or LEV00130
C  engineering research works the names of the authors of these codes LEV00140
C  and appropriate references to their written work are to be     LEV00150
C  incorporated in the derivative works.                          LEV00160
C                                                       LEV00170
C  This header is not to be removed from these codes.            LEV00180
C                                                       LEV00190
C              REFERENCE: Cullum and Willoughby, Chapters 1,2,3,4  LEV00191
C              Lanczos Algorithms for Large Symmetric Eigenvalue Computations LEV00192
C              VOL. 1 Theory. Republished as Volume 41 in SIAM CLASSICS in LEV00193
C              Applied Mathematics, 2002. SIAM Publications,      LEV00194
C              Philadelphia, PA. USA                               LEV00195
C                                                       LEV00196
C                                                       LEV00200
C  CONTAINS MAIN PROGRAM FOR COMPUTING DISTINCT EIGENVALUES OF   LEV00210
C  A REAL SYMMETRIC MATRIX USING LANCZOS TRIDIAGONALIZATION      LEV00220
C  WITHOUT REORTHOGONALIZATION.                                  LEV00230
C                                                       LEV00240
C  PFORT VERIFIER IDENTIFIED THE FOLLOWING NONPORTABLE           LEV00250
C  CONSTRUCTIONS                                                 LEV00260
C                                                       LEV00270
C  1.  DATA/MACHEP/ STATEMENT                                    LEV00280
C  2.  ALL READ(5,*) STATEMENTS (FREE FORMAT)                    LEV00290
C  3.  FORMAT(20A4) USED WITH EXPLANATORY HEADER EXPLAN.        LEV00300
C  4.  HEXADECIMAL FORMAT (4Z20) USED IN ALPHA/BETA FILES 1 AND 2. LEV00310
C                                                       LEV00320
C-----LEV00330
C
C  DOUBLE PRECISION  ALPHA(5000),BETA(5001)                      LEV00350
C  DOUBLE PRECISION  V1(5001),V2(5000),VS(5000)                 LEV00360
C  DOUBLE PRECISION  LB(20),UB(20)                               LEV00370
C  DOUBLE PRECISION  BTOL,GAPTOL,TTOL,MACHEP,EPSM,RELTOL         LEV00380
C  DOUBLE PRECISION  SCALE1,SCALE2,SCALE3,SCALE4,BISTOL,CONTOL,MULTOL LEV00390
C  DOUBLE PRECISION  ONE,ZERO,TEMP,TKMAX,BETAM,BKMIN,TO,T1       LEV00400
C  REAL  G(10000),EXPLAN(20)                                     LEV00410
C  INTEGER  MP(5000),NMEV(20)                                    LEV00420
C  INTEGER  SVSEED,RHSEED,SVSOLD                                 LEV00430
C  INTEGER  IABS                                                 LEV00440
C  REAL  ABS                                                      LEV00450
C  DOUBLE PRECISION  DABS, DSQRT, DFLOAT                         LEV00460

```

```

EXTERNAL CMATV                                LEV00470
C                                              LEV00480
C-----LEV00490
DATA MACHEP/Z3410000000000000/              LEV00500
EPSM = 2.0D0*MACHEP                          LEV00510
C-----LEV00520
C                                              LEV00530
C  ARRAYS MUST BE DIMENSIONED AS FOLLOWS:    LEV00540
C  DIMENSION OF V2 ASSUMES THAT NO MORE THAN KMAX/2 EIGENVALUES LEV00550
C  OF THE T-MATRICES ARE BEING COMPUTED IN ANY ONE OF THE LEV00560
C  SUB-INTERVALS BEING CONSIDERED.  V2 CONTAINS THE UPPER AND LOWER LEV00570
C  BOUNDS FOR EACH T-EIGENVALUE BEING COMPUTED BY BISEC IN ANY ONE LEV00580
C  GIVEN INTERVAL.                          LEV00590
C                                              LEV00600
C  1.  ALPHA: >= KMAX,    BETA: >= (KMAX+1)  LEV00610
C  2.  V1:   >= MAX(N,KMAX+1)                LEV00620
C  3.  V2:   >= MAX(N,KMAX)                  LEV00630
C  4.  VS:   >= KMAX                         LEV00640
C  5.  G:    >= MAX(N,2*KMAX)                 LEV00650
C  6.  MP:   >= KMAX                         LEV00660
C  7.  LB,UB: >= NUMBER OF SUBINTERVALS SUPPLIED TO BISEC. LEV00670
C  8.  NMEV: >= NUMBER OF T-MATRICES ALLOWED. LEV00680
C  9.  EXPLAN: DIMENSION IS 20.              LEV00690
C                                              LEV00700
C                                              LEV00710
C  IMPORTANT TOLERANCES OR SCALES THAT ARE USED REPEATEDLY LEV00720
C  THROUGHOUT THIS PROGRAM ARE THE FOLLOWING: LEV00730
C  SCALED MACHINE EPSILON: TTOL = TKMAX*EPSM WHERE LEV00740
C  EPSM = 2*MACHINE EPSILON AND              LEV00750
C  TKMAX = MAX(|ALPHA(J)|,BETA(J), J = 1,MEV) LEV00760
C  BISEC CONVERGENCE TOLERANCE: BISTOL = DSQRT(1000+MEV)*TTOL LEV00770
C  BISEC T-MULTIPLICITY TOLERANCE: MULTOL = (1000+MEV)*TTOL LEV00780
C  LANCZOS CONVERGENCE TOLERANCE: CONTOL = BETA(MEV+1)*1.D-10 LEV00790
C-----LEV00800
C  OUTPUT HEADER                             LEV00810
C  WRITE(6,10)                               LEV00820
10 FORMAT(/' LANCZOS PROCEDURE FOR REAL SYMMETRIC MATRICES'/) LEV00830
C                                              LEV00840
C  SET PROGRAM PARAMETERS                     LEV00850
C  SCALEK ARE USED IN TOLERANCES NEEDED IN SUBROUTINES LUMP, LEV00860
C  ISOEV AND PRTEST.  USER MUST NOT MODIFY THESE SCALES. LEV00870
C  SCALE1 = 5.0D2                             LEV00880
C  SCALE2 = 5.0D0                             LEV00890
C  SCALE3 = 5.0D0                             LEV00900
C  SCALE4 = 1.0D4                             LEV00910
C  ONE  = 1.0D0                               LEV00920
C  ZERO = 0.0D0                               LEV00930
C  BTOL = 1.0D-8                             LEV00940
C  BTOL = EPSM                               LEV00950
C  GAPTOL = 1.0D-8                           LEV00960
C  ICONV = 0                                 LEV00970
C  MOLD = 0                                 LEV00980
C  MOLD1 = 1                                LEV00990
C  ICT = 0                                 LEV01000
C  MMB = 0                                 LEV01010

```

```

      IPR0J = 0
      LEV01020
C-----LEV01030
C      READ USER-SPECIFIED PARAMETERS FROM INPUT FILE 5 (FREE FORMAT)
      LEV01040
C
      LEV01050
C      READ USER-PROVIDED HEADER FOR RUN
      LEV01060
      READ(5,20) EXPLAN
      LEV01070
      WRITE(6,20) EXPLAN
      LEV01080
      READ(5,20) EXPLAN
      LEV01090
      WRITE(6,20) EXPLAN
      LEV01100
      20 FORMAT(20A4)
      LEV01110
C
      LEV01120
C      READ ORDER OF MATRICES (N) , MAXIMUM ORDER OF T-MATRIX (KMAX),
      LEV01130
C      NUMBER OF T-MATRICES ALLOWED (NMEVS), AND MATRIX IDENTIFICATION
      LEV01140
C      NUMBERS (MATNO)
      LEV01150
      READ(5,20) EXPLAN
      LEV01160
      READ(5,*) N,KMAX,NMEVS,MATNO
      LEV01170
C
      LEV01180
C      READ SEEDS FOR LANCZS AND INVERR SUBROUTINES (SVSEED AND RHSEED)
      LEV01190
C      READ MAXIMUM NUMBER OF ITERATIONS ALLOWED FOR EACH INVERSE
      LEV01200
C      ITERATION (MXINIT) AND MAXIMUM NUMBER OF STURM SEQUENCES
      LEV01210
C      ALLOWED (MXSTUR)
      LEV01220
      READ(5,20) EXPLAN
      LEV01230
      READ(5,*) SVSEED,RHSEED,MXINIT,MXSTUR
      LEV01240
C
      LEV01250
C      ISTART = (0,1):  ISTART = 0 MEANS ALPHA/BETA FILE IS NOT
      LEV01260
C      AVAILABLE.  ISTART = 1 MEANS ALPHA/BETA FILE IS AVAILABLE ON
      LEV01270
C      FILE 2.
      LEV01280
C      ISTOP = (0,1):  ISTOP = 0 MEANS PROCEDURE GENERATES ALPHA/BETA
      LEV01290
C      FILE AND THEN TERMINATES.  ISTOP = 1 MEANS PROCEDURE GENERATES
      LEV01300
C      ALPHAS/BETAS IF NEEDED AND THEN COMPUTES EIGENVALUES AND ERROR
      LEV01310
C      ESTIMATES AND THEN TERMINATES.
      LEV01320
      READ(5,20) EXPLAN
      LEV01330
      READ(5,*) ISTART,ISTOP
      LEV01340
C
      LEV01350
C      IHIS = (0,1):  IHIS = 0 MEANS ALPHA/BETA FILE IS NOT WRITTEN
      LEV01360
C      TO FILE 1.  IHIS = 1 MEANS ALPHA/BETA FILE IS WRITTEN TO FILE 1.
      LEV01370
C      IDIST = (0,1):  IDIST = 0 MEANS DISTINCT T-EIGENVALUES
      LEV01380
C      ARE NOT WRITTEN TO FILE 11.  IDIST = 1 MEANS DISTINCT
      LEV01390
C      T-EIGENVALUES ARE WRITTEN TO FILE 11.
      LEV01400
C      IWRITE = (0,1):  IWRITE = 0 MEANS NO INTERMEDIATE OUTPUT
      LEV01410
C      FROM THE COMPUTATIONS IS WRITTEN TO FILE 6.  IWRITE = 1 MEANS
      LEV01420
C      T-EIGENVALUES AND ERROR ESTIMATES ARE WRITTEN TO FILE 6
      LEV01430
C      AS THEY ARE COMPUTED.
      LEV01440
      READ(5,20) EXPLAN
      LEV01450
      READ(5,*) IHIS,IDIST,IWRITE
      LEV01460
C
      LEV01470
C      READ IN THE RELATIVE TOLERANCE (RELTOL) FOR USE IN THE
      LEV01480
C      SPURIOUS, T-MULTIPLICITY, AND PRTESTS.
      LEV01490
      READ(5,20) EXPLAN
      LEV01500
      READ(5,*) RELTOL
      LEV01510
C
      LEV01520
C      READ IN THE SIZES OF THE T-MATRICES TO BE CONSIDERED.
      LEV01530
      READ(5,20) EXPLAN
      LEV01540
      READ(5,*) (NMEV(J), J=1,NMEVS)
      LEV01550
C
      LEV01560

```


C	READ IN THE NUMBER OF SUBINTERVALS TO BE CONSIDERED.	LEV01570
	READ(5,20) EXPLAN	LEV01580
	READ(5,*) NINT	LEV01590
C		LEV01600
C	READ IN THE LEFT-END POINTS OF THE SUBINTERVALS TO BE CONSIDERED.	LEV01610
C	THESE MUST BE IN ALGEBRAICALLY-INCREASING ORDER	LEV01620
	READ(5,20) EXPLAN	LEV01630
	READ(5,*) (LB(J), J=1,NINT)	LEV01640
C		LEV01650
C	READ IN THE RIGHT-END POINTS OF THE SUBINTERVALS TO BE CONSIDERED.	LEV01660
C	THESE MUST BE IN ALGEBRAICALLY-INCREASING ORDER	LEV01670
	READ(5,20) EXPLAN	LEV01680
	READ(5,*) (UB(J), J=1,NINT)	LEV01690
C		LEV01700
C	-----	LEV01710
C	INITIALIZE THE ARRAYS FOR THE USER-SPECIFIED MATRIX	LEV01720
C	AND PASS THE STORAGE LOCATIONS OF THESE ARRAYS TO THE	LEV01730
C	MATRIX-VECTOR MULTIPLY SUBROUTINE CMATV.	LEV01740
C		LEV01750
	CALL USPEC(N,MATNO)	LEV01760
C		LEV01770
C	-----	LEV01780
C	MASK UNDERFLOW AND OVERFLOW	LEV01790
C		LEV01800
	CALL MASK	LEV01810
C		LEV01820
C	-----	LEV01830
C		LEV01840
C	WRITE TO FILE 6, A SUMMARY OF THE PARAMETERS FOR THIS RUN	LEV01850
C		LEV01860
	WRITE(6,30) MATNO,N,KMAX	LEV01870
30	FORMAT(/3X,'MATRIX ID',4X,'ORDER OF A',4X,'MAX ORDER OF T'/	LEV01880
1	I12,I14,I18/)	LEV01890
C		LEV01900
	WRITE(6,40) ISTART,ISTOP	LEV01910
40	FORMAT(/2X,'ISTART',3X,'ISTOP'/2I8/)	LEV01920
C		LEV01930
	WRITE(6,50) IHIS,IDIST,IWRITE	LEV01940
50	FORMAT(/4X,'IHIS',3X,'IDIST',2X,'IWRITE'/3I8/)	LEV01950
C		LEV01960
	WRITE(6,60) SVSEED,RHSEED	LEV01970
60	FORMAT(/' SEEDS FOR RANDOM NUMBER GENERATOR'//	LEV01980
1	4X,'LANCZS SEED',4X,'INVERR SEED'/2I15/)	LEV01990
C		LEV02000
	WRITE(6,70) (NMEV(J), J=1,NMEVS)	LEV02010
70	FORMAT(/' SIZES OF T-MATRICES TO BE CONSIDERED'/(6I12))	LEV02020
C		LEV02030
	WRITE(6,80) RELTOL,GAPTOL,BTOL	LEV02040
80	FORMAT(/' RELATIVE TOLERANCE USED TO COMBINE COMPUTED T-EIGENVALUE	LEV02050
1S'/E15.3/' RELATIVE GAP TOLERANCES USED IN INVERSE ITERATION'//		LEV02060
1E15.3/' RELATIVE TOLERANCE FOR CHECK ON SIZE OF BETAS'/E15.3/)		LEV02070
C		LEV02080
	WRITE(6,90) (J,LB(J),UB(J), J=1,NINT)	LEV02090
90	FORMAT(/' BISEC WILL BE USED ON THE FOLLOWING INTERVALS'/	LEV02100
1	(I6.2E20.6))	LEV02110

C		LEV02120
	IF (ISTART.EQ.0) GO TO 140	LEV02130
C		LEV02140
C	READ IN ALPHA BETA HISTORY	LEV02150
C		LEV02160
	READ(2,100)MOLD,NOLD,SVSOLD,MATOLD	LEV02170
100	FORMAT(2I6,I12,I8)	LEV02180
C		LEV02190
	IF (KMAX.LT.MOLD) KMAX = MOLD	LEV02200
	KMAX1 = KMAX + 1	LEV02210
C		LEV02220
C	CHECK THAT ORDER N, MATRIX ID MATNO, AND RANDOM SEED SVSEED	LEV02230
C	AGREE WITH THOSE IN THE HISTORY FILE. IF NOT PROCEDURE STOPS.	LEV02240
C		LEV02250
	ITEMP = (NOLD-N)**2+(MATNO-MATOLD)**2+(SVSEED-SVSOLD)**2	LEV02260
C		LEV02270
	IF (ITEMP.EQ.0) GO TO 120	LEV02280
C		LEV02290
	WRITE(6,110)	LEV02300
110	FORMAT(' PROGRAM TERMINATES'/	LEV02310
	1 DIFFERENT MATRIX THAN MATRIX SPECIFIED'/)	LEV02320
	GO TO 640	LEV02330
C		LEV02340
120	CONTINUE	LEV02350
	MOLD1 = MOLD+1	LEV02360
C		LEV02370
	READ(2,130)(ALPHA(J), J=1,MOLD)	LEV02380
	READ(2,130)(BETA(J), J=1,MOLD1)	LEV02390
130	FORMAT(4Z20)	LEV02400
C		LEV02410
	IF (KMAX.EQ.MOLD) GO TO 160	LEV02420
C		LEV02430
	READ(2,130)(V1(J), J=1,N)	LEV02440
	READ(2,130)(V2(J), J=1,N)	LEV02450
C		LEV02460
140	CONTINUE	LEV02470
	IIX = SVSEED	LEV02480
C		LEV02490
C	-----	LEV02500
C		LEV02510
	CALL LANCZS(CMATV,ALPHA,BETA,V1,V2,G,KMAX,MOLD1,N,IIX)	LEV02520
C		LEV02530
C	-----	LEV02540
C		LEV02550
	KMAX1 = KMAX + 1	LEV02560
C		LEV02570
	IF (IHIS.EQ.0.AND.ISTOP.GT.0) GO TO 160	LEV02580
C		LEV02590
	WRITE(1,150) KMAX,N,SVSEED,MATNO	LEV02600
150	FORMAT(2I6,I12,I8,' = KMAX,N,SVSEED,MATNO')	LEV02610
C		LEV02620
	WRITE(1,130)(ALPHA(I), I=1,KMAX)	LEV02630
	WRITE(1,130)(BETA(I), I=1,KMAX1)	LEV02640
C		LEV02650
	WRITE(1,130)(V1(I), I=1,N)	LEV02660

	WRITE(1,130) (V2(I), I=1,N)	LEV02670
C		LEV02680
	IF (ISTOP.EQ.0) GO TO 540	LEV02690
C		LEV02700
160	CONTINUE	LEV02710
	BKMIN = BTOL	LEV02720
C		LEV02730
	WRITE(6,170)	LEV02740
170	FORMAT(/' T-MATRICES (ALPHA AND BETA) ARE NOW AVAILABLE'/)	LEV02750
C		LEV02760
C	-----	LEV02770
C	SUBROUTINE TNORM CHECKS MIN(BETA)/(ESTIMATED NORM(A)) > BTOL .	LEV02780
C	IF THIS IS VIOLATED IB IS SET EQUAL TO THE NEGATIVE OF THE INDEX	LEV02790
C	OF THE MINIMAL BETA. IF(IB < 0) THEN SUBROUTINE TNORM IS	LEV02800
C	CALLED FOR EACH VALUE OF MEV TO DETERMINE WHETHER OR NOT THERE	LEV02810
C	IS A BETA IN THE T-MATRIX SPECIFIED THAT VIOLATES THIS TEST.	LEV02820
C	IF THERE IS SUCH A BETA THE PROGRAM TERMINATES FOR THE USER	LEV02830
C	TO DECIDE WHAT TO DO. THIS TEST CAN BE OVER-RIDDEN BY	LEV02840
C	SIMPLY MAKING BTOL SMALLER, BUT THEN THERE IS THE POSSIBILITY	LEV02850
C	THAT LOSSES IN THE LOCAL ORTHOGONALITY MAY HURT THE COMPUTATIONS.	LEV02860
C	BTOL = 1.D-8 IS HOWEVER A CONSERVATIVE CHOICE FOR BTOL.	LEV02870
C		LEV02880
C	TNORM ALSO COMPUTES TKMAX = MAX(ALPHA(K) ,BETA(K), K=1,KMAX).	LEV02890
C	TKMAX IS USED TO SCALE THE TOLERANCES USED IN THE	LEV02900
C	T-MULTIPLICITY AND SPURIOUS TESTS IN BISEC. TKMAX IS ALSO USED IN	LEV02910
C	THE PROJECTION TEST FOR HIDDEN EIGENVALUES THAT HAD 'TOO SMALL'	LEV02920
C	A PROJECTION ON THE STARTING VECTOR.	LEV02930
C		LEV02940
	CALL TNORM(ALPHA,BETA,BKMIN,TKMAX,KMAX,IB)	LEV02950
C		LEV02960
C	-----	LEV02970
C		LEV02980
	TTOL = EPSM*TKMAX	LEV02990
C		LEV03000
C	LOOP ON THE SIZE OF THE T-MATRIX	LEV03010
C		LEV03020
180	CONTINUE	LEV03030
	MMB = MMB + 1	LEV03040
	MEV = NMEV(MMB)	LEV03050
C	IS MEV TOO LARGE ?	LEV03060
	IF(MEV.LE.KMAX) GO TO 200	LEV03070
	WRITE(6,190) MMB, MEV, KMAX	LEV03080
190	FORMAT(/' TERMINATE PRIOR TO CONSIDERING THE',I6,'TH T-MATRIX'/	LEV03090
	1' BECAUSE THE SIZE REQUESTED',I6,' IS GREATER THAN THE MAXIMUM SIZE	LEV03100
	1E ALLOWED',I6/)	LEV03110
	GO TO 540	LEV03120
C		LEV03130
200	MP1 = MEV + 1	LEV03140
	BETAM = BETA(MP1)	LEV03150
C		LEV03160
	IF (IB.GE.0) GO TO 210	LEV03170
C		LEV03180
	TO = BTOL	LEV03190
C		LEV03200
C	-----	LEV03210

LOOP = NDIS	LEV03770
CALL LUMP(VS,RELTOL,MULTOL,SCALE2,MP,LOOP)	LEV03780
C	LEV03790
C-----	LEV03800
C	LEV03810
IF(NDIS.EQ.LOOP) GO TO 230	LEV03820
C	LEV03830
WRITE(6,220) NDIS, MEV, LOOP	LEV03840
220 FORMAT(/I6,' DISTINCT T-EIGENVALUES WERE COMPUTED IN BISEC AT MEV	LEV03850
1',I6/ 2X,' LUMP SUBROUTINE REDUCES NUMBER OF DISTINCT EIGENVALUES	LEV03860
10',I6)	LEV03870
C	LEV03880
230 CONTINUE	LEV03890
NDIS = LOOP	LEV03900
BETA(MP1) = BETAM	LEV03910
C	LEV03920
C-----	LEV03930
C THE SUBROUTINE ISOEV LABELS THOSE SIMPLE EIGENVALUES OF T(1,MEV)	LEV03940
C WITH VERY SMALL GAPS BETWEEN NEIGHBORING EIGENVALUES OF T(1,MEV)	LEV03950
C TO AVOID COMPUTING ERROR ESTIMATES FOR ANY SIMPLE GOOD	LEV03960
C T-EIGENVALUE THAT IS TOO CLOSE TO A SPURIOUS EIGENVALUE.	LEV03970
C ON RETURN FROM ISOEV, G CONTAINS CODED MINIMAL GAPS	LEV03980
C BETWEEN THE DISTINCT EIGENVALUES OF T(1,MEV). (G IS REAL).	LEV03990
C G(I) < 0 MEANS MINGAP IS DUE TO LEFT GAP G(I) > 0 MEANS DUE TO	LEV04000
C RIGHT GAP. MP(I) = -1 MEANS THAT THE GOOD T-EIGENVALUE IS SIMPLE	LEV04010
C AND HAS A VERY SMALL MINGAP IN T(1,MEV) DUE TO A SPURIOUS	LEV04020
C EIGENVALUE. NG = NUMBER OF GOOD T-EIGENVALUES.	LEV04030
C NISO = NUMBER OF ISOLATED GOOD T-EIGENVALUES.	LEV04040
C	LEV04050
CALL ISOEV(VS,GAPTOL,MULTOL,SCALE1,G,MP,NDIS,NG,NISO)	LEV04060
C	LEV04070
C-----	LEV04080
C	LEV04090
WRITE(6,240)NG,NISO,NDIS	LEV04100
240 FORMAT(/I6,' GOOD T-EIGENVALUES HAVE BEEN COMPUTED'/	LEV04110
1 I6,' OF THESE ARE T-ISOLATED'/	LEV04120
2 I6,' = NUMBER OF DISTINCT T-EIGENVALUES COMPUTED'/)	LEV04130
C	LEV04140
C DO WE WRITE DISTINCT EIGENVALUES OF T-MATRIX TO FILE 11?	LEV04150
IF (IDIST.EQ.0) GO TO 280	LEV04160
C	LEV04170
WRITE(11,250) NDIS,NISO,MEV,N,SVSEED,MATNO	LEV04180
250 FORMAT(/4I6,I12,I8,' = NDIS,NISO,MEV,N,SVSEED,MATNO'/)	LEV04190
C	LEV04200
WRITE(11,260) (MP(I),VS(I),G(I), I=1,NDIS)	LEV04210
260 FORMAT(2(I3,E25.16,E12.3))	LEV04220
C	LEV04230
WRITE(11,270) NDIS, (MP(I), I=1,NDIS)	LEV04240
270 FORMAT(/I6,' = NDIS, T-MULTIPLICITIES (0 MEANS SPURIOUS)'/ (20I4))	LEV04250
C	LEV04260
280 CONTINUE	LEV04270
C	LEV04280
IF (NISO.NE.0) GO TO 310	LEV04290
C	LEV04300
WRITE(4,290) MEV	LEV04310

```

290 FORMAT(/' AT MEV = ',I6,' THERE ARE NO ISOLATED T-EIGENVALUES'/      LEV04320
1' SO NO ERROR ESTIMATES WERE COMPUTED/')                                LEV04330
C                                                                           LEV04340
    WRITE(6,300)                                                           LEV04350
300 FORMAT(/' ALL COMPUTED GOOD T-EIGENVALUES ARE MULTIPLE'/           LEV04360
1' THEREFORE ALL SUCH EIGENVALUES ARE ASSUMED TO HAVE CONVERGED')      LEV04370
C                                                                           LEV04380
    ICONV = 1                                                               LEV04390
    GO TO 350                                                                LEV04400
C                                                                           LEV04410
310 CONTINUE                                                                LEV04420
C                                                                           LEV04430
C-----LEV04440
C    SUBROUTINE INVERR COMPUTES ERROR ESTIMATES FOR ISOLATED GOOD      LEV04450
C    T-EIGENVALUES USING INVERSE ITERATION ON T(1,MEV). ON RETURN      LEV04460
C    G(J) = MINIMUM GAP IN T(1,MEV) FOR EACH VS(J), J=1,NDIS           LEV04470
C    G(MEV+I) = BETAM*|U(MEV)| = ERROR ESTIMATE FOR ISOLATED GOOD      LEV04480
C    T-EIGENVALUES, WHERE I = 1, NISO AND BETAM = BETA(MEV+1)          LEV04490
C    U(MEV) IS MEVTH COMPONENT OF THE UNIT EIGENVECTOR OF T           LEV04500
C    CORRESPONDING TO THE ITH ISOLATED GOOD T-EIGENVALUE.             LEV04510
C    A NEGATIVE ERROR ESTIMATE MEANS THAT FOR THAT PARTICULAR          LEV04520
C    EIGENVALUE THE INVERSE ITERATION DID NOT CONVERGE IN <= MXINIT    LEV04530
C    STEPS AND THAT THE CORRESPONDING ERROR ESTIMATE IS QUESTIONABLE.  LEV04540
C                                                                           LEV04550
C    V2 CONTAINS THE ISOLATED GOOD T-EIGENVALUES                       LEV04560
C    V1 CONTAINS THE MINGAPS TO THE NEAREST DISTINCT EIGENVALUE        LEV04570
C    OF T(1,MEV) FOR EACH ISOLATED GOOD T-EIGENVALUE IN V2.           LEV04580
C    VS CONTAINS THE NDIS DISTINCT EIGENVALUES OF T(1,MEV)            LEV04590
C    MP CONTAINS THE CORRESPONDING CODED T-MULTIPLICITIES              LEV04600
C                                                                           LEV04610
C    IT = MXINIT                                                         LEV04620
C    CALL INVERR(ALPHA,BETA,V1,V2,VS,EPSM,G,MP,MEV,MMB,NDIS,NISO,N,    LEV04630
1    RHSEED,IT,IWRITE)                                                    LEV04640
C                                                                           LEV04650
C-----LEV04660
C                                                                           LEV04670
C    SIMPLE CHECK FOR CONVERGENCE. CHECKS TO SEE IF ALL OF THE ERROR   LEV04680
C    ESTIMATES ARE SMALLER THAN CONTOL = BETAM*1.D-10.                 LEV04690
C    IF THIS TEST IS SATISFIED, THEN CONVERGENCE FLAG, ICONV IS SET    LEV04700
C    TO 1. TYPICALLY ERROR ESTIMATES ARE VERY CONSERVATIVE.           LEV04710
C                                                                           LEV04720
C    WRITE(6,320) CONTOL                                                  LEV04730
320 FORMAT(/' CONVERGENCE IS TESTED USING THE CONVERGENCE TOLERANCE',  LEV04740
1E13.4/)                                                                    LEV04750
C                                                                           LEV04760
C    II = MEV +1                                                         LEV04770
C    IF = MEV+NISO                                                       LEV04780
C    DO 330 I = II,IF                                                    LEV04790
C    IF (ABS(G(I)).GT.CONTOL) GO TO 350                                  LEV04800
330 CONTINUE                                                                LEV04810
C    ICONV = 1                                                            LEV04820
C    MMB = NMEVS                                                         LEV04830
C                                                                           LEV04840
C    WRITE(6,340) CONTOL                                                  LEV04850
340 FORMAT(' ALL COMPUTED ERROR ESTIMATES WERE LESS THAN',E15.4/      LEV04860

```

```

      1 ' THEREFORE PROCEDURE TERMINATES'//)                                LEV04870
C                                                                              LEV04880
      350 CONTINUE                                                            LEV04890
C                                                                              LEV04900
C      IF CONVERGENCE IS INDICATED, THAT IS ICONV = 1 ,THEN                LEV04910
C      THE SUBROUTINE PRTEST IS CALLED TO CHECK FOR ANY CONVERGED           LEV04920
C      T-EIGENVALUES THAT HAVE BEEN MISLABELLED AS SPURIOUS BECAUSE         LEV04930
C      THE PROJECTION OF THEIR EIGENVECTOR(S) ON THE STARTING              LEV04940
C      VECTOR WERE TOO SMALL.                                                LEV04950
C      NUMERICAL TESTS INDICATE THAT SUCH EIGENVALUES ARE RARE.             LEV04960
C      IF FOR SOME REASON MANY OF THESE HIDDEN EIGENVALUES APPEAR          LEV04970
C      ON SOME RUN, YOU CAN BE CERTAIN THAT SOMETHING IS FOULED UP.         LEV04980
C                                                                              LEV04990
      IF (ICONV.EQ.0) GO TO 480                                              LEV05000
C                                                                              LEV05010
C-----LEV05020
C                                                                              LEV05030
      CALL PRTEST (ALPHA,BETA,VS,TKMAX,EPSM,RELTOL,SCALE3,SCALE4,           LEV05040
      1 MP,NDIS,MEV,IPOJ)                                                  LEV05050
C                                                                              LEV05060
C-----LEV05070
C                                                                              LEV05080
      IF(IPOJ.EQ.0) GO TO 470                                              LEV05090
C                                                                              LEV05100
      IF(IDIST.EQ.1) WRITE(11,360) IPOJ                                    LEV05110
      360 FORMAT(' SUBROUTINE PRTEST WANTS TO RELABEL',I6,' SPURIOUS T-EIGENLEV05120
      1VALUES'// WE ACCEPT RELABELLING ONLY IF LAST COMPONENT OF T-EIGENVLEV05130
      1ECTOR IS L.T. 1.D-10'//)                                           LEV05140
C                                                                              LEV05150
      IIX = RHSEED                                                         LEV05160
C                                                                              LEV05170
C-----LEV05180
C                                                                              LEV05190
      CALL GENRAN(IIX,G,MEV)                                              LEV05200
C                                                                              LEV05210
C-----LEV05220
C                                                                              LEV05230
      ITEN = -10                                                           LEV05240
      NISOM = NISO + MEV                                                  LEV05250
      IWrito = IWRITE                                                     LEV05260
      IWRITE = 0                                                           LEV05270
C                                                                              LEV05280
      DO 390 J = 1,NDIS                                                    LEV05290
      IF(MP(J).NE.ITEN) GO TO 390                                         LEV05300
      TO = VS(J)                                                           LEV05310
C                                                                              LEV05320
C-----LEV05330
C                                                                              LEV05340
      IT = MXINIT                                                         LEV05350
      CALL INVERM(ALPHA,BETA,V1,V2,TO,TEMP,T1,EPSM,G,MEV,IT,IWRITE)      LEV05360
C                                                                              LEV05370
C-----LEV05380
C                                                                              LEV05390
      IF(TEMP.LE.1.D-10) GO TO 380                                         LEV05400
C      ERROR ESTIMATE WAS NOT SMALL REJECT RELABELLING OF THIS EIGENVALUELEV05410

```



```

C      WRITE THE GOOD T-EIGENVALUES TO FILE 3.  FIRST TRANSFER THEM      LEV05970
C      TO V2 AND THEIR T-MULTIPLICITIES TO THE CORRESPONDING POSITIONS  LEV05980
C      IN MP AND COMPUTE THE A-MINGAPS, THE MINIMAL GAPS BETWEEN THE    LEV05990
C      GOOD T-EIGENVALUES.  THESE GAPS WILL BE PUT IN THE ARRAY G.      LEV06000
C      SINCE G CURRENTLY CONTAINS THE MINIMAL GAPS BETWEEN THE DISTINCT  LEV06010
C      EIGENVALUES OF THE T-MATRIX, THESE GAPS WILL FIRST BE            LEV06020
C      TRANSFERRED TO V1.  NOTE THAT V1<0 MEANS THAT THAT MINIMAL GAP    LEV06030
C      IN THE T-MATRIX IS DUE TO A SPURIOUS T-EIGENVALUE.              LEV06040
C      ALL THIS INFORMATION IS PRINTED TO FILE 3                        LEV06050
C                                                                      LEV06060
480 CONTINUE                                                            LEV06070
C                                                                      LEV06080
      NG = 0                                                            LEV06090
      DO 490 I = 1,NDIS                                                LEV06100
      IF (MP(I).EQ.0) GO TO 490                                         LEV06110
      NG = NG+1                                                         LEV06120
      MP(NG) = MP(I)                                                    LEV06130
      V2(NG) = VS(I)                                                    LEV06140
      TEMP = G(I)                                                        LEV06150
      TEMP = DABS(TEMP)                                                  LEV06160
      J = I+1                                                            LEV06170
      IF (G(I).LT.ZERO) J = I-1                                         LEV06180
      IF (MP(J).EQ.0) TEMP = -TEMP                                       LEV06190
      V1(NG) = TEMP                                                      LEV06200
490 CONTINUE                                                            LEV06210
C                                                                      LEV06220
      WRITE(6,500)MEV                                                  LEV06230
500 FORMAT(// ' T-EIGENVALUE CALCULATION AT MEV = ',I6,'      IS COMPLETE' LEV06240
1')                                                                      LEV06250
C                                                                      LEV06260
C      NG = NUMBER OF COMPUTED DISTINCT GOOD T-EIGENVALUES.  NEXT      LEV06270
C      GENERATE GAPS BETWEEN GOOD T-EIGENVALUES (AMINGAPS) AND PUT THEM  LEV06280
C      IN G.  G(J) < 0 MEANS THE AMINGAP IS DUE TO THE LEFT-HAND GAP.    LEV06290
C                                                                      LEV06300
      NGM1 = NG - 1                                                    LEV06310
      G(NG) = V2(NGM1)-V2(NG)                                           LEV06320
      G(1) = V2(2)-V2(1)                                                LEV06330
C                                                                      LEV06340
      DO 510 J = 2,NGM1                                                 LEV06350
      T0 = V2(J)-V2(J-1)                                                LEV06360
      T1 = V2(J+1)-V2(J)                                                LEV06370
      G(J) = T1                                                         LEV06380
      IF (T0.LT.T1) G(J) = -T0                                          LEV06390
510 CONTINUE                                                            LEV06400
C                                                                      LEV06410
C      WRITE GOOD T-EIGENVALUES OUT TO FILE 3.                        LEV06420
C                                                                      LEV06430
      WRITE(3,520)NG,NDIS,MEV,N,SVSEED,MATNO,MULTOL,IB,BTOL          LEV06440
520 FORMAT(4I6,I12,I8,' = NG,NDIS,MEV,N,SVEED,MATNO' /              LEV06450
1 E20.12,I6,E13.4,' = MUTOL,INDEX MINIMAL BETA,BTOL' /              LEV06460
1' EV NO',1X,'TMULT',10X,'GOOD EIGENVALUE',7X,'TMINGAP',7X,'AMINGAP' LEV06470
1')                                                                      LEV06480
C                                                                      LEV06490
      WRITE(3,530)(I,MP(I),V2(I),V1(I),G(I), I=1,NG)                 LEV06500
530 FORMAT(2I6,E25.16,2E14.3)                                         LEV06510

```

```

C                                                    LEV06520
C   IF CONVERGENCE FLAG ICONV.NE.1 AND NUMBER OF T-MATRICES           LEV06530
C   CONSIDERED TO DATE IS LESS THAN NUMBER ALLOWED, INCREMENT MEV.    LEV06540
C   AND LOOP BACK TO 210 TO REPEAT COMPUTATIONS.  RESTORE BETA(MEV+1).LEV06550
C                                                    LEV06560
C   BETA(MP1) = BETAM                                                    LEV06570
C                                                    LEV06580
C   IF (MMB.LT.NMEVS.AND.ICONV.NE.1) GO TO 180                        LEV06590
C                                                    LEV06600
C   END OF LOOP ON DIFFERENT SIZE T-MATRICES ALLOWED.                 LEV06610
C                                                    LEV06620
540 CONTINUE                                                            LEV06630
C                                                    LEV06640
C   IF(ISTOP.EQ.0) WRITE(6,550)                                         LEV06650
550 FORMAT(/' T-MATRICES (ALPHA AND BETA) ARE NOW AVAILABLE, TERMINATE LEV06660
1')                                                                    LEV06670
C   IF (IHIS.EQ.1.AND.KMAX.NE.MOLD) WRITE(1,560)                       LEV06680
560 FORMAT(/' ABOVE ARE THE FOLLOWING VECTORS '/                        LEV06690
1 '  ALPHA(I), I = 1,KMAX'/                                           LEV06700
2 '  BETA(I), I = 1,KMAX+1'/                                           LEV06710
3 '  FINAL TWO LANCZOS VECTORS OF ORDER N FOR I = KMAX,KMAX+1'/      LEV06720
4 '  ALL VECTORS IN THIS FILE HAVE HEX FORMAT 4Z20 '/                LEV06730
5 '  ----- END OF FILE 1 NEW ALPHA, BETA HISTORY-----'///)      LEV06740
C                                                    LEV06750
C   IF (ISTOP.EQ.0) GO TO 640                                           LEV06760
C                                                    LEV06770
C   WRITE(3,570)                                                         LEV06780
570 FORMAT(/' ABOVE ARE COMPUTED GOOD T-EIGENVALUES'/                 LEV06790
1 '  NG = NUMBER OF GOOD T-EIGENVALUES COMPUTED'/                     LEV06800
2 '  NDIS = NUMBER OF COMPUTED DISTINCT EIGENVALUES OF T(1,MEV)'/    LEV06810
3 '  N = ORDER OF A,  MATNO = MATRIX IDENT'/                          LEV06820
4 '  MULTOL = T-MULTIPLICITY TOLERANCE FOR T-EIGENVALUES IN BISEC'/  LEV06830
4 '  TMULT IS THE T-MULTIPLICITY OF GOOD T-EIGENVALUE'/              LEV06840
5 '  TMULT = -1 MEANS SPURIOUS T-EIGENVALUE TOO CLOSE'/              LEV06850
6 '  DO NOT COMPUTE ERROR ESTIMATES FOR SUCH EIGENVALUES'/           LEV06860
7 '  AMINGAP = MINIMAL GAP BETWEEN THE COMPUTED A-EIGENVALUES'/      LEV06870
8 '  AMINGAP .LT. 0. MEANS MINIMAL GAP IS DUE TO LEFT-HAND GAP'/      LEV06880
9 '  TMINGAP= MINIMAL GAP W.R.T.  DISTINCT EIGENVALUES IN T(1,MEV)'/LEV06890
1 '  TMINGAP .LT. 0. MEANS MINGAP IS DUE TO SPURIOUS T-EIGENVALUE'/  LEV06900
2 '  ----- END OF FILE 3 GOODEIGENVALUES-----'///)              LEV06910
C                                                    LEV06920
C   IF (IDIST.EQ.1) WRITE(11,580)                                       LEV06930
580 FORMAT(/' ABOVE ARE THE DISTINCT EIGENVALUES OF T(1,MEV).'/      LEV06940
2 '  THE FORMAT IS          T-MULTIPLICITY    T-EIGENVALUE  TMINGAP'/ LEV06950
3 '          THIS FORMAT IS REPEATED TWICE ON EACH LINE.'/          LEV06960
4 '  T-MULTIPLICITY = -1 MEANS THAT THE SUBROUTINE ISOEV HAS TAGGED'LEV06970
5/'  THIS SIMPLE T-EIGENVALUE AS HAVING A VERY CLOSE SPURIOUS'/      LEV06980
6 '  T-EIGENVALUE SO THAT NO ERROR ESTIMATE WILL BE COMPUTED'/      LEV06990
7 '  FOR THAT EIGENVALUE IN SUBROUTINE INVERR.'/                    LEV07000
8 '  TMINGAP .LT. 0, TMINGAP IS DUE TO LEFT GAP .GT. 0, RIGHT GAP.'/LEV07010
9 '  EACH OF THE DISTINCT T-EIGENVALUE TABLES IS FOLLOWED'/          LEV07020
9 '  BY THE T-MULTIPLICITY PATTERN.'/                                LEV07030
1 '  NDIS = NUMBER OF COMPUTED DISTINCT EIGENVALUES OF T(1,MEV).'/  LEV07040
2 '  NG = NUMBER OF GOOD T-EIGENVALUES.  '/                          LEV07050
3 '  NISO = NUMBER OF ISOLATED GOOD T-EIGENVALUES.  '/              LEV07060

```

```

4 ' NISO ALSO IS THE COUNT OF +1 ENTRIES IN T-MULTIPLICITY PATTERN.LEV07070
5 '/' ----- END OF FILE 11 DISTINCT T-EIGENVALUES-----'///LEV07080
6 )
C
    IF(NISO.NE.0) WRITE(4,590)
590 FORMAT('/' ABOVE ARE THE ERROR ESTIMATES OBTAINED FOR THE ISOLATED LEV07120
    1GOOD T-EIGENVALUES'/'
    1' OBTAINED VIA INVERSE ITERATION IN THE SUBROUTINE INVERR.'/' LEV07140
    1' ALL OTHER GOOD T-EIGENVALUES HAVE CONVERGED.'/' LEV07150
    2' ERROR ESTIMATE = BETAM*ABS(UM)'/' LEV07160
    2' WHERE BETAM = BETA(MEV+1) AND UM = U(MEV).'/' LEV07170
    3' U = UNIT EIGENVECTOR OF T WHERE T*U = EV*U AND EV = ISOLATED GOOLEV07180
    3D T-EIGENVALUE.'/' LEV07190
    4' TMINGAP = GAP TO NEAREST DISTINCT EIGENVALUE OF T(1,MEV).'/' LEV07200
    5' TMINGAP .LT. 0. MEANS MINGAP IS DUE TO A LEFT NEIGHBOR.'/' LEV07210
    6' ERROR ESTIMATE L.T. 0 MEANS INVERSE ITERATION DID NOT CONVERGE'/'LEV07220
    7' ----- END OF FILE 4 ERRINV -----'//) LEV07230
    GO TO 640
C
600 CONTINUE
C
    IBB = IABS(IBMEV)
    IF (IBMEV.LT.0) WRITE(6,610) MEV,IBB,BETA(IBB)
610 FORMAT('/' PROGRAM TERMINATES BECAUSE MEV REQUESTED = ',I6,' IS .GTLEV07300
    1',I6/' AT WHICH AN ABNORMALLY SMALL BETA = ' , E13.4,' OCCURRED'//)LEV07310
    GO TO 640
C
620 IF (NDIS.EQ.0.AND.ISTOP.GT.0) WRITE(6,630)
630 FORMAT('/' INTERVALS SPECIFIED FOR BISECT DID NOT CONTAIN ANY T-EIGLEV07350
    1ENVALUES'/' PROGRAM TERMINATES')
C
640 CONTINUE
C
    STOP
C-----END OF MAIN PROGRAM FOR LANCZOS EIGENVALUE COMPUTATIONS-----LEV07410
    END

```

2.4 LEVEC: Main Program, Eigenvector Computations

```

C-----LEVEC (EIGENVECTORS OF REAL SYMMETRIC MATRICES)-----LEV00010
C  Authors:  Jane Cullum and Ralph A. Willoughby (Deceased)          LEV00020
C              Los Alamos National Laboratory                        LEV00030
C              Los Alamos, New Mexico 87544                          LEV00040
C                                                                    LEV00050
C              E-mail:  cullumj@lanl.gov                             LEV00060
C                                                                    LEV00070
C  These codes are copyrighted by the authors.  These codes        LEV00080
C  and modifications of them or portions of them are NOT to be    LEV00090
C  incorporated into any commercial codes or used for any other    LEV00100
C  commercial purposes such as consulting for other companies,      LEV00110
C  without legal agreements with the authors of these Codes.      LEV00120
C  If these Codes or portions of them are used in other scientific or LEV00130
C  engineering research works the names of the authors of these codes LEV00140
C  and appropriate references to their written work are to be      LEV00150
C  incorporated in the derivative works.                             LEV00160
C                                                                    LEV00170
C  This header is not to be removed from these codes.             LEV00180
C                                                                    LEV00190
C              REFERENCE: Cullum and Willoughby, Chapters 1,2,3,4    LEV00191
C              Lanczos Algorithms for Large Symmetric Eigenvalue Computations LEV00192
C              VOL. 1 Theory. Republished as Volume 41 in SIAM CLASSICS in LEV00193
C              Applied Mathematics, 2002. SIAM Publications,        LEV00194
C              Philadelphia, PA. USA                                  LEV00195
C                                                                    LEV00196
C                                                                    LEV00197
C                                                                    LEV00200
C  CONTAINS MAIN PROGRAM FOR COMPUTING AN EIGENVECTOR CORRESPONDING LEV00210
C  TO EACH OF A SET OF EIGENVALUES WHICH HAVE BEEN COMPUTED        LEV00220
C  ACCURATELY BY THE CORRESPONDING LANCZOS EIGENVALUE PROGRAM      LEV00230
C  (LEVAL) FOR REAL SYMMETRIC MATRICES.  THIS PROGRAM COULD BE    LEV00240
C  MODIFIED TO COMPUTE ADDITIONAL EIGENVECTORS FOR ANY EIGENVALUE  LEV00250
C  WHICH IS A MULTIPLE EIGENVALUE OF THE GIVEN A-MATRIX.  THE    LEV00260
C  AMOUNT OF ADDITIONAL COMPUTATION REQUIRED WOULD DEPEND UPON     LEV00270
C  THE GIVEN A-MATRIX AND UPON WHAT PART OF THE SPECTRUM OF      LEV00280
C  A IS INVOLVED.                                                  LEV00290
C                                                                    LEV00300
C  THE LANCZOS EIGENVECTOR COMPUTATIONS ASSUME THAT EACH          LEV00310
C  EIGENVALUE THAT IS BEING CONSIDERED HAS CONVERGED AS AN        LEV00320
C  EIGENVALUE OF THE LANCZOS TRIDIAGONAL MATRICES.                LEV00330
C                                                                    LEV00340
C  PFORT VERIFIER IDENTIFIED THE FOLLOWING NONPORTABLE             LEV00350
C  CONSTRUCTIONS                                                    LEV00360
C                                                                    LEV00370
C  1.  DATA/MACHEP/ STATEMENT                                     LEV00380
C  2.  ALL READ(5,*) STATEMENTS (FREE FORMAT)                     LEV00390
C  3.  FORMAT(20A4) USED WITH THE EXPLANATORY HEADER, EXPLAN      LEV00400
C  4.  HEXADECIMAL FORMAT (4Z20) USED IN ALPHA/BETA FILES 1 AND 2. LEV00410
C                                                                    LEV00420
C  IMPORTANT NOTE:  THIS PROGRAM ALLOWS ENLARGEMENT OF THE ALPHA,  LEV00430
C  BETA ARRAYS.  IN PARTICULAR, IF ANY ONE OF THE EIGENVALUES    LEV00440
C  SUPPLIED IS T-SIMPLE AND NOT CLOSE TO A SPURIOUS EIGENVALUE,  LEV00450

```

C	THE PROGRAM REQUIRES THAT KMAX BE AT LEAST 11*MEV/8 + 12. IF	LEV00460
C	KMAX IS NOT THIS LARGE, THEN THE PROGRAM RESETS KMAX TO THIS	LEV00470
C	SIZE AND EXTENDS THE ALPHA, BETA HISTORY IF REQUIRED.	LEV00480
C	THUS, THE DIMENSIONS OF THE ALPHA AND BETA ARRAYS MUST BE	LEV00490
C	LARGE ENOUGH TO ALLOW FOR THIS POSSIBILITY.	LEV00500
C	REMEMBER THAT THE BETA ARRAY, BETA(J), IS SUCH THAT	LEV00510
C	J = 1,..., KMAX+1. SO IF THE KMAX USED BY THE PROGRAM	LEV00520
C	IS TO BE 3000, THEN BETA MUST BE OF LENGTH AT LEAST 3001.	LEV00530
C		LEV00540
C	-----	LEV00550
	DOUBLE PRECISION ALPHA(5000),BETA(5001)	LEV00560
	DOUBLE PRECISION V1(5000),V2(5000)	LEV00570
	DOUBLE PRECISION RITVEC(30000),TVEC(30000),GOODEV(50),EVNEW(50)	LEV00580
	DOUBLE PRECISION EVAL,EVALN,TOLN,TTOL,ERTOL,ALFA,BATA	LEV00590
	DOUBLE PRECISION MULTOL,SCALEO,STUTOL,BTOL,LB,UB	LEV00600
	DOUBLE PRECISION ONE,ZERO,MACHEP,EPSM,TEMP,SUM,ERRMIN,BKMIN	LEV00610
	DOUBLE PRECISION RELTOL,ERROR,TERROR,TLAST(50)	LEV00620
	REAL G(10000),AMINGP(50),TMINGP(50),EXPLAN(20)	LEV00630
	REAL TERR(50),ERR(50),ERRDGP(50),RNORM(50),TBETA(50)	LEV00640
	INTEGER MP(50),M1(50),M2(50),MA(50),ML(50),MINT(50),MFIN(50)	LEV00650
	INTEGER SVSEED,SVSOLD,RHSEED,IDELTA(50)	LEV00660
	INTEGER MBOUND,NTVCON,SVTVEC,TVSTOP,LVCONT,ERCONT,TFLAG	LEV00670
	DOUBLE PRECISION FINPRO	LEV00680
	DOUBLE PRECISION DABS, DMAX1, DSQRT, DFLOAT	LEV00690
	REAL ABS	LEV00700
	INTEGER IABS	LEV00710
C	-----	LEV00720
	EXTERNAL CMATV	LEV00730
	DATA MACHEP/Z3410000000000000/	LEV00740
	EPSM = 2.DO*MACHEP	LEV00750
C	-----	LEV00760
C		LEV00770
C	ARRAYS MUST BE DIMENSIONED AS FOLLOWS:	LEV00780
C	1. ALPHA: >= KMAXN, BETA: >= (KMAXN+1) WHERE KMAXN, THE	LEV00790
C	LARGEST SIZE T-MATRIX CONSIDERED BY THE PROGRAM,	LEV00800
C	IS THE LARGER OF THE SIZE OF THE ALPHA, BETA HISTORY	LEV00810
C	PROVIDED ON FILE 2 (IF ANY) AND THE SIZE WHICH THE	LEV00820
C	PROGRAM SPECIFIES INTERNALLY, THIS LATTER IS ALWAYS	LEV00830
C	< = 11*MEV / 8 + 12, WHERE MEV IS THE SIZE	LEV00840
C	T-MATRIX THAT WAS USED IN THE CORRESPONDING EIGENVALUE	LEV00850
C	COMPUTATIONS.	LEV00860
C	2. V1: >= MAX(N,KMAX)	LEV00870
C	3. V2: >= N	LEV00880
C	4. G: >= MAX(N,KMAX)	LEV00890
C	5. RITVEC: >= N*NGOOD, WHERE NGOOD IS NUMBER OF EIGENVALUES	LEV00900
C	SUPPLIED TO THIS PROGRAM.	LEV00910
C	6. TVEC: >= CUMULATIVE LENGTH OF ALL THE T-EIGENVECTORS	LEV00920
C	NEEDED TO GENERATE THE DESIRED RITZ VECTORS. AN EDUCATED	LEV00930
C	GUESS AT AN APPROPRIATE LENGTH CAN BE OBTAINED BY RUNNING THE	LEV00940
C	PROGRAM WITH THE FLAG MBOUND = 1 AND MULTIPLYING THE	LEV00950
C	RESULTING SIZE BY 5/4.	LEV00960
C	7. GOODEV, AMINGP, TMINGP, TERR, ERR, ERRGDP, RNORM, TBETA,	LEV00970
C	TLAST, EVNEW, MP, MA, M1, M2, MINT, MFIN AND IDELTA ALL MUST	LEV00980
C	BE >= NGOOD.	LEV00990
C		LEV01000

```

C-----LEVO1010
C      OUTPUT HEADER                                LEVO1020
C      WRITE(6,10)                                LEVO1030
10  FORMAT(/' LANCZOS EIGENVECTOR PROCEDURE FOR REAL SYMMETRIC MATRICE' /
      1S' /)                                LEVO1050
C                                                    LEVO1060
C      SET PROGRAM PARAMETERS                        LEVO1070
C      USER MUST NOT MODIFY SCALE0                  LEVO1080
C      SCALE0 = 5.0D0                                LEVO1090
C      ZERO = 0.0D0                                  LEVO1100
C      ONE = 1.0D0                                    LEVO1110
C      MPMIN = -1000                                LEVO1120
C      SET CONVERGENCE CRITERION FOR T-EIGENVECTORS. LEVO1130
C      ERTOL = 1.D-10                                LEVO1140
C                                                    LEVO1150
C      READ USER-SPECIFIED PARAMETER FROM INPUT FILE 5 (FREE FORMAT) LEVO1160
C                                                    LEVO1170
C      READ USER-PROVIDED HEADER FOR RUN              LEVO1180
C      READ(5,20) EXPLAN                             LEVO1190
C      WRITE(6,20) EXPLAN                             LEVO1200
20  FORMAT(20A4)                                LEVO1210
C                                                    LEVO1220
C      READ IN THE MAXIMUM PERMISSIBLE DIMENSIONS FOR THE TVEC ARRAY LEVO1230
C      (MDIMTV), FOR THE RITVEC ARRAY (MDIMRV), AND FOR THE BETA      LEVO1240
C      ARRAY (MBETA).                                LEVO1250
C      READ(5,20) EXPLAN                             LEVO1260
C      READ(5,*) MDIMTV, MDIMRV, MBETA                LEVO1270
C                                                    LEVO1280
C      READ IN RELATIVE TOLERANCE (RELTOL) USED IN DETERMINING      LEVO1290
C      APPROPRIATE SIZES FOR THE T-MATRICES TO BE USED IN THE RITZ  LEVO1300
C      VECTOR COMPUTATIONS.                            LEVO1310
C      READ(5,20) EXPLAN                             LEVO1320
C      READ(5,*) RELTOL                                LEVO1330
C                                                    LEVO1340
C      SET FLAGS TO 0 OR 1:                            LEVO1350
C      MBOUND = 1: PROGRAM TERMINATES AFTER COMPUTING 1ST GUESSES    LEVO1360
C                   ON APPROPRIATE T-SIZES FOR USE IN THE RITZ VECTOR LEVO1370
C                   COMPUTATIONS                                LEVO1380
C      NTVCON = 0: PROGRAM TERMINATES IF THE TVEC ARRAY IS NOT      LEVO1390
C                   LARGE ENOUGH TO HOLD ALL THE T-EIGENVECTORS REQUIRED. LEVO1400
C      SVTVEC = 0: THE T-EIGENVECTORS ARE NOT WRITTEN TO FILE 11    LEVO1410
C                   UNLESS TVSTOP = 1                          LEVO1420
C      SVTVEC = 1: WRITE THE T-EIGENVECTORS TO FILE 11.            LEVO1430
C      TVSTOP = 1: PROGRAM TERMINATES AFTER COMPUTING THE          LEVO1440
C                   T-EIGENVECTORS                            LEVO1450
C      LVCONT = 0: PROGRAM TERMINATES IF THE NUMBER OF T-EIGENVECTORS LEVO1460
C                   COMPUTED IS NOT EQUAL TO THE NUMBER OF RITZ      LEVO1470
C                   VECTORS REQUESTED.                          LEVO1480
C      ERCONT = 0: MEANS FOR ANY GIVEN EIGENVALUE, A RITZ VECTOR    LEVO1490
C                   WILL NOT BE COMPUTED FOR THAT EIGENVALUE UNLESS  LEVO1500
C                   A T-EIGENVECTOR HAS BEEN IDENTIFIED WITH A LAST  LEVO1510
C                   COMPONENT WHICH SATISFIES THE SPECIFIED        LEVO1520
C                   CONVERGENCE CRITERION.                       LEVO1530
C      ERCONT = 1: MEANS FOR ANY GIVEN EIGENVALUE, A RITZ VECTOR    LEVO1540
C                   WILL BE COMPUTED. IF A T-EIGENVECTOR CANNOT    LEVO1550

```

```

C          BE IDENTIFIED WHICH SATISFIES THE LAST          LEV01560
C          COMPONENT CRITERION, THEN THE PROGRAM WILL      LEV01570
C          USE THE T-VECTOR THAT CAME CLOSEST TO           LEV01580
C          SATISFYING THE CRITERION.                       LEV01590
C      IWRITE = 1: EXTENDED OUTPUT OF INTERMEDIATE COMPUTATIONS LEV01600
C                  IS WRITTEN TO FILE 6                     LEV01610
C      IREAD = 0:  ALPHA/BETA FILE IS REGENERATED.          LEV01620
C      IREAD = 1:  ALPHA/BETA FILE USED IN EIGENVALUE COMPUTATIONS LEV01630
C                  IS READ IN AND EXTENDED IF NECESSARY.  IN BOTH LEV01640
C                  CASES IREAD = 0 OR 1, THE LANCZOS VECTORS ARE LEV01650
C                  ALWAYS REGENERATED FOR THE RITZ VECTOR LEV01660
C                  COMPUTATIONS                             LEV01670
C                                                         LEV01680
C      READ(5,20) EXPLAN                                    LEV01690
C      READ(5,*) MBOUND,NTVCON,SVTVEC,IREAD                 LEV01700
C                                                         LEV01710
C      READ(5,20) EXPLAN                                    LEV01720
C      READ(5,*) TVSTOP,LVCONT,ERCONT,IWRITE               LEV01730
C      IF (TVSTOP.EQ.1) SVTVEC = 1                          LEV01740
C                                                         LEV01750
C      READ IN SEED (RHSEED) FOR GENERATING RANDOM STARTING VECTOR LEV01760
C      FOR INVERSE ITERATION ON THE T-MATRICES.            LEV01770
C      READ(5,20) EXPLAN                                    LEV01780
C      READ(5,*) RHSEED                                    LEV01790
C                                                         LEV01800
C      READ IN MATNO = MATRIX/RUN IDENTIFICATION NUMBER AND LEV01810
C      N = ORDER OF A-MATRIX                                LEV01820
C      READ(5,20) EXPLAN                                    LEV01830
C      READ(5,*) MATNO,N                                   LEV01840
C                                                         LEV01850
C-----LEV01860
C      INITIALIZE THE ARRAYS FOR THE USER-SPECIFIED MATRIX LEV01870
C      AND PASS THE STORAGE LOCATIONS OF THESE ARRAYS TO THE LEV01880
C      MATRIX-VECTOR MULTIPLY SUBROUTINE CMATV.            LEV01890
C                                                         LEV01900
C      CALL USPEC(N,MATNO)                                  LEV01910
C                                                         LEV01920
C-----LEV01930
C      MASK UNDERFLOW AND OVERFLOW                         LEV01940
C      CALL MASK                                            LEV01950
C                                                         LEV01960
C-----LEV01970
C      WRITE RUN PARAMETERS OUT TO FILE 6                  LEV01980
C                                                         LEV01990
C      WRITE(6,30) MATNO,N                                  LEV02000
C      30 FORMAT(/' MATRIX IDENTIFICATION NO. = ',I10,' ORDER OF A = ',I5) LEV02010
C                                                         LEV02020
C      WRITE(6,40) MBOUND,NTVCON,SVTVEC,IREAD              LEV02030
C      40 FORMAT(/3X,'MBOUND',3X,'NTVCON',3X,'SVTVEC',3X,'IREAD'/3I9,I8) LEV02040
C                                                         LEV02050
C      WRITE(6,50) TVSTOP,LVCONT,ERCONT,IWRITE            LEV02060
C      50 FORMAT(/3X,'TVSTOP',3X,'LVCONT',3X,'ERCONT',3X,'IWRITE'/4I9) LEV02070
C                                                         LEV02080
C      WRITE(6,60) MDIMTV,MDIMRV,MBETA                     LEV02090
C      60 FORMAT(/3X,'MDIMTV',3X,'MDIMRV',3X,'MBETA'/2I9,I8) LEV02100

```

```

C                                                                    LEV02110
      WRITE(6,70) RELTOL,RHSEED                                       LEV02120
70  FORMAT(/7X,'RELTOL',3X,'RHSEED'/E13.4,I9)                         LEV02130
C                                                                    LEV02140
C                                                                    LEV02150
C      FROM FILE 3 READ IN THE NUMBER OF EIGENVALUES (NGOOD) FOR WHICH LEV02160
C      EIGENVECTORS ARE REQUESTED, THE ORDER (MEV) OF THE LANCZOS      LEV02170
C      TRIDIAGONAL MATRIX USED IN COMPUTING THESE EIGENVALUES, THE    LEV02180
C      ORDER (NOLD) OF THE USER-SPECIFIED MATRIX USED IN THE EIGENVALUE LEV02190
C      COMPUTATIONS, THE SEED (SVSEED) USED FOR GENERATING THE STARTING LEV02200
C      VECTOR THAT WAS USED IN THOSE LANCZOS EIGENVALUE COMPUTATIONS,    LEV02210
C      AND THE MATRIX/RUN IDENTIFICATION NUMBER (MATOLD) USED IN THOSE  LEV02220
C      COMPUTATIONS. ALSO READ IN THE NUMBER (NDIS) OF DISTINCT        LEV02230
C      EIGENVALUES OF T(1,MEV) THAT WERE COMPUTED BUT THIS VALUE IS     LEV02240
C      NOT USED IN THE EIGENVECTOR COMPUTATIONS.                       LEV02250
C                                                                    LEV02260
      READ(3,80) NGOOD,NDIS,MEV,NOLD,SVSEED,MATOLD                   LEV02270
80  FORMAT(4I6,I12,I8)                                              LEV02280
C                                                                    LEV02290
C      READ IN THE T-MULTIPLICITY TOLERANCE USED IN THE BISEC SUBROUTINE LEV02300
C      DURING THE COMPUTATION OF THE GIVEN EIGENVALUES.                LEV02310
C      ALSO READ IN THE FLAG IB. IF IB < 0, THEN SOME BETA(I) IN THE    LEV02320
C      T-MATRIX FILE PROVIDED ON FILE 2 FAILED THE ORTHOGONALITY        LEV02330
C      TEST IN THE TNORM SUBROUTINE. USER SHOULD NOTE THAT THIS VECTOR LEV02340
C      PROGRAM PROCEEDS INDEPENDENTLY OF THE SIZE OF THE BETA USED.     LEV02350
C                                                                    LEV02360
      READ(3,90) MULTOL,IB,BTOL                                       LEV02370
90  FORMAT(E20.12,I6,E13.4)                                          LEV02380
C                                                                    LEV02390
      TEMP = DFLOAT(MEV+1000)                                         LEV02400
      TTOL = MULTOL/TEMP                                              LEV02410
      WRITE(6,100) MULTOL,TTOL                                         LEV02420
100 FORMAT(/' T-MULTIPLICITY TOLERANCE USED IN THE EIGENVALUE COMPUTATLEV02430
      IONS WAS',E13.4/' SCALED MACHINE EPSILON IS',E13.4)            LEV02440
C                                                                    LEV02450
C      CONTINUE WRITE TO FILE 6 OF THE PARAMETERS FOR THIS RUN         LEV02460
C                                                                    LEV02470
      WRITE(6,110)NGOOD,NDIS,MEV,NOLD,MATOLD,SVSEED,MULTOL,IB,BTOL   LEV02480
110 FORMAT(/' EIGENVALUES SUPPLIED ARE READ IN FROM FILE 3'/' FILE 3  LEV02490
      1HEADER IS'/4X,'NG',2X,'NDIS',3X,'MEV',2X,'NOLD',2X,'MATOLD',4X,  LEV02500
      1'SVSEED',6X,'MULTOL',6X,'IB',9X,'BTOL'/4I6,I8,I10,E12.3,I8,E13.4/)LEV02510
C                                                                    LEV02520
C      IS THE ARRAY RITVEC LONG ENOUGH TO HOLD ALL OF THE DESIRED      LEV02530
C      RITZ VECTORS (APPROXIMATE EIGENVECTORS)?                         LEV02540
      NMAX = NGOOD*N                                                  LEV02550
      IF(MBOUND.NE.0) GO TO 120                                        LEV02560
      IF(TVSTOP.NE.1.AND.NMAX.GT.MDIMRV) GO TO 1310                  LEV02570
C                                                                    LEV02580
C      CHECK THAT THE ORDER N AND THE MATRIX IDENTIFICATION NUMBER      LEV02590
C      MATNO SPECIFIED BY THE USER AGREE WITH THOSE READ IN FROM       LEV02600
C      FILE 3.                                                           LEV02610
120 ITEMP = (NOLD-N)**2+(MATOLD-MATNO)**2                             LEV02620
      IF (ITEMP.NE.0) GO TO 1330                                       LEV02630
C                                                                    LEV02640
C      READ IN FROM FILE 3, THE T-MULTIPLICITIES OF THE EIGENVALUES    LEV02650

```



```

C      WHOSE EIGENVECTORS ARE TO BE COMPUTED, THE VALUES OF THESE      LEV02660
C      EIGENVALUES AND THEIR MINIMAL GAPS AS EIGENVALUES OF THE          LEV02670
C      USER-SPECIFIED MATRIX AND AS EIGENVALUES OF THE T-MATRIX.        LEV02680
C                                                                           LEV02690
      READ(3,20) EXPLAN                                                    LEV02700
      READ(3,130) (MP(J),GOODEV(J),TMINGP(J),AMINGP(J), J=1,NGOOD)      LEV02710
130  FORMAT(6X,I6,E25.16,2E14.3)                                          LEV02720
C                                                                           LEV02730
      WRITE(6,140) (J,GOODEV(J),MP(J),TMINGP(J),AMINGP(J), J=1,NGOOD)  LEV02740
140  FORMAT(/' EIGENVALUES READ IN, T-MULTIPLICITIES, T-GAPS AND A-GAPS' LEV02750
      1 '/4X,' J ',5X,'GOOD EIGENVALUE',5X,'MULT',4X,' TMINGAP ',4X,    LEV02760
      1' AMINGAP '/(I6,E25.16,I4,2E15.4))                                  LEV02770
C                                                                           LEV02780
C      READ IN ERROR ESTIMATES                                           LEV02790
      WRITE(6,150) MEV,SVSEED                                             LEV02800
150  FORMAT(/' THESE EIGENVALUES WERE COMPUTED USING A T-MATRIX OF      LEV02810
      10ORDER ',I5/' AND SEED FOR RANDOM NUMBER GENERATOR =' ,I12)      LEV02820
C      CHECK WHETHER OR NOT THERE ARE ANY T-ISOLATED EIGENVALUES IN      LEV02830
C      THE EIGENVALUES PROVIDED                                          LEV02840
      DO 160 J=1,NGOOD                                                    LEV02850
      IF(MP(J).EQ.1) GO TO 170                                             LEV02860
160  CONTINUE                                                            LEV02870
      GO TO 190                                                            LEV02880
170  READ(4,20) EXPLAN                                                    LEV02890
      READ(4,20) EXPLAN                                                    LEV02900
      READ(4,20) EXPLAN                                                    LEV02910
      READ(4,180) NISO                                                    LEV02920
180  FORMAT(18X,I6)                                                      LEV02930
      READ(4,20) EXPLAN                                                    LEV02940
      READ(4,20) EXPLAN                                                    LEV02950
      READ(4,20) EXPLAN                                                    LEV02960
190  DO 220 J=1,NGOOD                                                    LEV02970
      ERR(J) = 0.D0                                                       LEV02980
      IF(MP(J).NE.1) GO TO 220                                            LEV02990
      READ(4,200) EVAL, ERR(J)                                            LEV03000
200  FORMAT(10X,E25.16,E14.3)                                             LEV03010
      IF(DABS(EVAL - GOODEV(J)).LT.1.D-10) GO TO 220                     LEV03020
      WRITE(6,210) EVAL,GOODEV(J)                                         LEV03030
210  FORMAT(' PROBLEM WITH READ IN OF ERROR ESTIMATES'/' EIGENVALUE REALEV03040
      1D IN',E20.12,' DOES NOT MATCH GOODEV(J) =' /E20.12)             LEV03050
      GO TO 1550                                                          LEV03060
C                                                                           LEV03070
220  CONTINUE                                                            LEV03080
C                                                                           LEV03090
      WRITE(6,230) (J,GOODEV(J),ERR(J), J=1,NGOOD)                      LEV03100
230  FORMAT(' ERROR ESTMATES =' /4X,' J ',5X,'EIGENVALUE',10X,' ESTIMATE LEV03110
      1'/(I6,E20.12,E14.3))                                              LEV03120
C                                                                           LEV03130
      IF(IREAD.EQ.0) GO TO 330                                           LEV03140
C                                                                           LEV03150
C      READ IN THE SIZE OF THE T-MATRIX PROVIDED ON FILE 2. READ IN      LEV03160
C      THE ORDER OF THE USER-SPECIFIED MATRIX , THE SEED FOR THE        LEV03170
C      RANDOM NUMBER GENERATOR, AND THE MATRIX/TEST IDENTIFICATION        LEV03180
C      NUMBER THAT WERE USED IN THE LANCZOS EIGENVALUE COMPUTATIONS.      LEV03190
C      THESE ARE USED IN A CONSISTENCY CHECK                             LEV03200

```

```

C      IF FLAG IREAD = 0 REGENERATE ALPHA, BETA                                LEV03210
C                                                                                   LEV03220
      READ(2,240) KMAX,NOLD,SVSOLD,MATOLD                                       LEV03230
240  FORMAT(2I6,I12,I8)                                                         LEV03240
C                                                                                   LEV03250
      WRITE(6,250) KMAX,NOLD,SVSOLD,MATOLD                                       LEV03260
250  FORMAT(/' READ IN THE T-MATRICES STORED ON FILE 2'/' FILE 2 HEADERLEV03270
      1 IS'/2X,'KMAX',2X,'NOLD',6X,'SVSOLD',2X,'MATOLD'/2I6,I12,I8/)           LEV03280
C                                                                                   LEV03290
C      CHECK THAT THE ORDER, THE MATRIX/TEST IDENTIFICATION NUMBER              LEV03300
C      AND THE SEED FOR THE RANDOM NUMBER GENERATOR USED IN THE                LEV03310
C      LANZOS COMPUTATIONS THAT GENERATED THE ALPHA,BETA FILE                 LEV03320
C      BEING USED AGREE WITH WHAT THE USER HAS SPECIFIED.                     LEV03330
C      IF (NOLD.NE.N.OR.MATOLD.NE.MATNO.OR.SVSOLD.NE.SVSEED) GO TO 1350        LEV03340
C                                                                                   LEV03350
      KMAX1 = KMAX + 1                                                           LEV03360
C                                                                                   LEV03370
C      READ IN THE T-MATRICES FROM FILE 2.  THESE ARE USED TO GENERATE          LEV03380
C      THE T-EIGENVECTORS THAT WILL BE USED IN THE RITZ VECTOR                 LEV03390
C      COMPUTATIONS.  HISTORY MUST BE STORED IN MACHINE FORMAT                 LEV03400
C      ((4Z20) FOR IBM/3081)                                                    LEV03410
C                                                                                   LEV03420
      READ(2,260) (ALPHA(J), J=1,KMAX)                                           LEV03430
      READ(2,260) (BETA(J), J=1,KMAX1)                                           LEV03440
260  FORMAT(4Z20)                                                                LEV03450
C                                                                                   LEV03460
      READ(2,260) (V1(J), J=1,N)                                                 LEV03470
      READ(2,260) (V2(J), J=1,N)                                                 LEV03480
C                                                                                   LEV03490
C      KMAX MAY BE ENLARGED IF THE SIZE AT WHICH THE EIGENVALUE                LEV03500
C      COMPUTATIONS WERE PERFORMED IS ESSENTIALLY KMAX AND                     LEV03510
C      THERE IS AT LEAST ONE EIGENVALUE THAT IS T-SIMPLE AND                   LEV03520
C      T-ISOLATED, IN THE SENSE THAT IF ITS NEAREST NEIGHBOR IS TOO            LEV03530
C      CLOSE THAT NEIGHBOR IS A 'GOOD' T-EIGENVALUE.                          LEV03540
      DO 270 J = 1,NGOOD                                                         LEV03550
      IF(MP(J).EQ.1) GO TO 290                                                    LEV03560
270  CONTINUE                                                                    LEV03570
      WRITE(6,280)                                                                LEV03580
280  FORMAT(/' ALL EIGENVALUES USED ARE T-MULTIPLE OR CLOSE TO SPURIOUSLEV03590
      1 T-EIGENVALUES'/' SO KMAX IS NOT INCREASED')                             LEV03600
      IF(KMAX.LT.MEV) GO TO 1370                                                  LEV03610
      GO TO 310                                                                  LEV03620
C                                                                                   LEV03630
290  KMAXN= 11*MEV/8 + 12                                                         LEV03640
      IF(MBETA.LE.KMAXN) GO TO 1530                                              LEV03650
      IF(KMAX.GE.KMAXN ) GO TO 310                                              LEV03660
      WRITE(6,300) KMAX, KMAXN                                                  LEV03670
300  FORMAT(' ENLARGE KMAX FROM ',I6,' TO ',I6)                                LEV03680
      MOLD1 = KMAX + 1                                                           LEV03690
      KMAX = KMAXN                                                              LEV03700
      GO TO 380                                                                  LEV03710
C                                                                                   LEV03720
310  WRITE(6,320) KMAX                                                           LEV03730
320  FORMAT(/' T-MATRICES HAVE BEEN READ IN FROM FILE 2'/' THE LARGEST LEV03740
      1SIZE T-MATRIX ALLOWED IS',I6/)                                           LEV03750

```

```

C                                                    LEV03760
      IF(IREAD.EQ.1) GO TO 400                        LEV03770
C                                                    LEV03780
      REGENERATE THE ALPHA AND BETA                  LEV03790
C                                                    LEV03800
330 MOLD1 = 1                                         LEV03810
C                                                    LEV03820
      DO 340 J = 1,NGOOD                             LEV03830
      IF(MP(J).EQ.1) GO TO 360                       LEV03840
340 CONTINUE                                         LEV03850
      KMAX = MEV + 12                                LEV03860
      WRITE(6,350) KMAX                              LEV03870
350 FORMAT(/' ALL EIGENVALUES FOR WHICH EIGENVECTORS ARE TO BE COMPUTE
1D ARE EITHER T-MULTIPLE OR CLOSE TO'/' A SPURIOUS T-EIGENVALUE. TH
1EREFOR SET KMAX = MEV + 12 = ',I7)                LEV03900
      GO TO 380                                       LEV03910
C                                                    LEV03920
360 KMAXN = 11*MEV/8 + 12                           LEV03930
      IF(MBETA.LE.KMAXN) GO TO 1530                  LEV03940
      WRITE(6,370) KMAXN                             LEV03950
370 FORMAT(' SET KMAX EQUAL TO ',I6)                LEV03960
      KMAX = KMAXN                                   LEV03970
C                                                    LEV03980
380 WRITE(6,390) MOLD1,KMAX                          LEV03990
390 FORMAT(/' LANCZS SUBROUTINE GENERATES ALPHA(J), BETA(J+1), J = ',
1 I6,' TO ', I6/)                                  LEV04000
C                                                    LEV04010
C                                                    LEV04020
C-----LEV04030
C                                                    LEV04040
      IIX = SVSEED                                    LEV04050
      CALL LANCZS(CMATV,ALPHA,BETA,V1,V2,G,KMAX,MOLD1,N,IIX) LEV04060
C                                                    LEV04070
C-----LEV04080
C                                                    LEV04090
400 CONTINUE                                         LEV04100
C                                                    LEV04110
C THE SUBROUTINE STURMI DETERMINES THE SMALLEST SIZE T-MATRIX FOR LEV04120
C WHICH THE EIGENVALUE IN QUESTION IS A T-EIGENVALUE (TO WITHIN A LEV04130
C GIVEN TOLERANCE) AND IF POSSIBLE THE SMALLEST SIZE T-MATRIX LEV04140
C FOR WHICH IT IS A DOUBLE T-EIGENVALUE (TO WITHIN THE SAME LEV04150
C TOLERANCE). THE SIZE T-MATRIX USED IN THE RITZ VECTOR LEV04160
C COMPUTATIONS IS THEN DETERMINED BY LOOPING ON SIZE OF THE LEV04170
C T-EIGENVECTORS STARTING WITH A T-SIZE DETERMINED FROM THE LEV04180
C OUTPUT FROM STURMI.                                LEV04190
C                                                    LEV04200
C                                                    LEV04210
      STUTOL = SCALEO*MULTOL                          LEV04220
      IF(IWRITE.EQ.1) WRITE(6,410)                  LEV04230
410 FORMAT(' FROM STURMI')                          LEV04240
      DO 450 J = 1,NGOOD                             LEV04250
      EVAL = GOODEV(J)                               LEV04260
C COMPUTE THE TOLERANCES USED BY STURMI TO DETERMINE AN INTERVAL LEV04270
C CONTAINING THE EIGENVALUE EVAL.                   LEV04280
      TEMP = DABS(EVAL)*RELTOL                       LEV04290
      TOLN = DMAX1(TEMP,STUTOL)                     LEV04300

```

```

C                                                    LEV04310
C-----LEV04320
C                                                    LEV04330
      CALL STURMI(ALPHA,BETA,EVAL,TOLN,EPSM,KMAX,MK1,MK2,IC,IWRITE) LEV04340
C                                                    LEV04350
C-----LEV04360
C                                                    LEV04370
C      STORE THE COMPUTED ORDERS OF T-MATRICES FOR LATER PRINTOUT LEV04380
      M1(J) = MK1 LEV04390
      M2(J) = MK2 LEV04400
      ML(J) = (MK1 + 3*MK2)/4 LEV04410
      IF(MK2.EQ.KMAX) ML(J) = KMAX LEV04420
C                                                    LEV04430
      IF(IC.GT.0) GO TO 430 LEV04440
C      IC = 0 MEANS THERE WAS NO EIGENVALUE IN THE DESIGNATED INTERVAL LEV04450
C      BY T-SIZE KMAX. THIS MEANS THAT THE EIGENVALUE PROVIDED HAS LEV04460
C      NOT YET CONVERGED SO ITS EIGENVECTOR WILL NOT BE COMPUTED. LEV04470
      WRITE(6,420) J,GOODEV(J),MK1,MK2 LEV04480
420 FORMAT(I6,'TH EIGENVALUE',E20.12,' HAS NOT CONVERGED '/ LEV04490
      1' SO DO NOT COMPUTE ANY T-EIGENVECTOR OR RITZ VECTOR FOR IT' LEV04500
      1/' MK1 AND MK2 FOR THIS EIGENVALUE WERE',2I6) LEV04510
      MP(J) = MPMIN LEV04520
      MA(J) = -2*KMAX LEV04530
      GO TO 450 LEV04540
C      COMPUTE AN APPROPRIATE SIZE T-MATRIX FOR THE GIVEN EIGENVALUE. LEV04550
430 IF(M2(J).EQ.KMAX) GO TO 440 LEV04560
C      M1 AND M2 WERE BOTH DETERMINED LEV04570
      MA(J) = (3*M1(J) + M2(J))/4 + 1 LEV04580
      GO TO 450 LEV04590
C      M2 NOT DETERMINED LEV04600
440 MA(J) = (5*M1(J))/4 + 1 LEV04610
C                                                    LEV04620
450 CONTINUE LEV04630
C                                                    LEV04640
      IF (IWRITE.EQ.1) WRITE(6,460) (MA(JJ), JJ=1,NGOOD) LEV04650
460 FORMAT('/' 1ST GUESS AT APPROPRIATE SIZE T-MATRICES'/ LEV04660
      1 ' ACTUAL VALUES WILL PROBABLY BE 1/4 AGAIN AS MUCH'/(13I6)) LEV04670
C                                                    LEV04680
C      PRINT OUT TO FILE 10 1ST GUESSES AT SIZES OF THE T-MATRICES TO LEV04690
C      BE USED IN THE EIGENVECTOR COMPUTATIONS. LEV04700
C      PROGRAM LOOPS ON T-SIZE TO DETERMINE APPROPRIATE SIZE T-MATRIX. LEV04710
      WRITE(10,470) N,KMAX LEV04720
470 FORMAT(2I8,' = ORDER OF USER MATRIX AND MAX ORDER OF T(1,MEV)') LEV04730
C                                                    LEV04740
      WRITE(10,480) LEV04750
480 FORMAT('/' 1ST GUESS AT APPROPRIATE SIZE T-MATRICES'/ LEV04760
      1 ' ACTUAL VALUES WILL PROBABLY BE 1/4 AGAIN AS MUCH'//) LEV04770
C                                                    LEV04780
      WRITE(10,490) LEV04790
490 FORMAT(4X,'J',4X,'A-EIGENVALUE',4X,'M1(J)',1X,'M2(J)',1X,'MA(J)') LEV04800
C                                                    LEV04810
      WRITE(10,500) (J,GOODEV(J),M1(J),M2(J), MA(J), J=1,NGOOD) LEV04820
500 FORMAT(I5,E19.12,3I6) LEV04830
C                                                    LEV04840
      IF(MBOUND.EQ.1) WRITE(10,510) LEV04850

```

```

510 FORMAT(/' EV = GOODEV(J) IS A GOOD EIGENVALUE OF T(1,MEV)'/      LEV04860
1' M1 = SMALLEST VALUE OF M SUCH THAT T(1,M) HAS AT LEAST'/        LEV04870
1' ONE EIGENVALUE IN THE INTERVAL (EV-TOLN,EV+TOLN)'/              LEV04880
1' TOLN(J) = DMAX1(GOODEV(J)*RELTOL, SCALE0*MULTOL)'/              LEV04890
1' M2 = SMALLEST M (IF ANY) SUCH THAT IN THE ABOVE INTERVAL'/      LEV04900
1' T(1,M) HAS AT LEAST TWO EIGENVALUES '/                          LEV04910
1' IABS(MA(J)) = APPROPRIATE SIZE T-MATRIX FOR GOODEV(J)'/        LEV04920
1' INITIAL VALUE OF MA(J) IS CHOSEN HEURISTICALLY'/               LEV04930
1' PROGRAM LOOPS ON SIZE OF T-MATRIX TO GET BETTER SIZE'/         LEV04940
1' END OF SIZES OF T-MATRICES FILE 10'///)                          LEV04950
C                                                                    LEV04960
C TERMINATE AFTER COMPUTING 1ST GUESSES AT SIZES OF THE             LEV04970
C T-MATRICES REQUIRED FOR THE GIVEN EIGENVALUES?                     LEV04980
IF(MBOUND.EQ.1) GO TO 1390                                          LEV04990
C                                                                    LEV05000
C IS THERE ROOM FOR ALL OF THE REQUESTED T-EIGENVECTORS?           LEV05010
MTOL = 0                                                            LEV05020
DO 520 J = 1,NGOOD                                                  LEV05030
IF(MP(J).EQ.MPMIN) GO TO 520                                        LEV05040
MTOL = MTOL + IABS(MA(J))                                           LEV05050
520 CONTINUE                                                        LEV05060
MTOL = (5*MTOL)/4                                                  LEV05070
IF(MTOL.GT.MDIMTV.AND.NTVCON.EQ.0) GO TO 1410                      LEV05080
C                                                                    LEV05090
C-----LEV05100
C GENERATE A RANDOM VECTOR TO BE USED REPEATEDLY BY                LEV05110
C SUBROUTINE INVERM                                                LEV05120
C                                                                    LEV05130
CALL GENRAN(RHSEED,G,KMAX)                                          LEV05140
C                                                                    LEV05150
C-----LEV05160
C                                                                    LEV05170
C LOOP ON GIVEN EIGENVALUES TO COMPUTE THE CORRESPONDING           LEV05180
C T-EIGENVECTOR.                                                  LEV05190
C                                                                    LEV05200
MTOL = 0                                                            LEV05210
NTVEC = 0                                                            LEV05220
ILBIS = 0                                                            LEV05230
DO 710 J = 1,NGOOD                                                  LEV05240
ICOUNT = 0                                                           LEV05250
ERRMIN = 10.DO                                                       LEV05260
MABEST = MPMIN                                                       LEV05270
IF(MP(J).EQ.MPMIN) GO TO 710                                         LEV05280
TFLAG = 0                                                            LEV05290
EVAL = GOODEV(J)                                                     LEV05300
TEMP = DABS(EVAL)*RELTOL                                             LEV05310
UB = EVAL + DMAX1(STUTOL,TEMP)                                       LEV05320
LB = EVAL - DMAX1(STUTOL,TEMP)                                       LEV05330
530 KMAXU = IABS(MA(J))                                              LEV05340
C                                                                    LEV05350
C SELECT A SUITABLE INCREMENT FOR THE ORDERS OF THE T-MATRICES    LEV05360
C TO BE CONSIDERED IN DETERMINING APPROPRIATE SIZES FOR THE RITZ  LEV05370
C VECTOR COMPUTATIONS.                                             LEV05380
IF(ICOUNT.GT.0) GO TO 550                                           LEV05390
C SELECT IDELTA(J) BASED UPON THE T-MULTIPLICITY OBTAINED         LEV05400

```

```

      IF(M2(J).EQ.KMAX) GO TO 540                                LEV05410
C      M2 DETERMINED                                           LEV05420
      IDELTA(J) = ((3*M1(J) + 5*M2(J))/8 + 1 - IABS(MA(J)))/10 + 1 LEV05430
      GO TO 550                                                LEV05440
C      M2 NOT DETERMINED                                       LEV05450
540  MAMAX = MINO((11*MEV)/8 + 12, (13*M1(J))/8 + 1)          LEV05460
      IDELTA(J) = (MAMAX - IABS(MA(J)))/10 + 1                LEV05470
550  ICOUNT = ICOUNT + 1                                    LEV05480
C                                                            LEV05490
C-----LEV05500
C      TO MIMIMIZE THE EFFECT OF THE ONE-SIDED ACCEPTANCE TEST FOR LEV05510
C      EIGENVALUES IN THE BISEC SUBROUTINE, RECOMPUTE THE GIVEN LEV05520
C      EIGENVALUE AT THE SPECIFIED KMAXU                       LEV05530
C                                                            LEV05540
      CALL LBISEC(ALPHA,BETA,EPSM,EVAL,EVALN,LB,UB,TTOL,KMAXU,NEVT) LEV05550
C                                                            LEV05560
C-----LEV05570
C                                                            LEV05580
C      CHECK WHETHER OR NOT GIVEN T-MATRIX HAS AN EIGENVALUE IN THE LEV05590
C      SPECIFIED INTERVAL AND IF SO WHAT ITS T-MULTIPLICITY IS. LEV05600
C                                                            LEV05610
      IF(NEVT.EQ.1) GO TO 590                                  LEV05620
      IF(NEVT.NE.0) GO TO 570                                  LEV05630
      ILBIS = 1                                                LEV05640
      WRITE(6,560) EVAL,KMAXU                                  LEV05650
560  FORMAT(/' PROBLEM ENCOUNTERED IN RECOMPUTATION OF USER-SUPPLIED EILEV05660
1GENVALUE',E20.12/' THE SIZE T-MATRIX SPECIFIED',I6,' DOES NOT LEV05670
1HAVE AN EIGENVALUE IN THE INTERVAL SPECIFIED'/' THEREFORE NO EIGENLEV05680
1VECTOR WILL BE COMPUTED FOR THIS PARTICULAR EIGENVALUE'/) LEV05690
      GO TO 610                                                LEV05700
C                                                            LEV05710
570  IF(NEVT.GT.1) WRITE(6,580) EVAL,KMAXU                    LEV05720
580  FORMAT(/' PROBLEM ENCOUNTERED IN RECOMPUTATION OF USER-SUPPLIED LEV05730
1EIGENVALUE',E20.12/' FOR THE SIZE T-MATRIX SPECIFIED =',I6,' THE LEV05740
1GIVEN EIGENVALUE IS T-MULTIPLE IN THE INTERVAL SPECIFIED'/' SOMETHLEV05750
1ING IS WRONG, THEREFORE NO EIGENVECTOR WILL BE COMPUTED FOR THIS ELEV05760
1EIGENVALUE'/)                                               LEV05770
C                                                            LEV05780
      MP(J) = MPMIN                                           LEV05790
      MA(J) = -2*KMAX                                         LEV05800
      GO TO 710                                                LEV05810
C                                                            LEV05820
590  CONTINUE                                                 LEV05830
      ILBIS = 0                                               LEV05840
C                                                            LEV05850
      EVNEW(J) = EVALN                                         LEV05860
      EVAL = EVALN                                             LEV05870
      MTOL = MTOL+KMAXU                                        LEV05880
C                                                            LEV05890
C      IS THERE ROOM IN TVEC ARRAY FOR THE NEXT T-EIGENVECTOR? LEV05900
C      IF NOT, SKIP TO RITZ VECTOR COMPUTATIONS.             LEV05910
C      IF (MTOL.GT.MDIMTV) GO TO 720                          LEV05920
C                                                            LEV05930
      IT = 3                                                  LEV05940
      KINT = MTOL - KMAXU +1                                  LEV05950

```

```

C                                                    LEV05960
C   RECORD THE BEGINNING AND END OF THE T-EIGENVECTOR BEING COMPUTED LEV05970
C   MINT(J) = KINT                                                    LEV05980
C   MFIN(J) = MTOL                                                    LEV05990
C                                                                    LEV06000
C-----LEV06010
C   SUBROUTINE INVERM DOES INVERSE ITERATION, I.E. SOLVES           LEV06020
C   (T(1,KMAXU) - EVAL)*U = RHS  FOR EACH EIGENVALUE TO OBTAIN THE LEV06030
C   DESIRED T-EIGENVECTOR.                                           LEV06040
C                                                                    LEV06050
C   IF(IWRITE.EQ.1) WRITE(6,600) J                                   LEV06060
600 FORMAT(/I6,'TH EIGENVALUE')                                     LEV06070
C                                                                    LEV06080
C   CALL INVERM(ALPHA,BETA,V1,TVEC(KINT),EVAL,ERROR,TERROR,EPSM,    LEV06090
1 G,KMAXU,IT,IWRITE)                                               LEV06100
C                                                                    LEV06110
C-----LEV06120
C                                                                    LEV06130
C   TERR(J) = TERROR                                                 LEV06140
C   TLAST(J) = ERROR                                                 LEV06150
C   KMAXU1 = KMAXU + 1                                               LEV06160
C   TBETA(J) = BETA(KMAXU1)*ERROR                                    LEV06170
C                                                                    LEV06180
C   AFTER EACH OF THE T-EIGENVECTORS IS COMPUTED, THE              LEV06190
C   SIZE OF THE ERROR ESTIMATE, ERROR IS CHECKED.                  LEV06200
C   IF THIS ESTIMATE IS NOT AS SMALL AS DESIRED AND                 LEV06210
C   |MA(J)| < ML(J), PROGRAM ATTEMPTS TO INCREASE THE SIZE OF |MA(J)| LEV06220
C   AND REPEAT THE T-EIGENVECTOR COMPUTATIONS.                     LEV06230
C                                                                    LEV06240
C   IF(ERROR.LT.ERTOL.OR.TFLAG.EQ.1) GO TO 700                     LEV06250
C                                                                    LEV06260
C   IF(ERROR.GE.ERRMIN) GO TO 610                                    LEV06270
C   LAST COMPONENT IS LESS THAN MINIMAL TO DATE                     LEV06280
C   ERRMIN = ERROR                                                  LEV06290
C   MABEST = MA(J)                                                  LEV06300
610 CONTINUE                                                       LEV06310
C                                                                    LEV06320
C   IF(MA(J).GT.0) ITEST = MA(J) + IDELTA(J)                       LEV06330
C   IF(MA(J).LT.0) ITEST = -(IABS(MA(J)) + IDELTA(J))               LEV06340
C   IF(IABS(ITEST).LE.ML(J).AND.ICOUNT.LE.10) GO TO 630             LEV06350
C   NEW MA(J) IS GREATER THAN MAXIMUM ALLOWED.                     LEV06360
C   IF(ERCONT.EQ.0.OR.MABEST.EQ.MPMIN) GO TO 650                   LEV06370
C   TFLAG = 1                                                        LEV06380
C   MA(J) = MABEST                                                  LEV06390
C   IF(ILBIS.EQ.0) MTOL = MTOL - KMAXU                             LEV06400
C   WRITE(6,620) MA(J)                                              LEV06410
620 FORMAT(' 10 ORDERS WERE CONSIDERED. NONE SATISFIED THE ERROR TESTLEV06420
1 '/' THEREFORE USE THE BEST ORDER OBTAINED FOR THE EIGENVECTORS' LEV06430
1,I6)                                                              LEV06440
C   GO TO 530                                                        LEV06450
C                                                                    LEV06460
630 MA(J) = ITEST                                                  LEV06470
C                                                                    LEV06480
C   MT = IABS(MA(J))                                                LEV06490
C   IF(IWRITE.EQ.1) WRITE(6,640) MT                                LEV06500

```

```

640 FORMAT(/' CHANGE SIZE OF T-MATRIX TO ',I6,' RECOMPUTE T-EIGENVECTOLEV06510
1R')
C
IF(ILBIS.EQ.0) MTOL = MTOL - KMAXU
C
GO TO 530
C
C APPROPRIATE SIZE T-MATRIX WAS NOT OBTAINED
650 CONTINUE
WRITE(10,660) J,EVAL,MP(J)
660 FORMAT(/' ON 10 INCREMENTS NOT ABLE TO IDENTIFY APPROPRIATE SIZE
1T-MATRIX FOR' /
1' EIGENVALUE(',I4,') = ',E20.12,' T-MULTIPLICITY = ',I4/)
IF(M2(J).EQ.KMAX) WRITE(10,670)
IF(M2(J).LT.KMAX) WRITE(10,680)
670 FORMAT(/' ORDERS TESTED RANGED FROM 5*M1(J)/4 TO APPROXIMATELY
1'/' MIN(11*MEV/8,13*M1(J)/8)') /)
680 FORMAT(/' ORDERS TESTED RANGED FROM (3*M1(J)+M2(J))/4 TO APPROXIMATELY
1TELY'/' (3*M1(J) + 5*M2(J))/8.') /)
WRITE(10,690)
690 FORMAT(' ALLOWING LARGER ORDERS FOR THE T-MATRICES MAY RESULT IN
1 SUCCESS'/' BUT PROBABLY WILL NOT. PROBLEM IS PROBABLY DUE TO'
1 /' LACK OF CONVERGENCE OF GIVEN EIGENVALUE, CHECK THE ERROR ESTIMATE' /)
MP(J) = MPMIN
IF(ILBIS.EQ.0) MTOL = MTOL - KMAXU
GO TO 710
700 NTVEC = NTVEC + 1
C
710 CONTINUE
NGOODC = NGOOD
GO TO 740
C
C COME HERE IF THERE IS NOT ENOUGH ROOM FOR ALL OF T-EIGENVECTORS
720 NGOODC = J-1
WRITE(6,730) J, MTOL, MDIMTV
730 FORMAT(/' NOT ENOUGH ROOM IN TVEC FOR ',I4,'TH T-VECTOR'/' T-DIMENSION
1ENSION REQUESTED = ',I6,' BUT TVEC HAS DIMENSION = ',I6/)
IF(NGOODC.EQ.0) GO TO 1430
MTOL = MTOL-KMAXU
C
740 CONTINUE
C
C THE LOOP ON T-EIGENVECTOR COMPUTATIONS IS COMPLETE.
C WRITE OUT THE SIZE T-MATRICES THAT WILL BE USED FOR
C THE RITZ VECTOR COMPUTATIONS.
C
WRITE(10,750)
750 FORMAT(/' SIZES OF T-MATRICES THAT WILL BE USED IN THE RITZ COMPUTATIONS' /5X,
1'J',16X,'GOODEV(J)',1X,'MA(J)')
C
WRITE(10,760) (J,GOODEV(J),MA(J), J=1,NGOOD)
760 FORMAT(I6,E25.14,I6)
WRITE(10,510)
C

```



```

      WRITE(6,770) MTOL                                LEV07060
770 FORMAT(/' THE CUMULATIVE LENGTH OF THE T-EIGENVECTORS IS',I18)  LEV07070
C                                                                LEV07080
      WRITE(6,780) NTVEC,NGOOD                          LEV07090
780 FORMAT(/I6,' T-EIGENVECTORS OUT OF',I6,' REQUESTED WERE COMPUTED') LEV07100
C                                                                LEV07110
C      SAVE THE T-EIGENVECTORS ON FILE 11?              LEV07120
      IF(TVSTOP.NE.1.AND.SVTVEC.EQ.0) GO TO 840          LEV07130
C                                                                LEV07140
      WRITE(11,790) NTVEC,MTOL,MATNO,SVSEED            LEV07150
790 FORMAT(I6,3I12,' = NTVEC,MTOL,MATNO,SVSEED')      LEV07160
C                                                                LEV07170
      DO 820 J=1,NGOODC                                LEV07180
C      IF MP(J) = MPMIN THEN NO SUITABLE T-EIGENVECTOR IS AVAILABLE LEV07190
C      FOR THAT EIGENVALUE.                            LEV07200
      IF(MP(J).EQ.MPMIN) WRITE(11,800) J,MA(J),GOODEV(J),MP(J) LEV07210
800 FORMAT(2I6,E20.12,I6/' TH EIGVAL,T-SIZE,EVALUE,FLAG,NO EIGVEC') LEV07220
      IF(MP(J).NE.MPMIN) WRITE(11,810) J,MA(J),GOODEV(J),MP(J) LEV07230
810 FORMAT(I6,I6,E20.12,I6/' T-EIGVEC,SIZE T,EVALUE OF A,MP(J)') LEV07240
      IF(MP(J).EQ.MPMIN) GO TO 820                     LEV07250
      KI = MINT(J)                                     LEV07260
      KF = MFIN(J)                                     LEV07270
C                                                                LEV07280
      WRITE(11,260) (TVEC(K), K=KI,KF)                 LEV07290
C                                                                LEV07300
820 CONTINUE                                           LEV07310
C                                                                LEV07320
      IF(TVSTOP.NE.1) GO TO 840                        LEV07330
C                                                                LEV07340
      WRITE(6,830) TVSTOP, NTVEC,NGOOD                LEV07350
830 FORMAT(/' USER SET TVSTOP = ',I1/                LEV07360
      1' THEREFORE PROGRAM TERMINATES AFTER T-EIGENVECTOR COMPUTATIONS'/ LEV07370
      1' T-EIGENVECTORS THAT WERE COMPUTED ARE SAVED ON FILE 11'/    LEV07380
      1I8,' T-EIGENVECTORS WERE COMPUTED OUT OF',I7,' REQUESTED'/) LEV07390
C                                                                LEV07400
      GO TO 1550                                       LEV07410
C                                                                LEV07420
840 CONTINUE                                           LEV07430
C      IF NOT ABLE TO COMPUTE ALL THE REQUESTED T-EIGENVECTORS,    LEV07440
C      CONTINUE WITH THE LANCZOS VECTOR COMPUTATIONS ANYWAY?      LEV07450
      IF(NTVEC.NE.NGOOD.AND.LVCONT.EQ.0) GO TO 1450    LEV07460
C                                                                LEV07470
C      COMPUTE THE MAXIMUM SIZE OF THE T-MATRIX USED FOR THOSE    LEV07480
C      EIGENVALUES WITH GOOD ERROR ESTIMATES.                  LEV07490
C                                                                LEV07500
      KMAXU = 0                                         LEV07510
      DO 850 J = 1,NGOODC                             LEV07520
      MT = IABS(MA(J))                                 LEV07530
      IF(MT.LT.KMAXU.OR.MP(J).EQ.MPMIN) GO TO 850      LEV07540
      KMAXU = MT                                       LEV07550
850 CONTINUE                                           LEV07560
C                                                                LEV07570
      IF(KMAXU.EQ.0) GO TO 1490                        LEV07580
C                                                                LEV07590
      WRITE(6,860) KMAXU                               LEV07600

```

```

860 FORMAT(/I6,' = LARGEST SIZE T-MATRIX TO BE USED IN THE RITZ VECTORLEV07610
1 COMPUTATIONS')                                LEV07620
C                                                    LEV07630
C   COUNT THE NUMBER OF RITZ VECTORS NOT BEING COMPUTED      LEV07640
MREJEC = 0                                          LEV07650
DO 870 J=1,NGOODC                                  LEV07660
870 IF(MP(J).EQ.MPMIN) MREJEC = MREJEC + 1        LEV07670
MREJET = MREJEC + (NGOOD-NGOODC)                  LEV07680
IF(MREJET.NE.0) WRITE(6,880) MREJET                LEV07690
880 FORMAT(/' RITZ VECTORS ARE NOT COMPUTED FOR',I6,' OF THE EIGENVALULEV07700
1ES'/)                                             LEV07710
NACT = NGOODC - MREJEC                             LEV07720
WRITE(6,890) NGOOD,NTVEC,NACT                     LEV07730
890 FORMAT(/I6,' RITZ VECTORS WERE REQUESTED'/I6,' T-EIGENVECTORS WERELEV07740
1 COMPUTED'/I6,' RITZ VECTORS WILL BE COMPUTED'/)  LEV07750
C   CHECK IF THERE ARE ANY RITZ VECTORS TO COMPUTE          LEV07760
IF(MREJEC.EQ.NGOODC) GO TO 1470                    LEV07770
C                                                    LEV07780
C   CONTINUE WITH THE LANCZOS VECTOR COMPUTATIONS?          LEV07790
IF(LVCONT.EQ.0.AND.MREJEC.NE.0) GO TO 1450         LEV07800
C                                                    LEV07810
C   NOW COMPUTE THE RITZ VECTORS. REGENERATE THE            LEV07820
C   LANCZOS VECTORS.                                         LEV07830
C                                                    LEV07840
DO 900 I = 1,NMAX                                  LEV07850
900 RITVEC(I) = ZERO                                LEV07860
C                                                    LEV07870
C-----LEV07880
C   REGENERATE THE STARTING VECTOR. THIS MUST BE GENERATED AND LEV07890
C   NORMALIZED PRECISELY THE WAY IT WAS DONE IN THE EIGENVALUE LEV07900
C   COMPUTATIONS, OTHERWISE THERE WILL BE A MISMATCH BETWEEN LEV07910
C   THE T-EIGENVECTORS THAT HAVE BEEN COMPUTED FROM THE T-MATRICES LEV07920
C   READ IN FROM FILE 2 AND THE LANCZOS VECTORS THAT ARE      LEV07930
C   BEING REGENERATED.                                       LEV07940
C                                                    LEV07950
IIL = SVSEED                                       LEV07960
CALL GENRAN(IIL,G,N)                                LEV07970
C                                                    LEV07980
C-----LEV07990
C                                                    LEV08000
DO 910 J = 1,N                                     LEV08010
910 V2(J) = G(J)                                       LEV08020
C                                                    LEV08030
SUM = FINPRO(N,V2(1),1,V2(1),1)                   LEV08040
SUM = ONE/DSQRT(SUM)                                LEV08050
C                                                    LEV08060
DO 920 J = 1,N                                     LEV08070
V1(J) = ZERO                                         LEV08080
920 V2(J) = V2(J)*SUM                                LEV08090
C                                                    LEV08100
C   LOOP FOR GENERATING RITZ VECTORS (IVEC = 1,KMAXU)        LEV08110
IVEC = 1                                             LEV08120
BATA = ZERO                                          LEV08130
C                                                    LEV08140
GO TO 980                                           LEV08150

```

```

C                                                    LEV08160
930 CONTINUE                                         LEV08170
C                                                    LEV08180
C      COMPUTE V1 = A*V2 - BATA*V1                 LEV08190
C                                                    LEV08200
C-----LEV08210
C                                                    LEV08220
C      CALL CMATV(V2,V1,BATA)                       LEV08230
C                                                    LEV08240
C-----LEV08250
C                                                    LEV08260
C      ALFA = FINPRO(N,V1(1),1,V2(1),1)             LEV08270
C                                                    LEV08280
C      DO 940 J = 1,N                               LEV08290
940 V1(J) = V1(J)-ALFA*V2(J)                       LEV08300
C                                                    LEV08310
C      BATA = FINPRO(N,V1(1),1,V1(1),1)             LEV08320
C      BATA = DSQRT(BATA)                           LEV08330
C      SUM = ONE/BATA                               LEV08340
C                                                    LEV08350
C      TEMP = BETA(IVEC)                             LEV08360
C      TEMP = DABS(BATA - TEMP)/TEMP                LEV08370
C      IF (TEMP.LT.1.0D-10)GO TO 960                LEV08380
C                                                    LEV08390
C      THE BETA BEING REGENERATED DO NOT MATCH THE BETA IN FILE 2. LEV08400
C      SOMETHING IS WRONG IN THE LANCZOS VECTOR GENERATION. LEV08410
C      PROGRAM TERMINATES FOR USER TO CORRECT THE PROBLEM LEV08420
C      WHICH MUST BE IN THE STARTING VECTOR GENERATION OR IN LEV08430
C      THE MATRIX-VECTOR MULTIPLY SUBROUTINE CMATV SUPPLIED. LEV08440
C      THIS SUBROUTINE MUST BE THE SAME ONE USED IN THE LEV08450
C      EIGENVALUE COMPUTATIONS OR A MISMATCH WILL ENSUE. LEV08460
C                                                    LEV08470
C      WRITE(6,950) IVEC,BATA,BETA(IVEC),TEMP       LEV08480
950 FORMAT(/2X,'IVEC',16X,'BATA',10X,'BETA(IVEC)',14X,'RELDIF'/I6, LEV08490
13E20.12/' IN LANCZOS VECTOR REGENERATION THE ENTRIES OF THE TRIDIALEV08500
1GONAL MATRICES BEING'/' GENERATED ARE NOT THE SAME AS THOSE IN THELEV08510
1 MATRIX SUPPLIED ON FILE 2.'/' THEREFORE SOMETHING IS BEING INITIALEV08520
1LIZED OR COMPUTED DIFFERENTLY FROM THE WAY'/' IT WAS COMPUTED IN TLEV08530
1HE EIGENVALUE COMPUTATIONS'/' THE PROGRAM TERMINATES FOR THE USER LEV08540
1TO DETERMINE WHAT THE PROBLEM IS'/)               LEV08550
GO TO 1550                                           LEV08560
C                                                    LEV08570
C                                                    LEV08580
960 CONTINUE                                         LEV08590
C      DO 970 J = 1,N                               LEV08600
C      TEMP = SUM*V1(J)                             LEV08610
C      V1(J) = V2(J)                                 LEV08620
970 V2(J) = TEMP                                     LEV08630
C                                                    LEV08640
C      980 CONTINUE                                  LEV08650
C                                                    LEV08660
C      LFIN = 0                                       LEV08670
C      DO 1000 J = 1,NGOODC                           LEV08680
C      LL = LFIN                                       LEV08690
C      LFIN = LFIN + N                                LEV08700

```

```

C                                                    LEV08710
      IF(IABS(MA(J)).LT.IVEC.OR.MP(J).EQ.MPMIN) GO TO 1000      LEV08720
      II = IVEC + MINT(J) - 1      LEV08730
      TEMP = TVEC(II)      LEV08740
C      II IS THE (IVEC)TH COMPONENT OF THE T-EIGENVECTOR CONTAINED      LEV08750
C      IN TVEC(MINT(J)).      LEV08760
C      LEV08770
      DO 990 K = 1,N      LEV08780
      LL = LL + 1      LEV08790
990 RITVEC(LL) = TEMP*V2(K) + RITVEC(LL)      LEV08800
C      LEV08810
1000 CONTINUE      LEV08820
C      LEV08830
      IVEC = IVEC + 1      LEV08840
      IF (IVEC.LE.KMAXU) GO TO 930      LEV08850
C      LEV08860
C      LEV08870
C      RITZVECTOR GENERATION IS COMPLETE. NORMALIZE EACH RITZVECTOR.      LEV08880
C      NOTE THAT IF CERTAIN RITZ VECTORS WERE NOT COMPUTED THEN THAT      LEV08890
C      PORTION OF THE RITVEC ARRAY WAS NOT UTILIZED.      LEV08900
C      LEV08910
      LFIN = 0      LEV08920
      DO 1050 J = 1,NGOODC      LEV08930
C      LEV08940
      KK = LFIN      LEV08950
      LFIN = LFIN + N      LEV08960
      IF(MP(J).EQ.MPMIN) GO TO 1050      LEV08970
C      LEV08980
      DO 1010 K = 1,N      LEV08990
      KK = KK + 1      LEV09000
1010 V2(K) = RITVEC(KK)      LEV09010
C      LEV09020
      SUM = FINPRO(N,V2(1),1,V2(1),1)      LEV09030
      SUM = DSQRT(SUM)      LEV09040
      RNORM(J) = SUM      LEV09050
      TEMP = DABS(ONE-SUM)      LEV09060
      SUM = ONE/SUM      LEV09070
C      LEV09080
      KK = LFIN - N      LEV09090
      DO 1020 K = 1,N      LEV09100
      KK = KK + 1      LEV09110
      V2(K) = SUM*V2(K)      LEV09120
1020 RITVEC(KK) = V2(K)      LEV09130
C      LEV09140
      IF (IWRITE.NE.0) WRITE(6,1030) J,GOODDEV(J)      LEV09150
1030 FORMAT(/I5,' TH EIGENVALUE CONSIDERED = ',E20.12/)      LEV09160
C      LEV09170
      IF (IWRITE.NE.0) WRITE(6,1040) TERR(J),TBETA(J),TEMP      LEV09180
1040 FORMAT(' NORM OF ERROR IN T-EIGENVECTOR = ',E14.3/      LEV09190
1 ' BETA(MA(J)+1)*U(MA(J)) = ',E14.3/      LEV09200
1 ' ABS(NORM(RITVEC) - 1.0) = ',E14.3/)      LEV09210
C      LEV09220
      LINT = LFIN - N + 1      LEV09230
      EVAL = EVNEW(J)      LEV09240
C      LEV09250

```

```

C-----LEV09260
C                                     LEV09270
      CALL CMATV(RITVEC(LINT),V2,EVAL)      LEV09280
C                                     LEV09290
C-----LEV09300
C                                     LEV09310
C      COMPUTE ERROR IN RITZ VECTOR CONSIDERED AS A EIGENVECTOR OF A.      LEV09320
C      V2 = A*RITVEC - EVAL*RITVEC      LEV09330
C                                     LEV09340
      SUM = FINPRO(N,V2(1),1,V2(1),1)      LEV09350
      SUM = DSQRT(SUM)      LEV09360
      ERR(J) = SUM      LEV09370
      GAP = ABS(AMINGP(J))      LEV09380
      ERRDGP(J) = SUM/GAP      LEV09390
C                                     LEV09400
1050 CONTINUE      LEV09410
C                                     LEV09420
C                                     LEV09430
C      RITZVECTORS ARE NORMALIZED AND ERROR ESTIMATES ARE IN ERR ARRAY      LEV09440
C      AND IN ERRDGP ARRAY. STORE EVERYTHING      LEV09450
C                                     LEV09460
C                                     LEV09470
      WRITE(9,1060)      LEV09480
1060 FORMAT(3X,'A-EIGENVALUE',2X,'MA(J)',3X,'A-MINGAP',6X,'AERROR',2X,      LEV09490
1 'AERROR/GAP',6X,'TERROR')      LEV09500
C                                     LEV09510
      WRITE(13,1070)      LEV09520
1070 FORMAT(16X,'GOODEV(J)',5X,'RITZNORM',6X,'AMINGAP',5X,      LEV09530
1 'TBETA(J)',5X,'TLAST(J)')      LEV09540
C                                     LEV09550
      DO 1100 J=1,NGOODC      LEV09560
C                                     LEV09570
      IF(MP(J).EQ.MPMIN) GO TO 1100      LEV09580
C                                     LEV09590
      WRITE(9,1080)EVNEW(J),MA(J),AMINGP(J),ERR(J),ERRDGP(J),TERR(J)      LEV09600
1080 FORMAT(E15.8,I6,4E12.4)      LEV09610
C                                     LEV09620
      WRITE(13,1090) EVNEW(J),RNORM(J),AMINGP(J),TBETA(J),TLAST(J)      LEV09630
1090 FORMAT(E25.14,4E13.5)      LEV09640
C                                     LEV09650
1100 CONTINUE      LEV09660
C                                     LEV09670
      IF(MREJEC.EQ.0) GO TO 1180      LEV09680
      WRITE(9,1110)      LEV09690
1110 FORMAT(/' RITZ VECTORS WERE NOT COMPUTED FOR THE FOLLOWING EIGENVALE      LEV09700
1LUES'/' EITHER BECAUSE THEY HAD NOT CONVERGED OR BECAUSE THE ERROR      LEV09710
1 ESTIMATE'/' WAS NOT AS SMALL AS DESIRED'/' )      LEV09720
C                                     LEV09730
      DO 1170 J = 1,NGOODC      LEV09740
      IF(MP(J).NE.MPMIN) GO TO 1170      LEV09750
C      WRITE OUT MESSAGE FOR EACH EIGENVALUE FOR WHICH NO EIGENVECTOR      LEV09760
C      WAS COMPUTED.      LEV09770
C                                     LEV09780
      WRITE(9,1120)      LEV09790
1120 FORMAT(6X,'GOODEV(J)',3X,'MA(J)',5X,'AMINGP(J)',6X,'TLAST(J)',3X,      LEV09800

```

```

      1'MP(J)')
      WRITE(9,1130) GOODEV(J),MA(J),AMINGP(J),TBETA(J),MP(J)
1130 FORMAT(E15.8,I8,2E14.4,I8)
C
      WRITE(13,1140)
1140 FORMAT(/' RITZ VECTORS WERE NOT COMPUTED FOR THE FOLLOWING EIGENVALE
      1LUES'/' BECAUSE THEY HAD NOT CONVERGED'/)
C
      WRITE(13,1150)
1150 FORMAT(6X,'GOODEV(J)',3X,'MA(J)',3X,'M1(J)',3X,'M2(J)',3X,'MP(J)'
      1/)
      WRITE(13,1160) GOODEV(J),MA(J),M1(J),M2(J),MP(J)
1160 FORMAT(E15.8,4I8)
C
1170 CONTINUE
1180 CONTINUE
C
      WRITE(9,1190)
1190 FORMAT(/' ABOVE ARE ERROR ESTIMATES FOR THE A AND T EIGENVECTORS'
      1 ' ASSOCIATED WITH THE GOODEV LISTED IN COLUMN 1' /
      1 ' AERROR = NORM(A*X - EV*X)  ERROR = NORM(T*Y - EV*Y) ' /
      1 ' WHERE T = T(1,MA(J))    X = RITZ VECTOR = V*Y  V = SUCCESSIVE' /
      1 ' LANCZOS VECTORS. AMINGAP = GAP TO NEAREST A-EIGENVALUE'//)
C
      WRITE(13,1200)
1200 FORMAT(/' ABOVE ARE ERROR ESTIMATES ASSOCIATED WITH THE GOODEV' /
      1 ' RITZNORM = NORM(COMPUTED RITZ VECTOR)' /
      1 ' TBETA(J) = BETA(MA(J)+1)*Y(MA(J)),  T*Y = EVAL*Y' /
      1 ' TLAST(J) = Y(MA(J))' /
      1 ' AMINGAP = GAP TO NEAREST A-EIGENVALUE'//)
C
C      NUMBER OF RITZ VECTORS COMPUTED
      NCOMPU = NGOODC - MREJEC
      WRITE(12,1210) N,NCOMPU,NGOODC,MATNO
1210 FORMAT(3I6,I12,' SIZE A, NO.RITZVECS, NO.EVALUES,MATNO')
C
      LFIN = 0
      DO 1270 J = 1,NGOODC
      LINT = LFIN + 1
      LFIN = LFIN + N
C
      IF(MP(J).EQ.MPMIN) GO TO 1250
C      RITZ VECTOR WAS COMPUTED
      WRITE(12,1220) J, GOODEV(J), MP(J)
1220 FORMAT(I6,4X,E20.12,I6,' J, EIGENVAL, MP(J)')
C
      WRITE(12,1230) ERR(J),ERRDGP(J)
1230 FORMAT(2E15.5,' = NORM(A*Z-EVAL*Z) AND  NORM(A*Z-EVAL*Z)/MINGAP')
C
      WRITE(12,1240) (RITVEC(LL), LL=LINT,LFIN)
1240 FORMAT(4E20.12)
      GO TO 1270
C      NO RITZ VECTOR WAS COMPUTED FOR THIS EIGENVALUE
1250 WRITE(12,1260) J,GOODEV(J),MP(J)
1260 FORMAT(I6,4X,E20.12,I6,' J,EIGVALUE,NO RITZ VECTOR COMPUTED')

```

```

C                                                    LEV10360
1270 CONTINUE                                         LEV10370
C                                                    LEV10380
C    DID ANY T-MATRICES INCLUDE OFF-DIAGONAL ENTRIES SMALLER THAN LEV10390
C    DESIRED, AS SPECIFIED BY BTOL?                  LEV10400
C                                                    LEV10410
C    IF(IB.GT.0) GO TO 1300                           LEV10420
C                                                    LEV10430
C    WRITE(6,1280) KMAXU                               LEV10440
1280 FORMAT(/' FOR LARGEST T-MATRIX CONSIDERED',I7,' CHECK THE SIZE OF LEV10450
1BETAS')                                             LEV10460
C                                                    LEV10470
C-----LEV10480
C                                                    LEV10490
C    CALL TNORM(ALPHA,BETA,BKMIN,TEMP,KMAXU,IBMT)      LEV10500
C                                                    LEV10510
C-----LEV10520
C                                                    LEV10530
C    IF(IBMT.LT.0) WRITE (6,1290)                     LEV10540
1290 FORMAT(/' WARNING THE T-MATRICES FOR ONE OR MORE OF THE EIGENVALUE LEV10550
1S CONSIDERED'/' HAD AN OFF-DIAGONAL ENTRY THAT WAS SMALLER THAN TH LEV10560
1E BETA TOLERANCE THAT WAS SPECIFIED'/' )           LEV10570
1300 CONTINUE                                         LEV10580
C                                                    LEV10590
C    GO TO 1550                                         LEV10600
C                                                    LEV10610
1310 WRITE(6,1320) NGOOD,NMAX,MDIMRV                LEV10620
1320 FORMAT(/I4,' RITZ VECTORS WERE REQUESTED BUT THE REQUIRED DIMENSIO LEV10630
1N',I6/' IS LARGER THAN THE USER-SPECIFIED DIMENSION OF RITVEC',I6 LEV10640
1/' THEREFORE, THE EIGENVECTOR PROCEDURE TERMINATES FOR THE USER TO LEV10650
1 INTERVENE'')                                       LEV10660
C                                                    LEV10670
C    GO TO 1550                                         LEV10680
C                                                    LEV10690
1330 WRITE(6,1340) NOLD,N,MATOLD,MATNO              LEV10700
1340 FORMAT(/' PARAMETERS READ FROM FILE 3 DO NOT AGREE WITH THOSE SPE LEV10710
1CIFIED BY THE USER'/' N,NOLD,MATOLD,MATNO = ',2I6,2I12/' PROGRAM T LEV10720
1ERMINATES FOR USER TO RESOLVE PROBLEM'/' )         LEV10730
C                                                    LEV10740
C    GO TO 1550                                         LEV10750
C                                                    LEV10760
1350 WRITE(6,1360)                                   LEV10770
1360 FORMAT(/' PARAMETERS IN THE ALPHA,BETA FILE HEADER DO NOT AGREE W LEV10780
1ITH PARAMTERS'/' SPECIFIED BY THE USER. THEREFORE THE PROGRAM TER LEV10790
1MINATES FOR THE USER'/' TO RESOLVE THE PROBLEM'/' ) LEV10800
C                                                    LEV10810
C    GO TO 1550                                         LEV10820
C                                                    LEV10830
1370 WRITE(6,1380) KMAX,MEV                          LEV10840
1380 FORMAT(/' ALPHA,BETA FILE HEADER GIVES KMAX =',I6/ LEV10850
1' BUT EIGENVALUES WERE COMPUTED AT MEV = ',I6,' PROGRAM STOPS'/' ) LEV10860
C                                                    LEV10870
C    GO TO 1550                                         LEV10880
C                                                    LEV10890
1390 WRITE(6,1400)                                    LEV10900

```


2.5 LEMULT: LANCZS and Sample Matrix-Vector Multiply Subroutines

C-----LEMULT-		LEM00010
C Authors:	Jane Cullum and Ralph A. Willoughby (Deceased)	LEM00020
C	Los Alamos National Laboratory	LEM00030
C	Los Alamos, New Mexico 87544	LEM00040
C		LEM00050
C E-mail:	cullumj@lanl.gov	LEM00060
C		LEM00070
C These codes are copyrighted by the authors.	These codes	LEM00080
C and modifications of them or portions of them are NOT to be		LEM00090
C incorporated into any commercial codes or used for any other		LEM00100
C commercial purposes such as consulting for other companies,		LEM00110
C without legal agreements with the authors of these Codes.		LEM00120
C If these Codes or portions of them are used in other scientific or		LEM00130
C engineering research works the names of the authors of these codes		LEM00140
C and appropriate references to their written work are to be		LEM00150
C incorporated in the derivative works.		LEM00160
C		LEM00170
C This header is not to be removed from these codes.		LEM00180
C		LEM00190
C REFERENCE: Cullum and Willoughby, Chapters 1,2,3,4		LEM00191
C Lanczos Algorithms for Large Symmetric Eigenvalue Computations		LEM00192
C VOL. 1 Theory. Republished as Volume 41 in SIAM CLASSICS in		LEM00193
C Applied Mathematics, 2002. SIAM Publications,		LEM00194
C Philadelphia, PA. USA		LEM00195
C		LEM00196
C		LEM00200
C CONTAINS SUBROUTINES LANCZS, USPEC, AND CMATV		LEM00210
C TO BE USED WITH THE REAL SYMMETRIC VERSION OF THE LANCZOS		LEM00220
C EIGENVALUE/EIGENVECTOR PROCEDURES.		LEM00230
C ALSO CONTAINS SUBROUTINES FOR POISSON TEST MATRICES THAT ALLOW		LEM00240
C COMPUTATION OF TRUE ERRORS IN COMPUTED EIGENVALUES AND		LEM00250
C IN CORRESPONDING EIGENVECTORS.		LEM00260
C		LEM00270
C NONPORTABLE CONSTRUCTIONS:		LEM00280
C 1. THE ENTRY MECHANISM USED TO PASS THE STORAGE		LEM00290
C LOCATIONS OF THE USER-SPECIFIED MATRIX FROM THE		LEM00300
C SUBROUTINE USPEC TO THE MATRIX-VECTOR SUBROUTINE		LEM00310
C CMATV.		LEM00320
C 2. IN THE SAMPLE USPEC AND CMATV FOR DIAGONAL TEST MATRICES:		LEM00330
C FREE FORMAT (8,*) AND THE FORMAT (20A4).		LEM00340
C 3. IN THE POISSON SUBROUTINES PROVIDED, THE DATA MACHEP		LEM00350
C DEFINITION AND MANY OF THE INDICES FOR ARRAYS ARE NOT		LEM00360
C IN A PORTABLE CONSTRUCTION. THESE PROGRAMS SHOULD BE		LEM00370
C REMOVED FROM THE LEMULT FILE IF THE USER IS NOT USING THEM.		LEM00380
C		LEM00390
C----LANCZS-COMPUTE THE LANCZOS TRIDIAGONAL MATRICES----		LEM00400
C		LEM00410
C SUBROUTINE LANCZS(MATVEC, ALPHA,BETA,V1,V2,G,KMAX,MOLD1,N,IIX)		LEM00420
C		LEM00430
C-----		LEM00440


```

      IN = I+1                                LEM01000
      BETA(IN) = DSQRT(SUM)                    LEM01010
      SUM = ONE/BETA(IN)                      LEM01020
      DO 50 J=1,N                             LEM01030
      TEMP = SUM*V1(J)                        LEM01040
      V1(J) = V2(J)                          LEM01050
50  V2(J) = TEMP                             LEM01060
60  CONTINUE                                LEM01070
C                                           LEM01080
C      END ALPHA, BETA GENERATION LOOP        LEM01090
C                                           LEM01100
      RETURN                                LEM01110
C-----END OF LANCZS-----LEMO1120
      END                                  LEM01130
C                                           LEM01140
C-----USPEC (GENERAL SYMMETRIC SPARSE MATRICES)-----LEMO1150
C                                           LEM01160
C      SUBROUTINE USPEC(N,MATNO)              LEM01170
C      SUBROUTINE GUSPEC(N,MATNO)            LEM01180
C                                           LEM01190
C-----LEMO1200
      DOUBLE PRECISION  A(10000),AD(5010)    LEM01210
      INTEGER  IROW(10000),ICOL(5010)        LEM01220
C-----LEMO1230
C      USPEC DIMENSIONS AND INITIALIZES THE ARRAYS NEEDED TO DEFINE    LEM01240
C      THE USER-SPECIFIED MATRIX AND THEN PASSES THE STORAGE LOCATIONS LEM01250
C      OF THESE ARRAYS TO THE MULTIPLY SUBROUTINE CMATV.              LEM01260
C                                           LEM01270
C      MATRIX IS STORED IN FOLLOWING SPARSE MATRIX FORMAT:            LEM01280
C      N = ORDER OF A-MATRIX,                                         LEM01290
C      NZS = NUMBER OF NONZERO SUBDIAGONAL ENTRIES,                  LEM01300
C      NZL = INDEX OF LAST COLUMN CONTAINING NONZERO SUBDIAGONAL ENTRIES, LEM01310
C      ICOL(J), J=1,NZL IS THE NUMBER OF NONZERO SUBDIAGONAL ELEMENTS LEM01320
C      IN COLUMN J.                                                   LEM01330
C      IROW(K), K = 1,NZS IS THE CORRESPONDING ROW INDEX FOR A(K).    LEM01340
C      AD(I), I=1,N CONTAINS DIAGONAL ENTRIES (INCLUDING ANY 0       LEM01350
C      DIAGONAL ENTRIES).                                             LEM01360
C      A(K), K=1,NZS CONTAINS NONZERO SUBDIAGONAL ENTRIES, BY COLUMN LEM01370
C      FOR J > NZL THERE ARE NO NONZERO SUBDIAGONAL ELEMENTS IN COLUMN J. LEM01380
C      ICOL(J) = 0 IS ALLOWED                                         LEM01390
C                                           LEM01400
C-----LEMO1410
C      ARRAYS THAT DEFINE THE MATRIX ARE READ IN FROM FILE 8         LEM01420
C                                           LEM01430
C      READ(8,10) NZS,NOLD,NZL,MATOLD                                     LEM01440
10  FORMAT(I10,2I6,I8)                                              LEM01450
C                                           LEM01460
C      WRITE(6,20) NZS,NOLD,NZL,MATOLD                                 LEM01470
20  FORMAT(I10,2I6,I8,' = NZS,NOLD,NZL,MATOLD'//)                  LEM01480
C                                           LEM01490
C      TEST OF PARAMETER CORRECTNESS                                  LEM01500
      ITEMP = (NOLD-N)**2 + (MATNO-MATOLD)**2                        LEM01510
C                                           LEM01520
      IF(ITEMP.EQ.0) GO TO 40                                         LEM01530
C                                           LEM01540

```

```

        WRITE(6,30)                                LEM01550
30  FORMAT(' PROGRAM TERMINATES BECAUSE EITHER ORDERS OF OR LABELS FOR
1  MATRIX DISAGREE')                                LEM01570
        GO TO 70                                    LEM01580
C                                              LEM01590
40  CONTINUE                                        LEM01600
C                                              LEM01610
C    NUMBER OF NONZERO SUBDIAGONAL ENTRIES IN EACH COLUMN IS READ    LEM01620
C    THEN THE CORRESPONDING ROW INDEX FOR EACH SUCH ENTRY IS READ    LEM01630
        READ(8,50) (ICOL(K), K=1,NZL)                LEM01640
        READ(8,50) (IROW(K), K=1,NZS)                LEM01650
50  FORMAT(13I6)                                    LEM01660
C                                              LEM01670
C    DIAGONAL IS READ FIRST, THEN NONZERO BELOW DIAGONAL ENTRIES    LEM01680
        READ(8,60) (AD(K), K=1,N)                    LEM01690
        READ(8,60) (A(K), K=1,NZS)                  LEM01700
60  FORMAT(4E19.10)                                LEM01710
C                                              LEM01720
C-----LEMM01730
C    PASS STORAGE LOCATIONS OF ARRAYS THAT DEFINE THE MATRIX TO    LEM01740
C    THE MATRIX-VECTOR MULTIPLY SUBROUTINE CMATV                    LEM01750
C                                              LEM01760
        CALL CMATVE(A,AD,ICOL,IROW,N,NZL)            LEM01770
C                                              LEM01780
C-----LEMM01790
C                                              LEM01800
        RETURN                                        LEM01810
70  STOP                                            LEM01820
C-----LEMM01830
        END                                          LEM01840
C                                              LEM01850
C-----LEMM01860
C    SUBROUTINE CMATV(W,U,SUM)                                LEM01870
C    SUBROUTINE GCMATV(W,U,SUM)                                LEM01880
C                                              LEM01890
C                                              LEM01900
C-----LEMM01910
        DOUBLE PRECISION  U(1),W(1),A(1),AD(1),SUM    LEM01920
        INTEGER  IROW(1),ICOL(1)                    LEM01930
C-----LEMM01940
C    SPARSE MATRIX-VECTOR MULTIPLY FOR LANCZS  U = A*W - SUM*U    LEM01950
C    SEE USPEC SUBROUTINE FOR DESCRIPTION OF THE ARRAYS THAT DEFINE LEM01960
C    THE MATRIX                                              LEM01970
C-----LEMM01980
C                                              LEM01990
        GO TO 3                                        LEM02000
C    STORAGE LOCATIONS OF ARRAYS ARE PASSED TO CMATV FROM USPEC    LEM02010
        ENTRY CMATVE(A,AD,ICOL,IROW,N,NZL)            LEM02020
        GO TO 4                                        LEM02030
C-----LEMM02040
C    COMPUTE THE DIAGONAL TERMS                                LEM02050
        3 DO 10 I = 1,N                                LEM02060
10  U(I) = AD(I)*W(I)-SUM*U(I)                        LEM02070
C                                              LEM02080
C    COMPUTE BY COLUMN                                        LEM02090

```

```

      LLAST = 0
      DO 30 J = 1,NZL
C
      IF (ICOL(J).EQ.0) GO TO 30
      LFIRST = LLAST + 1
      LLAST = LLAST + ICOL(J)
C
      DO 20 L = LFIRST,LLAST
      I = IROW(L)
C
      U(I) = U(I) + A(L)*W(J)
      U(J) = U(J) + A(L)*W(I)
C
20 CONTINUE
C
30 CONTINUE
C
4 RETURN
C
C-----END OF CMATV-----
      END
C
C-----MATRIX-VECTOR MULTIPLY FOR DIAGONAL TEST MATRICES-----
C
C      SUBROUTINE CMATV(W,U,SUM)
C      SUBROUTINE DCMATV(W,U,SUM)
C
C      CMATV COMPUTES  $U = (\text{DIAGONAL MATRIX}) * W - \text{SUM} * U$ 
C-----
      DOUBLE PRECISION W(1),U(1),SUM
      DOUBLE PRECISION D(1)
C-----
      GO TO 3
      ENTRY MVDIAE(D,N)
      GO TO 4
C-----
C
3 DO 10 I=1,N
10 U(I)= D(I)*W(I) - SUM*U(I)
4 RETURN
C
C-----END OF DIAGONAL TEST MATRIX MULTIPLY-----
      END
C
C
C-----START OF USPEC FOR DIAGONAL TEST MATRIX-----
C
C      SUBROUTINE USPEC(N,MATNO)
C      SUBROUTINE DUSPEC(N,MATNO)
C
C-----
      DOUBLE PRECISION D(1000), SHIFT, SPACE
      DOUBLE PRECISION DABS, DFLOAT
      REAL EXPLAN(20)
C-----

```



```

C-----LEMO3200
      DOUBLE PRECISION  C0,C1,C2,HALF,ONE          LEMO3210
      REAL  EXPLAN(20)                             LEMO3220
C-----LEMO3230
      HALF = 0.5D0                                LEMO3240
      ONE  = 1.0D0                                LEMO3250
C-----LEMO3260
C      READ USER-SPECIFIED PARAMETERS FROM INPUT FILE 8 (FREE FORMAT)  LEMO3270
C-----LEMO3280
      READ(8,10) EXPLAN                            LEMO3290
      WRITE(6,10) EXPLAN                           LEMO3300
10  FORMAT(20A4)                                   LEMO3310
C-----LEMO3320
      READ(8,10) EXPLAN                            LEMO3330
      READ(8,*) KX,KY,C0                           LEMO3340
      N = KX*KY                                     LEMO3350
      C1 = HALF-C0                                  LEMO3360
      C2 = ONE                                       LEMO3370
C-----LEMO3380
      WRITE(6,20) N,KX,KY,C2,C0,C1                 LEMO3390
20  FORMAT(/5X,'N',4X,'KX',4X,'KY',7X,'DIAGONAL',3X,'X-CODIAGONAL',
1   3X,'Y-CODIAGONAL'/3I6,3E15.8/)                LEMO3400
C-----LEMO3420
C-----LEMO3430
      CALL PMATVE(C0,C1,C2,KX,KY)                  LEMO3440
      CALL EXEVE(C0,C1,C2,KX,KY)                   LEMO3450
      CALL EXERRP(C0,C1,C2,KX,KY)                   LEMO3460
C      CALL EXVECP(C0,C1,C2,KX,KY)                  LEMO3470
C-----LEMO3480
C-----LEMO3490
      RETURN                                         LEMO3500
C-----LEMO3510
      END                                           LEMO3520
C-----LEMO3530
C-----LEMO3540
C-----START OF CMATV-----LEMO3540
C      CALCULATE U = A*W - SUM*U FOR REAL POISSON MATRICES  LEMO3550
C-----LEMO3560
      SUBROUTINE CMATV(W,U,SUM)                     LEMO3570
C      SUBROUTINE PMATV(W,U,SUM)                     LEMO3580
C-----LEMO3590
C-----LEMO3600
      DOUBLE PRECISION  U(1),W(1)                  LEMO3610
      DOUBLE PRECISION  C0,C1,C2,CC0,CC1,SUM        LEMO3620
C-----LEMO3630
      GO TO 3                                         LEMO3640
      ENTRY  PMATVE(CC0,CC1,C2,KX,KY)               LEMO3650
C-----LEMO3660
C-----LEMO3670
      C0 = -CC0                                       LEMO3680
      C1 = -CC1                                       LEMO3690
      GO TO 4                                         LEMO3700
C-----LEMO3710
3  N = KX*KY                                         LEMO3720
      KX1 = KX-1                                     LEMO3730
      KY1 = KY-1                                     LEMO3740

```

```

C                                                    LEM03750
      KK = 1                                                    LEM03760
      U(KK) = (C2*W(KK)+C0*W(KK+1)+C1*W(KK+KX)) - SUM*U(KK)    LEM03770
      KK = KX                                                    LEM03780
      U(KK) = (C2*W(KK)+C0*W(KK-1)+C1*W(KK+KX)) - SUM*U(KK)    LEM03790
      KK = N - KX + 1                                            LEM03800
      U(KK) = (C2*W(KK)+C0*W(KK+1)+C1*W(KK-KX)) - SUM*U(KK)    LEM03810
      KK = N                                                    LEM03820
      U(KK) = (C2*W(KK)+C0*W(KK-1)+C1*W(KK-KX)) - SUM*U(KK)    LEM03830
C                                                    LEM03840
      DO 10 J = 2,KX1                                            LEM03850
      KK = J                                                    LEM03860
      U(KK) = (C2*W(KK)+C0*W(KK-1)+C0*W(KK+1)+C1*W(KK+KX)) - SUM*U(KK) LEM03870
      KK = J+N-KX                                                LEM03880
      U(KK) = (C2*W(KK)+C0*W(KK-1)+C0*W(KK+1)+C1*W(KK-KX)) - SUM*U(KK) LEM03890
10 CONTINUE                                                    LEM03900
C                                                    LEM03910
      DO 30 J = 2,KY1                                            LEM03920
      KK = (J-1)*KX + 1                                          LEM03930
      U(KK) = (C2*W(KK)+C0*W(KK+1)+C1*W(KK-KX)+C1*W(KK+KX)) - SUM*U(KK) LEM03940
      DO 20 I = 2,KX1                                            LEM03950
      KK = KK + 1                                                LEM03960
      U(KK) = (C2*W(KK)+C0*W(KK-1)+C0*W(KK+1)+C1*W(KK-KX)
1      +C1*W(KK+KX)) - SUM*U(KK)                                LEM03980
20 CONTINUE                                                    LEM03990
      KK = KK + 1                                                LEM04000
      U(KK) = (C2*W(KK)+C0*W(KK-1)+C1*W(KK-KX)+C1*W(KK+KX)) - SUM*U(KK) LEM04010
30 CONTINUE                                                    LEM04020
C                                                    LEM04030
      4 RETURN                                                    LEM04040
C                                                    LEM04050
C-----END OF CMATV----- LEM04060
      END                                                        LEM04070
C                                                    LEM04080
C-----START OF EXEVG----- LEM04090
C                                                    LEM04100
C      COMPUTES TRUE EIGENVALUES OF POISSON MATRIX, GAPS BETWEEN LEM04110
C      TRUE EIGENVALUES, AND MULTIPLICITIES OF TRUE EIGENVALUES LEM04120
C      AND STORE THESE VALUES, RESPECTIVELY, IN U, G, AND MP. LEM04130
C      THESE QUANTITIES ARE WRITTEN OUT TO FILE 9 LEM04140
C                                                    LEM04150
C      SUBROUTINE EXEVG(U,G,MP) LEM04160
C                                                    LEM04170
C----- LEM04180
      DOUBLE PRECISION U(*) LEM04190
      DOUBLE PRECISION MACHEP, EPSM, C0, C1, C2, T0, T1, PIK, PIL, ONE, TWO LEM04200
      DOUBLE PRECISION ATOLN, EE LEM04210
      REAL G(1) LEM04220
      INTEGER MP(1) LEM04230
C----- LEM04240
      DATA MACHEP/Z34100000000000000/ LEM04250
      EPSM = 2.0D0*MACHEP LEM04260
C----- LEM04270
      GO TO 3 LEM04280
      ENTRY EXEVE(C0,C1,C2,KX,KY) LEM04290

```



```

      GO TO 4                                          LEM04300
C-----
      3 N = KX*KY                                    LEM04310
      ONE = 1.0D0                                    LEM04320
      TWO = 2.0D0                                    LEM04330
      T0 = DARCOS(-ONE)                              LEM04340
      T1 = DFLOAT(KX+1)                              LEM04350
      PIK = T0/T1                                    LEM04360
      T1 = DFLOAT(KY+1)                              LEM04370
      PIL = T0/T1                                    LEM04380
C      GENERATE TRUE EIGENVALUES                    LEM04390
      KP = 0                                          LEM04400
      DO 20 J = 1,KY                                LEM04410
      T1 = PIL*DFLOAT(J)                            LEM04420
      T0 = C2 - TWO*C1*DCOS(T1)                     LEM04430
      DO 10 I = 1,KX                                LEM04440
      KP = KP+1                                       LEM04450
      T1 = PIK*DFLOAT(I)                            LEM04460
10    U(KP) = T0 - TWO*C0*DCOS(T1)                  LEM04470
20    CONTINUE                                       LEM04480
C                                                    LEM04490
C      ORDER U VECTOR BY INCREASING ALGEBRAIC SIZE  LEM04500
      DO 40 K = 2,N                                  LEM04510
      KM1 = K-1                                       LEM04520
      DO 30 L = 1,KM1                                LEM04530
      JJ = K-L                                       LEM04540
      IF (U(JJ+1).GE.U(JJ)) GO TO 40                 LEM04550
      T0 = U(JJ)                                     LEM04560
      U(JJ) = U(JJ+1)                               LEM04570
30    U(JJ+1) = T0                                  LEM04580
40    CONTINUE                                       LEM04590
      ATOLN = DMAX1(DABS(U(1)),DABS(U(N)))*EPSM      LEM04600
C                                                    LEM04610
      WRITE(9,50)                                    LEM04620
50    FORMAT(' TRUE EIGENVALUES FOR POISSON'/)      LEM04630
C                                                    LEM04640
      WRITE(9,60)N,KX,KY,C2,C0,C1,ATOLN            LEM04650
      WRITE(6,60) N,KX,KY,C2,C0,C1,ATOLN            LEM04660
60    FORMAT(1X,'A-SIZE',2X,'X-DIM',2X,'Y-DIM'/3I7/  LEM04670
      1 5X,'A-DIAGONAL',3X,'X-CODIAGONAL',3X,'Y-CODIAGONAL',10X,'ATOLN'/ LEM04680
      2 4E15.8)                                     LEM04690
C                                                    LEM04700
C      DETERMINE MULTIPLICITIES FOR TRUE EIGENVALUES LEM04710
      I = 1                                          LEM04720
      IDEX = 1                                       LEM04730
      J = 1                                          LEM04740
      NEXACT = 0                                     LEM04750
70    J = J+1                                       LEM04760
      IF (J.GT.N) GO TO 80                          LEM04770
      EE = DABS(U(J)-U(I))                          LEM04780
      IF (EE.GT.ATOLN) GO TO 80                     LEM04790
      IDEX = IDEX+1                                 LEM04800
      GO TO 70                                       LEM04810
80    NEXACT = NEXACT+1                             LEM04820
      U(NEXACT) = U(I)                             LEM04830

```

```

      MP(NEXACT) = IDEX                                LEM04850
C      MP(K) = MULTIPLICITY OF KTH EIGENVALUE CLUSTER FOR A    LEM04860
      IDEX = 1                                          LEM04870
      I = J                                            LEM04880
      IF (I.GT.N) GO TO 90                             LEM04890
      GO TO 70                                         LEM04900
90    CONTINUE                                         LEM04910
C                                                     LEM04920
C      MULTIPLICITIES HAVE BEEN DETERMINED              LEM04930
C      NEXACT = NUMBER OF DISTINCT A-EIGENVALUES        LEM04940
C                                                     LEM04950
      WRITE(9,100)NEXACT                             LEM04960
      WRITE(6,100)NEXACT                             LEM04970
100  FORMAT(I6,' = NUMBER OF TRUE A-EIGENVALUES WHICH ARE DISTINCT'//) LEM04980
C                                                     LEM04990
C      MINGAP CALCULATION FOR DISTINCT A-EIGENVALUES      LEM05000
      NM1 = NEXACT - 1                                LEM05010
      G(NEXACT) = U(NM1)-U(NEXACT)                   LEM05020
      G(1) = U(2)-U(1)                                LEM05030
C                                                     LEM05040
      DO 110 J = 2,NM1                                LEM05050
      TO = U(J)-U(J-1)                                LEM05060
      T1 = U(J+1)-U(J)                                LEM05070
      G(J) = T1                                         LEM05080
      IF (TO.LT.T1) G(J) = -TO                         LEM05090
110  CONTINUE                                         LEM05100
C                                                     LEM05110
C      NEXACT DISTINCT A-EIGENVALUES ARE IN U IN ASCENDING ORDER LEM05120
C      MP = MULTIPLICITIES OF THE DISTINCT EIGENVALUES OF A    LEM05130
C      G = TRUE MINIMUM GAP IN A FOR EACH OF THESE EIGENVALUES LEM05140
C      G < 0 INDICATES THE LEFT-HAND GAP WAS MINIMAL.         LEM05150
C      OUTPUT MULTIPLICITIES, DISTINCT EVS, AND MINGAPS TO FILE 9 LEM05160
C                                                     LEM05170
      WRITE(9,120)                                     LEM05180
120  FORMAT(5X,'I',1X,'AMULT',5X,'TRUE A-EIGENVALUE(I)',    LEM05190
      1 3X,'A-MINGAP(I)')                               LEM05200
C                                                     LEM05210
      WRITE(9,130)(J,MP(J),U(J),G(J), J=1,NEXACT)        LEM05220
130  FORMAT(2I6,E25.16,E14.3)                          LEM05230
C                                                     LEM05240
      WRITE(9,140)                                       LEM05250
140  FORMAT(' NEXACT DISTINCT A-EIGENVALUES ARE IN ASCENDING ORDER'//
      1 ' AMULT = MULTIPLICITIES OF THE DISTINCT EIGENVALUES OF A.'//
      2 ' A-MINGAP(I) = TRUE MINIMUM GAP IN A FOR EACH EIGENVALUE.'//
      3 ' A-MINGAP(I) LT 0 INDICATES THE LEFT-HAND GAP WAS MINIMAL.'//) LEM05290
C                                                     LEM05300
C      WE ORDER U VECTOR BY INCREASING SIZE OF THE GAPS      LEM05310
C                                                     LEM05320
      DO 150 K = 1,NEXACT                               LEM05330
150  MP(K) = K                                           LEM05340
C                                                     LEM05350
      DO 170 K = 2,NEXACT                               LEM05360
      KM1 = K-1                                           LEM05370
C                                                     LEM05380
      DO 160 L = 1,KM1                                   LEM05390

```

```

      JJ = K - L                                LEM05400
      IF (ABS(G(JJ+1)).GE.ABS(G(JJ))) GO TO 170    LEM05410
      EE = U(JJ)                                LEM05420
      U(JJ) = U(JJ+1)                            LEM05430
      U(JJ+1) = EE                                LEM05440
      GG = G(JJ)                                  LEM05450
      G(JJ) = G(JJ+1)                            LEM05460
      G(JJ+1) = GG                                LEM05470
      IEE = MP(JJ)                                LEM05480
      MP(JJ) = MP(JJ+1)                          LEM05490
160 MP(JJ+1) = IEE                              LEM05500
C                                                LEM05510
170 CONTINUE                                     LEM05520
C                                                LEM05530
      WRITE(9,180)                                LEM05540
180 FORMAT(5X,'K',6X,'A-MINGAP',5X,'TRUE A-EIGENVALUE(I)',2X,'A-EVNO') LEM05550
C                                                LEM05560
      WRITE(9,190)(J,G(J),U(J),MP(J), J=1,NEXACT) LEM05570
190 FORMAT(I6,E14.3,E25.16,I8)                  LEM05580
C                                                LEM05590
      WRITE(9,200)                                LEM05600
200 FORMAT(' NEXACT DISTINCT A-EIGENVALUES. GAPS IN ASCENDING ORDER'// LEM05610
2 ' A-MINGAP(I) = TRUE MINIMUM GAP IN A FOR EACH EIGENVALUE.'// LEM05620
3 ' A-MINGAP(I) LT 0 INDICATES THE LEFT-HAND GAP WAS MINIMAL.'// LEM05630
3 ' A-MATRIX IS BLOCK TRIDIAGONAL AND EACH DIAGONAL BLOCK IS OF ORDLEMO5640
3ER NX.'// LEM05650
4 ' NX = NUMBER OF POINTS ON EACH X-LINE. THERE ARE NY DIAGONAL BLOLEMO5660
4CKS.'// LEM05670
5 ' NY = NUMBER OF POINTS ON EACH Y-LINE.'// LEM05680
5 ' A-DIAGONAL = A(K,K)'// LEM05690
6 ' X-CODIAGONAL = A(I,I+1)'// LEM05700
7 ' Y-CODIAGONAL = A(I,I+NX)'// LEM05710
8 ' ----- END OF FILE 9 TRUEEV-----'//) LEM05720
C                                                LEM05730
4 RETURN                                         LEM05740
C                                                LEM05750
C-----END OF EXEVG-----LEMO5760
      END                                         LEM05770
C                                                LEM05780
C-----START OF EXERR-----LEMO5790
C                                                LEM05800
C      FOR GIVEN COMPUTED EIGENVALUES, V(I), I=1,2,...,NG LEM05810
C      COMPUTES THE CLOSEST TRUE EIGENVALUES AND THE ERROR IN THE LEM05820
C      COMPUTED EIGENVALUES, AND STORES THESE RESPECTIVELY LEM05830
C      IN U(I) AND IN G(MEV+I). THESE QUANTITIES ARE WRITTEN LEM05840
C      TO FILE 10. LEM05850
C                                                LEM05860
      SUBROUTINE EXERR(V,U,G,MP,MEV,NG,NEXACT,IWRITE) LEM05870
C                                                LEM05880
C-----LEMO5890
      DOUBLE PRECISION U(1),V(1) LEM05900
      DOUBLE PRECISION EV,EE,T0,T1,CO,C1,C2,PIK,PIL LEM05910
      DOUBLE PRECISION ATOLN,EPSM,MACHEP,ZERO,ONE,TWO LEM05920
      REAL G(1) LEM05930
      INTEGER MP(1) LEM05940

```

```

C-----LEM05950
      DATA MACHEP/Z3410000000000000/
      EPSM = 2.0DO*MACHEP
C-----LEM05980
C      ON ENTRY V CONTAINS NG GOOD EIGENVALUES OF T(1,MEV)
C      MP CONTAINS THE MULTIPLICITIES OF THESE EIGENVALUES.
C      U(I) = GAP TO NEAREST DISTINCT TMEV I=1,NG
C      U < 0. MEANS GAP IS DUE TO SPURIOUS EV
C
C      ON EXIT G(MEV+I) = ERROR FOR V(I) < 0. IF MULT EV > 1
C      K = MP(I) MEANS |V(I) - U(K)| = MIN
C      MP < 0 MEANS MORE THAN ONE I USES SAME K
C
C      T0 = C2 - 2*C1*COS(PIL*J)
C      U(KP) = T0 - 2*C0*COS(PIK*I)
C      KP = (J-1)*KX + I
C      C2 = ONE
C      C0 = X-CODIAGONAL = INPUT
C      C1 = Y-CODIAGONAL = HALF - C0
C-----LEM06140
      GO TO 3
      ENTRY EXERRP(C0,C1,C2,KX,KY)
      GO TO 4
C-----LEM06180
      3 N = KX*KY
      ZERO = 0.0DO
      ONE = 1.0DO
      TWO = 2.0DO
C
C      SET G(I) = GAP FROM GOOD T(MEV) TO NEAREST DISTINCT TMEV I=1,NG
C      DO 10 I = 1,NG
C      G(I) = U(I)
10 CONTINUE
C
C      REGENERATE A-EIGENVALUES
C      T0 = DARCOS(-ONE)
C      T1 = DFLOAT(KX+1)
C      PIK = T0/T1
C      T1 = DFLOAT(KY+1)
C      PIL = T0/T1
C      KP = 0
C
C      DO 30 J = 1,KY
C      T1 = PIL*DFLOAT(J)
C      T0 = C2 - TWO*C1*DCOS(T1)
C      DO 20 I = 1,KX
C      KP = KP+1
C      T1 = PIK*DFLOAT(I)
20 U(KP) = T0 - TWO*C0*DCOS(T1)
30 CONTINUE
C
C      ORDER U VECTOR BY INCREASING ALGEBRAIC SIZE
C      DO 50 K = 2,N
C      KM1 = K-1
C      DO 40 L = 1,KM1

```

JJ = K-L	LEM06500
IF (U(JJ+1).GE.U(JJ)) GO TO 50	LEM06510
T0 = U(JJ)	LEM06520
U(JJ) = U(JJ+1)	LEM06530
40 U(JJ+1) = T0	LEM06540
50 CONTINUE	LEM06550
C	LEM06560
ATOLN = DMAX1(DABS(U(1)),DABS(U(N)))*EPSM	LEM06570
C	LEM06580
C DETERMINE MULTIPLICITIES FOR TRUE EIGENVALUES	LEM06590
I = 1	LEM06600
J = 1	LEM06610
NEXACT = 0	LEM06620
60 J = J+1	LEM06630
IF (J.GT.N) GO TO 70	LEM06640
EE = DABS(U(J)-U(I))	LEM06650
IF (EE.GT.ATOLN) GO TO 70	LEM06660
IDEX = IDEX+1	LEM06670
GO TO 60	LEM06680
70 NEXACT = NEXACT+1	LEM06690
U(NEXACT) = U(I)	LEM06700
I = J	LEM06710
IF (I.GT.N) GO TO 80	LEM06720
GO TO 60	LEM06730
80 CONTINUE	LEM06740
C	LEM06750
C NEXACT = NUMBER OF DISTINCT A-EIGENVALUES	LEM06760
C U CONTAINS TRUE DISTINCT A-EV ORDERED BY INCREASING SIZE	LEM06770
C	LEM06780
IF (IWRITE.EQ.1) WRITE(6,90)MEV,NG,NEXACT	LEM06790
90 FORMAT(/3I6,' = MEV, NG, NEXACT, POISZ CASE'/	LEM06800
1 ' TRUE ERRORS FOR GOOD EIGENVALUES'/)	LEM06810
C	LEM06820
C WRITE(6,61) (K,U(K), K=1,NEXACT)	LEM06830
C 61 FORMAT(4(I5,E15.8))	LEM06840
C	LEM06850
C CALCULATION OF THE TRUE ERRORS.	LEM06860
KL = 1	LEM06870
DO 110 ITEV = 1,NG	LEM06880
EV = V(ITEV)	LEM06890
K = KL	LEM06900
T1 = DABS(EV - U(KL))	LEM06910
C	LEM06920
DO 100 KP = KL,NEXACT	LEM06930
T0 = DABS(EV - U(KP))	LEM06940
IF (T0.GE.T1) GO TO 100	LEM06950
K = KP	LEM06960
T1 = T0	LEM06970
100 CONTINUE	LEM06980
C	LEM06990
IF (K.EQ.KL.AND.ITEV.GT.1) T1 = -T1	LEM07000
KL = K	LEM07010
MP(ITEV) = K	LEM07020
G(MEV+ITEV) = T1	LEM07030
110 CONTINUE	LEM07040

```

C                                                                    LEM07050
C   TRUE ERRORS HAVE BEEN COMPUTED OUTPUT THEM TO FILE 10          LEM07060
C   FORM HEADER FOR ERREXACT FILE 10                                LEM07070
C   WRITE(10,120)N,KX,KY,C2,C0,C1                                    LEM07080
120 FORMAT(' POISSONZ TRUE ERROR FOR GOOD EIGENVALUES'/              LEM07090
1   5X,'N',4X,'NX',4X,'NY'/3I6//                                    LEM07100
2   5X,'A-DIAGONAL',3X,'X-CODIAGONAL',3X,'Y-CODIAGONAL'/3E15.8//) LEM07110
C                                                                    LEM07120
C   WRITE(10,130)MEV,NG,NEXACT                                       LEM07130
130 FORMAT(/3I6,' = MEV,NG,NEXACT'/1X,'T-EV NO',1X,'A-EV NO',      LEM07140
1   10X,'GOOD EIGENVALUE',5X,'TRUEERROR',7X,'TMINGAP')             LEM07150
C                                                                    LEM07160
C   WRITE(10,140)(I,MP(I),V(I),G(MEV+I),G(I), I=1,NG)              LEM07170
140 FORMAT(2I8,E25.16,2E14.3)                                       LEM07180
C                                                                    LEM07190
C   WRITE(10,150)                                                    LEM07200
150 FORMAT(' ABOVE ARE THE TRUE ERRORS FOR POISSON GOODEV'/        LEM07210
1   ' IF A-EV NO LT 0 THEN GOODEV HAS MULTIPLICITY GT 1'/          LEM07220
1   ' IF TRUE ERROR LT 0 THEN MORE THAN ONE GOODEV APPROXIMATES'/ LEM07230
1   ' THE SAME TRUE POISSON EIGENVALUE'/                            LEM07240
1   ' IF TMINGAP LT 0 THE MINGAP IS DUE TO SPURIOUS EIGENVALUE'//) LEM07250
C                                                                    LEM07260
C   4 RETURN                                                         LEM07270
C                                                                    LEM07280
C-----END OF EXERR-----LEMM07290
C   END                                                             LEM07300
C                                                                    LEM07310
C-----START OF EXVEC-----LEMM07320
C                                                                    LEM07330
C   (JVEC = 1): FOR A GIVEN RITZ VECTOR V AND EIGENVALUE X1, COMPUTES LEM07340
C   THE CLOSEST EIGENVALUE Y1 AND CORRESPONDING TRUE EIGENVECTOR U, LEM07350
C   AND THEN CALCULATES THE NORM OF THE DIFFERENCE BETWEEN          LEM07360
C   V AND U AND THE MAXIMAL DIFFERENCE BETWEEN THE COMPONENTS.      LEM07370
C   THESE QUANTITIES ARE WRITTEN TO FILE 6.                          LEM07380
C                                                                    LEM07390
C   (JVEC = 2): COMPUTES THE PROJECTION OF EACH                     LEM07400
C   OF THE TRUE EIGENVECTORS ON THE LANCZOS STARTING VECTOR          LEM07410
C   USED BY THE LANCZS SUBROUTINE AND WRITES THEM TO FILE 12.        LEM07420
C                                                                    LEM07430
C   SUBROUTINE EXVEC(U,V,X1,Y1,G,MP,IIX,JVEC,ICOUNT)                 LEM07440
C                                                                    LEM07450
C-----LEMM07460
C   DOUBLE PRECISION U(*),V(1)                                       LEM07470
C   DOUBLE PRECISION WI(110),WJ(110),WII(110)                       LEM07480
C   DOUBLE PRECISION X1,Y1,EV,EE,WS,PIK,PIL,SUM,PROJ,TEMP,S          LEM07490
C   DOUBLE PRECISION ATOLN,EPSM,MACHEP,ZERO,HALF,ONE,TWO            LEM07500
C   DOUBLE PRECISION C0,C1,C2,T0,T1,T2                              LEM07510
C   REAL G(1),GG                                                      LEM07520
C   INTEGER MP(1)                                                      LEM07530
C   DOUBLE PRECISION FINPRO                                           LEM07540
C-----LEMM07550
C   THIS PROGRAM CALCULATES THE TRUE EIGENVALUES AND EIGENVECTORS    LEM07560
C   OF THE POISSON MATRIX A OF ORDER N = KX*KY                      LEM07570
C   A CONSISTS OF KY TRIDIAGONAL BLOCKS OF ORDER KX                LEM07580
C   KX = X-DIMENSION      KY = Y-DIMENSION.                         LEM07590

```

C	IIX = SEED FOR RANDOM NUMBER GENERATOR USED TO CALCULATE	LEM07600
C	STARTING LANZOS VECTOR IN LANZS	LEM07610
C	V = RANDOM UNIT STARTING VECTOR FOR LANZS	LEM07620
C	A*U = EV*U U = ONE	LEM07630
C		LEM07640
C		LEM07650
C	C2 = DIAGONAL OF KX BY KX MATRIX	LEM07660
C	-C0 = CO-DIAGONAL OF THE KX BY KX MATRIX.	LEM07670
C	-C1 = Y-CODIAGONAL.	LEM07680
C		LEM07690
C	NOTE THAT THE VECTORS WI,WJ,WII ARE DIMENSIONED INTERNALLY	LEM07700
C	THEY ARE USED JUST TO KEEP FROM REGENERATING INFORMATION.	LEM07710
C	WI,WII = REAL*8 ARRAYS OF DIMENSION AT LEAST KX	LEM07720
C	WJ = REAL*8 ARRAY OF DIMENSION AT LEAST KY.	LEM07730
C		LEM07740
C	NOTATION USED IN PROGRAM	LEM07750
C		LEM07760
C	PIK = ARCOS(-1)/(KX+1) PIL = ARCOS(-1)/(KY+1)	LEM07770
C	WI(I) = PIK*I WJ(J) = PIL*J	LEM07780
C		LEM07790
C	U(K) IS A-EV ORDERED BY INCREASING SIZE, K = 1,N	LEM07800
C	LATER U IS USED TO STORE THE TRUE EIGENVECTOR	LEM07810
C	T0 = C2 - 2*C1*COS(PIL*J) EV(I,J) = T0 - 2*C0*COS(PIK*I)	LEM07820
C	I = 1,KX J = 1,KY KP = (J-1)*KX + I	LEM07830
C		LEM07840
C	U(KV) = SIN(PIK*I*IK)*SIN(PIL*J*JK)	LEM07850
C	IK = 1,KX JK = 1,KY KV = (JK-1)*KX + IK	LEM07860
C	U IS UNSCALED EIGENVECTOR FOR EV(I,J) = Y1	LEM07870
C	WS = 1/ U : U = .5*DSQRT(T2*T3) T2 = KX+1 T3 = KY+1	LEM07880
C		LEM07890
C	JVEC = (1,2) FLAGS COMPUTATIONS TO BE PERFORMED.	LEM07900
C		LEM07910
C	= (1) MEANS GIVEN X1 FIND Y1 AND KVEC SUCH THAT	LEM07920
C	Y1 = EV(KVEC) AND X1-Y1 = MIN	LEM07930
C	ALSO GIVEN UNIT RITZ VECTOR ASSOCIATED WITH X1	LEM07940
C	CALCULATE UNIT EIGENVECTOR U, A*U = Y1*U	LEM07950
C	T2 = V-U T1 = MAX(V(K)-U(K) , K= 1,N)	LEM07960
C	MAX OCCURS FIRST AT K = KK	LEM07970
C		LEM07980
C	= (2) MEANS CALCULATION OF THE PROJECTION OF THE STARTING	LEM07990
C	LANZOS VECTOR ON EACH EIGENVECTOR OF A.	LEM08000
C		LEM08010
C	-----	LEM08020
C	DATA MACHEP/Z3410000000000000/	LEM08030
C	EPSM = 2.0D0*MACHEP	LEM08040
C	-----	LEM08050
C	GO TO 3	LEM08060
C	ENTRY EXVECP(C0,C1,C2,KX,KY)	LEM08070
C	GO TO 4	LEM08080
C	-----	LEM08090
C	SPECIFY PARAMETERS	LEM08100
C	3 N = KX*KY	LEM08110
C	ZERO = 0.0D0	LEM08120
C	HALF = 0.5D0	LEM08130
C	ONE = 1.0D0	LEM08140

```

      TWO = 2.0D0                                LEM08150
      T0 = DARCOS(-ONE)                          LEM08160
      T1 = DFLOAT(KX+1)                         LEM08170
      PIK = T0/T1                               LEM08180
      T2 = DFLOAT(KY+1)                         LEM08190
      PIL = T0/T2                               LEM08200
      WS = TWO/DSQRT(T1*T2)                     LEM08210
C                                              LEM08220
C  GENERATE WI WJ VECTORS                      LEM08230
      KP = 0                                    LEM08240
      DO 20 J = 1,KY                            LEM08250
      T1 = PIL*DFLOAT(J)                       LEM08260
      WJ(J) = T1                                LEM08270
      T0 = C2 - TWO*C1*DCOS(T1)                 LEM08280
      DO 10 I = 1,KX                            LEM08290
      KP = KP+1                                LEM08300
      T1 = PIK*DFLOAT(I)                       LEM08310
      WI(I) = T1                                LEM08320
10  U(KP) = T0 - TWO*C0*DCOS(T1)               LEM08330
20  CONTINUE                                   LEM08340
C  U(KP) = EV(I,J) = C2 - 2*C1*COS(PIL*J) - 2*C0*COS(PIK*I) LEM08350
C                                              LEM08360
C  INITIALIZE MP VECTOR                       LEM08370
      DO 30 K = 1,N                             LEM08380
30  MP(K) = K                                 LEM08390
C                                              LEM08400
C  WE ORDER U VECTOR BY INCREASING SIZE OF THE EVS LEM08410
      DO 50 K = 2,N                             LEM08420
      KM1 = K-1                                LEM08430
C                                              LEM08440
      DO 40 L = 1,KM1                           LEM08450
      JJ = K - L                               LEM08460
      IF (U(JJ+1).GE.U(JJ)) GO TO 50             LEM08470
      EE = U(JJ)                                LEM08480
      U(JJ) = U(JJ+1)                           LEM08490
      U(JJ+1) = EE                             LEM08500
      IEE = MP(JJ)                              LEM08510
      MP(JJ) = MP(JJ+1)                         LEM08520
40  MP(JJ+1) = IEE                             LEM08530
C                                              LEM08540
50  CONTINUE                                   LEM08550
C                                              LEM08560
      ATOLN = DMAX1(DABS(U(1)),DABS(U(N)))*EPSM LEM08570
C                                              LEM08580
      IF (ICOUNT.EQ.1) WRITE(6,60) N,KX,KY,JVEC,C2,C0,C1,ATOLN LEM08590
60  FORMAT(/' TRUE ERRORS FOR CONVERGED GOODEV'/
1  4I6,' = N KX KY JVEC'//
1  4E12.5,' = C2 C0 C1 ATOLN'//)
C                                              LEM08630
C  KP = MP(K) MEANS EIGENVALUE U(K) CORRESPONDS TO EIGENVECTOR W(KP) LEM08640
C  COMPUTE TOLERANCE USED IN COMPUTING TRUE MULTIPLICITIES LEM08650
C                                              LEM08660
      IF (JVEC.EQ.1) GO TO 180                  LEM08670
C                                              LEM08680
C  JVEC = 2 SO CALCULATE PROJECTIONS AND WRITE IN FILE 12 LEM08690

```


C	WRITE(12,70)	LEM08700
	70 FORMAT(' PROJECTIONS OF LANCZOS STARTING VECTOR ON A-EIGENVECS')	LEM08710
C	WRITE(12,80)N,KX,KY,IIX,C2,C0,C1,ATOLN	LEM08720
	80 FORMAT(1X,'A-SIZE',2X,'X-DIM',2X,'Y-DIM',6X,'SVSEED'/3I7,I12/	LEM08730
	1 5X,'A-DIAGONAL',3X,'X-CODIAGONAL',3X,'Y-CODIAGONAL',5X,'ATOLN'/	LEM08740
	2 3E15.8,E10.3)	LEM08750
C	WRITE(12,90)	LEM08760
	90 FORMAT(5X,'PROJECTION',8X,'TRUE A-EIGENVALUE',1X,'EV NO'	LEM08770
	1,2X,'VEC NO')	LEM08780
C	GENERATE SAME RANDOM UNIT VECTOR USED IN THE LANCZS RECURSIONS.	LEM08790
	IIL=IIX	LEM08800
C	-----	LEM08810
	CALL GENRAN(IIL,G,N)	LEM08820
C	-----	LEM08830
C	DO 100 I = 1,N	LEM08840
	100 V(I) = G(I)	LEM08850
C	-----	LEM08860
	SUM = FINPRO(N,V(1),1,V(1),1)	LEM08870
C	-----	LEM08880
C	SUM = 1.DO/DSQRT(SUM)	LEM08890
C	DO 110 I = 1,N	LEM08900
	110 V(I) = V(I)*SUM	LEM08910
C	-----	LEM08920
	DETERMINE UNIT EIGENVECTOR W ASSOCIATED WITH EACH EV(I,J) = Y1	LEM08930
	AND CALCULATE THE PROJECTION G(K) OF U ON THE STARTING VECTOR V	LEM08940
	A*U = EV*U WS = 1/ WU : WU = UNSCALED EIGENVECTOR	LEM08950
C	-----	LEM08960
	DO 160 K =1,N	LEM08970
	DETERMINE I J FROM K: MP(K) = KP = (J-1)*KX+I	LEM08980
	KP = MP(K)	LEM08990
	I = MOD(KP,KX)	LEM09000
	IF (I.EQ.0) I = KX	LEM09010
	T1 = WI(I)	LEM09020
	J = 1 + (KP-1)/KX	LEM09030
	T0 = WJ(J)	LEM09040
	T0 = WJ(J)	LEM09050
C	-----	LEM09060
	Y1 = C2 - TWO*C1*DCOS(WJ(J)) - TWO*C0*DCOS(WI(I))	LEM09070
C	Y1 = EV(I,J)	LEM09080
C	-----	LEM09090
	DO 120 II = 1,KX	LEM09100
	T2 = T1*DFLOAT(II)	LEM09110
	120 WII(II) = WS*DSIN(T2)	LEM09120
C	-----	LEM09130
	KV = 0	LEM09140
	DO 140 JJ = 1,KY	LEM09150
		LEM09160
		LEM09170
		LEM09180
		LEM09190
		LEM09200
		LEM09210
		LEM09220
		LEM09230
		LEM09240

200 Y1 = U(KX1)	LEM09800
C	LEM09810
IF (KX1.EQ.1) EE = U(2) - U(1)	LEM09820
IF (KX1.EQ.N) EE = U(N) - U(NM1)	LEM09830
IF (KX1.EQ.1.OR.KX1.EQ.N) GO TO 210	LEM09840
EE = DMIN1(U(KX1+1)-U(KX1),U(KX1)-U(KX1-1))	LEM09850
210 CONTINUE	LEM09860
C	LEM09870
TO = DABS(ONE - X1/Y1)	LEM09880
C	LEM09890
WRITE(6,220) N,KX1,ICOUNT,Y1,X1,TO,EE	LEM09900
220 FORMAT(3I8,' = N, A-EV NUMBER,RITZ NUMBER'//	LEM09910
1 18X,' TRUEEV',19X,'GOODEV',4X,'RELERROR',4X,'A-MINGAP'//	LEM09920
1 2E25.16,2E12.3/)	LEM09930
C	LEM09940
IF (EE.GT.ATOLN) GO TO 240	LEM09950
C	LEM09960
WRITE(6,230)	LEM09970
230 FORMAT(' Y1 IS A MULTIPLE EIGENVALUE OF A SO WE EXIT'//)	LEM09980
C	LEM09990
GO TO 310	LEM10000
C	LEM10010
C Y1 IS TOEPLITZ EIGENVALUE CLOSEST TO X1.	LEM10020
C CALCULATION OF EIGENVECTOR ASSOCIATED WITH EIGENVALUE Y1	LEM10030
C A*U = Y1*U	LEM10040
C DETERMINE I J FROM K: MP(K) = KP = (J-1)*KX+I	LEM10050
240 CONTINUE	LEM10060
K = KX1	LEM10070
KP = MP(K)	LEM10080
I = MOD(KP,KX)	LEM10090
IF (I.EQ.0) I = KX	LEM10100
T1 = WI(I)	LEM10110
J = 1 + (KP-1)/KX	LEM10120
T2 = WJ(J)	LEM10130
C	LEM10140
DO 250 II = 1,KX	LEM10150
TO = T1*DFLOAT(II)	LEM10160
250 WII(II) = WS*DSIN(TO)	LEM10170
C	LEM10180
KV = 0	LEM10190
DO 270 JJ = 1,KY	LEM10200
TO = T2*DFLOAT(JJ)	LEM10210
TO = DSIN(TO)	LEM10220
C	LEM10230
DO 260 II = 1,KX	LEM10240
KV = KV + 1	LEM10250
260 U(KV) = TO*WII(II)	LEM10260
C	LEM10270
270 CONTINUE	LEM10280
C	LEM10290
C U IS UNIT TRUE EIGENVECTOR OF A ASSOCIATED WITH Y1	LEM10300
C V IS UNIT RITZVECTOR OF A ASSOCIATED WITH X1	LEM10310
C	LEM10320
KK = 0	LEM10330
S = ONE	LEM10340

	T1 = ZERO	LEM10350
C		LEM10360
	DO 280 K = 1,N	LEM10370
	IF (DABS(U(K)).LE.T1) GO TO 280	LEM10380
	T1 = DABS(U(K))	LEM10390
	KK = K	LEM10400
280	CONTINUE	LEM10410
	IF (U(KK)*V(KK).LT.ZERO) S = - ONE	LEM10420
C		LEM10430
	KK = 0	LEM10440
	T1 = ZERO	LEM10450
	T2 = ZERO	LEM10460
	DO 290 K = 1,N	LEM10470
	TEMP = DABS(S*U(K) - V(K))	LEM10480
	T2 = T2 + TEMP**2	LEM10490
	IF (TEMP.LE.T1) GO TO 290	LEM10500
	KK = K	LEM10510
	T1 = TEMP	LEM10520
290	CONTINUE	LEM10530
C		LEM10540
	T2 = DSQRT(T2)	LEM10550
	WRITE(6,300) KK,T1,T2	LEM10560
300	FORMAT(' EIGENVECTOR ERROR. MAX ERROR AT COMPONENT = ',I6/	LEM10570
	1 ' MAX DABS(TRUEVEC(K)-RITZVEC(K)) = ',E12.5/	LEM10580
	1 ' NORM(TRUEVEC-RITZVEC) = ',E12.5/)	LEM10590
C		LEM10600
310	CONTINUE	LEM10610
C		LEM10620
	4 RETURN	LEM10630
C		LEM10640
C-----	END OF EXVEC-----	LEM10650
	END	LEM10660

2.6 LESUB: Other Subroutines used by the Codes in Chapters 2, 3, 4, 5

```

C----- LES00010
C LES00020
C   LESUB LES00030
C LES00040
C----- LES00050
C Authors: Jane Cullum and Ralph A. Willoughby (Deceased) LES00060
C           Los Alamos National Laboratory LES00070
C           Los Alamos, New Mexico 87544 LES00080
C LES00090
C           E-mail: cullumj@lanl.gov LES00100
C LES00110
C These codes are copyrighted by the authors. These codes LES00120
C and modifications of them or portions of them are NOT to be LES00130
C incorporated into any commercial codes or used for any other LES00140
C commercial purposes such as consulting for other companies, LES00150
C without legal agreements with the authors of these Codes. LES00160
C If these Codes or portions of them are used in other scientific or LES00170
C engineering research works the names of the authors of these codes LES00180
C and appropriate references to their written work are to be LES00190
C incorporated in the derivative works. LES00200
C LES00210
C This header is not to be removed from these codes. LES00220
C LES00230
C REFERENCE: Cullum and Willoughby, Chapters 1,2,3,4 LES00231
C Lanczos Algorithms for Large Symmetric Eigenvalue Computations LES00232
C VOL. 1 Theory. Republished as Volume 41 in SIAM CLASSICS in LES00233
C Applied Mathematics, 2002. SIAM Publications, LES00234
C Philadelphia, PA. USA LES00235
C LES00236
C LES00237
C (1) REAL SYMMETRIC LES00240
C (2) HERMITIAN MATRICES LES00250
C (3) FACTORED INVERSES OF REAL SYMMETRIC MATRICES AND LES00260
C (4) REAL SYMMETRIC GENERALIZED,  $A^*X = \text{EVAL} \cdot B \cdot X$  WHERE LES00270
C B IS POSITIVE DEFINITE, CHOLESKY FACTOR AVAILABLE LES00280
C LES00290
C ACCORDING TO PFORT THESE SUBROUTINES ARE PORTABLE EXCEPT FOR: LES00300
C (1) THE COMPLEX*16 VARIABLES AND THE CORRESPONDING FUNCTIONS LES00310
C FOR COMPLEX VARIABLES, DCMPLX, DREAL AND DCONJG USED IN LES00320
C THE SUBROUTINE CINPRD (USED ONLY IN CASE (2), HERMITIAN) LES00330
C (2) THE ENTRY IN THE SUBROUTINE LPERM USED TO PASS THE LES00340
C PERMUTATION FROM THE UPSEC SUBROUTINE TO LPERM. (USED LES00350
C ONLY IN CASES (3) AND (4), INVERSE AND GENERALIZED). LES00360
C LES00370
C SUBROUTINES BISEC, INVERR, TNORM, LUMP, ISOEV, PRTEST, AND LES00380
C INVERM ARE USED WITH THE LANCZOS EIGENVALUE LES00390
C PROGRAMS LEVAL, HLEVAL, LIVAL AND LGVAL. STURMI, LES00400
C INVERM, LBISEC, AND TNORM ARE USED WITH THE LES00410
C EIGENVECTOR PROGRAMS LEVEC, HLEVEC, LIVEC AND LES00420
C LGVEC. LPERM IS USED WITH LIVEC AND LGVEC. LES00430

```

```

C              IN THE HERMITIAN CASE, THE SUBROUTINE CINPRD      LES00440
C              IS ALSO USED.                                     LES00450
C                                                              LES00460
C-----COMPUTE T-EIGENVALUES BY BISECTION-----LES00470
C                                                              LES00480
C              SUBROUTINE BISEC(ALPHA,BETA,BETA2,VB,VS,LBD,UBD,EPS,TTOL,MP,
1 NINT,MEV,NDIS,IC,IWRITE)                                     LES00490
C                                                              LES00500
C                                                              LES00510
C-----LES00520
C              DOUBLE PRECISION  ALPHA(1),BETA(1),BETA2(1),VB(1),VS(1)      LES00530
C              DOUBLE PRECISION  LBD(1),UBD(1),EPS,EPT,EPO,EP1,TEMP,TTOL      LES00540
C              DOUBLE PRECISION  ZERO,ONE,HALF,YU,YV,LB,UB,XL,XU,X1,X0,XS,BETAM LES00550
C              INTEGER  MP(1),IDEF(100)                                     LES00560
C              DOUBLE PRECISION  DABS, DSQRT, DMAX1, DMIN1, DFLOAT      LES00570
C-----LES00580
C              COMPUTES EIGENVALUES OF T(1,MEV) BY LOOPING INTERNALLY ON THE  LES00590
C              USER-SPECIFIED INTERVALS, (LB(J),UB(J)), J = 1,NINT.  INTERVALS LES00600
C              ARE TREATED AS OPEN ON THE LEFT AND CLOSED ON THE RIGHT.      LES00610
C              THE BISEC SUBROUTINE SIMULTANEOUSLY LABELS SPURIOUS T-EIGENVALUES LES00620
C              AND DETERMINES THE T-MULTIPLICITIES OF EACH GOOD T-EIGENVALUE. LES00630
C              SPURIOUS T-EIGENVALUES ARE LABELLED BY A T-MULTIPLICITY = 0.    LES00640
C              ANY T-EIGENVALUE WITH A T-MULTIPLICITY >= 1 IS 'GOOD'.      LES00650
C                                                              LES00660
C              IF IWRITE = 0 THEN MOST OF THE WRITES TO FILE 6 ARE NOT      LES00670
C              ACTIVATED.                                                  LES00680
C                                                              LES00690
C              NOTE THAT PROGRAM ASSUMES THAT NO MORE THAN MMAX/2 EIGENVALUES LES00700
C              OF T(1,MEV) ARE TO BE COMPUTED IN ANY ONE OF THE SUBINTERVALS LES00710
C              CONSIDERED, WHERE MMAX = DIMENSION OF VB SPECIFIED BY THE USER LES00720
C              IN THE MAIN PROGRAM LEVAL.                                  LES00730
C                                                              LES00740
C              ON ENTRY                                                  LES00750
C              BETA2(J) IS SET = BETA(J)*BETA(J).  THE STORAGE FOR BETA2 COULD LES00760
C              BE ELIMINATED BY RECOMPUTING THE BETA(J)**2 FOR EACH STURM    LES00770
C              SEQUENCE.                                                  LES00780
C                                                              LES00790
C              EPS = 2*MACHEP = 4.4 * 10**-16 ON IBM 3081.                LES00800
C              TTOL = EPS*TKMAX WHERE                                     LES00810
C              TKMAX = MAX(|ALPHA(K)|,BETA(K), K=1,KMAX)                  LES00820
C                                                              LES00830
C              ON EXIT                                                  LES00840
C              NDIS = TOTAL NUMBER OF COMPUTED DISTINCT EIGENVALUES OF      LES00850
C              T(1,MEV) ON THE UNION OF THE (LB,UB) INTERVALS.            LES00860
C              VS = COMPUTED DISTINCT EIGENVALUES OF T(1,MEV) IN ALGEBRAICALLY- LES00870
C              INCREASING ORDER                                           LES00880
C              MP = CORRESPONDING T-MULTIPLICITIES OF THESE EIGENVALUES      LES00890
C              MP(I) = (0,1,MI), MI>1, I=1,NDIS  MEANS:                  LES00900
C              (0) V(I) IS SPURIOUS                                       LES00910
C              (1) V(I) IS ISOLATED AND GOOD                             LES00920
C              (MI) V(I) IS MULTIPLE AND HENCE A CONVERGED GOOD T-EIGENVALUE. LES00930
C              IC = TOTAL NUMBER OF STURMS USED                          LES00940
C                                                              LES00950
C              DEFAULTS                                                  LES00960
C              ISKIP = 0 INITIALLY. IF DEFAULT OCCURS ON J-TH SUB-INTERVAL, SET LES00970
C              ISKIP=ISKIP+1 AND IDEF(ISKIP) = J                          LES00980

```

C	DEFAULTS OCCUR IF THERE ARE NO T-EIGENVALUES IN THE	LES00990
C	SUBINTERVAL SPECIFIED OR IF THE NUMBER	LES01000
C	OF STURMS SEQUENCES REQUIRED EXCEEDS MXSTUR.	LES01010
C	WHEN A DEFAULT OCCURS THE PROGRAM	LES01020
C	SKIPS THE INTERVAL INVOLVED AND GOES ON TO THE NEXT	LES01030
C	INTERVAL.	LES01040
C		LES01050
C	-----	LES01060
C	SPECIFY PARAMETERS	LES01070
	ZERO = 0.0D0	LES01080
	ONE = 1.0D0	LES01090
	HALF = 0.5D0	LES01100
	MXSTUR = IC	LES01110
	NDIS = 0	LES01120
	IC = 0	LES01130
	ISKIP = 0	LES01140
	MP1 = MEV+1	LES01150
C	SAVE THEN SET BETA(MEV+1) = 0. GENERATE BETA**2	LES01160
	BETAM = BETA(MP1)	LES01170
	BETA(MP1) = ZERO	LES01180
C		LES01190
	DO 10 I = 1,MP1	LES01200
10	BETA2(I) = BETA(I)*BETA(I)	LES01210
C		LES01220
C	EPO IS USED IN T-MULTIPLICITY AND SPURIOUS TESTS	LES01230
C	EP1 AND EPS ARE USED IN THE BISEC CONVERGENCE TEST	LES01240
C		LES01250
	TEMP = DFLOAT(MEV+1000)	LES01260
	EPO = TEMP*TTOL	LES01270
	EP1 = DSQRT(TEMP)*TTOL	LES01280
C		LES01290
	WRITE(6,20)MEV,NINT	LES01300
20	FORMAT(/' BISEC CALCULATION'/' ORDER OF T IS',I6/	LES01310
1	' NUMBER OF INTERVALS IS',I6/)	LES01320
C		LES01330
	WRITE(6,30) EPO,EP1	LES01340
30	FORMAT(/' MULTOL, TOLERANCE USED IN T-MULTIPLICITY AND SPURIOUS TELE	LES01350
1	STS = ',E10.3/' BISTOL, TOLERANCE USED IN BISEC CONVERGENCE TEST =	LES01360
1	',E10.3/)	LES01370
C		LES01380
C	LOOP ON THE NINT INTERVALS (LB(J),UB(J)), J=1,NINT	LES01390
	DO 430 JIND = 1,NINT	LES01400
	LB = LBD(JIND)	LES01410
	UB = UBD(JIND)	LES01420
C		LES01430
	WRITE(6,40)JIND,LB,UB	LES01440
40	FORMAT(/1X,'BISEC INTERVAL NO',2X,'LOWER BOUND',2X,'UPPER BOUND'/	LES01450
1	1I18,2E13.5/)	LES01460
C		LES01470
C	INITIALIZATION AND PARAMETER SPECIFICATION	LES01480
C	ICT IS TOTAL STURM COUNT ON (LB,UB)	LES01490
C		LES01500
	NA = 0	LES01510
	MD = 0	LES01520
	NG = 0	LES01530

```

      ICT = 0
C
C      START OF T-EIGENVALUE CALCULATIONS
      X1 = UB
      ISTURM = 1
      GO TO 330
C      FORWARD STURM CALCULATION TO DETERMINE NA = NO. T-EIGENVALUES > UB
50  NA = NEV
C
      X1 = LB
      ISTURM = 2
      GO TO 330
C      FORWARD STURM CALC TO DETERMINE MT = NO. T-EIGENVALUES ON (LB,UB)
60  CONTINUE
      MT=NEV
      ICT = ICT +2
C
      WRITE(6,70)MT,NA
70  FORMAT(/2I6,' = NO. TMEV ON (LB,UB) AND NO. .GT. UB'/)
C
C      DEFAULT TEST: IS ESTIMATED NUMBER OF STURMS > MXSTUR?
      IEST = 30*MT
      IF (IEST.LT.MXSTUR) GO TO 90
C
      WRITE(6,80)
80  FORMAT(/' ESTIMATED NUMBER OF STURMS REQUIRED EXCEEDS USER LIMIT'
1/ ' SKIP THIS SUBINTERVAL')
      GO TO 110
C
90  CONTINUE
C
      IF (MT.GE.1) GO TO 120
C
      WRITE(6,100)
100 FORMAT(/' THERE ARE NO T-EIGENVALUES ON THIS INTERVAL')/
C
110  ISKIP = ISKIP+1
      IDEF(ISKIP) = JIND
      GO TO 430
C
C      REGULAR CASE.
120  CONTINUE
C
      IF (IWRITE.NE.0) WRITE(6,130)
130  FORMAT(/' DISTINCT T-EIGENVALUES COMPUTED USING BISEC'/
1 13X,'T-EIGENVALUE',2X,'TMULT',3X,'MD',4X,'NG')
C
C      SET UP INITIAL UPPER AND LOWER BOUNDS FOR T-EIGENVALUES
      DO 140 I=1,MT
      VB(I) = LB
      MTI = MT + I
140  VB(MTI) = UB
C
C      CALCULATE T-EIGENVALUES FROM LB UP TO UB  K = MT,...,1
C      MAIN LOOP FOR FINDING KTH T-EIGENVALUE

```


C		LES02090
	K = MT	LES02100
150	CONTINUE	LES02110
	IC0 = 0	LES02120
	XL = VB(K)	LES02130
	MTK = MT+K	LES02140
	XU = VB(MTK)	LES02150
C		LES02160
	ISTURM = 3	LES02170
	X1 = XU	LES02180
	IC0 = IC0 + 1	LES02190
	GO TO 330	LES02200
C	FORWARD STURM CALCULATION AT XU	LES02210
160	NU=NEV	LES02220
C		LES02230
C	BISECTION LOOP FOR KTH T-EIGENVALUE. TEST X1=MIDPOINT OF (XL,XU)	LES02240
	ISTURM = 4	LES02250
170	CONTINUE	LES02260
	X1 = (XL+XU)*HALF	LES02270
	XS = DABS(XL)+DABS(XU)	LES02280
	X0 = XU-XL	LES02290
	EPT = EPS*XS+EP1	LES02300
C		LES02310
C	EPT IS CONVERGENCE TOLERANCE FOR KTH T-EIGENVALUE	LES02320
C		LES02330
	IF (X0.LE.EPT) GO TO 230	LES02340
C		LES02350
C	T-EIGENVALUE HAS NOT YET CONVERGED	LES02360
C		LES02370
	IC0 = IC0 + 1	LES02380
	GO TO 330	LES02390
C	FORWARD STURM CALCULATION AT CURRENT T-EIGENVALUE APPROXIMATION.	LES02400
180	CONTINUE	LES02410
C		LES02420
C	UPDATE T-EIGENVALUE INTERVAL (XL,XU)	LES02430
C		LES02440
	IF (NEV.LT.K) GO TO 190	LES02450
C		LES02460
C	NUMBER OF T-EIGENVALUES NEV = K	LES02470
	XL = X1	LES02480
	GO TO 170	LES02490
190	CONTINUE	LES02500
C	NUMBER OF T-EIGENVALUES NEV<K	LES02510
	XU = X1	LES02520
	NU = NEV	LES02530
C		LES02540
C	UPDATE OF T-EIGENVALUE BOUNDS	LES02550
C		LES02560
	IF (NEV.EQ.0) GO TO 210	LES02570
C		LES02580
	DO 200 I = 1,NEV	LES02590
200	VB(I) = DMAX1(X1,VB(I))	LES02600
C		LES02610
210	NEV1 = NEV+1	LES02620
C		LES02630

```

      DO 220 II = NEV1,K                      LES02640
      I = MT+II                              LES02650
220  VB(I) = DMIN1(X1,VB(I))                  LES02660
C                                             LES02670
      GO TO 170                              LES02680
C                                             LES02690
C      END (XL,XU) BISECTION LOOP FOR KTH T-EIGENVALUE ON (LB,UB) LES02700
C      TEST FOR T-MULTIPLICITY AND IF SIMPLE THEN TEST FOR SPURIOUSNESS LES02710
C                                             LES02720
230  CONTINUE                                LES02730
      NDIS = NDIS+1                          LES02740
      MD = MD+1                              LES02750
      VS(NDIS) = X1                          LES02760
C                                             LES02770
      JSTURM = 1                             LES02780
      X1 = XL-EPO                            LES02790
      GO TO 370                              LES02800
C      BACKWARD STURM CALCULATION            LES02810
240  KL = KEV                                LES02820
      JL = JEV                                LES02830
C                                             LES02840
      JSTURM = 2                             LES02850
      ICO = ICO + 2                          LES02860
      X1 = XU+EPO                            LES02870
      GO TO 370                              LES02880
C      BACKWARD STURM CALCULATION            LES02890
250  JU = JEV                                LES02900
      KU = KEV                                LES02910
C                                             LES02920
C      FOR T(1,MEV)                          LES02930
C      NU - KU = NO. T-EIGENVALUES ON (XU, XU + EPO) LES02940
C      KL - KU = NO. T-EIGENVALUES ON (XL - EPO, XU + EPO) LES02950
C                                             LES02960
C      FOR T(2,MEV)                          LES02970
C      JL -JU = NO. T-EIGENVALUES ON (XL - EPO, XU + EPO) LES02980
C                                             LES02990
C      IS THIS A SIMPLE T-EIGENVALUE?        LES03000
C                                             LES03010
      IF (KL-KU-1.EQ.0) GO TO 290             LES03020
C                                             LES03030
C      VS(NDIS) = KTH-T-EIGENVALUE OF (LB,UB) IS MULTIPLE AND HENCE GOOD LES03040
      IF (KU.EQ.NU) GO TO 280                 LES03050
C      CONTINUE TO CHECK FOR T-MULTIPLICITY  LES03060
260  CONTINUE                                LES03070
      ISTURM = 5                             LES03080
      X1 = X1+EPO                            LES03090
      ICO = ICO + 1                          LES03100
      GO TO 330                              LES03110
C      FORWARD STURM CALCULATION             LES03120
270  KNE = KU-NEV                            LES03130
      KU = NEV                                LES03140
      IF (KNE.NE.0) GO TO 260                 LES03150
C      SPECIFY T-MULTIPLICITY = MP(NDIS)     LES03160
280  MPEV = KL-KU                            LES03170
      KNEW = KU                              LES03180

```

GO TO 300	LES03190
C END MULTIPLE CASE	LES03200
C	LES03210
C T-EIGENVALUE IS SIMPLE CHECK IF IT IS SPURIOUS	LES03220
290 CONTINUE	LES03230
MPEV = 1	LES03240
IF (JU.LT.JL) MPEV=0	LES03250
KNEW = K-1	LES03260
C	LES03270
C X1 >= XU+EPO	LES03280
C SPURIOUS TEST AND T-SIMPLE CASE COMPLETED	LES03290
C START OF NEXT T-EIGENVALUE COMPUTATION	LES03300
C	LES03310
300 K = KNEW	LES03320
MP(NDIS) = MPEV	LES03330
IF (MPEV.GE.1) NG = NG + 1	LES03340
C	LES03350
IF (IWRITE.NE.0) WRITE(6,310) VS(NDIS),MPEV,MD,NG	LES03360
310 FORMAT(E25.16,3I6)	LES03370
C	LES03380
C UPDATE STURM COUNT. ICO = STURM COUNT FOR KTH T-EIGENVALUE	LES03390
ICT = ICT + ICO	LES03400
C	LES03410
C EXIT TEST FOR K DO LOOP	LES03420
C	LES03430
IF (K.LE.0) GO TO 410	LES03440
C	LES03450
C UPDATE LOWER BOUNDS	LES03460
DO 320 I=1,KNEW	LES03470
320 VB(I) = DMAX1(X1,VB(I))	LES03480
C	LES03490
GO TO 150	LES03500
C END OF BISECTION LOOP FOR KTH T-EIGENVALUE	LES03510
C	LES03520
C FORWARD STURM CALCULATION	LES03530
330 NEV = -NA	LES03540
YU = ONE	LES03550
C	LES03560
DO 360 I = 1,MEV	LES03570
IF (YU.NE.ZERO) GO TO 340	LES03580
YV = BETA(I)/EPS	LES03590
GO TO 350	LES03600
340 YV = BETA2(I)/YU	LES03610
350 YU = X1 - ALPHA(I) - YV	LES03620
IF (YU.GE.ZERO) GO TO 360	LES03630
NEV = NEV + 1	LES03640
360 CONTINUE	LES03650
C NEV = NUMBER OF T-EIGENVALUES ON (X1,UB)	LES03660
C	LES03670
GO TO (50,60,160,180,270), ISTURM	LES03680
C	LES03690
C BACKWARD STURM CALCULATION FOR T(1,MEV) AND T(2,MEV)	LES03700
370 KEV = -NA	LES03710
YU = ONE	LES03720
C	LES03730

```

      DO 400 II = 1,MEV                                LES03740
      I = MP1-II                                        LES03750
      IF (YU.NE.ZERO) GO TO 380                        LES03760
      YV = BETA(I+1)/EPS                               LES03770
      GO TO 390                                         LES03780
380  YV = BETA2(I+1)/YU                                LES03790
390  YU = X1-ALPHA(I)-YV                              LES03800
      JEV = 0                                           LES03810
      IF (YU.GE.ZERO) GO TO 400                       LES03820
      KEV = KEV+1                                       LES03830
      JEV = 1                                           LES03840
400  CONTINUE                                           LES03850
      JEV = KEV-JEV                                     LES03860
C                                           LES03870
      GO TO (240,250), JSTURM                           LES03880
C                                           LES03890
C      KEV = -NA + (NUMBER OF T(1,MEV) EIGENVALUES) > X1 LES03900
C      JEV = -NA + (NUMBER OF T(2,MEV) EIGENVALUES) > X1 LES03910
C      SET PARAMETERS FOR NEXT INTERVAL                LES03920
410  CONTINUE                                           LES03930
      IC = ICT+IC                                       LES03940
      MXSTUR = MXSTUR-ICT                             LES03950
C                                           LES03960
      WRITE(6,420) JIND,NG,MD                          LES03970
420  FORMAT(/' T-EIGENVALUE CALCULATION ON INTERVAL',I6,' IS COMPLETE' LES03980
      1 /3X,'NO. GOOD',3X,'NO. DISTINCT'/I10,I13)      LES03990
C                                           LES04000
430  CONTINUE                                           LES04010
C                                           LES04020
C      END LOOP ON THE SUBINTERVALS (LB(J),UB(J)), J=1,NINT LES04030
C      ISKIP OUTPUT                                     LES04040
C                                           LES04050
      IF (ISKIP.GT.0) WRITE(6,440) ISKIP                LES04060
440  FORMAT(' BISEC DEFAULTED ON',I3,3X,'INTERVALS'/    LES04070
      1 ' DEFAULTS OCCUR IF AN INTERVAL HAS NO T-EIGENVALUES'/ LES04080
      2 ' OR THE STURM ESTIMATE EXCEEDS THE USER-SPECIFIED LIMIT'/) LES04090
C                                           LES04100
      IF (ISKIP.GT.0) WRITE(6,450) (IDEF(I), I=1,ISKIP) LES04110
450  FORMAT(' BISEC DEFAULTED ON INTERVALS'/(10I8))    LES04120
C                                           LES04130
C      RESET BETA AT I = MP1                           LES04140
      BETA(MP1) = BETAM                                LES04150
C-----END OF BISEC-----LES04160
      RETURN                                           LES04170
      END                                              LES04180
C                                           LES04190
C-----INVERSE ITERATION ON T(1,MEV)-----LES04200
C                                           LES04210
      SUBROUTINE INVERR(ALPHA,BETA,V1,V2,VS,EPS,G,MP,MEV,MMB,NDIS,NIS0, LES04220
      1 N,IKL,IT,IWRITE)                               LES04230
C                                           LES04240
C-----LES04250
      DOUBLE PRECISION ALPHA(1),BETA(*),V1(1),V2(*),VS(*) LES04260
      DOUBLE PRECISION X1,U,Z,EST,TEMP,TO,T1,RATIO,SUM,XU,NORM,TSUM LES04270
      DOUBLE PRECISION BETAM,EPS,EPS3,EPS4,ZERO,ONE     LES04280

```

```

      REAL G(1)                                LES04290
      INTEGER MP(1)                            LES04300
      DOUBLE PRECISION FINPRO                   LES04310
      REAL ABS                                  LES04320
      DOUBLE PRECISION DABS, DMIN1, DSQRT, DFLOAT LES04330
C-----LES04340
C  COMPUTES ERROR ESTIMATES FOR COMPUTED ISOLATED GOOD T-EIGENVALUES LES04350
C  IN VS AND WRITES THESE T-EIGENVALUES AND ESTIMATES TO FILE 4.    LES04360
C  BY DEFINITION A GOOD T-EIGENVALUE IS ISOLATED IF ITS            LES04370
C  CLOSEST T-NEIGHBOR IS ALSO GOOD, OR ITS CLOSEST NEIGHBOR IS     LES04380
C  SPURIOUS, BUT THAT NEIGHBOR IS FAR ENOUGH AWAY.  SO            LES04390
C  IN PARTICULAR, WE COMPUTE ESTIMATES FOR GOOD T-EIGENVALUES     LES04400
C  THAT ARE IN CLUSTERS OF GOOD T-EIGENVALUES.                     LES04410
C                                                                    LES04420
C  USES INVERSE ITERATION ON T(1,MEV) SOLVING THE EQUATION         LES04430
C  (T - X1*I)V2 = RIGHT-HAND SIDE (RANDOMLY-GENERATED)              LES04440
C  FOR EACH SUCH GOOD T-EIGENVALUE X1.                             LES04450
C                                                                    LES04460
C  PROGRAM REFACTORS T-X1*I ON EACH ITERATION OF INVERSE ITERATION. LES04470
C  TYPICALLY ONLY ONE ITERATION IS NEEDED PER EIGENVALUE X1.      LES04480
C                                                                    LES04490
C  POSSIBLE STORAGE COMPRESSION                                    LES04500
C  G STORAGE COULD BE ELIMINATED BY REGENERATING THE RANDOM       LES04510
C  RIGHT-HAND SIDE ON EACH ITERATION AND PRINTING OUT THE         LES04520
C  ERROR ESTIMATES AS THEY ARE GENERATED.                         LES04530
C                                                                    LES04540
C  ON ENTRY AND EXIT                                              LES04550
C  MEV = ORDER OF T                                               LES04560
C  ALPHA, BETA CONTAIN THE NONZERO ENTRIES OF THE T-MATRIX        LES04570
C  VS = COMPUTED DISTINCT EIGENVALUES OF T(1,MEV)                 LES04580
C  MP = T-MULTIPLICITY OF EACH T-EIGENVALUE IN VS. MP(I) = -1 MEANS LES04590
C  VS(I) IS A GOOD T-EIGENVALUE BUT THAT IT IS SITTING CLOSE TO LES04600
C  A SPURIOUS T-EIGENVALUE.  MP(I) = 0 MEANS VS(I) IS SPURIOUS.  LES04610
C  ESTIMATES ARE COMPUTED ONLY FOR THOSE T-EIGENVALUES            LES04620
C  WITH MP(I) = 1. FLAGGING WAS DONE IN SUBROUTINE ISOEV          LES04630
C  PRIOR TO ENTERING INVERR.                                       LES04640
C  NISO = NUMBER OF ISOLATED GOOD T-EIGENVALUES CONTAINED IN VS   LES04650
C  NDIS = NUMBER OF DISTINCT T-EIGENVALUES IN VS                  LES04660
C  IKL = SEED FOR RANDOM NUMBER GENERATOR                         LES04670
C  EPS = 2. * MACHINE EPSILON                                     LES04680
C                                                                    LES04690
C  IN PROGRAM:                                                    LES04700
C  ITER = MAXIMUM NUMBER OF INVERSE ITERATION STEPS ALLOWED FOR EACH LES04710
C  X1.  ITER = IT ON ENTRY.                                        LES04720
C  G = ARRAY OF DIMENSION AT LEAST MEV + NISO.  USED TO STORE      LES04730
C  RANDOMLY-GENERATED RIGHT-HAND SIDE.  THIS IS NOT               LES04740
C  REGENERATED FOR EACH X1.  G IS ALSO USED TO STORE ERROR       LES04750
C  ESTIMATES AS THEY ARE COMPUTED FOR LATER PRINTOUT.            LES04760
C  V1,V2 = WORK SPACES USED IN THE FACTORIZATION OF T(1,MEV).     LES04770
C  AT THE END OF THE INVERSE ITERATION COMPUTATION FOR X1, V2     LES04780
C  CONTAINS THE UNIT EIGENVECTOR OF T(1,MEV) CORRESPONDING TO X1. LES04790
C  V1 AND V2 MUST BE OF DIMENSION AT LEAST MEV.                  LES04800
C                                                                    LES04810
C  ON EXIT                                                         LES04820
C  G(J) = MINIMUM GAP IN T(1,MEV) FOR EACH VS(J), J=1,NDIS       LES04830

```

```

C      G(MEV+I) = BETAM*|V2(MEV)| = ERROR ESTIMATE FOR ISOLATED GOOD      LES04840
C      T-EIGENVALUES, WHERE I = 1,NISO AND BETAM = BETA(MEV+1) LES04850
C      V2(MEV) IS LAST COMPONENT OF THE UNIT EIGENVECTOR OF      LES04860
C      T(1,MEV) CORRESPONDING TO ITH ISOLATED GOOD T-EIGENVALUE. LES04870
C      LES04880
C      IF FOR SOME X1 IT.GT.ITER THEN THE ERROR ESTIMATE IN G IS MARKED LES04890
C      WITH A - SIGN.      LES04900
C      LES04910
C      V2 = ISOLATED GOOD T-EIGENVALUES      LES04920
C      V1 = MINIMAL T-GAPS FOR THE T-EIGENVALUES IN V2.      LES04930
C      THESE ARE CONSTRUCTED FOR WRITE-OUT PURPOSES ONLY AND NOT      LES04940
C      NEEDED ELSEWHERE IN THE PROGRAM.      LES04950
C-----LES04960
C      LES04970
C      LABEL OUTPUT FILE 4      LES04980
C      IF (MMB.EQ.1) WRITE(4,10)      LES04990
10  FORMAT(' INVERSE ITERATION ERROR ESTIMATES'/)      LES05000
C      LES05010
C      FILE 6 (TERMINAL) OUTPUT OF ERROR ESTIMATES      LES05020
C      IF (IWRITE.NE.0.AND.NISO.NE.0) WRITE(6,20)      LES05030
20  FORMAT('/ INVERSE ITERATION ERROR ESTIMATES'/' JISO', ' JDIST',8X LES05040
1, 'GOOD T-EIGENVALUE',4X, 'BETAM*UM',5X, 'TMINGAP')      LES05050
C      LES05060
C      INITIALIZATION AND PARAMETER SPECIFICATION      LES05070
C      ZERO = 0.0DO      LES05080
C      ONE = 1.0DO      LES05090
C      NG = 0      LES05100
C      NISO = 0      LES05110
C      ITER = IT      LES05120
C      MP1 = MEV+1      LES05130
C      MM1 = MEV-1      LES05140
C      BETAM = BETA(MP1)      LES05150
C      BETA(MP1) = ZERO      LES05160
C      LES05170
C      CALCULATE SCALE AND TOLERANCES      LES05180
C      TSUM = DABS(ALPHA(1))      LES05190
C      DO 30 I = 2,MEV      LES05200
30  TSUM = TSUM + DABS(ALPHA(I)) + BETA(I)      LES05210
C      LES05220
C      EPS3 = EPS*TSUM      LES05230
C      EPS4 = DFLOAT(MEV)*EPS3      LES05240
C      LES05250
C      GENERATE SCALED RANDOM RIGHT-HAND SIDE      LES05260
C      ILL = IKL      LES05270
C      LES05280
C-----LES05290
C      CALL GENRAN(ILL,G,MEV)      LES05300
C-----LES05310
C      LES05320
C      GSUM = ZERO      LES05330
C      DO 40 I = 1,MEV      LES05340
40  GSUM = GSUM+ABS(G(I))      LES05350
C      GSUM = EPS4/GSUM      LES05360
C      LES05370
C      DO 50 I = 1,MEV      LES05380

```

```

50 G(I) = GSUM*G(I)                                LES05390
C                                                    LES05400
C    LOOP ON ISOLATED GOOD T-EIGENVALUES IN VS (MP(I) = 1) TO    LES05410
C    CALCULATE CORRESPONDING UNIT EIGENVECTOR OF T(1,MEV)        LES05420
C                                                    LES05430
C    DO 180 JEV = 1,NDIS                                          LES05440
C                                                    LES05450
C    IF (MP(JEV).EQ.0) GO TO 180                                  LES05460
C    NG = NG + 1                                                  LES05470
C    IF (MP(JEV).NE.1) GO TO 180                                  LES05480
C                                                    LES05490
C    IT = 1                                                       LES05500
C    NISO = NISO + 1                                              LES05510
C    X1 = VS(JEV)                                                 LES05520
C                                                    LES05530
C    INITIALIZE RIGHT HAND SIDE FOR INVERSE ITERATION            LES05540
C    DO 60 I = 1,MEV                                              LES05550
60 V2(I) = G(I)                                                  LES05560
C                                                    LES05570
C    TRIANGULAR FACTORIZATION WITH NEAREST NEIGHBOR PIVOT        LES05580
C    STRATEGY. INTERCHANGES ARE LABELLED BY SETTING BETA < 0.  LES05590
C                                                    LES05600
70 CONTINUE                                                    LES05610
C    U = ALPHA(1)-X1                                              LES05620
C    Z = BETA(2)                                                  LES05630
C                                                    LES05640
C    DO 90 I = 2,MEV                                              LES05650
C    IF (BETA(I).GT.DABS(U)) GO TO 80                             LES05660
C    NO INTERCHANGE                                              LES05670
C    V1(I-1) = Z/U                                                LES05680
C    V2(I-1) = V2(I-1)/U                                          LES05690
C    V2(I) = V2(I)-BETA(I)*V2(I-1)                                LES05700
C    RATIO = BETA(I)/U                                            LES05710
C    U = ALPHA(I)-X1-Z*RATIO                                       LES05720
C    Z = BETA(I+1)                                                 LES05730
C    GO TO 90                                                      LES05740
80 CONTINUE                                                    LES05750
C    INTERCHANGE CASE                                            LES05760
C    RATIO = U/BETA(I)                                             LES05770
C    BETA(I) = -BETA(I)                                            LES05780
C    V1(I-1) = ALPHA(I)-X1                                         LES05790
C    U = Z-RATIO*V1(I-1)                                           LES05800
C    Z = -RATIO*BETA(I+1)                                          LES05810
C    TEMP = V2(I-1)                                               LES05820
C    V2(I-1) = V2(I)                                              LES05830
C    V2(I) = TEMP-RATIO*V2(I)                                       LES05840
90 CONTINUE                                                    LES05850
C    IF (U.EQ.ZERO) U = EPS3                                       LES05860
C                                                    LES05870
C    SMALLNESS TEST AND DEFAULT VALUE FOR LAST COMPONENT        LES05880
C    PIVOT(I-1) = |BETA(I)| FOR INTERCHANGE CASE                LES05890
C    (I-1,I+1) ELEMENT IN RIGHT FACTOR = BETA(I+1)              LES05900
C    END OF FACTORIZATION AND FORWARD SUBSTITUTION              LES05910
C                                                    LES05920
C    BACK SUBSTITUTION                                            LES05930

```



```

        WRITE(6,170) NISO,JEV,X1,EST,GAP
170  FORMAT(2I6,E25.16,2E12.3)
C
180  CONTINUE
C
C      END ERROR ESTIMATE LOOP ON ISOLATED GOOD T-EIGENVALUES.
C      GENERATE DISTINCT MINGAPS FOR T(1,MEV).  THIS IS USEFUL AS AN
C      INDICATOR OF THE GOODNESS OF THE INVERSE ITERATION ESTIMATES.
C      TRANSFER ISOLATED GOOD T-EIGENVALUES AND CORRESPONDING TMINGAPS
C      TO V2 AND V1 FOR OUTPUT PURPOSES ONLY.
C
        NM1 = NDIS - 1
        G(NDIS) = VS(NM1)-VS(NDIS)
        G(1) = VS(2)-VS(1)
C
        DO 190 J = 2,NM1
            T0 = VS(J)-VS(J-1)
            T1 = VS(J+1)-VS(J)
            G(J) = T1
            IF (T0.LT.T1) G(J)=-T0
190  CONTINUE
        ISO = 0
        DO 200 J = 1,NDIS
            IF (MP(J).NE.1) GO TO 200
            ISO = ISO+1
            V1(ISO) = G(J)
            V2(ISO) = VS(J)
200  CONTINUE
C
        IF(NISO.EQ.0) GO TO 250
C
C      ERROR ESTIMATES ARE WRITTEN TO FILE 4
        WRITE(4,210)MEV,NDIS,NG,NISO,N,IKL,ITER,BETAM
210  FORMAT(1X,'Tsize',2X,'NDIS',1X,'NGOOD',2X,'NISO',1X,'ASize'/5I6/
1 4X,'RHSEED',2X,'MXINIT',5X,'BETAM'/I10,I8,E10.3/
2 2X,'GOODEVNO',8X,'GOOD T-EIGENVALUE',6X,'BETAM*UM',7X,'TMINGAP')
C
        ISPUR = 0
        I = 0
        DO 240 J = 1,NDIS
            IF(MP(J).NE.0) GO TO 220
            ISPUR = ISPUR + 1
            GO TO 240
220  IF(MP(J).NE.1) GO TO 240
            I = I + 1
            MEVI = MEV + I
            IGOOD = J - ISPUR
            WRITE(4,230) IGOOD,V2(I),G(MEVI),V1(I)
230  FORMAT(I10,E25.16,2E14.3)
240  CONTINUE
            GO TO 270
C
250  WRITE(4,260)
260  FORMAT(/' THERE ARE NO ISOLATED T-EIGENVALUES SO NO ERROR ESTIMATE
1S WERE COMPUTED')

```

```

C                                                    LES07040
C    RESTORE BETA(MEV+1) = BETAM                      LES07050
C    270 BETA(MP1) = BETAM                            LES07060
C-----END OF INVERR-----LES07070
C    RETURN                                           LES07080
C    END                                              LES07090
C                                                    LES07100
C-----START OF TNORM-----LES07110
C                                                    LES07120
C    SUBROUTINE TNORM(ALPHA,BETA,BMIN,TMAX,MEV,IB)     LES07130
C                                                    LES07140
C-----LES07150
C    DOUBLE PRECISION  ALPHA(1),BETA(*)              LES07160
C    DOUBLE PRECISION  TMAX,BMIN,BMAX,BSIZE,BTOL      LES07170
C    DOUBLE PRECISION  DABS, DMAX1                   LES07180
C-----LES07190
C    COMPUTE SCALING FACTOR USED IN THE T-MULTIPLICITY, SPURIOUS AND LES07200
C    PRTESTS.  CHECK RELATIVE SIZE OF THE BETA(K), K=1,MEV LES07210
C    AS A TEST ON THE LOCAL ORTHOGONALITY OF THE LANCZOS VECTORS. LES07220
C                                                    LES07230
C    TMAX = MAX (|ALPHA(I)|, BETA(I), I=1,MEV)         LES07240
C    BMIN = MIN (BETA(I) I=2,MEV)                     LES07250
C    BSIZE = BMIN/TMAX                                LES07260
C    |IB| = INDEX OF MINIMAL(BETA)                   LES07270
C    IB < 0 IF BMIN/TMAX < BTOL                       LES07280
C-----LES07290
C    SPECIFY PARAMETERS                              LES07300
C    IB = 2                                           LES07310
C    BTOL = BMIN                                     LES07320
C    BMIN = BETA(2)                                  LES07330
C    BMAX = BETA(2)                                  LES07340
C    TMAX = DABS(ALPHA(1))                           LES07350
C                                                    LES07360
C    DO 20 I = 2,MEV                                LES07370
C    IF (BETA(I).GE.BMIN) GO TO 10                    LES07380
C    IB = I                                           LES07390
C    BMIN = BETA(I)                                  LES07400
C 10 TMAX = DMAX1(TMAX,DABS(ALPHA(I)))                LES07410
C    BMAX = DMAX1(BETA(I),BMAX)                      LES07420
C 20 CONTINUE                                         LES07430
C    TMAX = DMAX1(BMAX,TMAX)                         LES07440
C                                                    LES07450
C    TEST OF LOCAL ORTHOGONALITY USING SCALED BETAS LES07460
C    BSIZE = BMIN/TMAX                               LES07470
C    IF (BSIZE.GE.BTOL) GO TO 40                     LES07480
C                                                    LES07490
C    DEFAULT.  BSIZE IS SMALLER THAN TOLERANCE BTOL SPECIFIED IN MAIN LES07500
C    PROGRAM.  PROGRAM TERMINATES FOR USER TO DECIDE WHAT TO DO LES07510
C    BECAUSE LOCAL ORTHOGONALITY OF THE LANCZOS VECTORS COULD BE LES07520
C    LOST.                                           LES07530
C                                                    LES07540
C    IB = -IB                                         LES07550
C    WRITE(6,30) MEV                                LES07560
C 30 FORMAT(/' BETA TEST INDICATES POSSIBLE LOSS OF LOCAL ORTHOGONALITYLES07570
C    10VER 1ST',I6,' LANCZOS VECTORS'/)              LES07580

```

```

C                                                    LES07590
40 CONTINUE                                           LES07600
C                                                    LES07610
    WRITE(6,50) IB                                     LES07620
50 FORMAT(/' MINIMUM BETA RATIO OCCURS AT',I6,' TH BETA'/) LES07630
C                                                    LES07640
    WRITE(6,60) MEV,BMIN,TMAX,BSIZE                   LES07650
60 FORMAT(/1X,'TSIZE',6X,'MIN BETA',5X,'TKMAX',6X,'MIN RATIO'/ LES07660
    1 I6,E14.3,E10.3,E15.3/)                          LES07670
C                                                    LES07680
C-----END OF TNORM-----LES07690
    RETURN                                           LES07700
    END                                              LES07710
C                                                    LES07720
C                                                    LES07730
C-----START OF LUMP-----LES07740
C                                                    LES07750
    SUBROUTINE LUMP(V1,RELTOL,MULTOL,SCALE2,LINDEX,LOOP) LES07760
C                                                    LES07770
C-----LES07780
    DOUBLE PRECISION V1(1),SUM,RELTOL,MULTOL,THOLD,ZERO,SCALE2 LES07790
    INTEGER LINDEX(1)                                LES07800
    DOUBLE PRECISION DABS, DFLOAT, DMAX1              LES07810
C-----LES07820
C    LINDEX(J) = T-MULTIPLICITY OF JTH DISTINCT T-EIGENVALUE LES07830
C    LOOP = NUMBER OF DISTINCT T-EIGENVALUES          LES07840
C    LUMP 'COMBINES' COMPUTED 'GOOD' T-EIGENVALUES THAT ARE LES07850
C    'TOO CLOSE'.                                     LES07860
C    VALUE OF RELTOL IS 1.D-10.                       LES07870
C                                                    LES07880
C    IF IN A SET OF T-EIGENVALUES TO BE COMBINED THERE IS AN EIGENVALUELES07890
C    WITH LINDEX=1, THEN THE VALUE OF THE COMBINED EIGENVALUES IS SET LES07900
C    EQUAL TO THE VALUE OF THAT EIGENVALUE. NOTE THAT IF A SPURIOUS LES07910
C    T-EIGENVALUE IS TO BE 'COMBINED' WITH A GOOD T-EIGENVALUE, THEN LES07920
C    THIS IS DONE ONLY BY INCREASING THE INDEX, LINDEX, FOR THAT LES07930
C    T-EIGENVALUE. NUMERICAL VALUES OF SPURIOUS EIGENVALUES ARE NEVER LES07940
C    COMBINE WITH THOSE OF GOOD T-EIGENVALUES.         LES07950
C-----LES07960
    ZERO = 0.0D0                                       LES07970
    NLOOP = 0                                           LES07980
    J = 0                                               LES07990
    ICOUNT = 1                                          LES08000
    JI = 1                                              LES08010
    THOLD = DMAX1(RELTOL*DABS(V1(1)),SCALE2*MULTOL) LES08020
C    THOLD = DMAX1(RELTOL*DABS(V1(1)),RELTOL)          LES08030
C                                                    LES08040
10 J = J+1                                             LES08050
    IF (J.EQ.LOOP) GO TO 20                            LES08060
    SUM = DABS(V1(J)-V1(J+1))                          LES08070
    IF (SUM.LT.THOLD) GO TO 60                          LES08080
20 JF = JI + ICOUNT - 1                               LES08090
    INDSUM = 0                                          LES08100
    ISPUR = 0                                           LES08110
C                                                    LES08120
    DO 30 KK = JI,JF                                  LES08130

```

```

      IF (LINDEX(KK).NE.0) GO TO 30                                LES08140
      ISPUR = ISPUR + 1                                           LES08150
      INDSUM = INDSUM + 1                                         LES08160
30    INDSUM = INDSUM + LINDEX(KK)                                LES08170
C                                           LES08180
C      IF (JF-JI.GE.1) WRITE(6,40) (V1(KKK), KKK=JI,JF)         LES08190
40    FORMAT(/' LUMP LUMPS THE T-EIGENVALUES'/(4E20.13))        LES08200
C                                           LES08210
C      COMPUTE THE 'COMBINED' T-EIGENVALUE AND THE RESULTING     LES08220
C      T-MULTIPLICITY                                           LES08230
      K = JI - 1                                                  LES08240
50    K = K+1                                                    LES08250
      IF (K.GT.JF) GO TO 70                                       LES08260
      IF (LINDEX(K) .NE.1) GO TO 50                               LES08270
      NLOOP = NLOOP + 1                                           LES08280
      V1(NLOOP) = V1(K)                                           LES08290
      GO TO 100                                                    LES08300
60    ICOUNT = ICOUNT + 1                                         LES08310
      GO TO 10                                                    LES08320
C                                           LES08330
C      ALL INDICES WERE 0 OR >1                                   LES08340
70    NLOOP = NLOOP + 1                                           LES08350
      IDIF = INDSUM - ISPUR                                       LES08360
      IF (IDIF.EQ.0) GO TO 90                                     LES08370
C                                           LES08380
      SUM = ZERO                                                  LES08390
      DO 80 KK = JI,JF                                           LES08400
80    SUM = SUM + V1(KK) * DFLOAT(LINDEX(KK))                   LES08410
C                                           LES08420
      V1(NLOOP) = SUM/DFLOAT(IDIF)                                LES08430
      GO TO 100                                                    LES08440
90    V1(NLOOP) = V1(JI)                                           LES08450
100   LINDEX(NLOOP) = INDSUM                                       LES08460
      IDIF = INDSUM - ISPUR                                       LES08470
      IF (IDIF.EQ.0.AND.ISPUR.EQ.1) LINDEX(NLOOP) = 0           LES08480
      IF (J.EQ.LOOP) GO TO 110                                     LES08490
      ICOUNT = 1                                                  LES08500
      JI= J+1                                                     LES08510
      THOLD = DMAX1(RELTOL*DABS(V1(JI)),SCALE2*MULTOL)          LES08520
C      THOLD = DMAX1(RELTOL*DABS(V1(JI)),RELTOL)                 LES08530
      IF (JI.LT.LOOP) GO TO 10                                     LES08540
      NLOOP = NLOOP + 1                                           LES08550
      V1(NLOOP)= V1(JI)                                           LES08560
      LINDEX(NLOOP) = LINDEX(JI)                                  LES08570
110   CONTINUE                                                    LES08580
C                                           LES08590
C      ON RETURN V1 CONTAINS THE DISTINCT T-EIGENVALUES         LES08600
C      LINDEX CONTAINS THE CORRESPONDING T-MULTIPLICITIES       LES08610
C                                           LES08620
      LOOP = NLOOP                                                LES08630
      RETURN                                                       LES08640
C-----END OF LUMP-----LES08650
      END                                                         LES08660
C                                           LES08670
C                                           LES08680

```

C-----	START OF ISOEV-----	LES08690
C		LES08700
	SUBROUTINE ISOEV(VS,GAPTOL,MULTOL,SCALE1,G,MP,NDIS,NG,NISO)	LES08710
C		LES08720
C-----		LES08730
	DOUBLE PRECISION VS(*),TO,T1,MULTOL,GAPTOL,SCALE1,TEMP	LES08740
	REAL G(1),GAP	LES08750
	INTEGER MP(1)	LES08760
	REAL ABS	LES08770
	DOUBLE PRECISION DABS, DMAX1	LES08780
C-----		LES08790
C	GENERATE DISTINCT TMINGAPS AND USE THEM TO LABEL THE ISOLATED	LES08800
C	GOOD T-EIGENVALUES THAT ARE VERY CLOSE TO SPURIOUS ONES.	LES08810
C	ERROR ESTIMATES WILL NOT BE COMPUTED FOR THESE T-EIGENVALUES.	LES08820
C		LES08830
C	ON ENTRY AND EXIT	LES08840
C	VS CONTAINS THE COMPUTED DISTINCT EIGENVALUES OF T(1,MEV)	LES08850
C	MP CONTAINS THE CORRESPONDING T-MULTIPLICITIES	LES08860
C	NDIS = NUMBER OF DISTINCT EIGENVALUES	LES08870
C	GAPTOL = RELATIVE GAP TOLERANCE SET IN MAIN	LES08880
C		LES08890
C	ON EXIT	LES08900
C	G CONTAINS THE TMINGAPS.	LES08910
C	G(I) < 0 MEANS MINGAP IS DUE TO LEFT GAP	LES08920
C	MP(I) IS NOT CHANGED EXCEPT THAT MP(I)=-1, IF MP(I)=1,	LES08930
C	TMINGAP WAS TOO SMALL AND DUE TO A SPURIOUS T-EIGENVALUE.	LES08940
C		LES08950
C	IF MP(I)=-1 THAT SIMPLE GOOD T-EIGENVALUE WILL BE SKIPPED	LES08960
C	IN THE SUBSEQUENT ERROR ESTIMATE COMPUTATIONS IN INVERR	LES08970
C	THAT IS, WE COMPUTE ERROR ESTIMATES ONLY FOR THOSE GOOD	LES08980
C	T-EIGENVALUES WITH MP(I)=1.	LES08990
C-----		LES09000
C	CALCULATE MINGAPS FOR DISTINCT T(1,MEV) EIGENVALUES.	LES09010
	NM1 = NDIS - 1	LES09020
	G(NDIS) = VS(NM1)-VS(NDIS)	LES09030
	G(1) = VS(2)-VS(1)	LES09040
C		LES09050
	DO 10 J = 2,NM1	LES09060
	TO = VS(J)-VS(J-1)	LES09070
	T1 = VS(J+1)-VS(J)	LES09080
	G(J) = T1	LES09090
	IF (TO.LT.T1) G(J) = -TO	LES09100
10	CONTINUE	LES09110
C		LES09120
C	SET MP(I)=-1 FOR SIMPLE GOOD T-EIGENVALUES WHOSE MINGAPS ARE	LES09130
C	'TOO SMALL' AND DUE TO SPURIOUS T-EIGENVALUES.	LES09140
C		LES09150
	NISO = 0	LES09160
	NG = 0	LES09170
	DO 20 J = 1,NDIS	LES09180
	IF (MP(J).EQ.0) GO TO 20	LES09190
	NG = NG+1	LES09200
	IF (MP(J).NE.1) GO TO 20	LES09210
C	VS(J) IS NEXT SIMPLE GOOD T-EIGENVALUE	LES09220
	NISO = NISO + 1	LES09230

```

      I = J+1
      IF (G(J).LT.0.0) I = J-1
      IF (MP(I).NE.0) GO TO 20
      GAP = ABS(G(J))
      TO = DMAX1(SCALE1*MULTOL,GAPTOL*DABS(VS(J)))
C     TO = DMAX1(GAPTOL,GAPTOL*DABS(VS(J)))
      TEMP = TO
      IF (GAP.GT.TEMP) GO TO 20
      MP(J) = -MP(J)
      NISO = NISO-1
20  CONTINUE
C
C-----END OF ISOEV-----
      RETURN
      END
C
C-----START OF PRTEST-----
C
      SUBROUTINE PRTEST(ALPHA,BETA,TEIG,TKMAX,EPSM,RELTOL,SCALE3,SCALE4,
1  TMULT,NDIST,MEV,IPOJ)
C
      DOUBLE PRECISION ALPHA(1), BETA(1),TEIG(*),SIGMA(10)
      DOUBLE PRECISION EPSM,RELTOL,PRTOL,TKMAX,Lratio,URATIO
      DOUBLE PRECISION EPS,EPS1,BETAM,LBD,UBD,SIG,YU,YV,Lrats,URATS
      DOUBLE PRECISION ZERO,ONE,TEN,BISTOL,SCALE3,SCALE4,AEV,TEMP
      INTEGER TMULT(*),ISIGMA(10)
      DOUBLE PRECISION DABS, DMAX1, DSQRT, DFLOAT
C-----
C  AFTER CONVERGENCE HAS BEEN ESTABLISHED, SUBROUTINE PRTEST
C  TESTS COMPUTED EIGENVALUES OF T(1,MEV) THAT HAVE BEEN LABELLED
C  SPURIOUS TO DETERMINE IF ANY EIGENVALUES OF A HAVE BEEN
C  MISSED BY LANCZOS PROCEDURE.  AN EIGENVALUE WITH A VERY SMALL
C  PROJECTION ON THE STARTING VECTOR (< SINGLE PRECISION)
C  CAN BE MISSED BECAUSE IT IS ALSO AN EIGENVALUE OF T(2,MEV) TO
C  WITHIN THE SQUARE OF THIS ORIGINAL PROJECTION.
C  OUR EXPERIENCE IS THAT SUCH SMALL PROJECTIONS OCCUR ONLY
C  VERY INFREQUENTLY.
C
C  THIS SUBROUTINE IS CALLED ONLY AFTER CONVERGENCE HAS BEEN
C  ESTABLISHED.  ONCE CONVERGENCE HAS BEEN OBSERVED ON THE
C  OTHER EIGENVALUES THEN ONE CAN EXPECT TO ALSO HAVE CONVERGENCE
C  ON ANY SUCH HIDDEN EIGENVALUES.(IF THERE ARE ANY).  THIS
C  PROCEDURE CONSIDERS ONLY SPURIOUS T-EIGENVALUES AND ONLY THOSE
C  SPURIOUS T-EIGENVALUES THAT ARE ISOLATED FROM GOOD T-EIGENVALUES.
C  FOR EACH SUCH T-EIGENVALUE IT DOES 2 STURM SEQUENCES
C  AND A FEW SCALAR MULTIPLICATIONS.  UPON RETURN TO MAIN
C  PROGRAM ERROR ESTIMATES WILL BE COMPUTED FOR ANY EIGENVALUES
C  THAT HAVE BEEN LABELLED AS 'HIDDEN'.  SUCH T-EIGENVALUES
C  WILL BE RELABELLED AS 'GOOD' ONLY IF THESE ERROR ESTIMATES
C  ARE SUFFICIENTLY SMALL.
C-----
      ZERO = 0.0DO
      ONE  = 1.0DO
      TEN  = 10.0DO

```

```

      PRTOL = 1.D-6                                LES09790
      TEMP = DFLOAT(MEV+1000)                       LES09800
      TEMP = DSQRT(TEMP)                           LES09810
      BISTOL = TKMAX*EPSM*TEMP                      LES09820
      NSIGMA = 4                                    LES09830
      SIGMA(1) = TEN*TKMAX                         LES09840
C
      DO 10 J = 2,NSIGMA                           LES09850
10  SIGMA(J) = TEN*SIGMA(J-1)                     LES09860
C
      IFIN = 0                                      LES09880
      MF = 1                                       LES09890
      ML = MEV                                    LES09900
      BETAM = BETA(MF)                           LES09910
      BETA(MF) = ZERO                             LES09920
      IPROJ = 0                                    LES09930
      J = 1                                       LES09940
C
      IF (TMULT(1).NE.0) GO TO 110                 LES09950
C
      AEV = DABS(TEIG(1))                         LES09960
      TEMP = PRTOL*AEV                           LES09970
      EPS1 = DMAX1(TEMP,SCALE4*BISTOL)            LES09980
C
      EPS1 = DMAX1(TEMP,PRTOL)                   LES09990
      TEMP = RELTOL*AEV                          LES10000
      EPS = DMAX1(TEMP,SCALE3*BISTOL)            LES10010
C
      EPS = DMAX1(TEMP,RELTOL)                   LES10020
C
      IF (TEIG(2)-TEIG(1).LT.EPS1.AND.TMULT(2).NE.0) GO TO 110 LES10030
C
      20 LBD = TEIG(J) - EPS                      LES10040
      UBD = TEIG(J) + EPS                      LES10050
      MEVL = 0                                  LES10060
      IL = 0                                    LES10070
      YU = ONE                                  LES10080
C
      DO 50 I=MF,ML                              LES10090
      IF (YU.NE.ZERO) GO TO 30                  LES10100
      YV = BETA(I)/EPSM                        LES10110
      GO TO 40                                  LES10120
30  YV = BETA(I)*BETA(I)/YU                    LES10130
40  YU = ALPHA(I)-LBD-YV                      LES10140
      IF (YU.GE.ZERO) GO TO 50                  LES10150
C
      MEVL INCREMENTED                          LES10160
      MEVL = MEVL + 1                          LES10170
      IL = I                                    LES10180
50  CONTINUE                                  LES10190
C
      LRATIO = YU                               LES10200
      MEV1L = MEVL                             LES10210
      IF (IL.EQ.ML) MEV1L=MEVL-1              LES10220
C
      MEVL = NUMBER OF EVS OF T(1,MEV) WHICH ARE < LBD LES10230
C
      MEV1L = NUMBER OF EVS OF T(1,MEV-1) WHICH ARE < LBD LES10240
C
      LRATIO = DET(T(1,MEV)-LBD)/DET(T(1,MEV-1)-LBD): LES10250

```

C		LES10340
	MEVU = 0	LES10350
	IL = 0	LES10360
	YU = ONE	LES10370
C		LES10380
	DO 80 I=MF,ML	LES10390
	IF (YU.NE.ZERO) GO TO 60	LES10400
	YV = BETA(I)/EPSM	LES10410
	GO TO 70	LES10420
	60 YV = BETA(I)*BETA(I)/YU	LES10430
	70 YU = ALPHA(I)-UBD-YV	LES10440
	IF (YU.GE.ZERO) GO TO 80	LES10450
C	MEVU INCREMENTED	LES10460
	MEVU = MEVU + 1	LES10470
	IL = I	LES10480
	80 CONTINUE	LES10490
C		LES10500
	URATIO = YU	LES10510
	MEV1U = MEVU	LES10520
	IF (IL.EQ.ML) MEV1U=MEVU-1	LES10530
C		LES10540
C	MEVU = NUMBER OF EVS OF T(MEV) WHICH ARE < UBD	LES10550
C	MEV1U = NUMBER OF EVS OF T(MEV-1) WHICH ARE < UBD	LES10560
C	URATIO = DET(TM-UBD)/DET(T(M-1)-UBD): TM=T(MF,ML)	LES10570
C		LES10580
	NEV1 = MEV1U-MEV1L	LES10590
C		LES10600
	DO 90 K=1,NSIGMA	LES10610
	SIG = SIGMA(K)	LES10620
	LRATS = LRATIO-SIG	LES10630
	URATS = URATIO-SIG	LES10640
C	NOTE THE INCREMENT IS ON NUMBER OF EVALUES OF T(M-1)	LES10650
	MEVLS = MEV1L	LES10660
	IF (LRATS.LT.0.) MEVLS=MEV1L+1	LES10670
	MEVUS = MEV1U	LES10680
	IF (URATS.LT.0.) MEVUS=MEV1U+1	LES10690
	ISIGMA(K) = MEVUS - MEVLS	LES10700
	90 CONTINUE	LES10710
C		LES10720
	ICOUNT = 0	LES10730
	DO 100 K=1,NSIGMA	LES10740
	100 IF (ISIGMA(K).EQ.1) ICOUNT=ICOUNT + 1	LES10750
C		LES10760
	IF (ICOUNT.LT.2.OR.NEV1.EQ.0) GO TO 110	LES10770
	TMULT(J) = -10	LES10780
	IPROJ=IPROJ+1	LES10790
C		LES10800
	110 J=J+1	LES10810
C		LES10820
	IF (J.GE.NDIST) GO TO 120	LES10830
	IF (TMULT(J).NE.0) GO TO 110	LES10840
C		LES10850
	AEV = DABS(TEIG(J))	LES10860
	TEMP = PRTOL*AEV	LES10870
	EPS1 = DMAX1(TEMP,SCALE4*BISTOL)	LES10880


```

C      EPS1 = DMAX1(TEMP,PRTOL)                                LES10890
      TEMP = RELTOL*AEV                                          LES10900
      EPS = DMAX1(TEMP,SCALE3*BISTOL)                            LES10910
C      EPS = DMAX1(TEMP,RELTOL)                                LES10920
C                                                                LES10930
      IF (TEIG(J)-TEIG(J-1).LT.EPS1.AND.TMULT(J-1).NE.0) GO TO 110 LES10940
      IF (TEIG(J+1)-TEIG(J).LT.EPS1.AND.TMULT(J+1).NE.0) GO TO 110 LES10950
C                                                                LES10960
      GO TO 20                                                    LES10970
C                                                                LES10980
120 IF (IFIN.EQ.1) GO TO 130                                       LES10990
      IF (TMULT(NDIST).NE.0) GO TO 130                             LES11000
C                                                                LES11010
      AEV = DABS(TEIG(NDIST))                                     LES11020
      TEMP = PRTOL*AEV                                           LES11030
      EPS1 = DMAX1(TEMP,SCALE4*BISTOL)                           LES11040
C      EPS1 = DMAX1(TEMP,PRTOL)                                LES11050
      TEMP = RELTOL*AEV                                           LES11060
      EPS = DMAX1(TEMP,SCALE3*BISTOL)                            LES11070
C      EPS = DMAX1(TEMP,RELTOL)                                LES11080
C                                                                LES11090
      NDIST1=NDIST -1                                           LES11100
      TEMP = TEIG(NDIST)-TEIG(NDIST1)                            LES11110
      IF (TEMP.LT.EPS1.AND.TMULT(NDIST1).NE.0) GO TO 130         LES11120
      IFIN = 1                                                    LES11130
C                                                                LES11140
      GO TO 20                                                    LES11150
C                                                                LES11160
130 BETA(MF) = BETAM                                             LES11170
C                                                                LES11180
C-----END OF PRTEST-----LES11190
      RETURN                                                    LES11200
      END                                                        LES11210
C                                                                LES11220
C-----START OF STURMI-----LES11230
C                                                                LES11240
      SUBROUTINE STURMI(ALPHA,BETA,X1,TOLN,EPSM,MMAX,MK1,MK2,IC,IWRITE) LES11250
C                                                                LES11260
C-----LES11270
      DOUBLE PRECISION ALPHA(1),BETA(1)                        LES11280
      DOUBLE PRECISION EPSM,X1,TOLN,EVL,EVU,BETA2              LES11290
      DOUBLE PRECISION U1,U2,V1,V2,ZERO,ONE                   LES11300
      INTEGER I,IC,ICD,IC0,IC1,IC2,MK1,MK2,MMAX               LES11310
C-----LES11320
C                                                                LES11330
C      FOR ANY EIGENVALUE OF A THAT HAS CONVERGED AS AN EIGENVALUE LES11340
C      OF THE T-MATRICES THIS SUBROUTINE CALCULATES           LES11350
C      THE SMALLEST SIZE OF THE T-MATRIX, T(1,MK1) DEFINED    LES11360
C      BY THE ALPHA AND BETA ARRAYS SUCH THAT MK1.LE.MMAX      LES11370
C      AND THE INTERVAL (X1-TOLN,X1+TOLN) CONTAINS AT LEAST ONE LES11380
C      EIGENVALUE OF T(1,MK1). IT ALSO CALCULATES MK2 <= MMAX LES11390
C      AS THE SMALLEST SIZE T-MATRIX (IF ANY) SUCH THAT THIS INTERVAL LES11400
C      CONTAINS AT LEAST TWO EIGENVALUES OF T(1,MK2).          LES11410
C      IF NO T-MATRIX OF ORDER < MMAX SATISFIES THIS REQUIREMENT LES11420
C      THEN MK2 IS SET EQUAL TO MMAX. THE EIGENVECTOR PROGRAM  LES11430

```

C	USES THESE VALUES TO DETERMINE AN APPROPRIATE 1ST GUESS AT	LES11440
C	AN APPROPRIATE SIZE T-MATRIX FOR THE EIGENVALUE X1.	LES11450
C		LES11460
C	ON EXIT IC = NUMBER OF EIGENVALUES OF T(1,MK2) IN THIS INTERVAL	LES11470
C		LES11480
C	STURMI REGENERATES THE QUANTITIES BETA(I)**2 EACH TIME IT IS	LES11490
C	CALLED, OBVIOUSLY FOR THE PRICE OF ANOTHER VECTOR OF LENGTH	LES11500
C	MMAX THIS GENERATION COULD BE DONE ONCE IN THE MAIN	LES11510
C	PROGRAM BEFORE THE LOOP ON THE CALLS TO SUBROUTINE STURMI.	LES11520
C		LES11530
C	IF ANY OF THE EIGENVALUES BEING CONSIDERED WERE MULTIPLE	LES11540
C	AS EIGENVALUES OF THE USER-SPECIFIED MATRIX, THEN	LES11550
C	THIS SUBROUTINE COULD BE MODIFIED TO COMPUTE ADDITIONAL	LES11560
C	SIZES MKJ, J = 3, ... WHICH COULD THEN BE USED IN THE	LES11570
C	MAIN LANCZOS EIGENVECTOR PROGRAM TO COMPUTE ADDITIONAL	LES11580
C	EIGENVECTORS CORRESPONDING TO THESE MULTIPLE EIGENVALUES.	LES11590
C	THE MAIN PROGRAM PROVIDED DOES NOT INCLUDE THIS OPTION.	LES11600
C		LES11610
C	-----	LES11620
C	INITIALIZATION OF PARAMETERS	LES11630
	MK1 = 0	LES11640
	MK2 = 0	LES11650
	ZERO = 0.0D0	LES11660
	ONE = 1.0D0	LES11670
	BETA(1) = ZERO	LES11680
	EVL = X1-TOLN	LES11690
	EVU = X1+TOLN	LES11700
	U1 = ONE	LES11710
	U2 = ONE	LES11720
	IC0 = 0	LES11730
	IC1 = 0	LES11740
	IC2 = 0	LES11750
C		LES11760
C	MAIN LOOP FOR CALCULATING THE SIZES MK1,MK2	LES11770
	DO 60 I = 1,MMAX	LES11780
	BETA2 = BETA(I)*BETA(I)	LES11790
	IF (U1.NE.ZERO) GO TO 10	LES11800
	V1 = BETA(I)/EPSM	LES11810
	GO TO 20	LES11820
10	V1 = BETA2/U1	LES11830
20	U1 = EVL - ALPHA(I) - V1	LES11840
	IF (U1.LT.ZERO) IC1 = IC1+1	LES11850
	IF (U2.NE.ZERO) GO TO 30	LES11860
	V2 = BETA(I)/EPSM	LES11870
	GO TO 40	LES11880
30	V2 = BETA2/U2	LES11890
40	U2 = EVU - ALPHA(I) - V2	LES11900
	IF (U2.LT.ZERO) IC2 = IC2+1	LES11910
C	TEST FOR CHANGE IN NUMBER OF T-EIGENVALUES ON (EVL,EVU)	LES11920
	ICD = IC1-IC2	LES11930
	IC = ICD-IC0	LES11940
	IF (IC.GE.1) GO TO 50	LES11950
	GO TO 60	LES11960
50	CONTINUE	LES11970
	IF (IC0.EQ.0) MK1 = I	LES11980

	IC0 = IC0+1	LES11990
	IF (IC0.GT.1) GO TO 70	LES12000
60	CONTINUE	LES12010
C		LES12020
	I = I-1	LES12030
	IF (IC0.EQ.0) MK1 = MMAX	LES12040
70	MK2 = I	LES12050
	IC = ICD	LES12060
C		LES12070
	IF (IWRITE.EQ.1) WRITE(6,80) X1,MK1,MK2,IC	LES12080
80	FORMAT(' EVAL =',E20.12,' MK1 =',I6,' MK2 =',I6,' IC =',I3/)	LES12090
C		LES12100
	RETURN	LES12110
C-----	END OF STURMI-----	LES12120
	END	LES12130
C		LES12140
C		LES12150
C-----	START OF INVERM-----	LES12160
C		LES12170
	SUBROUTINE INVERM(ALPHA,BETA,V1,V2,X1,ERROR,ERRORV,EPS,G,MEV,IT,	LES12180
	1 IWRITE)	LES12190
C		LES12200
C-----	-----	LES12210
	DOUBLE PRECISION ALPHA(1),BETA(*),V1(1),V2(*)	LES12220
	DOUBLE PRECISION X1,U,Z,TEMP,RATIO,SUM,XU,NORM,TSUM,BETAM	LES12230
	DOUBLE PRECISION EPS,EPS3,EPS4,ERROR,ERRORV,ZERO,ONE	LES12240
	REAL G(1)	LES12250
	DOUBLE PRECISION DABS, DSQRT, DFLOAT	LES12260
	DOUBLE PRECISION FINPRO	LES12270
	REAL ABS	LES12280
C-----	-----	LES12290
C		LES12300
C	COMPUTES T-EIGENVECTORS FOR ISOLATED GOOD T-EIGENVALUES X1	LES12310
C	USING INVERSE ITERATION ON T(1,MEV(X1)) SOLVING EQUATION	LES12320
C	(T - X1*I)V2 = RIGHT-HAND SIDE (RANDOMLY-GENERATED) .	LES12330
C	PROGRAM REFACTORS T- X1*I ON EACH ITERATION OF INVERSE ITERATION.	LES12340
C	TYPICALLY ONLY ONE ITERATION IS NEEDED PER T-EIGENVALUE X1.	LES12350
C		LES12360
C	IF IWRITE = 1 THEN THERE ARE EXTENDED WRITES TO FILE 6 (TERMINAL)	LES12370
C		LES12380
C	ON ENTRY G CONTAINS A REAL*4 RANDOM VECTOR WHICH WAS GENERATED	LES12390
C	IN MAIN PROGRAM.	LES12400
C		LES12410
C	ON ENTRY AND EXIT	LES12420
C	MEV = ORDER OF T	LES12430
C	ALPHA, BETA CONTAIN THE DIAGONAL AND OFFDIAGONAL ENTRIES OF T.	LES12440
C	EPS = 2. * MACHINE EPSILON	LES12450
C		LES12460
C	IN PROGRAM:	LES12470
C	ITER = MAXIMUM NUMBER STEPS ALLOWED FOR INVERSE ITERATION	LES12480
C	ITER = IT ON ENTRY.	LES12490
C	V1,V2 = WORK SPACES USED IN THE FACTORIZATION OF T(1,MEV).	LES12500
C	V1 AND V2 MUST BE OF DIMENSION AT LEAST MEV.	LES12510
C		LES12520
C	ON EXIT	LES12530

```

C      V2 = THE UNIT EIGENVECTOR OF T(1,MEV) CORRESPONDING TO X1.      LES12540
C      ERROR = |V2(MEV)| = ERROR ESTIMATE FOR CORRESPONDING      LES12550
C              RITZ VECTOR FOR X1.      LES12560
C      LES12570
C      ERRORV = || T*V2 - X1*V2 || = ERROR ESTIMATE ON T-EIGENVECTOR.      LES12580
C      IF IT.GT.ITER THEN ERRORV = -ERRORV      LES12590
C      IT = NUMBER OF ITERATIONS ACTUALLY REQUIRED      LES12600
C-----LES12610
C      INITIALIZATION AND PARAMETER SPECIFICATION      LES12620
C      ONE = 1.0DO      LES12630
C      ZERO = 0.0DO      LES12640
C      ITER = IT      LES12650
C      MP1 = MEV+1      LES12660
C      MM1 = MEV-1      LES12670
C      BETAM = BETA(MP1)      LES12680
C      BETA(MP1) = ZERO      LES12690
C      LES12700
C      CALCULATE SCALE AND TOLERANCES      LES12710
C      TSUM = DABS(ALPHA(1))      LES12720
C      DO 10 I = 2,MEV      LES12730
10  TSUM = TSUM + DABS(ALPHA(I)) + BETA(I)      LES12740
C      LES12750
C      EPS3 = EPS*TSUM      LES12760
C      EPS4 = DFLOAT(MEV)*EPS3      LES12770
C      LES12780
C      GENERATE SCALED RANDOM RIGHT-HAND SIDE      LES12790
C      GSUM = ZERO      LES12800
C      DO 20 I = 1,MEV      LES12810
20  GSUM = GSUM+ABS(G(I))      LES12820
C      GSUM = EPS4/GSUM      LES12830
C      LES12840
C      INITIALIZE RIGHT HAND SIDE FOR INVERSE ITERATION      LES12850
C      DO 30 I = 1,MEV      LES12860
30  V2(I) = GSUM*G(I)      LES12870
C      IT = 1      LES12880
C      LES12890
C      CALCULATE UNIT EIGENVECTOR OF T(1,MEV) FOR ISOLATED GOOD      LES12900
C      T-EIGENVALUE X1.      LES12910
C      LES12920
C      TRIANGULAR FACTORIZATION WITH NEAREST NEIGHBOR PIVOT      LES12930
C      STRATEGY. INTERCHANGES ARE LABELLED BY SETTING BETA < 0.      LES12940
C      LES12950
40  CONTINUE      LES12960
C      U = ALPHA(1)-X1      LES12970
C      Z = BETA(2)      LES12980
C      LES12990
C      DO 60 I=2,MEV      LES13000
C      IF (BETA(I).GT.DABS(U)) GO TO 50      LES13010
C      NO PIVOT INTERCHANGE      LES13020
C      V1(I-1) = Z/U      LES13030
C      V2(I-1) = V2(I-1)/U      LES13040
C      V2(I) = V2(I)-BETA(I)*V2(I-1)      LES13050
C      RATIO = BETA(I)/U      LES13060
C      U = ALPHA(I)-X1-Z*RATIO      LES13070
C      Z = BETA(I+1)      LES13080

```

```

      GO TO 60                                LES13090
C      PIVOT INTERCHANGE                      LES13100
50  CONTINUE                                LES13110
      RATIO = U/BETA(I)                       LES13120
      BETA(I) = -BETA(I)                      LES13130
      V1(I-1) = ALPHA(I)-X1                   LES13140
      U = Z-RATIO*V1(I-1)                     LES13150
      Z = -RATIO*BETA(I+1)                   LES13160
      TEMP = V2(I-1)                         LES13170
      V2(I-1) = V2(I)                        LES13180
      V2(I) = TEMP-RATIO*V2(I)                LES13190
60  CONTINUE                                LES13200
C
      IF (U.EQ.ZERO) U=EPS3                   LES13210
C                                             LES13220
C                                             LES13230
C      SMALLNESS TEST AND DEFAULT VALUE FOR LAST COMPONENT LES13240
C      PIVOT(I-1) = |BETA(I)| FOR INTERCHANGE CASE LES13250
C      (I-1,I+1) ELEMENT IN RIGHT FACTOR = BETA(I+1) LES13260
C      END OF FACTORIZATION AND FORWARD SUBSTITUTION LES13270
C                                             LES13280
C      BACK SUBSTITUTION                      LES13290
      V2(MEV) = V2(MEV)/U                     LES13300
      DO 80 II = 1,MM1                       LES13310
      I = MEV-II                             LES13320
      IF (BETA(I+1).LT.ZERO) GO TO 70          LES13330
C      NO PIVOT INTERCHANGE                   LES13340
      V2(I) = V2(I)-V1(I)*V2(I+1)             LES13350
      GO TO 80                                LES13360
C      PIVOT INTERCHANGE                      LES13370
70  BETA(I+1) = -BETA(I+1)                   LES13380
      V2(I) = (V2(I)-V1(I)*V2(I+1)-BETA(I+2)*V2(I+2))/BETA(I+1) LES13390
80  CONTINUE                                LES13400
C                                             LES13410
C                                             LES13420
C      TESTS FOR CONVERGENCE OF INVERSE ITERATION LES13430
C      IF SUM |V2| COMPS. LE. 1 AND IT. LE. ITER DO ANOTHER INVIT STEP LES13440
C                                             LES13450
      NORM = DABS(V2(MEV))                    LES13460
      DO 90 II = 1,MM1                       LES13470
      I = MEV-II                             LES13480
90  NORM = NORM+DABS(V2(I))                  LES13490
C                                             LES13500
C      IS DESIRED GROWTH IN VECTOR ACHIEVED ? LES13510
C      IF NOT, DO ANOTHER INVERSE ITERATION STEP UNLESS NUMBER ALLOWED IS LES13520
C      EXCEEDED.                             LES13530
      IF (NORM.GE.ONE) GO TO 110               LES13540
C                                             LES13550
      IT=IT+1                                LES13560
      IF (IT.GT.ITER) GO TO 110               LES13570
C                                             LES13580
      XU = EPS4/NORM                         LES13590
      DO 100 I=1,MEV                         LES13600
100 V2(I) = V2(I)*XU                        LES13610
C                                             LES13620
      GO TO 40                               LES13630

```



```

C                                     LES14190
C   EP1 = DSQRT(1000+M)*TTOL      TTOL = EPSM*TKMAX      LES14200
C   TKMAX = MAX(|ALPHA(K)|,BETA(K), K= 1,KMAX)      LES14210
C                                     LES14220
C   TEMP = DFLOAT(1000+M)      LES14230
C   EP1 = DSQRT(TEMP)*TTOL      LES14240
C                                     LES14250
C   NA = 0      LES14260
C   X1 = XU      LES14270
C   JSTURM = 1      LES14280
C   GO TO 60      LES14290
C   FORWARD STURM CALCULATION      LES14300
10  NA = NEV      LES14310
C   X1 = XL      LES14320
C   JSTURM = 2      LES14330
C   GO TO 60      LES14340
C   FORWARD STURM CALCULATION      LES14350
20  NEVT = NEV      LES14360
C                                     LES14370
C   WRITE(6,30) M,EVAL,NEVT,EP1      LES14380
30  FORMAT(/3X,'TSIZE',23X,'EV',9X/I8,E25.16/      LES14390
      1 I6,' = NUMBER OF T(1,M) EIGENVALUES ON TEST INTERVAL'/
      1 E12.3,' = CONVERGENCE TOLERANCE'/)      LES14400
C                                     LES14410
C   IF (NEVT.NE.1) GO TO 120      LES14420
C                                     LES14430
C                                     LES14440
C   BISECTION LOOP      LES14450
C   JSTURM = 3      LES14460
40  X1 = HALF*(XL+XU)      LES14470
C   X0 = XU-XL      LES14480
C   EPT = EPSM*(DABS(XL) + DABS(XU)) + EP1      LES14490
C   CONVERGENCE TEST      LES14500
C   IF (X0.LE.EP1) GO TO 100      LES14510
C   GO TO 60      LES14520
C   FORWARD STURM CALCULATION      LES14530
50  CONTINUE      LES14540
C   IF(NEV.EQ.0) XU = X1      LES14550
C   IF(NEV.EQ.1) XL = X1      LES14560
C   GO TO 40      LES14570
C   NEV = NUMBER OF T-EIGENVALUES OF T(1,M) ON (X1,XU)      LES14580
C   THERE IS EXACTLY ONE T-EIGENVALUE OF T(1,M) ON (XL,XU)      LES14590
C                                     LES14600
C   FORWARD STURM CALCULATION      LES14610
60  NEV = -NA      LES14620
C   YU = ONE      LES14630
C   DO 90 I = 1,M      LES14640
C   IF (YU.NE.ZERO) GO TO 70      LES14650
C   YV = BETA(I)/EPSM      LES14660
C   GO TO 80      LES14670
70  YV = BETA(I)*BETA(I)/YU      LES14680
80  YU = X1 - ALPHA(I) - YV      LES14690
C   IF (YU.GE.ZERO) GO TO 90      LES14700
C   NEV = NEV+1      LES14710
90  CONTINUE      LES14720
C   GO TO (10,20,50), JSTURM      LES14730

```



```

C-----LES15290
C      IPERM = 1                                LES15300
      DO 10 K = 1,N                             LES15310
        J = IPR(K)                             LES15320
    10 U(K) = W(J)                             LES15330
      GO TO 60                                LES15340
C-----LES15350
C      IPERM = 2                                LES15360
    30 DO 40 K = 1,N                             LES15370
      J = IPT(K)                             LES15380
    40 U(K) = W(J)                             LES15390
C-----LES15400
    60 CONTINUE                                LES15410
      DO 50 K = 1,N                             LES15420
    50 W(K) = U(K)                             LES15430
C      LES15440
      4 RETURN                                LES15450
C      LES15460
C-----END OF LPERM-----LES15470
      END                                    LES15480

```

2.7 LECOMPAC: Optional Preprocessing Program

```

C-----LECOMPAC-(STAND-ALONE PROGRAM)-----LEC00010
C  AUTHOR:   RALPH A. WILLOUGHBY (Deceased)      LEC00020
C                                                    LEC00030
C                                                    LEC00040
C                                                    LEC00050
C           E-mail:  cullumj@lanl.gov             LEC00060
C                                                    LEC00070
C  These codes are copyrighted by the authors.  These codes      LEC00080
C  and modifications of them or portions of them are NOT to be   LEC00090
C  incorporated into any commercial codes or used for any other  LEC00100
C  commercial purposes such as consulting for other companies,    LEC00110
C  without legal agreements with the authors of these Codes.     LEC00120
C  If these Codes or portions of them are used in other scientific or LEC00130
C  engineering research works the names of the authors of these codes LEC00140
C  and appropriate references to their written work are to be     LEC00150
C  incorporated in the derivative works.                        LEC00160
C                                                    LEC00170
C  This header is not to be removed from these codes.           LEC00180
C                                                    LEC00190
C                                                    LEC00200
C  THIS PROGRAM TRANSLATES A SPARSE SYMMETRIC N X N MATRIX A,    LEC00210
C  GIVEN AS I, J, A(I,J), INTO THE SPARSE MATRIX FORMAT          LEC00220
C  REQUIRED BY THE SAMPLE USPEC AND CMATV PROGRAMS PROVIDED        LEC00230
C  FOR USE WITH THE LANCZOS EIGENVALUE/EIGENVECTOR PROCEDURES.    LEC00240
C  THIS PROGRAM ASSUMES THAT THE MATRIX ENTRIES ARE PROVIDED      LEC00250
C  EITHER COLUMN BY COLUMN OR ROW BY ROW.                         LEC00260
C  NOTE THAT THIS PROGRAM DOES NOT DIRECTLY APPLY TO THE          LEC00270
C  HERMITIAN CASE BECAUSE FOR HERMITIAN MATRICES THE DIAGONALS    LEC00280
C  ARE REAL AND THE OFF-DIAGONAL ENTRIES ARE COMPLEX VARIABLES.   LEC00290
C                                                    LEC00300
C  NONPORTABLE STATEMENTS:  PFORT VERIFIER INDICATES THAT THIS    LEC00310
C                           IS PORTABLE.                        LEC00320
C                                                    LEC00330
C-----LEC00340
C          DOUBLE PRECISION A(15000), AD(2000)                    LEC00350
C          DOUBLE PRECISION ZERO                                  LEC00360
C          INTEGER IROW(15000),ICOL(15000)                        LEC00370
C-----LEC00380
C  INPUT FILE 7 CONTAINS THE SPARSE SYMMETRIC NXN MATRIX STORED AS: LEC00390
C                                                    LEC00400
C          NZ,M,N,MATNO                                           LEC00410
C          I(K)  J(K)  A(K)  K = 1,NZ                             LEC00420
C                                                    LEC00430
C  WHERE NZ IS THE TOTAL NUMBER OF NONZEROS IN THE MATRIX A,      LEC00440
C  N IS THE ROW AND COLUMN DIMENSION OF A,                        LEC00450
C  AND A(K) ARE THE NONZERO ENTRIES STORED ROW BY ROW OR          LEC00460
C  COLUMN BY COLUMN.  PROGRAM READS THIS IN AS IROW(K) = I(K),    LEC00470
C  ICOL(K) = J(K), AND A(K) = A(K).                               LEC00480
C                                                    LEC00490
C  OUTPUT FILE = 8 CONTAINS THE A-MATRIX IN SPARSE FORMAT         LEC00500
C                                                    LEC00510
C          NZS,N,NZL,MATNO                                         LEC00520

```

```

C          ICOL(K)      K = 1,NZL          LEC00530
C          IROW(K)      K = 1,NZS          LEC00540
C          AD(K)        K = 1,N           LEC00550
C          A(K)         K = 1,NZS         LEC00560
C                                         LEC00570
C      WHERE N IS THE ORDER OF THE INPUT MATRIX A,          LEC00580
C      NZ EQUALS THE NUMBER OF NONZERO ELEMENTS IN A WHICH ARE ON LEC00590
C      OR BELOW THE MAIN DIAGONAL.  NZL EQUALS THE NUMBER OF THE LEC00600
C      LAST COLUMN HAVING NONZEROS BELOW THE DIAGONAL IN A.  LEC00610
C      NZS EQUALS THE NUMBER OF NONZERO ELEMENTS BELOW THE MAIN LEC00620
C      DIAGONAL.  AD(K), K=1,N, CONTAINS THE DIAGONAL ELEMENTS OF A. LEC00630
C      A(K), K=1,NZS, CONTAINS THE KTH NONZERO SUB-DIAGONAL ELEMENT LEC00640
C      OF THE INPUT MATRIX.  A IS STORED COLUMN BY COLUMN.    LEC00650
C      IROW(K), K=1,NZS, CONTAINS THE ROW INDEX OF THE NONZERO LEC00660
C      STRICTLY LOWER TRIANGULAR ELEMENT A(K).                LEC00670
C      ICOL(K), K=1,NZL, EQUALS THE NUMBER OF STRICTLY LOWER LEC00680
C      TRIANGULAR NONZEROS IN COLUMN K OF THE INPUT MATRIX.   LEC00690
C                                         LEC00700
C-----LECO0710
C      ZERO = 0.0D0          LEC00720
C                                         LEC00730
C      READ(7,10) NZ,N,MATNO,IROW          LEC00740
10  FORMAT(2I6,I8,I4)          LEC00750
C                                         LEC00760
C      WRITE(6,20) NZ,N,MATNO,IROW          LEC00770
20  FORMAT(I10,I6,I10,' = NO. NONZERO AIJ J.GE.I, ORDER OF A, MATNO'/ LEC00780
1  I6,' = IROW IF IROW=0 ORDERING IS BY COLS IROW=1 BY ROWS'/) LEC00790
C                                         LEC00800
C      DO 30 K = 1,N          LEC00810
30  AD(K) = ZERO              LEC00820
C                                         LEC00830
C      IF (IROW.EQ.0) READ(7,40) (IROW(K),ICOL(K),A(K), K=1,NZ) LEC00840
C                                         LEC00850
C      IF (IROW.EQ.1) READ(7,40) (ICOL(K),IROW(K),A(K), K=1,NZ) LEC00860
40  FORMAT(2I5,E14.7)          LEC00870
C                                         LEC00880
C      LCOUNT = 0          LEC00890
C      K = 1                LEC00900
C                                         LEC00910
C      START OF A NEW COLUMN LEC00920
50  CONTINUE                  LEC00930
C      J = ICOL(K)          LEC00940
C      ICOL(J) = 0          LEC00950
60  CONTINUE                  LEC00960
C                                         LEC00970
C      IF (J.NE.IROW(K)) GO TO 70          LEC00980
C                                         LEC00990
C      DIAGONAL CASE          LEC01000
C      AD(J) = A(K)          LEC01010
C      GO TO 80              LEC01020
C                                         LEC01030
C      SUB-DIAGONAL NONZERO LEC01040
70  CONTINUE                  LEC01050
C      NZL = J              LEC01060
C      LCOUNT = LCOUNT + 1 LEC01070

```

A(LCOUNT) = A(K)	LEC01080
IROW(LCOUNT) = IROW(K)	LEC01090
ICOL(J) = ICOL(J) + 1	LEC01100
C	LEC01110
80 CONTINUE	LEC01120
K = K+1	LEC01130
C	LEC01140
IF(K.GT.NZ) GO TO 90	LEC01150
C	LEC01160
IF(ICOL(K).GT.J) GO TO 50	LEC01170
C	LEC01180
GO TO 60	LEC01190
C	LEC01200
90 CONTINUE	LEC01210
NZS = LCOUNT	LEC01220
C	LEC01230
WRITE(8,100) NZS,N,NZL,MATNO	LEC01240
WRITE(6,100) NZS,N,NZL,MATNO	LEC01250
100 FORMAT(I10,2I6,I8,' = NZS N NZL MATNO')	LEC01260
C	LEC01270
WRITE(8,110) (ICOL(I), I=1,NZL)	LEC01280
WRITE(8,110) (IROW(K), K=1,NZS)	LEC01290
110 FORMAT(13I6)	LEC01300
C	LEC01310
WRITE(8,120) (AD(K), K=1,N)	LEC01320
WRITE(8,120) (A(K), K=1,NZS)	LEC01330
120 FORMAT(4E19.10)	LEC01340
C	LEC01350
C-----END LECOMPAC-----	LEC01360
STOP	LEC01370
END	LEC01380

2.8 LEVAL: LEVEC: File Definitions, Sample Input Files

Below is a listing of the input/output files which are accessed by the real symmetric Lanczos eigenvalue program, LEVAL. Included also is a sample of the input file which LEVAL requires on file 5. The parameters are supplied in free format. LEVAL computes eigenvalues of real symmetric matrices A on user-specified intervals which must be supplied in ascending order. File 8 is assumed to contain the data which defines the real symmetric $n \times n$ matrix A .

Sample Specifications of the Input/Output Files for LEVAL

```
-----
LEVAL EXEC LANCZOS EIGENVALUE CALCULATION REAL SYMMETRIC MATRICES
FI 06 TERM
FILEDEF 1 DISK &1      NHISTORY  A (RECFM F LRECL 80 BLOCK 80
FILEDEF 2 DISK &1      HISTORY    A (RECFM F LRECL 80 BLOCK 80
FILEDEF 3 DISK &1      GOODEV     A (RECFM F LRECL 80 BLOCK 80
FILEDEF 4 DISK &1      ERRINV     A (RECFM F LRECL 80 BLOCK 80
FILEDEF 5 DISK LEVAL    INPUT      A (RECFM F LRECL 80 BLOCK 80
FILEDEF 8 DISK &1      INPUT      A (RECFM F LRECL 80 BLOCK 80
FILEDEF 11 DISK &1     DISTINCT   A (RECFM F LRECL 80 BLOCK 80
LOAD  LEVAL  LESUB  LEMULT
-----
```

Sample Input File for LEVAL

```
-----
LANCZOS EIGENVALUE COMPUTATIONS, NO REORTHOGONALIZATION
TEST MATRIX
LINE 1      N      KMAX      NMEVS      MATNO
          143      429          1      706830
LINE 2      SVSEED      RHSEED      MXINIT      MXSTUR
          7892713      147935          5      100000
LINE 3      ISTART      ISTOP
          0          1
LINE 4      IHIS      IDIST  IWRITE
          1          0          1
LINE 5      RELTOL (RELATIVE TOLERANCE IN 'COMBINING' GOODEV)
          .0000000001
LINE 6      MB(1)  MB(2)  MB(3)  MB(4) (ORDERS OF T(1,MEV))
          190
LINE 7      NINT      (NUMBER OF SUB-INTERVALS FOR BISEC)
          1
LINE 8      LB(1)  LB(2)  LB(3)  (INTERVAL LOWER BOUNDS)
          0.0
LINE 9      UB(1)  UB(2)  UB(3)  (INTERVAL UPPER BOUNDS)
          1.001
-----
```

Below is a listing of the input/output file which are accessed by the real symmetric Lanczos eigenvector program, LEVEC. Included also is a sample of the input file which LEVEC requires on file 5. The parameters are supplied in free format. LEVEC computes eigenvectors for each of a user-specified subset of the eigenvalues computed by the companion program LEVAL. Eigenvector approximation are computed only for eigenvalue approximations which have 'converged'.

Sample Specifications of the Input/Output Files for LEVEC

```
-----
LEVEC EXEC TO RUN LANCZOS EIGENVECTOR PROGRAM, REAL SYMMETRIC MATRICES
FI 06 TERM
FILEDEF 2 DISK &1      HISTORY  A (RECFM F LRECL 80 BLOCK 80
FILEDEF 3 DISK &1      GOODEV   A (RECFM F LRECL 80 BLOCK 80
FILEDEF 4 DISK &1      ERRINV   A (RECFM F LRECL 80 BLOCK 80
FILEDEF 5 DISK LEVEC    INPUT    A (RECFM F LRECL 80 BLOCK 80
FILEDEF 8 DISK &1      INPUT    A (RECFM F LRECL 80 BLOCK 80
FILEDEF 9 DISK &1      ERREST   A (RECFM F LRECL 80 BLOCK 80
FILEDEF 10 DISK &1     BOUNDS    A (RECFM F LRECL 80 BLOCK 80
FILEDEF 11 DISK &1     TEIGVECS  A (RECFM F LRECL 80 BLOCK 80
FILEDEF 12 DISK &1     RITZVECS  A (RECFM F LRECL 80 BLOCK 80
FILEDEF 13 DISK &1     PAIGE     A (RECFM F LRECL 80 BLOCK 80
LOAD LEVEC LESUB LEMULT
-----
```

Sample Input File for LEVEC

```
-----
LEVEC REAL SYMMETRIC EIGENVECTOR COMPUTATIONS, NO REORTHOGONALIZATION
LINE 1 MDIMTV MDIMRV MBETA(MAX.DIMENSIONS, TVEC, RITVEC AND BETA
      10000 10000 2000
LINE 2 RELTOL
      .0000000001
LINE 3 MBOUND NTVCON SVTVEC IREAD (FLAGS
      0 1 0 1
LINE 4 TVSTOP LVCONT ERCONT IWRITE (FLAGS
      0 1 1 1
LINE 5 RHSEED (RANDOM GENERATOR SEED FOR STARTING VECTOR IN INVERM
      45329517
LINE 6 MATNO N
      100 100
-----
```

Chapter 3

Hermitian Matrices

3.1 Introduction

The FORTRAN codes in this chapter address the question of computing distinct eigenvalues and corresponding eigenvectors of Hermitian matrices, using a single-vector Lanczos procedure. For a given Hermitian matrix A , these codes compute real scalars λ and corresponding complex vectors $x \neq 0$ such that

$$Ax = \lambda x. \quad (3.1.1)$$

Definition 2 *A complex $n \times n$ matrix A , $A \equiv (a_{ij})$, $1 \leq i, j \leq n$, is a Hermitian matrix if and only if for every i and j , $a_{ij} = \overline{a_{ji}}$, where the overbar denotes the complex conjugate of the complex-valued entry a_{ij} .*

It is straight-forward to demonstrate from Definition 2 that for any Hermitian matrix $A = B + Ci$, where B and C are real matrices and $i = \sqrt{-1}$, that B must be a real symmetric matrix and C must be a skew symmetric matrix. That is, $B^T = B$ and $C^T = -C$. Furthermore, it is not difficult to see that Hermitian matrices must have real diagonal entries and real eigenvalues. However, the eigenvectors are complex-valued. Any Hermitian matrix can be transformed into a real symmetric tridiagonal matrix for the purposes of computing the eigenvalues of the Hermitian matrix, Stewart [24]. In fact, the Lanczos recursion which we use in the codes in this chapter transforms the given Hermitian matrix A into a family of real symmetric tridiagonal matrices rather than into a family of Hermitian tridiagonal matrices.

Hermitian matrices possess the 'same' properties as real symmetric matrices do, except that these properties are defined with respect to the complex or Hermitian norm, rather than with respect to the Euclidean norm, see Stewart [24]. The Hermitian norm of a given complex-valued vector $x \equiv (x(i))$, $1 \leq i \leq n$, is defined as $\|x\|_C^2 \equiv \sum_{i=1}^n \overline{x(i)}x(i)$. Three properties which we use are:

1. Hermitian matrices have complete eigensystems. That is, the dimension of the eigenspace corresponding to any given eigenvalue of a Hermitian matrix is the same as the multiplicity of that eigenvalue as a root of the characteristic polynomial of that matrix.
2. For any two distinct eigenvalues λ, μ and corresponding eigenvectors x, y , $x^H y = 0$, where the superscript H denotes the complex conjugate transpose of the vector x . The complex conjugate transpose of a column vector x is the row vector whose i^{th} component is $\overline{x(i)}$. There is a complete set of eigenvectors $X_n \equiv (x_1, \dots, x_n)$ such that X is a unitary matrix.

3. Small Hermitian perturbations in a Hermitian matrix cause only small perturbations in the eigenvalues.

The single-vector Lanczos codes in this chapter can be used to compute either a very few or very many of the distinct eigenvalues of the given Hermitian matrix. The documentation for these codes is contained in Chapter 2, Section 2.2. As in the real symmetric case, the A -multiplicity of a given computed 'good' Lanczos eigenvalue can be obtained only with additional computation, and the modifications required to do this additional computation are not included in these versions of the codes. This implementation uses a Hermitian analog of the basic Lanczos recursion contained in Eqns (1.2.1) and (1.2.2) to generate a family of real symmetric tridiagonal matrices whose sizes are specified by the user. There is no reorthogonalization of the Lanczos vectors at any stage in any of the computations.

The Hermitian version of the Lanczos recursion which we use is given below. For $i = 1, 2, \dots, m$ and a randomly-generated complex starting vector v_1 with $\|v_1\|_C = 1$, generate Lanczos vectors v_i using the following recursion.

$$\beta_{i+1} v_{i+1} = Av_i - \alpha_i v_i - \beta_i v_{i-1}, \quad (3.1.2)$$

where

$$\alpha_i \equiv v_i^H Av_i, \quad \beta_{i+1} = \|Av_i - \alpha_i v_i - \beta_i v_{i-1}\|_C \quad (3.1.3)$$

We see from Eqns(3.1.3) that the Hermitian inner product is used. This is the 'natural' inner product for Hermitian matrices. Gram-Schmidt orthogonalization is used, unlike the real symmetric case where a modified Gram-Schmidt orthogonalization was used. This change in the local orthogonalization procedure increases the storage requirements for the implementation of the Lanczos recursion by one additional complex vector of length equal to the order of the original A -matrix. Modified Gram-Schmidt orthogonalization cannot be used in the Hermitian case because corrections to the α_i defined by this modification are complex-valued not real, and it would not be legitimate to accept the real portions of these corrections and simply ignore the complex portions.

It is easy to demonstrate that as we stated earlier, each Lanczos matrix (T -matrix) generated by this Hermitian recursion is a real symmetric tridiagonal matrix. In particular, we see from the formulas in Eqn(3.1.3) that the diagonal entries of each of these matrices are Rayleigh quotients of the given Hermitian matrix A , and therefore must all be real-valued. Furthermore by construction, the nonzero off-diagonal entries β_{i+1} are all real-valued. This use of real-valued β_i requires some justification. This justification is given in Section 4.9 of Chapter 4 of Volume 1 of this book.

HLEVAL, the main program for the Hermitian eigenvalue computations, calls the subroutine BISEC to compute eigenvalues of the specified tridiagonal Lanczos matrices on the user-specified intervals. BISEC simultaneously computes these T -eigenvalues with their T -multiplicities and sorts the computed T -eigenvalues into two classes, the 'good' T -eigenvalues and the 'spurious' T -eigenvalues. The 'good' T -eigenvalues are accepted as approximations to eigenvalues of the user-specified matrix A . The accuracy of these 'good' T -eigenvalues as eigenvalues of A is then estimated using error estimates computed by subroutine INVERR. Error estimates are computed only for isolated 'good' T -eigenvalues. All other 'good' T -eigenvalues are assumed to have converged. Convergence is then checked. If convergence has not yet occurred and a larger T -matrix has been specified by the user, the program will continue on to the larger T -matrix, repeating the above procedure on this larger matrix.

Once the eigenvalues have been computed accurately enough, the user can select a subset of the 'converged' eigenvalues for which eigenvectors are to be computed. The main program HLEVEC, for computing eigenvectors of Hermitian matrices, is then used to compute these desired eigenvectors.

The computations in the Lanczos recursion are a mixture of double precision real arithmetic and of double precision complex arithmetic. Once the Lanczos matrices have been computed, the remaining

computations are all done in double precision real arithmetic, using the same subroutines that are used in the real symmetric case. In addition to the programs and subroutines provided here, the user must supply a subroutine USPEC which defines and initializes the user-specified matrix A and a subroutine CMATV which computes matrix-vector multiplies Ax for any given vector x . These subroutines must be constructed in such a way as to take advantage of the sparsity (and/or structure) of the user-supplied A -matrix and such that these computations are done accurately.

3.2 HLEVAL: Main Program, Eigenvalue Computations

```

C-----HLEVAL (EIGENVALUES OF HERMITIAN MATRICES)-----HHL00010
C  Authors:  Jane Cullum and Ralph A. Willoughby (deceased)      HHL00020
C              Los Alamos National Laboratory                    HHL00030
C              Los Alamos, New Mexico 87544                      HHL00040
C              cullumj@lanl.gov                                   HHL00045
C                                                                HHL00050
C  These codes are copyrighted by the authors.  These codes      HHL00060
C  and modifications of them or portions of them are NOT to be   HHL00070
C  incorporated into any commercial codes without legal agreements HHL00080
C  with the authors.  If these codes or portions of them         HHL00090
C  are used in other scientific or engineering research works     HHL00100
C  the names of the authors of these codes and appropriate        HHL00110
C  references to their written work are to be incorporated in the HHL00120
C  derivative works.                                              HHL00130
C                                                                HHL00140
C  This header is not to be removed from these codes.            HHL00150
C                                                                HHL00155
C  REFERENCE: Cullum and Willoughby, Chapters 1,2,3,4             HHL00160
C  Lanczos Algorithms for Large Symmetric Eigenvalue Computations HHL00165
C  VOL. 1 Theory. Republished as Volume 41 in SIAM CLASSICS in   HHL00166
C  Applied Mathematics, 2002. SIAM Publications,                 HHL00167
C  Philadelphia, PA. USA                                          HHL00168
C                                                                HHL00169
C  CONTAINS MAIN PROGRAM FOR COMPUTING DISTINCT EIGENVALUES OF   HHL00170
C  A HERMITIAN MATRIX USING LANCZOS TRIDIAGONALIZATION WITHOUT   HHL00180
C  REORTHOGONALIZATION                                          HHL00190
C                                                                HHL00200
C  PORTABILITY:                                                  HHL00210
C  THIS PROGRAM IS NOT PORTABLE DUE TO THE USE OF COMPLEX*16     HHL00220
C  VARIABLES.  MOREOVER, THE PFORT VERIFIER IDENTIFIED THE       HHL00230
C  FOLLOWING ADDITIONAL NONPORTABLE CONSTRUCTIONS:               HHL00240
C                                                                HHL00250
C  1.  DATA/MACHEP/ STATEMENT                                   HHL00260
C  2.  ALL READ(5,*) STATEMENTS (FREE FORMAT)                   HHL00270
C  3.  FORMAT(20A4) USED WITH EXPLANATORY HEADER EXPLAN.        HHL00280
C  4.  HEXADECIMAL FORMAT (4Z20) USED IN ALPHA/BETA FILES 1 AND 2. HHL00290
C                                                                HHL00300
C-----HHL00310
C  SPECIFY DIMENSIONS OF ARRAYS NEEDED BY LANCZOS ROUTINES      HHL00320
C                                                                HHL00330
C  USER SPECIFIES THE FOLLOWING:                                  HHL00340
C  OTHER ARRAY DIMENSIONS ARE COMPUTED IN PARAMETER STATEMENTS   HHL00350
C  N = DIMENSION OF THE MATRIX EIGENVALUE PROBLEM                HHL00360
C  KMAX = MAXIMUM SIZE OF LANCZOS MATRICES TO BE USED           HHL00370
C  NSINT >= NUMBER OF SUBINTERVALS SPECIFIED IN INPUT FILE 5     HHL00380
C  NTMATS >= NUMBER OF LANCZOS MATRICES SPECIFIED IN INPUT FILE 5 HHL00390
C  BELOW WE ASSUME THAT NO MORE THAN KMAX/2 EIGENVALUES          HHL00400
C  ARE COMPUTED IN ANY ONE OF THE SUBINTERVALS (LB(J),UB(J))     HHL00410
C  SUPPLIED BY THE USER.  V2 WILL BE USED FOR BOTH UPPER AND    HHL00420
C  LOWER BOUNDS ON THE EIGENVALUES AS THEY ARE COMPUTED SO      HHL00430
C  IF MORE THAN KMAX/2 EIGENVALUES ARE TO BE COMPUTED IN ANY    HHL00440

```

```

C      ONE SUBINTERVAL, THE DIMENSION OF V2 MUST BE ADJUSTED      HHL00450
C      ACCORDINGLY.  FOR EXAMPLE IF THE USER WANTS ALL THE EIGENVALUES HHL00460
C      OF THE LANCZOS MATRIX THEN KV2 MUST BE > MAX(KMAX,N)      HHL00470
C      BECAUSE OF THE INTEGER ARITHMETIC IT IS NECESSARY TO ADD AN HHL00480
C      EXTRA 1 TO THE EXPRESSIONS.      HHL00490
C      HHL00500
C      TO AVOID USING MAX(I,J) IN THE PARAMETER LISTING WE HAVE USED HHL00510
C      THE FOLLOWING EQUIVALENT RELATIONSHIP      HHL00520
C      HHL00530
C       $MAX(I,J) = (2*I/(I+J))*I + (2*J/(I+J))*J$       HHL00540
C      HHL00550
C      PARAMETER ( N = 81, KMAX = 100, NSINT = 20, NTMATS = 20)      HHL00560
C      PARAMETER ( N = 625, KMAX = 1500, NSINT = 20, NTMATS = 20)      HHL00570
C      HHL00580
C      PARAMETER ( KMAX1 = KMAX+1, KMAX2 = 2*KMAX, NKMAX = N+KMAX )      HHL00590
C      PARAMETER ( KMAXP2 = KMAX + 2)      HHL00600
C      PARAMETER ( N2 = 2*N, N2KMAX = N2+KMAX, NKMAX2=N+KMAX2)      HHL00610
C      PARAMETER ( KMAXP02 = KMAXP2/2, KMAX102 = KMAX1/2 )      HHL00620
C      PARAMETER ( NKMAX12 = N+KMAX102, NKMAXP0 = N+KMAXP02)      HHL00630
C      PARAMETER ( KVS = ((2*N2)/N2KMAX)*N2 + ((2*KMAX)/N2KMAX)*KMAX )      HHL00640
C      PARAMETER ( KV1 = ((2*N)/NKMAXP0)*N + ((2*KMAXP02)/NKMAXP0)*KMAXP02 )      HHL00650
C      PARAMETER ( KV2 = ((2*N)/NKMAX12)*N + ((2*KMAX102)/NKMAX12)*KMAX102 )      HHL00660
C      BELOW GOES WITH COMPUTING ALL EIGENVALUES OF LANCZOS MATRIX      HHL00670
C      PARAMETER ( KV2 = ((2*N)/NKMAX)*N + ((2*KMAX)/NKMAX)*KMAX )      HHL00680
C      PARAMETER ( KG = ((2*KMAX2)/NKMAX2)*KMAX2 + ((2*N)/NKMAX2)*N )      HHL00690
C      HHL00700
C-----HHL00710
C      HHL00720
C      DOUBLE PRECISION  ALPHA(KMAX),BETA(KMAX1),VS(KVS)      HHL00730
C      COMPLEX*16  V1(KV1),V2(KV2)      HHL00740
C      DOUBLE PRECISION  GR(N),GC(N),LB(NSINT),UB(NSINT)      HHL00750
C      DOUBLE PRECISION  BTOL,GAPTOL,TTOL,MACHEP,EPSM,RELTOL      HHL00760
C      DOUBLE PRECISION  SCALE1,SCALE2,SCALE3,SCALE4,BISTOL,CONTOL,MULTOL      HHL00770
C      DOUBLE PRECISION  ONE,ZERO,TEMP,TKMAX,BETAM,BKMIN,T0,T1      HHL00780
C      REAL  G(KG),EXPLAN(20)      HHL00790
C      INTEGER  MP(KMAX),NMEV(NTMATS)      HHL00800
C      INTEGER  SVSEED,RHSEED,SVSOLD      HHL00810
C      INTEGER  IABS      HHL00820
C      REAL  ABS      HHL00830
C      DOUBLE PRECISION  DABS, DSQRT, DFLOAT      HHL00840
C      EXTERNAL  CMATV      HHL00850
C      HHL00860
C-----HHL00870
C      DATA  MACHEP/Z3410000000000000/      HHL00880
C      EPSM = 2.0D0*MACHEP      HHL00890
C-----HHL00900
C      WRITE(6,1) N,KMAX,NSINT,NTMATS      HHL00910
C      1 FORMAT(' N,KMAX,NSINT,NTMATS ='/4I10)      HHL00920
C      WRITE(6,2) KMAX1,KMAX2,N2,N2KMAX,NKMAX2      HHL00930
C      2 FORMAT(' KMAX1,KMAX2,N2,N2KMAX,NKMAX2 ='/5I10)      HHL00940
C      WRITE(6,3) KMAXP02,KMAX102,NKMAXP0,NKMAX12      HHL00950
C      3 FORMAT(' KMAXP02,KMAX102,NKMAXP0,NKMAX12 ='/4I10)      HHL00960
C      WRITE(6,4) KVS,KV1,KV2,KG      HHL00970
C      4 FORMAT(' KVS,KV1,KV2,KG ='/4I10)      HHL00980
C      HHL00990

```

```

C      THE ARRAYS V1 AND V2 ARE DEFINED AS COMPLEX*16 IN THE MAIN PROGRAMHHL01000
C      AND IN THE SUBROUTINE LANCZS.  HOWEVER, IN THE OTHER SUBROUTINES  HHL01010
C      THEY ARE DECLARED AS DOUBLE PRECISION ARRAYS.  NOTE THAT THE      HHL01020
C      DIMENSION OF V2 ASSUMES THAT NO MORE THAN KMAX/2 EIGENVALUES OF  HHL01030
C      THE T-MATRICES ARE BEING COMPUTED IN ANY ONE OF THE SUB-INTERVALS HHL01040
C      BEING CONSIDERED.  V2 MUST CONTAIN UPPER AND LOWER BOUNDS        HHL01050
C      ON EACH T-EIGENVALUE COMPUTED BY BISEC IN ANY ONE GIVEN INTERVAL. HHL01060
C                                                                           HHL01070
C      ARRAYS MUST BE DIMENSIONED AS FOLLOWS:                            HHL01080
C          1. ALPHA:  >= KMAX.  BETA:  >= (KMAX+1)                        HHL01090
C          2. V1:    >= MAX(N,(KMAX+1)/2).  V2:  >= MAX(N,KMAX/2)        HHL01100
C          3. VS:    >= MAX(2*N,KMAX).                                     HHL01110
C          4. GR,GC: >=  N                                                 HHL01120
C          5. G:     >= MAX(2*KMAX,N)                                       HHL01130
C          6. MP:    >= KMAX                                                HHL01140
C          7. LB,UB: >= NUMBER OF SUB-INTERVALS SPECIFIED                HHL01150
C          8. NMEV:  >= NUMBER OF T-MATRICES SPECIFIED                   HHL01160
C          9. EXPLAN: DIMENSION IS 20.                                     HHL01170
C                                                                           HHL01180
C                                                                           HHL01190
C      IMPORTANT TOLERANCES OR SCALES THAT ARE USED REPEATEDLY          HHL01200
C      THROUGHOUT THE PROGRAM ARE THE FOLLOWING:                         HHL01210
C      SCALED MACHINE EPSILON:  TTOL = TKMAX*EPSM WHERE                  HHL01220
C      EPSM = 2*MACHINE EPSILON AND                                     HHL01230
C      TKMAX = MAX(|ALPHA(J)|,BETA(J), J = 1,MEV)                        HHL01240
C      BISEC CONVERGENCE TOLERANCE:  BISTOL = DSQRT(1000+MEV)*TTOL      HHL01250
C      BISEC MULTIPLICITY TOLERANCE:  MULTOL = (1000+MEV)*TTOL          HHL01260
C      LANCZOS CONVERGENCE TOLERANCE:  CONTOL = BETA(MEV+1)*1.D-10      HHL01270
C-----HHL01280
C      OUTPUT HEADER                                                    HHL01290
C      WRITE(6,10)                                                       HHL01300
10  FORMAT(/' LANCZOS PROCEDURE FOR HERMITIAN MATRICES'/)              HHL01310
C                                                                           HHL01320
C      SET PROGRAM PARAMETERS                                           HHL01330
C      SCALEK ARE USED IN TOLERANCES NEEDED IN SUBROUTINES LUMP,        HHL01340
C      ISOEV AND PRTEST.  USER MUST NOT MODIFY THESE SCALES.          HHL01350
C      SCALE1 = 5.0D2                                                    HHL01360
C      SCALE2 = 5.0D0                                                    HHL01370
C      SCALE3 = 5.0D0                                                    HHL01380
C      SCALE4 = 1.0D4                                                    HHL01390
C      ONE  = 1.0D0                                                       HHL01400
C      ZERO = 0.0D0                                                       HHL01410
C      BTOL = EPSM                                                         HHL01420
C      BTOL = 1.0D-8                                                      HHL01430
C      GAPOL = 1.0D-8                                                     HHL01440
C      ICONV = 0                                                           HHL01450
C      MOLD = 0                                                            HHL01460
C      MOLD1 = 1                                                           HHL01470
C      ICT = 0                                                             HHL01480
C      MMB = 0                                                             HHL01490
C      IPROJ = 0                                                           HHL01500
C                                                                           HHL01510
C      READ USER-SPECIFIED PARAMETERS FROM INPUT FILE 5 (FREE FORMAT)  HHL01520
C                                                                           HHL01530
C      READ USER-PROVIDED HEADER FOR RUN                                HHL01540

```

```

      READ(5,20) EXPLAN                                HHL01550
      WRITE(6,20) EXPLAN                                HHL01560
      READ(5,20) EXPLAN                                HHL01570
      WRITE(6,20) EXPLAN                                HHL01580
20  FORMAT(20A4)                                       HHL01590
C                                                    HHL01600
C  MODIFIED 4/16/93, N AND KMAX SET IN PARAMETER LIST. HHL01610
C  XXXXREAD ORDER OF MATRICES (N) , MAXIMUM ORDER OF T-MATRIX (KMAX), HHL01620
C  NUMBER OF T-MATRICES ALLOWED (NMEVS), AND MATRIX IDENTIFICATION HHL01630
C  NUMBERS (MATNO)                                     HHL01640
      READ(5,20) EXPLAN                                HHL01650
      READ(5,*) NMEVS,MATNO                             HHL01660
C  READ(5,*) N,KMAX,NMEVS,MATNO                       HHL01670
C                                                    HHL01680
C  READ SEEDS FOR LANCZS AND INVERR SUBROUTINES (SVSEED AND RHSEED) HHL01690
C  READ MAXIMUM NUMBER OF ITERATIONS ALLOWED FOR EACH INVERSE HHL01700
C  ITERATION (MXINIT) AND MAXIMUM NUMBER OF STURM SEQUENCES HHL01710
C  ALLOWED (MXSTUR)                                     HHL01720
      READ(5,20) EXPLAN                                HHL01730
      READ(5,*) SVSEED,RHSEED,MXINIT,MXSTUR            HHL01740
C                                                    HHL01750
C  ISTART = (0,1):  ISTART = 0 MEANS ALPHA/BETA FILE IS NOT HHL01760
C  AVAILABLE.  ISTART = 1 MEANS ALPHA/BETA FILE IS AVAILABLE ON HHL01770
C  FILE 2.                                             HHL01780
C  ISTOP = (0,1):  ISTOP = 0 MEANS PROCEDURE GENERATES ALPHA/BETA HHL01790
C  FILE AND THEN TERMINATES.  ISTOP = 1 MEANS PROCEDURE GENERATES HHL01800
C  ALPHAS/BETAS IF NEEDED AND THEN COMPUTES EIGENVALUES AND ERROR HHL01810
C  ESTIMATES AND THEN TERMINATES.                     HHL01820
      READ(5,20) EXPLAN                                HHL01830
      READ(5,*) ISTART,ISTOP                           HHL01840
C                                                    HHL01850
C  IHIS = (0,1):  IHIS = 0 MEANS ALPHA/BETA FILE IS NOT WRITTEN HHL01860
C  TO FILE 1.  IHIS = 1 MEANS ALPHA/BETA FILE IS WRITTEN TO FILE 1. HHL01870
C  IDIST = (0,1):  IDIST = 0 MEANS DISTINCT T-EIGENVALUES HHL01880
C  ARE NOT WRITTEN TO FILE 11.  IDIST = 1 MEANS DISTINCT HHL01890
C  T-EIGENVALUES ARE WRITTEN TO FILE 11.              HHL01900
C  IWRITE = (0,1):  IWRITE = 0 MEANS NO INTERMEDIATE OUTPUT HHL01910
C  FROM THE COMPUTATIONS IS WRITTEN TO FILE 6.  IWRITE = 1 MEANS HHL01920
C  T-EIGENVALUES AND ERROR ESTIMATES ARE WRITTEN TO FILE 6 HHL01930
C  AS THEY ARE COMPUTED.                             HHL01940
      READ(5,20) EXPLAN                                HHL01950
      READ(5,*) IHIS,IDIST,IWRITE                     HHL01960
C                                                    HHL01970
C  READ IN THE RELATIVE TOLERANCE (RELTOL) FOR USE IN THE HHL01980
C  SPURIOUS, T-MULTIPLICITY, AND PRTESTS.             HHL01990
      READ(5,20) EXPLAN                                HHL02000
      READ(5,*) RELTOL                                 HHL02010
C                                                    HHL02020
C  READ IN THE SIZES OF THE T-MATRICES TO BE CONSIDERED. HHL02030
      READ(5,20) EXPLAN                                HHL02040
      READ(5,*) (NMEV(J), J=1,NMEVS)                  HHL02050
C                                                    HHL02060
C  READ IN THE NUMBER OF SUBINTERVALS TO BE CONSIDERED. HHL02070
      READ(5,20) EXPLAN                                HHL02080
      READ(5,*) NINT                                    HHL02090

```



```

      IF (ISTART.EQ.0) GO TO 140                                HHL02650
C                                                                    HHL02660
C      READ IN ALPHA BETA HISTORY                               HHL02670
C                                                                    HHL02680
      READ(2,100)MOLD,NOLD,SVSOLD,MATOLD                       HHL02690
100 FORMAT(2I6,I12,I8)                                         HHL02700
C                                                                    HHL02710
C      CHANGED KMAX TO PARAMETER VARIABLE SO BELOW NO LONGER ALLOWED HHL02720
C      SO DEFAULT TO TERMINATE IF HISTORY FILE IS NOT LONG ENOUGH HHL02730
C      IF (KMAX.LT.MOLD) KMAX = MOLD                           HHL02740
C      KMAX1 = KMAX + 1                                         HHL02750
C                                                                    HHL02760
      IF (KMAX.LT.MOLD) WRITE(6,115) KMAX,MOLD                  HHL02770
      IF (KMAX.LT.MOLD) GO TO 640                                HHL02780
115 FORMAT(/' PROGRAM TERMINATES FOR USER TO RESET KMAX.  CURRENT VALUHHL02790
      1E',I6/' IS LARGER THAN THE SIZE',I6,' OF THE TRIDIAGONAL MATRIX ONHHL02800
      1FILE 2'/)                                               HHL02810
C                                                                    HHL02820
C      CHECK THAT ORDER N, MATRIX ID MATNO, AND RANDOM SEED SVSEED HHL02830
C      AGREE WITH THOSE IN THE HISTORY FILE.  IF NOT PROCEDURE STOPS. HHL02840
C                                                                    HHL02850
      ITEMP = (NOLD-N)**2+(MATNO-MATOLD)**2+(SVSEED-SVSOLD)**2 HHL02860
C                                                                    HHL02870
      IF (ITEMP.EQ.0) GO TO 120                                   HHL02880
C                                                                    HHL02890
      WRITE(6,110)                                              HHL02900
110 FORMAT(' PROGRAM TERMINATES'/      ' READ FROM FILE 2 CORRESPONDS TOHHL02910
      1 DIFFERENT MATRIX THAN MATRIX SPECIFIED'/)              HHL02920
      GO TO 640                                                  HHL02930
C                                                                    HHL02940
120 CONTINUE                                                    HHL02950
      MOLD1 = MOLD+1                                             HHL02960
C                                                                    HHL02970
      READ(2,130)(ALPHA(J), J=1,MOLD)                           HHL02980
      READ(2,130)(BETA(J), J=1,MOLD1)                           HHL02990
130 FORMAT(4Z20)                                                 HHL03000
C                                                                    HHL03010
      IF (KMAX.EQ.MOLD) GO TO 160                                HHL03020
C                                                                    HHL03030
      READ(2,130)(V1(J), J=1,N)                                  HHL03040
      READ(2,130)(V2(J), J=1,N)                                  HHL03050
C                                                                    HHL03060
140 CONTINUE                                                    HHL03070
      IIX = SVSEED                                               HHL03080
C                                                                    HHL03090
C-----HHL03100
C      CALL LANCZS(CMATV,V1,V2,VS,ALPHA,BETA,GR,GC,G,KMAX,MOLD1,N,IIX) HHL03110
C                                                                    HHL03120
C-----HHL03130
C                                                                    HHL03140
C                                                                    HHL03150
C      COMMENTED OUT BELOW BECAUSE KMAX1 IS NOW SET IN PARAMETER LIST HHL03160
C      KMAX1 = KMAX + 1                                         HHL03170
C                                                                    HHL03180
      IF (IHIS.EQ.0.AND.ISTOP.GT.0) GO TO 160                  HHL03190

```

```

C                                                    HHL03200
      WRITE(1,150) KMAX,N,SVSEED,MATNO                HHL03210
150  FORMAT(2I6,I12,I8,' = KMAX,N,SVSEED,MATNO')      HHL03220
C                                                    HHL03230
C      TO AVOID PERTURBATIONS CAUSED BY HEX TO DECIMAL AND DECIMAL TO HEXHHL03240
C      CONVERSIONS, THE ALPHA AND BETA MUST BE WRITTEN OUT IN HEX.    HHL03250
      WRITE(1,130)(ALPHA(I), I=1,KMAX)                HHL03260
      WRITE(1,130)(BETA(I), I=1,KMAX1)                 HHL03270
C      WRITE(1,135)(ALPHA(I), I=1,N)                   HHL03280
C      WRITE(1,135)(BETA(I), I=1,N)                     HHL03290
135  FORMAT(4E20.12)                                   HHL03300
C                                                    HHL03310
C      WRITE(1,130)(V1(I), I=1,N)                       HHL03320
C      WRITE(1,130)(V2(I), I=1,N)                       HHL03330
C                                                    HHL03340
      IF (ISTOP.EQ.0) GO TO 540                         HHL03350
C                                                    HHL03360
160  CONTINUE                                           HHL03370
      BKMIN = BTOL                                       HHL03380
      WRITE(6,170)                                       HHL03390
170  FORMAT('/', ' T-MATRICES (ALPHA AND BETA) ARE NOW AVAILABLE'/) HHL03400
C                                                    HHL03410
C-----HHL03420
C      SUBROUTINE TNORM CHECKS MIN(BETA)/(ESTIMATED NORM(A)) > BTOL . HHL03430
C      IF THIS IS VIOLATED IB IS SET EQUAL TO THE NEGATIVE OF THE INDEX HHL03440
C      OF THE MINIMAL BETA. IF(IB < 0) THEN SUBROUTINE TNORM IS        HHL03450
C      CALLED FOR EACH VALUE OF MEV TO DETERMINE WHETHER OR NOT THERE HHL03460
C      IS A BETA IN THE T-MATRIX SPECIFIED THAT VIOLATES THIS TEST.    HHL03470
C      IF THERE IS SUCH A BETA THE PROGRAM TERMINATES FOR THE USER     HHL03480
C      TO DECIDE WHAT TO DO. THIS TEST CAN BE OVER-RIDDEN BY          HHL03490
C      SIMPLY MAKING BTOL SMALLER, BUT THEN THERE IS THE POSSIBILITY   HHL03500
C      THAT LOSSES IN THE LOCAL ORTHOGONALITY MAY HURT THE COMPUTATIONS. HHL03510
C      BTOL = 1.D-8 IS HOWEVER A CONSERVATIVE CHOICE FOR BTOL.         HHL03520
C                                                    HHL03530
C      TNORM ALSO COMPUTES TKMAX = MAX(|ALPHA(K)|,BETA(K), K=1,KMAX).    HHL03540
C      TKMAX IS USED TO SCALE THE TOLERANCES USED IN THE               HHL03550
C      T-MULTIPLICITY AND SPURIOUS TESTS IN BISEC. TKMAX IS ALSO USED IN HHL03560
C      THE PROJECTION TEST FOR HIDDEN EIGENVALUES THAT HAD 'TOO SMALL' HHL03570
C      A PROJECTION ON THE STARTING VECTOR.                            HHL03580
C                                                    HHL03590
      CALL TNORM(ALPHA,BETA,BKMIN,TKMAX,KMAX,IB)        HHL03600
C                                                    HHL03610
C-----HHL03620
C                                                    HHL03630
      TTOL = EPSM*TKMAX                                   HHL03640
C                                                    HHL03650
C      LOOP ON THE SIZE OF THE T-MATRIX                             HHL03660
C                                                    HHL03670
180  CONTINUE                                           HHL03680
      MMB = MMB + 1                                       HHL03690
      MEV = NMEV(MMB)                                     HHL03700
C      IS MEV TOO LARGE ?                                           HHL03710
      IF(MEV.LE.KMAX) GO TO 200                           HHL03720
      WRITE(6,190) MMB, MEV, KMAX                         HHL03730
190  FORMAT('/', ' TERMINATE PRIOR TO CONSIDERING THE',I6,'TH T-MATRIX'/' HHL03740

```



```

      1' BECAUSE THE SIZE REQUESTED',I6,' IS GREATER THAN THE MAXIMUM SIZE
      1E ALLOWED',I6/)                                HHL03760
      GO TO 540                                         HHL03770
C                                                    HHL03780
      200 MP1 = MEV + 1                                HHL03790
      BETAM = BETA(MP1)                                HHL03800
C                                                    HHL03810
      IF (IB.GE.0) GO TO 210                            HHL03820
C                                                    HHL03830
      TO = BTOL                                         HHL03840
C                                                    HHL03850
C-----HHL03860
C                                                    HHL03870
      CALL TNORM(ALPHA,BETA,TO,T1,MEV,IBMEV)           HHL03880
C                                                    HHL03890
C-----HHL03900
C                                                    HHL03910
      TEMP = TO/TKMAX                                   HHL03920
      IBMEV = IABS(IBMEV)                               HHL03930
      IF (TEMP.GE.BTOL) GO TO 210                      HHL03940
      IBMEV = -IBMEV                                    HHL03950
      GO TO 600                                         HHL03960
C                                                    HHL03970
      210 CONTINUE                                     HHL03980
      IC = MXSTUR-ICT                                   HHL03990
C                                                    HHL04000
C-----HHL04010
C      BISEC LOOP. THE SUBROUTINE BISEC INCORPORATES DIRECTLY THE    HHL04020
C      T-MULTIPLICITY AND SPURIOUS TESTS. T-EIGENVALUES WILL BE     HHL04030
C      CALCULATED BY BISEC SEQUENTIALLY ON INTERVALS                HHL04040
C      (LB(J),UB(J)), J = 1,NINT).                                  HHL04050
C                                                                    HHL04060
C      ON RETURN FROM BISEC                                          HHL04070
C      NDIS = NUMBER OF DISTINCT EIGENVALUES OF T(1,MEV) ON UNION   HHL04080
C      OF THE (LB,UB) INTERVALS                                     HHL04090
C      VS = DISTINCT T-EIGENVALUES IN ALGEBRAICALLY INCREASING ORDER HHL04100
C      MP = MULTIPLICITIES OF THE T-EIGENVALUES IN VS               HHL04110
C      MP(I) = (0,1,MI), MI>1, I=1,NDIS MEANS:                     HHL04120
C      (0) VS(I) IS SPURIOUS                                         HHL04130
C      (1) VS(I) IS T-SIMPLE AND GOOD                                HHL04140
C      (MI) VS(I) IS MULTIPLE AND IS THEREFORE NOT ONLY GOOD BUT    HHL04150
C      ALSO A CONVERGED GOOD T-EIGENVALUE.                           HHL04160
C      WITHIN BISEC V1 AND V2 ARE DEFINED AS DOUBLE PRECISION ARRAYS HHL04170
C                                                                    HHL04180
C                                                                    HHL04190
C      CALL BISEC(ALPHA,BETA,V1,V2,VS,LB,UB,EPSM,TTOL,MP,NINT,      HHL04200
      1 MEV,NDIS,IC,IWRITE)                                         HHL04210
C                                                                    HHL04220
C-----HHL04230
C                                                                    HHL04240
      IF (NDIS.EQ.0) GO TO 620                                     HHL04250
C                                                                    HHL04260
C      COMPUTE THE TOTAL NUMBER OF STURM SEQUENCES USED TO DATE     HHL04270
C      COMPUTE THE BISEC CONVERGENCE AND T-MULTIPLICITY TOLERANCES USED. HHL04280
C      COMPUTE THE CONVERGENCE TOLERANCE FOR EIGENVALUES OF A.      HHL04290

```

```

      ICT = ICT + IC                                HHL04300
      TEMP = DFLOAT(MEV+1000)                       HHL04310
      MULTOL = TEMP*TTOL                             HHL04320
      TEMP = DSQRT(TEMP)                             HHL04330
      BISTOL = TTOL*TEMP                             HHL04340
      CONTOL = BETAM*1.D-10                          HHL04350
C                                                    HHL04360
C-----HHL04370
C  SUBROUTINE LUMP 'COMBINES' T-EIGENVALUES THAT ARE 'TOO CLOSE'. HHL04380
C  NOTE HOWEVER THAT CLOSE SPURIOUS T-EIGENVALUES ARE NOT AVERAGED HHL04390
C  WITH GOOD ONES. HOWEVER, THEY MAY BE USED TO INCREASE THE      HHL04400
C  MULTIPLICITY OF A GOOD T-EIGENVALUE.                          HHL04410
C                                                                HHL04420
      LOOP = NDIS                                       HHL04430
      CALL LUMP(VS,RELTOL,MULTOL,SCALE2,MP,LOOP)         HHL04440
C                                                    HHL04450
C-----HHL04460
C                                                    HHL04470
      IF(NDIS.EQ.LOOP) GO TO 230                       HHL04480
C                                                    HHL04490
      WRITE(6,220) NDIS, MEV, LOOP                     HHL04500
220 FORMAT(/I6,' DISTINCT T-EIGENVALUES WERE COMPUTED IN BISEC AT MEV HHL04510
1',I6/ 2X,' LUMP SUBROUTINE REDUCES NUMBER OF DISTINCT EIGENVALUES HHL04520
1TO',I6)                                              HHL04530
C                                                    HHL04540
230 CONTINUE                                           HHL04550
      NDIS = LOOP                                       HHL04560
      BETA(MP1) = BETAM                                HHL04570
C                                                    HHL04580
C-----HHL04590
C  THE SUBROUTINE ISOEV LABELS THOSE SIMPLE EIGENVALUES OF T(1,MEV) HHL04600
C  WITH VERY SMALL GAPS BETWEEN NEIGHBORING EIGENVALUES OF T(1,MEV) HHL04610
C  TO AVOID COMPUTING ERROR ESTIMATES FOR ANY SIMPLE GOOD        HHL04620
C  T-EIGENVALUE THAT IS TOO CLOSE TO A SPURIOUS T-EIGENVALUE.    HHL04630
C  ON RETURN FROM ISOEV, G CONTAINS CODED MINIMAL GAPS           HHL04640
C  BETWEEN THE DISTINCT EIGENVALUES OF T(1,MEV). (G IS REAL).    HHL04650
C  G(I) < 0 MEANS MINGAP IS DUE TO LEFT GAP G(I) > 0 MEANS DUE TO HHL04660
C  RIGHT GAP. MP(I) = -1 MEANS THAT THE GOOD T-EIGENVALUE IS SIMPLE HHL04670
C  AND HAS A VERY SMALL MINGAP IN T(1,MEV) DUE TO A SPURIOUS     HHL04680
C  T-EIGENVALUE.  NG = NUMBER OF GOOD EIGENVALUES.              HHL04690
C  NISO = NUMBER OF ISOLATED GOOD T-EIGENVALUES.                 HHL04700
C                                                                HHL04710
      CALL ISOEV(VS,GAPTOL,MULTOL,SCALE1,G,MP,NDIS,NG,NISO)      HHL04720
C                                                    HHL04730
C-----HHL04740
C                                                    HHL04750
      WRITE(6,240)NG,NISO,NDIS                          HHL04760
240 FORMAT(/I6,' GOOD T-EIGENVALUES HAVE BEEN COMPUTED'//      HHL04770
1 I6,' OF THESE ARE T-ISOLATED'//                          HHL04780
2 I6,' = NUMBER OF DISTINCT T-EIGENVALUES COMPUTED'//)        HHL04790
C                                                    HHL04800
C  DO WE WRITE DISTINCT EIGENVALUES OF T-MATRIX TO FILE 4?      HHL04810
C  IF (IDIST.EQ.0) GO TO 280                                     HHL04820
C                                                                HHL04830
      WRITE(11,250) NDIS,NISO,MEV,N,SVSEED,MATNO          HHL04840

```

250	FORMAT(/I6,I12,I8,' = NDIS,NISO,MEV,N,SVSEED,MATNO'/)	HHL04850
C		HHL04860
	WRITE(11,260) (MP(I),VS(I),G(I), I=1,NDIS)	HHL04870
260	FORMAT(2(I3,E25.16,E12.3))	HHL04880
C		HHL04890
	WRITE(11,270) NDIS, (MP(I), I=1,NDIS)	HHL04900
270	FORMAT(/I6,' = NDIS, T-MULTIPLICITIES (0 MEANS SPURIOUS)')/(20I4))	HHL04910
C		HHL04920
280	CONTINUE	HHL04930
C		HHL04940
	IF (NISO.NE.0) GO TO 310	HHL04950
C		HHL04960
	WRITE(4,290) MEV	HHL04970
290	FORMAT('/' AT MEV = ',I6,' THERE ARE NO ISOLATED T-EIGENVALUES'/	HHL04980
	1' SO NO ERROR ESTIMATES WERE COMPUTED/')	HHL04990
C		HHL05000
	WRITE(6,300)	HHL05010
300	FORMAT('/' ALL COMPUTED GOOD T-EIGENVALUES ARE MULTIPLE'/	HHL05020
	1 ' THEREFORE ALL SUCH EIGENVALUES ARE ASSUMED TO HAVE CONVERGED')	HHL05030
C		HHL05040
	ICONV = 1	HHL05050
	GO TO 350	HHL05060
C		HHL05070
310	CONTINUE	HHL05080
C		HHL05090
C	-----	HHL05100
C	SUBROUTINE INVERR COMPUTES ERROR ESTIMATES FOR ISOLATED GOOD	HHL05110
C	T-EIGENVALUES USING INVERSE ITERATION ON T(1,MEV). ON RETURN	HHL05120
C	G(J) = MINIMUM GAP IN T(1,MEV) FOR EACH VS(J), J=1,NDIS	HHL05130
C	G(MEV+I) = BETAM* U(MEV) = ERROR ESTIMATE FOR ISOLATED GOOD	HHL05140
C	T-EIGENVALUES, WHERE I = 1, NISO AND BETAM = BETA(MEV+1)	HHL05150
C	U(MEV) IS MEVTH COMPONENT OF THE UNIT EIGENVECTOR OF T	HHL05160
C	CORRESPONDING TO THE ITH ISOLATED GOOD T-EIGENVALUE.	HHL05170
C	A NEGATIVE ERROR ESTIMATE MEANS THAT FOR THAT PARTICULAR	HHL05180
C	EIGENVALUE THE INVERSE ITERATION DID NOT CONVERGE IN <= MXINIT	HHL05190
C	STEPS AND THAT THE CORRESPONDING ERROR ESTIMATE IS QUESTIONABLE.	HHL05200
C		HHL05210
C	V2 CONTAINS THE ISOLATED GOOD T-EIGENVALUES	HHL05220
C	V1 CONTAINS THE MINGAPS TO THE NEAREST DISTINCT EIGENVALUE	HHL05230
C	OF T(1,MEV) FOR EACH ISOLATED GOOD EIGENVALUE IN V2.	HHL05240
C	VS CONTAINS THE NDIS DISTINCT EIGENVALUES OF T(1,MEV)	HHL05250
C	MP CONTAINS THE CORRESPONDING CODED T-MULTIPLICITIES	HHL05260
C	WITHIN INVERR V1 AND V2 ARE DOUBLE PRECISION ARRAYS	HHL05270
C		HHL05280
	IT = MXINIT	HHL05290
	CALL INVERR(ALPHA,BETA,V1,V2,VS,EPSM,G,MP,MEV,MMB,NDIS,NISO,N,	HHL05300
	1 RHSEED,IT,IWRITE)	HHL05310
C		HHL05320
C	-----	HHL05330
C		HHL05340
C	SIMPLE CHECK FOR CONVERGENCE. CHECKS TO SEE IF ALL OF THE ERROR	HHL05350
C	ESTIMATES ARE SMALLER THAN CONTOL.	HHL05360
C	IF THIS TEST IS SATISFIED, THEN CONVERGENCE FLAG, ICONV IS SET	HHL05370
C	TO 1. TYPICALLY ERROR ESTIMATES ARE VERY CONSERVATIVE.	HHL05380
C		HHL05390

```

      WRITE(6,320) CONTOL                                HHL05400
320  FORMAT(/' CONVERGENCE IS TESTED USING THE CONVERGENCE TOLERANCE', HHL05410
      1E13.4/)                                           HHL05420
C                                                    HHL05430
      II = MEV +1                                         HHL05440
      IF = MEV+NISO                                       HHL05450
      DO 330 I = II,IF                                    HHL05460
      IF (ABS(G(I)).GT.CONTOL) GO TO 350                 HHL05470
330  CONTINUE                                           HHL05480
      ICONV = 1                                           HHL05490
      MMB = NMEVS                                         HHL05500
C                                                    HHL05510
      WRITE(6,340) CONTOL                                HHL05520
340  FORMAT(' ALL COMPUTED ERROR ESTIMATES WERE LESS THAN',E15.4/ HHL05530
      1 ' THEREFORE PROCEDURE TERMINATES'/)           HHL05540
C                                                    HHL05550
350  CONTINUE                                           HHL05560
C                                                    HHL05570
C      IF CONVERGENCE IS INDICATED, THAT IS ICONV = 1 ,THEN HHL05580
C      THE SUBROUTINE PRTEST IS CALLED TO CHECK FOR ANY CONVERGED HHL05590
C      EIGENVALUES THAT HAVE BEEN MISLABELLED AS SPURIOUS BECAUSE HHL05600
C      THE PROJECTION OF THEIR EIGENVECTOR(S) ON THE STARTING HHL05610
C      VECTOR WERE TOO SMALL.                            HHL05620
C      NUMERICAL TESTS INDICATE THAT SUCH EIGENVALUES ARE RARE. HHL05630
C      IF FOR SOME REASON MANY OF THESE HIDDEN EIGENVALUES APPEAR HHL05640
C      ON SOME RUN, YOU CAN BE CERTAIN THAT SOMETHING IS FOULED UP. HHL05650
C                                                    HHL05660
      IF (ICONV.EQ.0) GO TO 480                          HHL05670
C                                                    HHL05680
C-----HHL05690
C                                                    HHL05700
      CALL PRTEST (ALPHA,BETA,VS,TKMAX,EPSM,RELTOL,SCALE3,SCALE4, HHL05710
      1 MP,NDIS,MEV,I PROJ)                             HHL05720
C                                                    HHL05730
C-----HHL05740
C                                                    HHL05750
      IF(I PROJ.EQ.0) GO TO 470                          HHL05760
C                                                    HHL05770
      IF(IDIST.EQ.1) WRITE(11,360) I PROJ                HHL05780
360  FORMAT(' SUBROUTINE PRTEST WANTS TO RELABEL',I6,' SPURIOUS EIGENVAHHL05790
      1LUES'/' WE ACCEPT RELABELLING ONLY IF LAST COMPONENT OF T-EIGENVECHHL05800
      1TOR IS L.T. 1.D-10'/)                             HHL05810
C                                                    HHL05820
      IIX = RHSEED                                       HHL05830
C                                                    HHL05840
C-----HHL05850
C                                                    HHL05860
      CALL GENRAN(IIX,G,MEV)                             HHL05870
C                                                    HHL05880
C-----HHL05890
C                                                    HHL05900
      ITEN = -10                                         HHL05910
      NISOM = NISO + MEV                                 HHL05920
      IWrito = IWRITE                                    HHL05930
      IWRITE = 0                                         HHL05940

```

```

C                                                    HHL05950
      DO 390 J = 1,NDIS                                HHL05960
      IF(MP(J).NE.ITEN) GO TO 390                      HHL05970
      TO = VS(J)                                       HHL05980
C                                                    HHL05990
C-----HHL06000
C                                                    HHL06010
      IT = MXINIT                                       HHL06020
      CALL INVERM(ALPHA,BETA,V1,V2,TO,TEMP,T1,EPSM,G,MEV,IT,IWRITE) HHL06030
C                                                    HHL06040
C-----HHL06050
C                                                    HHL06060
      IF(TEMP.LE.1.D-10) GO TO 380                    HHL06070
C  ERROR ESTIMATE WAS NOT SMALL REJECT RELABELLING OF THIS EIGENVALUEHHL06080
      IF(IDIST.EQ.1) WRITE(11,370) J,TO,TEMP          HHL06090
370 FORMAT(/' LAST COMPONENT FOR',I6,'TH EIGENVALUE',E20.12/' IS TOO LHHL06100
      IARGE = ',E15.6,' SO DO NOT ACCEPT PRTEST RELABELLING'/) HHL06110
      MP(J) = 0                                       HHL06120
      IPROJ = IPROJ - 1                               HHL06130
      GO TO 390                                       HHL06140
C  RELABELLING ACCEPTED                               HHL06150
380 NISOM = NISOM + 1                                HHL06160
      G(NISOM) = BETAM*TEMP                           HHL06170
390 CONTINUE                                          HHL06180
      IWRITE = IWRITO                                HHL06190
C                                                    HHL06200
      IF(IPROJ.EQ.0) GO TO 430                         HHL06210
      WRITE(6,400) IPROJ                             HHL06220
400 FORMAT(/I6,' T-EIGENVALUES WERE RECLASSIFIED AS GOOD.'/ HHL06230
      1' THESE ARE IDENTIFIED IN FILE 3 BY A T-MULTIPLICITY OF -10'/' USEHHL06240
      2R SHOULD INSPECT EACH TO MAKE SURE NEIGHBORS HAVE CONVERGED'/) HHL06250
C                                                    HHL06260
      IF(IDIST.EQ.1) WRITE(11,410) IPROJ              HHL06270
410 FORMAT(/I6,' T-EIGENVALUES WERE RELABELLED AS GOOD'/' HHL06280
      1' BELOW IS CORRECTED T-MULTIPLICITY PATTERN'/) HHL06290
C                                                    HHL06300
      WRITE(6,420) NDIS, (MP(I), I=1,NDIS)            HHL06310
      IF(IDIST.EQ.1) WRITE(11,420) NDIS, (MP(I), I=1,NDIS) HHL06320
420 FORMAT(/I6,' = NDIS, T-MULTIPLICITIES (0 MEANS SPURIOUS)'/ HHL06330
      1 6X, ' (-10) MEANS SPURIOUS T-EIGENVALUE RELABELLED AS GOOD'/(20I4HHL06340
      1))                                             HHL06350
C                                                    HHL06360
C  RECALCULATE MINGAPS FOR DISTINCT T(1,MEV) EIGENVALUES. HHL06370
430 NM1 = NDIS - 1                                    HHL06380
      G(NDIS) = VS(NM1)-VS(NDIS)                     HHL06390
      G(1) = VS(2)-VS(1)                             HHL06400
C                                                    HHL06410
      DO 440 J = 2,NM1                                HHL06420
      TO = VS(J)-VS(J-1)                             HHL06430
      T1 = VS(J+1)-VS(J)                             HHL06440
      G(J) = T1                                       HHL06450
      IF (TO.LT.T1) G(J) = -TO                       HHL06460
440 CONTINUE                                          HHL06470
      IF(IPROJ.EQ.0) GO TO 470                        HHL06480
C  WRITE TO FILE 4 ERROR ESTIMATES FOR THOSE T-EIGENVALUES RELABELLEDHHL06490

```

```

      NGOOD = 0                                HHL06500
      DO 450 J = 1,NDIS                        HHL06510
      IF(MP(J).EQ.0) GO TO 450                 HHL06520
      NGOOD = NGOOD + 1                       HHL06530
      IF(MP(J).NE.ITEN) GO TO 450             HHL06540
      TO = VS(J)                              HHL06550
      NISO = NISO + 1                         HHL06560
      NISOM = MEV + NISO                     HHL06570
      WRITE(4,460) NGOOD,TO,G(NISOM),G(J)     HHL06580
450  CONTINUE                                HHL06590
460  FORMAT(I10,E25.16,2E14.3)               HHL06600
C                                           HHL06610
470  CONTINUE                                HHL06620
C                                           HHL06630
C      WRITE THE GOOD T-EIGENVALUES TO FILE 3.  FIRST TRANSFER THEM HHL06640
C      TO V2 AND THEIR T-MULTIPLICITIES TO THE CORRESPONDING POSITIONS HHL06650
C      IN MP AND COMPUTE THE A-MINGAPS, THE MINIMAL GAPS BETWEEN THE HHL06660
C      GOOD T-EIGENVALUES.  THESE GAPS WILL BE PUT IN THE ARRAY G. HHL06670
C      SINCE G CURRENTLY CONTAINS THE MINIMAL GAPS BETWEEN THE DISTINCT HHL06680
C      EIGENVALUES OF THE T-MATRIX, THESE GAPS WILL FIRST BE HHL06690
C      TRANSFERRED TO GC.  NOTE THAT GC<0 MEANS THAT THAT MINIMAL GAP HHL06700
C      IN THE T-MATRIX IS DUE TO A SPURIOUS T-EIGENVALUE. HHL06710
C      ALL THIS INFORMATION IS PRINTED TO FILE 3 HHL06720
C                                           HHL06730
480  CONTINUE                                HHL06740
C                                           HHL06750
      NG = 0                                HHL06760
      DO 490 I = 1,NDIS                        HHL06770
      IF (MP(I).EQ.0) GO TO 490                HHL06780
      NG = NG+1                               HHL06790
      MP(NG) = MP(I)                         HHL06800
      GR(NG) = VS(I)                         HHL06810
      TEMP = G(I)                            HHL06820
      TEMP = DABS(TEMP)                       HHL06830
      J = I+1                                HHL06840
      IF (G(I).LT.ZERO) J = I-1               HHL06850
      IF (MP(J).EQ.0) TEMP = -TEMP            HHL06860
      GC(NG) = TEMP                           HHL06870
490  CONTINUE                                HHL06880
C                                           HHL06890
      WRITE(6,500)MEV                         HHL06900
500  FORMAT(// ' T-EIGENVALUE CALCULATION AT MEV = ',I6,' IS COMPLETE' HHL06910
1')                                           HHL06920
C                                           HHL06930
C      NG = NUMBER OF COMPUTED DISTINCT GOOD T-EIGENVALUES.  NEXT HHL06940
C      GENERATE GAPS BETWEEN GOOD T-EIGENVALUES (AMINGAPS) AND PUT THEM HHL06950
C      IN G.  G(J) < 0 MEANS THE AMINGAP IS DUE TO THE LEFT-HAND GAP. HHL06960
C                                           HHL06970
      NGM1 = NG - 1                           HHL06980
      G(NG) = GR(NGM1)-GR(NG)                 HHL06990
      G(1) = GR(2)-GR(1)                     HHL07000
C                                           HHL07010
      DO 510 J = 2,NGM1                       HHL07020
      TO = GR(J)-GR(J-1)                     HHL07030
      T1 = GR(J+1)-GR(J)                     HHL07040

```


C	MODIFIED 8/16/83 (and 4/27/93 to change array dimensioning)	HHL00010
C		HHL00020
C----	HLEVEC (EIGENVECTORS OF HERMITIAN MATRICES)-----	HHL00030
C		HHL00040
C	Authors: Jane Cullum and Ralph A. Willoughby (deceased)	HHL00050
C	Los Alamos National Laboratory	HHL00060
C	Los Alamos, New Mexico 87544	HHL00070
C	E-Mail: cullumj@lanl.gov	HHL00075
c		HHL00080
c	These codes are copyrighted by the authors. These codes	HHL00090
c	and modifications of them or portions of them are NOT to be	HHL00100
c	incorporated into any commercial codes without legal agreements	HHL00110
c	with the authors. If these codes or portions of them	HHL00120
c	are used in other scientific or engineering research works	HHL00130
c	the names of the authors of these codes and appropriate	HHL00140
c	references to their written work are to be incorporated in the	HHL00150
c	derivative works.	HHL00160
c		HHL00170
c	This header is not to be removed from these codes.	HHL00180
C		HHL00181
C	REFERENCE: Cullum and Willoughby, Chapters 1,2,3,4	HHL00182
C	Lanczos Algorithms for Large Symmetric Eigenvalue Computations	HHL00183
C	VOL. 1 Theory. Republished as Volume 41 in SIAM CLASSICS in	HHL00184
C	Applied Mathematics, 2002. SIAM Publications,	HHL00185
C	Philadelphia, PA. USA	HHL00186
C		HHL00187
c		HHL00190
C	CONTAINS MAIN PROGRAM FOR COMPUTING AN EIGENVECTOR CORRESPONDING	HHL00200
C	TO EACH OF A SET OF EIGENVALUES THAT HAVE BEEN COMPUTED	HHL00210
C	ACCURATELY BY THE CORRESPONDING LANCZOS EIGENVALUE PROGRAM	HHL00220
C	(HLEVEL) FOR HERMITIAN MATRICES. THIS PROGRAM COULD BE	HHL00230
C	MODIFIED TO COMPUTE ADDITIONAL EIGENVECTORS FOR ANY	HHL00240
C	MULTIPLE EIGENVALUE OF THE GIVEN A-MATRIX. THE AMOUNT OF	HHL00250
C	ADDITIONAL COMPUTATION REQUIRED BY SUCH A MODIFICATION WOULD	HHL00260
C	DEPEND UPON THE GIVEN MATRIX AND UPON WHICH PART OF THE	HHL00270
C	SPECTRUM WAS INVOLVED.	HHL00280
C		HHL00290
C	THE LANCZOS EIGENVECTOR COMPUTATIONS ASSUME THAT EACH	HHL00300
C	EIGENVALUE THAT IS BEING CONSIDERED HAS CONVERGED AS AN	HHL00310
C	EIGENVALUE OF THE LANCZOS TRIDIAGONAL MATRICES.	HHL00320
C		HHL00330
C	PORTABILITY:	HHL00340
C	THIS PROGRAM IS NOT PORTABLE BECAUSE OF THE USE OF COMPLEX*16	HHL00350
C	VARIABLES. MOREOVER, THE PFORT VERIFIER IDENTIFIED THE	HHL00360
C	FOLLOWING ADDITIONAL NONPORTABLE CONSTRUCTIONS:	HHL00370
C		HHL00380
C	1. DATA/MACHEP/ STATEMENT	HHL00390
C	2. ALL READ(5,*) STATEMENTS (FREE FORMAT)	HHL00400
C	3. FORMAT(20A4) USED WITH THE EXPLANATORY HEADER, EXPLAN	HHL00410
C	4. HEXADECIMAL FORMAT (4Z20) USED IN ALPHA/BETA FILES 1 AND 2.	HHL00420
C		HHL00430

```

C      IMPORTANT NOTE:  PROGRAM ALLOWS ENLARGEMENT OF THE ALPHA, BETA      HHL00440
C      ARRAYS.  IN PARTICULAR, IF ANY ONE OF THE EIGENVALUES SUPPLIED      HHL00450
C      IS T-SIMPLE AND NOT CLOSE TO A SPURIOUS T-EIGENVALUE, THE PROGRAM      HHL00460
C      REQUIRES THAT KMAX BE AT LEAST 11*MEV/8 + 12.  IF KMAX IS NOT          HHL00470
C      THIS LARGE, THEN THE PROGRAM WILL RESET KMAX TO THIS SIZE             HHL00480
C      AND EXTEND THE ALPHA, BETA HISTORY IF REQUIRED.                        HHL00490
C      THUS, THE DIMENSIONS OF THE ALPHA AND BETA ARRAYS MUST BE            HHL00500
C      LARGE ENOUGH TO ALLOW FOR THIS POSSIBILITY.                          HHL00510
C      REMEMBER THAT THE BETA ARRAY, BETA(J), IS SUCH THAT                  HHL00520
C      J = 1,..., KMAX+1.  SO IF THE KMAX USED BY THE PROGRAM               HHL00530
C      IS TO BE 3000, THEN BETA MUST BE OF LENGTH AT LEAST 3001.           HHL00540
C                                                                           HHL00550
C      TO AVOID USING MAX(I,J) IN THE PARAMETER LISTING WE HAVE USED        HHL00560
C      THE FOLLOWING EQUIVALENT RELATIONSHIP                                HHL00570
C                                                                           HHL00580
C      MAX(I,J) = ( 2*I/(I+J))*I  + (2*J/(I+J))*J                          HHL00590
C                                                                           HHL00600
C      parameter (n=625,mev=1500,ngood= 3,nngood=n*ngood)                  HHL00610
C      parameter (kmaxn = (3*mev)/2 + 12, kmaxn1=kmaxn+1)                  HHL00620
C      parameter(nkmaxn = ngood*kmaxn)                                     HHL00630
C      PARAMETER ( KMAXn1 = KMAXn+1, KMAXn12 = KMAXn1/2 )                  HHL00640
C      PARAMETER ( NKMAXn2 = N+KMAXn12, NPKMAXn = N+KMAXn)                 HHL00650
C      PARAMETER (KVS = ((2*N)/NPKMAXn)*N + ((2*KMAXn)/NPKMAXn)*KMAXn )    HHL00660
C      PARAMETER (KV2 = ((2*N)/NKMAXn2)*N + ((2*KMAXn12)/NKMAXn2)*KMAXn12) HHL00670
C-----HHL00680
C      COMPLEX*16  V1(kv2),V2(n),VS(n),RITVEC(nngood),ZERO,TEMPC           HHL00690
C      DOUBLE PRECISION  ALPHA(kmaxn),BETA(kmaxn1),GR(n),GC(n)             HHL00700
C      DOUBLE PRECISION  TVEC(nkmaxn),GOODEV(ngood),EVNEW(ngood)           HHL00710
C      DOUBLE PRECISION  EVAL,EVALN,TOLN,TTOL,ERTOL,ALFA,BATA              HHL00720
C      DOUBLE PRECISION  MULTOL,SCALE0,STUTOL,BTOL,LB,UB                   HHL00730
C      DOUBLE PRECISION  ONE,ZERO,MACHEP,EPSM,TEMP,SUM,ERRMIN,BKMIN         HHL00740
C      DOUBLE PRECISION  RELTOL,ERROR,TERROR,TLAST(ngood)                  HHL00750
C      REAL  G(kvs),AMINGP(ngood),TMINGP(ngood),EXPLAN(20)                 HHL00760
C      REAL  TERR(ngood),ERR(ngood),ERRDGP(ngood),RNORM(ngood)             HHL00770
C      real TBETA(ngood)                                                    HHL00780
C      INTEGER  MP(ngood),M1(ngood),M2(ngood),MA(ngood)                    HHL00790
C      integer ML(ngood),MINT(ngood),MFIN(ngood)                           HHL00800
C      INTEGER  SVSEED,SVSOLD,RHSEED,IDELTA(ngood),MULEVA(ngood)           HHL00810
C      INTEGER  MBOUND,NTVCON,SVTVEC,TVSTOP,LVCONT,ERCONT,TFLAG            HHL00820
C      DOUBLE PRECISION  DABS, DMAX1, DSQRT, DFLOAT                        HHL00830
C      REAL  ABS                                                            HHL00840
C      INTEGER  IABS                                                         HHL00850
C-----HHL00860
C      EXTERNAL CMATV                                                       HHL00870
C      DATA MACHEP/Z34100000000000000/                                   HHL00880
C      EPSM = 2.DO*MACHEP                                                  HHL00890
C-----HHL00900
C                                                                           HHL00910
C      ARRAYS MUST BE DIMENSIONED AS FOLLOWS:                             HHL00920
C      1.  ALPHA:  >= KMAXN,  BETA:  >= (KMAXN+1) WHERE KMAXN, THE         HHL00930
C      LARGEST SIZE T-MATRIX CONSIDERED BY THE PROGRAM,                    HHL00940
C      IS THE LARGER OF THE SIZE OF THE ALPHA, BETA HISTORY               HHL00950
C      PROVIDED ON FILE 2 (IF ANY ) AND THE SIZE WHICH THE                HHL00960
C      PROGRAM SPECIFIES INTERNALLY, THIS LATTER IS ALWAYS                 HHL00970
C      < = 11*MEV / 8  + 12, WHERE MEV IS THE SIZE                       HHL00980

```

```

C          T-MATRIX THAT WAS USED IN THE CORRESPONDING EIGENVALUE HHL00990
C          COMPUTATIONS. HHL01000
C      2.  V1:  >= MAX(N,KMAX/2) HHL01010
C      3.  V2, VS:  >= N HHL01020
C      4.  G:  >= MAX(N,KMAX).  GR, GC:  >= N HHL01030
C      5.  RITVEC:  >= N*NGOOD, WHERE NGOOD IS NUMBER OF EIGENVALUES HHL01040
C          SUPPLIED TO THIS PROGRAM. HHL01050
C      6.  TVEC:  >= CUMULATIVE LENGTH OF ALL THE T-EIGENVECTORS HHL01060
C          NEEDED TO GENERATE THE DESIRED RITZ VECTORS.  AN EDUCATED HHL01070
C          GUESS AT AN APPROPRIATE LENGTH CAN BE OBTAINED BY RUNNING THE HHL01080
C          PROGRAM WITH THE FLAG MBOUND = 1 AND MULTIPLYING THE HHL01090
C          RESULTING SIZE BY 5/4. HHL01100
C      7.  GOODEV, EVNEW, AMINGP, TMINGP, TERR, ERR, ERRGDP, RNORM, TBETA HHL01110
C          TLAST, MP, MA, M1, M2, MINT, MFIN, MULEVA, AND IDELTA ALL HHL01120
C          MUST BE AT LEAST NGOOD. HHL01130
C HHL01140
C-----HHL01150
C      OUTPUT HEADER HHL01160
C      WRITE(6,10) HHL01170
C      10 FORMAT(/' LANCZOS EIGENVECTOR PROCEDURE FOR HERMITIAN MATRICES'/) HHL01180
C HHL01190
C      SET PROGRAM PARAMETERS HHL01200
C      USER MUST NOT MODIFY SCALE0 HHL01210
C      SCALE0 = 5.0D0 HHL01220
C      ZERO = 0.0D0 HHL01230
C      ZEROC = DCMLPX(ZERO,ZERO) HHL01240
C      ONE = 1.0D0 HHL01250
C      MPMIN = -1000 HHL01260
C      CONVERGENCE TOLERANCE FOR T-EIGENVECTORS FOR RITZ VECTORS HHL01270
C      ERTOL = 1.D-10 HHL01280
C      ISREAL = 0 HHL01290
C HHL01300
C      READ USER-SPECIFIED PARAMETER FROM INPUT FILE 5 (FREE FORMAT) HHL01310
C HHL01320
C      READ USER-PROVIDED HEADER FOR RUN HHL01330
C      READ(5,20) EXPLAN HHL01340
C      WRITE(6,20) EXPLAN HHL01350
C      20 FORMAT(20A4) HHL01360
C HHL01370
C      READ IN THE MAXIMUM PERMISSIBLE DIMENSIONS FOR THE TVEC ARRAY HHL01380
C      (MDIMTV), FOR THE RITVEC ARRAY (MDIMRV), AND FOR THE BETA HHL01390
C      ARRAY (MBETA). HHL01400
C HHL01410
C      READ(5,20) EXPLAN HHL01420
C      READ(5,*) MDIMTV, MDIMRV, MBETA HHL01430
C HHL01440
C      READ IN RELATIVE TOLERANCE (RELTOL) USED IN DETERMINING HHL01450
C      APPROPRIATE SIZES FOR THE T-MATRICES USED IN THE EIGENVECTOR HHL01460
C      COMPUTATIONS HHL01470
C HHL01480
C      READ(5,20) EXPLAN HHL01490
C      READ(5,*) RELTOL HHL01500
C HHL01510
C HHL01520
C      SET FLAGS TO 0 OR 1: HHL01530

```


MATNO = - MATNO	HHL02090
30 CONTINUE	HHL02100
C	HHL02110
C-----	HHL02120
C INITIALIZE THE ARRAYS FOR THE USER-SPECIFIED MATRIX	HHL02130
C AND PASS THE STORAGE LOCATIONS OF THESE ARRAYS TO THE	HHL02140
C MATRIX-VECTOR MULTIPLY SUBROUTINE CMATV.	HHL02150
C	HHL02160
CALL USPEC(N,MATNO)	HHL02170
C	HHL02180
C-----	HHL02190
C MASK UNDERFLOW AND OVERFLOW	HHL02200
CALL MASK	HHL02210
C	HHL02220
C-----	HHL02230
C	HHL02240
C WRITE RUN PARAMETERS OUT TO FILE 6	HHL02250
C	HHL02260
WRITE(6,40) MATNO,N	HHL02270
40 FORMAT(/' MATRIX IDENTIFICATION NO. = ',I10,' ORDER OF A = ',I5)	HHL02280
C	HHL02290
WRITE(6,50) MBOUND,NTVCON,SVTVEC,IREAD	HHL02300
50 FORMAT(/3X,'MBOUND',3X,'NTVCON',3X,'SVTVEC',3X,'IREAD'/3I9,I8)	HHL02310
C	HHL02320
WRITE(6,60) TVSTOP,LVCONT,ERCONT,IWRITE	HHL02330
60 FORMAT(/3X,'TVSTOP',3X,'LVCONT',3X,'ERCONT',3X,'IWRITE'/4I9)	HHL02340
C	HHL02350
WRITE(6,70) MDIMTV,MDIMRV,MBETA	HHL02360
70 FORMAT(/3X,'MDIMTV',3X,'MDIMRV',3X,'MBETA'/2I9,I8)	HHL02370
C	HHL02380
WRITE(6,80) RELTOL,RHSEED	HHL02390
80 FORMAT(/7X,'RELTOL',3X,'RHSEED'/E13.4,I9)	HHL02400
C	HHL02410
C	HHL02420
C FROM FILE 3 READ IN THE NUMBER OF EIGENVALUES (NGOOD) FOR WHICH	HHL02430
C EIGENVECTORS ARE REQUESTED, THE ORDER (MEV) OF THE LANCZOS	HHL02440
C TRIDIAGONAL MATRIX USED IN COMPUTING THESE EIGENVALUES, THE	HHL02450
C ORDER (NOLD) OF THE USER-SPECIFIED MATRIX USED IN THE EIGENVALUE	HHL02460
C COMPUTATIONS, THE SEED (SVSEED) USED FOR GENERATING THE STARTING	HHL02470
C VECTOR THAT WAS USED IN THOSE LANCZOS EIGENVALUE COMPUTATIONS,	HHL02480
C AND THE MATRIX/RUN IDENTIFICATION NUMBER (MATOLD) USED IN THOSE	HHL02490
C COMPUTATIONS. ALSO READ IN THE NUMBER (NDIS) OF DISTINCT	HHL02500
C EIGENVALUES OF T(1,MEV) THAT WERE COMPUTED BUT THIS VALUE IS	HHL02510
C NOT USED IN THE EIGENVECTOR COMPUTATIONS.	HHL02520
C	HHL02530
READ(3,90) NGOOD,NDIS,MEV,NOLD,SVSEED,MATOLD	HHL02540
90 FORMAT(4I6,I12,I8)	HHL02550
C	HHL02560
C READ IN THE T-MULTIPLICITY TOLERANCE USED IN THE BISEC SUBROUTINE	HHL02570
C DURING THE COMPUTATION OF THE GIVEN EIGENVALUES.	HHL02580
C ALSO READ IN THE FLAG IB. IF IB < 0, THEN SOME BETA(I) IN THE	HHL02590
C T-MATRIX FILE PROVIDED ON FILE 2 FAILED THE ORTHOGONALITY	HHL02600
C TEST IN THE TNORM SUBROUTINE. USER SHOULD NOTE THAT THIS	HHL02610
C VECTOR PROGRAM PROCEEDS INDEPENDENTLY OF THE SIZE OF THE BETA.	HHL02620
C	HHL02630


```

170 READ(4,20) EXPLAN                                HHL03190
    READ(4,20) EXPLAN                                HHL03200
    READ(4,20) EXPLAN                                HHL03210
180 FORMAT(/' THESE EIGENVALUES WERE COMPUTED USING A T-MATRIX OF   HHL03220
    1ORDER ',I5/' AND SEED FOR RANDOM NUMBER GENERATOR =',I12)    HHL03230
    READ(4,190) NISO                                  HHL03240
190 FORMAT(18X,I6)                                    HHL03250
    READ(4,20) EXPLAN                                HHL03260
    READ(4,20) EXPLAN                                HHL03270
    READ(4,20) EXPLAN                                HHL03280
200 DO 230 J=1,NGOOD                                  HHL03290
    ERR(J) = 0.D0                                     HHL03300
    IF(MP(J).NE.1) GO TO 230                           HHL03310
    READ(4,210) EVAL, ERR(J)                           HHL03320
210 FORMAT(10X,E25.16,E14.3)                           HHL03330
    IF(DABS(EVAL - GOODEV(J)).LT.1.D-10) GO TO 230      HHL03340
    WRITE(6,220) EVAL,GOODEV(J)                         HHL03350
220 FORMAT(' PROBLEM WITH READ IN OF ERROR ESTIMATES/' EIGENVALUE REAHHL03360
    1D IN',E20.12,' DOES NOT MATCH GOODEV(J) ='/E20.12)      HHL03370
    GO TO 1630                                           HHL03380
C                                                         HHL03390
230 CONTINUE                                           HHL03400
C                                                         HHL03410
    WRITE(6,240) (J,GOODEV(J),ERR(J), J=1,NGOOD)         HHL03420
240 FORMAT(' ERROR ESTIMATES ='/4X,' J',5X,'EIGENVALUE',10X,'ESTIMATE' HHL03430
    1 /(I6,E20.12,E14.3))                               HHL03440
C                                                         HHL03450
    IF(IREAD.EQ.0) GO TO 340                             HHL03460
C                                                         HHL03470
C READ IN THE SIZE OF THE T-MATRIX PROVIDED ON FILE 2. READ IN   HHL03480
C THE ORDER OF THE USER-SPECIFIED MATRIX , THE SEED FOR THE    HHL03490
C RANDOM NUMBER GENERATOR, AND THE MATRIX/TEST IDENTIFICATION   HHL03500
C NUMBER THAT WERE USED IN THE LANCZOS EIGENVALUE COMPUTATIONS.  HHL03510
C IF FLAG IREAD = 0, REGENERATE HISTORY. HISTORY MUST BE       HHL03520
C STORED IN HEXADECIMAL FORMAT TO AVOID ERRORS INCURRED IN     HHL03530
C INPUT/OUTPUT CONVERSIONS.                                    HHL03540
C                                                         HHL03550
    READ(2,250) KMAX,NOLD,SVSOLD,MATOLD                 HHL03560
250 FORMAT(2I6,I12,I8)                                   HHL03570
C                                                         HHL03580
    WRITE(6,260) KMAX,NOLD,SVSOLD,MATOLD               HHL03590
260 FORMAT(/' READ IN THE T-MATRICES STORED ON FILE 2'/' FILE 2 HEADERHHL03600
    1 IS'/2X,'KMAX',2X,'NOLD',6X,'SVSOLD',2X,'MATOLD'/2I6,I12,I8/) HHL03610
C                                                         HHL03620
C CHECK THAT THE ORDER, THE MATRIX/TEST IDENTIFICATION NUMBER   HHL03630
C AND THE SEED FOR THE RANDOM NUMBER GENERATOR USED IN THE     HHL03640
C LANCZOS COMPUTATIONS THAT GENERATED THE HISTORY FILE        HHL03650
C BEING USED AGREE WITH WHAT THE USER HAS SPECIFIED.          HHL03660
C IF (NOLD.NE.N.OR.MATOLD.NE.MATNO.OR.SVSOLD.NE.SVSEED) GO TO 1430 HHL03670
C                                                         HHL03680
    KMAX1 = KMAX + 1                                     HHL03690
C                                                         HHL03700
C READ IN THE T-MATRICES FROM FILE 2. THESE ARE USED TO GENERATE HHL03710
C THE T-EIGENVECTORS THAT WILL BE USED IN THE RITZ VECTOR      HHL03720
C COMPUTATIONS. ALPHA/BETA HISTORY MUST BE STORED IN           HHL03730

```



```

380 FORMAT(' SET KMAX EQUAL TO ',I6)                                HHL04290
    KMAX = KMAXN                                                    HHL04300
C                                                                    HHL04310
390 WRITE(6,400) MOLD1,KMAX                                         HHL04320
400 FORMAT(/' LANCZS SUBROUTINE GENERATES ALPHA(J), BETA(J+1), J =', HHL04330
    1 I6,' TO ', I6/)                                              HHL04340
C                                                                    HHL04350
C-----HHL04360
C                                                                    HHL04370
    CALL LANCZS(CMATV,V1,V2,VS,ALPHA,BETA,GR,GC,G,KMAX,MOLD1,N,SVSEED)HHL04380
C                                                                    HHL04390
C-----HHL04400
C                                                                    HHL04410
410 CONTINUE                                                        HHL04420
C                                                                    HHL04430
C    THE SUBROUTINE STURMI DETERMINES THE SMALLEST SIZE T-MATRIX FOR HHL04440
C    WHICH THE EIGENVALUE IN QUESTION IS AN EIGENVALUE (TO WITHIN A HHL04450
C    GIVEN TOLERANCE) AND IF POSSIBLE THE SMALLEST SIZE T-MATRIX HHL04460
C    FOR WHICH IT IS A DOUBLE EIGENVALUE (TO WITHIN THE SAME HHL04470
C    TOLERANCE). THE SIZE T-MATRIX USED IN THE EIGENVECTOR HHL04480
C    COMPUTATIONS IS THEN DETERMINED BY LOOPING ON THE SIZES OF THE HHL04490
C    T-EIGENVECTORS, USING THE INFORMATION FROM STURMI TO OBTAIN HHL04500
C    STARTING GUESSES AT THE T-SIZES.                                HHL04510
C                                                                    HHL04520
C                                                                    HHL04530
    STUTOL = SCALEO*MULTOL                                           HHL04540
    IF(IWRITE.EQ.1) WRITE(6,420)                                     HHL04550
420 FORMAT(' FROM STURMI')                                           HHL04560
    DO 460 J = 1,NGOOD                                               HHL04570
    EVAL = GOODEV(J)                                                 HHL04580
C    COMPUTE THE TOLERANCES USED BY STURMI TO DETERMINE AN INTERVAL HHL04590
C    CONTAINING THE EIGENVALUE EVAL.                                HHL04600
    TEMP = DABS(EVAL)*RELTOL                                         HHL04610
    TOLN = DMAX1(TEMP,STUTOL)                                         HHL04620
C                                                                    HHL04630
C-----HHL04640
C                                                                    HHL04650
    CALL STURMI(ALPHA,BETA,EVAL,TOLN,EPSM,KMAX,MK1,MK2,IC,IWRITE)    HHL04660
C                                                                    HHL04670
C-----HHL04680
C                                                                    HHL04690
C    STORE THE COMPUTED ORDERS OF T-MATRICES FOR LATER PRINTOUT HHL04700
    M1(J) = MK1                                                       HHL04710
    M2(J) = MK2                                                       HHL04720
    ML(J) = (MK1 + 3*MK2)/4                                           HHL04730
    IF(MK2.EQ.KMAX) ML(J) = KMAX                                       HHL04740
C                                                                    HHL04750
    IF(IC.GT.0) GO TO 440                                             HHL04760
C    IC = 0 MEANS THERE WAS NO T-EIGENVALUE IN THE DESIGNATED INTERVAL HHL04770
C    BY T-SIZE KMAX. THIS MEANS THAT THE T-EIGENVALUE PROVIDED HAS HHL04780
C    NOT YET CONVERGED AS AN EIGENVALUE OF THE TRIDIAGONAL MATRICES HHL04790
C    SO PROGRAM SHOULD NOT COMPUTE ITS EIGENVECTOR.                HHL04800
    WRITE(6,430) J,GOODEV(J),MK1,MK2                                HHL04810
430 FORMAT(I6,'TH EIGENVALUE',E20.12,' HAS NOT CONVERGED '/
    1' SO DO NOT COMPUTE ANY T-EIGENVECTOR OR RITZ VECTOR FOR IT'    HHL04820

```


	MTOL = MTOL + IABS(MA(J))	HHL05390
530	CONTINUE	HHL05400
	MTOL = (5*MTOL)/4	HHL05410
	IF(MTOL.GT.MDIMTV.AND.NTVCON.EQ.0) GO TO 1490	HHL05420
C		HHL05430
C	-----	HHL05440
C	GENERATE A RANDOM VECTOR TO BE USED REPEATEDLY BY	HHL05450
C	SUBROUTINE INVERM	HHL05460
C		HHL05470
	IIL = RHSEED	HHL05480
	CALL GENRAN(IIL,G,KMAX)	HHL05490
C		HHL05500
C	-----	HHL05510
C		HHL05520
C	LOOP ON GIVEN EIGENVALUES TO COMPUTE THE CORRESPONDING	HHL05530
C	T-EIGENVECTOR.	HHL05540
C		HHL05550
	MTOL = 0	HHL05560
	NTVEC = 0	HHL05570
	ILBIS = 0	HHL05580
	DO 720 J = 1,NGOOD	HHL05590
	ICOUNT = 0	HHL05600
	ERRMIN = 10.D0	HHL05610
	MABEST = MPMIN	HHL05620
	IF(MP(J).EQ.MPMIN) GO TO 720	HHL05630
	TFLAG = 0	HHL05640
	EVAL = GOODEV(J)	HHL05650
	TEMP = RELTOL* DABS(EVAL)	HHL05660
	UB = EVAL + DMAX1(STUTOL,TEMP)	HHL05670
	LB = EVAL - DMAX1(STUTOL,TEMP)	HHL05680
540	KMAXU = IABS(MA(J))	HHL05690
C		HHL05700
C	SELECT A SUITABLE INCREMENT FOR THE ORDERS OF THE T-MATRICES	HHL05710
C	TO BE CONSIDERED IN DETERMINING APPROPRIATE SIZES FOR THE RITZ	HHL05720
C	VECTOR COMPUTATIONS.	HHL05730
	IF(ICOUNT.GT.0) GO TO 560	HHL05740
C	SELECT IDELTA(J) BASED UPON THE T-MULTIPLICITY OBTAINED	HHL05750
	IF(M2(J).EQ.KMAX) GO TO 550	HHL05760
C	M2 DETERMINED	HHL05770
	IDELTA(J) = ((3*M1(J) + 5*M2(J))/8 + 1 - IABS(MA(J)))/10 + 1	HHL05780
	GO TO 560	HHL05790
C	M2 NOT DETERMINED	HHL05800
550	MAMAX = MIN0((11*MEV)/8 + 12, (13*M1(J))/8 + 1)	HHL05810
	IDELTA(J) = (MAMAX - IABS(MA(J)))/10 + 1	HHL05820
560	ICOUNT = ICOUNT + 1	HHL05830
C		HHL05840
C	-----	HHL05850
C	TO MINIMIZE THE EFFECT OF THE ONE-SIDED ACCEPTANCE TEST FOR	HHL05860
C	T-EIGENVALUES IN THE BISEC SUBROUTINE, RECOMPUTE THE GIVEN	HHL05870
C	EIGENVALUE AT THE SPECIFIED KMAXU	HHL05880
C		HHL05890
	CALL LBISEC(ALPHA,BETA,EPSM,EVAL,EVALN,LB,UB,TTOL,KMAXU,NEVT)	HHL05900
C		HHL05910
C	-----	HHL05920
C		HHL05930


```

      TERR(J) = TERROR                                HHL06490
      TLAST(J) = ERROR                                HHL06500
      KMAXU1 = KMAXU + 1                               HHL06510
      TBETA(J) = BETA(KMAXU1)*ERROR                    HHL06520
C                                                    HHL06530
C  AFTER COMPUTING EACH OF THE T-EIGENVECTORS,        HHL06540
C  CHECK THE SIZE OF THE ERROR ESTIMATE, ERROR.        HHL06550
C  IF THIS ESTIMATE IS NOT AS SMALL AS DESIRED AND     HHL06560
C  |MA(J)| < ML(J), ATTEMPT TO INCREASE THE SIZE OF |MA(J)| HHL06570
C  AND REPEAT THE T-EIGENVECTOR COMPUTATIONS.         HHL06580
C                                                    HHL06590
      IF(ERROR.LT.ERTOL.OR.TFLAG.EQ.1) GO TO 710       HHL06600
C                                                    HHL06610
      IF(ERROR.GE.ERRMIN) GO TO 620                    HHL06620
C  LAST COMPONENT IS LESS THAN MINIMAL TO DATE        HHL06630
      ERRMIN = ERROR                                   HHL06640
      MABEST = MA(J)                                   HHL06650
620 CONTINUE                                           HHL06660
C                                                    HHL06670
      IF(MA(J).GT.0) ITEST = MA(J) + IDELTA(J)         HHL06680
      IF(MA(J).LT.0) ITEST = -(IABS(MA(J)) + IDELTA(J)) HHL06690
      IF(IABS(ITEST).LE.ML(J).AND.ICOUNT.LE.10) GO TO 640 HHL06700
C  NEW MA(J) IS GREATER THAN MAXIMUM ALLOWED.          HHL06710
      IF(ERCONT.EQ.0.OR.MABEST.EQ.MPMIN) GO TO 660     HHL06720
      TFLAG = 1                                         HHL06730
      MA(J) = MABEST                                    HHL06740
      IF(ILBIS.EQ.0) MTOL = MTOL - KMAXU               HHL06750
      WRITE(6,630) MA(J)                               HHL06760
630 FORMAT(' 10 ORDERS WERE CONSIDERED. NONE SATISFIED THE ERROR TEST' HHL06770
      1'/' THEREFORE USE THE BEST ORDER OBTAINED FOR THE EIGENVECTORS' HHL06780
      1,I6)                                             HHL06790
      GO TO 540                                         HHL06800
C                                                    HHL06810
640 MA(J) = ITEST                                       HHL06820
C                                                    HHL06830
      MT = IABS(MA(J))                                   HHL06840
      IF(IWRITE.EQ.1) WRITE(6,650) MT                  HHL06850
650 FORMAT('/' CHANGE SIZE OF T-MATRIX TO ',I6,' RECOMPUTE T-EIGENVECTO' HHL06860
      1R')                                             HHL06870
C                                                    HHL06880
      IF(ILBIS.EQ.0) MTOL = MTOL - KMAXU               HHL06890
C                                                    HHL06900
      GO TO 540                                         HHL06910
C                                                    HHL06920
C  APPROPRIATE SIZE T-MATRIX WAS NOT OBTAINED         HHL06930
660 CONTINUE                                           HHL06940
      WRITE(10,670) J,EVAL,MP(J)                       HHL06950
670 FORMAT('/' ON 10 INCREMENTS NOT ABLE TO IDENTIFY APPROPRIATE SIZE HHL06960
      1T-MATRIX FOR'/ HHL06970
      1' EIGENVALUE(',I4,') = ',E20.12,' T-MULTIPLICITY =',I4/) HHL06980
      IF(M2(J).EQ.KMAX) WRITE(10,680)                  HHL06990
      IF(M2(J).LT.KMAX) WRITE(10,690)                  HHL07000
680 FORMAT('/' ORDERS TESTED RANGED FROM 5*M1(J)/4 TO APPROXIMATELY'/ HHL07010
      1' MIN(11*MEV/8, 13*M1(J)/8)')/ HHL07020
690 FORMAT('/' ORDERS TESTED RANGED FROM (3*M1(J)+M2(J)/4 TO APPROXIMATH HHL07030

```

```

      1ELY'/' (3*M1(J) + 5*M2(J))/8'//) HHL07040
      WRITE(10,700) HHL07050
700 FORMAT(' ALLOWING LARGER ORDERS FOR THE T-MATRICES MAY RESULT IN HHL07060
1 SUCCESS'/' BUT PROBABLY WILL NOT. PROBLEM IS PROBABLY DUE TO' HHL07070
1 /' LACK OF CONVERGENCE OF GIVEN EIGENVALUE, CHECK THE ERROR ESTIMHHL07080
1ATE') HHL07090
      MP(J) = MPMIN HHL07100
      IF(ILBIS.EQ.0) MTOL = MTOL - KMAXU HHL07110
      GO TO 720 HHL07120
710 NTVEC = NTVEC + 1 HHL07130
C HHL07140
720 CONTINUE HHL07150
      NGOODC = NGOOD HHL07160
      GO TO 750 HHL07170
C HHL07180
C COME HERE IF THERE IS NOT ENOUGH ROOM FOR ALL OF T-EIGENVECTORS HHL07190
730 NGOODC = J-1 HHL07200
      WRITE(6,740) J,MTOL,MDIMTV HHL07210
740 FORMAT('/' NOT ENOUGH ROOM IN TVEC ARRAY FOR ',I4,' TH T-EIGENVECTORHHL07220
1'/' TVEC DIMENSION REQUESTED = ',I6,' BUT TVEC HAS DIMENSION ',I6HHL07230
1/) HHL07240
      IF(NGOODC.EQ.0) GO TO 1510 HHL07250
      MTOL = MTOL-KMAXU HHL07260
C HHL07270
750 CONTINUE HHL07280
C HHL07290
C THE LOOP ON T-EIGENVECTOR COMPUTATIONS IS COMPLETE. HHL07300
C WRITE OUT THE SIZE T-MATRICES THAT WILL BE USED FOR HHL07310
C THE RITZ VECTOR COMPUTATIONS. HHL07320
C HHL07330
      WRITE(10,760) HHL07340
760 FORMAT('/' SIZES OF T-MATRICES THAT WILL BE USED IN THE RITZ COMPUTHHL07350
1ATIONS'/5X,'J',16X,'GOODEV(J)',1X,'MA(J)') HHL07360
C HHL07370
      WRITE(10,770) (J,GOODEV(J),MA(J), J=1,NGOOD) HHL07380
770 FORMAT(I6,E25.14,I6) HHL07390
      WRITE(10,520) HHL07400
C HHL07410
      WRITE(6,780) MTOL HHL07420
780 FORMAT('/' THE CUMULATIVE LENGTH OF THE T-EIGENVECTORS IS',I18) HHL07430
C HHL07440
      WRITE(6,790) NTVEC,NGOOD HHL07450
790 FORMAT('/I6,' T-EIGENVECTORS OUT OF',I6,' REQUESTED WERE COMPUTED')HHL07460
C HHL07470
C SAVE THE T-EIGENVECTORS ON FILE 11? HHL07480
      IF(TVSTOP.NE.1.AND.SVTVEC.EQ.0) GO TO 850 HHL07490
C HHL07500
      WRITE(11,800) NTVEC,MTOL,MATNO,SVSEED HHL07510
800 FORMAT(I6,3I12,' = NTVEC,MTOL,MATNO,SVSEED') HHL07520
C HHL07530
      DO 830 J=1,NGOODC HHL07540
C IF MP(J) = MPMIN THEN NO SUITABLE T-EIGENVECTOR IS AVAILABLE HHL07550
C FOR THAT EIGENVALUE. HHL07560
      IF(MP(J).EQ.MPMIN) WRITE(11,810) J,MA(J),GOODEV(J),MP(J) HHL07570
810 FORMAT(2I6,E20.12,I6/' TH EIGVAL,T-SIZE,EVALUE,FLAG,NO EIGVEC') HHL07580

```

```

      IF(MP(J).NE.MPMIN) WRITE(11,820) J,MA(J),GOODEV(J),MP(J)      HHL07590
820  FORMAT(I6,I6,E20.12,I6/' T-EIGVEC,SIZE T,EVALUE OF A,MP(J)')    HHL07600
      IF(MP(J).EQ.MPMIN) GO TO 830                                     HHL07610
      KI = MINT(J)                                                    HHL07620
      KF = MFIN(J)                                                    HHL07630
C                                     HHL07640
      WRITE(11,270) (TVEC(K), K=KI,KF)                                HHL07650
C                                     HHL07660
830  CONTINUE                                                         HHL07670
C                                     HHL07680
      IF(TVSTOP.NE.1) GO TO 850                                       HHL07690
C                                     HHL07700
      WRITE(6,840) TVSTOP, NTVEC,NGOOD                                HHL07710
840  FORMAT(/' USER SET TVSTOP = ',I1/                                HHL07720
      1' THEREFORE PROGRAM TERMINATES AFTER T-EIGENVECTOR COMPUTATIONS'/ HHL07730
      1' T-EIGENVECTORS THAT WERE COMPUTED ARE SAVED ON FILE 11'/      HHL07740
      118,' T-EIGENVECTORS WERE COMPUTED OUT OF',I7,' REQUESTED'/)    HHL07750
C                                     HHL07760
      GO TO 1630                                                       HHL07770
C                                     HHL07780
850  CONTINUE                                                         HHL07790
C  IF NOT ABLE TO COMPUTE ALL THE REQUESTED T-EIGENVECTORS           HHL07800
C  CONTINUE WITH THE LANCZOS VECTOR COMPUTATIONS ANYWAY?            HHL07810
      IF(NTVEC.NE.NGOOD.AND.LVCONT.EQ.0) GO TO 1530                  HHL07820
C                                     HHL07830
C  COMPUTE THE MAXIMUM SIZE OF THE T-MATRIX USED FOR THOSE          HHL07840
C  EIGENVALUES WITH GOOD ERROR ESTIMATES.                            HHL07850
C                                     HHL07860
      KMAXU = 0                                                        HHL07870
      DO 860 J = 1,NGOODC                                              HHL07880
      MT = IABS(MA(J))                                                  HHL07890
      IF(MT.LT.KMAXU.OR.MP(J).EQ.MPMIN) GO TO 860                    HHL07900
      KMAXU = MT                                                       HHL07910
860  CONTINUE                                                         HHL07920
C                                     HHL07930
      IF(KMAXU.EQ.0) GO TO 1570                                         HHL07940
C                                     HHL07950
      WRITE(6,870) KMAXU                                               HHL07960
870  FORMAT(/I6,' = LARGEST SIZE T-MATRIX TO BE USED IN THE RITZ VECTORHHL07970
      1 COMPUTATIONS')                                                 HHL07980
C                                     HHL07990
C  COUNT THE NUMBER OF RITZ VECTORS NOT BEING COMPUTED              HHL08000
      MREJEC = 0                                                       HHL08010
      DO 880 J=1,NGOODC                                               HHL08020
880  IF(MP(J).EQ.MPMIN) MREJEC = MREJEC + 1                           HHL08030
      MREJET = MREJEC + (NGOOD-NGOODC)                                HHL08040
      IF(MREJET.NE.0) WRITE(6,890) MREJET                              HHL08050
890  FORMAT(/' RITZ VECTORS ARE NOT COMPUTED FOR',I6,' OF THE EIGENVALUHHL08060
      1ES'/)                                                           HHL08070
      NACT = NGOODC - MREJEC                                           HHL08080
      WRITE(6,900) NGOOD,NTVEC,NACT                                    HHL08090
900  FORMAT(/I6,' RITZ VECTORS WERE REQUESTED'/I6,' T-EIGENVECTORS WEREHHL08100
      1 COMPUTED'/I6,' RITZ VECTORS WILL BE COMPUTED'/)              HHL08110
C  CHECK IF THERE ARE ANY RITZ VECTORS TO COMPUTE                    HHL08120
      IF(MREJEC.EQ.NGOODC) GO TO 1550                                  HHL08130

```

```

C                                                    HHL08140
C   CONTINUE WITH THE LANCZOS VECTOR COMPUTATIONS?      HHL08150
C   IF(LVCONT.EQ.0.AND.MREJEC.NE.0) GO TO 1530           HHL08160
C                                                    HHL08170
C   NOW COMPUTE THE RITZ VECTORS.  REGENERATE THE        HHL08180
C   LANCZOS VECTORS.                                     HHL08190
C                                                    HHL08200
C       DO 910 I = 1,NMAX                                HHL08210
910   RITVEC(I) = ZERO                                HHL08220
C                                                    HHL08230
C   REGENERATE THE STARTING VECTOR. THIS MUST BE GENERATED AND HHL08240
C   NORMALIZED PRECISELY THE WAY IT WAS DONE IN THE EIGENVALUE HHL08250
C   COMPUTATIONS, OTHERWISE THERE WILL BE A MISMATCH BETWEEN HHL08260
C   THE T-EIGENVECTORS THAT HAVE BEEN COMPUTED FROM THE T-MATRICES HHL08270
C   READ IN FROM FILE 2 AND THE LANCZOS VECTORS THAT ARE HHL08280
C   BEING REGENERATED.                                   HHL08290
C                                                    HHL08300
C-----HHL08310
C                                                    HHL08320
C       IIL = SVSEED                                     HHL08330
C       CALL GENRAN(IIL,G,N)                             HHL08340
C                                                    HHL08350
C-----HHL08360
C                                                    HHL08370
C       DO 920 I = 1,N                                   HHL08380
920   GR(I) = G(I)                                       HHL08390
C                                                    HHL08400
C-----HHL08410
C                                                    HHL08420
C       CALL GENRAN(IIL,G,N)                             HHL08430
C                                                    HHL08440
C-----HHL08450
C                                                    HHL08460
C       DO 930 I = 1,N                                   HHL08470
930   GC(I) = G(I)                                       HHL08480
C                                                    HHL08490
C       DO 940 I = 1,N                                   HHL08500
940   V2(I) = DCPLX(GR(I),GC(I))                         HHL08510
C                                                    HHL08520
C-----HHL08530
C       CALL CINPRD(V2,V2,SUM,N)                         HHL08540
C-----HHL08550
C                                                    HHL08560
C       SUM = ONE/DSQRT(SUM)                             HHL08570
C       DO 950 I = 1,N                                   HHL08580
C       V1(I) = ZERO                                     HHL08590
950   V2(I) = V2(I)*SUM                                   HHL08600
C                                                    HHL08610
C   LOOP FOR GENERATING REQUIRED RITZ VECTORS (IVEC = 1,KMAXU) HHL08620
C   USES GRAM-SCHMIDT ORTHOGONALIZATION WITHOUT MODIFICATION HHL08630
C                                                    HHL08640
C       IVEC = 1                                         HHL08650
C       BATA = ZERO                                       HHL08660
C                                                    HHL08670
C   GO TO 1010                                           HHL08680

```



```

C                                                    HHL08690
  960 CONTINUE                                         HHL08700
C                                                    HHL08710
C-----HHL08720
C    CMATV(V2,VS,SUM) CALCULATES  VS = A*V2 - SUM*VS    HHL08730
      SUM = ZERO                                         HHL08740
      CALL CMATV(V2,VS,SUM)                             HHL08750
      CALL CINPRD(V2,VS,ALFA,N)                         HHL08760
C                                                    HHL08770
C-----HHL08780
C                                                    HHL08790
      DO 970 J=1,N                                       HHL08800
  970 V1(J) = (VS(J) - BATA*V1(J)) - ALFA*V2(J)         HHL08810
C                                                    HHL08820
C-----HHL08830
      CALL CINPRD(V1,V1,BATA,N)                         HHL08840
C-----HHL08850
C                                                    HHL08860
      BATA = DSQRT(BATA)                                HHL08870
      SUM = ONE/BATA                                    HHL08880
C                                                    HHL08890
      TEMP = BETA(IVEC)                                 HHL08900
      TEMP = DABS(BATA - TEMP)/TEMP                     HHL08910
      IF (TEMP.LT.1.0D-10)GO TO 990                     HHL08920
C                                                    HHL08930
C    THE BETA BEING REGENERATED DO NOT MATCH THE HISTORY FILE HHL08940
C    SOMETHING IS WRONG IN THE LANCZOS VECTOR GENERATION HHL08950
C    PROGRAM TERMINATES FOR USER TO CORRECT THE PROBLEM HHL08960
C    WHICH MUST BE IN THE STARTING VECTOR GENERATION OR IN HHL08970
C    THE MATRIX-VECTOR MULTIPLY SUBROUTINE CMATV SUPPLIED. HHL08980
C    THIS SUBROUTINE MUST BE THE SAME ONE USED IN THE    HHL08990
C    EIGENVALUE COMPUTATIONS OR A MISMATCH WILL ENSUE.   HHL09000
C                                                    HHL09010
      WRITE(6,980) IVEC,BATA,BETA(IVEC),TEMP            HHL09020
  980 FORMAT(/2X,'IVEC',16X,'BATA',10X,'BETA(IVEC)',14X,'RELDIF'/I6, HHL09030
    13E20.12/' IN LANCZOS VECTOR REGENERATION THE ENTRIES OF THE TRIDIAHHL09040
    1GONAL MATRICES BEING'/' GENERATED ARE NOT THE SAME AS THOSE IN THEHHL09050
    1 MATRIX SUPPLIED ON FILE 2.'/' THEREFORE SOMETHING IS BEING INITIAHHL09060
    1LIZED OR COMPUTED DIFFERENTLY FROM THE WAY'/' IT WAS COMPUTED IN THHHL09070
    1HE EIGENVALUE COMPUTATIONS'/' THE PROGRAM TERMINATES FOR THE USER HHL09080
    1TO DETERMINE WHAT THE PROBLEM IS'/)                HHL09090
      GO TO 1630                                         HHL09100
C                                                    HHL09110
C                                                    HHL09120
  990 CONTINUE                                         HHL09130
      DO 1000 J = 1,N                                   HHL09140
      TEMPC = SUM*V1(J)                                 HHL09150
      V1(J) = V2(J)                                     HHL09160
  1000 V2(J) = TEMPC                                    HHL09170
C                                                    HHL09180
  1010 CONTINUE                                         HHL09190
C                                                    HHL09200
      LFIN = 0                                           HHL09210
      DO 1030 J = 1,NGOODC                               HHL09220
      LL = LFIN                                           HHL09230

```

```

      LFIN = LFIN + N                                HHL09240
C                                                    HHL09250
      IF(IABS(MA(J)).LT.IVEC.OR.MP(J).EQ.MPMIN) GO TO 1030 HHL09260
      II = IVEC + MINT(J) - 1                        HHL09270
      TEMP = TVEC(II)                                HHL09280
C      II IS THE (IVEC)TH COMPONENT OF THE T-EIGENVECTOR CONTAINED HHL09290
C      IN TVEC(MINT(J)).                             HHL09300
C                                                    HHL09310
      DO 1020 K = 1,N                                HHL09320
      LL = LL + 1                                     HHL09330
1020 RITVEC(LL) = TEMP*V2(K) + RITVEC(LL)            HHL09340
C                                                    HHL09350
1030 CONTINUE                                       HHL09360
C                                                    HHL09370
      IVEC = IVEC + 1                                HHL09380
      IF (IVEC.LE.KMAXU) GO TO 960                   HHL09390
C                                                    HHL09400
C                                                    HHL09410
C      RITZVECTOR GENERATION IS COMPLETE. NORMALIZE EACH RITZVECTOR. HHL09420
C      NOTE THAT IF CERTAIN RITZ VECTORS WERE NOT COMPUTED THEN THAT HHL09430
C      PORTION OF THE RITVEC ARRAY WAS NOT UTILIZED. HHL09440
C                                                    HHL09450
      LFIN = 0                                        HHL09460
      DO 1130 J = 1,NGOODC                            HHL09470
C                                                    HHL09480
      KK = LFIN                                       HHL09490
      LFIN = LFIN + N                                HHL09500
      IF(MP(J).EQ.MPMIN) GO TO 1130                  HHL09510
C                                                    HHL09520
      DO 1040 K = 1,N                                HHL09530
      KK = KK + 1                                     HHL09540
1040 V2(K) = RITVEC(KK)                              HHL09550
C                                                    HHL09560
C-----HHL09570
      CALL CINPRD(V2,V2,SUM,N)                        HHL09580
C-----HHL09590
C                                                    HHL09600
      SUM = DSQRT(SUM)                               HHL09610
      RNORM(J) = SUM                                 HHL09620
      TEMP = DABS(ONE-SUM)                           HHL09630
      SUM = ONE/SUM                                   HHL09640
C                                                    HHL09650
      KK = LFIN - N                                   HHL09660
      DO 1050 K = 1,N                                HHL09670
      KK = KK + 1                                     HHL09680
      V2(K) = SUM*V2(K)                              HHL09690
1050 RITVEC(KK) = V2(K)                              HHL09700
C                                                    HHL09710
C      ONLY ENTER NEXT PORTION IF GIVEN MATRIX IS REAL. HHL09720
      IF(ISREAL.NE.1) GO TO 1100                     HHL09730
C                                                    HHL09740
C      AT THIS POINT RITZ VECTOR IS IN V2.           HHL09750
C      THIS PROGRAM CAN BE USED ON REAL MATRICES TO DETERMINE HHL09760
C      WHICH IF ANY EIGENVALUES ARE A-MULTIPLE AND IF SO TO COMPUTE HHL09770
C      TWO EIGENVECTORS FOR THOSE EIGENVALUES THAT ARE MULTIPLE AND ONE HHL09780

```

```

C   FOR THOSE THAT ARE NOT MULTIPLE. HERE ONLY IDENTIFIES WHETHER      HHL09790
C   EIGENVALUE IS AT LEAST DOUBLE. THIS IS DONE BY CHECKING THE      HHL09800
C   RATIOS OF SUCCEEDING REAL AND IMAGINARY PARTS OF THE COMPUTED    HHL09810
C   RITZ VECTORS.                                                     HHL09820
C                                                                       HHL09830
C   SUM = DIMAG(V2(1))/DREAL(V2(1))                                    HHL09840
C   DO 1060 K=2,N                                                       HHL09850
C   TEMP = DREAL(V2(K))                                                 HHL09860
C   IF(DABS(TEMP).LT.1.D-9) GO TO 1060                                  HHL09870
C   TEMP = DIMAG(V2(K))/DREAL(V2(K))                                    HHL09880
C   IF(DABS(TEMP - SUM).LE.1.D-6) GO TO 1060                           HHL09890
C   MULEVA(J) = 2                                                         HHL09900
C   GO TO 1070                                                            HHL09910
1060 CONTINUE                                                            HHL09920
C   MULEVA(J) = 1                                                         HHL09930
1070 IF(MULEVA(J).EQ.2) WRITE(6,1090) J,GOODEV(J)                      HHL09940
C   IF(MULEVA(J).EQ.1) WRITE(6,1080) J,GOODEV(J)                      HHL09950
1080 FORMAT(I6,'TH EIGENVALUE CONSIDERED =',E20.12,' IS SIMPLE')       HHL09960
1090 FORMAT(I6,'TH EIGENVALUE CONSIDERED =',E20.12,' IS MULTIPLE')     HHL09970
C                                                                       HHL09980
1100 CONTINUE                                                            HHL09990
C                                                                       HHL10000
C   IF (IWRITE.NE.0) WRITE(6,1110) J,GOODEV(J)                        HHL10010
1110 FORMAT(/I5,' TH EIGENVALUE CONSIDERED = ',E20.12/)               HHL10020
C                                                                       HHL10030
C   IF (IWRITE.NE.0) WRITE(6,1120) TERR(J),TBETA(J),TEMP              HHL10040
1120 FORMAT(' NORM OF ERROR IN T-EIGENVECTOR = ',E14.3/               HHL10050
1 ' BETA(MA(J)+1)*U(MA(J)) = ',E14.3/                                HHL10060
1 ' ABS(NORM(RITVEC) - 1.0) = ',E14.3/)                               HHL10070
C                                                                       HHL10080
C   LINT = LFIN - N + 1                                                  HHL10090
C   EVAL = EVNEW(J)                                                      HHL10100
C                                                                       HHL10110
C-----HHL10120
C                                                                       HHL10130
C   CALL CMATV(RITVEC(LINT),V2,EVAL)                                     HHL10140
C                                                                       HHL10150
C-----HHL10160
C                                                                       HHL10170
C   COMPUTE ERROR IN RITZ VECTOR CONSIDERED AS A EIGENVECTOR OF A.    HHL10180
C   V2 = A*RITVEC - EVAL*RITVEC                                         HHL10190
C                                                                       HHL10200
C-----HHL10210
C   CALL CINPRD(V2,V2,SUM,N)                                             HHL10220
C-----HHL10230
C                                                                       HHL10240
C   SUM = DSQRT(SUM)                                                     HHL10250
C   ERR(J) = SUM                                                         HHL10260
C   GAP = ABS(AMINGP(J))                                                 HHL10270
C   ERRDGP(J) = SUM/GAP                                                  HHL10280
C                                                                       HHL10290
1130 CONTINUE                                                            HHL10300
C                                                                       HHL10310
C                                                                       HHL10320
C   RITZVECTORS ARE NORMALIZED AND ERROR ESTIMATES ARE IN ERR ARRAY  HHL10330

```



```

1270 FORMAT(/' ABOVE ARE ERROR ESTIMATES FOR THE A AND T EIGENVECTORS'/HHL10890
1 ' ASSOCIATED WITH THE GOODEV LISTED IN COLUMN 1'/ HHL10900
1 ' AERROR = NORM(A*X - EV*X)  TERROR = NORM(T*Y - EV*Y) '/ HHL10910
1 ' WHERE T = T(1,MA(J))  X = RITZ VECTOR = V*Y  V = SUCCESSIVE'/HHL10920
1 ' LANCZOS VECTORS. A MINGAP = GAP TO NEAREST A-EIGENVALUE'//) HHL10930
C HHL10940
WRITE(13,1280) HHL10950
1280 FORMAT(/' ABOVE ARE ERROR ESTIMATES ASSOCIATED WITH THE GOODEV'/ HHL10960
1 ' RITZNORM = NORM(RITZ VECTOR)'/ HHL10970
1 ' TBETA(J) = CDABS(BETA(MA(J)+1)*Y(MA(J))),  T*Y = GOODEV*Y'/ HHL10980
1 ' TLAST(J) = CDABS(Y(MA(J)))/ HHL10990
1 ' AMINGAP = DISTANCE TO CLOSEST COMPUTED GOOD T-EIGENVALUE'/) HHL11000
C HHL11010
C NUMBER OF RITZ VECTORS COMPUTED HHL11020
NCOMPU = NGOODC - MREJEC HHL11030
WRITE(12,1290) N,NCOMPU,NGOODC,MATNO HHL11040
1290 FORMAT(3I6,I12,' SIZE A, NO.RITZVECS, NO.EVALUES,MATNO') HHL11050
C HHL11060
LFIN = 0 HHL11070
DO 1350 J = 1,NGOODC HHL11080
LINT = LFIN + 1 HHL11090
LFIN = LFIN + N HHL11100
C HHL11110
IF(MP(J).EQ.MPMIN) GO TO 1330 HHL11120
C RITZ VECTOR WAS COMPUTED HHL11130
WRITE(12,1300) J, GOODEV(J), MP(J) HHL11140
1300 FORMAT(I6,4X,E20.12,I6,' J, EIGENVAL, MP(J)') HHL11150
C HHL11160
WRITE(12,1310) ERR(J),ERRDGP(J) HHL11170
1310 FORMAT(2E15.5,' = NORM(A*Z-EVAL*Z) AND  NORM(A*Z-EVAL*Z)/MINGAP') HHL11180
C HHL11190
WRITE(12,1320) (RITVEC(LL), LL=LINT,LFIN) HHL11200
1320 FORMAT(4E20.12) HHL11210
GO TO 1350 HHL11220
C NO RITZ VECTOR WAS COMPUTED FOR THIS EIGENVALUE HHL11230
1330 WRITE(12,1340) J,GOODEV(J),MP(J) HHL11240
1340 FORMAT(I6,4X,E20.12,I6,' J,EIGVALUE,NO RITZ VECTOR COMPUTED') HHL11250
C HHL11260
1350 CONTINUE HHL11270
C HHL11280
C DID ANY T-MATRICES INCLUDE OFF-DIAGONAL ENTRIES SMALLER THAN HHL11290
C DESIRED, AS SPECIFIED BY BTOL? HHL11300
C HHL11310
IF(IB.GT.0) GO TO 1380 HHL11320
WRITE(6,1360) KMAXU HHL11330
1360 FORMAT(/' FOR LARGEST T-MATRIX CONSIDERED',I7,' CHECK THE SIZE OF HHL11340
1BETAS') HHL11350
C HHL11360
C-----HHL11370
C HHL11380
CALL TNORM(ALPHA,BETA,BKMIN,TEMP,KMAXU,IBMT) HHL11390
C HHL11400
C-----HHL11410
C HHL11420
IF(IBMT.LT.0) WRITE (6,1370) HHL11430

```

```

1370 FORMAT(/' WARNING THE T-MATRICES FOR ONE OR MORE OF THE EIGENVALUEHHL11440
      1S CONSIDERED'/' HAD AN OFF-DIAGONAL ENTRY THAT WAS SMALLER THAN THHHL11450
      1E BETA TOLERANCE THAT WAS SPECIFIED'/)      HHL11460
1380 CONTINUE      HHL11470
C      HHL11480
      GO TO 1630      HHL11490
C      HHL11500
1390 WRITE(6,1400) NGOOD,NMAX,MDIMRV      HHL11510
1400 FORMAT(/I4,' RITZ VECTORS WERE REQUESTED BUT THE REQUIRED DIMENSIONHHL11520
      1N',I6/' IS LARGER THAN THE USER-SPECIFIED DIMENSION OF RITVEC',I6 HHL11530
      1/' THEREFORE, THE EIGENVECTOR PROCEDURE TERMINATES FOR THE USER TOHHL11540
      1 INTERVENE')      HHL11550
C      HHL11560
      GO TO 1630      HHL11570
C      HHL11580
1410 WRITE(6,1420) NOLD,N,MATOLD,MATNO      HHL11590
1420 FORMAT(/' PARAMETERS READ FROM FILE 3 DO NOT AGREE WITH THOSE SPECHHL11600
      1 IFIED'/' BY THE USER.  NOLD,N,MATOLD,MATNO = '/2I6,2I12/      HHL11610
      1' THEREFORE, PROGRAM TERMINATES FOR USER TO RESOLVE THE DIFFERENCEHHL11620
      1S'/)      HHL11630
C      HHL11640
      GO TO 1630      HHL11650
C      HHL11660
1430 WRITE(6,1440)      HHL11670
1440 FORMAT(/' PARAMETERS IN ALPHA,BETA FILE READ IN DO NOT AGREE WITH HHL11680
      1 THOSE'/' SPECIFIED BY THE USER.  THEREFORE, THE PROCEDURE TERMINAHHL11690
      1TES'/' FOR THE USER TO RESOLVE THE DIFFERENCES.'/)      HHL11700
C      HHL11710
      GO TO 1630      HHL11720
C      HHL11730
1450 WRITE(6,1460) KMAX,MEV      HHL11740
1460 FORMAT(/' ON ALPHA,BETA HEADER KMAX = ',I6/      HHL11750
      1' BUT EIGENVALUES WERE COMPUTED AT MEV = ',I6,' PROGRAM STOPS'/) HHL11760
C      HHL11770
      GO TO 1630      HHL11780
C      HHL11790
1470 WRITE(6,1480)      HHL11800
1480 FORMAT(/' PROGRAM COMPUTED 1ST GUESSES ON T-MATRIX SIZES, READ THEHHL11810
      1M TO FILE 10'/' THEN TERMINATED AS REQUESTED.')      HHL11820
      GO TO 1630      HHL11830
C      HHL11840
1490 WRITE(6,1500) MTOL, MDIMTV      HHL11850
1500 FORMAT(/' PROGRAM TERMINATES BECAUSE THE TVEC DIMENSION ANTICIPATEHHL11860
      1D',I7/' IS LARGER THAN THE TVEC DIMENSION',I7,' SPECIFIED BY THE HHL11870
      1USER.'/' USER MAY RESET THE TVEC DIMENSION AND RESTART THE PROGRAHHL11880
      1M')      HHL11890
      GO TO 1630      HHL11900
C      HHL11910
1510 WRITE(6,1520)      HHL11920
1520 FORMAT(/' PROGRAM TERMINATES BECAUSE NO SUITABLE T-EIGENVECTORS WEHHL11930
      1RE IDENTIFIED'/' FOR ANY OF THE EIGENVALUES SUPPLIED.  PROBLEM COHHL11940
      1ULD BE CAUSED'/' BY TOO SMALL A TVEC DIMENSION OR SIMPLY BE THAT HHL11950
      1IT WAS NOT POSSIBLE'/' TO IDENTIFY T-VECTORS.  USER SHOULD CHECK HHL11960
      1OUTPUT'/)      HHL11970
      GO TO 1630      HHL11980

```


3.4 HLEMULT: LANCZS and Sample Matrix-Vector Multiply Subroutines

```

C-----HLEMULT-----HERMITIAN MATRICES-----HHL00005
C  Authors:  Jane Cullum and Ralph A. Willoughby (deceased)      HHL00006
C              Los Alamos National Laboratory                    HHL00007
C              Los Alamos, New Mexico 87544                     HHL00008
C              cullumj@lanl.gov                                  HHL00009
C                                                                HHL00010
C  These codes are copyrighted by the authors.  These codes      HHL00011
C  and modifications of them or portions of them are NOT to be   HHL00012
C  incorporated into any commercial codes without legal agreements HHL00013
C  with the authors.  If these codes or portions of them          HHL00014
C  are used in other scientific or engineering research works      HHL00015
C  the names of the authors of these codes and appropriate         HHL00016
C  references to their written work are to be incorporated in the  HHL00017
C  derivative works.                                              HHL00018
C                                                                HHL00019
C  This header is not to be removed from these codes.            HHL00020
C                                                                HHL00021
C      REFERENCE: Cullum and Willoughby, Chapters 1,2,3,4          HHL00022
C      Lanczos Algorithms for Large Symmetric Eigenvalue Computations HHL00023
C      VOL. 1 Theory. Republished as Volume 41 in SIAM CLASSICS in HHL00024
C      Applied Mathematics, 2002. SIAM Publications,              HHL00025
C      Philadelphia, PA. USA                                       HHL00026
C                                                                HHL00027
C      CONTAINS SUBROUTINE LANCZS AND SAMPLE USPEC, CMATV          HHL00030
C      USED BY THE HERMITIAN VERSION OF THE LANCZOS ALGORITHMS     HHL00040
C                                                                HHL00050
C      PORTABILITY:                                                HHL00060
C      THESE PROGRAMS ARE NOT PORTABLE DUE TO THE USE OF COMPLEX*16 HHL00070
C      VARIABLES.  MOREOVER, THE PFORT VERIFIER IDENTIFIED THE     HHL00080
C      FOLLOWING ADDITIONAL NONPORTABLE CONSTRUCTIONS:             HHL00090
C      1.  THE ENTRY MECHANISM USED TO PASS THE STORAGE            HHL00100
C          LOCATIONS OF THE USER-SPECIFIED MATRIX FROM THE        HHL00110
C          SUBROUTINE USPEC TO THE MATRIX-VECTOR SUBROUTINE CMATV.  HHL00120
C      2.  IN THE PROGRAMS PROVIDED FOR 'HERMITIAN POISSON' TEST MATRICES HHL00130
C          USPEC CONTAINS FREE FORMAT (8,*), AND FORMAT (20A4); AND HHL00140
C          EXACT ERROR SUBROUTINE CONTAINS DATA/MACHEP DEFINITION. HHL00150
C                                                                HHL00160
C                                                                HHL00170
C-----LANCZS-COMPUTE THE LANCZOS TRIDIAGONAL MATRICES-----HHL00180
C                                                                HHL00190
C      GRAM-SCHMIDT ORTHOGONALIZATION WITHOUT MODIFICATION        HHL00200
C      REQUIRES EXTRA VECTOR VS IN LANCZS.  MODIFICATION IS NOT    HHL00210
C      PERMISSIBLE IN THE HERMITIAN CASE BECAUSE COMPLEX PORTION   HHL00220
C      OF THE MODIFICATION COULD NOT BE INCORPORATED.              HHL00230
C                                                                HHL00240
C      SUBROUTINE LANCZS(MATVEC,V1,V2,VS,ALPHA,BETA,GR,GC,G,KMAX,MOLD1,N, HHL00250
C      1 IIX)                                                        HHL00260
C                                                                HHL00270
C-----HHL00280
C      COMPLEX*16 V1(1), V2(1), VS(1), ZERO, TEMP                 HHL00290

```


DOUBLE PRECISION ALPHA(1), BETA(1), BATA, SUM, ONE, ZERO	HHL00300
DOUBLE PRECISION GR(1),GC(1)	HHL00310
REAL G(1)	HHL00320
EXTERNAL MATVEC	HHL00330
DOUBLE PRECISION DSQRT	HHL00340
C-----	HHL00350
C	HHL00360
ZERO = 0.DO	HHL00370
ONE = 1.DO	HHL00380
ZEROC = DCMPLX(ZERO,ZERO)	HHL00390
C	HHL00400
IF(MOLD1.GT.1)GO TO 50	HHL00410
C	HHL00420
C ALPHA/BETA GENERATION STARTS AT I = 1	HHL00430
C MOLD1 = 1 SET V1 = 0. AND V2 = RANDOM UNIT VECTOR	HHL00440
IIL=IIX	HHL00450
C	HHL00460
C-----	HHL00470
CALL GENRAN(IIL,G,N)	HHL00480
C-----	HHL00490
C	HHL00500
DO 10 I = 1,N	HHL00510
10 GR(I) = G(I)	HHL00520
C	HHL00530
C-----	HHL00540
CALL GENRAN(IIL,G,N)	HHL00550
C-----	HHL00560
C	HHL00570
DO 20 I = 1,N	HHL00580
20 GC(I) = G(I)	HHL00590
C	HHL00600
DO 30 I = 1,N	HHL00610
30 V2(I) = DCMPLX(GR(I),GC(I))	HHL00620
C	HHL00630
C-----	HHL00640
CALL CINPRD(V2,V2,SUM,N)	HHL00650
C-----	HHL00660
C	HHL00670
SUM = ONE/DSQRT(SUM)	HHL00680
DO 40 I = 1,N	HHL00690
V1(I) = ZEROC	HHL00700
40 V2(I) = V2(I)*SUM	HHL00710
BETA(1) = ZERO	HHL00720
C	HHL00730
C ALPHA BETA GENERATION LOOP	HHL00740
50 CONTINUE	HHL00750
C	HHL00760
DO 80 I=MOLD1,KMAX	HHL00770
SUM = ZERO	HHL00780
C	HHL00790
C-----	HHL00800
C MATVEC(V2,VS,SUM) CALCULATES VS = A*V2 - SUM*VS	HHL00810
CALL MATVEC(V2,VS,SUM)	HHL00820
CALL CINPRD(V2,VS,SUM,N)	HHL00830
C-----	HHL00840

	READ(8,10) NZS,NOLD,NZL,MATOLD	HHL01400
10	FORMAT(I10,2I6,I8)	HHL01410
C		HHL01420
	WRITE(6,20) NZS,NOLD,NZL,MATOLD	HHL01430
20	FORMAT(I10,2I6,I8,' = NZS,NOLD,NZL,MATOLD' /)	HHL01440
C		HHL01450
C	TEST OF PARAMETER CORRECTNESS	HHL01460
	ITEMP = (NOLD-N)**2 + (MATNO-MATOLD)**2	HHL01470
C		HHL01480
	IF(ITEMP.EQ.0) GO TO 40	HHL01490
C		HHL01500
	WRITE(6,30)	HHL01510
30	FORMAT('/' PROGRAM TERMINATES BECAUSE EITHER ORDERS OF OR LABELS FOR	HHL01520
	1R MATRIX DISAGREE' /)	HHL01530
	GO TO 80	HHL01540
C		HHL01550
40	CONTINUE	HHL01560
C		HHL01570
C	NUMBER OF NONZERO SUBDIAGONAL ENTRIES IN EACH COLUMN IS READ	HHL01580
C	THEN THE CORRESPONDING ROW INDEX FOR EACH SUCH ENTRY IS READ	HHL01590
	READ(8,50) (ICOL(K), K=1,NZL)	HHL01600
	READ(8,50) (IROW(K), K=1,NZS)	HHL01610
50	FORMAT(13I6)	HHL01620
C	DIAGONAL IS READ FIRST, THEN NONZERO BELOW DIAGONAL ENTRIES	HHL01630
	READ(8,60) (AD(K), K=1,N)	HHL01640
60	FORMAT(4E20.12)	HHL01650
	READ(8,70) (A(K), K=1,NZS)	HHL01660
C	50 FORMAT(4Z20)	HHL01670
	70 FORMAT(4E20.12)	HHL01680
C		HHL01690
C	-----	HHL01700
C	PASS STORAGE LOCATIONS OF ARRAYS THAT DEFINE THE MATRIX TO	HHL01710
C	THE MATRIX-VECTOR MULTIPLY SUBROUTINE CMATV	HHL01720
	CALL CMATVE(A,AD,ICOL,IROW,N,NZL)	HHL01730
C	-----	HHL01740
C		HHL01750
	RETURN	HHL01760
80	STOP	HHL01770
C		HHL01780
C	-----END OF USPEC FOR GENERAL, SPARSE HERMITIAN MATRICES-----	HHL01790
	END	HHL01800
C		HHL01810
C	-----START OF MATRIX-VECTOR MULTIPLY-GENERAL SPARSE HERMITIAN-----	HHL01820
C		HHL01830
C	SUBROUTINE CMATV(W,U,SUM)	HHL01840
	SUBROUTINE GCMATV(W,U,SUM)	HHL01850
C		HHL01860
C	-----	HHL01870
	COMPLEX*16 U(1),W(1),A(1)	HHL01880
	DOUBLE PRECISION AD(1),SUM	HHL01890
	INTEGER IROW(1),ICOL(1)	HHL01900
C	-----	HHL01910
C	SPARSE MATRIX-VECTOR MULTIPLY FOR LANCZS U = A*W - SUM*U	HHL01920
C	SEE USPEC SUBROUTINE FOR DESCRIPTION OF THE ARRAYS THAT DEFINE	HHL01930
C	THE MATRIX	HHL01940

```

C                                                    HHL01950
      GO TO 3                                          HHL01960
C                                                    HHL01970
C-----HHL01980
C      STORAGE LOCATIONS OF ARRAYS ARE PASSED TO CMATV FROM USPEC
      ENTRY CMATVE(A,AD,ICOL,IROW,N,NZL)              HHL01990
C-----HHL02000
C                                                    HHL02010
C                                                    HHL02020
      GO TO 4                                          HHL02030
      3 CONTINUE                                       HHL02040
C                                                    HHL02050
C      COMPUTE THE DIAGONAL TERMS                    HHL02060
      DO 10 I = 1,N                                    HHL02070
10  U(I) = AD(I)*W(I)-SUM*U(I)                        HHL02080
C                                                    HHL02090
C      COMPUTE BY COLUMN                              HHL02100
      LLAST = 0                                         HHL02110
      DO 30 J = 1,NZL                                   HHL02120
C                                                    HHL02130
      IF (ICOL(J).EQ.0) GO TO 30                       HHL02140
      LFIRST = LLAST + 1                               HHL02150
      LLAST = LLAST + ICOL(J)                         HHL02160
C                                                    HHL02170
      DO 20 L = LFIRST,LLAST                           HHL02180
      I = IROW(L)                                       HHL02190
C                                                    HHL02200
      U(I) = U(I) + A(L)*W(J)                         HHL02210
      U(J) = U(J) + DCONJG(A(L))*W(I)                 HHL02220
C                                                    HHL02230
      20 CONTINUE                                       HHL02240
C                                                    HHL02250
      30 CONTINUE                                       HHL02260
C                                                    HHL02270
      4 RETURN                                          HHL02280
C                                                    HHL02290
C-----END OF CMATV-GENERAL, SPARSE, HERMITIAN MATRICES -----HHL02300
      END                                              HHL02310
C                                                    HHL02320
C-----USPEC, CMATV, EXEVB, AND HEXVEC FOR HERMITIAN 'POISSON' MATRICES--HHL02330
C                                                    HHL02340
C-----USPEC (HERMITIAN POISSON MATRICES)-----HHL02350
C                                                    HHL02360
      SUBROUTINE HUSPEC(N,MATNO)                      HHL02370
C      SUBROUTINE USPEC(N,MATNO)                      HHL02380
C                                                    HHL02390
C-----HHL02400
      DOUBLE PRECISION CO,C1,C2,HALF,ONE,SCR,SCI,ANGLE,TEMP HHL02410
      COMPLEX*16 SC,TC,CLO,CL1,CL3,CL4                HHL02420
      REAL EXPLAN(20)                                  HHL02430
      DOUBLE PRECISION EIGVAL(1000)                   HHL02440
      REAL GAPS(1000)                                  HHL02450
      INTEGER MULTS(1000)                             HHL02460
C-----HHL02470
      HALF = 0.5D0                                     HHL02480
      ONE = 1.0D0                                       HHL02490

```

```

C                                                    HHL02500
C  READ IN PARAMETERS TO DEFINE MATRIX                HHL02510
C  MATRIX IS COMPLEX DIAGONAL SIMILITARY TRANSFORM OF REAL SYMMETRIC HHL02520
C  POISSON MATRIX WHICH HAS SYMMETRIC TOEPLITZ BLOCKS ALONG HHL02530
C  THE DIAGONAL, EACH ONE OF WHICH HAS THE PARAMETER C2 ALONG THE HHL02540
C  DIAGONAL AND -C0 ABOVE AND BELOW THE DIAGONAL, AND OFF-DIAGONAL HHL02550
C  BLOCKS THAT ARE DIAGONAL WITH DIAGONAL ENTRIES -C1.  EACH BLOCK HHL02560
C  IS KX*KX AND THERE ARE KY BLOCKS.  THE HERMITIAN VERSION IS HHL02570
C  OBTAINED BY APPLYING A DIAGONAL SIMILARITY TRANSFORM TO THE HHL02580
C  REAL MATRIX WHERE THIS TRANSFORMATION IS SUCH THAT ITS HHL02590
C  DIAGONAL ENTRIES ARE (SC)**(K-1), K = 1,...,N, WHERE SC HHL02600
C  HAS MODULUS 1. HHL02610
C HHL02620
C  READ(8,10) EXPLAN HHL02630
C  WRITE(6,10) EXPLAN HHL02640
C  READ(8,10) EXPLAN HHL02650
10 FORMAT(20A4) HHL02660
C  IF MTYPE = 0 WE HAVE ZERO BOUNDARY CONDITIONS HHL02670
C  IF MTYPE = 1 WE HAVE NORMAL DERIVATIVE BOUNDARY CONDITIONS HHL02680
C  NOTE THAT SUBROUTINES EXEVG AND HEXVEC ARE VALID ONLY FOR HHL02690
C  MTYPE = 0. HHL02700
C  READ(8,*) NOLD,MATOLD,IVEC,MTYPE HHL02710
C  WRITE(6,20) NOLD,MATOLD HHL02720
20 FORMAT(' ORDER OF MATRIX READ FROM FILE =',I6/' MATRIX NUMBER =', HHL02730
1I8/) HHL02740
C  IF(MTYPE.EQ.0) WRITE(6,30) HHL02750
30 FORMAT('/' HERMITIAN POISSON CORRESPONDING TO ZERO BOUNDARY CONDITIHHL02760
1ONS'/) HHL02770
C  IF(MTYPE.EQ.1) WRITE(6,40) HHL02780
40 FORMAT('/' HERMITIAN POISSON CORRESPONDING TO NORMAL DERIVATIVE BOUHHHL02790
1NDARY CONDITIONS'/) HHL02800
C  IF(IVEC.NE.0.AND.MTYPE.EQ.0) WRITE(6,50) HHL02810
50 FORMAT(' COMPUTE THE TRUE EIGENVALUES AND PUT IN FN TRUEEVAL'/) HHL02820
C HHL02830
C  TEST OF PARAMETER CORRECTNESS HHL02840
C  ITEMP = (NOLD-N)**2 + (MATN0-MATOLD)**2 HHL02850
C HHL02860
C  IF(ITEMP.EQ.0) GO TO 70 HHL02870
C HHL02880
C  WRITE(6,60) HHL02890
60 FORMAT(' PROGRAM TERMINATES BECAUSE EITHER ORDERS OF OR LABELS FORHHL02900
1 MATRIX DISAGREE') HHL02910
C  GO TO 150 HHL02920
C HHL02930
70 CONTINUE HHL02940
C HHL02950
C  READ(8,10) EXPLAN HHL02960
C  READ(8,*) C0,KX,KY HHL02970
C  IF (KX.GT.4.AND.KY.GT.4) GO TO 90 HHL02980
C  WRITE(6,80) KX,KY HHL02990
80 FORMAT(2I6,' = KX KY ONE OR BOTH OF KX KY TOO SMALL SO STOP'/) HHL03000
C  GO TO 150 HHL03010
90 CONTINUE HHL03020
C  READ(8,10) EXPLAN HHL03030
C  BELOW SC = COS(ANGLE) + I SIN(ANGLE) HHL03040

```



```

C-----HHL03600
      DOUBLE PRECISION  C2,SUM                HHL03610
      COMPLEX*16  U(1),W(1)                  HHL03620
      COMPLEX*16  CL0,CL1,CL3,CL4,CR0,CR1,CR3,CR4  HHL03630
C-----HHL03640
C      CALCULATES U = A*W - SUM*U                HHL03650
C                                              HHL03660
      GO TO 3                                HHL03670
C                                              HHL03680
      ENTRY HMATVE(C2,CL0,CL1,CL3,CL4,KK,LL)  HHL03690
C                                              HHL03700
      GO TO 4                                HHL03710
C                                              HHL03720
3 CONTINUE                                  HHL03730
C                                              HHL03740
      N = KK*LL                             HHL03750
      CR0 = DCONJG(CL0)                     HHL03760
      CR1 = DCONJG(CL1)                     HHL03770
      CR3 = DCONJG(CL3)                     HHL03780
      CR4 = DCONJG(CL4)                     HHL03790
C                                              HHL03800
C-----HHL03810
C      FIRST AND LAST BLOCKS                    HHL03820
      J = 1                                HHL03830
      U(J)=(C2*W(J)+CR3*W(J+1)+CR1*W(J+KK)) - SUM*U(J)  HHL03840
      J = 2                                HHL03850
      U(J)=(C2*W(J)+CL3*W(J-1)+CR0*W(J+1)+CR1*W(J+KK))-SUM*U(J)  HHL03860
      J = KK                               HHL03870
      U(J)=(C2*W(J)+CL3*W(J-1)+CR1*W(J+KK))-SUM*U(J)  HHL03880
      J = KK - 1                           HHL03890
      U(J)=(C2*W(J)+CR3*W(J+1)+CL0*W(J-1)+CR1*W(J+KK))-SUM*U(J)  HHL03900
      J = N - KK + 1                       HHL03910
      U(J)=(C2*W(J)+CR3*W(J+1)+CL4*W(J-KK))-SUM*U(J)  HHL03920
      J = N - KK + 2                       HHL03930
      U(J)=(C2*W(J)+CL3*W(J-1)+CR0*W(J+1)+CL4*W(J-KK))-SUM*U(J)  HHL03940
      J = N                               HHL03950
      U(J)=(C2*W(J)+CL3*W(J-1)+CL4*W(J-KK))-SUM*U(J)  HHL03960
      J = N - 1                           HHL03970
      U(J)=(C2*W(J)+CL0*W(J-1)+CR3*W(J+1)+CL4*W(J-KK))-SUM*U(J)  HHL03980
C                                              HHL03990
      KK2 = KK - 2                         HHL04000
      DO 10 JJ = 3,KK2                     HHL04010
      J = JJ                               HHL04020
      U(J)=(C2*W(J)+CL0*W(J-1)+CR0*W(J+1)+CR1*W(J+KK))-SUM*U(J)  HHL04030
      J = N - KK + JJ                     HHL04040
10  U(J)=(C2*W(J)+CL0*W(J-1)+CR0*W(J+1)+CL4*W(J-KK))-SUM*U(J)  HHL04050
C                                              HHL04060
C      START BLOCKS 2 AND LL-1              HHL04070
      J = KK + 1                           HHL04080
      U(J)=(C2*W(J)+CR3*W(J+1)+CL1*W(J-KK)+CR1*W(J+KK))-SUM*U(J)  HHL04090
      J = KK + 2                           HHL04100
      U(J)=(C2*W(J)+CL3*W(J-1)+CR0*W(J+1)+CL1*W(J-KK)+CR1*W(J+KK))  HHL04110
1  -SUM*U(J)                               HHL04120
      J = KK + KK                           HHL04130
      U(J)=(C2*W(J)+CL3*W(J-1)+CL1*W(J-KK)+CR1*W(J+KK))-SUM*U(J)  HHL04140

```

```

      J = KK + KK - 1                                HHL04150
      U(J)=(C2*W(J)+CR3*W(J+1)+CLO*W(J-1)+CL1*W(J-KK)+CR1*W(J+KK)) HHL04160
1    -SUM*U(J)                                        HHL04170
      J = N - 2*KK + 1                                HHL04180
      U(J)=(C2*W(J)+CR3*W(J+1)+CR4*W(J+KK)+CL1*W(J-KK)) HHL04190
1    -SUM*U(J)                                        HHL04200
      J = N - 2*KK + 2                                HHL04210
      U(J)=(C2*W(J)+CL3*W(J-1)+CRO*W(J+1)+CR4*W(J+KK)+CL1*W(J-KK)) HHL04220
1    -SUM*U(J)                                        HHL04230
      J = N - KK                                       HHL04240
      U(J)=(C2*W(J)+CL3*W(J-1)+CR4*W(J+KK)+CL1*W(J-KK))-SUM*U(J) HHL04250
      J = N - KK - 1                                   HHL04260
      U(J)=(C2*W(J)+CR3*W(J+1)+CLO*W(J-1)+CR4*W(J+KK)+CL1*W(J-KK)) HHL04270
1    -SUM*U(J)                                        HHL04280
C                                                    HHL04290
      DO 20 JJ = 3, KK2                                HHL04300
      J = KK + JJ                                       HHL04310
      U(J)=(C2*W(J)+CLO*W(J-1)+CRO*W(J+1)+CL1*W(J-KK)+CR1*W(J+KK)) HHL04320
1    -SUM*U(J)                                        HHL04330
      J = N - 2*KK + JJ                               HHL04340
      U(J)=(C2*W(J)+CLO*W(J-1)+CRO*W(J+1)+CR4*W(J+KK)+CL1*W(J-KK)) HHL04350
1    -SUM*U(J)                                        HHL04360
20 CONTINUE                                           HHL04370
C                                                    HHL04380
C MIDDLE BLOCKS                                       HHL04390
      LL2 = LL - 2                                       HHL04400
      JP = KK                                           HHL04410
      DO 40 JJ = 3, LL2                                HHL04420
      JP = JP + KK                                       HHL04430
C JP = (JJ-1)*KK                                       HHL04440
      J = JP + 1                                         HHL04450
      U(J)=(C2*W(J)+CR3*W(J+1)+CL1*W(J-KK)+CR1*W(J+KK))-SUM*U(J) HHL04460
      J = J + 1                                         HHL04470
      U(J)=(C2*W(J)+CL3*W(J-1)+CRO*W(J+1)+CL1*W(J-KK)+
1 CR1*W(J+KK))-SUM*U(J)                                HHL04480
      J = J + KK - 2                                    HHL04490
      U(J) = (C2*W(J)+CL3*W(J-1)+CL1*W(J-KK)+CR1*W(J+KK))-SUM*U(J) HHL04500
      J = J - 1                                         HHL04510
      U(J)=(C2*W(J)+CR3*W(J+1)+CLO*W(J-1)+CL1*W(J-KK)+
1 CR1*W(J+KK))-SUM*U(J)                                HHL04520
C                                                    HHL04530
C                                                    HHL04540
C                                                    HHL04550
      DO 30 II = 3, KK2                                HHL04560
      J = JP + II                                       HHL04570
      U(J)=(C2*W(J)+CLO*W(J-1)+CRO*W(J+1)+CL1*W(J-KK)+CR1*W(J+KK)) HHL04580
1    -SUM*U(J)                                        HHL04590
30 CONTINUE                                           HHL04600
C                                                    HHL04610
40 CONTINUE                                           HHL04620
C                                                    HHL04630
4 RETURN                                              HHL04640
C                                                    HHL04650
C-----END OF HMATV-----HHL04660
      END                                              HHL04670
C                                                    HHL04680
C-----START OF EXEVG-----HHL04690

```



```

C                                                    HHL04700
C   FOR MTYPE = 0, ZERO BOUNDARY CONDITIONS:          HHL04710
C   COMPUTES EXACT EIGENVALUES OF HERMITIAN POISSON MATRIX, HHL04720
C   THEIR MULTIPLICITIES, AND THE GAPS BETWEEN THE EIGENVALUES AND HHL04730
C   PUTS THEM RESPECTIVELY INTO VECTORS U, MP, AND G.  THESE HHL04740
C   QUANTITIES ARE ALL WRITTEN TO FILE 9.             HHL04750
C                                                    HHL04760
C   SUBROUTINE EXEVG(U,C0,C1,C2,G,MP,KX,KY)           HHL04770
C                                                    HHL04780
C-----HHL04790
C   DOUBLE PRECISION  U(*),MACHEP                    HHL04800
C   DOUBLE PRECISION  EPSM,C0,C1,C2,T0,T1,PIK,PIL,ONE,TWO,ATOLN,EE HHL04810
C   REAL G(1)                                             HHL04820
C   INTEGER MP(1)                                         HHL04830
C-----HHL04840
C   DATA MACHEP/Z3410000000000000/                    HHL04850
C   EPSM = 2.0D0*MACHEP                                  HHL04860
C-----HHL04870
C   N = KX*KY                                             HHL04880
C   ONE  = 1.0D0                                         HHL04890
C   TWO  = 2.0D0                                         HHL04900
C   T0 = DACOS(-ONE)                                     HHL04910
C   T1 = DFLOAT(KX+1)                                   HHL04920
C   PIK = T0/T1                                          HHL04930
C   T1 = DFLOAT(KY+1)                                   HHL04940
C   PIL = T0/T1                                          HHL04950
C   GENERATE EXACT EIGENVALUES                          HHL04960
C   KP = 0                                              HHL04970
C   DO 20 J = 1,KY                                     HHL04980
C   T1 = PIL*DFLOAT(J)                                 HHL04990
C   T0 = C2 - TWO*C1*DCOS(T1)                          HHL05000
C   DO 10 I = 1,KX                                     HHL05010
C   KP = KP+1                                           HHL05020
C   T1 = PIK*DFLOAT(I)                                 HHL05030
C 10 U(KP) = T0 - TWO*C0*DCOS(T1)                      HHL05040
C 20 CONTINUE                                           HHL05050
C                                                    HHL05060
C   ORDER U VECTOR BY INCREASING ALGEBRAIC SIZE        HHL05070
C   DO 40 K = 2,N                                       HHL05080
C   KM1 = K-1                                           HHL05090
C   DO 30 L = 1,KM1                                     HHL05100
C   JJ = K-L                                           HHL05110
C   IF (U(JJ+1).GE.U(JJ)) GO TO 40                     HHL05120
C   T0 = U(JJ)                                          HHL05130
C   U(JJ) = U(JJ+1)                                    HHL05140
C 30 U(JJ+1) = T0                                       HHL05150
C 40 CONTINUE                                           HHL05160
C   ATOLN = DMAX1(DABS(U(1)),DABS(U(N)))*EPSM          HHL05170
C                                                    HHL05180
C   WRITE(9,50)                                         HHL05190
C 50 FORMAT(' TRUE EIGENVALUES FOR HERMITIAN POISSON') HHL05200
C                                                    HHL05210
C   WRITE(9,60)N,KX,KY,C2,C0,C1,ATOLN                 HHL05220
C   WRITE(6,60) N,KX,KY,C2,C0,C1,ATOLN                HHL05230
C 60 FORMAT(1X,'A-SIZE',2X,'X-DIM',2X,'Y-DIM'/3I7/    HHL05240

```

```

      1 5X,'A-DIAGONAL',3X,'X-CODIAGONAL',3X,'Y-CODIAGONAL',10X,'ATOLN' / HHL05250
      2 4E15.8) HHL05260
C HHL05270
C DETERMINE TRUE MULTIPLICITIES FOR EXACT EIGENVALUES HHL05280
  I = 1 HHL05290
  IDEX = 1 HHL05300
  J = 1 HHL05310
  NEXACT = 0 HHL05320
70 J = J+1 HHL05330
  IF (J.GT.N) GO TO 80 HHL05340
  EE = DABS(U(J)-U(I)) HHL05350
  IF (EE.GT.ATOLN) GO TO 80 HHL05360
  IDEX = IDEX+1 HHL05370
  GO TO 70 HHL05380
80 NEXACT = NEXACT+1 HHL05390
  U(NEXACT) = U(I) HHL05400
  MP(NEXACT) = IDEX HHL05410
C MP(K) = MULTIPLICITY OF KTH EIGENVALUE CLUSTER FOR A HHL05420
  IDEX = 1 HHL05430
  I = J HHL05440
  IF (I.GT.N) GO TO 90 HHL05450
  GO TO 70 HHL05460
90 CONTINUE HHL05470
C HHL05480
C MULTIPLICITIES HAVE BEEN DETERMINED HHL05490
C NEXACT = NUMBER OF DISTINCT A-EIGENVALUES HHL05500
C HHL05510
  WRITE(9,100)NEXACT HHL05520
  WRITE(6,100)NEXACT HHL05530
100 FORMAT(I6,' = NUMBER OF TRUE A-EIGENVALUES WHICH ARE DISTINCT' /) HHL05540
C HHL05550
C MINGAP CALCULATION FOR DISTINCT A-EIGENVALUES HHL05560
  NM1 = NEXACT - 1 HHL05570
  G(NEXACT) = U(NM1)-U(NEXACT) HHL05580
  G(1) = U(2)-U(1) HHL05590
C HHL05600
  DO 110 J = 2,NM1 HHL05610
    TO = U(J)-U(J-1) HHL05620
    T1 = U(J+1)-U(J) HHL05630
    G(J) = T1 HHL05640
    IF (TO.LT.T1) G(J) = -TO HHL05650
110 CONTINUE HHL05660
C HHL05670
C NEXACT DISTINCT A-EIGENVALUES ARE IN U IN ASCENDING ORDER HHL05680
C MP = MULTIPLICITIES OF THE DISTINCT EIGENVALUES OF A HHL05690
C G = TRUE MINIMUM GAP IN A FOR EACH OF THESE EIGENVALUES HHL05700
C G < 0 INDICATES THE LEFT-HAND GAP WAS MINIMAL. HHL05710
C OUTPUT MULTIPLICITIES, DISTINCT EVS, AND MINGAPS TO FILE 11 HHL05720
C HHL05730
  WRITE(9,120) HHL05740
120 FORMAT(5X,'I',1X,'AMULT',5X,'TRUE A-EIGENVALUE(I)', HHL05750
  1 3X,'A-MINGAP(I)') HHL05760
C HHL05770
  WRITE(9,130)(J,MP(J),U(J),G(J), J=1,NEXACT) HHL05780
130 FORMAT(2I6,E25.16,E14.3) HHL05790

```

C	WRITE(9,140)	HHL05800
140	FORMAT(' NEXACT DISTINCT A-EIGENVALUES ARE IN ASCENDING ORDER'/	HHL05810
1	' AMULT = MULTIPLICITIES OF THE DISTINCT EIGENVALUES OF A.'/	HHL05820
2	' A-MINGAP(I) = TRUE MINIMUM GAP IN A FOR EACH EIGENVALUE.'/	HHL05830
3	' A-MINGAP(I) LT 0 INDICATES THE LEFT-HAND GAP WAS MINIMAL.'//)	HHL05840
C		HHL05850
C	WE ORDER U VECTOR BY INCREASING SIZE OF THE GAPS	HHL05860
C		HHL05870
	DO 150 K = 1,N	HHL05880
150	MP(K) = K	HHL05890
C		HHL05900
	DO 170 K = 2,N	HHL05910
	KM1 = K-1	HHL05920
C		HHL05930
	DO 160 L = 1,KM1	HHL05940
	JJ = K - L	HHL05950
	IF (ABS(G(JJ+1)).GE.ABS(G(JJ))) GO TO 170	HHL05960
	EE = U(JJ)	HHL05970
	U(JJ) = U(JJ+1)	HHL05980
	U(JJ+1) = EE	HHL05990
	GG = G(JJ)	HHL06000
	G(JJ) = G(JJ+1)	HHL06010
	G(JJ+1) = GG	HHL06020
	IEE = MP(JJ)	HHL06030
	MP(JJ) = MP(JJ+1)	HHL06040
160	MP(JJ+1) = IEE	HHL06050
C		HHL06060
170	CONTINUE	HHL06070
C		HHL06080
	WRITE(9,180)	HHL06090
180	FORMAT(5X,'K',6X,'A-MINGAP',5X,'TRUE A-EIGENVALUE(I)',2X,'A-EVNO')HHL06100	HHL06100
C		HHL06110
	WRITE(9,190)(J,G(J),U(J),MP(J), J=1,NEXACT)	HHL06120
190	FORMAT(I6,E14.3,E25.16,I8)	HHL06130
C		HHL06140
	WRITE(9,200)	HHL06150
200	FORMAT(' NEXACT DISTINCT A-EIGENVALUES. GAPS IN ASCENDING ORDER'/	HHL06160
2	' A-MINGAP(I) = TRUE MINIMUM GAP IN A FOR EACH EIGENVALUE.'/	HHL06170
3	' A-MINGAP(I) LT 0 INDICATES THE LEFT-HAND GAP WAS MINIMAL.'/	HHL06180
3	' A-MATRIX IS BLOCK TRIDIAGONAL AND EACH DIAGONAL BLOCK IS OF ORD	HHL06190
3ER	NX.'/	HHL06200
4	' NX = NUMBER OF POINTS ON EACH X-LINE. THERE ARE NY DIAGONAL BLO	HHL06210
4CKS.'/		HHL06220
5	' NY = NUMBER OF POINTS ON EACH Y-LINE.'/	HHL06230
5	' A-DIAGONAL = A(K,K)'/	HHL06240
6	' X-CODIAGONAL = A(I,I+1)'/	HHL06250
7	' Y-CODIAGONAL = A(I,I+NX)'/	HHL06260
8	' ----- END OF FILE 9 EXACTEV-----'//)	HHL06270
C		HHL06280
C	-----END OF EXEVG-----	HHL06290
C		HHL06300
	RETURN	HHL06310
	END	HHL06320
C		HHL06330
		HHL06340

```

C-----START OF HEXVEC-----HHL06350
C                                     HHL06360
C   FOR THE HERMITIAN POISSON TEST CASES WITH MTYPE = 0 ONLY:   HHL06370
C   FOR A GIVEN RITZ VECTOR V AND EIGENVALUE X1, COMPUTES       HHL06380
C   THE CLOSEST TRUE EIGENVALUE Y1 AND CORRESPONDING TRUE       HHL06390
C   EIGENVECTOR Z, CALCULATES THE NORM OF V-Z AND THE MAXIMAL   HHL06400
C   DIFFERENCE OF THE COMPONENTS.  USER WOULD HAVE TO          HHL06410
C   INCORPORATE ENTRY AND CALL TO THIS SUBROUTINE INTO          HHL06420
C   HLEVEC PROGRAM IF THESE QUANTITIES ARE DESIRED.             HHL06430
C   U CONTAINS THE COMPUTED TRUE EIGENVALUES.                   HHL06440
C   W CONTAINS THE TRUE EIGENVECTOR FOR THE REAL POISSON MATRIX HHL06450
C                                     HHL06460
C   SUBROUTINE HEXVEC(Z,V,U,W,X1,Y1,MP,JNUM)                    HHL06470
C                                     HHL06480
C-----HHL06490
C   DOUBLE PRECISION  U(*),W(*)                                  HHL06500
C   DOUBLE PRECISION  WI(110),WJ(110),WII(110)                  HHL06510
C   DOUBLE PRECISION  X1,Y1,EV,EE,WS,PIK,PIL,SUM,TEMP            HHL06520
C   DOUBLE PRECISION  ATOLN,EPSM,ZERO,HALF,ONE,TWO,MACHEP        HHL06530
C   DOUBLE PRECISION  C0,C1,C2,T0,T1,T2                         HHL06540
C   COMPLEX*16  CONE,S,SB,STEMP,V(1),Z(1)                       HHL06550
C   INTEGER  MP(1)                                               HHL06560
C-----HHL06570
C   DATA  MACHEP/Z3410000000000000/                             HHL06580
C   EPSM = 2.0D0*MACHEP                                         HHL06590
C-----HHL06600
C   THIS PROGRAM CALCULATES THE EXACT EIGENVALUES AND EIGENVECTORS HHL06610
C   OF THE HERMITIAN POISSON MATRIX A OF ORDER  N = KX BY KY     HHL06620
C   A CONSISTS OF KY TRIDIAGONAL BLOCKS OF ORDER KX            HHL06630
C   KX = X-DIMENSION      KY = Y-DIMENSION.                     HHL06640
C                                     HHL06650
C   C2 = DIAGONAL OF KX BY KX MATRIX                             HHL06660
C   -C0 = CO-DIAGONAL OF THE KX BY KX MATRIX.                   HHL06670
C   -C1 = Y-CODIAGONAL.                                          HHL06680
C                                     HHL06690
C   NOTE THAT THE VECTORS WI,WJ,WII ARE DIMENSIONED INTERNALLY  HHL06700
C   THEY ARE USED JUST TO KEEP FROM REGENERATING INFORMATION.   HHL06710
C   WI,WII = REAL*8 ARRAYS OF DIMENSION AT LEAST KX              HHL06720
C   WJ      = REAL*8 ARRAY  OF DIMENSION AT LEAST KY.            HHL06730
C                                     HHL06740
C   NOTATION USED IN PROGRAM                                     HHL06750
C                                     HHL06760
C   PIK = ARCOS(-1)/(KX+1)    PIL = ARCOS(-1)/(KY+1)            HHL06770
C   WI(I) = PIK*I             WJ(J) = PIL*J                     HHL06780
C                                     HHL06790
C   T0 = C2 - 2*C1*COS(PIL*J)    EV(I,J) = T0 - 2*C0*COS(PIK*I) HHL06800
C   I = 1,KX      J = 1,KY      KP = (J-1)*KX + I              HHL06810
C                                     HHL06820
C   W(KV) = SIN(PIK*I*IK)*SIN(PIL*J*JK)                         HHL06830
C   IK = 1,KX      JK = 1,KY      KV = (JK-1)*KX + IK          HHL06840
C   W IS UNSCALED EIGENVECTOR FOR EV(I,J)                       HHL06850
C   WS = 1/||W||: ||W|| = .5*DSQRT(T2*T3)  T2 = KX+1  T3 = KY+1 HHL06860
C   U(K) IS A-EV ORDERED BY INCREASING SIZE, K = 1,N           HHL06870
C                                     HHL06880
C   GIVEN X1 FIND Y1 AND KVEC SUCH THAT                          HHL06890

```

```

C          Y1 = EV(KVEC) AND |X1-Y1| = MIN                HHL06900
C          ALSO GIVEN UNIT RITZ VECTOR ASSOCIATED WITH X1  HHL06910
C          CALCULATE UNIT EIGENVECTOR W, A*W = Y1*W       HHL06920
C          T2 = ||V-W||  T1 = MAX(|V(K)-W(K)|, K= 1,N)    HHL06930
C          MAX OCCURS FIRST AT K = KK                     HHL06940
C                                                         HHL06950
C-----HHL06960
C      C2 = A(K,K)                                         HHL06970
C      C0 = A(K,K+1) = A(K+1,K)                           HHL06980
C      C1 = A(K,K+KX) = A(K+KX,K)                         HHL06990
C      C0 + C1 = HALF                                     HHL07000
C                                                         HHL07010
C      GO TO 3                                             HHL07020
C                                                         HHL07030
C-----HHL07040
C          ENTRY EXVECP(SB,C0,C1,C2,KX,KY)                 HHL07050
C-----HHL07060
C      GO TO 4                                             HHL07070
C                                                         HHL07080
C      3 CONTINUE                                         HHL07090
C                                                         HHL07100
C      SPECIFY PARAMETERS                                 HHL07110
C      N = KX*KY                                          HHL07120
C      ZERO = 0.0D0                                       HHL07130
C      HALF = 0.5D0                                       HHL07140
C      ONE = 1.0D0                                         HHL07150
C      TWO = 2.0D0                                         HHL07160
C      T0 = DACOS(-ONE)                                    HHL07170
C      T1 = DFLOAT(KX+1)                                   HHL07180
C      PIK = T0/T1                                         HHL07190
C      T2 = DFLOAT(KY+1)                                   HHL07200
C      PIL = T0/T2                                         HHL07210
C      WS = TWO/DSQRT(T1*T2)                              HHL07220
C                                                         HHL07230
C      GENERATE WI WJ VECTORS                             HHL07240
C      KP = 0                                              HHL07250
C      DO 20 J = 1,KY                                     HHL07260
C      T1 = PIL*DFLOAT(J)                                  HHL07270
C      WJ(J) = T1                                          HHL07280
C      T0 = C2 - TWO*C1*DCOS(T1)                          HHL07290
C      DO 10 I = 1,KX                                     HHL07300
C      KP = KP+1                                           HHL07310
C      T1 = PIK*DFLOAT(I)                                  HHL07320
C      WI(I) = T1                                          HHL07330
C      10 U(KP) = T0 - TWO*C0*DCOS(T1)                    HHL07340
C      20 CONTINUE                                         HHL07350
C      U(KP) = EV(I,J) = C2 - 2*C1*COS(PIL*J) - 2*C0*COS(PIK*I) HHL07360
C                                                         HHL07370
C      INITIALIZE MP VECTOR                               HHL07380
C      DO 30 K = 1,N                                       HHL07390
C      30 MP(K) = K                                         HHL07400
C                                                         HHL07410
C      WE ORDER U VECTOR BY INCREASING SIZE OF THE EVS   HHL07420
C      DO 50 K = 2,N                                       HHL07430
C      KM1 = K-1                                           HHL07440

```

```

C                                     HHL07450
      DO 40 L = 1,KM1                                     HHL07460
      JJ = K - L                                         HHL07470
      IF (U(JJ+1).GE.U(JJ)) GO TO 50                     HHL07480
      EE = U(JJ)                                         HHL07490
      U(JJ) = U(JJ+1)                                    HHL07500
      U(JJ+1) = EE                                       HHL07510
      IEE = MP(JJ)                                       HHL07520
      MP(JJ) = MP(JJ+1)                                  HHL07530
40  MP(JJ+1) = IEE                                       HHL07540
C                                     HHL07550
      50 CONTINUE                                       HHL07560
C                                     HHL07570
      ATOLN = DMAX1(DABS(U(1)),DABS(U(N)))*EPSM          HHL07580
C                                     HHL07590
      WRITE(6,60) N,KX,KY,C2,C0,C1,ATOLN                HHL07600
60  FORMAT(/' EXACT ERRORS FOR CONVERGED GOODEV'/
      1 4I6,' = N KX KY'//
      1 4E12.5,' = C2 C0 C1 ATOLN'//)                  HHL07610
C                                     HHL07620
C                                     HHL07630
C                                     HHL07640
C      KP = MP(K) MEANS EIGENVALUE U(K) CORRESPONDS TO EIGENVECTOR W(KP) HHL07650
C      COMPUTE TOLERANCE USED IN COMPUTING TRUE MULTIPLICITIES HHL07660
C                                     HHL07670
C      X1 IS AN INPUT PARAMETER. WE CALCULATE EXACT     HHL07680
C      A-EIGENVALUE WHICH IS CLOSEST TO X1, LABEL IT Y1 AND CALCULATE HHL07690
C      UNIT EIGENVECTOR OF A ASSOCIATED WITH Y1. A*W = Y1*W, ||W|| = 1. HHL07700
C      Y1 = U(KEV). EIGENVALUES OF A ARE ORDERED BY INCREASING SIZE. HHL07710
C      V = COMPLEX RITZ VECTOR ASSOCIATED WITH GOODEV X1 HHL07720
C      WE SHOULD HAVE V = D*W WHERE D = DIAG(D(1),D(2),...,D(N)) HHL07730
C      D(1) = ONE, D(K+1)/D(K) = SB, |SB| = ONE         HHL07740
C                                     HHL07750
      KX1 = 0                                             HHL07760
      IF (X1.LE.U(1)) KX1 = 1                             HHL07770
      IF (X1.GE.U(N)) KX1 = N                             HHL07780
      NM1 = N-1                                           HHL07790
      IF (KX1.NE.0) GO TO 80                             HHL07800
C                                     HHL07810
      DO 70 KVEC = 2,N                                   HHL07820
      IF (X1.GE.U(KVEC)) GO TO 70                         HHL07830
C      U(KVEC-1).LE.X1.LT.U(KVEC)                       HHL07840
      T1 = X1 - U(KVEC-1)                                HHL07850
      T2 = U(KVEC) - X1                                  HHL07860
      KX1 = KVEC - 1                                     HHL07870
      IF (T1.GT.T2) KX1 = KVEC                           HHL07880
      GO TO 80                                           HHL07890
70  CONTINUE                                             HHL07900
C                                     HHL07910
      80 Y1 = U(KX1)                                     HHL07920
C                                     HHL07930
      IF (KX1.EQ.1) EE = U(2) - U(1)                   HHL07940
      IF (KX1.EQ.N) EE = U(N) - U(NM1)                 HHL07950
      IF (KX1.EQ.1.OR.KX1.EQ.N) GO TO 90                HHL07960
      EE = DMIN1(U(KX1+1)-U(KX1),U(KX1)-U(KX1-1))      HHL07970
90  CONTINUE                                             HHL07980
C                                     HHL07990

```



```

C      TEST OF PARAMETER CORRECTNESS                                HHL09100
      ITEMP = (NOLD-N)**2 + (MATNO-MATOLD)**2                        HHL09110
C                                                                 HHL09120
      IF(ITEMP.EQ.0) GO TO 40                                         HHL09130
C                                                                 HHL09140
      WRITE(6,30)                                                    HHL09150
30  FORMAT(' PROGRAM TERMINATES BECAUSE EITHER ORDERS OF OR LABELS FORHHL09160
      1 MATRIX DISAGREE')
      GO TO 250                                                       HHL09180
C                                                                 HHL09190
40  CONTINUE                                                         HHL09200
C                                                                 HHL09210
C      IF ITOEP = 1 THEN MATRIX IS TOEPLITZ AND WE PRINT OUT TRUE   HHL09220
C      EIGENVALUES                                                  HHL09230
      READ(8,10) EXPLAN                                             HHL09240
      READ(8,*) ITOEP                                              HHL09250
      READ(8,10) EXPLAN                                             HHL09260
C                                                                 HHL09270
      IF(ITOEP.EQ.1) WRITE(6,50)                                     HHL09280
50  FORMAT(/' TEST MATRIX IS HERMITIAN TOEPLITZ'/)                  HHL09290
      IF(ITOEP.NE.1) GO TO 110                                       HHL09300
C                                                                 HHL09310
      READ(8,*) DAR(1),DAI(1),D(1)                                  HHL09320
      DA(1) = DCPLX(DAR(1),DAI(1))                                  HHL09330
      DB(1) = DCONJG(DA(1))                                         HHL09340
      DO 60 J=2,N                                                    HHL09350
      D(J) = D(1)                                                    HHL09360
      DA(J) = DA(1)                                                  HHL09370
60  DB(J) = DB(1)                                                    HHL09380
      WRITE(6,70) DB(1),D(1),DA(1)                                  HHL09390
      WRITE(9,70) DB(1),D(1),DA(1)                                  HHL09400
70  FORMAT(' HERMITIAN TOEPLITZ MATRIX IS USED.'/ ' BELOW DIAGONAL ENTRHHL09410
      1Y = ',2E12.3/' DIAGONAL ENTRY = ',E12.3/' ABOVE DIAGONAL ENTRY =' HHL09420
      1,2E12.3)                                                    HHL09430
C                                                                 HHL09440
C      COMPUTE THE TRUE EIGENVALUES. FORMULA IS CORRECT ONLY FOR THOSE HHL09450
C      MATRICES WHOSE DIAGONAL = 2., ABOVE DIAGONAL = A, BELOW DIAGONAL HHL09460
C      = A-CONJUGATE, AND A HAS NORM 1.                             HHL09470
C                                                                 HHL09480
      PI = DACOS(-1.D0)                                             HHL09490
      DO 80 J=1,N                                                    HHL09500
80  EIGVAL(J) = 2.D0 * (1.D0 -DCOS(PI*DFLOAT(J)/DFLOAT(N+1)))      HHL09510
      WRITE(9,90) N                                                  HHL09520
90  FORMAT(I6, ' = ORDER OF MATRIX'/' TRUE EIGENVALUES ARE'/' )    HHL09530
      WRITE(9,100) (J, EIGVAL(J), J=1,N)                            HHL09540
100 FORMAT(I5,4X,E25.16,6X,I5,4X,E25.16)                           HHL09550
      GO TO 240                                                      HHL09560
C                                                                 HHL09570
C      NONTOEPLITZ HERMITIAN. DIAGONAL ENTRIES ARE EQUALLY-SPACED.  HHL09580
C      ABOVE DIAGONAL ENTRIES ARE GENERATED BY GENERATING EQUALLY-SPACED HHL09590
C      REAL PARTS, AND EQUALLY-SPACED IMAGINARY PARTS. THE BELOW   HHL09600
C      DIAGONAL ENTRIES ARE THEN OBTAINED BY TAKING THE COMPLEX CONJUGATEHHL09610
C      OF THE ABOVE DIAGONAL ENTRIES                                HHL09620
C                                                                 HHL09630
110 READ(8,*) D(1), SPACE                                           HHL09640

```



```

C-----HHL10200
      COMPLEX*16    U(1),W(*),DA(1),DB(1)      HHL10210
      DOUBLE PRECISION  D(1),SUM              HHL10220
C-----HHL10230
C    HERMITIAN MATRIX-VECTOR MULTIPLY FOR LANCZS  U = A*W - SUM*U      HHL10240
C    MATRIX IS TRIDIAGONAL HERMITIAN TOEPLITZ      HHL10250
C-----HHL10260
C                                          HHL10270
C    COMPUTE A*W - SUM*U      HHL10280
C                                          HHL10290
C    GO TO 3      HHL10300
C-----HHL10310
C    STORAGE LOCATIONS ARE PASSED TO CMATV FROM USPEC      HHL10320
C    ENTRY TMAIVE(DA,DB,D,N)      HHL10330
C    GO TO 4      HHL10340
C-----HHL10350
      3 CONTINUE      HHL10360
C                                          HHL10370
C    U(1) = D(1)*W(1) + DA(1)*W(2) - SUM*U(1)      HHL10380
C    N1 = N-1      HHL10390
C    DO 10 I = 2,N1      HHL10400
10  U(I) = DB(I-1)*W(I-1)+D(I)*W(I) + DA(I)*W(I+1) -SUM*U(I)      HHL10410
C    U(N) = DB(N-1)*W(N-1) + D(N)*W(N) - SUM*U(N)      HHL10420
C                                          HHL10430
C    4 RETURN      HHL10440
C                                          HHL10450
C-----END OF CMATV-----HHL10460
      END      HHL10470
C-----DUMMY USPEC DOES NOTHING-----HHL10480
C                                          HHL10490
C    SUBROUTINE USPEC(N,MATNO)      HHL10500
C    SUBROUTINE CUSPEC(N,MATNO)      HHL10510
C                                          HHL10520
C-----HHL10530
      RETURN      HHL10540
      END      HHL10550

```

3.5 HLEVAL: HLEVEC: File Definitions, Sample Input Files

Below is a listing of the input/output files definitions which are accessed by the Hermitian Lanczos eigenvalue program, HLEVAL. Included also is a sample of the input file which HLEVAL requires on file 5. The parameters are supplied in free format. HLEVAL computes eigenvalues of Hermitian matrices A on user-specified intervals which must be supplied in ascending order. File 8 is assumed to contain the data which defines the Hermitian $n \times n$ matrix A .

Sample Specifications of the input/output files for HLEVAL

```
-----
HLEVAL EXEC HERMITIAN EIGENVALUE CALCULATION
FI 06 TERM
FILEDEF 1 DISK &1      NHISTORY  A (RECFM F LRECL 80 BLOCK 80
FILEDEF 2 DISK &1      HISTORY    A (RECFM F LRECL 80 BLOCK 80
FILEDEF 3 DISK &1      GOODEV     A (RECFM F LRECL 80 BLOCK 80
FILEDEF 4 DISK &1      ERRINV     A (RECFM F LRECL 80 BLOCK 80
FILEDEF 5 DISK HLEVAL  INPUT      A (RECFM F LRECL 80 BLOCK 80
FILEDEF 8 DISK &1      INPUT      A (RECFM F LRECL 80 BLOCK 80
FILEDEF 11 DISK &1     DISTINCT   A (RECFM F LRECL 80 BLOCK 80
LOAD  HLEVAL  LESUB  HLEMULT
-----
```

Sample Input File for HLEVAL

```
-----
HLEVAL INPUT EIGENVALUE COMPUTATION, NO REORTHOGONALIZATION
HERMITIAN TEST MATRIX
LINE 1      N      KMAX      NMEVS      MATNO
           528      1600          3      721830
LINE 2      SVSEED      RHSEED      MXINIT      MXSTUR
           49302312      5731029          5      100000
LINE 3      ISTART      ISTOP
           0              1
LINE 4      IHIS      IDIST  IWRITE
           1              0      1
LINE 5      RELTOL (RELATIVE TOLERANCE IN 'COMBINING' GOODEV)
           .0000000001
LINE 6      MB(1)      MB(2)      MB(3)      MB(4)      (ORDERS OF T(1,MEV) )
           528          1056      1584
LINE 7      NINT      (NUMBER OF SUB-INTERVALS FOR BISEC)
           1
LINE 8      LB(1)      LB(2)      LB(3)      LB(4)      (INTERVAL LOWER BOUNDS)
           1.0
LINE 9      UB(1)      UB(2)      UB(3)      UB(4)      (INTERVAL UPPER BOUNDS)
           2.0
-----
```

Below is a listing of the input/output files definitions which are accessed by the Hermitian Lanczos eigenvector program, HLEVEC. Included also is a sample of the input file which HLEVEC requires on file 5. The parameters are supplied in free format. HLEVEC computes eigenvectors for each of a user-specified subset of the eigenvalues computed by the companion code HLEVEC. Eigenvector approximations will be computed only for eigenvalue approximations which have converged.

Sample Specifications of the Input/Output Files for HLEVEC

```
-----
HLEVEC EXEC TO RUN LANCZOS EIGENVECTOR PROGRAM, HERMITIAN MATRICES
FI 06 TERM
FILEDEF 2 DISK &1      HISTORY  A (RECFM F LRECL 80 BLOCK 80
FILEDEF 3 DISK &1      GOODEV   A (RECFM F LRECL 80 BLOCK 80
FILEDEF 4 DISK &1      ERRINV   A (RECFM F LRECL 80 BLOCK 80
FILEDEF 5 DISK HLEVEC  INPUT    A (RECFM F LRECL 80 BLOCK 80
FILEDEF 8 DISK &1      INPUT    A (RECFM F LRECL 80 BLOCK 80
FILEDEF 9 DISK &1      ERREST   A (RECFM F LRECL 80 BLOCK 80
FILEDEF 10 DISK &1     BOUNDS   A (RECFM F LRECL 80 BLOCK 80
FILEDEF 11 DISK &1     TEIGVECS A (RECFM F LRECL 80 BLOCK 80
FILEDEF 12 DISK &1     RITZVECS A (RECFM F LRECL 80 BLOCK 80
FILEDEF 13 DISK &1     PAIGE    A (RECFM F LRECL 80 BLOCK 80
LOAD HLEVEC LESUB HLEMULT
-----
```

Sample Input File for HLEVEC

```
-----
HLEVEC EIGENVECTORS OF HERMITIAN MATRIX, NO REORTHOGONALIZATION
LINE 1 MDIMTV MDIMRV MBETA(MAX.DIMENSIONS, TVEC, RITVEC AND BETA
      10000 10000 2000
LINE 2 RELTOL
      .0000000001
LINE 3 MBOUND NTVCON SVTVEC IREAD (FLAGS
      0 1 0 1
LINE 4 TVSTOP LVCONT ERCONT IWRITE (FLAGS
      0 1 1 1
LINE 5 RHSEED (RANDOM GENERATOR SEED FOR STARTING VECTOR IN INVERM
      45329517
LINE 6 MATNO N
      100 100
-----
```


Chapter 4

Factored Inverses of Real Symmetric Matrices

4.1 Introduction

The FORTRAN codes in this chapter address the question of computing distinct eigenvalues and corresponding eigenvectors of a real symmetric matrix by applying a single-vector Lanczos procedure to the inverse of an associated matrix $B \equiv PCP^T$ where $C = (SCALE) * A + (SHIFT) * I$. The scalars $SCALE$ and $SHIFT$ are specified by the user, selected in such a way that the resulting matrix C (or B) has a reasonable numerical condition. The permutation matrix P is chosen so that for a sparse matrix A , the resulting factorization of B is also sparse.

For a given real symmetric matrix A , these codes compute real scalars λ and corresponding real-valued vectors $x \neq 0$ such that

$$B^{-1}x = \lambda x, \tag{4.1.1}$$

where B is as defined above. Note that the eigenvectors of B^{-1} are simple permutations of the eigenvectors of A . The eigenvalues of A are obtained from those of B by a simple scalar modification, which is incorporated in the codes. These codes do not require the matrix A . The Lanczos computations use only the user-supplied factorization of the associated matrix B , the scalars $SCALE$ and $SHIFT$, and the permutation P (if any).

Real symmetric matrices and factorizations of such matrices are discussed in Stewart [24]. See also Bunch and Kaufman [2] and George and Liu [10]. Chapter 2, Section 2.1, contains a brief summary of the properties of real symmetric matrices which we use in these codes.

Given a real symmetric matrix A , the user may decide to use the codes in this chapter rather than those in Chapter 2 if the eigenvalues to be computed are 'small' with 'small' gaps between them and the required factorization can be obtained with a reasonable amount of computation and storage. The user should note however that this type of transformation of the given matrix may not yield an eigenvalue distribution which is better for these Lanczos codes. Such a transformation will accelerate the Lanczos computations only if the desired eigenvalues either become larger in size relative to the other eigenvalues and/or the gaps between the desired eigenvalues become larger relative to the gaps between the other eigenvalues. This type of transformation can be very effective in compressing the big end of the spectrum of a given matrix and enhancing the small end of the spectrum. The Lanczos procedure, however, does not require large gaps between the desired eigenvalues, all it really requires is a reasonable overall gap ratio. That is, the ratio of the largest gap between two neighboring eigenvalues to the smallest such gap must be a

reasonable size.

The single-vector Lanczos codes in this chapter can be used to compute either a very few or very many of the distinct eigenvalues of the given real symmetric matrix. The documentation for these codes is contained in Chapter 2, Section 2.2. As in the direct real symmetric case (Chapter 2, Section 2.1), the A-multiplicity of a given computed eigenvalue can be obtained only with additional computation, and the modifications required to do this additional computation are not included in these versions of the codes. This implementation uses the basic Lanczos recursion contained in Eqns (1.2.1) and (1.2.2) to generate a family of real symmetric tridiagonal matrices (T -matrices) for the matrix B^{-1} , whose sizes are specified by the user. Specifically, for $i = 1, 2, \dots, m$ and a randomly-generated starting vector v_1 with $\|v_1\| = 1$, generate Lanczos vectors v_i using the following recursion and Eqn(1.2.2) applied to the matrix B^{-1} .

$$\beta_{i+1}v_{i+1} = B^{-1}v_i - \alpha_i v_i - \beta_i v_{i-1}. \quad (4.1.2)$$

B is the matrix defined above in terms of the scalars *SCALE* and *SHIFT*, and the permutation P , and each $B^{-1}v_i$ is evaluated by solving the system of equations $Bz = v_i$.

LIVAL, the main program for the factored inverse computations, calls the subroutine BISEC to compute eigenvalues of the specified Lanczos tridiagonal matrices on the user-specified intervals. BISEC simultaneously computes these T -eigenvalues with their T -multiplicities and sorts the computed T -eigenvalues into two classes, the 'good' T -eigenvalues and the 'spurious' T -eigenvalues. The 'good' T -eigenvalues are accepted as approximations to eigenvalues of the B^{-1} matrix associated with the user-specified matrix A , scalars *SCALE* and *SHIFT*, and the permutation matrix P (if any). The accuracy of these 'good' T -eigenvalues as eigenvalues of B^{-1} is then estimated using error estimates computed by subroutine INVERR. Error estimates are computed only for isolated 'good' T -eigenvalues. All other 'good' T -eigenvalues are assumed to have converged.

Convergence is then checked. If convergence has not yet occurred and a larger T -matrix has been specified by the user, the program will continue on to the larger T -matrix, repeating the above procedure on this larger matrix. After each T -matrix eigenvalue computation, the corresponding approximations to the eigenvalues of the user-specified matrix A are computed and included in the output.

Once the eigenvalues of B^{-1} have been computed accurately enough, the user can select a subset of the 'converged' eigenvalues for which eigenvectors are to be computed. The main program LIVEC, for computing eigenvectors of the inverse of a real symmetric matrix, given a factorization, is used to compute the desired eigenvectors. If the matrix B is a permutation of the matrix C , then LIVEC unwinds the permutation to obtain the corresponding eigenvectors of the user-supplied A -matrix.

All of the computations are done in double precision real arithmetic. Once the Lanczos T -matrices have been computed, the remaining computations use the same subroutines that are used in the real symmetric case discussed in Chapter 2. In addition to the programs and subroutines provided here, the user must supply a subroutine USPEC which defines and initializes the factorization of the scaled, shifted, and permuted version B of the original matrix A , and a subroutine BSOLV which computes matrix-vector multiplies $B^{-1}x$ for any given vector x . These subroutines must be constructed in such a way as to take advantage of the sparsity (and/or structure) of the user-supplied A -matrix and such that these computations are done accurately.

The sample subroutines USPEC and BSOLV provided assume that the associated matrix B is positive definite and that its Cholesky factorization

$$B = LL^T, \quad (4.1.3)$$

where L is a lower triangular matrix, is used to compute $B^{-1}y$, for any given y . Thus, the sample USPEC subroutine provided for this chapter defines and initializes arrays which define the Cholesky factor L of the associated matrix B . The sample BSOLV subroutine provided computes the required matrix-vector

multiplies $u = B^{-1}y$ by solving sequentially the two equations $Lz = y$ and $L^T u = z$. These two equations are very easy to solve since L is a triangular matrix. The main portions of these Lanczos codes do not however require that the B-matrix be positive definite, only that a factorization be available. Therefore, the user could replace the sample USPEC and BSOLV subroutines by subroutines which use a more general factorization of B, for example $B = LDL^T$, where D is a diagonal matrix. All that is necessary is that the BSOLV subroutine provide the matrix-vector products $B^{-1}x$, rapidly and accurately. The information supplied to the Lanczos procedures about the matrix being processed must be consistent.

Several optional preprocessing programs are provided, PERMUT, LORDER, LFACT, and LTEST. PERMUT calls the SPARSPAK Library [9] to attempt to identify a reordering or permutation P of the given matrix A for which sparseness will be preserved under factorization of the permuted matrix. LORDER takes a given matrix C and permutation P and computes the sparse matrix format for the permuted matrix, $B \equiv PCP^T$. LFACT computes the Cholesky factors of a given positive definite matrix. LTEST performs a very crude check on the numerical condition of the matrix supplied to it, by solving a system of equations with and without iterative refinement LINPACK [7].

4.2 LIVAL: Main Program, Eigenvalue Computations

```

C-----LIVAL---(EIGENVALUES OF INVERSES OF REAL SYMMETRIC MATRICES)-----LIV00010
C  Authors:  Jane Cullum and Ralph A. Willoughby (deceased)                LIV00020
C           Los Alamos National Laboratory                                LIV00030
C           Los Alamos, New Mexico 87544                                LIV00040
C                                                                 LIV00050
C           E-mail:  cullumj@lanl.gov                                    LIV00060
C                                                                 LIV00070
C  These codes are copyrighted by the authors.  These codes                LIV00080
C  and modifications of them or portions of them are NOT to be            LIV00090
C  incorporated into any commercial codes or used for any other            LIV00100
C  commercial purposes such as consulting for other companies,              LIV00110
C  without legal agreements with the authors of these Codes.              LIV00120
C  If these Codes or portions of them are used in other scientific or      LIV00130
C  engineering research works the names of the authors of these codes      LIV00140
C  and appropriate references to their written work are to be              LIV00150
C  incorporated in the derivative works.                                    LIV00160
C                                                                 LIV00170
C  This header is not to be removed from these codes.                      LIV00180
C                                                                 LIV00190
C           REFERENCE: Cullum and Willoughby, Chapters 1,2,3,4              LIV00191
C           Lanczos Algorithms for Large Symmetric Eigenvalue ComputationsLIV00192
C           VOL. 1 Theory. Republished as Volume 41 in SIAM CLASSICS in    LIV00193
C           Applied Mathematics, 2002. SIAM Publications,                  LIV00194
C           Philadelphia, PA. USA                                           LIV00195
C                                                                 LIV00200
C  CONTAINS MAIN PROGRAM FOR COMPUTING DISTINCT EIGENVALUES OF            LIV00210
C  INVERSES OF REAL SYMMETRIC MATRICES USING REORDERING                   LIV00220
C  AND SPARSE FACTORIZATION.  THE LANCZOS RECURSION IS APPLIED            LIV00230
C  TO A SCALED, SHIFTED, AND REORDERED VERSION B OF THE                   LIV00240
C  ORIGINAL A-MATRIX.  THE PROCEDURE USES LANCZOS                         LIV00250
C  TRIDIAGONALIZATION WITHOUT REORTHOGONALIZATION                        LIV00260
C                                                                 LIV00270
C  PFORT VERIFIER IDENTIFIED THE FOLLOWING NONPORTABLE                     LIV00280
C  CONSTRUCTIONS                                                           LIV00290
C                                                                 LIV00300
C  1.  DATA/MACHEP/ STATEMENT                                           LIV00310
C  2.  ALL READ(5,*) STATEMENTS (FREE FORMAT)                             LIV00320
C  3.  FORMAT(20A4) USED WITH EXPLANATORY HEADER EXPLAN.                 LIV00330
C  4.  HEXADECIMAL FORMAT (4Z20) USED IN ALPHA/BETA FILES 1 AND 2.        LIV00340
C                                                                 LIV00350
C-----LIV00360
C
C  DOUBLE PRECISION  ALPHA(3000),BETA(3001)                                LIV00380
C  DOUBLE PRECISION  V1(3001),V2(3000),VS(3000)                           LIV00390
C  DOUBLE PRECISION  LB(20),UB(20)                                         LIV00400
C  DOUBLE PRECISION  BTOL,GAPTOL,TTOL,MACHEP,EPSM,SHIFT,SHIFT0,RELTOLLIV00410
C  DOUBLE PRECISION  SCALE1,SCALE2,SCALE3,SCALE4,BISTOL,CONTOL,MULTOLLIV00420
C  DOUBLE PRECISION  ONE,ZERO,TEMP,TKMAX,BETAM,BKMIN,TO,T1,S0              LIV00430
C  REAL  G(3000),GG(3000),EXPLAN(20)                                       LIV00440
C  INTEGER  MP(3000),NMEV(20)                                              LIV00450
C  INTEGER  SVSEED,RHSEED,SVSOLD                                           LIV00460

```



```

      IPR0J = 0
C-----LIV01020
C      READ USER-SPECIFIED PARAMETERS FROM INPUT FILE 5 (FREE FORMAT)
C      LIV01030
C      LIV01040
C      LIV01050
C      READ USER-PROVIDED HEADER FOR RUN
C      LIV01060
C      READ(5,20) EXPLAN
C      LIV01070
C      WRITE(6,20) EXPLAN
C      LIV01080
C      READ(5,20) EXPLAN
C      LIV01090
C      WRITE(6,20) EXPLAN
C      LIV01100
C      20 FORMAT(20A4)
C      LIV01110
C      LIV01120
C      READ ORDER OF MATRICES (N) , MAXIMUM ORDER OF T-MATRIX (KMAX),
C      LIV01130
C      NUMBER OF T-MATRICES ALLOWED (NMEVS), AND MATRIX IDENTIFICATION
C      LIV01140
C      NUMBERS (MATNO), SHIFT APPLIED TO MATRIX (SHIFT) AND
C      LIV01150
C      SCALE (S0).
C      LIV01160
C      READ(5,20) EXPLAN
C      LIV01170
C      READ(5,*) N,KMAX,NMEVS,MATNO,S0,SHIFT
C      LIV01180
C      LIV01190
C      READ SEEDS FOR LANCZS AND INVERR SUBROUTINES (SVSEED AND RHSEED)
C      LIV01200
C      READ MAXIMUM NUMBER OF ITERATIONS ALLOWED FOR EACH INVERSE
C      LIV01210
C      ITERATION (MXINIT) AND MAXIMUM NUMBER OF STURM SEQUENCES
C      LIV01220
C      ALLOWED (MXSTUR)
C      LIV01230
C      READ(5,20) EXPLAN
C      LIV01240
C      READ(5,*) SVSEED,RHSEED,MXINIT,MXSTUR
C      LIV01250
C      LIV01260
C      ISTART = (0,1): ISTART = 0 MEANS ALPHA/BETA FILE IS NOT
C      LIV01270
C      AVAILABLE. ISTART = 1 MEANS ALPHA/BETA FILE IS AVAILABLE ON
C      LIV01280
C      FILE 2.
C      LIV01290
C      ISTOP = (0,1): ISTOP = 0 MEANS PROCEDURE GENERATES ALPHA/BETA
C      LIV01300
C      FILE AND THEN TERMINATES. ISTOP = 1 MEANS PROCEDURE GENERATES
C      LIV01310
C      ALPHAS/BETAS IF NEEDED AND THEN COMPUTES EIGENVALUES AND ERROR
C      LIV01320
C      ESTIMATES AND THEN TERMINATES.
C      LIV01330
C      READ(5,20) EXPLAN
C      LIV01340
C      READ(5,*) ISTART,ISTOP
C      LIV01350
C      LIV01360
C      ITHIS = (0,1): ITHIS = 0 MEANS ALPHA/BETA FILE IS NOT WRITTEN
C      LIV01370
C      TO FILE 1. ITHIS = 1 MEANS ALPHA/BETA FILE IS WRITTEN TO FILE 1.
C      LIV01380
C      IDIST = (0,1): IDIST = 0 MEANS DISTINCT T-EIGENVALUES
C      LIV01390
C      ARE NOT WRITTEN TO FILE 11. IDIST = 1 MEANS DISTINCT
C      LIV01400
C      T-EIGENVALUES ARE WRITTEN TO FILE 11.
C      LIV01410
C      IWRITE = (0,1): IWRITE = 0 MEANS NO INTERMEDIATE OUTPUT
C      LIV01420
C      FROM THE COMPUTATIONS IS WRITTEN TO FILE 6. IWRITE = 1 MEANS
C      LIV01430
C      T-EIGENVALUES AND ERROR ESTIMATES ARE WRITTEN TO FILE 6
C      LIV01440
C      AS THEY ARE COMPUTED.
C      LIV01450
C      READ(5,20) EXPLAN
C      LIV01460
C      READ(5,*) ITHIS,IDIST,IWRITE
C      LIV01470
C      LIV01480
C      READ IN THE RELATIVE TOLERANCE (RELTOL) FOR USE IN THE
C      LIV01490
C      SPURIOUS, T-MULTIPLICITY, AND PRTESTS.
C      LIV01500
C      READ(5,20) EXPLAN
C      LIV01510
C      READ(5,*) RELTOL
C      LIV01520
C      LIV01530
C      READ IN THE SIZES OF THE T-MATRICES TO BE CONSIDERED.
C      LIV01540
C      READ(5,20) EXPLAN
C      LIV01550
C      READ(5,*) (NMEV(J), J=1,NMEVS)
C      LIV01560

```

```

C                                                    LIV01570
C  READ IN THE NUMBER OF SUBINTERVALS TO BE CONSIDERED.  LIV01580
C  READ(5,20) EXPLAN  LIV01590
C  READ(5,*) NINT  LIV01600
C                                                    LIV01610
C  READ IN THE LEFT-END POINTS OF THE SUBINTERVALS TO BE CONSIDERED. LIV01620
C  THESE MUST BE IN ALGEBRAICALLY-INCREASING ORDER  LIV01630
C  READ(5,20) EXPLAN  LIV01640
C  READ(5,*) (LB(J), J=1,NINT)  LIV01650
C                                                    LIV01660
C  READ IN THE RIGHT-END POINTS OF THE SUBINTERVALS TO BE CONSIDERED. LIV01670
C  THESE MUST BE IN ALGEBRAICALLY-INCREASING ORDER  LIV01680
C  READ(5,20) EXPLAN  LIV01690
C  READ(5,*) (UB(J), J=1,NINT)  LIV01700
C                                                    LIV01710
C-----LIV01720
C  INITIALIZE THE ARRAYS FOR THE FACTORIZATION OF THE ASSOCIATED  LIV01730
C  SCALED, SHIFTED AND PERMUTED VERSION OF THE A-MATRIX.  LIV01740
C  THE STORAGE LOCATIONS OF THESE ARRAYS ARE PASSED TO THE BSOLV  LIV01750
C  SUBROUTINE WHICH WILL BE CALLED FROM LANCZS FOR THE T-MATRIX  LIV01760
C  GENERATION.  LIV01770
C                                                    LIV01780
C  CALL USPEC(N,MATNO)  LIV01790
C                                                    LIV01800
C-----LIV01810
C                                                    LIV01820
C  MASKS UNDERFLOW AND OVERFLOW, USER MUST SUPPLY OR COMMENT OUT.  LIV01830
C  CALL MASK  LIV01840
C                                                    LIV01850
C-----LIV01860
C                                                    LIV01870
C  WRITE TO FILE 6, A SUMMARY OF THE PARAMETERS FOR THIS RUN  LIV01880
C                                                    LIV01890
C  WRITE(6,30) MATNO,N,KMAX,SHIFT,S0  LIV01900
30 FORMAT(/3X,'MATRIX ID',4X,'ORDER OF A',4X,'MAX ORDER OF T'//  LIV01910
1 I12,I14,I18//8X,' SHIFT',8X,'SCALE'/2E15.6//  LIV01920
1 ' C = SCALE*A + SHIFT*I ' /  LIV01930
1 ' B = P*C*P-TRANSPOSE WHERE P IS A REORDERING OF C' /  LIV01940
1 ' LANCZOS PROCEDURE USES THE FACTORIZATION OF B' /)  LIV01950
C                                                    LIV01960
C  WRITE(6,40) ISTART,ISTOP  LIV01970
40 FORMAT(/2X,'ISTART',3X,'ISTOP'/2I8/)  LIV01980
C                                                    LIV01990
C  WRITE(6,50) IHIS,IDIST,IWRITE  LIV02000
50 FORMAT(/4X,'IHIS',3X,'IDIST',2X,'IWRITE'/3I8/)  LIV02010
C                                                    LIV02020
C  WRITE(6,60) SVSEED,RHSEED  LIV02030
60 FORMAT(/' SEEDS FOR RANDOM NUMBER GENERATOR'//  LIV02040
1 4X,'LANCZS SEED',4X,'INVERR SEED'/2I15/)  LIV02050
C                                                    LIV02060
C  WRITE(6,70) (NMEV(J), J=1,NMEVS)  LIV02070
70 FORMAT(/' SIZES OF T-MATRICES TO BE CONSIDERED'/(6I12))  LIV02080
C                                                    LIV02090
C  WRITE(6,80) RELTOL,GAPTOL,BTOL  LIV02100
80 FORMAT(/' RELATIVE TOLERANCE USED TO COMBINE COMPUTED T-EIGENVALUE  LIV02110

```



```

C                                                    LIV02670
      IF(IHIS.EQ.0.AND.ISTOP.GT.0) GO TO 170          LIV02680
C                                                    LIV02690
      WRITE(1,160) KMAX,N,SVSEED,MATNO,SHIFT          LIV02700
160  FORMAT(2I6,I12,I8,E13.4,' = KMAX,N,SVSEED,MATNO,SHIFT') LIV02710
C                                                    LIV02720
      WRITE(1,130) (ALPHA(I), I=1,KMAX)              LIV02730
      WRITE(1,130) (BETA(I), I=1,KMAX1)              LIV02740
C                                                    LIV02750
      WRITE(1,130) (V1(I), I=1,N)                   LIV02760
      WRITE(1,130) (V2(I), I=1,N)                   LIV02770
C                                                    LIV02780
      IF (ISTOP.EQ.0) GO TO 600                      LIV02790
C                                                    LIV02800
170  CONTINUE                                         LIV02810
      KMAX1 = KMAX + 1                               LIV02820
      BKMIN = BTOL                                   LIV02830
C                                                    LIV02840
      WRITE(6,180)                                    LIV02850
180  FORMAT(/' T-MATRICES (ALPHA AND BETA) ARE NOW AVAILABLE'/) LIV02860
C                                                    LIV02870
C-----LIV02880
C  SUBROUTINE TNORM CHECKS MIN(BETA)/(ESTIMATED NORM(A)) > BTOL . LIV02890
C  IF THIS IS VIOLATED IB IS SET EQUAL TO THE NEGATIVE OF THE INDEX LIV02900
C  OF THE MINIMAL BETA. IF(IB < 0) THEN SUBROUTINE TNORM IS LIV02910
C  CALLED FOR EACH VALUE OF MEV TO DETERMINE WHETHER OR NOT THERE LIV02920
C  IS A BETA IN THE T-MATRIX SPECIFIED THAT VIOLATES THIS TEST. LIV02930
C  IF THERE IS SUCH A BETA THE PROGRAM TERMINATES FOR THE USER LIV02940
C  TO DECIDE WHAT TO DO. THIS TEST CAN BE OVER-RIDDEN BY LIV02950
C  SIMPLY MAKING BTOL SMALLER, BUT THEN THERE IS THE POSSIBILITY LIV02960
C  THAT LOSSES IN THE LOCAL ORTHOGONALITY MAY HURT THE COMPUTATIONS. LIV02970
C  BTOL = 1.D-8 IS HOWEVER A CONSERVATIVE CHOICE FOR BTOL. LIV02980
C                                                    LIV02990
C  TNORM ALSO COMPUTES TKMAX = MAX(|ALPHA(K)|,BETA(K), K=1,KMAX). LIV03000
C  TKMAX IS USED TO SCALE THE TOLERANCES USED IN THE LIV03010
C  T-MULTIPLICITY AND SPURIOUS TESTS IN BISEC. TKMAX IS ALSO USED IN LIV03020
C  THE PROJECTION TEST FOR HIDDEN EIGENVALUES THAT HAD 'TOO SMALL' LIV03030
C  A PROJECTION ON THE STARTING VECTOR. LIV03040
C                                                    LIV03050
      CALL TNORM(ALPHA,BETA,BKMIN,TKMAX,KMAX,IB)      LIV03060
C                                                    LIV03070
C-----LIV03080
      TTOL = EPSM*TKMAX                               LIV03090
C                                                    LIV03100
C  LOOP ON THE SIZE OF THE T-MATRIX                  LIV03110
190  CONTINUE                                         LIV03120
      MMB = MMB + 1                                  LIV03130
      MEV = NMEV(MMB)                                LIV03140
C  IS MEV TOO LARGE ? LIV03150
      IF(MEV.LE.KMAX) GO TO 210                      LIV03160
C                                                    LIV03170
      WRITE(6,200) MMB, MEV, KMAX                    LIV03180
200  FORMAT(/' TERMINATE PRIOR TO CONSIDERING THE',I6,'TH T-MATRIX'/ LIV03190
      1' BECAUSE THE SIZE REQUESTED',I6,' IS GREATER THAN THE MAXIMUM SIZELIV03200
      1E ALLOWED',I6/)                               LIV03210

```



```

C                                                    LIV05420
      IF(TEMP.LE.1.D-10) GO TO 410                    LIV05430
C      ERROR ESTIMATE WAS NOT SMALL REJECT RELABELLING OF THIS    LIV05440
C      T-EIGENVALUE                                           LIV05450
      IF(IDIST.EQ.1) WRITE(11,400) J,TO,TEMP          LIV05460
400  FORMAT(/' LAST COMPONENT FOR',I6,'TH T-EIGENVALUE',E20.12/' IS TOO LIV05470
      1  LARGE = ',E15.6,' SO DO NOT ACCEPT PRTEST RELABELLING'/) LIV05480
      MP(J) = 0                                           LIV05490
      IPROJ = IPROJ - 1                                   LIV05500
      GO TO 420                                           LIV05510
C      RELABELLING ACCEPTED                                   LIV05520
410  NISOM = NISOM + 1                                   LIV05530
      G(NISOM) = BETAM*TEMP                             LIV05540
420  CONTINUE                                           LIV05550
      IWRITE = IWRITO                                    LIV05560
C                                                    LIV05570
      IF(IPROJ.EQ.0) GO TO 460                          LIV05580
      WRITE(6,430) IPROJ                                LIV05590
430  FORMAT(/I6,' T-EIGENVALUES WERE RECLASSIFIED AS GOOD.'/    LIV05600
      1' THESE ARE IDENTIFIED IN FILE 3 BY A T-MULTIPLICITY OF -10'/' USE LIV05610
      2R SHOULD INSPECT EACH TO MAKE SURE NEIGHBORS HAVE CONVERGED'/) LIV05620
C                                                    LIV05630
      IF(IDIST.EQ.1) WRITE(11,440) IPROJ              LIV05640
440  FORMAT(/I6,' T-EIGENVALUES WERE RELABELLED AS GOOD'/'    LIV05650
      1' BELOW IS CORRECTED T-MULTIPLICITY PATTERN'/)        LIV05660
C                                                    LIV05670
      WRITE(6,450) NDIS, (MP(I), I=1,NDIS)            LIV05680
      IF(IDIST.EQ.1) WRITE(11,450) NDIS, (MP(I), I=1,NDIS)    LIV05690
450  FORMAT(/I6,' = NDIS, T-MULTIPLICITIES (0 MEANS SPURIOUS)'/  LIV05700
      1 6X, ' (-10) MEANS SPURIOUS T-EIGENVALUE RELABELLED AS GOOD'/(20I4 LIV05710
      1))                                               LIV05720
C                                                    LIV05730
C      RECALCULATE MINGAPS FOR DISTINCT T(1,MEV) EIGENVALUES.    LIV05740
460  NM1 = NDIS - 1                                       LIV05750
      G(NDIS) = VS(NM1)-VS(NDIS)                       LIV05760
      G(1) = VS(2)-VS(1)                                LIV05770
C                                                    LIV05780
      DO 470 J = 2,NM1                                   LIV05790
      TO = VS(J)-VS(J-1)                                LIV05800
      T1 = VS(J+1)-VS(J)                                LIV05810
      G(J) = T1                                           LIV05820
      IF (TO.LT.T1) G(J) = -TO                           LIV05830
470  CONTINUE                                           LIV05840
      IF(IPROJ.EQ.0) GO TO 500                          LIV05850
C      WRITE TO FILE 4 ERROR ESTIMATES FOR THOSE T-EIGENVALUES RELABELLED LIV05860
      NGOOD = 0                                           LIV05870
      DO 480 J = 1,NDIS                                  LIV05880
      IF(MP(J).EQ.0) GO TO 480                          LIV05890
      NGOOD = NGOOD + 1                                  LIV05900
      IF(MP(J).NE.ITEN) GO TO 480                      LIV05910
      TO = VS(J)                                          LIV05920
      NISO = NISO + 1                                    LIV05930
      NISOM = MEV + NISO                                 LIV05940
      WRITE(4,490) NGOOD,TO,G(NISOM),G(J)              LIV05950
480  CONTINUE                                           LIV05960

```

```

490 FORMAT(I10,E25.16,2E14.3)                                LIV05970
C                                                            LIV05980
500 CONTINUE                                                LIV05990
C                                                            LIV06000
C    WRITE THE GOOD T-EIGENVALUES TO FILE 3.  FIRST TRANSFER THEM LIV06010
C    TO V2 AND THEIR T-MULTIPLICITIES TO THE CORRESPONDING POSITIONS LIV06020
C    IN MP AND COMPUTE THE A-MINGAPS, THE MINIMAL GAPS BETWEEN THE LIV06030
C    GOOD T-EIGENVALUES.  THESE GAPS WILL BE PUT IN THE ARRAY G.    LIV06040
C    SINCE G CURRENTLY CONTAINS THE MINIMAL GAPS BETWEEN THE DISTINCT LIV06050
C    EIGENVALUES OF THE T-MATRIX, THESE GAPS WILL FIRST BE        LIV06060
C    TRANSFERRED TO V1.  NOTE THAT V1<0 MEANS THAT THAT MINIMAL GAP LIV06070
C    IN THE T-MATRIX IS DUE TO A SPURIOUS T-EIGENVALUE.          LIV06080
C    ALL THIS INFORMATION IS PRINTED TO FILE 3                    LIV06090
C                                                            LIV06100
510 CONTINUE                                                LIV06110
    NG = 0                                                    LIV06120
    DO 520 I = 1,NDIS                                         LIV06130
    IF (MP(I).EQ.0) GO TO 520                                  LIV06140
    NG = NG+1                                                  LIV06150
    MP(NG) = MP(I)                                             LIV06160
    V2(NG) = VS(I)                                             LIV06170
    TEMP = G(I)                                                LIV06180
    TEMP = DABS(TEMP)                                           LIV06190
    J = I+1                                                    LIV06200
    IF (G(I).LT.ZERO) J = I-1                                  LIV06210
    IF (MP(J).EQ.0) TEMP = -TEMP                               LIV06220
    V1(NG) = TEMP                                              LIV06230
520 CONTINUE                                                LIV06240
C                                                            LIV06250
    WRITE(6,530)MEV                                           LIV06260
530 FORMAT(// ' T-EIGENVALUE CALCULATION AT MEV = ',I6,' IS COMPLETE' /LIV06270
1)                                                            LIV06280
C                                                            LIV06290
C    NG = NUMBER OF COMPUTED DISTINCT GOOD T-EIGENVALUES.  NEXT LIV06300
C    GENERATE GAPS BETWEEN GOOD T-EIGENVALUES (BIMINGAPS) AND PUT THEM LIV06310
C    G.  G(J) < 0 MEANS THE MINIMAL GAP IS DUE TO THE LEFT-HAND GAP. LIV06320
C                                                            LIV06330
C    GG(J) = BIMINGAP FOR EIGENVALUES OF B-INVERSE MATRIX.     LIV06340
C    NGM1 = NG - 1                                             LIV06350
C    GG(NG) = V2(NGM1)-V2(NG)                                  LIV06360
C    GG(1) = V2(2)-V2(1)                                       LIV06370
C                                                            LIV06380
C    DO 540 J = 2,NGM1                                         LIV06390
C    T0 = V2(J)-V2(J-1)                                         LIV06400
C    T1 = V2(J+1)-V2(J)                                         LIV06410
C    GG(J) = T1                                                 LIV06420
C    IF (T0.LT.T1) GG(J) = -T0                                  LIV06430
540 CONTINUE                                                LIV06440
C                                                            LIV06450
C    WRITE GOOD BI EIGENVALUES TO FILE 3.                      LIV06460
C    WRITE(3,550)NG,NDIS,MEV,N,SVSEED,MATNO,MULTOL,IB,BTOL,SHIFT LIV06470
550 FORMAT(4I6,I12,I8, ' = NG,NDIS,MEV,N,SVSEED,MATNO' /LIV06480
1 E20.12,I6,2E10.3, ' = MULTOL,I(MINBETA),BTOL,SHIFT')      LIV06490
C                                                            LIV06500
C    CALCULATE EIGENVALUES OF ORIGINAL INPUT MATRIX CORRESPONDING LIV06510

```

```

C      TO COMPUTED GOOD T-EIGENVALUES.                                LIV06520
      TEMP = -ONE/SO                                                  LIV06530
      DO 560 K = 1,NG                                                  LIV06540
      VS(K) = (SHIFT - (ONE/V2(K)))*TEMP                               LIV06550
560 CONTINUE                                                            LIV06560
C      NGM1 = NG - 1                                                  LIV06570
      G(NG) = DABS(VS(NGM1)-VS(NG))                                    LIV06580
      G(1) = DABS(VS(2)-VS(1))                                         LIV06590
C      DO 570 J = 2,NGM1                                              LIV06600
      T0 = DABS(VS(J)-VS(J-1))                                         LIV06610
      T1 = DABS(VS(J+1)-VS(J))                                         LIV06620
      G(J) = T1                                                         LIV06630
      IF (T0.LT.T1) G(J)=-T0                                           LIV06640
570 CONTINUE                                                            LIV06650
C      WRITE(3,580)                                                  LIV06660
800 FORMAT(' EVNO',1X,'TMULT',20X,'EVBI',5X,'BIGAP',6X,'AGAP',6X,    LIV06670
      1'TGAP',12X,'EVA')                                               LIV06680
C      WRITE(3,590)(I,MP(I),V2(I),GG(I),G(I),V1(I),VS(I), I=1,NG)    LIV06690
590 FORMAT(2I5,E25.16,3E10.3,E15.8)                                   LIV06700
C      IF CONVERGENCE FLAG ICONV.NE.1 AND NUMBER OF T-MATRICES       LIV06710
C      CONSIDERED TO DATE IS LESS THAN NUMBER ALLOWED, INCREMENT MEV. LIV06720
C      AND LOOP BACK TO 210 TO REPEAT COMPUTATIONS. RESTORE BETA(MEV+1).LIV06730
C      BETA(MP1) = BETAM                                              LIV06740
      IF (MMB.LT.NMEVS.AND.ICONV.NE.1) GO TO 190                      LIV06750
C      END OF LOOP ON DIFFERENT SIZE T-MATRICES ALLOWED.             LIV06760
600 CONTINUE                                                            LIV06770
C      IF(ISTOP.EQ.0) WRITE(6,610)                                    LIV06780
610 FORMAT('/' T-MATRICES (ALPHA AND BETA) ARE NOW AVAILABLE, TERMINATE LIV06790
      1')                                                                LIV06800
      IF (IHIS.EQ.1.AND.KMAX.NE.MOLD) WRITE(1,620)                    LIV06810
620 FORMAT('/' ABOVE ARE THE FOLLOWING VECTORS '/'                     LIV06820
      1 ' ALPHA(I), I = 1,KMAX'/'                                       LIV06830
      2 ' BETA(I), I = 1,KMAX+1'/'                                       LIV06840
      3 ' FINAL TWO LANCZOS VECTORS OF ORDER N FOR I = KMAX,KMAX+1'/'   LIV06850
      4 ' ALL VECTORS IN THIS FILE HAVE HEX FORMAT 4Z20'/'             LIV06860
      5 ' ----- END OF FILE 1 NEW ALPHA, BETA HISTORY-----'///)    LIV06870
C      IF (ISTOP.EQ.0) GO TO 700                                       LIV06880
C      WRITE(3,630)                                                    LIV06890
630 FORMAT('/' ABOVE ARE COMPUTED GOOD T-EIGENVALUES'/'               LIV06900
      1 ' NG = NUMBER OF GOOD T-EIGENVALUES COMPUTED'/'                 LIV06910
      2 ' NDIS = NUMBER OF COMPUTED DISTINCT EIGENVALUES OF T(1,MEV)'/' LIV06920
      3 ' N = ORDER OF A, MATNO = MATRIX IDENT'/'                       LIV06930
      3 ' THERE ARE TWO SETS OF EIGENVALUES, THOSE FOR A AND THOSE FOR'/' LIV06940
      3 ' B-INVERSE WHERE C=S0*A + SHIFT*I, B = P*C*P-TRANS = L*L-TRANS'/'LIV06950
      3 ' THE LANCZOS RECURSIONS ARE APPLIED TO B-INVERSE, USING L'/'  LIV06960
      3 ' IF EVBI IS A GOOD EIGENVALUE OF B-INVERSE, THEN EVA IS A'/'   LIV06970

```

```

3 ' GOOD EIGENVALUE OF A WHERE EVA = (SHIFT-ONE/EVBI)(-ONE/SO)'/ LIV07070
4 ' MULTOL = T-MULTIPLICITY TOLERANCE FOR T-EIGENVALUES IN BISEC'/ LIV07080
4 ' TMULT IS THE T-MULTIPLICITY OF GOOD T-EIGENVALUE'/ LIV07090
5 ' TMULT = -1 MEANS SPURIOUS T-EIGENVALUE TOO CLOSE'/ LIV07100
6 ' DO NOT COMPUTE ERROR ESTIMATES FOR SUCH EIGENVALUES'/ LIV07110
7 ' AMINGAP = MINIMAL GAP BETWEEN THE COMPUTED A-EIGENVALUES'/ LIV07120
8 ' AMINGAP .LT. 0. MEANS MINIMAL GAP IS DUE TO LEFT-HAND GAP'/ LIV07130
9 ' TMINGAP= MINIMAL GAP W.R.T. DISTINCT EIGENVALUES IN T(1,MEV)'/LIV07140
1 ' TMINGAP .LT. 0. MEANS MINGAP IS DUE TO SPURIOUS T-EIGENVALUE'/ LIV07150
2 ' ----- END OF FILE 3 GOODEIGENVALUES-----'///)LIV07160
C
    IF (IDIST.EQ.1) WRITE(11,640) LIV07170
640 FORMAT('/' ABOVE ARE THE DISTINCT EIGENVALUES OF T(1,MEV).')/ LIV07180
2 ' THE FORMAT IS      T-MULTIPLICITY    T-EIGENVALUE    TMINGAP'/ LIV07200
3 '      THIS FORMAT IS REPEATED TWICE ON EACH LINE.)/ LIV07210
4 ' T-MULTIPLICITY = -1 MEANS THAT THE SUBROUTINE ISOEV HAS TAGGED' LIV07220
5 '/' THIS SIMPLE T-EIGENVALUE AS HAVING A VERY CLOSE SPURIOUS'/ LIV07230
6 ' T-EIGENVALUE SO THAT NO ERROR ESTIMATE WILL BE COMPUTED'/ LIV07240
7 ' FOR THAT EIGENVALUE IN SUBROUTINE INVERR.)/ LIV07250
8 ' TMINGAP .LT. 0, TMINGAP IS DUE TO LEFT GAP .GT. 0, RIGHT GAP.)/LIV07260
9 ' EACH OF THE DISTINCT T-EIGENVALUE TABLES IS FOLLOWED'/ LIV07270
9 ' BY THE T-MULTIPLICITY PATTERN.)/ LIV07280
1 ' NDIS = NUMBER OF COMPUTED DISTINCT EIGENVALUES OF T(1,MEV).)/ LIV07290
2 ' NG = NUMBER OF GOOD T-EIGENVALUES. )/ LIV07300
3 ' NISO = NUMBER OF ISOLATED GOOD T-EIGENVALUES. )/ LIV07310
4 ' NISO ALSO IS THE COUNT OF +1 ENTRIES IN T-MULTIPLICITY PATTERN.LIV07320
5 '/' ----- END OF FILE 11 DISTINCT T-EIGENVALUES-----'///LIV07330
6) LIV07340
C
    IF(NIOS.NE.0) WRITE(4,650) LIV07360
650 FORMAT('/' ABOVE ARE THE ERROR ESTIMATES OBTAINED FOR THE ISOLATED LIV07370
1GOOD T-EIGENVALUES'/ LIV07380
1' OBTAINED VIA INVERSE ITERATION IN THE SUBROUTINE INVERR.)/ LIV07390
1' ALL OTHER GOOD T-EIGENVALUES HAVE CONVERGED.)/ LIV07400
2' ERROR ESTIMATE = BETAM*ABS(UM)'/ LIV07410
2' WHERE BETAM = BETA(MEV+1) AND UM = U(MEV).)/ LIV07420
3' U = UNIT EIGENVECTOR OF T WHERE T*U = EV*U AND EV = ISOLATED GOOLIV07430
3D T-EIGENVALUE.)/ LIV07440
4' TMINGAP = GAP TO NEAREST DISTINCT EIGENVALUE OF T(1,MEV).)/ LIV07450
5' TMINGAP .LT. 0. MEANS MINGAP IS DUE TO LEFT NEIGHBOR'/ LIV07460
6' ERROR ESTIMATE L.T. 0 MEANS INVERSE ITERATION DID NOT CONVERGE'/LIV07470
7' ----- END OF FILE 4 ERRINV -----'///) LIV07480
GO TO 700 LIV07490
C
660 CONTINUE LIV07500
C
    IBB = IABS(IBMEV) LIV07530
    IF (IBMEV.LT.0) WRITE(6,670) MEV,IBB,BETA(IBB) LIV07540
670 FORMAT('/' PROGRAM TERMINATES BECAUSE MEV REQUESTED = ',I6,' IS .GTLIV07550
1',I6/' AT WHICH AN ABNORMALLY SMALL BETA = ' , E13.4,' OCCURRED')/LIV07560
GO TO 700 LIV07570
C
680 IF (NDIS.EQ.0.AND.ISTOP.GT.0) WRITE(6,690) LIV07580
690 FORMAT('/' INTERVALS SPECIFIED FOR BISECT DID NOT CONTAIN ANY T-EIGLIV07600
1ENVALUES'/ PROGRAM TERMINATES') LIV07610

```

C		LIV07620
	700 CONTINUE	LIV07630
C		LIV07640
	STOP	LIV07650
C-----	END OF LIVAL (INVERSES OF REAL SYMMETRIC MATRICES)-----	LIV07660
	END	LIV07670

4.3 LIVEC: Main Program, Eigenvector Computations

```

C-----LIVEC (EIGENVECTORS OF INVERSES OF REAL SYMMETRIC MATRICES)-----LIV00010
C  Authors:  Jane Cullum and Ralph A. Willoughby (deceased)          LIV00020
C              Los Alamos National Laboratory                        LIV00030
C              Los Alamos, New Mexico 87544                        LIV00040
C                                                                    LIV00050
C              E-mail:  cullumj@lanl.gov                            LIV00060
C                                                                    LIV00070
C  These codes are copyrighted by the authors.  These codes        LIV00080
C  and modifications of them or portions of them are NOT to be     LIV00090
C  incorporated into any commercial codes or used for any other    LIV00100
C  commercial purposes such as consulting for other companies,      LIV00110
C  without legal agreements with the authors of these Codes.       LIV00120
C  If these Codes or portions of them are used in other scientific or LIV00130
C  engineering research works the names of the authors of these codes LIV00140
C  and appropriate references to their written work are to be       LIV00150
C  incorporated in the derivative works.                             LIV00160
C                                                                    LIV00170
C  This header is not to be removed from these codes.              LIV00180
C                                                                    LIV00190
C      REFERENCE: Cullum and Willoughby, Chapters 1,2,3,4            LIV00191
C      Lanczos Algorithms for Large Symmetric Eigenvalue Computations LIV00192
C      VOL. 1 Theory. Republished as Volume 41 in SIAM CLASSICS in  LIV00193
C      Applied Mathematics, 2002. SIAM Publications,                LIV00194
C      Philadelphia, PA. USA                                         LIV00195
C                                                                    LIV00200
C  CONTAINS MAIN PROGRAM FOR COMPUTING AN EIGENVECTOR CORRESPONDING LIV00210
C  TO EACH OF A SET OF EIGENVALUES WHICH HAVE BEEN COMPUTED        LIV00220
C  ACCURATELY BY THE CORRESPONDING LANCZOS EIGENVALUE PROGRAM       LIV00230
C  (LIVAL) FOR FACTORED INVERSES OF REAL, SYMMETRIC MATRICES.      LIV00240
C  THIS PROGRAM COULD BE MODIFIED TO COMPUTE ADDITIONAL EIGENVECTORS LIV00250
C  FOR ANY EIGENVALUES WHICH ARE MULTIPLE EIGENVALUES OF THE       LIV00260
C  A-MATRIX.  THE AMOUNT OF ADDITIONAL COMPUTATION REQUIRED BY      LIV00270
C  SUCH A MODIFICATION DEPENDS UPON THE GIVEN A-MATRIX AND UPON   LIV00280
C  WHICH PORTION OF THE SPECTRUM IS INVOLVED.                       LIV00290
C                                                                    LIV00300
C  THESE LANCZOS EIGENVECTOR COMPUTATIONS ASSUME THAT EACH         LIV00310
C  EIGENVALUE THAT IS BEING CONSIDERED HAS CONVERGED AS AN         LIV00320
C  EIGENVALUE OF THE LANCZOS TRIDIAGONAL MATRICES.                 LIV00330
C                                                                    LIV00340
C  PFORT VERIFIER IDENTIFIED THE FOLLOWING NONPORTABLE             LIV00350
C  CONSTRUCTIONS                                                    LIV00360
C                                                                    LIV00370
C  1.  DATA/MACHEP/ STATEMENT                                     LIV00380
C  2.  ALL READ(5,*) STATEMENTS (FREE FORMAT)                     LIV00390
C  3.  FORMAT(20A4) USED WITH THE EXPLANATORY HEADER, EXPLAN      LIV00400
C  4.  HEXADECIMAL FORMAT (4Z20) USED FOR ALPHA/BETA FILES 1 AND 2. LIV00410
C                                                                    LIV00420
C  IMPORTANT NOTE:  PROGRAM ALLOWS ENLARGEMENT OF THE ALPHA, BETA  LIV00430
C  ARRAYS.  IN PARTICULAR, IF ANY ONE OF THE EIGENVALUES SUPPLIED LIV00440
C  IS T-SIMPLE AND NOT CLOSE TO A SPURIOUS EIGENVALUE, THE PROGRAM LIV00450
C  REQUIRES THAT KMAX BE AT LEAST 11*MEV/8 + 12.  IF KMAX IS NOT   LIV00460

```

```

C      THIS LARGE, THEN THE PROGRAM RESETS KMAX TO THIS SIZE          LIV00470
C      AND EXTENDS THE ALPHA, BETA HISTORY IF REQUIRED.                 LIV00480
C      THUS, THE DIMENSIONS OF THE ALPHA AND BETA ARRAYS MUST BE     LIV00490
C      LARGE ENOUGH TO ALLOW FOR THIS POSSIBILITY.                   LIV00500
C      REMEMBER THAT THE BETA ARRAY, BETA(J), IS SUCH THAT           LIV00510
C      J = 1,..., KMAX+1, SO IF THE KMAX USED BY THE PROGRAM         LIV00520
C      IS TO BE 3000, THEN BETA MUST BE OF LENGTH AT LEAST 3001.     LIV00530
C                                                                      LIV00540
C-----LIV00550
      DOUBLE PRECISION  ALPHA(1000),BETA(1001)                       LIV00560
      DOUBLE PRECISION  V1(2200),V2(2200),VS(2200)                  LIV00570
      DOUBLE PRECISION  RITVEC(40000),TVEC(5000)                    LIV00580
      DOUBLE PRECISION  GOODA(50),GOODBI(50),EVNEW(50),TLAST(50)     LIV00590
      DOUBLE PRECISION  EVAL,EVALN,TOLN,TTOL,ERTOL,ALFA,BATA         LIV00600
      DOUBLE PRECISION  MULTOL,SCALE0,STUTOL,BTOL,LB,UB,SO,RNORME    LIV00610
      DOUBLE PRECISION  ONE,ZERO,MACHEP,EPSM,TEMP,SUM,SHIFT,SHIFT0   LIV00620
      DOUBLE PRECISION  RELTOL,ERROR,TERROR,BKMIN,ERRMIN            LIV00630
      REAL G(5000),AMINGP(50),TMINGP(50),BIERR(50),BIEVER(50),BIERRG(50) LIV00640
      REAL TERR(50),RNORM(50),TBETA(50),BIMING(50)                  LIV00650
      REAL EXPLAN(20)                                              LIV00660
      INTEGER  MP(50),IDELTA(50)                                    LIV00670
      INTEGER  M1(50),M2(50),MA(50),ML(50),MINT(50),MFIN(50)        LIV00680
      INTEGER  SVSEED,SVSOLD,RHSEED                                  LIV00690
      INTEGER  MBOUND,NTVCON,SVTVEC,TVSTOP,LVCONT,ERCONT,TFLAG       LIV00700
      DOUBLE PRECISION  FINPRO                                       LIV00710
      DOUBLE PRECISION  DABS, DMAX1, DSQRT, DFLOAT                  LIV00720
      REAL ABS                                                       LIV00730
      INTEGER  IABS                                                  LIV00740
      EXTERNAL BSOLV                                                LIV00750
C-----LIV00760
      DATA MACHEP/Z34100000000000000/                             LIV00770
      EPSM = 2.DO*MACHEP                                           LIV00780
C-----LIV00790
C      ARRAYS MUST BE DIMENSIONED AS FOLLOWS:                       LIV00800
C      1.  ALPHA:  >= KMAXN,  BETA:  >= (KMAXN+1) WHERE KMAXN, THE   LIV00810
C           LARGEST SIZE T-MATRIX CONSIDERED BY THE PROGRAM,         LIV00820
C           IS THE LARGER OF THE SIZE OF THE ALPHA, BETA HISTORY     LIV00830
C           PROVIDED ON FILE 2 (IF ANY ) AND THE SIZE WHICH THE      LIV00840
C           PROGRAM SPECIFIES INTERNALLY, THIS LATTER IS ALWAYS      LIV00850
C           < = 11*MEV / 8  + 12, WHERE MEV IS THE SIZE              LIV00860
C           T-MATRIX THAT WAS USED IN THE CORRESPONDING EIGENVALUE  LIV00870
C           COMPUTATIONS.                                             LIV00880
C      2.  V1:  >= MAX(N,KMAX)                                       LIV00890
C      3.  V2, VS:  >= N                                             LIV00900
C      4.  G:  >= MAX(N,KMAX)                                         LIV00910
C      5.  RITVEC:  >= N*NGOOD, WHERE NGOOD IS NUMBER OF EIGENVALUES LIV00920
C           SUPPLIED TO THIS PROGRAM.                                 LIV00930
C      6.  TVEC:  >= CUMULATIVE LENGTH OF ALL THE T-EIGENVECTORS    LIV00940
C           NEEDED TO GENERATE THE DESIRED RITZ VECTORS.  AN EDUCATED LIV00950
C           GUESS AT AN APPROPRIATE LENGTH CAN BE OBTAINED BY RUNNING THE LIV00960
C           PROGRAM WITH THE FLAG MBOUND = 1 AND MULTIPLYING THE     LIV00970
C           RESULTING SIZE BY 5/4.                                    LIV00980
C      7.  GOODA, GOODBI, EVNEW, AMINGP, TMINGP, TERR, RNORM,         LIV00990
C           TBETA, TLAST, BIERR, BIERRG, MP, MA, M1, M2, MINT,        LIV01000
C           MFIN AND IDELTA MUST BE OF DIMENSION AT LEAST NGOOD.     LIV01010

```

```

C                                                    LIV01020
C-----
C      OUTPUT HEADER                                LIV01030
C      WRITE(6,10)                                  LIV01040
C      10 FORMAT(/' LANCZOS PROCEDURE FOR FACTORED INVERSES OF REAL SYMMETRIC'//
C      1C MATRICES'/'      COMPUTE EIGENVECTORS'//)    LIV01050
C                                                    LIV01060
C                                                    LIV01070
C      SET PROGRAM PARAMETERS                        LIV01080
C      USER MUST NOT MODIFY SCALE0                  LIV01090
C      SCALE0 = 5.0D0                                LIV01100
C      ZERO = 0.0D0                                  LIV01110
C      ONE = 1.0D0                                    LIV01120
C      MPMIN = -1000                                 LIV01130
C      CONVERGENCE TOLERANCE FOR T-EIGENVECTORS FOR RITZ COMPUTATIONS LIV01140
C      ERTOL = 1.D-10                                LIV01150
C                                                    LIV01160
C                                                    LIV01170
C      READ USER-SPECIFIED PARAMETER FROM INPUT FILE 5 (FREE FORMAT) LIV01180
C                                                    LIV01190
C      READ USER-PROVIDED HEADER FOR RUN              LIV01200
C      READ(5,20) EXPLAN                              LIV01210
C      WRITE(6,20) EXPLAN                             LIV01220
C      20 FORMAT(20A4)                                LIV01230
C                                                    LIV01240
C      READ IN MATNO = MATRIX/RUN IDENTIFICATION NUMBER AND LIV01250
C      N = ORDER OF A-MATRIX                          LIV01260
C      READ IN SCALE (S0) AND SHIFT (SHIFT) APPLIED TO GIVEN LIV01270
C      MATRIX AND FLAG JPERM.  JPERM = (0,1):          LIV01280
C      JPERM = 1 MEANS THAT A-MATRIX HAS BEEN PERMUTED. LIV01290
C                                                    LIV01300
C      READ(5,20) EXPLAN                              LIV01310
C      READ(5,*) MATNO,N,S0,SHIFT,JPERM               LIV01320
C                                                    LIV01330
C      READ IN THE MAXIMUM PERMISSIBLE DIMENSIONS FOR THE TVEC ARRAY LIV01340
C      (MDIMTV), FOR THE RITVEC ARRAY (MDIMRV), AND FOR THE BETA LIV01350
C      ARRAY (MBETA).                                  LIV01360
C                                                    LIV01370
C      READ(5,20) EXPLAN                              LIV01380
C      READ(5,*) MDIMTV, MDIMRV, MBETA                 LIV01390
C                                                    LIV01400
C      READ IN RELATIVE TOLERANCE (RELTOL) USED IN DETERMINING LIV01410
C      APPROPRIATE SIZES FOR THE T-MATRICES USED IN THE EIGENVECTOR LIV01420
C      COMPUTATIONS                                    LIV01430
C                                                    LIV01440
C      READ(5,20) EXPLAN                              LIV01450
C      READ(5,*) RELTOL                                LIV01460
C                                                    LIV01470
C      SET FLAGS TO 0 OR 1:                            LIV01480
C      MBOUND = 1:  PROGRAM TERMINATES AFTER COMPUTING 1ST GUESSES LIV01490
C                  ON APPROPRIATE T-SIZES FOR USE IN THE RITZ VECTOR LIV01500
C                  COMPUTATIONS                        LIV01510
C      NTVCON = 0:  PROGRAM TERMINATES IF THE TVEC ARRAY IS NOT LIV01520
C                  LARGE ENOUGH TO HOLD ALL THE T-EIGENVECTORS REQUIRED. LIV01530
C      SVTVEC = 0:  THE T-EIGENVECTORS ARE NOT WRITTEN TO FILE 11 LIV01540
C                  UNLESS TVSTOP = 1                  LIV01550
C      SVTVEC = 1:  WRITE THE T-EIGENVECTORS TO FILE 11. LIV01560

```



```

        WRITE(6,40) SO,SHIFT                                LIV02120
40  FORMAT(/4X,'SCALE APPLIED TO MATRIX',4X,'SHIFT APPLIED TO MATRIX'/LIV02130
    1E27.4,E27.4)                                           LIV02140
C                                                                 LIV02150
        WRITE(6,50) MBOUND,NTVCON,SVTVEC,IREAD              LIV02160
50  FORMAT(/3X,'MBOUND',3X,'NTVCON',3X,'SVTVEC',3X,'IREAD'/3I9,I8/) LIV02170
C                                                                 LIV02180
        WRITE(6,60) TVSTOP,LVCONT,ERCONT,IWRITE             LIV02190
60  FORMAT(3X,'TVSTOP',3X,'LVCONT',3X,'ERCONT',3X,'IWRITE'/4I9) LIV02200
C                                                                 LIV02210
        WRITE(6,70) MDIMTV,MDIMRV,MBETA                     LIV02220
70  FORMAT(/3X,'MDIMTV',3X,'MDIMRV',3X,'MBETA'/2I9,I8)     LIV02230
C                                                                 LIV02240
        WRITE(6,80) RELTOL,RHSEED                           LIV02250
80  FORMAT(/7X,'RELTOL',3X,'RHSEED'/E13.4,I9)               LIV02260
C                                                                 LIV02270
C  FROM FILE 3 READ IN THE NUMBER OF EIGENVALUES (NGOOD) FOR WHICH LIV02280
C  EIGENVECTORS ARE REQUESTED, THE ORDER (MEV) OF THE LANCZOS LIV02290
C  TRIDIAGONAL MATRIX USED IN COMPUTING THESE EIGENVALUES, THE LIV02300
C  ORDER (NOLD) OF THE USER-SPECIFIED MATRIX USED IN THE EIGENVALUE LIV02310
C  COMPUTATIONS, THE SEED (SVSEED) USED FOR GENERATING THE STARTING LIV02320
C  VECTOR THAT WAS USED IN THOSE LANCZOS EIGENVALUE COMPUTATIONS, LIV02330
C  AND THE MATRIX/RUN IDENTIFICATION NUMBER (MATOLD) USED IN THOSE LIV02340
C  COMPUTATIONS. ALSO READ IN THE NUMBER (NDIS) OF DISTINCT LIV02350
C  EIGENVALUES OF T(1,MEV) THAT WERE COMPUTED BUT THIS VALUE IS LIV02360
C  NOT USED IN THE EIGENVECTOR COMPUTATIONS.                 LIV02370
C                                                                 LIV02380
        READ(3,90) NGOOD,NDIS,MEV,NOLD,SVSEED,MATOLD        LIV02390
90  FORMAT(4I6,I12,I8)                                       LIV02400
C                                                                 LIV02410
C  READ IN THE MULTIPLICITY TOLERANCE USED IN THE BISEC SUBROUTINE LIV02420
C  DURING THE COMPUTATION OF THE GIVEN EIGENVALUES.          LIV02430
C  ALSO READ IN THE FLAG IB. IF IB < 0, THEN SOME BETA(I) IN THE LIV02440
C  T-MATRIX FILE PROVIDED ON FILE 2 FAILED THE ORTHOGONALITY LIV02450
C  TEST IN THE TNORM SUBROUTINE. USER SHOULD NOTE THAT THIS VECTOR LIV02460
C  PROGRAM PROCEEDS INDEPENDENTLY OF THE SIZE OF THE BETA USED. LIV02470
C                                                                 LIV02480
        READ(3,100) MULTOL,IB,BTOL,SHIFT0                    LIV02490
100 FORMAT(E20.12,I6,2E10.3)                                  LIV02500
C                                                                 LIV02510
        TEMP = DFLOAT(MEV+1000)                                LIV02520
        TTOL = MULTOL/TEMP                                     LIV02530
C                                                                 LIV02540
        WRITE(6,110) MULTOL,TTOL                              LIV02550
110 FORMAT(/' T-MULTIPLICITY TOLERANCE USED IN THE EIGENVALUE COMPUTATLIV02560
    1IONS WAS',E13.4/' SCALED MACHINE EPSILON TTOL IS',E13.4) LIV02570
C                                                                 LIV02580
C  CONTINUE WRITE TO FILE 6 OF THE PARAMETERS FOR THIS RUN LIV02590
C                                                                 LIV02600
        NG = NGOOD                                             LIV02610
        WRITE(6,120)NG,NDIS,MEV,NOLD,MATOLD,SVSEED,IB,MULTOL,BTOL,SHIFT0 LIV02620
120 FORMAT(/' EIGENVALUES ARE READ IN FROM FILE 3. THE HEADER IS'/ LIV02630
    1 4X,'NG',2X,'NDIS',3X,'MEV',2X,'NOLD',2X,'MATOLD',6X,'SVSEED'/ LIV02640
    1 4I6,I8,I12/                                             LIV02650
    1 6X,'IB',6X,'MULTOL',8X,'BTOL',6X,'SHIFT0'/'           LIV02660

```

```

      1 I8,E12.3,E12.3,E12.3/)                                LIV02670
C                                                                    LIV02680
C      IS THE ARRAY RITVEC LONG ENOUGH TO HOLD ALL OF THE DESIRED    LIV02690
C      RITZ VECTORS (APPROXIMATE EIGENVECTORS)?                      LIV02700
C                                                                    LIV02710
C      NMAX = NGOOD*N                                              LIV02720
C      IF(MBOUND.EQ.1) GO TO 130                                    LIV02730
C      IF(TVSTOP.NE.1.AND.NMAX.GT.MDIMRV) GO TO 1430               LIV02740
C                                                                    LIV02750
C      CHECK THAT THE ORDER N AND THE MATRIX IDENTIFICATION NUMBER    LIV02760
C      MATNO SPECIFIED BY THE USER AGREE WITH THOSE READ IN FROM FILE 3. LIV02770
C                                                                    LIV02780
130  ITEMP = (NOLD-N)**2+(MATOLD-MATNO)**2                      LIV02790
      IF (ITEMP.NE.0.OR.SHIFT0.NE.SHIFT) GO TO 1450               LIV02800
C                                                                    LIV02810
C      READ IN FROM FILE 3, THE T-MULTIPLICITIES OF THE EIGENVALUES    LIV02820
C      WHOSE EIGENVECTORS ARE TO BE COMPUTED, THE VALUES OF THESE    LIV02830
C      EIGENVALUES AND THEIR MINIMAL GAPS AS EIGENVALUES OF THE        LIV02840
C      USER-SPECIFIED MATRIX AND AS EIGENVALUES OF THE T-MATRIX.      LIV02850
C                                                                    LIV02860
      READ(3,20) EXPLAN                                           LIV02870
      READ(3,140) (MP(J),GOODBI(J),BIMING(J),AMINGP(J),TMINGP(J),    LIV02880
      1 J = 1,NGOOD)                                              LIV02890
140  FORMAT(5X,I5,E25.16,3E10.3)                                LIV02900
C                                                                    LIV02910
C                                                                    LIV02920
      DO 150 J=1,NGOOD                                           LIV02930
150  GOODA(J) = (ONE/GOODBI(J) - SHIFT)/SO                       LIV02940
C                                                                    LIV02950
      WRITE(6,160) (J,GOODA(J),MP(J),GOODBI(J), J=1,NGOOD)        LIV02960
160  FORMAT(/' EIGENVALUES READ IN, T-MULTIPLICITIES'/           LIV02970
      1 4X,' J ',5X,' A-EIGENVALUE',6X,'TMULT',3X,'B-INVERSE EIGENVALUE'/LIV02980
      1(I6,E25.16,I4,E25.16))                                    LIV02990
      WRITE(6,170) (J,GOODBI(J),TMINGP(J),BIMING(J), J=1,NGOOD)    LIV03000
170  FORMAT(/' B(INVERSE) EIGENVALUES READ IN, T-GAPS AND B(INVERSE)-GALIV03010
      1PS'/4X,' J ',3X,'B-INVERSE EIGENVALUE',6X,' TMINGAP ',6X,    LIV03020
      1' BIMINGAP '/(I6,E25.16,2E15.4))                          LIV03030
      WRITE(6,180) (J,GOODA(J),AMINGP(J), J=1,NGOOD)              LIV03040
180  FORMAT(/' A-EIGENVALUES READ IN AND A-GAPS'/                LIV03050
      1 4X,' J ',5X,'A-EIGENVALUE',10X,' AMINGAP '                LIV03060
      1/(I6,E25.16,E15.4))                                       LIV03070
C                                                                    LIV03080
C      READ IN ERROR ESTIMATES                                       LIV03090
C      WRITE(6,210) MEV,SVSEED                                       LIV03100
C      CHECK WHETHER OR NOT THERE ARE ANY T-ISOLATED EIGENVALUES IN    LIV03110
C      THE EIGENVALUES PROVIDED                                       LIV03120
      DO 190 J=1,NGOOD                                           LIV03130
      IF(MP(J).EQ.1) GO TO 200                                     LIV03140
190  CONTINUE                                                    LIV03150
      GO TO 230                                                    LIV03160
200  READ(4,20) EXPLAN                                           LIV03170
      READ(4,20) EXPLAN                                           LIV03180
      READ(4,20) EXPLAN                                           LIV03190
210  FORMAT(/' THESE EIGENVALUES WERE COMPUTED USING A T-MATRIX OF    LIV03200
      1ORDER ',I5/' AND SEED FOR RANDOM NUMBER GENERATOR =' ,I12)  LIV03210

```



```

C                                                    LIV04320
C-----LIV04330
C                                                    LIV04340
      CALL LANCZS(BSOLV,ALPHA,BETA,V1,V2,VS,G,KMAX,MOLD1,N,SVSEED)  LIV04350
C                                                    LIV04360
C-----LIV04370
C                                                    LIV04380
440 CONTINUE                                                    LIV04390
C                                                    LIV04400
C  THE SUBROUTINE STURMI DETERMINES THE SMALLEST SIZE T-MATRIX FOR LIV04410
C  WHICH THE EIGENVALUE IN QUESTION IS AN EIGENVALUE (TO WITHIN A LIV04420
C  GIVEN TOLERANCE) AND IF POSSIBLE THE SMALLEST SIZE T-MATRIX LIV04430
C  FOR WHICH IT IS A DOUBLE EIGENVALUE (TO WITHIN THE SAME LIV04440
C  TOLERANCE).  THE SIZE T-MATRIX USED IN THE EIGENVECTOR LIV04450
C  COMPUTATIONS IS THEN DETERMINED BY LOOPING ON SIZE OF THE LIV04460
C  T-EIGENVECTORS, USING THE VALUES FROM STURMI TO DETERMINE LIV04470
C  FIRST GUESSES AT THE APPROPRIATE T-SIZES. LIV04480
C                                                    LIV04490
C                                                    LIV04500
      STUTOL = SCALEO*MULTOL LIV04510
      IF(IWRITE.EQ.1) WRITE(6,450) LIV04520
450 FORMAT(' FROM STURMI') LIV04530
      DO 490 J = 1,NGOOD LIV04540
      EVAL = GOODBI(J) LIV04550
C  COMPUTE THE TOLERANCES USED BY STURMI TO DETERMINE AN INTERVAL LIV04560
C  CONTAINING THE EIGENVALUE EVAL. LIV04570
      TEMP = DABS(EVAL)*RELTOL LIV04580
      TOLN = DMAX1(TEMP,STUTOL) LIV04590
C                                                    LIV04600
C-----LIV04610
C                                                    LIV04620
      CALL STURMI(ALPHA,BETA,EVAL,TOLN,EPSM,KMAX,MK1,MK2,IC,IWRITE) LIV04630
C                                                    LIV04640
C-----LIV04650
C                                                    LIV04660
C  STORE THE COMPUTED ORDERS OF T-MATRICES FOR LATER PRINTOUT LIV04670
      M1(J) = MK1 LIV04680
      M2(J) = MK2 LIV04690
      ML(J) = (MK1 + 3*MK2)/4 LIV04700
      IF(MK2.EQ.KMAX) ML(J) = KMAX LIV04710
C                                                    LIV04720
      IF(IC.GT.0) GO TO 470 LIV04730
C  IC = 0 MEANS THERE WAS NO T-EIGENVALUE IN THE DESIGNATED INTERVAL LIV04740
C  BY T-SIZE KMAX.  THIS MEANS THAT THE EIGENVALUE PROVIDED HAS LIV04750
C  NOT YET CONVERGED SO ITS EIGENVECTOR SHOULD NOT BE COMPUTED. LIV04760
      WRITE(6,460) J,GOODBI(J),MK1,MK2 LIV04770
460 FORMAT(I6,'TH EIGENVALUE',E20.12,' HAS NOT CONVERGED '/ LIV04780
1' SO DO NOT COMPUTE ANY T-EIGENVECTOR OR RITZ VECTOR FOR IT' LIV04790
1/' MK1 AND MK2 FOR THIS EIGENVALUE WERE',2I6) LIV04800
      MP(J) = MPMIN LIV04810
      MA(J) = -2*KMAX LIV04820
      GO TO 490 LIV04830
C  COMPUTE AN APPROPRIATE SIZE T-MATRIX FOR THE GIVEN EIGENVALUE. LIV04840
470 IF(M2(J).EQ.KMAX) GO TO 480 LIV04850
C  M1 AND M2 WERE BOTH DETERMINED LIV04860

```

```

      MA(J) = (3*M1(J) + M2(J))/4 + 1                                LIV04870
      GO TO 490                                                        LIV04880
C     M2 NOT DETERMINED                                              LIV04890
480  MA(J) = (5*M1(J))/4 + 1                                         LIV04900
C                                                                    LIV04910
490  CONTINUE                                                         LIV04920
C                                                                    LIV04930
      IF (IWRITE.EQ.1) WRITE(6,500) (MA(JJ), JJ=1,NGOOD)            LIV04940
500  FORMAT(/' 1ST GUESS AT APPROPRIATE SIZE T-MATRICES'/          LIV04950
      1 ' ACTUAL VALUES WILL PROBABLY BE 1/4 AGAIN AS MUCH'/(13I6)) LIV04960
C                                                                    LIV04970
C     PRINT OUT TO FILE 10 1ST GUESSES AT SIZES OF THE T-MATRICES TO LIV04980
C     BE USED IN THE EIGENVECTOR COMPUTATIONS.                     LIV04990
C     ACTUAL VALUES USED MAY BE 1/4 OR MORE LARGER THAN THESE VALUES. LIV05000
      WRITE(10,510) N,KMAX                                           LIV05010
510  FORMAT(2I8,' = ORDER OF USER MATRIX AND MAX ORDER OF T(1,MEV)') LIV05020
C                                                                    LIV05030
      WRITE(10,520)                                                  LIV05040
520  FORMAT(/' 1ST GUESS AT APPROPRIATE SIZE T-MATRICES'/          LIV05050
      1 ' ACTUAL VALUES WILL PROBABLY BE 1/4 AGAIN AS MUCH'//)    LIV05060
C                                                                    LIV05070
      WRITE(10,530)                                                  LIV05080
530  FORMAT(4X,'J',7X,'GOODBI(J)',4X,'M1(J)',1X,'M2(J)',1X,'MA(J)') LIV05090
C                                                                    LIV05100
      WRITE(10,540) (J,GOODBI(J),M1(J),M2(J), MA(J), J=1,NGOOD)    LIV05110
540  FORMAT(I5,E19.12,3I6)                                           LIV05120
C                                                                    LIV05130
      IF(MBOUND.EQ.1) WRITE(10,550)                                  LIV05140
550  FORMAT(/' EV = GOODBI(J) IS A GOOD EIGENVALUE OF T(1,MEV)'/    LIV05150
      1 ' M1 = SMALLEST VALUE OF M SUCH THAT T(1,M) HAS AT LEAST'/   LIV05160
      1 '     ONE EIGENVALUE IN THE INTERVAL (EV-TOLN,EV+TOLN)'/     LIV05170
      1 ' TOLN(J) = DMAX1(GOODBI(J)*RELTOL, SCALEO*MULTOL)'/         LIV05180
      1 ' M2 = SMALLEST M (IF ANY) SUCH THAT IN THE ABOVE INTERVAL'/ LIV05190
      1 '     T(1,M) HAS AT LEAST TWO EIGENVALUES '/                 LIV05200
      1 ' INITIAL VALUE OF MA(J) IS CHOSEN HEURISTICALLY'/          LIV05210
      1 ' PROGRAM LOOPS ON SIZE OF T-MATRIX TO GET APPROPRIATE SIZE'/ LIV05220
      1 ' END OF SIZES OF T-MATRICES FILE 10'///)                   LIV05230
C                                                                    LIV05240
C                                                                    LIV05250
C     TERMINATE AFTER COMPUTING 1ST GUESSES AT SIZES OF THE          LIV05260
C     T-MATRICES REQUIRED FOR THE GIVEN EIGENVALUES?                  LIV05270
      IF(MBOUND.EQ.1) GO TO 1510                                       LIV05280
C                                                                    LIV05290
C                                                                    LIV05300
C     WILL THERE BE ROOM FOR ALL OF THE REQUESTED T-EIGENVECTORS?   LIV05310
      MTOL = 0                                                         LIV05320
      DO 560 J = 1,NGOOD                                              LIV05330
      IF(MP(J).EQ.MPMIN) GO TO 560                                     LIV05340
      MTOL = MTOL + IABS(MA(J))                                       LIV05350
560  CONTINUE                                                         LIV05360
      MTOL = (5*MTOL)/4                                              LIV05370
      IF(MTOL.GT.MDIMTV.AND.NTVCON.EQ.0) GO TO 1530                 LIV05380
C                                                                    LIV05390
C-----LIV05400
C     GENERATE A RANDOM VECTOR TO BE USED REPEATEDLY BY            LIV05410

```

```

C      SUBROUTINE INVERM                                LIV05420
C                                                         LIV05430
C      IIL = RHSEED                                       LIV05440
C      CALL GENRAN(IIL,G,KMAX)                           LIV05450
C                                                         LIV05460
C-----LIV05470
C                                                         LIV05480
C      FOR EACH EIGENVALUE LOOP ON T-EIGENVECTOR COMPUTATIONS TO LIV05490
C      COMPUTE AN APPROPRIATE T-EIGENVECTOR TO USE IN THE RITZ LIV05500
C      VECTOR COMPUTATIONS.                               LIV05510
C                                                         LIV05520
C      MTOL = 0                                           LIV05530
C      NTVEC = 0                                           LIV05540
C      ILBIS = 0                                           LIV05550
C      DO 750 J = 1,NGOOD                                  LIV05560
C      ICOUNT = 0                                         LIV05570
C      ERRMIN = 10.DO                                       LIV05580
C      MABEST = MPMIN                                       LIV05590
C      IF(MP(J).EQ.MPMIN) GO TO 750                       LIV05600
C      TFLAG = 0                                           LIV05610
C      EVAL = GOODBI(J)                                     LIV05620
C      TEMP = RELTOL*DABS(EVAL)                             LIV05630
C      UB = EVAL + DMAX1(STUTOL,TEMP)                     LIV05640
C      LB = EVAL - DMAX1(STUTOL,TEMP)                     LIV05650
C 570 KMAXU = IABS(MA(J))                                   LIV05660
C                                                         LIV05670
C      SELECT A SUITABLE INCREMENT FOR THE ORDERS OF THE T-MATRICES LIV05680
C      TO BE CONSIDERED IN DETERMINING APPROPRIATE SIZES FOR THE RITZ LIV05690
C      VECTOR COMPUTATIONS.                               LIV05700
C      IF(ICOUNT.GT.0) GO TO 590                           LIV05710
C      SELECT IDELTA(J) BASED UPON THE T-MULTIPLICITY OBTAINED LIV05720
C      IF(M2(J).EQ.KMAX) GO TO 580                         LIV05730
C      M2 DETERMINED                                       LIV05740
C      IDELTA(J) = ((3*M1(J) + 5*M2(J))/8 + 1 - IABS(MA(J)))/10 + 1 LIV05750
C      GO TO 590                                           LIV05760
C      M2 NOT DETERMINED                                   LIV05770
C 580 MAMAX = MIN0((11*MEV)/8 + 12, (13*M1(J))/8 + 1)     LIV05780
C      IDELTA(J) = (MAMAX - IABS(MA(J)))/10 + 1           LIV05790
C 590 ICOUNT = ICOUNT + 1                               LIV05800
C                                                         LIV05810
C-----LIV05820
C      TO MINIMIZE THE EFFECT OF THE ONE-SIDED ACCEPTANCE TEST FOR LIV05830
C      EIGENVALUES IN THE BISEC SUBROUTINE, RECOMPUTE THE GIVEN LIV05840
C      EIGENVALUE AT THE SPECIFIED KMAXU                  LIV05850
C                                                         LIV05860
C      CALL LBISEC(ALPHA,BETA,EPSM,EVALN,LB,UB,TTOL,KMAXU,NEVT) LIV05870
C                                                         LIV05880
C-----LIV05890
C                                                         LIV05900
C      CHECK WHETHER OR NOT GIVEN T-MATRIX HAS AN EIGENVALUE IN THE LIV05910
C      SPECIFIED INTERVAL AND IF SO WHAT ITS T-MULTIPLICITY IS. LIV05920
C                                                         LIV05930
C      IF(NEVT.EQ.1) GO TO 630                             LIV05940
C      IF(NEVT.NE.0) GO TO 610                             LIV05950
C      ILBIS = 1                                           LIV05960

```

```

      WRITE(6,600) EVAL,KMAXU                                LIV05970
600 FORMAT(/' PROBLEM ENCOUNTERED IN RECOMPUTATION OF USER-SUPPLIED EILIV05980
      1GENVALUE',E20.12/' THE SIZE T-MATRIX SPECIFIED',I6,' DOES NOT    LIV05990
      1HAVE AN EIGENVALUE IN THE INTERVAL SPECIFIED'/' THEREFORE NO EIGENLIV06000
      1VECTOR WILL BE COMPUTED FOR THIS PARTICULAR EIGENVALUE'/)      LIV06010
      GO TO 650                                                LIV06020
C                                                                LIV06030
      610 IF(NEVT.GT.1) WRITE(6,620) EVAL,KMAXU                LIV06040
      620 FORMAT(/' PROBLEM ENCOUNTERED IN RECOMPUTATION OF USER-SUPPLIED LIV06050
      1EIGENVALUE',E20.12/' FOR THE SIZE T-MATRIX SPECIFIED =',I6,' THE LIV06060
      1GIVEN EIGENVALUE IS MULTIPLE IN THE INTERVAL SPECIFIED'/' SOMETHINLIV06070
      1G IS WRONG, THEREFORE NO EIGENVECTOR WILL BE COMPUTED FOR THIS EIGLIV06080
      1NVALUE'/)                                              LIV06090
C                                                                LIV06100
      MP(J) = MPMIN                                           LIV06110
      MA(J) = -2*KMAX                                           LIV06120
      GO TO 750                                                LIV06130
C                                                                LIV06140
      630 CONTINUE                                           LIV06150
      ILBIS = 0                                               LIV06160
C                                                                LIV06170
      EVNEW(J) = EVALN                                         LIV06180
      EVAL = EVALN                                             LIV06190
      MTOL = MTOL+KMAXU                                         LIV06200
C                                                                LIV06210
C      IS THERE ROOM IN TVEC ARRAY FOR THE NEXT T-EIGENVECTOR?    LIV06220
C      IF NOT, SKIP TO RITZ VECTOR COMPUTATIONS.                LIV06230
C      IF (MTOL.GT.MDIMTV) GO TO 760                            LIV06240
C                                                                LIV06250
      IT = 3                                                   LIV06260
      KINT = MTOL - KMAXU +1                                   LIV06270
C                                                                LIV06280
C      RECORD THE BEGINNING AND END OF THE T-EIGENVECTOR BEING COMPUTED LIV06290
      MINT(J) = KINT                                           LIV06300
      MFIN(J) = MTOL                                           LIV06310
C                                                                LIV06320
C-----LIV06330
C      SUBROUTINE INVERM DOES INVERSE ITERATION, I.E. SOLVES      LIV06340
C      (T(1,KMAXU) - EVAL)*U = RHS FOR EACH EIGENVALUE TO OBTAIN LIV06350
C      THE DESIRED T-EIGENVECTOR.                                LIV06360
C                                                                LIV06370
      IF(IWRITE.EQ.1) WRITE(6,640) J                           LIV06380
      640 FORMAT(/I6,'TH EIGENVALUE')                          LIV06390
C                                                                LIV06400
      CALL INVERM(ALPHA,BETA,V1,TVEC(KINT),EVAL,ERROR,TERROR,EPSM, LIV06410
      1 G,KMAXU,IT,IWRITE)                                     LIV06420
C                                                                LIV06430
C-----LIV06440
C                                                                LIV06450
      TERR(J) = TERROR                                         LIV06460
      TLAST(J) = ERROR                                          LIV06470
      KMAXU1 = KMAXU + 1                                       LIV06480
      TBETA(J) = BETA(KMAXU1)*ERROR                             LIV06490
C                                                                LIV06500
C      AFTER COMPUTING EACH OF THE T-EIGENVECTORS,              LIV06510

```

```

C      CHECK THE SIZE OF THE ERROR ESTIMATE, ERROR.                                LIV06520
C      IF THIS ESTIMATE IS NOT AS SMALL AS DESIRED AND                            LIV06530
C      |MA(J)| < ML(J), ATTEMPT TO INCREASE THE SIZE OF |MA(J)|                    LIV06540
C      AND REPEAT THE T-EIGENVECTOR COMPUTATIONS.                                LIV06550
C                                                                                   LIV06560
C      IF(ERROR.LT.ERTOL.OR.TFLAG.EQ.1) GO TO 740                                LIV06570
C                                                                                   LIV06580
C      IF(ERROR.GE.ERRMIN) GO TO 650                                              LIV06590
C      LAST COMPONENT IS LESS THAN MINIMAL TO DATE                              LIV06600
C      ERRMIN = ERROR                                                            LIV06610
C      MABEST = MA(J)                                                            LIV06620
650 CONTINUE                                                                    LIV06630
C                                                                                   LIV06640
C      IF(MA(J).GT.0) ITEST = MA(J) + IDELTA(J)                                LIV06650
C      IF(MA(J).LT.0) ITEST = -(IABS(MA(J)) + IDELTA(J))                        LIV06660
C      IF(IABS(ITEST).LE.ML(J).AND.ICOUNT.LE.10) GO TO 670                       LIV06670
C      NEW MA(J) IS GREATER THAN MAXIMUM ALLOWED.                               LIV06680
C      IF(ERCONT.EQ.0.OR.MABEST.EQ.MPMIN) GO TO 690                             LIV06690
C      TFLAG = 1                                                                LIV06700
C      MA(J) = MABEST                                                            LIV06710
C      IF(ILBIS.EQ.0) MTOL = MTOL - KMAXU                                        LIV06720
C      WRITE(6,660) MA(J)                                                        LIV06730
660 FORMAT(' 10 ORDERS WERE CONSIDERED. NONE SATISFIED THE ERROR TESTLIV06740
1'/' THEREFORE USE THE BEST ORDER OBTAINED FOR THE EIGENVECTORS' LIV06750
1,I6)                                                                            LIV06760
GO TO 570                                                                        LIV06770
C                                                                                   LIV06780
670 MA(J) = ITEST                                                                LIV06790
C                                                                                   LIV06800
C      MT = IABS(MA(J))                                                         LIV06810
C      IF(IWRITE.EQ.1) WRITE(6,680) MT                                          LIV06820
680 FORMAT('/' CHANGE SIZE OF T-MATRIX TO ',I6,' RECOMPUTE T-EIGENVECTOLIV06830
1R')                                                                            LIV06840
C                                                                                   LIV06850
C      IF(ILBIS.EQ.0) MTOL = MTOL - KMAXU                                        LIV06860
C                                                                                   LIV06870
C      GO TO 570                                                                LIV06880
C                                                                                   LIV06890
C      APPROPRIATE SIZE T-MATRIX WAS NOT OBTAINED                             LIV06900
690 CONTINUE                                                                    LIV06910
C      WRITE(10,700) J,EVAL,MP(J)                                              LIV06920
700 FORMAT('/' ON 10 INCREMENTS NOT ABLE TO IDENTIFY APPROPRIATE SIZE LIV06930
1T-MATRIX FOR'/
1' EIGENVALUE(' ,I4,' ) = ',E20.12,' T-MULTIPLICITY =' ,I4/) LIV06950
C      IF(M2(J).EQ.KMAX) WRITE(10,710)                                          LIV06960
C      IF(M2(J).LT.KMAX) WRITE(10,720)                                          LIV06970
710 FORMAT(' ORDERS TESTED RANGED FROM 5*M1(J)/4 TO APPROXIMATELY LIV06980
1 MIN(11*MEV/8,13*M1(J)/8)') LIV06990
720 FORMAT(' ORDERS TESTED RANGED FROM APPROX. (3*M1(J)+M2(J))/4 TO (3LIV07000
1*M1(J)+5*M2(J))/8') LIV07010
C      WRITE(10,730)                                                            LIV07020
730 FORMAT(' ALLOWING LARGER ORDERS FOR THE T-MATRICES MAY RESULT IN LIV07030
1 SUCCESS'/' BUT PROBABLY WILL NOT. PROBLEM IS PROBABLY DUE TO' LIV07040
1 /' LACK OF CONVERGENCE OF GIVEN EIGENVALUE, CHECK THE ERROR ESTIMLIV07050
1ATE') LIV07060

```

```

      MP(J) = MPMIN                                LIV07070
      IF(ILBIS.EQ.0) MTOL = MTOL - KMAXU            LIV07080
      GO TO 750                                    LIV07090
740 NTVEC = NTVEC + 1                              LIV07100
C                                                    LIV07110
750 CONTINUE                                       LIV07120
      NGOODC = NGOOD                                LIV07130
      GO TO 780                                    LIV07140
C                                                    LIV07150
C   COME HERE IF THERE IS NOT ENOUGH ROOM FOR ALL OF T-EIGENVECTORS LIV07160
760 NGOODC = J-1                                  LIV07170
      WRITE(6,770) J,MTOL,MDIMTV                  LIV07180
770 FORMAT(/' NOT ENOUGH ROOM IN TVEC ARRAY FOR ',I4,'TH T-EIGENVECTOR'LIV07190
1'/ ' TVEC DIMENSION REQUESTED = ',I6,' BUT TVEC HAS DIMENSION ',I6LIV07200
1/ )                                               LIV07210
      IF(NGOODC.EQ.0) GO TO 1550                   LIV07220
      MTOL = MTOL-KMAXU                            LIV07230
C                                                    LIV07240
780 CONTINUE                                       LIV07250
C                                                    LIV07260
C   THE LOOP ON T-EIGENVECTOR COMPUTATIONS IS COMPLETE. LIV07270
C   WRITE OUT THE SIZE T-MATRICES THAT WILL BE USED FOR LIV07280
C   THE RITZ VECTOR COMPUTATIONS.                 LIV07290
C                                                    LIV07300
      WRITE(10,790)                                LIV07310
790 FORMAT(/' SIZES OF T-MATRICES THAT WILL BE USED IN THE RITZ COMPUTLIV07320
1ATIONS'/5X,'J',8X,' GOODBI(J) ',13X,' GOODA(J) ',7X,'MA(J)') LIV07330
C                                                    LIV07340
      WRITE(10,800) (J,GOODBI(J),GOODA(J),MA(J), J=1,NGOOD) LIV07350
800 FORMAT(I6,2E25.14,I6)                         LIV07360
      WRITE(10,550)                                LIV07370
C                                                    LIV07380
      WRITE(6,810) MTOL                            LIV07390
810 FORMAT(/' THE CUMULATIVE LENGTH OF THE T-EIGENVECTORS IS',I18) LIV07400
C                                                    LIV07410
      WRITE(6,820) NTVEC,NGOOD                      LIV07420
820 FORMAT(/I6,' T-EIGENVECTORS OUT OF',I6,' REQUESTED WERE COMPUTED')LIV07430
C                                                    LIV07440
C   SAVE THE T-EIGENVECTORS ON FILE 11?            LIV07450
      IF(TVSTOP.NE.1.AND.SVTVEC.EQ.0) GO TO 880    LIV07460
C                                                    LIV07470
      WRITE(11,830) NTVEC,MTOL,MATNO,SVSEED        LIV07480
830 FORMAT(I6,3I12,' = NTVEC,MTOL,MATNO,SVSEED') LIV07490
C                                                    LIV07500
      DO 860 J=1,NGOODC                             LIV07510
C   IF MP(J) = MPMIN THEN NO SUITABLE T-EIGENVECTOR IS AVAILABLE LIV07520
C   FOR THAT EIGENVALUE.                           LIV07530
      IF(MP(J).EQ.MPMIN) WRITE(11,840) J,MA(J),GOODBI(J),MP(J) LIV07540
840 FORMAT(2I6,E20.12,I6/' TH EIGVAL,T-SIZE,EVALUE,FLAG,NO EIGVEC') LIV07550
      IF(MP(J).NE.MPMIN) WRITE(11,850) J,MA(J),GOODBI(J),MP(J) LIV07560
850 FORMAT(I6,I6,E20.12,I6/' T-EIGENVECTOR, T-SIZE , BI-EIGENVALUE, TLIV07570
1-MULTIPLICITY')                                  LIV07580
      IF(MP(J).EQ.MPMIN) GO TO 860                 LIV07590
      KI = MINT(J)                                  LIV07600
      KF = MFIN(J)                                  LIV07610

```

```

C                                                    LIV07620
      WRITE(11,300) (TVEC(K), K=KI,KF)                LIV07630
C                                                    LIV07640
860 CONTINUE                                          LIV07650
C                                                    LIV07660
      IF(TVSTOP.NE.1) GO TO 880                        LIV07670
C                                                    LIV07680
      WRITE(6,870) TVSTOP, NTVEC,NGOOD                LIV07690
870 FORMAT(/' USER SET TVSTOP = ',I1/                LIV07700
1' THEREFORE PROGRAM TERMINATES AFTER T-EIGENVECTOR COMPUTATIONS'/ LIV07710
1' T-EIGENVECTORS THAT WERE COMPUTED ARE SAVED ON FILE 11'/ LIV07720
118,' T-EIGENVECTORS WERE COMPUTED OUT OF',I7,' REQUESTED'/) LIV07730
C                                                    LIV07740
      GO TO 1670                                       LIV07750
C                                                    LIV07760
880 CONTINUE                                          LIV07770
C IF NOT ABLE TO COMPUTE ALL THE REQUESTED T-EIGENVECTORS LIV07780
C CONTINUE WITH THE LANCZOS VECTOR COMPUTATIONS ANYWAY? LIV07790
      IF(NTVEC.NE.NGOOD.AND.LVCONT.EQ.0) GO TO 1570    LIV07800
C                                                    LIV07810
      COMPUTE THE MAXIMUM SIZE OF THE T-MATRIX USED FOR THOSE LIV07820
C EIGENVALUES WITH GOOD ERROR ESTIMATES.              LIV07830
C                                                    LIV07840
      KMAXU = 0                                       LIV07850
      DO 890 J = 1,NGOODC                             LIV07860
      MT = IABS(MA(J))                                LIV07870
      IF(MT.LT.KMAXU.OR.MP(J).EQ.MPMIN) GO TO 890      LIV07880
      KMAXU = MT                                       LIV07890
890 CONTINUE                                          LIV07900
C                                                    LIV07910
      IF(KMAXU.EQ.0) GO TO 1610                       LIV07920
C                                                    LIV07930
      WRITE(6,900) KMAXU                              LIV07940
900 FORMAT(/I6,' = LARGEST SIZE T-MATRIX TO BE USED IN THE RITZ VECTORLIV07950
1 COMPUTATIONS')                                     LIV07960
C                                                    LIV07970
C COUNT THE NUMBER OF RITZ VECTORS NOT BEING COMPUTED LIV07980
      MREJEC = 0                                       LIV07990
      DO 910 J=1,NGOODC                             LIV08000
910 IF(MP(J).EQ.MPMIN) MREJEC = MREJEC + 1           LIV08010
      MREJET = MREJEC + (NGOOD-NGOODC)                LIV08020
      IF(MREJET.NE.0) WRITE(6,920) MREJET              LIV08030
920 FORMAT(/' RITZ VECTORS ARE NOT COMPUTED FOR',I6,' OF THE EIGNEVALULIV08040
1ES'/)                                               LIV08050
      NACT = NGOODC - MREJEC                          LIV08060
      WRITE(6,930) NGOOD,NTVEC,NACT                  LIV08070
930 FORMAT(/I6,' RITZ VECTORS WERE REQUESTED'/I6,' T-EIGENVECTORS WERELIV08080
1 COMPUTED'/I6,' RITZ VECTORS WILL BE COMPUTED'/) LIV08090
C CHECK IF THERE ARE ANY RITZ VECTORS TO COMPUTE     LIV08100
      IF(MREJEC.EQ.NGOODC) GO TO 1590                 LIV08110
C                                                    LIV08120
C CONTINUE WITH THE LANCZOS VECTOR COMPUTATIONS?     LIV08130
      IF(LVCONT.EQ.0.AND.MREJEC.NE.0) GO TO 1570      LIV08140
C                                                    LIV08150
C NOW COMPUTE THE RITZ VECTORS. REGENERATE THE       LIV08160

```

C	LANCZOS VECTORS.	LIV08170
C		LIV08180
	DO 940 I = 1,NMAX	LIV08190
	940 RITVEC(I) = ZERO	LIV08200
C		LIV08210
C	-----	LIV08220
C	REGENERATE THE STARTING VECTOR. THIS MUST BE GENERATED AND	LIV08230
C	NORMALIZED PRECISELY THE WAY IT WAS DONE IN THE EIGENVALUE	LIV08240
C	COMPUTATIONS, OTHERWISE THERE WILL BE A MISMATCH BETWEEN	LIV08250
C	THE T-EIGENVECTORS THAT HAVE BEEN COMPUTED FROM THE T-MATRICES	LIV08260
C	READ IN FROM FILE 2 AND THE LANCZOS VECTORS THAT ARE	LIV08270
C	BEING REGENERATED.	LIV08280
C		LIV08290
	CALL GENRAN(SVSEED,G,N)	LIV08300
C		LIV08310
C	-----	LIV08320
C		LIV08330
	DO 950 J = 1,N	LIV08340
	950 V2(J) = G(J)	LIV08350
C		LIV08360
C	-----	LIV08370
	SUM = FINPRO(N,V2(1),1,V2(1),1)	LIV08380
C	-----	LIV08390
C		LIV08400
	SUM = ONE/DSQRT(SUM)	LIV08410
C		LIV08420
	DO 960 I = 1,N	LIV08430
	V1(I) = ZERO	LIV08440
	960 V2(I) = V2(I)*SUM	LIV08450
C		LIV08460
	WRITE(6,970)	LIV08470
	970 FORMAT(' STARTING LANCZOS VECTOR HAS BEEN CALCULATED'/)	LIV08480
C		LIV08490
C	LOOP FOR GENERATING RITZ VECTORS (IVEC = 1,KMAXU)	LIV08500
	IVEC = 1	LIV08510
	BATA = ZERO	LIV08520
C		LIV08530
	GO TO 1050	LIV08540
C		LIV08550
	980 CONTINUE	LIV08560
C		LIV08570
C	SOLVE B*VS = V2 FOR VS	LIV08580
	DO 990 K = 1,N	LIV08590
	990 VS(K) = V2(K)	LIV08600
C		LIV08610
C	-----	LIV08620
	JBSOLV = 2	LIV08630
	CALL BSOLV(VS,VS,JBSOLV)	LIV08640
C	-----	LIV08650
C		LIV08660
C	VS = BI*V2 BI = B(INVERSE)	LIV08670
C	COMPUTE V1 = BI*V2 - BATA*V1	LIV08680
	DO 1000 K = 1,N	LIV08690
	1000 V1(K) = VS(K) - BATA*V1(K)	LIV08700
C		LIV08710


```

C-----LIV08720
      ALFA = FINPRO(N,V1(1),1,V2(1),1)      LIV08730
C-----LIV08740
C      LIV08750
      DO 1010 J = 1,N      LIV08760
1010 V1(J) = V1(J)-ALFA*V2(J)      LIV08770
C      LIV08780
C-----LIV08790
      BATA = FINPRO(N,V1(1),1,V1(1),1)      LIV08800
C-----LIV08810
C      LIV08820
      BATA = DSQRT(BATA)      LIV08830
      SUM = ONE/BATA      LIV08840
C      LIV08850
      TEMP = BETA(IVEC)      LIV08860
      TEMP = DABS(BATA - TEMP)/TEMP      LIV08870
      IF (TEMP.LT.1.0D-10)GO TO 1030      LIV08880
C      LIV08890
C      THE BETA BEING REGENERATED DO NOT MATCH THE HISTORY FILE      LIV08900
C      SOMETHING IS WRONG IN THE LANCZOS VECTOR GENERATION      LIV08910
C      PROGRAM TERMINATES FOR USER TO CORRECT THE PROBLEM      LIV08920
C      WHICH MUST BE IN THE STARTING VECTOR GENERATION OR IN      LIV08930
C      THE MATRIX-VECTOR MULTIPLY SUBROUTINE CMATV SUPPLIED.      LIV08940
C      THIS SUBROUTINE MUST BE THE SAME ONE USED IN THE      LIV08950
C      EIGENVALUE COMPUTATIONS OR AGAIN A MISMATCH WILL ENSUE.      LIV08960
C      LIV08970
      WRITE(6,1020) IVEC,BATA,BETA(IVEC),TEMP      LIV08980
1020 FORMAT(/2X,'IVEC',16X,'BATA',10X,'BETA(IVEC)',14X,'RELDIF'/I6,      LIV08990
13E20.12/' IN LANCZOS VECTOR REGENERATION THE ENTRIES OF THE TRIDIALIV09000
1GONAL MATRICES BEING'/' GENERATED ARE NOT THE SAME AS THOSE IN THELIV09010
1 MATRIX SUPPLIED ON FILE 2.'/' THEREFORE SOMETHING IS BEING INITIALIV09020
1LIZED OR COMPUTED DIFFERENTLY FROM THE WAY'/' IT WAS COMPUTED IN TLIV09030
1HE EIGENVALUE COMPUTATIONS'/' THE PROGRAM TERMINATES FOR THE USER LIV09040
1TO DETERMINE WHAT THE PROBLEM IS'/)      LIV09050
      GO TO 1670      LIV09060
C      LIV09070
1030 CONTINUE      LIV09080
      DO 1040 J = 1,N      LIV09090
      TEMP = SUM*V1(J)      LIV09100
      V1(J) = V2(J)      LIV09110
1040 V2(J) = TEMP      LIV09120
C      LIV09130
1050 CONTINUE      LIV09140
C      LIV09150
      LFIN = 0      LIV09160
      DO 1070 J = 1,NGOODC      LIV09170
      LL = LFIN      LIV09180
      LFIN = LFIN + N      LIV09190
C      LIV09200
      IF(IABS(MA(J)).LT.IVEC.OR.MP(J).EQ.MPMIN) GO TO 1070      LIV09210
      II = IVEC + MINT(J) - 1      LIV09220
      TEMP = TVEC(II)      LIV09230
C      LIV09240
      II IS THE (IVEC)TH COMPONENT OF THE T-EIGENVECTOR CONTAINED      LIV09240
C      IN TVEC(MINT(J)).      LIV09250
C      LIV09260

```

```

      DO 1060 K = 1,N                                LIV09270
      LL = LL + 1                                     LIV09280
1060  RITVEC(LL) = TEMP*V2(K) + RITVEC(LL)            LIV09290
C                                           LIV09300
1070  CONTINUE                                       LIV09310
C                                           LIV09320
      IVEC = IVEC + 1                                LIV09330
      IF (IVEC.LE.KMAXU) GO TO 980                    LIV09340
C                                           LIV09350
C      RITZVECTOR GENERATION IS COMPLETE. NORMALIZE EACH RITZVECTOR. LIV09360
C      NOTE THAT IF CERTAIN RITZ VECTORS WERE NOT COMPUTED THEN THAT LIV09370
C      PORTION OF THE RITVEC ARRAY WAS NOT UTILIZED. LIV09380
C                                           LIV09390
      LFIN = 0                                         LIV09400
      DO 1140 J = 1,NGOODC                             LIV09410
C                                           LIV09420
      KK = LFIN                                         LIV09430
      LFIN = LFIN + N                                  LIV09440
      IF(MP(J).EQ.MPMIN) GO TO 1140                    LIV09450
C                                           LIV09460
      DO 1080 K = 1,N                                LIV09470
      KK = KK + 1                                       LIV09480
      V1(K) = RITVEC(KK)                               LIV09490
1080  VS(K) = V1(K)                                   LIV09500
C                                           LIV09510
      IF(JPERM.EQ.0) GO TO 1090                        LIV09520
C                                           LIV09530
C-----LIV09540
C      V2 = V1 = (L-TRANSPPOSE)*V1                     LIV09550
C      IPERM = 2                                         LIV09560
C      CALL LPERM(V1,V2,IPERM)                           LIV09570
C-----LIV09580
C                                           LIV09590
C      V2 CONTAINS RITZ VECTOR FOR A, VS CONTAINS THE RITZ VECTOR FOR B LIV09600
C                                           LIV09610
1090  CONTINUE                                       LIV09620
C                                           LIV09630
C-----LIV09640
      SUM = FINPRO(N,V1(1),1,V1(1),1)                 LIV09650
C-----LIV09660
C                                           LIV09670
      SUM = DSQRT(SUM)                                LIV09680
      RNORM(J) = SUM                                   LIV09690
      RNORME = DABS(ONE-SUM)                           LIV09700
      SUM = ONE/SUM                                     LIV09710
C                                           LIV09720
      KK = LFIN - N                                    LIV09730
      DO 1100 K = 1,N                                LIV09740
      KK = KK + 1                                       LIV09750
      VS(K) = SUM*VS(K)                                LIV09760
1100  RITVEC(KK) = SUM*V1(K)                          LIV09770
C                                           LIV09780
C      VS IS RITZ VECTOR FOR BI: RITVEC IS RITZ VECTOR FOR A-MATRIX LIV09790
C      B = S0*P*A*P' + SHIFT*I                         LIV09800
C      BIERR = ||BI*VS - GOODBI(J)*VS||                 LIV09810

```

```

C      BIEVER = |(VS-TRANS)*BI*VS - GOODBI(J)|          LIV09820
C                                                    LIV09830
C-----LIV09840
C      V1 = (B-INVERSE)*VS          LIV09850
      JBSOLV = 2          LIV09860
      CALL BSOLV(VS,V1,JBSOLV)          LIV09870
C-----LIV09880
C                                                    LIV09890
      EVALN = EVNEW(J)          LIV09900
C                                                    LIV09910
C-----LIV09920
      TEMP = FINPRO(N,V1(1),1,VS(1),1)          LIV09930
C-----LIV09940
C                                                    LIV09950
      TEMP = DABS(TEMP - EVALN)          LIV09960
      BIEVER(J) = TEMP          LIV09970
      DO 1110 K = 1,N          LIV09980
1110 V1(K) = V1(K) - EVALN*VS(K)          LIV09990
C                                                    LIV10000
C-----LIV10010
      SUM = FINPRO(N,V1(1),1,V1(1),1)          LIV10020
C-----LIV10030
C                                                    LIV10040
      SUM = DSQRT(SUM)          LIV10050
      BIERR(J) = SUM          LIV10060
      BIERRG(J) = SUM/ABS(BIMING(J))          LIV10070
C                                                    LIV10080
      LINT = LFIN - N + 1          LIV10090
      EVAL = (ONE/EVALN - SHIFT)/SO          LIV10100
      GOODA(J) = EVAL          LIV10110
      TEMP = BIEVER(J)          LIV10120
C                                                    LIV10130
      IF(IWRITE.EQ.0) GO TO 1140          LIV10140
      WRITE(6,1120) J,GOODBI(J)          LIV10150
1120 FORMAT(/I5,' TH B-INVERSE EIGENVALUE COMPUTED = ',E20.12/)          LIV10160
C                                                    LIV10170
      WRITE(6,1130) TERR(J),TBETA(J),RNORME          LIV10180
1130 FORMAT(' NORM OF ERROR IN T-EIGENVECTOR = ',E14.3/          LIV10190
      1' BETA(MA(J)+1)*U(MA(J)) = ',E14.3/          LIV10200
      1' ABS(NORM(RITVEC) - 1.0) = ',E14.3/)          LIV10210
C                                                    LIV10220
1140 CONTINUE          LIV10230
C                                                    LIV10240
C      RITZVECTORS ARE NORMALIZED AND ERROR ESTIMATES ARE IN BIERR          LIV10250
C      AND BIERRG ARRAYS. STORE EVERYTHING          LIV10260
C                                                    LIV10270
      WRITE(13,1150)          LIV10280
1150 FORMAT(6X,'BIEIGENVALUE',6X,'RITZNORM',7X,'TBETA',7X,'TLAST',5X,          LIV10290
      1 'BIERROR',6X,'BIEVER')          LIV10300
C                                                    LIV10310
      WRITE(9,1160)          LIV10320
1160 FORMAT(5X,'BIEIGENVALUE',4X,'MA(J)',4X,'BIMINGAP',5X,'BIERROR',3X          LIV10330
      1 ',BIERR/GAP',6X,'TERROR')          LIV10340
C                                                    LIV10350
      DO 1190 J=1,NGOODC          LIV10360

```

```

C                                                    LIV10370
      IF(MP(J).EQ.MPMIN) GO TO 1190                    LIV10380
C                                                    LIV10390
      WRITE(9,1170) GOODBI(J),MA(J),BIMING(J),BIERR(J),BIERRG(J),TERR(J) LIV10400
1170  FORMAT(E20.12,I6,4E12.4)                        LIV10410
C                                                    LIV10420
      WRITE(13,1180) EVNEW(J),RNORM(J),TBETA(J),TLAST(J),BIERR(J),
      1  BIEVER(J)                                     LIV10430
1180  FORMAT(E20.12,5E12.4)                            LIV10440
C                                                    LIV10450
C                                                    LIV10460
1190  CONTINUE                                         LIV10470
C                                                    LIV10480
      WRITE(9,1200)                                     LIV10490
1200  FORMAT(/5X, 'J',7X,'AEIGENVALUE',3X,'MA(J)',5X,'AMINGAP') LIV10500
C                                                    LIV10510
      DO 1210 J = 1,NGOOD                             LIV10520
      IF(MP(J).EQ.MPMIN) GO TO 1210                    LIV10530
      WRITE(9,1220) J,GOODA(J),MA(J),AMINGP(J)         LIV10540
1210  CONTINUE                                         LIV10550
1220  FORMAT(I6,E20.12,I6,E12.4)                      LIV10560
C                                                    LIV10570
      IF (MREJEC.EQ.0) GO TO 1300                     LIV10580
C                                                    LIV10590
      WRITE(9,1230)                                     LIV10600
1230  FORMAT(/' RITZ VECTORS WERE NOT COMPUTED FOR THE FOLLOWING EIGENVALIV10610
      1LUES'/' EITHER BECAUSE THEY HAD NOT CONVERGED OR BECAUSE THE ERRORLIV10620
      1 ESTIMATE'/' WAS NOT AS SMALL AS DESIRED'/' )   LIV10630
C                                                    LIV10640
      WRITE(9,1240)                                     LIV10650
1240  FORMAT(6X,'GOODBI(J)',3X,'MA(J)',5X,'BIMING(J)',6X,'TBETA(J)',3X, LIV10660
      1'MP(J)')                                         LIV10670
C                                                    LIV10680
      WRITE(13,1250)                                    LIV10690
1250  FORMAT(/' RITZ VECTORS WERE NOT COMPUTED FOR THE FOLLOWING EIGENVALIV10700
      1LUES'/' EITHER BECAUSE THEY HAD NOT CONVERGED OR BECAUSE'/' THE ERLIV10710
      1ROR ESTIMATE WAS NOT AS SMALL AS DESIRED'/' )   LIV10720
C                                                    LIV10730
      WRITE(13,1260)                                    LIV10740
1260  FORMAT(3X,'BIEIGENVALUE',3X,'MA(J)',3X,'M1(J)',3X,'M2(J)',3X,'MP(JLIV10750
      1)')                                              LIV10760
C                                                    LIV10770
      DO 1290 J = 1,NGOODC                             LIV10780
C                                                    LIV10790
      IF(MP(J).NE.MPMIN) GO TO 1290                    LIV10800
C                                                    LIV10810
C                                                    LIV10820
C      WRITE OUT MESSAGE FOR EACH EIGENVALUE FOR WHICH NO EIGENVECTOR
C      WAS COMPUTED.                                  LIV10830
C                                                    LIV10840
      WRITE(9,1270) GOODBI(J),MA(J),BIMING(J),TBETA(J),MP(J) LIV10850
1270  FORMAT(E15.8,I8,2E14.4,I8)                      LIV10860
C                                                    LIV10870
      WRITE(13,1280) GOODBI(J),MA(J),M1(J),M2(J),MP(J) LIV10880
1280  FORMAT(E15.8,4I8)                                LIV10890
C                                                    LIV10900
1290  CONTINUE                                         LIV10910

```

```

C                                                    LIV10920
1300 CONTINUE                                       LIV10930
C                                                    LIV10940
      WRITE(9,1310)                                LIV10950
1310 FORMAT(/' ABOVE ARE ERROR ESTIMATES FOR THE BI AND T EIGENVECTORS',LIV10960
      1/ ' ASSOCIATED WITH THE GOODBI LISTED, DENOTED BY EV '/      LIV10970
      1 ' BIERROR = NORM(BI*X-EV*X),  ERROR = NORM(T*Y - EV*Y)'/      LIV10980
      1 ' WHERE T = T(1,MA(J)),  P*X = RITZVEC = V*Y, T*Y = GOODBI*Y'/      LIV10990
      1 ' BIMINGAP = GAP TO NEAREST BI-EIGENVALUE'/)      LIV11000
C                                                    LIV11010
      WRITE(13,1320)                                LIV11020
1320 FORMAT(/' ABOVE ARE ERROR ESTIMATES FOR THE EIGENVECTORS'/      LIV11030
      1 ' ASSOCIATED WITH THE BI-EIGENVALUES'/      LIV11040
      1 ' RITZNORM = NORM(COMPUTED RITZ VECTOR FOR B-INVERSE)'/      LIV11050
      1 ' TBETA(J) = BETA(MA(J)+1)*Y(MA(J)),  T*Y = BIEVAL*Y'/      LIV11060
      1 ' TLAST(J) = DABS(Y(MA(J)))'/      LIV11070
      1 ' BIERROR = NORM(BI*X - BIEVAL*X) WHERE X = V*Y'/      LIV11080
      1 ' BIEVER = DABS(BIEIGENVALUE - (X-TRANPOSE*BINVERSE*X))'/)      LIV11090
C                                                    LIV11100
C      NUMBER OF RITZ VECTORS COMPUTED               LIV11110
      NCOMPU = NGOODC - MREJEC                       LIV11120
      WRITE(12,1330) N,NCOMPU,NGOODC,MATNO           LIV11130
1330 FORMAT(3I6,I8,' = SIZE A, NO.RITZVECS, NO.GOODVALUES,MATNO')      LIV11140
C                                                    LIV11150
      LFIN = 0                                       LIV11160
      DO 1390 J = 1,NGOODC                          LIV11170
      LINT = LFIN + 1                                LIV11180
      LFIN = LFIN + N                                LIV11190
C                                                    LIV11200
      IF(MP(J).EQ.MPMIN) GO TO 1370                 LIV11210
C      RITZ VECTOR WAS COMPUTED                     LIV11220
      WRITE(12,1340) J, EVNEW(J), GOODA(J),MP(J)     LIV11230
1340 FORMAT(I6,4X,2E20.12,I6,' J,GOODBI,GOODA,MP(J)')      LIV11240
C                                                    LIV11250
      WRITE(12,1350) BIERR(J), BIERRG(J), BIMING(J),AMINGP(J)      LIV11260
1350 FORMAT(4X,' BIRESIDUAL ',2X,'BIRESIDUAL/GAP',      LIV11270
      12X,'BIMINGAP',3X,' AMINGAP'/      LIV11280
      1 E15.5,E16.5,2E11.3)      LIV11290
C                                                    LIV11300
      WRITE(12,1360) (RITVEC(LL), LL=LINT,LFIN)      LIV11310
1360 FORMAT(4E20.12)      LIV11320
      GO TO 1390      LIV11330
C      NO RITZ VECTOR WAS COMPUTED FOR THIS EIGENVALUE      LIV11340
1370 CONTINUE      LIV11350
      WRITE(12,1380) J,GOODBI(J),GOODA(J),MP(J)      LIV11360
1380 FORMAT(/I5,E20.12,E20.12,I6,' = J,GOODBI,GOODA,MP'/' NO RITZ VECTO      LIV11370
      1R WAS COMPUTED FOR THIS EIGENVALUE'/)      LIV11380
C                                                    LIV11390
1390 CONTINUE      LIV11400
C                                                    LIV11410
C      DID ANY T-MATRICES INCLUDE OFF-DIAGONAL ENTRIES SMALLER THAN      LIV11420
C      DESIRED, AS SPECIFIED BY BTOL?      LIV11430
C                                                    LIV11440
      IF(IB.GT.0) GO TO 1420      LIV11450
      WRITE(6,1400) KMAXU      LIV11460

```

```

1400 FORMAT(/' FOR LARGEST T-MATRIX CONSIDERED',I7,' CHECK THE SIZE OF LIV11470
      1BETAS') LIV11480
C LIV11490
C-----LIV11500
C LIV11510
      CALL TNORM(ALPHA,BETA,BKMIN,TEMP,KMAXU,IBMT) LIV11520
C LIV11530
C-----LIV11540
C LIV11550
      IF(IBMT.LT.0) WRITE(6,1410) LIV11560
1410 FORMAT(/' WARNING THE T-MATRICES FOR ONE OR MORE OF THE EIGENVALUE LIV11570
      1S CONSIDERED'/' HAD AN OFF DIAGONAL ENTRY THAT WAS SMALLER THAN TH LIV11580
      1E BETA TOLERANCE THAT WAS SPECIFIED'/) LIV11590
1420 CONTINUE LIV11600
C LIV11610
      GO TO 1670 LIV11620
C LIV11630
1430 WRITE(6,1440) NGOOD,NMAX,MDIMRV LIV11640
1440 FORMAT(/I4,' RITZ VECTORS WERE REQUESTED BUT THE REQUIRED DIMENSION LIV11650
      1N',I6/' IS LARGER THAN USER-SPECIFIED DIMENSION OF RITVEC',I6/ LIV11660
      1' THEREFORE, THE EIGENVECTOR PROCEDURE TERMINATES FOR THE USER TO LIV11670
      1 INTERVENE'/) LIV11680
C LIV11690
      GO TO 1670 LIV11700
C LIV11710
1450 WRITE(6,1460) NOLD,N,MATOLD,MATNO,SHIFT0,SHIFT LIV11720
1460 FORMAT(/' PARAMETERS READ FROM FILE 3 DO NOT AGREE WITH WHAT USER LIV11730
      1SPECIFIED'/' NOLD,N,MATOLD,MATNO,SHIFT0,SHIFT = '/2I6,2I8,2E10.3 LIV11740
      1/' THEREFORE PROGRAM TERMINATES FOR USER TO RESOLVE THE DIFFERENCE LIV11750
      1S'/) LIV11760
C LIV11770
      GO TO 1670 LIV11780
C LIV11790
1470 WRITE(6,1480) LIV11800
1480 FORMAT(/' PARAMETERS READ FROM ALPHA,BETA FILE DO NOT AGREE WITH W LIV11810
      1HAT USER SPECIFIED'/' PROGRAM TERMINATES FOR USER TO RESOLVE THE D LIV11820
      1IFFERENCES'/) LIV11830
C LIV11840
      GO TO 1670 LIV11850
C LIV11860
1490 WRITE(6,1500) KMAX,MEV LIV11870
1500 FORMAT(/' IN ALPHA, BETA FILE KMAX = ',I6/ LIV11880
      1' BUT EIGENVALUES WERE COMPUTED AT MEV = ',I6,' PROGRAM STOPS'/) LIV11890
C LIV11900
      GO TO 1670 LIV11910
C LIV11920
1510 WRITE(6,1520) LIV11930
1520 FORMAT(/' PROGRAM COMPUTED 1ST GUESSES ON T-MATRIX SIZES AND READ LIV11940
      1THEM TO FILE 10'/' THEN TERMINATED AS REQUESTED.'/) LIV11950
      GO TO 1670 LIV11960
C LIV11970
1530 WRITE(6,1540) MTOL, MDIMTV LIV11980
1540 FORMAT(/' PROGRAM TERMINATES BECAUSE THE TVEC DIMENSION ANTICIPATE LIV11990
      1D',I7/' IS LARGER THAN THE TVEC DIMENSION',I7,' SPECIFIED BY THE LIV12000
      1USER.'/' USER MAY RESET THE TVEC DIMENSION AND RESTART THE PROGR LIV12010

```

```

1M')
GO TO 1670
C
1550 WRITE(6,1560)
1560 FORMAT(/' PROGRAM TERMINATES BECAUSE NO SUITABLE T-EIGENVECTORS WELIV12060
1RE IDENTIFIED'/' FOR ANY OF THE EIGENVALUES SUPPLIED. PROBLEM COLIV12070
1ULD BE CAUSED'/' BY TOO SMALL A TVEC DIMENSION OR SIMPLY THAT SUILIV12080
1TABLE T-VECTORS COULD'/' NOT BE IDENTIFIED. USER SHOULD EXAMINE OLIV12090
1UTPUT'/)
GO TO 1670
C
1570 WRITE(6,1580) LVCONT,NTVEC,NGOOD
1580 FORMAT(/' LVCONT FLAG =',I2,' AND NUMBER ',I5,' OF T-EIGENVECTORS LIV12140
1 COMPUTED N.E.'/' NUMBER',I5,' REQUESTED SO PROGRAM TERMINATES'/) LIV12150
GO TO 1670
C
1590 WRITE(6,1600)
1600 FORMAT(/' PROGRAM TERMINATES WITHOUT COMPUTING RITZ VECTORS'/' LIV12190
1' BECAUSE ALL T-EIGENVECTORS WERE REJECTED AS NOT SUITABLE FOR THELIV12200
1RITZ VECTOR'/' COMPUTATIONS. PROBABLE CAUSE IS LACK OF CONVERGENCLIV12210
1E OF EIGENVALUES SUPPLIED'/)
GO TO 1670
C
1610 WRITE(6,1620)
1620 FORMAT(/' PROGRAM INDICATES THAT IT IS NOT POSSIBLE TO COMPUTE ANYLIV12260
1 OF THE REQUESTED EIGENVECTORS.'/' THEREFORE PROGRAM TERMINATES'') LIV12270
DO 1630 J=1,NGOODC
1630 WRITE(6,1640) J,GOODBI(J),MP(J)
1640 FORMAT(/4X,' J',11X,'GOODBI(J)',4X,'MP(J)'/I6,E20.12,I9/)
GO TO 1670
C
1650 WRITE(6,1660) MBETA,KMAXN
1660 FORMAT(/' PROGRAM TERMINATES BECAUSE THE STORAGE ALLOTTED FOR THE LIV12340
1BETA ARRAY',I8,'/ IS NOT SUFFICIENT FOR THE ENLARGED KMAX ='',I8,' LIV12350
1THAT THE PROGRAM WANTS.'/' USER CAN ENLARGE THE ALPHA,BETA ARRAYS LIV12360
1 AND RERUN THE PROGRAM'/)
C
1670 CONTINUE
C
STOP
C-----END EIGENVECTOR COMPUTATIONS FOR INVERSES OF REAL SYMMETRIC-----LIV12420
END

```

4.4 LIMULT: LANCZS and Sample Matrix-Vector Multiply Subroutines

```

C---LIMULT-(INVERSES OF REAL SYMMETRIC MATRICES)-----LIM00010
C  Authors:  Jane Cullum and Ralph A. Willoughby (deceased)      LIM00020
C              Los Alamos National Laboratory                    LIM00030
C              Los Alamos, New Mexico 87544                     LIM00040
C                                                              LIM00050
C              E-mail:  cullumj@lanl.gov                         LIM00060
C                                                              LIM00070
C  These codes are copyrighted by the authors.  These codes    LIM00080
C  and modifications of them or portions of them are NOT to be  LIM00090
C  incorporated into any commercial codes or used for any other LIM00100
C  commercial purposes such as consulting for other companies,   LIM00110
C  without legal agreements with the authors of these Codes.    LIM00120
C  If these Codes or portions of them are used in other scientific LIM00130
C  engineering research works the names of the authors of these codes LIM00140
C  and appropriate references to their written work are to be    LIM00150
C  incorporated in the derivative works.                          LIM00160
C                                                              LIM00170
C  This header is not to be removed from these codes.           LIM00180
C                                                              LIM00190
C              REFERENCE: Cullum and Willoughby, Chapters 1,2,3,4  LIM00191
C              Lanczos Algorithms for Large Symmetric Eigenvalue ComputationsLIM00192
C              VOL. 1 Theory. Republished as Volume 41 in SIAM CLASSICS in LIM00193
C              Applied Mathematics, 2002. SIAM Publications,      LIM00194
C              Philadelphia, PA. USA                               LIM00195
C                                                              LIM00196
C                                                              LIM00200
C  CONTAINS SUBROUTINE LANCZS AND SAMPLE USPEC AND BSOLV         LIM00210
C  USED BY THE VERSION OF THE LANCZOS ALGORITHMS FOR             LIM00220
C  FACTORED INVERSES OF REAL SYMMETRIC MATRICES, LIVAL AND LIVEC. LIM00230
C                                                              LIM00240
C  NONPORTABLE CONSTRUCTIONS:                                    LIM00250
C  1.  THE ENTRY MECHANISM USED TO PASS THE STORAGE LOCATIONS    LIM00260
C      OF THE FACTORIZATION OF THE MATRIX TO BE USED BY          LIM00270
C      LANCZS TO THE SOLVE SUBROUTINE BSOLV.                     LIM00280
C  2.  IN THE SAMPLE USPEC SUBROUTINES PROVIDED:                 LIM00290
C      THE FREE FORMAT (7,*) AND FORMATS (20A4) AND (4Z20)       LIM00300
C      USED IN DEFINING THE MATRICES.                             LIM00310
C                                                              LIM00320
C-----LANCZS-COMPUTE LANCZOS TRIDIAGONAL MATRICES-----LIM00330
C                                                              LIM00340
C              SUBROUTINE LANCZS(MATVEC,ALPHA,BETA,V1,V2,VS,G,KMAX,MOLD1,N,IIX) LIM00350
C                                                              LIM00360
C-----LIM00370
C              DOUBLE PRECISION  ALPHA(1), BETA(1), V1(1), V2(1), VS(1)  LIM00380
C              DOUBLE PRECISION SUM, ONE, ZERO, TEMP                 LIM00390
C              REAL  G(1)                                             LIM00400
C              EXTERNAL MATVEC                                         LIM00410
C              DOUBLE PRECISION  FINPRO, DSQRT                       LIM00420
C-----LIM00430
C              ALPHA, BETA, LANCZOS VECTOR GENERATION               LIM00440
C              ALPHA BETA GENERATION STARTS WITH IVEC = 1, BETA(1) = ZERO LIM00450

```


C	V2 = RANDOM UNIT VECTOR AND V1 = ZERO, OR EXTENDS	LIM00460
C	AN EXISTING ALPHA/BETA FILE.	LIM00470
C		LIM00480
	ZERO = 0.0D0	LIM00490
	ONE = 1.0D0	LIM00500
	IF (MOLD1.GT.1) GO TO 30	LIM00510
	BETA(1) = ZERO	LIM00520
	IIL = IIX	LIM00530
C		LIM00540
C	-----	LIM00550
	CALL GENRAN(IIL,G,N)	LIM00560
C	-----	LIM00570
C		LIM00580
	DO 10 K = 1,N	LIM00590
	10 V2(K) = G(K)	LIM00600
C		LIM00610
C	-----	LIM00620
	SUM = FINPRO(N,V2(1),1,V2(1),1)	LIM00630
C	-----	LIM00640
C		LIM00650
	SUM = ONE/DSQRT(SUM)	LIM00660
C		LIM00670
	DO 20 K = 1,N	LIM00680
	V1(K) = ZERO	LIM00690
	20 V2(K) = SUM*V2(K)	LIM00700
C		LIM00710
	30 CONTINUE	LIM00720
C		LIM00730
	DO 80 IVEC = MOLD1,KMAX	LIM00740
C		LIM00750
	DO 40 K = 1,N	LIM00760
	40 VS(K) = V2(K)	LIM00770
C		LIM00780
C	-----	LIM00790
	JBSOLV = 2	LIM00800
	CALL MATVEC(VS,VS,JBSOLV)	LIM00810
C	-----	LIM00820
C		LIM00830
	VS = B(INVERSE)*V2	LIM00840
C		LIM00850
	SUM = BETA(IVEC)	LIM00860
C		LIM00870
	DO 50 K = 1,N	LIM00880
	50 V1(K) = VS(K)-SUM*V1(K)	LIM00890
C		LIM00900
C	-----	LIM00910
	SUM = FINPRO(N,V1(1),1,V2(1),1)	LIM00920
C	-----	LIM00930
C		LIM00940
	ALPHA(IVEC) = SUM	LIM00950
C		LIM00960
	DO 60 K = 1,N	LIM00970
	60 V1(K) = V1(K)-SUM*V2(K)	LIM00980
C		LIM00990
C	-----	LIM01000

```

      SUM = FINPRO(N,V1(1),1,V1(1),1)                                LIM01010
C-----LIM01020
C      IN = IVEC+1                                                  LIM01030
C      BETA(IN) = DSQRT(SUM)                                         LIM01040
C      SUM = ONE/BETA(IN)                                           LIM01050
C      D0 70 K = 1,N                                                LIM01060
C      TEMP = SUM*V1(K)                                             LIM01070
C      V1(K) = V2(K)                                                LIM01080
C      70 V2(K) = TEMP                                              LIM01090
C      80 CONTINUE                                                  LIM01100
C      RETURN                                                       LIM01110
C-----END LANCZS-----LIM01120
C      END                                                         LIM01130
C      LIM01140
C      LIM01150
C      RETURN                                                       LIM01160
C-----USPEC FOR FACTORED INVERSES OF REAL SYMMETRIC MATRICES-----LIM01170
C      SUBROUTINE CUSPEC(N,MATNO)                                    LIM01180
C      SUBROUTINE USPEC(N,MATNO)                                    LIM01190
C      LIM01200
C      LIM01210
C      SUBROUTINE CUSPEC(N,MATNO)                                    LIM01220
C      SUBROUTINE USPEC(N,MATNO)                                    LIM01230
C      LIM01240
C-----LIM01250
C      DOUBLE PRECISION BD(2200),BSD(10000)                        LIM01260
C      REAL EXPLAN(20)                                              LIM01270
C      INTEGER KCOL(2200),KROW(10000),IPR(2200),IPT(2200)          LIM01280
C-----LIM01290
C      NOTE THAT THIS SUBROUTINE ASSUMES THAT B IS POSITIVE DEFINITE. LIM01300
C      USER COULD REPLACE THIS SUBROUTINE AND CORRESPONDING SAMPLE LIM01310
C      USPEC SUBROUTINE BY ONE THAT WORKS WITH GENERAL FACTORIZATION. LIM01320
C      LIM01330
C      DIMENSIONS ARRAYS NEEDED TO DEFINE CHOLESKY FACTOR OF B-MATRIX, LIM01340
C      READS CHOLESKY FACTOR FROM FILE 7, AND THEN PASSES STORAGE LIM01350
C      LOCATIONS OF THESE ARRAYS TO THE B-MATRIX SOLVE SUBROUTINE BSOLV. LIM01360
C      LIM01370
C      HERE WE HAVE  $B = P * C * P' = L * L'$  WHERE  $C = S0 * A + SHIFT * I$ . LIM01380
C      P IS A PERMUTATION MATRIX DEFINED BY THE VECTOR MAPS IPR AND IPT. LIM01390
C      THE ITH ROW OF B CORRESPONDS TO THE JTH ROW OF C (A) WHERE LIM01400
C       $J = IPR(I)$  AND  $I = IPT(J)$ . A IS THE ORIGINAL MATRIX. LIM01410
C      LIM01420
C      THE B-CHOLESKY FACTOR IS STORED IN THE FOLLOWING SPARSE FORMAT: LIM01430
C      N = ORDER OF THE B-MATRIX. LIM01440
C      NZT = NUMBER OF NONZERO SUBDIAGONAL ENTRIES IN THE CHOLESKY LIM01450
C      FACTOR, L. LIM01460
C      KCOL(J), J=1,N IS THE NUMBER OF NONZERO SUBDIAGONAL ELEMENTS IN LIM01470
C      COLUMN J OF L. LIM01480
C      KROW(K), K=1,NZT IS THE ROW INDEX FOR CORRESPONDING ENTRY BSD(K). LIM01490
C      BD(J), J = 1,N CONTAINS THE DIAGONAL ENTRIES OF L. LIM01500
C      BSD(K), K =1,NZT CONTAINS THE NONZERO SUBDIAGONAL ENTRIES OF L LIM01510
C      BY COLUMN. LIM01520
C      JPERM = (0,1): 1 MEANS CHOLEKSY FACTOR CORRESPONDS TO LIM01530
C      PERMUTED C. 0 MEANS NO PERMUTATION WAS USED. LIM01540
C-----LIM01550

```

```

C      READ CHOLESKY FACTOR FROM FILE 7.  MUST BE STORED          LIM01560
C      IN SPARSE MATRIX FORMAT.                                  LIM01570
C                                                                LIM01580
C      READ(7,5) EXPLAN                                          LIM01590
5      FORMAT(20A4)                                              LIM01600
C                                                                LIM01610
C      READ(7,10) NZT,NOLD,NZL,MATOLD,JPERM                     LIM01620
10     FORMAT(I10,2I6,I8,I6)                                     LIM01630
C                                                                LIM01640
C      WRITE(6,20) NZT,NZL,N,NOLD,MATOLD,JPERM                 LIM01650
20     FORMAT(' HEADER, CHOLESKY FACTOR FILE' /
1      3X,'NZT',3X,'NZL',5X,'N',2X,'NOLD',2X,'MATOLD',1X,'JPERM' /
1      4I6,I8,I6/)                                              LIM01670
C                                                                LIM01680
C                                                                LIM01690
C      IF (N.NE.NOLD.OR.MATNO.NE.MATOLD) GO TO 70              LIM01700
C                                                                LIM01710
C      READ(7,5) EXPLAN                                          LIM01720
C                                                                LIM01730
C      READ(7,30) (KCOL(K), K = 1,NZL)                          LIM01740
30     FORMAT(13I6)                                              LIM01750
C                                                                LIM01760
C      READ(7,5) EXPLAN                                          LIM01770
C                                                                LIM01780
C      READ(7,30) (KROW(K), K = 1,NZT)                          LIM01790
C                                                                LIM01800
C      READ(7,5) EXPLAN                                          LIM01810
C                                                                LIM01820
C      READ(7,40) (BD(K), K = 1,N)                              LIM01830
40     FORMAT(4Z20)                                              LIM01840
C                                                                LIM01850
C      READ(7,5) EXPLAN                                          LIM01860
C                                                                LIM01870
C      READ(7,40) (BSD(K), K = 1,NZT)                          LIM01880
C                                                                LIM01890
C      DOES CHOLESKY FACTOR CORRESPOND TO PERMUTED B?          LIM01900
C      IF(JPERM.EQ.0) GO TO 60                                   LIM01910
C                                                                LIM01920
C      READ(7,5) EXPLAN                                          LIM01930
C                                                                LIM01940
C      READ(7,30) (IPR(K), K = 1,N)                             LIM01950
C                                                                LIM01960
C      DO 50 K = 1,N                                             LIM01970
C          J = IPR(K)                                             LIM01980
50     IPT(J) = K                                                LIM01990
C                                                                LIM02000
C-----LIM02010
C      CALL LPERME(IPR,IPT,N)                                    LIM02020
C-----LIM02030
C                                                                LIM02040
C      60 CONTINUE                                              LIM02050
C                                                                LIM02060
C-----LIM02070
C      PASS STORAGE LOCATIONS OF FACTORS TO INVERSION SUBROUTINE BSOLV LIM02080
C      CALL BSOLVE(BSD,BD,KCOL,KROW,N,NZT,NZL)                 LIM02090
C-----LIM02100

```

```

C                                                    LIM02110
      GO TO 90                                          LIM02120
C                                                    LIM02130
70 CONTINUE                                          LIM02140
C      DEFAULT EXIT                                    LIM02150
      WRITE(6,80)                                       LIM02160
80 FORMAT(' TERMINATE.  PARAMETERS IN CHOLESKY FACTOR FILE'/
1' DO NOT AGREE WITH THOSE SPECIFIED BY THE USER'/)
      STOP                                             LIM02190
C                                                    LIM02200
90 CONTINUE                                          LIM02210
C-----END OF USPEC-----LIM02220
      RETURN                                           LIM02230
      END                                              LIM02240
C                                                    LIM02250
C-----BSOLV-(FACTORED INVERSE OR L*L-TRANS MULTIPLY)-----LIM02260
C              (FOR POSITIVE DEFINITE SYMMETRIC SPARSE MATRICES)
C                                                    LIM02270
C                                                    LIM02280
C      SUBROUTINE BSOLV(V,U,JBSOLV)                   LIM02290
C      SUBROUTINE CBSOLV(V,U,JBSOLV)                 LIM02300
C                                                    LIM02310
C-----LIM02320
      DOUBLE PRECISION BD(1),BSD(1),U(1),V(1),TEMP,ZERO,ONE
      INTEGER KCOL(1),KROW(1)                         LIM02330
C-----LIM02340
C                                                    LIM02350
      GO TO 3                                           LIM02360
      ENTRY BSOLVE(BSD,BD,KCOL,KROW,N,NZT,NZL)        LIM02370
      GO TO 4                                           LIM02380
C-----LIM02390
C      JBSOLV = 2 MEANS SOLVE B*U = V                LIM02400
C      JBSOLV = 1 MEANS COMPUTE U = B*V:  NOTE THAT IN THIS CASE V IS
C      DESTROYED.  LANCZOS PROGRAMS AS WRITTEN DO NOT USE JBSOLV = 1
C      PATH.                                           LIM02430
3      ZERO = 0.0DO                                     LIM02440
      ONE = 1.0DO                                       LIM02450
      IF (JBSOLV .EQ.2) GO TO 60                       LIM02460
C      U = B*V WHERE B = L*L'                         LIM02470
      KL = 0                                           LIM02480
      DO 20 J = 1,N                                     LIM02490
      TEMP = V(J)*BD(J)                                LIM02500
      IF (KCOL(J).EQ.0.OR.J.EQ.N) GO TO 20             LIM02510
      KF = KL + 1                                       LIM02520
      KL = KL + KCOL(J)                                LIM02530
      DO 10 K = KF,KL                                  LIM02540
      IK = KROW(K)                                     LIM02550
10     TEMP = BSD(K)*V(IK) + TEMP                      LIM02560
20     V(J) = TEMP                                     LIM02570
C      V = L'*V                                        LIM02580
      DO 30 K = 1,N                                     LIM02590
30     U(K) = V(K)*BD(K)                                LIM02600
      KL = 0                                           LIM02610
      DO 50 K = 1,N                                     LIM02620
      TEMP = V(K)                                       LIM02630
      IF (KCOL(K).EQ.0.OR.K.EQ.N) GO TO 50            LIM02640
      KF = KL + 1                                       LIM02650

```

```

      KL = KL + KCOL(K)                                LIM02660
      DO 40 KK = KF,KL                                LIM02670
      KR = KROW(KK)                                    LIM02680
40  U(KR) = U(KR) + TEMP*BSD(KK)                      LIM02690
50  CONTINUE                                           LIM02700
      GO TO 120                                         LIM02710
C      U = B*V                                           LIM02720
C-----
60  CONTINUE                                           LIM02740
C      SOLVE B*U = V FOR U WHERE B = L*L'              LIM02750
C      SET U = V. FIRST SOLVE L*U = U FOR U, THEN SOLVE L'*U = U FOR U LIM02760
      KL = 0                                           LIM02770
      DO 70 K = 1,N                                   LIM02780
70  U(K) = V(K)                                        LIM02790
      DO 90 K = 1,N                                   LIM02800
      TEMP = U(K)/BD(K)                                LIM02810
      U(K) = TEMP                                      LIM02820
      IF (KCOL(K).EQ.0.OR.K.EQ.N) GO TO 90             LIM02830
      KF = KL + 1                                       LIM02840
      KL = KL + KCOL(K)                                LIM02850
      DO 80 KK = KF,KL                                 LIM02860
      KR = KROW(KK)                                    LIM02870
80  U(KR) = U(KR) - TEMP*BSD(KK)                      LIM02880
90  CONTINUE                                           LIM02890
      NP1 = N+1                                         LIM02900
      KF = NZT + 1                                       LIM02910
      DO 110 K = 1,N                                   LIM02920
      L = NP1 - K                                       LIM02930
      TEMP = U(L)                                       LIM02940
      IF (KCOL(L).EQ.0.OR.L.EQ.N) GO TO 110           LIM02950
      KL = KF - 1                                       LIM02960
      KF = KF - KCOL(L)                                LIM02970
      DO 100 LL = KF,KL                                 LIM02980
      LR = KROW(LL)                                    LIM02990
100 TEMP = TEMP - BSD(LL)*U(LR)                      LIM03000
110 U(L) = TEMP/BD(L)                                  LIM03010
120 CONTINUE                                           LIM03020
C                                                     LIM03030
      4 RETURN                                           LIM03040
C                                                     LIM03050
C-----END OF BSOLV-----LIM03060
      END                                               LIM03070
C                                                     LIM03080
C-----SUBROUTINES FOR DIAGONAL TEST MATRICES-----LIM03090
C                                                     LIM03100
C      BSOLV AND USPEC SUBROUTINES FOR DIAGONAL TEST MATRICES LIM03110
C                                                     LIM03120
C-----BSOLV DIAGONAL TEST MATRIX-----LIM03130
C                                                     LIM03140
C      SUBROUTINE DBSOLV(V,U,JBSOLV)                  LIM03150
C      SUBROUTINE BSOLV(V,U,JBSOLV)                  LIM03160
C                                                     LIM03170
C-----LIM03180
      DOUBLE PRECISION V(1),U(1),D(1)                LIM03190
C-----LIM03200

```

```

      GO TO 3                                LIM03210
C     BELOW ENTRY IS FOR A DIAGONAL TEST MATRIX                                LIM03220
      ENTRY DSOLVE(D,N)                      LIM03230
      GO TO 4                                LIM03240
C-----LIM03250
C     JBSOLV = 1, COMPUTE U = D*V. (NOTE THIS IS NOT USED)                    LIM03260
C     JBSOLV = 2, COMPUTE U = (D-INVERSE)*V                                    LIM03270
      3 IF(JBSOLV.EQ.2) GO TO 20             LIM03280
        DO 10 I=1,N                          LIM03290
      10 U(I) = D(I)*V(I)                    LIM03300
        GO TO 40                              LIM03310
C                                           LIM03320
      20 DO 30 I=1,N                         LIM03330
      30 U(I)= V(I)/D(I)                     LIM03340
C                                           LIM03350
      40 CONTINUE                           LIM03360
        4 RETURN                             LIM03370
C                                           LIM03380
C-----END OF BSOLV FOR DIAGONAL TEST MATRIX -----LIM03390
      END                                    LIM03400
C                                           LIM03410
C-----START OF USPEC FOR DIAGONAL TEST MATRIX-----LIM03420
C                                           LIM03430
      SUBROUTINE USPEC(N,MATNO)              LIM03440
C     SUBROUTINE DUSPEC(N,MATNO)           LIM03450
C                                           LIM03460
C-----LIM03470
      DOUBLE PRECISION D(1000), DI(1000), SHIFT, SPACE LIM03480
      DOUBLE PRECISION DABS, DFLOAT          LIM03490
      REAL EXPLAN(20)                        LIM03500
C-----LIM03510
C                                           LIM03520
      READ(7,10) EXPLAN                      LIM03530
      10 FORMAT(20A4)                        LIM03540
      READ(7,*) NOLD,NUNIF,SPACE,D(1),SHIFT LIM03550
      NNUNIF = NOLD - NUNIF                  LIM03560
      WRITE(6,20) NOLD,SPACE,NNUNIF,D(1),SHIFT LIM03570
      20 FORMAT('/ DIAGONAL TEST MATRIX, SIZE = ',I4/' IS THE INVERSE OF MALIM03580
      1TRIX WITH MOST ENTRIES',E10.3/' UNITS APART AND WITH ',I3,' ENTRIESLIM03590
      1S IRREGULARLY SPACED'/' FIRST ENTRY WAS ',E13.4,' SHIFT = ',E10.3 LIM03600
      1/)                                    LIM03610
C                                           LIM03620
C     IF(N.NE.NOLD) GO TO 100               LIM03630
C     COMPUTE THE UNIFORM PORTION OF THE SPECTRUM                             LIM03640
      DO 30 J=2,NUNIF                        LIM03650
      30 D(J) = D(1) - DFLOAT(J-1)*SPACE     LIM03660
      NUNIF1=NUNIF + 1                       LIM03670
      READ(7,10) EXPLAN                      LIM03680
      DO 40 J=NUNIF1,N                      LIM03690
      40 READ(7,*) D(J)                      LIM03700
      NB = NUNIF - 2                         LIM03710
C                                           LIM03720
C     IF(SHIFT.EQ.0.) GO TO 60              LIM03730
      DO 50 J=1,N                            LIM03740
      50 D(J) = D(J) + SHIFT                 LIM03750

```

```

C                                                    LIM03760
C    COMPUTE EIGENVALUES OF INVERSE FOR PRINTOUT ONLY    LIM03770
60 DO 70 J = 1,N    LIM03780
70 DI(J) = 1.DO/D(J)    LIM03790
    WRITE(6,80) (DI(I), I=1,10 )    LIM03800
    WRITE(6,90) (DI(I), I = NB,N)    LIM03810
80 FORMAT(/' INVERSE LANCZOS TEST, LANCZS USES INVERSE OF GIVEN MATRILIM03820
1X'/' 1ST 10 ENTRIES OF INVERSE OF DIAGONAL TEST MATRIX = '/(3E22.1LIM03830
14))    LIM03840
90 FORMAT(/' MIDDLE (ORIGINALLY UNIFORM) PORTION OF MATRIX IS NOT PRILIM03850
INTED OUT'/' END OF (UNIFORM) PLUS NONUNIFORM SECTION = '/(3E25.16)LIM03860
1)    LIM03870
C                                                    LIM03880
C    DIAGONAL GENERATION COMPLETE    LIM03890
C                                                    LIM03900
C-----LIM03910
C    PASS STORAGE LOCATIONS OF D AND N TO DSOLV SUBROUTINE    LIM03920
    CALL DSOLVE(D,N)    LIM03930
C-----LIM03940
C                                                    LIM03950
    RETURN    LIM03960
100 WRITE(6,110) NOLD,N    LIM03970
110 FORMAT(' PROGRAM TERMINATES BECAUSE NOLD = ',I5,'DOES NOT EQUAL N LIM03980
1 = ',I5)    LIM03990
C-----END OF USPEC SUBROUTINE FOR DIAGONAL TEST MATRICES-----LIM04000
    STOP    LIM04010
    END    LIM04020

```

4.5 PERMUT: LORDER: LFACT: LTEST: Optional Routines for Chapters 4, 5, 9

```

C-----PERMUT-(USES SPARSPAK PACKAGE)-----PER00010
C  AUTHORS:  RALPH A. WILLOUGHBY (DECEASED)          PER00020
C                                                    PER00030
C                                                    PER00040
C                                                    PER00050
C                                                    PER00060
C      E-mail:  cullumj@lanl.gov                     PER00070
C                                                    PER00080
C  These codes are copyrighted by the authors.  These codes  PER00090
C  and modifications of them or portions of them are NOT to be  PER00100
C  incorporated into any commercial codes or used for any other  PER00110
C  commercial purposes such as consulting for other companies,  PER00120
C  without legal agreements with the authors of these Codes.  PER00130
C  If these Codes or portions of them are used in other scientific or  PER00140
C  engineering research works the names of the authors of these codes  PER00150
C  and appropriate references to their written work are to be  PER00160
C  incorporated in the derivative works.              PER00170
C                                                    PER00180
C  This header is not to be removed from these codes.  PER00190
C                                                    PER00200
C                                                    PER00210
C  OPTIONAL PREPROCESSING PROGRAM FOR USE WITH LANCZOS CODES.  PER00220
C  GIVEN A REAL SYMMETRIC A-MATRIX IN SPARSE MATRIX FORMAT, PERMUT  PER00230
C  CALLS THE SPARSPAK PACKAGE (A. GEORGE, J. LIU, E. NG, U. WATERLOO)  PER00240
C  TO DETERMINE A REORDERING OF A, THAT IS A PERMUTATION MATRIX  PER00250
C  P, SUCH THAT SPARSITY IS PRESERVED IN THE FACTORIZATION OF  PER00260
C  THE PERMUTED MATRIX.  PERMUT ALSO MODIFIES THE GIVEN A-MATRIX  PER00270
C  TO FORM THE MATRIX C = SO*A + SHIFT*I, WHERE SO AND SHIFT  PER00280
C  ARE SCALARS PROVIDED BY THE USER, AND THEN WRITES THIS  PER00290
C  C-MATRIX OUT TO FILE 9 ALONG WITH THE PERMUTATION P WHICH  PER00300
C  IS DEFINED BY THE VECTOR IPR.  IPR IS ALSO WRITTEN SEPARATELY  PER00310
C  TO FILE 14.                                         PER00320
C                                                    PER00330
C  NONPORTABLE CONSTRUCTIONS:                         PER00340
C  1.  INTEGER*2 VARIABLE NPERM.  NOTE THAT THIS VARIABLE CANNOT  PER00350
C      BE CHANGED TO INTEGER*4.                      PER00360
C  2.  FREE FORMAT (5,*) AND THE FORMAT (20A4).       PER00370
C  3.  TO AVOID COMPOUNDING FORMAT CONVERSION ERRORS, THE MATRIX  PER00380
C      ENTRIES SHOULD BE STORED IN MACHINE FORMAT, ((4Z20) FOR  PER00390
C      IBM/3081)                                       PER00400
C                                                    PER00410
C-----PER00420
C  SYMMETRIC A-MATRIX IS READ FROM FILE 8.  MATRIX IS STORED  PER00430
C  IN FOLLOWING SPARSE FORMAT:                        PER00440
C                                                    PER00450
C  NZL = INDEX OF LAST COLUMN CONTAINING NONZEROS BELOW THE DIAGONAL.  PER00460
C  NZS = NUMBER OF NONZERO SUBDIAGONAL ENTRIES        PER00470
C  ICOL(K), K=1,NZL CONTAINS THE NUMBER OF NONZERO SUBDIAGONAL  PER00480
C      ENTRIES IN COLUMN K.                          PER00490
C  IROW(K), K=1,NZS CONTAINS ROW INDEX OF KTH NONZERO SUBDIAGONAL  PER00500
C      ENTRY, ENTRIES STORED COLUMN BY COLUMN.        PER00510

```



```

C      AD(K), K=1,N CONTAINS THE DIAGONAL ENTRIES OF A, INCLUDING ANY      PER00520
C      ZERO ENTRIES.                                                         PER00530
C      ASD(K), K=1,NZS CONTAINS THE NONZERO SUBDIAGONAL ENTRIES OF A,      PER00540
C      COLUMN BY COLUMN.                                                     PER00550
C                                                                           PER00560
C-----INPUT/OUTPUT FILES -----PER00570
C                                                                           PER00580
C      INPUT FILES:                                                           PER00590
C      FILE 5      CONTAINS THE PROGRAM PARAMETERS SET BY USER            PER00600
C      FILE 8      CONTAINS THE SPARSE A-MATRIX                            PER00610
C                                                                           PER00620
C      OUTPUT FILES:                                                         PER00630
C      FILE 6      INTERACTIVE TERMINAL FILE                               PER00640
C      FILE 9      CONTAINS THE SPARSE DATA FOR  $C = SO*A + SHIFT*I$ .        PER00650
C      FILE 14     CONTAINS PERMUTATION IPR DEFINING THE REORDERING.        PER00660
C      IN PARTICULAR  $J = IPR(I)$  MEANS ROW(COL) I OF                      PER00670
C       $B = P*C*(P-TRANSPOSE)$  CORRESPONDS TO ROW(COL) J                     PER00680
C      OF THE A-MATRIX.                                                       PER00690
C                                                                           PER00700
C-----SPARSPAK-----PER00710
C      ARRAYS AND PARAMETERS THAT ARE REQUIRED BY SPARSPAK.                  PER00720
C      NOTE THAT THE CALL FOR SPARSPAK IS SPRSPK.  SUBROUTINES              PER00730
C      IJBEGN, INIJ, IJEND, ORDRB5, AND PSTATS ARE SPARSPAK                 PER00740
C      SUBROUTINES.                                                           PER00750
C                                                                           PER00760
C      S = VECTOR WHOSE ACTUAL DIMENSION IS DETERMINED BY SPARSPAK          PER00770
C      WHEN THE REORDERING IS OBTAINED.  USER SPECIFIES MAXIMUM            PER00780
C      DIMENSION MAXS ALLOWED; SPARSPAK DEFAULTS IF THIS MAXIMUM            PER00790
C      IS EXCEEDED.  SPARSPAK IS DESIGNED FOR SOLVING SYSTEMS              PER00800
C      OF EQUATIONS, THUS THE VECTOR S IS DESIGNED TO CONTAIN              PER00810
C      THE SOLUTION VECTOR IF THERE IS ONE, FOLLOWED BY THE                 PER00820
C      PERMUTATION VECTOR IPR, FOLLOWED BY OTHER INFORMATION               PER00830
C      GENERATED BY SPARSPAK.  A CORRECT SIZE FOR MAXS CAN BE             PER00840
C      DETERMINED ONLY AFTER THE FACT.  AS A FIRST GUESS ONE              PER00850
C      CAN SET MAXS =  $K*N$  WHERE  $K \geq 10$ .                                PER00860
C                                                                           PER00870
C      MSGVLV = CONTROL FOR WRITES TO FILE 6                               PER00880
C      NEQNS = ORDER OF A, THIS IS COMPUTED BY SPARSPAK                   PER00890
C      IERR = CONTROLS WRITING OF ERROR MESSAGES BY SPARSPAK.             PER00900
C      MAXS = USER-SPECIFIED MAXIMUM ALLOWED DIMENSION OF S-ARRAY.        PER00910
C                                                                           PER00920
C                                                                           PER00930
C-----PER00940
C      DOUBLE PRECISION AD(3000),ASD(10000),SO,SHIFT                       PER00950
C      DOUBLE PRECISION S(30000),STEMP                                     PER00960
C      REAL EXPLAN(20)                                                    PER00970
C      INTEGER ICOL(3000),IROW(10000),IPR(3000)                          PER00980
C      INTEGER*2 NPERM(4)                                                 PER00990
C      COMMON /SPKUSR/ MSGVLV,IERR,MAXS,NEQNS                             PER01000
C      EQUIVALENCE (STEMP,NPERM(1))                                       PER01010
C-----PER01020
C                                                                           PER01030
C      ARRAYS MUST BE DIMENSIONED AS FOLLOWS:                             PER01040
C      1.  AD:  $\geq N$ , THE ORDER OF A-MATRIX.                            PER01050
C      2.  ASD:  $\geq$  NZS, THE NUMBER OF NONZERO SUBDIAGONAL ENTRIES IN A.  PER01060

```


MSGLVL = 4	PER01620
C	PER01630
C-----	PER01640
CALL IJBEGN	PER01650
C-----	PER01660
C	PER01670
LLAST = 0	PER01680
DO 110 J = 1,NZL	PER01690
IF (ICOL(J).EQ.0) GO TO 110	PER01700
JJ = J	PER01710
LFIRST = LLAST + 1	PER01720
LLAST = LLAST + ICOL(J)	PER01730
DO 100 L = LFIRST,LLAST	PER01740
II = IROW(L)	PER01750
C	PER01760
C-----	PER01770
CALL INIJ(II,JJ,S)	PER01780
C-----	PER01790
C	PER01800
100 CONTINUE	PER01810
C	PER01820
110 CONTINUE	PER01830
C	PER01840
C SPARSENESS STRUCTURE HAS BEEN INPUTED TO SPARSPAK.	PER01850
C	PER01860
C-----	PER01870
CALL IJEND(S)	PER01880
C-----	PER01890
C	PER01900
WRITE(6,120) N,NEQNS	PER01910
120 FORMAT(/2I6,' = N,NEQNS'/)	PER01920
IF (N.NE.NEQNS) GO TO 230	PER01930
C	PER01940
C-----	PER01950
C USE SPARSPAK TO GENERATE REORDERING OF A THAT PRESERVES	PER01960
C SPARSITY. CORRESPONDING FACTORIZATION CAN BE COMPUTED BY	PER01970
C PREPROCESSING PROGRAM LFACT WHEN C = S0*A + SHIFT*I IS POSITIVE	PER01980
C DEFINITE. BELOW CALLS THE MINIMUM DEGREE ALGORITHM PROVIDED	PER01990
C IN SPARSPAK.	PER02000
CALL ORDRB5(S)	PER02010
CALL PSTATS	PER02020
C-----	PER02030
C	PER02040
C EXTRACT THE REORDERING FROM SPARSPAK S VECTOR AND STORE IN FILE 14	PER02050
L = 1	PER02060
KNUM = N	PER02070
DO 130 K = 1,N	PER02080
KNUM = KNUM + 1	PER02090
STEMP = S(KNUM)	PER02100
IPR(L) = NPERM(1)	PER02110
IPR(L+1) = NPERM(2)	PER02120
IPR(L+2) = NPERM(3)	PER02130
IPR(L+3) = NPERM(4)	PER02140
L = L+4	PER02150
IF (L.GT.N) GO TO 140	PER02160

```

130 CONTINUE                                PER02170
140 CONTINUE                                PER02180
C                                             PER02190
      WRITE(14,150) N,MATNO                  PER02200
150 FORMAT(I6,I8,' = N MATNO  K IPR(K)    A-MATRIX PERMUTATION') PER02210
      WRITE(14,160) (K,IPR(K), K = 1,N)      PER02220
160 FORMAT(6(1X,2I6))                       PER02230
C                                             PER02240
C                                             PER02250
C      WRITE C = S0*A + SHIFT*I WITH THE PERMUTATION IPR TO FILE 9. PER02260
C                                             PER02270
      JPERM = 1                               PER02280
      WRITE(9,170) NZS,N,NZL,MATNO,JPERM     PER02290
170 FORMAT(I10,2I6,I8,I6,' = NZS,N,NZL,MATNO,JPERM. ACOMPAC') PER02300
C                                             PER02310
C      NUMBER OF NONZERO SUBDIAGONAL ENTRIES IN EACH COLUMN IS WRITTEN PER02320
C      THEN THE CORRESPONDING ROW INDEX FOR EACH SUCH ENTRY IS WRITTEN PER02330
      WRITE(9,180) (ICOL(K), K=1,NZL)        PER02340
      WRITE(9,180) (IROW(K), K=1,NZS)        PER02350
180 FORMAT(13I6)                             PER02360
C      DIAGONAL IS WRITTEN FIRST, THEN NONZERO BELOW DIAGONAL ENTRIES PER02370
      WRITE(9,190) (AD(K), K=1,N)            PER02380
      WRITE(9,190) (ASD(K), K=1,NZS)         PER02390
190 FORMAT(4E19.10)                           PER02400
      WRITE(9,180) (IPR(K), K=1,N)          PER02410
C                                             PER02420
      IF(ISCALE.NE.0) GO TO 200              PER02430
C      ISCALE = 0, SET DEFAULT VALUES OF S0 AND SHIFT PER02440
      S0 = 1.D0                              PER02450
      SHIFT = 0.D0                           PER02460
200  WRITE(9,210) S0,SHIFT                    PER02470
210  FORMAT(2E12.5,' = S0 SHIFT'/
1   ' ABOVE IS SPARSE DATA FOLLOWED BY PERMUTATION IPR'/
1   ' FOR THE MATRIX C = S0*A+SHIFT*I '/
1   ' B = P*C*PTRANS CAN BE GENERATED IN SUBROUTINE LORDER'/
1   ' ROW(COL) I OF B CORRESPONDS TO ROW(COL) J OF C, J = IPR(I)'/
1   ' NZS = TOTAL NUMBER OF SUBDIAGONAL NONZEROS IN C'/
1   ' KCOL(K) = NUMBER OF SUBDIAGONAL NONZEROS IN COL K OF C'/
1   ' KROW(K) = ROW INDEX OF SUBDIAGONAL NONZERO'/
1   ' SUBDIAGONAL NONZEROS IN C ARE STORED COLUMN BY COLUMN'/
1   ' AD(K) = THE KTH DIAGONAL ELEMENT OF C'/
1   ' ASD(K) = KTH SUBDIAGONAL NONZERO IN C'/)
C                                             PER02590
      WRITE(6,220)                           PER02600
220  FORMAT(/' PERMUT IS FINISHED MATRIX IS ON FILE 9'/) PER02610
C                                             PER02620
230  CONTINUE                                PER02630
C                                             PER02640
C-----END PERMUT-----PER02650
      STOP                                    PER02660
      END                                    PER02670

```

C-----LORDER-(STAND ALONE PROGRAM)-----	LOR00010
C AUTHORS: RALPH A. WILLOUGHBY (DECEASED)	LOR00020
C	LOR00030
C	LOR00040
C	LOR00050
C E-mail: cullumj@lanl.gov	LOR00060
C	LOR00070
C These codes are copyrighted by the authors. These codes	LOR00080
C and modifications of them or portions of them are NOT to be	LOR00090
C incorporated into any commercial codes or used for any other	LOR00100
C commercial purposes such as consulting for other companies,	LOR00110
C without legal agreements with the authors of these Codes.	LOR00120
C If these Codes or portions of them are used in other scientific or	LOR00130
C engineering research works the names of the authors of these codes	LOR00140
C and appropriate references to their written work are to be	LOR00150
C incorporated in the derivative works.	LOR00160
C	LOR00170
C This header is not to be removed from these codes.	LOR00180
C	LOR00190
C	LOR00200
C ACCORDING TO THE PFORT VERIFIER THIS PROGRAM IS PORTABLE.	LOR00210
C HOWEVER TO AVOID COMPOUNDING FORMAT CONVERSION ERRORS,	LOR00220
C MATRIX ENTRIES SHOULD BE STORED IN MACHINE FORMAT, ((4Z20)	LOR00230
C FOR IBM/3081).	LOR00240
C	LOR00250
C LORDER TAKES A SPARSE MATRIX C AND A PERMUTATION P GIVEN BY	LOR00260
C THE VECTOR IPR AND COMPUTES THE PERMUTED MATRIX $B = P * C * P'$,	LOR00270
C AND THEN WRITES B TO FILE 9 ALONG WITH IPR AND ANY SCALE SO	LOR00280
C AND SHIFT THAT WERE USED TO OBTAIN THE INPUT MATRIX C. (HERE	LOR00290
C ROW(COL) I OF B CORRESPONDS TO ROW(COL) J OF A WHERE $J = IPR(I)$,	LOR00300
C AND INPUT MATRIX $C = SO * A + SHIFT * I$.	LOR00310
C	LOR00320
C-----	LOR00330
C DOUBLE PRECISION ASD(10000),AD(3000),BSD(10000),BD(3000)	LOR00340
C DOUBLE PRECISION SHIFT,SO	LOR00350
C INTEGER IPR(3000),IPT(3000)	LOR00360
C INTEGER IROW(10000),INUM(10000),ICOL(3000)	LOR00370
C INTEGER KROW(10000),KNUM(10000),KCOL(3000)	LOR00380
C-----	LOR00390
C	LOR00400
C ARRAYS MUST BE DIMENSIONED AS FOLLOWS:	LOR00410
C 1. AD, BD: >= N, THE ORDER OF C-MATRIX.	LOR00420
C 2. ASD: >= NZS, THE NUMBER OF NONZERO SUBDIAGONAL ENTRIES IN C.	LOR00430
C 3. BSD: >= NZS, THE NUMBER OF NONZERO SUBDIAGONAL ENTRIES IN	LOR00440
C B = P * C * P-TRANPOSE	LOR00450
C 4. IPR, IPT: >= N	LOR00460
C 5. ICOL, KCOL: >= N	LOR00470
C 6. IROW, KROW, INUM, KNUM: >= NZ = 2 * NZS + N	LOR00480
C	LOR00490
C-----	LOR00500
C OUTPUT HEADER	LOR00510
C WRITE(6,10)	LOR00520
10 FORMAT(/' LORDER PROGRAM, COMPUTE B = P * C * (P-TRANPOSE), STORE ON	LOR00530
1FILE 9'/)	LOR00540
C	LOR00550

```

C      READ NUMBER OF NONZERO SUBDIAGONAL ENTRIES (NZS), ORDER OF MATRIX LOR00560
C      (N), INDEX OF LAST COLUMN CONTAINING NONZERO ENTRIES BELOW THE LOR00570
C      DIAGONAL (NZL), MATRIX IDENTIFICATION NUMBER (MATNO), PERMUTATION LOR00580
C      FLAG (JPERM). LOR00590
      READ(8,20) NZS,N,NZL,MATNO,JPERM LOR00600
20  FORMAT(I10,2I6,I8,I6) LOR00610
C LOR00620
      WRITE(6,30) NZS,N,NZL,MATNO,JPERM LOR00630
30  FORMAT(/I10,2I6,I8,I3,' = NZS,N,NZL,MATNO,JPERM'/) LOR00640
C LOR00650
C      NUMBER OF NONZERO SUBDIAGONAL ENTRIES IN EACH COLUMN IS READ LOR00660
C      THEN THE CORRESPONDING ROW INDEX FOR EACH SUCH ENTRY IS READ LOR00670
      READ(8,40) (ICOL(K), K=1,NZL) LOR00680
      READ(8,40) (IROW(K), K=1,NZS) LOR00690
40  FORMAT(13I6) LOR00700
C LOR00710
      NZL1 = NZL + 1 LOR00720
      DO 50 K = NZL1,N LOR00730
50  ICOL(K) = 0 LOR00740
C LOR00750
C      DIAGONAL OF C-MATRIX IS READ (INCLUDING ANY ZERO ENTRIES), THEN LOR00760
C      NONZERO SUBDIAGONAL ENTRIES ARE READ IN LOR00770
      READ(8,60) (AD(K), K=1,N) LOR00780
      READ(8,60) (ASD(K), K=1,NZS) LOR00790
60  FORMAT(4E19.10) LOR00800
C LOR00810
      IF(JPERM.EQ.0) GO TO 390 LOR00820
C LOR00830
      READ PERMUTATION LOR00830
      READ(8,40) (IPR(K), K = 1,N) LOR00840
C LOR00850
      DO 70 K = 1,N LOR00860
      J = IPR(K) LOR00870
70  IPT(J) = K LOR00880
C LOR00890
      READ(8,80) S0,SHIFT LOR00900
80  FORMAT(2E12.5) LOR00910
C LOR00920
      WRITE(6,90) LOR00930
90  FORMAT(/' MATRIX HAS BEEN READ IN FROM FILE 8'/ LOR00940
      1 ' PERMUTATION IPR HAS BEEN READ IN'/) LOR00950
C LOR00960
C      EXPAND IROW AND ICOL TO INCLUDE DIAGONAL AND SUPER DIAGONAL LOR00970
      KCOL(1) = 1 + ICOL(1) LOR00980
      KNUM(1) = -1 LOR00990
      KROW(1) = 1 LOR01000
      IF (ICOL(1).EQ.0) GO TO 110 LOR01010
      KL = ICOL(1) LOR01020
      DO 100 K = 1,KL LOR01030
      KP1 = K+1 LOR01040
      KROW(KP1) = IROW(K) LOR01050
100 KNUM(KP1) = K LOR01060
110 KCOUNT = KCOL(1) LOR01070
C LOR01080
      DO 160 K = 2,N LOR01090
      K1 = MIN(K-1,NZL) LOR01100

```

```

      JL = 0
      JCOUNT = 0
      DO 140 J = 1,K1
      IF (ICOL(J).EQ.0) GO TO 140
      JF = JL + 1
      JL = JL + ICOL(J)
      DO 130 JJ = JF,JL
      IF (IROW(JJ)-K) 130,120,140
120 KCOUNT = KCOUNT + 1
      JCOUNT = JCOUNT + 1
      KROW(KCOUNT) = J
      KNUM(KCOUNT) = JJ
      GO TO 140
130 CONTINUE
140 CONTINUE
      KCOUNT = KCOUNT + 1
      KROW(KCOUNT) = K
      KNUM(KCOUNT) = -K
      ITEMP = 0
      IF (K.LE.NZL) ITEMP = ICOL(K)
      KCOL(K) = JCOUNT + 1 + ITEMP
      IF (K.GT.NZL.OR.ICOL(K).EQ.0) GO TO 160
      KF = 1 + KL
      KL = KL + ICOL(K)
      DO 150 J = KF,KL
      KCOUNT = KCOUNT + 1
      KROW(KCOUNT) = IROW(J)
150 KNUM(KCOUNT) = J
160 CONTINUE
C      NTOTAL = N + 2*NZS
C      A-MATRIX INDEX LISTS HAVE BEEN EXPANDED
C
      WRITE(6,170)
170 FORMAT(/' EXPANSION OF INDEX LISTS FOR C-MATRIX IS COMPLETED'/)
C
C      DETERMINE STRUCTURE OF B = P*C*P-TRANSPPOSE
      IL = 0
      KCOUNT = 0
      DO 180 K = 1,N
180 ICOL(K) = 0
      DO 270 K = 1,N
      J = IPR(K)
      JL = 0
      IF (J.EQ.1) GO TO 200
      JM1 = J - 1
      DO 190 JJ = 1,JM1
190 JL = JL + KCOL(JJ)
200 CONTINUE
      JF = JL + 1
      JL = JL + KCOL(J)
      ICOL(K) = KCOL(J)
      IF = IL + 1
      IL = IL + ICOL(K)
C
      DO 210 JJ = JF,JL

```

```

      KCOUNT = KCOUNT + 1                                LOR01660
      JR = KROW(JJ)                                         LOR01670
      JK = IPT(JR)                                           LOR01680
      INUM(KCOUNT) = KNUM(JJ)                             LOR01690
210  IROW(KCOUNT) = JK                                    LOR01700
C                                                         LOR01710
C   ORDER IROW VECTOR BY INCREASING SIZE                  LOR01720
      IF (IF.EQ.IL) GO TO 240                               LOR01730
      IF1 = IF + 1                                          LOR01740
      DO 230 I = IF1,IL                                     LOR01750
      IM1 = I-1                                             LOR01760
      IMF = IM1 + IF                                       LOR01770
      DO 220 L = IF,IM1                                    LOR01780
      II = IMF - L                                         LOR01790
      IF (IROW(II+1).GE.IROW(II)) GO TO 230                LOR01800
      IO = IROW(II)                                         LOR01810
      IROW(II) = IROW(II+1)                                LOR01820
      IROW(II+1) = IO                                     LOR01830
      IO = INUM(II)                                         LOR01840
      INUM(II) = INUM(II+1)                                LOR01850
      INUM(II+1) = IO                                     LOR01860
220  CONTINUE                                             LOR01870
230  CONTINUE                                             LOR01880
240  CONTINUE                                             LOR01890
C                                                         LOR01900
      DO 250 I = IF,IL                                     LOR01910
      IF (INUM(I).LT.0) GO TO 260                          LOR01920
250  CONTINUE                                             LOR01930
260  INUM(I) = -J                                          LOR01940
270  CONTINUE                                             LOR01950
C                                                         LOR01960
C   GENERATE SPARSE MATRIX REPRESENTATION OF B-MATRIX   LOR01970
      KCOUNT = 0                                          LOR01980
      DO 280 K = 1,N                                       LOR01990
280  KCOL(K) = 0                                           LOR02000
      DO 320 K = 1,N                                       LOR02010
      KL = 0                                               LOR02020
      DO 290 KK = 1,K                                     LOR02030
290  KL = KL + ICOL(KK)                                   LOR02040
      KK = KL+ 1                                           LOR02050
300  KK = KK - 1                                           LOR02060
      IF (INUM(KK).GE.0) GO TO 300                        LOR02070
      KCOL(K) = KL - KK                                    LOR02080
      J = IPR(K)                                           LOR02090
      BD(K) = AD(J)                                         LOR02100
      KF = KK + 1                                          LOR02110
      IF (KCOL(K).EQ.0) GO TO 320                         LOR02120
      DO 310 JJ = KF,KL                                    LOR02130
      KCOUNT = KCOUNT + 1                               LOR02140
      KROW(KCOUNT) = IROW(JJ)                           LOR02150
      KK = INUM(JJ)                                        LOR02160
310  BSD(KCOUNT) = ASD(KK)                               LOR02170
320  CONTINUE                                             LOR02180
      NZL = 0                                              LOR02190
      DO 330 K = 1,N                                       LOR02200

```



```

C-----LFACT-----LFA00010
C                                     LFA00020
C   NONPORTABLE CONSTRUCTIONS:      LFA00030
C   1.  FORMAT (4Z20).  TO AVOID COMPOUNDING FORMAT CONVERSION  LFA00040
C       ERRORS, THE MATRIX ENTRIES SHOULD BE IN MACHINE FORMAT, LFA00050
C       (4Z20) FOR IBM/3081.         LFA00060
C                                     LFA00070
C   LFACT COMPUTES THE CHOLESKY FACTOR L FOR THE MATRIX B AND STORES LFA00080
C   THIS FACTOR ON FILE 7.  B MUST BE A POSITIVE DEFINITE MATRIX. LFA00090
C   THE PERMUTATION P (IN IPR), THE SCALE S0 AND THE SHIFT (IF ANY) LFA00100
C   USED TO OBTAIN B FROM THE ORIGINAL MATRIX A ARE STORED AT THE END LFA00110
C   OF FILE 7.  THAT IS,  B = S0*P*A*P' + SHIFT*I.  THE PROGRAM  LFA00120
C   ASSUMES THAT THE DATA READ FROM FILE 9 IS FOR THE B-MATRIX.  LFA00130
C                                     LFA00140
C-----LFA00150
C                                     LFA00160
C   ARRAYS MUST BE DIMENSIONED AS FOLLOWS:      LFA00170
C   1.  AD:  >= N, THE ORDER OF A-MATRIX.        LFA00180
C   3.  ASD:  >= NZT, THE NUMBER OF NONZERO SUBDIAGONAL ENTRIES LFA00190
C         IN THE CHOLESKY FACTOR OF B.           LFA00200
C   4.  ICOL,IPR:  >= N                          LFA00210
C   5.  IROW:  >= NZT                            LFA00220
C                                     LFA00230
C-----LFA00240
C   DOUBLE PRECISION ASD(10000),AD(3000)         LFA00250
C   DOUBLE PRECISION ZERO,ONE,TEMP,S0,SHIFT      LFA00260
C   INTEGER IROW(10000),ICOL(3000),IPR(3000)     LFA00270
C   DOUBLE PRECISION DSQRT                      LFA00280
C-----LFA00290
C   OUTPUT HEADER                               LFA00300
C   WRITE(6,5)                                  LFA00310
C   5 FORMAT(/' LFACT PROGRAM, COMPUTE CHOLESKY FACTOR FOR POSITIVED LFA00320
C   1INITE B-MATRIX'/' AND STORE THE FACTOR ON FILE 7'/)      LFA00330
C                                     LFA00340
C   SET PROGRAM PARAMETERS                      LFA00350
C   ONE = 1.0D0                                LFA00360
C   ZERO = 0.0D0                                LFA00370
C                                     LFA00380
C   READ NUMBER OF NONZERO BELOW DIAGONAL ENTRIES, ORDER OF MATRIX, LFA00390
C   INDEX OF LAST COLUMN CONTAINING NONZERO ENTRIES BELOW THE  LFA00400
C   DIAGONAL, MATRIX IDENTIFICATION NUMBER      LFA00410
C   READ(9,15) NZS,N,NZL,MATNO,JPERM           LFA00420
C   15 FORMAT(I10,2I6,I8,I6)                   LFA00430
C                                     LFA00440
C   WRITE(6,20) NZS,N,NZL,JPERM,MATNO          LFA00450
C   20 FORMAT(I10,3I6,I8,' = NZS,N,NZL,JPERM,MATNO'//)      LFA00460
C                                     LFA00470
C   NUMBER OF NONZERO SUBDIAGONAL ENTRIES IN EACH COLUMN IS READ LFA00480
C   THEN THE CORRESPONDING ROW INDEX FOR EACH SUCH ENTRY IS READ LFA00490
C   READ(9,30) (ICOL(K), K=1,NZL)              LFA00500
C   READ(9,30) (IROW(K), K=1,NZS)              LFA00510
C   30 FORMAT(13I6)                            LFA00520
C                                     LFA00530
C                                     LFA00540
C   NZL1 = NZL + 1                             LFA00550

```

DO 40 K = NZL1,N	LFA00560
40 ICOL(K) = 0	LFA00570
C	LFA00580
C DIAGONAL IS READ (INCLUDING ANY ZERO ENTRIES), THEN NONZERO	LFA00590
C BELOW DIAGONAL ENTRIES ARE READ IN	LFA00600
READ(9,50) (AD(K), K=1,N)	LFA00610
READ(9,50) (ASD(K), K=1,NZS)	LFA00620
50 FORMAT(4E19.10)	LFA00630
C 50 FORMAT(4Z20)	LFA00640
C	LFA00650
IF (JPERM.NE.0) READ(9,30) (IPR(K), K = 1,N)	LFA00660
C	LFA00670
READ(9,55) S0,SHIFT	LFA00680
55 FORMAT(2E12.5)	LFA00690
C	LFA00700
WRITE(6,60)	LFA00710
60 FORMAT(/' B-MATRIX HAS BEEN READ IN FROM FILE 9'/)	LFA00720
C	LFA00730
IF (JPERM.NE.0) WRITE(6,65)	LFA00740
65 FORMAT(' PERMUTATION IPR HAS BEEN READ IN'/)	LFA00750
C	LFA00760
C CALCULATE CHOLESKY FACTOR, B = BL*(BL-TRANSPPOSE)	LFA00770
NZT = NZS	LFA00780
NZL = N-1	LFA00790
KL = 0	LFA00800
DO 70 K = 1,N	LFA00810
C CALCULATE KTH PIVOT FOR BL	LFA00820
TEMP = AD(K)	LFA00830
C	LFA00840
IF (AD(K).GT.ZERO) GO TO 80	LFA00850
C	LFA00860
WRITE(6,90) K,AD(K)	LFA00870
90 FORMAT(/I6,E15.8,' = K,AD(K)'/	LFA00880
1' PIVOT IS NEGATIVE SO B-MATRIX IS NOT POSITIVE DEFINITE'/	LFA00890
1' THEREFORE COMPUTATION OF CHOLESKY FACTOR TERMINATES'/)	LFA00900
GO TO 240	LFA00910
C	LFA00920
80 CONTINUE	LFA00930
TEMP = DSQRT(TEMP)	LFA00940
AD(K) = TEMP	LFA00950
TEMP = ONE/TEMP	LFA00960
IF(K.EQ.N.OR.ICOL(K).EQ.0) GO TO 70	LFA00970
KF = KL + 1	LFA00980
KL = KL + ICOL(K)	LFA00990
DO 100 KK = KF,KL	LFA01000
KR = IROW(KK)	LFA01010
ASD(KK) = TEMP*ASD(KK)	LFA01020
100 AD(KR) = AD(KR) - ASD(KK)**2	LFA01030
IF (KF.EQ.KL) GO TO 70	LFA01040
K1 = K+1	LFA01050
DO 110 KK = KF,KL	LFA01060
KR = IROW(KK)	LFA01070
IF (KK.EQ.KL) GO TO 110	LFA01080
KE = KL	LFA01090
DO 120 KC = K1,KR	LFA01100

```

120 KE= KE + ICOL(KC)                                LFA01110
    KB = KE - ICOL(KR) + 1                            LFA01120
    KK1 = KK + 1                                       LFA01130
    L = KB                                             LFA01140
    DO 130 LL = KK1,KL                                LFA01150
    LR = IROW(LL)                                       LFA01160
    IF (ICOL(KR).EQ.0.OR.L.GT.KE) GO TO 140            LFA01170
150 LC = IROW(L)                                       LFA01180
    IF (LC - LR) 160,170,140                           LFA01190
160 L = L + 1                                          LFA01200
    IF (L.LE.KE) GO TO 150                             LFA01210
C    NEW NONZERO IN CHOLESKY FACTOR L                 LFA01220
140 NZT = NZT + 1                                       LFA01230
    L1 = L + 1                                          LFA01240
    NT = NZT + L1                                       LFA01250
    DO 180 KM = L1,NZT                                  LFA01260
    MK = NT - KM                                       LFA01270
    ASD(MK) = ASD(MK-1)                                LFA01280
180 IROW(MK) = IROW(MK-1)                             LFA01290
    ICOL(KR) = ICOL(KR) + 1                           LFA01300
    KE = KE + 1                                         LFA01310
    ASD(L) = -ASD(KK)*ASD(LL)                          LFA01320
    IROW(L) = LR                                       LFA01330
    GO TO 130                                           LFA01340
C    UPDATE EXISTING ELEMENT                           LFA01350
170 ASD(L) = ASD(L) - ASD(KK)*ASD(LL)                 LFA01360
130 L = L + 1                                          LFA01370
110 CONTINUE                                           LFA01380
    70 CONTINUE                                         LFA01390
C                                                         LFA01400
C                                                         LFA01410
C    FACTOR L HAS BEEN COMPUTED, STORE IN SPARSE FORMAT ON FILE 7 LFA01420
C                                                         LFA01430
    WRITE(7,190) NZT,N,NZL,MATNO,JPERM                LFA01440
190 FORMAT(I10,2I6,I8,I6,' = NZT,N,NZL,MATNO,JPERM. LCOMPAC') LFA01450
C                                                         LFA01460
C    NUMBER OF NONZERO SUBDIAGONAL ENTRIES IN EACH COLUMN IS WRITTEN LFA01470
C    THEN THE CORRESPONDING ROW INDEX FOR EACH SUCH ENTRY IS WRITTEN LFA01480
    WRITE(7,200) (ICOL(K), K=1,NZL)                   LFA01490
    WRITE(7,200) (IROW(K),K=1,NZT)                     LFA01500
200 FORMAT(13I6)                                       LFA01510
C    DIAGONAL IS WRITTEN FIRST, THEN NONZERO BELOW DIAGONAL ENTRIES LFA01520
    WRITE(7,210) (AD(K), K=1,N)                         LFA01530
    WRITE(7,210) (ASD(K), K=1,NZT)                     LFA01540
210 FORMAT(4Z20)                                       LFA01550
C 210 FORMAT(3E25.16)                                  LFA01560
    IF (JPERM.NE.0) WRITE(7,200) (IPR(K), K=1,N)       LFA01570
C                                                         LFA01580
    WRITE(7,220) S0,SHIFT                              LFA01590
220 FORMAT(2E12.5,' = S0 SHIFT'/'
1 ' ABOVE IS CHOLESKY FACTOR FOR B-MATRIX'/'
1 ' IF JPERM = 0, THEN P = I. C = S0*A * SHIFT*I'/'
1 ' B = P*C*P-TRANS = L*L-TRANS, L IS STORED IN SPARSE FORMAT'/'
1 ' ROW(COL) I OF B CORRESPONDS TO ROW(COL) J OF C, J = IPR(I)'/'
1 ' NZT = TOTAL NUMBER OF SUBDIAGONAL NONZEROS IN L'/'

```

1 ' ICOL(K) = NUMBER OF SUBDIAGONAL NONZEROS IN COL K OF L'/	LFA01660
1 ' IROW(K) = ROW INDEX OF SUBDIAGONAL NONZERO'/	LFA01670
1 ' SUBDIAGONAL NONZEROS IN L ARE STORED COLUMN BY COLUMN'/	LFA01680
1 ' AD(K) = KTH DIAGONAL ELEMENT OF L'/	LFA01690
1 ' ASD(K) = KTH SUBDIAGONAL NONZERO IN L'/)	LFA01700
C	LFA01710
WRITE(6,230)	LFA01720
230 FORMAT(' CHOLESKY FACTOR HAS BEEN WRITTEN TO FILE 7 ')/)	LFA01730
C	LFA01740
240 CONTINUE	LFA01750
C	LFA01760
C-----END OF LFACT-----	LFA01770
STOP	LFA01780
END	LFA01790

```

C-----LTEST-----LTE00010
C                                     LTE00020
C   CONTAINS MAIN PROGRAM LTEST AND SAMPLE CMATS, CMATV, BSOLV   LTE00030
C   LTEST ALSO REQUIRES A RANDOM NUMBER GENERATOR.               LTE00040
C                                     LTE00050
C   LTEST GIVES A ROUGH CHECK ON THE CONDITION OF A MATRIX B BY   LTE00060
C   SOLVING  $B \cdot X = B \cdot V1$  FOR X WHERE V1 IS A KNOWN, RANDOMLY-GENERATED   LTE00070
C   VECTOR. SOLVING IS DONE, WITH AND WITHOUT ITERATIVE REFINEMENT.   LTE00080
C   IN BOTH CASES, X IS COMPARED WITH V1 AND THE ERRORS ARE        LTE00090
C   WRITTEN TO FILE 6.                                             LTE00100
C                                     LTE00110
C   VECTORS V0, V1, V2, VS, AND G ARE USED IN THE COMPUTATIONS.   LTE00120
C   NOTE THAT THE SUBROUTINE CMATS USED TO COMPUTE THE RESIDUAL     LTE00130
C   IN EXTENDED PRECISION FOR THE ITERATIVE REFINEMENT CALCULATION   LTE00140
C   REQUIRES AN EXTRA LONG V0 VECTOR OF LENGTH TWICE THE SIZE OF B.   LTE00150
C                                     LTE00160
C   NONPORTABLE CONSTRUCTIONS:                                     LTE00170
C   1. THE ENTRY MECHANISM WHICH PASSES THE STORAGE LOCATIONS OF   LTE00180
C       ARRAYS AND PARAMETERS THAT DEFINE THE B-MATRIX TO THE       LTE00190
C       SUBROUTINES CMATV, CMATS, AND BSOLV.                         LTE00200
C   2. FORMATS (20A4) AND (4Z20). TO AVOID COMPOUNDING FORMAT       LTE00210
C       CONVERSION ERRORS, MATRIX ENTRIES SHOULD BE STORED IN      LTE00220
C       MACHINE FORMAT, ((4Z20) FOR IBM/3081). ALSO FREE FORMAT     LTE00230
C       (5,*).                                                       LTE00240
C   3. REAL*16 VARIABLES IN CMATS SUBROUTINE.                       LTE00250
C                                     LTE00260
C                                     LTE00270
C-----LTE00280
C   DOUBLE PRECISION ASD(10000),AD(3000),BSD(20000),BD(3000)       LTE00290
C   DOUBLE PRECISION V0(6000),V1(3000),V2(3000),VS(3000)           LTE00300
C   DOUBLE PRECISION ZERO,ONE,TEMP,SUM                             LTE00310
C   DOUBLE PRECISION ERROR0,ERROR1,ENORM0,ENORM1                   LTE00320
C   REAL EXPLAN(20),G(3000)                                         LTE00330
C   INTEGER IROW(20000),ICOL(3000),KROW(30000),KCOL(3000),SVSEED   LTE00340
C   DOUBLE PRECISION FINPRO                                          LTE00350
C   DOUBLE PRECISION DABS, DMAX1, DSQRT                             LTE00360
C-----LTE00370
C                                     LTE00380
C   ARRAYS MUST BE DIMENSIONED AS FOLLOWS:                         LTE00390
C   1. AD, BD:  >= N, THE ORDER OF A-MATRIX.                       LTE00400
C   2. ASD:    >= NZS, THE NUMBER OF NONZERO SUBDIAGONAL ENTRIES IN B.   LTE00410
C   3. BSD:    >= NZT, THE NUMBER OF NONZERO SUBDIAGONAL ENTRIES     LTE00420
C               IN THE CHOLESKY FACTOR OF B.                         LTE00430
C   5. ICOL, KCOL:  >= N                                             LTE00440
C   6. KROW:    >= NZS                                               LTE00450
C   7. IROW:    >= NZT                                               LTE00460
C   8. V1,V2,VS:  >= N                                              LTE00470
C   9. V0:      >= 2*N                                              LTE00480
C                                     LTE00490
C-----LTE00500
C   OUTPUT HEADER                                                  LTE00510
C   WRITE(6,10)                                                    LTE00520
C   10 FORMAT(/' LTEST PROGRAM, ROUGH CHECK ON NUMERICAL CONDITION OF GIVL   LTE00530
C       1EN MATRIX'/)                                              LTE00540
C                                     LTE00550

```

C	SET PROGRAM PARAMETERS	LTE00560
	ONE = 1.0D0	LTE00570
	ZERO = 0.0D0	LTE00580
C		LTE00590
C	READ INPUT HEADER	LTE00600
	READ(5,20) EXPLAN	LTE00610
	WRITE(6,20) EXPLAN	LTE00620
	20 FORMAT(20A4)	LTE00630
C		LTE00640
C	READ IN IN FREE FORMAT USER-SPECIFIED PARAMETERS FROM FILE 5	LTE00650
	READ(5,20) EXPLAN	LTE00660
	READ(5,*) SVSEED	LTE00670
C		LTE00680
C	READ NUMBER OF NONZERO BELOW DIAGONAL ENTRIES, ORDER OF MATRIX,	LTE00690
C	INDEX OF LAST COLUMN CONTAINING NONZERO ENTRIES BELOW THE	LTE00700
C	DIAGONAL, MATRIX IDENTIFICATION NUMBER	LTE00710
	READ(9,30) NZS,N,NZL,MATNO,JPERM	LTE00720
	30 FORMAT(I10,2I6,I8,I6)	LTE00730
C		LTE00740
	WRITE(6,40) NZS,N,NZL,JPERM,MATNO,SVSEED	LTE00750
	40 FORMAT(I10,3I6,' = NZS,N,NZL,JPERM' /	LTE00760
	1 I8,I12,' = MATNO,SVSEED' /)	LTE00770
C		LTE00780
C	NUMBER OF NONZERO SUBDIAGONAL ENTRIES IN EACH COLUMN IS READ	LTE00790
C	THEN THE CORRESPONDING ROW INDEX FOR EACH SUCH ENTRY IS READ	LTE00800
	READ(9,50) (KCOL(K), K=1,NZL)	LTE00810
	READ(9,50) (KROW(K), K=1,NZS)	LTE00820
	50 FORMAT(13I6)	LTE00830
C		LTE00840
C		LTE00850
	NZL1 = NZL + 1	LTE00860
	DO 60 K = NZL1,N	LTE00870
	60 KCOL(K) = 0	LTE00880
C		LTE00890
C	DIAGONAL IS READ (INCLUDING ANY ZERO ENTRIES), THEN NONZERO	LTE00900
C	BELOW DIAGONAL ENTRIES ARE READ IN	LTE00910
	READ(9,70) (AD(K), K=1,N)	LTE00920
	READ(9,70) (ASD(K), K=1,NZS)	LTE00930
	70 FORMAT(4E19.10)	LTE00940
C		LTE00950
	WRITE(6,80)	LTE00960
	80 FORMAT('/ B-MATRIX HAS BEEN READ IN FROM FILE 9' /)	LTE00970
C		LTE00980
C	-----	LTE00990
C	ENTRIES TO CMATS AND CMATV SUBROUTINES	LTE01000
	CALL CMATSE(ASD,AD,KCOL,KROW,N,NZL)	LTE01010
	CALL CMATVE(ASD,AD,KCOL,KROW,N,NZL)	LTE01020
C	-----	LTE01030
C		LTE01040
C	READ CHOLESKY FACTOR FROM FILE 7	LTE01050
C		LTE01060
	READ(7,90) NZT,N,NZL,MATNO,JPERM	LTE01070
	90 FORMAT(I10,2I6,I8,I6)	LTE01080
C		LTE01090
C	NUMBER OF NONZERO SUBDIAGONAL ENTRIES IN EACH COLUMN IS READ	LTE01100

```

C      THEN THE CORRESPONDING ROW INDEX FOR EACH SUCH ENTRY IS READ      LTE01110
      READ(7,100) (ICOL(K), K=1,NZL)                                     LTE01120
      READ(7,100) (IROW(K), K=1,NZT)                                     LTE01130
100  FORMAT(13I6)                                                         LTE01140
C      DIAGONAL IS READ FIRST, THEN NONZERO BELOW DIAGONAL ENTRIES      LTE01150
      READ(7,110) (BD(K), K=1,N)                                         LTE01160
      READ(7,110) (BSD(K), K=1,NZT)                                       LTE01170
110  FORMAT(4Z20)                                                         LTE01180
C  90  FORMAT(3E25.16)                                                    LTE01190
C                                                                           LTE01200
C-----LTE01210
C      ENTRY TO BSOLV SUBROUTINE, PASS FACTOR OF B                       LTE01220
      CALL BSOLVE(BSD,BD,ICOL,IROW,N,NZT,NZL)                             LTE01230
C-----LTE01240
C                                                                           LTE01250
C      SOLVE B*X = B*V1 WITH AND WITHOUT ITERATIVE REFINEMENT, COMPARE  LTE01260
C      ERRORS IN SOLVING AS A ROUGH CHECK ON THE CONDITION OF THE       LTE01270
C      MATRIX B.                                                         LTE01280
C                                                                           LTE01290
      IIX = SVSEED                                                         LTE01300
C                                                                           LTE01310
C-----LTE01320
C      COMPUTES RANDOM VECTOR FOR USE IN RIGHT-HAND SIDE                LTE01330
      CALL GENRAN(IIX,G,N)                                                 LTE01340
C-----LTE01350
C                                                                           LTE01360
      DO 120 K = 1,N                                                       LTE01370
120  V1(K) = G(K)                                                         LTE01380
C                                                                           LTE01390
C-----LTE01400
      SUM = FINPRO(N,V1(1),1,V1(1),1)                                       LTE01410
C-----LTE01420
      SUM = ONE/DSQRT(SUM)                                                  LTE01430
C                                                                           LTE01440
      DO 130 K = 1,N                                                       LTE01450
130  V1(K) = V1(K)*SUM                                                    LTE01460
C                                                                           LTE01470
      SUM = ZERO                                                            LTE01480
C                                                                           LTE01490
C-----LTE01500
C      COMPUTE V2 = RHS = B*V1  C = S0*A + SHIFT*I  B = P*C*P'          LTE01510
C      VS = B(INVERSE)*V2                                                 LTE01520
      CALL CMATV(V1,V2,SUM)                                                 LTE01530
      CALL BSOLV(VS,V2)                                                    LTE01540
C-----LTE01550
C                                                                           LTE01560
      SUM = ZERO                                                            LTE01570
      ERROR0 = ZERO                                                         LTE01580
      DO 140 K = 1,N                                                       LTE01590
      TEMP = DABS(V1(K) - VS(K))                                           LTE01600
      SUM = SUM + TEMP*TEMP                                                 LTE01610
140  ERROR0 = DMAX1(ERROR0,TEMP)                                           LTE01620
      ENORM0 = DSQRT(SUM)                                                  LTE01630
C                                                                           LTE01640
      WRITE(6,150) ENORM0,ERROR0                                           LTE01650

```



```

      LLAST = 0
C
      DO 30 J = 1,NZL
C
      IF (ICOL(J).EQ.0) GO TO 30
C
      LFIRST = LLAST + 1
      LLAST = LLAST + ICOL(J)
C
      DO 20 L = LFIRST,LLAST
      I = IROW(L)
      T0 = BSD(L)
      T1 = W(J)
      T2 = W(I)
C
      Z(I) = Z(I) + T0*T1
      Z(J) = Z(J) + T0*T2
C
      20 CONTINUE
C
      30 CONTINUE
C
      DO 40 I =1,N
      40 U(I) = Z(I)
C
      RETURN
C
C-----
      ENTRY CMATSE(BSD,BD,ICOL,IROW,N,NZL)
C-----
C
      RETURN
C-----END OF CMATS-----
      END
C
C-----CMATV-----
C
      SYMMETRIC, SPARSE MATRIX-VECTOR MULTIPLY, B MATRIX STORED
      IN SPARSE FORMAT. CMATV CALCULATES  $U = B*W - SUM*U$ 
C
      SUBROUTINE CMATV(W,U,SUM)
C
C-----
      DOUBLE PRECISION U(1),W(1),BSD(1),BD(1),SUM
      INTEGER KROW(1),KCOL(1)
C-----
C
      DO 10 I = 1,N
      10 U(I) = BD(I)*W(I) - SUM*U(I)
C
      LLAST = 0
C
      DO 30 J = 1,NZL
C
      IF (KCOL(J).EQ.0) GO TO 30

```

```

C                                                     LTE02760
      LFIRST = LLAST + 1                               LTE02770
      LLAST = LLAST + KCOL(J)                           LTE02780
C                                                     LTE02790
      DO 20 L = LFIRST,LLAST                             LTE02800
      I = KROW(L)                                         LTE02810
C                                                     LTE02820
      U(I) = U(I) + BSD(L)*W(J)                         LTE02830
      U(J) = U(J) + BSD(L)*W(I)                         LTE02840
C                                                     LTE02850
      20 CONTINUE                                         LTE02860
C                                                     LTE02870
      30 CONTINUE                                         LTE02880
C                                                     LTE02890
      RETURN                                             LTE02900
C                                                     LTE02910
C-----LTE02920
      ENTRY CMATVE(BSD,BD,KCOL,KROW,N,NZL)               LTE02930
C-----LTE02940
C                                                     LTE02950
      RETURN                                             LTE02960
C-----END OF CMATV-----LTE02970
      END                                               LTE02980
C                                                     LTE02990
C-----BSOLV-----LTE03000
C                                                     LTE03010
C      SOLVES B*U = V WHERE  B = L*L'.                 LTE03020
C      FIRST SOLVES L*U = V FOR U, THEN SOLVES L'*U = U FOR U  LTE03030
C                                                     LTE03040
      SUBROUTINE BSOLV(U,V)                             LTE03050
C                                                     LTE03060
C-----LTE03070
      DOUBLE PRECISION  AD(1),ASD(1),U(1),V(1),TEMP     LTE03080
      INTEGER  ICOL(1),IROW(1)                         LTE03090
C-----LTE03100
      KL = 0                                             LTE03110
      DO 10 K = 1,N                                     LTE03120
10  U(K) = V(K)                                         LTE03130
      DO 30 K = 1,N                                     LTE03140
      TEMP = U(K)/AD(K)                                LTE03150
      U(K) = TEMP                                       LTE03160
      IF (ICOL(K).EQ.0.OR.K.EQ.N) GO TO 30             LTE03170
      KF = KL + 1                                       LTE03180
      KL = KL + ICOL(K)                                LTE03190
      DO 20 KK = KF,KL                                 LTE03200
      KR = IROW(KK)                                    LTE03210
20  U(KR) = U(KR) - TEMP*ASD(KK)                       LTE03220
      30 CONTINUE                                       LTE03230
C                                                     LTE03240
      NP1 = N+1                                         LTE03250
      KF = NZT + 1                                       LTE03260
      DO 50 K = 1,N                                     LTE03270
      L = NP1 - K                                       LTE03280
      TEMP = U(L)                                       LTE03290
      IF (ICOL(L).EQ.0.OR.L.EQ.N) GO TO 50             LTE03300

```

```

      KL = KF - 1                                LTE03310
      KF = KF - ICOL(L)                          LTE03320
      DO 40 LL = KF,KL                           LTE03330
      LR = IROW(LL)                              LTE03340
40    TEMP = TEMP - ASD(LL)*U(LR)                 LTE03350
50    U(L) = TEMP/AD(L)                           LTE03360
C                                                LTE03370
      RETURN                                      LTE03380
C                                                LTE03390
C-----LTE03400
      ENTRY BSOLVE(ASD,AD,ICOL,IROW,N,NZT,NZL)    LTE03410
C-----LTE03420
C                                                LTE03430
C-----END OF BSOLV-----LTE03440
      RETURN                                      LTE03450
      END                                         LTE03460

```

4.6 LIVAL: LIVEC: File Definitions, Sample Input Files

Below is a listing of the input/output files which are accessed by the real symmetric Lanczos eigenvalue program, LIVAL. Included also is a sample of the input file which LIVAL requires on file 5. The parameters in this file are supplied in free format. LIVAL computes eigenvalues of real symmetric matrices B^{-1} on user-specified intervals where $B = PCP^T$ with $C = (SCALE) * A + (SHIFT) * I$ where $SCALE$ and $SHIFT$ are scalars. The sample codes assume that C is positive definite and has a reasonable condition number. The permutation matrix P is used to preserve the sparseness of the given matrix in the Cholesky factorization, $B = LL^T$. The user could replace the BSOLVE subroutine provided here by another more general factorization subroutine.

Sample Specification of the Input/Output Files for LIVAL

```
-----
LIVAL EXEC LANCZOS EIGENVALUE CALCULATION USING FACTORIZATION
FI 06 TERM
FILEDEF 1 DISK &1      NHISTORY  A (RECFM F LRECL 80 BLOCK 80
FILEDEF 2 DISK &1      HISTORY   A (RECFM F LRECL 80 BLOCK 80
FILEDEF 3 DISK &1      GOODEV    A (RECFM F LRECL 80 BLOCK 80
FILEDEF 4 DISK &1      ERRINV    A (RECFM F LRECL 80 BLOCK 80
FILEDEF 5 DISK LIVAL    INPUT     A (RECFM F LRECL 80 BLOCK 80
FILEDEF 7 DISK &1      LDATA     A (RECFM F LRECL 80 BLOCK 80
FILEDEF 11 DISK &1     DISTINCT  A (RECFM F LRECL 80 BLOCK 80
LOAD  LIVAL  LESUB  LIMULT
-----
```

Sample Input File for LIVAL

```
-----
LIVAL EIGENVALUE COMPUTATION, NO REORTHOGONALIZATION
USING INVERSE OF REAL SYMMETRIC MATRIX VIA FACTORIZATION
LINE 1      N      KMAX      NMEVS      MATNO      SO      SHIFT
           528      2640          2      721830      1.0          0.
LINE 2      SVSEED      RHSEED          MXINIT      MXSTUR
           49302312      5731029          5      100000
LINE 3      ISTART      ISTOP
           0              1
LINE 4      IHIS      IDIST  IWRITE
           1              0      1
LINE 5      RELTOL (RELATIVE TOLERANCE IN 'COMBINING' GOODEV)
           .0000000001
LINE 6      MB(1)      MB(2)      MB(3)      MB(4)      (ORDERS OF T(1,MEV) )
           100          125
LINE 7      NINT      (NUMBER OF SUB-INTERVALS FOR BISEC)
           1
LINE 8      LB(1)      LB(2)      LB(3)      LB(4)      (INTERVAL LOWER BOUNDS)
           1.0
LINE 9      UB(1)      UB(2)      UB(3)      UB(4)      (INTERVAL UPPER BOUNDS)
           100.0
-----
```

Below is a listing of the input/output files which are accessed by the real symmetric Lanczos eigenvector program, LIVEC. Included also is a sample of the input file which LIVEC requires on file 5. The parameters in this file are supplied in free format. LIVEC computes eigenvectors for each of a user-specified subset of the eigenvalues computed by the companion program LIVAL. The matrix used in the eigenvector computation is a scaled, shifted and inverted version of a given matrix. Inversion is accomplished via matrix factorization.

Sample Specifications of the Input/Output Files for LIVEC

```
-----
LIVEC EXEC, EIGENVECTORS FOR INVERSE OF REAL SYMMETRIC MATRIX
FI 06 TERM
FILEDEF 2 DISK &1      HISTORY  A (RECFM F LRECL 80 BLOCK 80
FILEDEF 3 DISK &1      GOODEV   A (RECFM F LRECL 80 BLOCK 80
FILEDEF 4 DISK &1      ERRINV   A (RECFM F LRECL 80 BLOCK 80
FILEDEF 5 DISK LIVEC   INPUT    A (RECFM F LRECL 80 BLOCK 80
FILEDEF 7 DISK &1      LDATA    A (RECFM F LRECL 80 BLOCK 80
FILEDEF 9 DISK &1      ERREST   A (RECFM F LRECL 80 BLOCK 80
FILEDEF 10 DISK &1     BOUNDS   A (RECFM F LRECL 80 BLOCK 80
FILEDEF 11 DISK &1     TEIGVECS A (RECFM F LRECL 80 BLOCK 80
FILEDEF 12 DISK &1     RITZVECS A (RECFM F LRECL 80 BLOCK 80
FILEDEF 13 DISK &1     PAIGE     A (RECFM F LRECL 80 BLOCK 80
LOAD LIVEC LESUB LIMULT
-----
```

Sample Input File for LIVEC

```
-----
LIVEC INPUT LANCZOS EIGENVECTOR COMPUTATIONS, NO REORTHOGONALIZATION
LINE 1 MATNO      N      S0  SHIFT JPERM (ID,SIZE,SCALE,SHIFT,PERMUT?
      20 2161 -1.0 0.01 0
LINE 2 MDIMTV     MDIMRV MBETA (MAX.DIMENSIONS,TVEC,RITVEC AND BETA
      10000 10000 2000
LINE 3 RELTOL
      .0000000001
LINE 4 MBOUND     NTVCON SVTVEC IREAD (FLAGS
      0 1 0 1
LINE 5 TVSTOP     LVCONT ERCONT IWRITE (FLAGS
      0 1 1 1
LINE 6 RHSEED     (RANDOM GENERATOR SEED FOR STARTING VECTOR IN INVERM)
      45329517
-----
```

Chapter 5

Real Symmetric Generalized Problems

5.1 Introduction

The FORTRAN codes in this Chapter address the question of computing distinct eigenvalues and corresponding eigenvectors of a real symmetric generalized eigenvalue problem. Given two real symmetric matrices A and B , where B is positive definite and its Cholesky factors are available, these codes compute real scalars λ and corresponding real-valued vectors $x \neq 0$ such that

$$Ax = \lambda Bx. \quad (5.1.1)$$

Given a real symmetric positive definite matrix B , the Cholesky decomposition of B has the form

$$B = LL^T, \quad (5.1.2)$$

where L is a lower triangular matrix. Real symmetric matrices and Cholesky factorizations are discussed in detail in Stewart [24]. See Section 2.1 for a brief summary of the properties of real symmetric matrices which we use.

Theoretically, this type of real symmetric generalized problem is equivalent to the following real symmetric problem:

$$L^{-1}AL^{-T}y = \lambda y, \quad y = L^Tx. \quad (5.1.3)$$

Therefore, we could solve this type of generalized problem by applying the real symmetric Lanczos procedure given in Chapter 2 directly to the composite matrix $C \equiv L^{-1}AL^{-T}$ given in Eqn(5.1.3). However, we prefer to work directly with the generalized problem. In this setting the role of the B -matrix in the single-vector Lanczos computations is clearly displayed.

The single-vector Lanczos codes in this chapter can be used to compute either a very few or very many of the distinct eigenvalues of the given real symmetric generalized problem. The documentation for these codes is contained in Section 2.2. As in the real symmetric case, the AB -multiplicity of a given computed 'good' Lanczos eigenvalue can be obtained only with additional computation, and the modifications required to do this additional computation are not included in the enclosed versions of these codes.

We use the following 'generalized' Lanczos recursion. For $i = 1, 2, \dots, m$ and a randomly-generated starting

vector v_1 with $\|v_1\|_B = 1$, generate Lanczos vectors v_i using the following recursion.

$$\beta_{i+1} Bv_{i+1} = Av_i - \alpha_i Bv_i - \beta_i Bv_{i-1} \quad (5.1.4)$$

where

$$\begin{aligned} \alpha_i &\equiv v_i^T (Av_i - \beta_i Bv_{i-1}) \\ \beta_{i+1} &\equiv \|L^{-1}(Av_i - \alpha_i Bv_i - \beta_i Bv_{i-1})\| \end{aligned} \quad (5.1.5)$$

By construction, the B -norm of each Lanczos vector is one. That is, for all i , $\|v_i\|_B \equiv (v_i^T Bv_i)^{1/2} = 1$.

The B -norm is used because it is the 'natural' norm for real symmetric generalized problems when the B -matrix is positive definite. Given any two distinct eigenvalues λ and μ of Eqn(5.1.1), and corresponding eigenvectors x and y , we have that $x^T B y = 0$. That is, the eigenvectors are orthogonal w.r.t. the B -norm, and the eigenvectors form a complete set of vectors. The positive definiteness of B is essential. The closer B is to being singular or indefinite, the less stable these computations will be. The generalized Lanczos recursion in Eqns (5.1.4) and (5.1.5) generates a family of real symmetric tridiagonal matrices (T -matrices) whose sizes are specified by the user.

LGVAL, the main program for the real symmetric generalized computations, calls the subroutine BISEC to compute eigenvalues of the specified tridiagonal T -matrices on the user-specified intervals. BISEC simultaneously computes these T -eigenvalues with their T -multiplicities and sorts the computed T -eigenvalues into two classes, the 'good' T -eigenvalues and the 'spurious' T -eigenvalues. The 'good' T -eigenvalues are accepted as approximations to eigenvalues of the generalized problem. The accuracy of these 'good' T -eigenvalues as eigenvalues of the generalized problem is then estimated using error estimates computed by the subroutine INVERR. Error estimates are computed only for isolated 'good' T -eigenvalues. All other 'good' T -eigenvalues are assumed to have converged. Convergence is then checked. If convergence has not yet occurred and a larger T -matrix has been specified by the user, the program will continue on to the larger T -matrix, repeating the above procedure on this larger matrix. After each T -matrix eigenvalue computation the corresponding approximations to the eigenvalues of the user-specified matrix A are computed and included in the output.

Once the eigenvalues have been computed accurately enough, the user can select a subset of the 'converged' eigenvalues for which eigenvectors are to be computed. The main program LGVEC, for computing eigenvectors of the real symmetric generalized problem using a factorization of B , is used to compute the desired eigenvectors.

All of the computations are done in double precision arithmetic. Once the Lanczos matrices have been computed, the remaining computations use the same subroutines which are used in the real symmetric case discussed in Chapter 2. In addition to the programs and subroutines provided here, the user must supply a subroutine USPECA which defines and initializes the A -matrix and a subroutine USPECB which defines and initializes the factors of the B -matrix. A subroutine AMATV which computes matrix-vector multiplies Ax for the A -matrix, and a subroutine BSOLV which solves the system of equations $Bz = v$ must also be supplied. These subroutines must be constructed in such a way as to take advantage of the sparsity (and/or structure) of the two user-supplied matrices A and B and such that they are accurate.

The optional preprocessing programs PERMUT, LORDER, LFACT, and LTEST listed in Chapter 4 can also be used with the codes in this chapter. PERMUT calls the SPARSPAK Library [9] to attempt to identify a reordering or permutation P of the given matrix B for which the sparseness of B is preserved under the factorization of the permuted matrix. LORDER takes a given matrix C and permutation P and computes the sparse format for the permuted matrix, PCP^T . LFACT computes the Cholesky factors of a given positive definite matrix. LTEST performs a very crude check on the numerical condition of the matrix supplied to it, by solving a system of equations with and without iterative refinement, LINPACK [7]. Obviously, if the B -matrix is permuted then the A -matrix must be subjected to the same permutation. These codes assume that the Cholesky factor supplied in the subroutine USPECB

corresponds to the permuted B -matrix and that the AMATV subroutine supplied corresponds to the corresponding permuted A -matrix. Thus, the Lanczos codes compute the eigenvalues and eigenvectors of the permuted problem. The permutation (if any) is then unwrapped in the eigenvector program LGVEC.

5.2 LGVAL: Main Program, Eigenvalue Computations

```

C-----LGVAL  (EIGENVALUES, GENERALIZED SYMMETRIC PROBLEM)-----LGV00010
C  Authors:   Jane Cullum and Ralph A. Willoughby (Deceased)      LGV00020
C              Los Alamos National Laboratory                    LGV00030
C              Los Alamos, New Mexico 87544                      LGV00040
C                                                         LGV00050
C              E-mail:  cullumj@lanl.gov                          LGV00060
C                                                         LGV00070
C  These codes are copyrighted by the authors.  These codes      LGV00080
C  and modifications of them or portions of them are NOT to be   LGV00090
C  incorporated into any commercial codes or used for any other   LGV00100
C  commercial purposes such as consulting for other companies,     LGV00110
C  without legal agreements with the authors of these Codes.      LGV00120
C  If these Codes or portions of them are used in other scientific or LGV00130
C  engineering research works the names of the authors of these codes LGV00140
C  and appropriate references to their written work are to be      LGV00150
C  incorporated in the derivative works.                           LGV00160
C                                                         LGV00170
C  This header is not to be removed from these codes.             LGV00180
C                                                         LGV00190
C              REFERENCE: Cullum and Willoughby, Chapters 1,2,3,4   LGV00191
C              Lanczos Algorithms for Large Symmetric Eigenvalue Computations LGV00192
C              VOL. 1 Theory. Republished as Volume 41 in SIAM CLASSICS in LGV00193
C              Applied Mathematics, 2002. SIAM Publications,       LGV00194
C              Philadelphia, PA. USA                                LGV00195
C                                                         LGV00196
C                                                         LGV00200
C  CONTAINS MAIN PROGRAM FOR COMPUTING DISTINCT EIGENVALUES OF    LGV00210
C   $A \cdot X = \text{EVAL} \cdot B \cdot X$  WHERE A AND B ARE REAL SYMMETRIC MATRICES, LGV00220
C  B IS POSITIVE DEFINITE, AND THE CHOLESKY FACTORS OF B          LGV00230
C  ARE AVAILABLE FOR USE IN THE PROCEDURE.  PROCEDURE USES        LGV00240
C  GENERALIZATION OF LANCZOS TRIDIAGONALIZATION WITHOUT ANY       LGV00250
C  REORTHOGONALIZATION.                                          LGV00260
C                                                         LGV00270
C  PFORT VERIFIER IDENTIFIED THE FOLLOWING NONPORTABLE            LGV00280
C  CONSTRUCTIONS                                                  LGV00290
C                                                         LGV00300
C  1.  DATA/MACHEP/ STATEMENT                                    LGV00310
C  2.  ALL READ(5,*) STATEMENTS (FREE FORMAT)                     LGV00320
C  3.  FORMAT(20A4) USED WITH EXPLANATORY HEADER EXPLAN.         LGV00330
C  4.  HEXADECIMAL FORMAT (4Z20) USED IN ALPHA/BETA FILES 1 AND 2. LGV00340
C                                                         LGV00350
C-----LGV00360
C
C  DOUBLE PRECISION  ALPHA(5000),BETA(5001)                        LGV00380
C  DOUBLE PRECISION  V1(5000),V2(5000),VS(5000)                  LGV00390
C  DOUBLE PRECISION  LB(20),UB(20)                                LGV00400
C  DOUBLE PRECISION  BTOL,GAPTOL,TTOL,MACHEP,EPSM,RELTOL          LGV00410
C  DOUBLE PRECISION  SCALE1,SCALE2,SCALE3,SCALE4,BISTOL,CONTOL,MULTOLLGV00420
C  DOUBLE PRECISION  ONE,ZERO,TEMP,TKMAX,BETAM,BKMIN,TO,T1        LGV00430
C  REAL  G(5000),EXPLAN(20)                                       LGV00440
C  INTEGER  MP(5000),NMEV(20)                                     LGV00450

```

```

      INTEGER SVSEED,RHSEED,SVSOLD          LGV00460
      INTEGER IABS                          LGV00470
      REAL ABS                             LGV00480
      DOUBLE PRECISION DABS, DSQRT, DFLOAT  LGV00490
      EXTERNAL LSOLV, AMATV                 LGV00500
C                                           LGV00510
C-----LGV00520
      DATA MACHEP/Z34100000000000000/    LGV00530
      EPSM = 2.0D0*MACHEP                  LGV00540
C-----LGV00550
C                                           LGV00560
C   ARRAYS MUST BE DIMENSIONED AS FOLLOWS: LGV00570
C   DIMENSION OF V2 ASSUMES THAT NO MORE THAN KMAX/2 EIGENVALUES LGV00580
C   OF THE LANCZOS T-MATRICES ARE BEING COMPUTED IN ANY ONE OF THE LGV00590
C   SUB-INTERVALS BEING CONSIDERED. V2 CONTAINS THE UPPER AND LOWER LGV00600
C   BOUNDS FOR EACH T-EIGENVALUE BEING COMPUTED BY BISEC IN ANY ONE LGV00610
C   GIVEN INTERVAL.                      LGV00620
C                                           LGV00630
C   1. ALPHA: >= KMAX,   BETA: >= (KMAX+1) LGV00640
C   2. V1:   >= MAX(N,KMAX+1)              LGV00650
C   3. V2,VS: >= MAX(N,KMAX)               LGV00660
C   4. G:    >= MAX(N,2*KMAX)               LGV00670
C   5. MP:    >= KMAX                      LGV00680
C   6. LB,UB: >= NUMBER OF SUBINTERVALS SUPPLIED TO BISEC. LGV00690
C   7. NMEV: >= NUMBER OF T-MATRICES ALLOWED. LGV00700
C   8. EXPLAN: DIMENSION IS 20.             LGV00710
C                                           LGV00720
C                                           LGV00730
C   IMPORTANT TOLERANCES OR SCALES THAT ARE USED REPEATEDLY LGV00740
C   THROUGHOUT THE PROGRAM ARE THE FOLLOWING: LGV00750
C   SCALED MACHINE EPSILON: TTOL = TKMAX*EPSM WHERE LGV00760
C   EPSM = 2*MACHINE EPSILON AND           LGV00770
C   TKMAX = MAX(|ALPHA(J)|,BETA(J), J = 1,MEV) LGV00780
C   BISEC CONVERGENCE TOLERANCE: BISTOL = DSQRT(1000+MEV)*TTOL LGV00790
C   BISEC T-MULTIPLICITY TOLERANCE: MULTOL = (1000+MEV)*TTOL LGV00800
C   LANCZOS CONVERGENCE TOLERANCE: CONTOL = BETA(MEV+1)*1.D-10 LGV00810
C-----LGV00820
C   OUTPUT HEADER                          LGV00830
C   WRITE(6,10)                            LGV00840
10  FORMAT('/ LANCZOS EIGENVALUE PROCEDURE FOR REAL SYMMETRIC GENERALI LGV00850
      IZED PROBLEMS, '/' A*X = EVAL*B*X, B POSITIVE DEFINITE WITH CHOLESKY LGV00860
      1 FACTORS AVAILABLE'/)              LGV00870
C                                           LGV00880
C   SET PROGRAM PARAMETERS                  LGV00890
C   SCALEK ARE USED IN TOLERANCES NEEDED IN SUBROUTINES LUMP, LGV00900
C   ISOEV AND PRTEST.  USER MUST NOT MODIFY THEM. LGV00910
      SCALE1 = 5.0D2                      LGV00920
      SCALE2 = 5.0D0                      LGV00930
      SCALE3 = 5.0D0                      LGV00940
      SCALE4 = 1.0D4                      LGV00950
      ONE = 1.0D0                         LGV00960
      ZERO = 0.0D0                       LGV00970
      BTOL = 1.0D-8                      LGV00980
C   BTOL = EPSM                          LGV00990
      GAPTOL = 1.0D-8                    LGV01000

```

```

      ICONV = 0                                LGV01010
      MOLD = 0                                LGV01020
      MOLD1 = 1                               LGV01030
      ICT = 0                                 LGV01040
      MMB = 0                                 LGV01050
      IPROJ = 0                               LGV01060
C-----
C      READ USER-SPECIFIED PARAMETERS FROM INPUT FILE 5 (FREE FORMAT)  LGV01080
C
C      READ USER-PROVIDED HEADER FOR RUN  LGV01100
      READ(5,20) EXPLAN  LGV01110
      WRITE(6,20) EXPLAN  LGV01120
      READ(5,20) EXPLAN  LGV01130
      WRITE(6,20) EXPLAN  LGV01140
      20 FORMAT(20A4)  LGV01150
C
C      READ ORDER OF MATRICES (N) , MAXIMUM ORDER OF T-MATRIX (KMAX),  LGV01170
C      NUMBER OF T-MATRICES ALLOWED (NMEVS), AND MATRIX IDENTIFICATION  LGV01180
C      NUMBERS (MATNOA AND MATNOB)  LGV01190
      READ(5,20) EXPLAN  LGV01200
      READ(5,*) N,KMAX,NMEVS,MATNOA,MATNOB  LGV01210
C
C      READ SEEDS FOR LANCZS AND INVERR SUBROUTINES (SVSEED AND RHSEED)  LGV01230
C      READ MAXIMUM NUMBER OF ITERATIONS ALLOWED FOR EACH INVERSE  LGV01240
C      ITERATION (MXINIT) AND MAXIMUM NUMBER OF STURM SEQUENCES  LGV01250
C      ALLOWED (MXSTUR)  LGV01260
      READ(5,20) EXPLAN  LGV01270
      READ(5,*) SVSEED,RHSEED,MXINIT,MXSTUR  LGV01280
C
C      ISTART = (0,1):  ISTART = 0 MEANS ALPHA/BETA FILE IS NOT  LGV01300
C      AVAILABLE.  ISTART = 1 MEANS ALPHA/BETA FILE IS AVAILABLE ON  LGV01310
C      FILE 2.  LGV01320
C      ISTOP = (0,1):  ISTOP = 0 MEANS PROCEDURE GENERATES ALPHA/BETA  LGV01330
C      FILE AND THEN TERMINATES.  ISTOP = 1 MEANS PROCEDURE GENERATES  LGV01340
C      ALPHAS/BETAS IF NEEDED AND THEN COMPUTES EIGENVALUES AND ERROR  LGV01350
C      ESTIMATES AND THEN TERMINATES.  LGV01360
      READ(5,20) EXPLAN  LGV01370
      READ(5,*) ISTART,ISTOP  LGV01380
C
C      IHIS = (0,1):  IHIS = 0 MEANS ALPHA/BETA FILE IS NOT WRITTEN  LGV01400
C      TO FILE 1.  IHIS = 1 MEANS ALPHA/BETA FILE IS WRITTEN TO FILE 1.  LGV01410
C      IDIST = (0,1):  IDIST = 0 MEANS DISTINCT EIGENVALUES OF  LGV01420
C      ARE NOT WRITTEN TO FILE 11.  IDIST = 1 MEANS DISTINCT  LGV01430
C      EIGENVALUES ARE WRITTEN TO FILE 11.  LGV01440
C      IWRITE = (0,1):  IWRITE = 0 MEANS NO INTERMEDIATE OUTPUT  LGV01450
C      FROM THE COMPUTATIONS IS WRITTEN TO FILE 6.  IWRITE = 1 MEANS  LGV01460
C      EIGENVALUES AND ERROR ESTIMATES ARE WRITTEN TO FILE 6  LGV01470
C      AS THEY ARE COMPUTED.  LGV01480
      READ(5,20) EXPLAN  LGV01490
      READ(5,*) IHIS,IDIST,IWRITE  LGV01500
C
C      READ IN THE RELATIVE TOLERANCE (RELTOL) FOR USE IN THE  LGV01520
C      SPURIOUS, T-MULTIPLICITY, AND PRTESTS.  LGV01530
      READ(5,20) EXPLAN  LGV01540
      READ(5,*) RELTOL  LGV01550

```

```

C                                                    LGV01560
C  READ IN THE SIZES OF THE T-MATRICES TO BE CONSIDERED.    LGV01570
C  READ(5,20) EXPLAN                                         LGV01580
C  READ(5,*) (NMEV(J), J=1,NMEVS)                           LGV01590
C                                                    LGV01600
C  READ IN THE NUMBER OF SUBINTERVALS TO BE CONSIDERED.    LGV01610
C  READ(5,20) EXPLAN                                         LGV01620
C  READ(5,*) NINT                                            LGV01630
C                                                    LGV01640
C  READ IN THE LEFT-END POINTS OF THE SUBINTERVALS TO BE    LGV01650
C  CONSIDERED. THESE MUST BE IN ALGEBRAICALLY-INCREASING    LGV01660
C  ORDER. READ(5,20) EXPLAN                                  LGV01670
C  READ(5,*) (LB(J), J=1,NINT)                               LGV01680
C                                                    LGV01690
C  READ IN THE RIGHT-END POINTS OF THE SUBINTERVALS TO BE    LGV01700
C  CONSIDERED. THESE MUST BE IN ALGEBRAICALLY-INCREASING    LGV01710
C  ORDER. READ(5,20) EXPLAN                                  LGV01720
C  READ(5,*) (UB(J), J=1,NINT)                               LGV01730
C                                                    LGV01740
C-----LGV01750
C  INITIALIZE THE ARRAYS FOR THE USER-SPECIFIED MATRICES    LGV01760
C  AND PASS THE STORAGE LOCATIONS OF THESE ARRAYS TO THE    LGV01770
C  MATRIX-VECTOR MULTIPLY SUBROUTINE AMATV AND THE SOLVE     LGV01780
C  SUBROUTINE LSOLV.                                         LGV01790
C                                                    LGV01800
C  CALL USPECA(N,MATNOA)                                     LGV01810
C  CALL USPECB(N,MATNOB)                                     LGV01820
C                                                    LGV01830
C-----LGV01840
C                                                    LGV01850
C  MASK UNDERFLOW AND OVERFLOW                               LGV01860
C  CALL MASK                                                  LGV01870
C                                                    LGV01880
C-----LGV01890
C                                                    LGV01900
C  WRITE TO FILE 6, A SUMMARY OF THE PARAMETERS FOR THIS    LGV01910
C  RUN.                                                       LGV01920
C  WRITE(6,30) MATNOA,MATNOB,N,KMAX                           LGV01930
C  30 FORMAT(/3X,'A-MATRIX ID',3X,'B-MATRIX ID',4X,'ORDER OF A',4X, LGV01940
C    1'MAX ORDER OF T'/I14,I14,I14,I18/)                     LGV01950
C                                                    LGV01960
C  WRITE(6,40) ISTART,ISTOP                                   LGV01970
C  40 FORMAT(/2X,'ISTART',3X,'ISTOP'/2I8/)                   LGV01980
C                                                    LGV01990
C  WRITE(6,50) IHIS,IDIST,IWRITE                              LGV02000
C  50 FORMAT(/4X,'IHIS',3X,'IDIST',2X,'IWRITE'/3I8/)         LGV02010
C                                                    LGV02020
C  WRITE(6,60) SVSEED,RHSEED                                  LGV02030
C  60 FORMAT(/' SEEDS FOR RANDOM NUMBER GENERATOR'//         LGV02040
C    1 4X,'LANCZS SEED',4X,'INVERR SEED'/2I15/)              LGV02050
C                                                    LGV02060
C  WRITE(6,70) (NMEV(J), J=1,NMEVS)                          LGV02070
C  70 FORMAT(/' SIZES OF T-MATRICES TO BE CONSIDERED'/(6I12)) LGV02080
C                                                    LGV02090
C  WRITE(6,80) RELTOL,GAPTOL,BTOL                             LGV02100

```

```

80 FORMAT(/' RELATIVE TOLERANCE USED TO COMBINE COMPUTED T-EIGENVALUE LGV02110
1S'/E15.3/' RELATIVE GAP TOLERANCES USED IN INVERSE ITERATION'/ LGV02120
1E15.3/' RELATIVE TOLERANCE FOR CHECK ON SIZE OF BETAS'/E15.3/) LGV02130
C LGV02140
WRITE(6,90) (J, LB(J), UB(J), J=1, NINT) LGV02150
90 FORMAT(/' BISEC WILL BE USED ON THE FOLLOWING INTERVALS'/ LGV02160
1 (I6, 2E20.6)) LGV02170
C LGV02180
IF (ISTART.EQ.0) GO TO 140 LGV02190
C LGV02200
READ IN ALPHA BETA HISTORY LGV02210
C LGV02220
READ(2,100) MOLD, NOLD, SVSOLD, MATA0, MATB0 LGV02230
100 FORMAT(2I6, I12, 2I8) LGV02240
C LGV02250
IF (KMAX.LT.MOLD) KMAX = MOLD LGV02260
KMAX1 = KMAX + 1 LGV02270
C LGV02280
CHECK THAT ORDER N, MATRIX IDS (MATNOA AND MATNOB), AND RANDOM LGV02290
C SEED (SVSEED) AGREE WITH THOSE IN THE HISTORY FILE. IF NOT LGV02300
C PROCEDURE STOPS. LGV02310
C LGV02320
ITEMP = (NOLD-N)**2 + (MATNOA-MATA0)**2 + (SVSEED-SVSOLD)**2 LGV02330
1 + (MATNOB-MATB0)**2 LGV02340
C LGV02350
IF (ITEMP.EQ.0) GO TO 120 LGV02360
C LGV02370
WRITE(6,110) LGV02380
110 FORMAT(' PROGRAM TERMINATES'/ ' READ FROM FILE 2 CORRESPONDS TO LGV02390
1 DIFFERENT MATRIX THAN MATRIX SPECIFIED'/) LGV02400
GO TO 640 LGV02410
C LGV02420
120 CONTINUE LGV02430
MOLD1 = MOLD+1 LGV02440
C LGV02450
READ(2,130) (ALPHA(J), J=1, MOLD) LGV02460
READ(2,130) (BETA(J), J=1, MOLD1) LGV02470
130 FORMAT(4Z20) LGV02480
C LGV02490
IF (KMAX.EQ.MOLD) GO TO 160 LGV02500
C LGV02510
SAVE V1 = B*V(KMAX), VS = B*V(KMAX+1), V2 = V(KMAX+1) LGV02520
READ(2,130) (V1(J), J=1, N) LGV02530
READ(2,130) (VS(J), J=1, N) LGV02540
READ(2,130) (V2(J), J=1, N) LGV02550
C LGV02560
140 CONTINUE LGV02570
IIX = SVSEED LGV02580
C LGV02590
C----- LGV02600
C LGV02610
CALL LANCZS(LSOLV, AMATV, ALPHA, BETA, V1, V2, VS, G, KMAX, MOLD1, N, IIX) LGV02620
C LGV02630
C----- LGV02640
C LGV02650

```

```

      KMAX1 = KMAX + 1                                LGV02660
C                                                    LGV02670
      IF (IHIS.EQ.0.AND.ISTOP.GT.0) GO TO 160          LGV02680
C                                                    LGV02690
      WRITE(1,150) KMAX,N,SVSEED,MATNOA,MATNOB        LGV02700
150  FORMAT(2I6,I12,2I8,' = KMAX,N,SVSEED,MATNOA,MATNOB') LGV02710
C                                                    LGV02720
      WRITE(1,130) (ALPHA(I), I=1,KMAX)               LGV02730
      WRITE(1,130) (BETA(I), I=1,KMAX1)               LGV02740
C                                                    LGV02750
C      SAVE V1 = B*V(KMAX), VS = B*V(KMAX+1), V2 = V(KMAX+1) LGV02760
      WRITE(1,130) (V1(I), I=1,N)                     LGV02770
      WRITE(1,130) (VS(I), I=1,N)                     LGV02780
      WRITE(1,130) (V2(I), I=1,N)                     LGV02790
C                                                    LGV02800
      IF (ISTOP.EQ.0) GO TO 540                        LGV02810
C                                                    LGV02820
160  CONTINUE                                          LGV02830
      BKMIN = BTOL                                     LGV02840
      WRITE(6,170)                                     LGV02850
170  FORMAT(/' T-MATRICES (ALPHA AND BETA) ARE NOW AVAILABLE'/) LGV02860
C                                                    LGV02870
C-----LGV02880
C      SUBROUTINE TNORM CHECKS MIN(BETA)/(ESTIMATED NORM(A)) > BTOL . LGV02890
C      IF THIS IS VIOLATED IB IS SET EQUAL TO THE NEGATIVE OF THE INDEX LGV02900
C      OF THE MINIMAL BETA. IF(IB < 0) THEN SUBROUTINE TNORM IS          LGV02910
C      CALLED FOR EACH VALUE OF MEV TO DETERMINE WHETHER OR NOT THERE   LGV02920
C      IS A BETA IN THE T-MATRIX SPECIFIED THAT VIOLATES THIS TEST.     LGV02930
C      IF THERE IS SUCH A BETA THE PROGRAM TERMINATES FOR THE USER      LGV02940
C      TO DECIDE WHAT TO DO. THIS TEST CAN BE OVER-RIDDEN BY            LGV02950
C      SIMPLY MAKING BTOL SMALLER, BUT THEN THERE IS THE POSSIBILITY    LGV02960
C      THAT LOSSES IN THE LOCAL ORTHOGONALITY MAY HURT THE COMPUTATIONS. LGV02970
C      BTOL = 1.D-8 IS HOWEVER A CONSERVATIVE CHOICE FOR BTOL.          LGV02980
C                                                    LGV02990
C      TNORM ALSO COMPUTES TKMAX = MAX(|ALPHA(K)|,BETA(K), K=1,KMAX).     LGV03000
C      TKMAX IS USED TO SCALE THE TOLERANCES USED IN THE                LGV03010
C      T-MULTIPLICITY AND SPURIOUS TESTS IN BISEC. TKMAX IS ALSO USED IN LGV03020
C      THE PROJECTION TEST FOR HIDDEN EIGENVALUES THAT HAD 'TOO SMALL'   LGV03030
C      A PROJECTION ON THE STARTING VECTOR.                             LGV03040
C                                                    LGV03050
      CALL TNORM(ALPHA,BETA,BKMIN,TKMAX,KMAX,IB)        LGV03060
C                                                    LGV03070
C-----LGV03080
C                                                    LGV03090
      TTOL = EPSM*TKMAX                                  LGV03100
C                                                    LGV03110
C      LOOP ON THE SIZE OF THE T-MATRIX                                LGV03120
C                                                    LGV03130
180  CONTINUE                                          LGV03140
      MMB = MMB + 1                                     LGV03150
      MEV = NMEV(MMB)                                   LGV03160
C      IS MEV TOO LARGE ?                                           LGV03170
      IF(MEV.LE.KMAX) GO TO 200                             LGV03180
      WRITE(6,190) MMB, MEV, KMAX                           LGV03190
190  FORMAT(/' TERMINATE PRIOR TO CONSIDERING THE',I6,'TH T-MATRIX'/) LGV03200

```

```

1' BECAUSE THE SIZE REQUESTED',I6,' IS GREATER THAN THE MAXIMUM SIZE LGV03210
1E ALLOWED',I6/) LGV03220
GO TO 540 LGV03230
C LGV03240
200 MP1 = MEV + 1 LGV03250
BETAM = BETA(MP1) LGV03260
C LGV03270
IF (IB.GE.0) GO TO 210 LGV03280
C LGV03290
TO = BTOL LGV03300
C LGV03310
C----- LGV03320
C LGV03330
CALL TNORM(ALPHA,BETA,TO,T1,MEV,IBMEV) LGV03340
C LGV03350
C----- LGV03360
C LGV03370
TEMP = TO/TKMAX LGV03380
IBMEV = IABS(IBMEV) LGV03390
IF (TEMP.GE.BTOL) GO TO 210 LGV03400
IBMEV = -IBMEV LGV03410
GO TO 600 LGV03420
C LGV03430
210 CONTINUE LGV03440
IC = MXSTUR-ICT LGV03450
C LGV03460
C----- LGV03470
C BISEC LOOP. THE SUBROUTINE BISEC INCORPORATES DIRECTLY THE LGV03480
C T-MULTIPLICITY AND SPURIOUS TESTS. T-EIGENVALUES WILL BE LGV03490
C CALCULATED BY BISEC SEQUENTIALLY ON INTERVALS LGV03500
C (LB(J),UB(J)), J = 1,NINT). LGV03510
C LGV03520
C ON RETURN FROM BISEC LGV03530
C NDIS = NUMBER OF DISTINCT EIGENVALUES OF T(1,MEV) ON UNION LGV03540
C OF THE (LB,UB) INTERVALS LGV03550
C VS = DISTINCT T-EIGENVALUES IN ALGEBRAICALLY INCREASING ORDER LGV03560
C MP = MULTIPLICITIES OF THE T-EIGENVALUES IN VS LGV03570
C MP(I) = (0,1,MI), MI>1, I=1,NDIS MEANS: LGV03580
C (0) VS(I) IS SPURIOUS LGV03590
C (1) VS(I) IS T-SIMPLE AND GOOD LGV03600
C (MI) VS(I) IS MULTIPLE AND IS THEREFORE NOT ONLY GOOD BUT LGV03610
C ALSO A CONVERGED GOOD T-EIGENVALUE. LGV03620
C LGV03630
C LGV03640
CALL BISEC(ALPHA,BETA,V1,V2,VS,LB,UB,EPSM,TTOL,MP,NINT, LGV03650
1 MEV,NDIS,IC,IWRITE) LGV03660
C LGV03670
C----- LGV03680
C LGV03690
IF (NDIS.EQ.0) GO TO 620 LGV03700
C LGV03710
C COMPUTE THE TOTAL NUMBER OF STURM SEQUENCES USED TO DATE LGV03720
C COMPUTE THE BISEC CONVERGENCE AND T-MULTIPLICITY TOLERANCES USED. LGV03730
C COMPUTE THE CONVERGENCE TOLERANCE FOR EIGENVALUES OF A. LGV03740
ICT = ICT + IC LGV03750

```



```

      TEMP = DFLOAT(MEV+1000)                                LGV03760
      MULTOL = TEMP*TTOL                                     LGV03770
      TEMP = DSQRT(TEMP)                                     LGV03780
      BISTOL = TTOL*TEMP                                     LGV03790
      CONTOL = BETAM*1.D-10                                  LGV03800
C                                                                 LGV03810
C-----LGV03820
C  SUBROUTINE LUMP 'COMBINES' T-EIGENVALUES THAT ARE 'TOO CLOSE'.  LGV03830
C  NOTE HOWEVER THAT CLOSE SPURIOUS T-EIGENVALUES ARE NOT AVERAGED LGV03840
C  WITH GOOD ONES. HOWEVER, THEY MAY BE USED TO INCREASE THE     LGV03850
C  MULTIPLICITY OF A GOOD T-EIGENVALUE.                         LGV03860
C                                                                 LGV03870
      LOOP = NDIS                                             LGV03880
      CALL LUMP(VS,RELTOL,MULTOL,SCALE2,MP,LOOP)               LGV03890
C                                                                 LGV03900
C-----LGV03910
C                                                                 LGV03920
      IF(NDIS.EQ.LOOP) GO TO 230                               LGV03930
C                                                                 LGV03940
      WRITE(6,220) NDIS, MEV, LOOP                             LGV03950
220 FORMAT(/I6,' DISTINCT T-EIGENVALUES WERE COMPUTED IN BISEC AT MEV LGV03960
      1',I6/ 2X,' LUMP SUBROUTINE REDUCES NUMBER OF DISTINCT EIGENVALUES LGV03970
      10',I6)                                                  LGV03980
C                                                                 LGV03990
230 CONTINUE                                                  LGV04000
      NDIS = LOOP                                             LGV04010
      BETA(MP1) = BETAM                                       LGV04020
C                                                                 LGV04030
C-----LGV04040
C  THE SUBROUTINE ISOEV LABELS THOSE SIMPLE EIGENVALUES OF T(1,MEV) LGV04050
C  WITH VERY SMALL GAPS BETWEEN NEIGHBORING EIGENVALUES OF T(1,MEV) LGV04060
C  TO AVOID COMPUTING ERROR ESTIMATES FOR ANY SIMPLE GOOD      LGV04070
C  T-EIGENVALUE THAT IS TOO CLOSE TO A SPURIOUS EIGENVALUE.    LGV04080
C  ON RETURN FROM ISOEV, G CONTAINS CODED MINIMAL GAPS         LGV04090
C  BETWEEN THE DISTINCT EIGENVALUES OF T(1,MEV). (G IS REAL).  LGV04100
C  G(I) < 0 MEANS MINGAP IS DUE TO LEFT GAP G(I) > 0 MEANS DUE TO LGV04110
C  RIGHT GAP. MP(I) = -1 MEANS THAT THE GOOD T-EIGENVALUE IS SIMPLE LGV04120
C  AND HAS A VERY SMALL MINGAP IN T(1,MEV) DUE TO A SPURIOUS   LGV04130
C  EIGENVALUE. NG = NUMBER OF GOOD T-EIGENVALUES.             LGV04140
C  NISO = NUMBER OF ISOLATED GOOD T-EIGENVALUES.              LGV04150
C                                                                 LGV04160
      CALL ISOEV(VS,GAPTOL,MULTOL,SCALE1,G,MP,NDIS,NG,NISO)    LGV04170
C                                                                 LGV04180
C-----LGV04190
C                                                                 LGV04200
      WRITE(6,240)NG,NISO,NDIS                                LGV04210
240 FORMAT(/I6,' GOOD T-EIGENVALUES HAVE BEEN COMPUTED'//      LGV04220
      1 I6,' OF THESE ARE T-ISOLATED'//                        LGV04230
      2 I6,' = NUMBER OF DISTINCT T-EIGENVALUES COMPUTED'//    LGV04240
C                                                                 LGV04250
C  DO WE WRITE DISTINCT EIGENVALUES OF T-MATRIX TO FILE 11?    LGV04260
      IF (IDIST.EQ.0) GO TO 280                                LGV04270
C                                                                 LGV04280
      WRITE(11,250) NDIS,NISO,MEV,N,SVSEED,MATNOA,MATNOB      LGV04290
250 FORMAT(/4I6,I12,I8,'=ND,NIS,MEV,N,SEED,MNA,MNB'//)      LGV04300

```

```

C                                                    LGV04310
      WRITE(11,260) (MP(I),VS(I),G(I), I=1,NDIS)      LGV04320
260  FORMAT(2(I3,E25.16,E12.3))                      LGV04330
C                                                    LGV04340
      WRITE(11,270) NDIS, (MP(I), I=1,NDIS)          LGV04350
270  FORMAT(/I6,' = NDIS, T-MULTIPLICITIES (0 MEANS  SPURIOUS)')/(20I4)) LGV04360
C                                                    LGV04370
280  CONTINUE                                         LGV04380
C                                                    LGV04390
      IF (NISO.NE.0) GO TO 310                        LGV04400
C                                                    LGV04410
      WRITE(4,290) MEV                               LGV04420
290  FORMAT(/' AT MEV = ',I6,' THERE ARE NO ISOLATED T-EIGENVALUES'/
1' SO NO ERROR ESTIMATES WERE COMPUTED/')
```

LGV04430

LGV04440

LGV04450

LGV04460

LGV04470

LGV04480

LGV04490

LGV04500

LGV04510

LGV04520

LGV04530

LGV04540

LGV04550

```

C  SUBROUTINE INVERR COMPUTES ERROR ESTIMATES FOR ISOLATED GOOD  LGV04560
C  T-EIGENVALUES USING INVERSE ITERATION ON T(1,MEV). ON RETURN  LGV04570
C  G(J) = MINIMUM GAP IN T(1,MEV) FOR EACH VS(J), J=1,NDIS      LGV04580
C  G(MEV+I) = BETAM*|U(MEV)| = ERROR ESTIMATE FOR ISOLATED GOOD  LGV04590
C  T-EIGENVALUES, WHERE I = 1, NISO AND  BETAM = BETA(MEV+1)    LGV04600
C  U(MEV) IS MEVTH COMPONENT OF THE UNIT EIGENVECTOR OF T      LGV04610
C  CORRESPONDING TO THE ITH ISOLATED GOOD T-EIGENVALUE.        LGV04620
C  A NEGATIVE ERROR ESTIMATE MEANS THAT FOR THAT PARTICULAR    LGV04630
C  EIGENVALUE THE INVERSE ITERATION DID NOT CONVERGE IN <= MXINIT LGV04640
C  STEPS AND THAT THE CORRESPONDING ERROR ESTIMATE IS QUESTIONABLE. LGV04650
C                                                                LGV04660
C  V2 CONTAINS THE ISOLATED GOOD T-EIGENVALUES                 LGV04670
C  V1 CONTAINS THE MINGAPS TO THE NEAREST DISTINCT  EIGENVALUE  LGV04680
C  OF T(1,MEV) FOR EACH ISOLATED GOOD T-EIGENVALUE IN V2.      LGV04690
C  VS CONTAINS THE NDIS DISTINCT EIGENVALUES OF T(1,MEV)       LGV04700
C  MP CONTAINS THE CORRESPONDING CODED T-MULTIPLICITIES        LGV04710
C                                                                LGV04720
      IT = MXINIT                                           LGV04730
      CALL INVERR(ALPHA,BETA,V1,V2,VS,EPSM,G,MP,MEV,MMB,NDIS,NISO,N,
1 RHSEED,IT,IWRITE)                                         LGV04740
C                                                                LGV04750
C                                                                LGV04760
C-----LGV04770
C                                                                LGV04780
C  SIMPLE CHECK FOR CONVERGENCE. CHECKS TO SEE IF ALL OF THE ERROR LGV04790
C  ESTIMATES ARE SMALLER THAN CONTOL = BETAM*1.D-10.           LGV04800
C  IF THIS TEST IS SATISFIED, THEN CONVERGENCE FLAG, ICONV IS SET LGV04810
C  TO 1.  TYPICALLY ERROR ESTIMATES ARE VERY CONSERVATIVE.     LGV04820
C                                                                LGV04830
      WRITE(6,320) CONTOL                                   LGV04840
320  FORMAT(/' CONVERGENCE IS TESTED USING THE CONVERGENCE TOLERANCE', LGV04850
```

```

      1E13.4/)
C
      II = MEV +1
      IF = MEV+NISO
      DO 330 I = II,IF
      IF (ABS(G(I)).GT.CONTOL) GO TO 350
330 CONTINUE
      ICONV = 1
      MMB = NMEVS
C
      WRITE(6,340) CONTOL
340 FORMAT(' ALL COMPUTED ERROR ESTIMATES WERE LESS THAN',E15.4/
      1 ' THEREFORE PROCEDURE TERMINATES'/)
C
350 CONTINUE
C
C      IF CONVERGENCE IS INDICATED, THAT IS ICONV = 1 ,THEN
C      THE SUBROUTINE PRTEST IS CALLED TO CHECK FOR ANY CONVERGED
C      T-EIGENVALUES THAT HAVE BEEN MISLABELLED AS SPURIOUS BECAUSE
C      THE PROJECTION OF THEIR EIGENVECTOR(S) ON THE STARTING
C      VECTOR WERE TOO SMALL.
C      NUMERICAL TESTS INDICATE THAT SUCH EIGENVALUES ARE RARE.
C      IF FOR SOME REASON MANY OF THESE HIDDEN EIGENVALUES APPEAR
C      ON SOME RUN, YOU CAN BE CERTAIN THAT SOMETHING IS FOULED UP.
C
      IF (ICONV.EQ.0) GO TO 480
C
C-----
C
      CALL PRTEST (ALPHA,BETA,VS,TKMAX,EPSM,RELTOL,SCALE3,SCALE4,
      1 MP,NDIS,MEV,IPOJ)
C
C-----
C
      IF(IPOJ.EQ.0) GO TO 470
C
      IF(IDIST.EQ.1) WRITE(11,360) IPOJ
360 FORMAT(' SUBROUTINE PRTEST WANTS TO RELABEL',I6,' SPURIOUS T-EIGENL
      1VALUES'/' WE ACCEPT RELABELLING ONLY IF LAST COMPONENT OF T-EIGENVL
      1ECTOR IS L.T. 1.D-10'/)
C
      IIX = RHSEED
C
C-----
C
      CALL GENRAN(IIX,G,MEV)
C
C-----
C
      ITEN = -10
      NISOM = NISO + MEV
      IWRITO = IWRITE
      IWRITE = 0
C
      DO 390 J = 1,NDIS

```

LGV04860
 LGV04870
 LGV04880
 LGV04890
 LGV04900
 LGV04910
 LGV04920
 LGV04930
 LGV04940
 LGV04950
 LGV04960
 LGV04970
 LGV04980
 LGV04990
 LGV05000
 LGV05010
 LGV05020
 LGV05030
 LGV05040
 LGV05050
 LGV05060
 LGV05070
 LGV05080
 LGV05090
 LGV05100
 LGV05110
 LGV05120
 LGV05130
 LGV05140
 LGV05150
 LGV05160
 LGV05170
 LGV05180
 LGV05190
 LGV05200
 LGV05210
 LGV05220
 LGV05230
 LGV05240
 LGV05250
 LGV05260
 LGV05270
 LGV05280
 LGV05290
 LGV05300
 LGV05310
 LGV05320
 LGV05330
 LGV05340
 LGV05350
 LGV05360
 LGV05370
 LGV05380
 LGV05390
 LGV05400

```

      IF(MP(J).NE.ITEN) GO TO 390
      TO = VS(J)
C
C-----
C      IT = MXINIT
      CALL INVERM(ALPHA,BETA,V1,V2,TO,TEMP,T1,EPSM,G,MEV,IT,IWRITE)
C
C-----
C      IF(TEMP.LE.1.D-10) GO TO 380
C      ERROR ESTIMATE WAS NOT SMALL REJECT RELABELLING OF THIS EIGENVALUE
      IF(IDIST.EQ.1) WRITE(11,370) J,TO,TEMP
370  FORMAT(/' LAST COMPONENT FOR',I6,'TH EIGENVALUE',E20.12/' IS TOO
      1LARGE = ',E15.6,' SO DO NOT ACCEPT PRTEST RELABELLING'/)
      MP(J) = 0
      IPROJ = IPROJ - 1
      GO TO 390
C      RELABELLING ACCEPTED
380  NISOM = NISOM + 1
      G(NISOM) = BETAM*TEMP
390  CONTINUE
      IWRITE = IWRITO
C
      IF(IPROJ.EQ.0) GO TO 430
      WRITE(6,400) IPROJ
400  FORMAT(/I6,' T-EIGENVALUES WERE RECLASSIFIED AS GOOD.'/
      1' THESE ARE IDENTIFIED IN FILE 3 BY A T-MULTIPLICITY OF -10'/' USE
      2R SHOULD INSPECT EACH TO MAKE SURE NEIGHBORS HAVE CONVERGED'/)
C
      IF(IDIST.EQ.1) WRITE(11,410) IPROJ
410  FORMAT(/I6,' T-EIGENVALUES WERE RELABELLED AS GOOD'/'
      1' BELOW IS CORRECTED T-MULTIPLICITY PATTERN'/)
C
      WRITE(6,420) NDIS, (MP(I), I=1,NDIS)
      IF(IDIST.EQ.1) WRITE(11,420) NDIS, (MP(I), I=1,NDIS)
420  FORMAT(/I6,' = NDIS, T-MULTIPLICITIES (0 MEANS SPURIOUS)'/
      1 6X, ' (-10) MEANS SPURIOUS T-EIGENVALUE RELABELLED AS GOOD'/(20I4
      1))
C
C      RECALCULATE MINGAPS FOR DISTINCT T(1,MEV) EIGENVALUES.
430  NM1 = NDIS - 1
      G(NDIS) = VS(NM1)-VS(NDIS)
      G(1) = VS(2)-VS(1)
C
      DO 440 J = 2,NM1
      TO = VS(J)-VS(J-1)
      T1 = VS(J+1)-VS(J)
      G(J) = T1
      IF (TO.LT.T1) G(J) = -TO
440  CONTINUE
      IF(IPROJ.EQ.0) GO TO 470
C      WRITE TO FILE 4 ERROR ESTIMATES FOR THOSE T-EIGENVALUES RELABELLED
      NGOOD = 0
      DO 450 J = 1,NDIS

```

```

      IF(MP(J).EQ.0) GO TO 450
      NGOOD = NGOOD + 1
      IF(MP(J).NE.ITEN) GO TO 450
      TO = VS(J)
      NISO = NISO + 1
      NISOM = MEV + NISO
      WRITE(4,460) NGOOD,TO,G(NISOM),G(J)
450 CONTINUE
460 FORMAT(I10,E25.16,2E14.3)
C
470 CONTINUE
C
C   WRITE THE GOOD T-EIGENVALUES TO FILE 3.  FIRST TRANSFER THEM
C   TO V2 AND THEIR T-MULTIPLICITIES TO THE CORRESPONDING POSITIONS
C   IN MP AND COMPUTE THE AB-MINGAPS, THE MINIMAL GAPS BETWEEN THE
C   GOOD T-EIGENVALUES.  THESE GAPS WILL BE PUT IN THE ARRAY G.
C   SINCE G CURRENTLY CONTAINS THE MINIMAL GAPS BETWEEN THE DISTINCT
C   EIGENVALUES OF THE T-MATRIX, THESE GAPS WILL FIRST BE
C   TRANSFERRED TO V1.  NOTE THAT V1<0 MEANS THAT THAT MINIMAL GAP
C   IN THE T-MATRIX IS DUE TO A SPURIOUS T-EIGENVALUE.
C   ALL THIS INFORMATION IS PRINTED TO FILE 3
C
480 CONTINUE
C
      NG = 0
      DO 490 I = 1,NDIS
      IF (MP(I).EQ.0) GO TO 490
      NG = NG+1
      MP(NG) = MP(I)
      V2(NG) = VS(I)
      TEMP = G(I)
      TEMP = DABS(TEMP)
      J = I+1
      IF (G(I).LT.ZERO) J = I-1
      IF (MP(J).EQ.0) TEMP = -TEMP
      V1(NG) = TEMP
490 CONTINUE
C
      WRITE(6,500)MEV
500 FORMAT(// ' T-EIGENVALUE CALCULATION AT MEV = ',I6,'      IS COMPLETE'
1')
C
C   NG = NUMBER OF COMPUTED DISTINCT GOOD T-EIGENVALUES.  NEXT
C   GENERATE GAPS BETWEEN GOOD T-EIGENVALUES (ABMINGAPS) AND PUT THEM
C   IN G.  G(J) < 0 MEANS THE ABMINGAP IS DUE TO THE LEFT-HAND GAP.
C
      NGM1 = NG - 1
      G(NG) = V2(NGM1)-V2(NG)
      G(1) = V2(2)-V2(1)
C
      DO 510 J = 2,NGM1
      TO = V2(J)-V2(J-1)
      T1 = V2(J+1)-V2(J)
      G(J) = T1
      IF (TO.LT.T1) G(J) = -TO

```

```

510 CONTINUE                                LGV06510
C                                            LGV06520
C      WRITE GOOD T-EIGENVALUES OUT TO FILE 3.    LGV06530
C                                            LGV06540
C      WRITE(3,520)NG,NDIS,MEV,N,SVSEED,MATNOA,MATNOB,MULTOL,IB,BTOL    LGV06550
520 FORMAT(4I6,I12,2I8,'=NG,ND,MEV,N,SEED,MNA,MNB'/    LGV06560
1 E20.12,I6,E13.4,' = MUTOL,INDEX MINIMAL BETA,BTOL'/    LGV06570
1' EV NO',1X,'TMULT',10X,'GOOD EIGENVALUE',7X,'TMINGAP',6X,'ABMINGAL    LGV06580
1P')                                LGV06590
C                                            LGV06600
C      WRITE(3,530)(I,MP(I),V2(I),V1(I),G(I), I=1,NG)    LGV06610
530 FORMAT(2I6,E25.16,2E14.3)    LGV06620
C                                            LGV06630
C      IF CONVERGENCE FLAG ICONV.NE.1 AND NUMBER OF T-MATRICES    LGV06640
C      CONSIDERED TO DATE IS LESS THAN NUMBER ALLOWED, INCREMENT MEV.    LGV06650
C      AND LOOP BACK TO 210 TO REPEAT COMPUTATIONS. RESTORE BETA(MEV+1).    LGV06660
C                                            LGV06670
C      BETA(MP1) = BETAM    LGV06680
C                                            LGV06690
C      IF (MMB.LT.NMEVS.AND.ICONV.NE.1) GO TO 180    LGV06700
C                                            LGV06710
C      END OF LOOP ON DIFFERENT SIZE T-MATRICES ALLOWED.    LGV06720
C                                            LGV06730
540 CONTINUE                                LGV06740
C                                            LGV06750
C      IF(ISTOP.EQ.0) WRITE(6,550)    LGV06760
550 FORMAT('/ T-MATRICES (ALPHA AND BETA) ARE NOW AVAILABLE, TERMINATE    LGV06770
1')                                LGV06780
C      IF (IHIS.EQ.1.AND.KMAX.NE.MOLD) WRITE(1,560)    LGV06790
560 FORMAT('/ ABOVE ARE THE FOLLOWING VECTORS '/    LGV06800
1 ' ALPHA(I), I = 1,KMAX'/    LGV06810
2 ' BETA(I), I = 1,KMAX+1'/    LGV06820
3 ' FINAL THREE VECTORS USED IN LANCZS SUBROUTINE'/    LGV06830
3 ' V1 = B*V(KMAX), VS = B*V(KMAX+1), V2 = V(KMAX+1)'/    LGV06840
4 ' ALL VECTORS IN THIS FILE HAVE HEX FORMAT 4Z20'/    LGV06850
5 ' ----- END OF FILE 1 NEW ALPHA, BETA HISTORY-----'///)    LGV06860
C                                            LGV06870
C      IF (ISTOP.EQ.0) GO TO 640    LGV06880
C                                            LGV06890
C      WRITE(3,570)    LGV06900
570 FORMAT('/ ABOVE ARE COMPUTED GOOD T-EIGENVALUES'/    LGV06910
1 ' NG = NUMBER OF GOOD T-EIGENVALUES COMPUTED'/    LGV06920
2 ' ND = NUMBER OF COMPUTED DISTINCT EIGENVALUES OF T(1,MEV)'/    LGV06930
3 ' N = ORDER OF A AND B-MATRIX, MNA, MNB = MATRIX IDENTITIES'/    LGV06940
4 ' MULTOL = T-MULTIPLICITY TOLERANCE FOR T-EIGENVALUES IN BISEC'/    LGV06950
4 ' TMULT IS THE T-MULTIPLICITY OF GOOD T-EIGENVALUE'/    LGV06960
5 ' TMULT = -1 MEANS SPURIOUS T-EIGENVALUE TOO CLOSE'/    LGV06970
6 ' DO NOT COMPUTE ERROR ESTIMATES FOR SUCH EIGENVALUES'/    LGV06980
7 ' ABMINGAP = MINIMAL GAP BETWEEN THE COMPUTED EIGENVALUES'/    LGV06990
8 ' ABMINGAP .LT. 0. MEANS MINIMAL GAP IS DUE TO LEFT-HAND GAP'/    LGV07000
9 ' TMINGAP= MINIMAL GAP W.R.T. DISTINCT EIGENVALUES IN T(1,MEV)'/    LGV07010
1 ' TMINGAP .LT. 0. MEANS MINGAP IS DUE TO SPURIOUS T-EIGENVALUE'/    LGV07020
2 ' ----- END OF FILE 3 GOODEIGENVALUES-----'///)    LGV07030
C                                            LGV07040
C      IF (IDIST.EQ.1) WRITE(11,580)    LGV07050

```

```

580 FORMAT(/' ABOVE ARE THE DISTINCT EIGENVALUES OF T(1,MEV).'/ LGV07060
2 ' THE FORMAT IS      T-MULTIPLICITY    T-EIGENVALUE  TMINGAP'/' LGV07070
3 '      THIS FORMAT IS REPEATED TWICE ON EACH LINE.'/' LGV07080
4 ' T-MULTIPLICITY = -1 MEANS THAT THE SUBROUTINE ISOEV HAS TAGGED' LGV07090
5/' THIS SIMPLE T-EIGENVALUE AS HAVING A VERY CLOSE SPURIOUS'/' LGV07100
6 ' T-EIGENVALUE SO THAT NO ERROR ESTIMATE WILL BE COMPUTED'/' LGV07110
7 ' FOR THAT EIGENVALUE IN SUBROUTINE INVERR.'/' LGV07120
8 ' TMINGAP .LT. 0, TMINGAP IS DUE TO LEFT GAP .GT. 0, RIGHT GAP.'/' LGV07130
9 ' EACH OF THE DISTINCT T-EIGENVALUE TABLES IS FOLLOWED'/' LGV07140
9 ' BY THE T-MULTIPLICITY PATTERN.'/' LGV07150
1 ' NDIS = NUMBER OF COMPUTED DISTINCT EIGENVALUES OF T(1,MEV).'/ LGV07160
2 ' NG = NUMBER OF GOOD T-EIGENVALUES. '/ LGV07170
3 ' NISO = NUMBER OF ISOLATED GOOD T-EIGENVALUES. '/ LGV07180
4 ' NISO ALSO IS THE COUNT OF +1 ENTRIES IN T-MULTIPLICITY PATTERN. LGV07190
5 '/' ----- END OF FILE 11 DISTINCT T-EIGENVALUES-----'/// LGV07200
6 ) LGV07210
C LGV07220
    IF(NISO.NE.0) WRITE(4,590) LGV07230
590 FORMAT(/' ABOVE ARE THE ERROR ESTIMATES OBTAINED FOR THE ISOLATED LGV07240
1GOOD T-EIGENVALUES'/' LGV07250
1' OBTAINED VIA INVERSE ITERATION IN THE SUBROUTINE INVERR.'/' LGV07260
1' ALL OTHER GOOD T-EIGENVALUES HAVE CONVERGED.'/' LGV07270
2' ERROR ESTIMATE = BETAM*ABS(UM)'/' LGV07280
2' WHERE BETAM = BETA(MEV+1) AND UM = U(MEV).'/ LGV07290
3' U = UNIT EIGENVECTOR OF T WHERE T*U = EV*U AND EV = ISOLATED GOOD LGV07300
3D T-EIGENVALUE.'/' LGV07310
4' TMINGAP = GAP TO NEAREST DISTINCT EIGENVALUE OF T(1,MEV).'/ LGV07320
5' TMINGAP .LT. 0. MEANS MINGAP IS DUE TO A LEFT NEIGHBOR.'/' LGV07330
6' ERROR ESTIMATE L.T. 0 MEANS INVERSE ITERATION DID NOT CONVERGE'/' LGV07340
7' ----- END OF FILE 4 ERRINV -----'/// LGV07350
    GO TO 640 LGV07360
C LGV07370
600 CONTINUE LGV07380
C LGV07390
    IBB = IABS(IBMEV) LGV07400
    IF (IBMEV.LT.0) WRITE(6,610) MEV,IBB,BETA(IBB) LGV07410
610 FORMAT(/' PROGRAM TERMINATES BECAUSE MEV REQUESTED = ',I6,' IS .GT. LGV07420
1',I6,' AT WHICH AN ABNORMALLY SMALL BETA = ' , E13.4,' OCCURRED'/' LGV07430
    GO TO 640 LGV07440
C LGV07450
620 IF (NDIS.EQ.0.AND.ISTOP.GT.0) WRITE(6,630) LGV07460
630 FORMAT(/' INTERVALS SPECIFIED FOR BISECT DID NOT CONTAIN ANY T-EIG LGV07470
1ENVALUES'/' PROGRAM TERMINATES') LGV07480
C LGV07490
640 CONTINUE LGV07500
C LGV07510
    STOP LGV07520
C-----END OF MAIN PROGRAM FOR LANCZOS EIGENVALUE COMPUTATIONS----- LGV07530
    END LGV07540

```



```

C                                                    LGV00460
C 1. DATA/MACHEP/ STATEMENT                        LGV00470
C 2. ALL READ(5,*) STATEMENTS (FREE FORMAT)        LGV00480
C 3. FORMAT(20A4) USED WITH THE EXPLANATORY HEADER, EXPLAN LGV00490
C 4. HEXADECIMAL FORMAT (4Z20) USED IN ALPHA/BETA FILES 1 AND 2. LGV00500
C                                                    LGV00510
C IMPORTANT NOTE: PROGRAM ALLOWS ENLARGEMENT OF THE ALPHA, BETA LGV00520
C ARRAYS. IN PARTICULAR, IF ANY ONE OF THE EIGENVALUES SUPPLIED LGV00530
C IS T-SIMPLE AND NOT CLOSE TO A SPURIOUS EIGENVALUE, THE PROGRAM LGV00540
C REQUIRES THAT KMAX BE AT LEAST 11*MEV/8 + 12. IF KMAX IS NOT LGV00550
C THIS LARGE, THEN THE PROGRAM RESETS KMAX TO THIS SIZE LGV00560
C AND EXTENDS THE ALPHA, BETA HISTORY IF REQUIRED. LGV00570
C THUS, THE DIMENSIONS OF THE ALPHA AND BETA ARRAYS MUST BE LGV00580
C LARGE ENOUGH TO ALLOW FOR THIS POSSIBILITY. LGV00590
C REMEMBER THAT THE BETA ARRAY, BETA(J), IS SUCH THAT LGV00600
C J = 1,..., KMAX+1. SO IF THE KMAX USED BY THE PROGRAM LGV00610
C IS TO BE 3000, THEN BETA MUST BE OF LENGTH AT LEAST 3001. LGV00620
C                                                    LGV00630
C-----LGV00640
DOUBLE PRECISION ALPHA(5000),BETA(5001) LGV00650
DOUBLE PRECISION V1(5000),V2(5000),VS(5000) LGV00660
DOUBLE PRECISION RITVEC(30000),TVEC(30000),GOODEV(50),EVNEW(50) LGV00670
DOUBLE PRECISION EVAL,EVALN,TOLN,TTOL,ERTOL,ALFA,BATA LGV00680
DOUBLE PRECISION MULTOL,SCALEO,STUTOL,BTOL,LB,UB LGV00690
DOUBLE PRECISION ONE,ZERO,MACHEP,EPSM,TEMP,SUM,ERRMIN,BKMIN LGV00700
DOUBLE PRECISION RELTOL,ERROR,TERROR,TLAST(50) LGV00710
REAL G(10000),AMINGP(50),TMINGP(50),EXPLAN(20) LGV00720
REAL TERR(50),ERR(50),ERRDGP(50),RNORM(50),TBETA(50) LGV00730
INTEGER MP(50),M1(50),M2(50),MA(50),ML(50),MINT(50),MFIN(50) LGV00740
INTEGER SVSEED,SVSOLD,RHSEED,IDELTA(50) LGV00750
INTEGER MBOUND,NTVCON,SVTVEC,TVSTOP,LVCONT,ERCONT,TFLAG LGV00760
DOUBLE PRECISION FINPRO LGV00770
DOUBLE PRECISION DABS, DMAX1, DSQRT, DFLOAT LGV00780
REAL ABS LGV00790
INTEGER IABS LGV00800
EXTERNAL LSOLV, AMATV LGV00810
C-----LGV00820
DATA MACHEP/Z341000000000000000/ LGV00830
EPSM = 2.D0*MACHEP LGV00840
C-----LGV00850
C LGV00860
C ARRAYS MUST BE DIMENSIONED AS FOLLOWS: LGV00870
C 1. ALPHA: >= KMAXN, BETA: >= (KMAXN+1) WHERE KMAXN, THE LGV00880
C LARGEST SIZE T-MATRIX CONSIDERED BY THE PROGRAM, LGV00890
C IS THE LARGER OF THE SIZE OF THE ALPHA, BETA HISTORY LGV00900
C PROVIDED ON FILE 2 (IF ANY ) AND THE SIZE WHICH THE LGV00910
C PROGRAM SPECIFIES INTERNALLY, THIS LATTER IS ALWAYS LGV00920
C < = 11*MEV / 8 + 12, WHERE MEV IS THE SIZE LGV00930
C T-MATRIX THAT WAS USED IN THE CORRESPONDING EIGENVALUE LGV00940
C COMPUTATIONS. LGV00950
C 2. V1: >= MAX(N,KMAX) LGV00960
C 3. V2,VS: >= N LGV00970
C 4. G: >= MAX(N,KMAX) LGV00980
C 5. RITVEC: >= N*NGOOD, WHERE NGOOD IS NUMBER OF EIGENVALUES LGV00990
C SUPPLIED TO THIS PROGRAM. LGV01000

```

```

C      6.  TVEC:  >= CUMULATIVE LENGTH OF ALL THE T-EIGENVECTORS      LGV01010
C      NEEDED TO GENERATE THE DESIRED RITZ VECTORS.  AN EDUCATED      LGV01020
C      GUESS AT AN APPROPRIATE LENGTH CAN BE OBTAINED BY RUNNING THE  LGV01030
C      PROGRAM WITH THE FLAG MBOUND = 1 AND MULTIPLYING THE           LGV01040
C      RESULTING SIZE BY 5/4.                                         LGV01050
C      7.  GOODEV, AMINGP, TMINGP, TERR, ERR, ERRGDP, RNORM, TBETA,    LGV01060
C      TLAST, EVNEW, MP, MA, M1, M2, MINT, MFIN AND IDELTA ALL MUST    LGV01070
C      BE >= NGOOD.                                                   LGV01080
C                                                                      LGV01090
C-----LGV01100
C      OUTPUT HEADER                                                  LGV01110
C      WRITE(6,10)                                                    LGV01120
10  FORMAT(/' LANCZOS EIGENVECTOR PROCEDURE FOR REAL SYMMETRIC MATRICE LGV01130
1S'/)                                                                LGV01140
C                                                                      LGV01150
C      SET PROGRAM PARAMETERS                                          LGV01160
C      USER MUST NOT MODIFY SCALE0                                    LGV01170
C      SCALE0 = 5.0D0                                                  LGV01180
C      ZERO = 0.0D0                                                    LGV01190
C      ONE = 1.0D0                                                     LGV01200
C      MPMIN = -1000                                                   LGV01210
C      SET CONVERGENCE CRITERION FOR T-EIGENVECTORS.                 LGV01220
C      ERTOL = 1.D-10                                                  LGV01230
C                                                                      LGV01240
C      READ USER-SPECIFIED PARAMETER FROM INPUT FILE 5 (FREE FORMAT) LGV01250
C                                                                      LGV01260
C      READ USER-PROVIDED HEADER FOR RUN                               LGV01270
C      READ(5,20) EXPLAN                                               LGV01280
C      WRITE(6,20) EXPLAN                                              LGV01290
20  FORMAT(20A4)                                                       LGV01300
C                                                                      LGV01310
C      READ IN THE MAXIMUM PERMISSIBLE DIMENSIONS FOR THE TVEC ARRAY  LGV01320
C      (MDIMTV), FOR THE RITVEC ARRAY (MDIMRV), AND FOR THE BETA      LGV01330
C      ARRAY (MBETA).                                                  LGV01340
C      READ(5,20) EXPLAN                                               LGV01350
C      READ(5,*) MDIMTV, MDIMRV, MBETA                                LGV01360
C                                                                      LGV01370
C      READ IN RELATIVE TOLERANCE (RELTOL) USED IN DETERMINING        LGV01380
C      APPROPRIATE SIZES FOR THE T-MATRICES TO BE USED IN THE RITZ   LGV01390
C      VECTOR COMPUTATIONS.                                            LGV01400
C      READ(5,20) EXPLAN                                               LGV01410
C      READ(5,*) RELTOL                                                LGV01420
C                                                                      LGV01430
C      SET FLAGS TO 0 OR 1:                                           LGV01440
C      MBOUND = 1:  PROGRAM TERMINATES AFTER COMPUTING 1ST GUESSES    LGV01450
C                   ON APPROPRIATE T-SIZES FOR USE IN THE RITZ VECTOR  LGV01460
C                   COMPUTATIONS                                       LGV01470
C      NTVCON = 0:  PROGRAM TERMINATES IF THE TVEC ARRAY IS NOT       LGV01480
C                   LARGE ENOUGH TO HOLD ALL THE T-EIGENVECTORS REQUIRED. LGV01490
C      SVTVEC = 0:  THE T-EIGENVECTORS ARE NOT WRITTEN TO FILE 11     LGV01500
C                   UNLESS TVSTOP = 1                                  LGV01510
C      SVTVEC = 1:  WRITE THE T-EIGENVECTORS TO FILE 11.             LGV01520
C      TVSTOP = 1:  PROGRAM TERMINATES AFTER COMPUTING THE           LGV01530
C                   T-EIGENVECTORS                                     LGV01540
C      LVCONT = 0:  PROGRAM TERMINATES IF THE NUMBER OF T-EIGENVECTORS LGV01550

```

C	COMPUTED IS NOT EQUAL TO THE NUMBER OF RITZ	LGV01560
C	VECTORS REQUESTED.	LGV01570
C	ERCONT = 0: MEANS FOR ANY GIVEN EIGENVALUE, A RITZ VECTOR	LGV01580
C	WILL NOT BE COMPUTED FOR THAT EIGENVALUE UNLESS	LGV01590
C	A T-EIGENVECTOR HAS BEEN IDENTIFIED WITH A LAST	LGV01600
C	COMPONENT WHICH SATISFIES THE SPECIFIED	LGV01610
C	CONVERGENCE CRITERION.	LGV01620
C	ERCONT = 1: MEANS FOR ANY GIVEN EIGENVALUE, A RITZ VECTOR	LGV01630
C	WILL BE COMPUTED. IF A T-EIGENVECTOR CANNOT	LGV01640
C	BE IDENTIFIED WHICH SATISFIES THE LAST	LGV01650
C	COMPONENT CRITERION, THEN THE PROGRAM WILL	LGV01660
C	USE THE T-VECTOR THAT CAME CLOSEST TO	LGV01670
C	SATISFYING THE CRITERION	LGV01680
C	IWRITE = 1: EXTENDED OUTPUT OF INTERMEDIATE COMPUTATIONS	LGV01690
C	IS WRITTEN TO FILE 6	LGV01700
C	IREAD = 0: ALPHA/BETA FILE IS REGENERATED.	LGV01710
C	IREAD = 1: ALPHA/BETA FILE USED IN EIGENVALUE COMPUTATIONS	LGV01720
C	IS READ IN AND EXTENDED IF NECESSARY. IN BOTH	LGV01730
C	CASES IREAD = 0 OR 1, THE LANCZOS VECTORS ARE	LGV01740
C	ALWAYS REGENERATED FOR THE RITZ VECTOR	LGV01750
C	COMPUTATIONS	LGV01760
C		LGV01770
	READ(5,20) EXPLAN	LGV01780
	READ(5,*) MBOUND,NTVCON,SVTVEC,IREAD	LGV01790
C		LGV01800
	READ(5,20) EXPLAN	LGV01810
	READ(5,*) TVSTOP,LVCONT,ERCONT,IWRITE	LGV01820
	IF (TVSTOP.EQ.1) SVTVEC = 1	LGV01830
C		LGV01840
C	READ IN SEED (RHSEED) FOR GENERATING RANDOM STARTING VECTOR	LGV01850
C	FOR INVERSE ITERATION ON THE T-MATRICES.	LGV01860
	READ(5,20) EXPLAN	LGV01870
	READ(5,*) RHSEED	LGV01880
C		LGV01890
C	READ IN MATNOA, MATNOB = MATRIX/RUN IDENTIFICATION NUMBERS,	LGV01900
C	N = ORDER OF A-MATRIX AND B-MATRIX AND FLAG, JPERM.	LGV01910
C	JPERM = (0,1): 1 MEANS PERMUTED A AND B ARE BEING USED, 0	LGV01920
C	MEANS A AND B HAVE NOT BEEN PERMUTED.	LGV01930
	READ(5,20) EXPLAN	LGV01940
	READ(5,*) MATNOA,MATNOB,N,JPERM	LGV01950
C		LGV01960
C	-----	LGV01970
C	INITIALIZE THE ARRAYS FOR THE USER-SPECIFIED MATRICES	LGV01980
C	AND PASS THE STORAGE LOCATIONS OF THESE ARRAYS TO THE	LGV01990
C	MATRIX-VECTOR MULTIPLY SUBROUTINE AMATV AND THE SOLVE	LGV02000
C	SUBROUTINE LSOLV.	LGV02010
	CALL USPECA(N,MATNOA)	LGV02020
	CALL USPECB(N,MATNOB)	LGV02030
C		LGV02040
C	-----	LGV02050
C		LGV02060
C	MASK UNDERFLOW AND OVERFLOW	LGV02070
	CALL MASK	LGV02080
C		LGV02090
C	-----	LGV02100

```

C      WRITE RUN PARAMETERS OUT TO FILE 6                                LGV02110
C                                                                                   LGV02120
      WRITE(6,30) MATNOA,MATNOB,N,JPERM                                       LGV02130
30  FORMAT(/4X,'A-MATRIX ID',4X,'B-MATRIX ID',4X,'SIZES OF MATRICES', LGV02140
      14X,'JPERM'/I15,I15,I21,I9)                                           LGV02150
C                                                                                   LGV02160
      WRITE(6,40) MBOUND,NTVCON,SVTVEC,IREAD                                  LGV02170
40  FORMAT(/3X,'MBOUND',3X,'NTVCON',3X,'SVTVEC',3X,'IREAD'/3I9,I8)         LGV02180
C                                                                                   LGV02190
      WRITE(6,50) TVSTOP,LVCONT,ERCONT,IWRITE                                LGV02200
50  FORMAT(/3X,'TVSTOP',3X,'LVCONT',3X,'ERCONT',3X,'IWRITE'/4I9)           LGV02210
C                                                                                   LGV02220
      WRITE(6,60) MDIMTV,MDIMRV,MBETA                                         LGV02230
60  FORMAT(/3X,'MDIMTV',3X,'MDIMRV',3X,'MBETA'/2I9,I8)                     LGV02240
C                                                                                   LGV02250
      WRITE(6,70) RELTOL,RHSEED                                               LGV02260
70  FORMAT(/7X,'RELTOL',3X,'RHSEED'/E13.4,I9)                               LGV02270
C                                                                                   LGV02280
C                                                                                   LGV02290
C      FROM FILE 3 READ IN THE NUMBER OF EIGENVALUES (NGOOD) FOR WHICH      LGV02300
C      EIGENVECTORS ARE REQUESTED, THE ORDER (MEV) OF THE LANCZOS           LGV02310
C      TRIDIAGONAL MATRIX USED IN COMPUTING THESE EIGENVALUES, THE          LGV02320
C      ORDER (NOLD) OF THE USER-SPECIFIED MATRIX USED IN THE EIGENVALUE     LGV02330
C      COMPUTATIONS, THE SEED (SVSEED) USED FOR GENERATING THE STARTING      LGV02340
C      VECTOR THAT WAS USED IN THOSE LANCZOS EIGENVALUE COMPUTATIONS,         LGV02350
C      AND THE MATRIX/RUN IDENTIFICATION NUMBERS (MATA, MATB) USED IN        LGV02360
C      THOSE COMPUTATIONS. ALSO READ IN THE NUMBER (NDIS) OF DISTINCT        LGV02370
C      EIGENVALUES OF T(1,MEV) THAT WERE COMPUTED BUT THIS VALUE IS          LGV02380
C      NOT USED IN THE EIGENVECTOR COMPUTATIONS.                             LGV02390
C                                                                                   LGV02400
      READ(3,80) NGOOD,NDIS,MEV,NOLD,SVSEED,MATA,MATB                       LGV02410
80  FORMAT(4I6,I12,2I8)                                                       LGV02420
C                                                                                   LGV02430
C      READ IN THE T-MULTIPLICITY TOLERANCE USED IN THE BISEC SUBROUTINE      LGV02440
C      DURING THE COMPUTATION OF THE GIVEN EIGENVALUES.                     LGV02450
C      ALSO READ IN THE FLAG IB. IF IB < 0, THEN SOME BETA(I) IN THE         LGV02460
C      T-MATRIX FILE PROVIDED ON FILE 2 FAILED THE ORTHOGONALITY            LGV02470
C      TEST IN THE TNORM SUBROUTINE. USER SHOULD NOTE THAT THIS VECTOR      LGV02480
C      PROGRAM PROCEEDS INDEPENDENTLY OF THE SIZE OF THE BETA USED.          LGV02490
C                                                                                   LGV02500
      READ(3,90) MULTOL,IB,BTOL                                               LGV02510
90  FORMAT(E20.12,I6,E13.4)                                                   LGV02520
C                                                                                   LGV02530
      TEMP = DFLOAT(MEV+1000)                                                 LGV02540
      TTOL = MULTOL/TEMP                                                       LGV02550
      WRITE(6,100) MULTOL,TTOL                                                LGV02560
100 FORMAT(/' T-MULTIPLICITY TOLERANCE USED IN THE EIGENVALUE COMPUTATLGV02570
      1IONS WAS',E13.4/' SCALED MACHINE EPSILON IS',E13.4)                   LGV02580
C                                                                                   LGV02590
C      CONTINUE WRITE TO FILE 6 OF THE PARAMETERS FOR THIS RUN              LGV02600
C                                                                                   LGV02610
      WRITE(6,110)NGOOD,NDIS,MEV,NOLD,MATA,MATB,SVSEED,MULTOL,IB,BTOL        LGV02620
110 FORMAT(/' EIGENVALUES SUPPLIED ARE READ IN FROM FILE 3'/' FILE 3        LGV02630
      1HEADER IS'/4X,'NG',2X,'NDIS',3X,'MEV',2X,'NOLD',2X,'MATNOA',2X,      LGV02640
      1'MATNOB'/(4I6,2I8)/4X,'SVSEED',6X,'MULTOL',6X,'IB',9X,'BTOL'/'      LGV02650

```

```

      1I12,E12.3,I8,E13.4/)                                LGV02660
C                                                                    LGV02670
C      IS THE ARRAY RITVEC LONG ENOUGH TO HOLD ALL OF THE DESIRED LGV02680
C      RITZ VECTORS (APPROXIMATE EIGENVECTORS)?                LGV02690
C      NMAX = NGOOD*N                                          LGV02700
C      IF(MBOUND.NE.0) GO TO 120                                LGV02710
C      IF(TVSTOP.NE.1.AND.NMAX.GT.MDIMRV) GO TO 1350           LGV02720
C                                                                    LGV02730
C      CHECK THAT THE ORDER N AND THE MATRIX IDENTIFICATION NUMBERS LGV02740
C      MATNOA AND MATNOB SPECIFIED BY THE USER AGREE WITH THOSE READ LGV02750
C      IN FROM FILE 3.                                          LGV02760
120  ITEMP = (NOLD-N)**2 + (MATA-MATNOA)**2 + (MATB-MATNOB)**2 LGV02770
      IF (ITEMP.NE.0) GO TO 1370                                LGV02780
C                                                                    LGV02790
C      READ IN FROM FILE 3, THE T-MULTIPLICITIES OF THE EIGENVALUES LGV02800
C      WHOSE EIGENVECTORS ARE TO BE COMPUTED, THE VALUES OF THESE LGV02810
C      EIGENVALUES AND THEIR MINIMAL GAPS AS EIGENVALUES OF THE LGV02820
C      USER-SPECIFIED MATRIX AND AS EIGENVALUES OF THE T-MATRIX. LGV02830
C                                                                    LGV02840
      READ(3,20) EXPLAN                                         LGV02850
      READ(3,130) (MP(J),GOODEV(J),TMINGP(J),AMINGP(J), J=1,NGOOD) LGV02860
130  FORMAT(6X,I6,E25.16,2E14.3)                                LGV02870
C                                                                    LGV02880
      WRITE(6,140) (J,GOODEV(J),MP(J),TMINGP(J),AMINGP(J), J=1,NGOOD) LGV02890
140  FORMAT(/' EIGENVALUES READ IN, T-MULTIPLICITIES, T-GAPS AND A-GAPSLGV02900
      1 ' /4X,' J ',5X,'GOOD EIGENVALUE',5X,'MULT',4X,' TMINGAP ',4X, LGV02910
      1' ABMINGAP ' / (I6,E25.16,I4,2E15.4))                    LGV02920
C                                                                    LGV02930
C      READ IN ERROR ESTIMATES                                  LGV02940
      WRITE(6,150) MEV,SVSEED                                    LGV02950
150  FORMAT(/' THESE EIGENVALUES WERE COMPUTED USING A T-MATRIX OF LGV02960
      1ORDER ',I5/' AND SEED FOR RANDOM NUMBER GENERATOR =' ,I12) LGV02970
C      CHECK WHETHER OR NOT THERE ARE ANY T-ISOLATED EIGENVALUES IN LGV02980
C      THE EIGENVALUES PROVIDED                                  LGV02990
      DO 160 J=1,NGOOD                                          LGV03000
      IF(MP(J).EQ.1) GO TO 170                                    LGV03010
160  CONTINUE                                                  LGV03020
      GO TO 190                                                  LGV03030
170  READ(4,20) EXPLAN                                         LGV03040
      READ(4,20) EXPLAN                                         LGV03050
      READ(4,20) EXPLAN                                         LGV03060
      READ(4,180) NISO                                          LGV03070
180  FORMAT(18X,I6)                                           LGV03080
      READ(4,20) EXPLAN                                         LGV03090
      READ(4,20) EXPLAN                                         LGV03100
      READ(4,20) EXPLAN                                         LGV03110
190  DO 220 J=1,NGOOD                                          LGV03120
      ERR(J) = 0.D0                                             LGV03130
      IF(MP(J).NE.1) GO TO 220                                  LGV03140
      READ(4,200) EVAL, ERR(J)                                  LGV03150
200  FORMAT(10X,E25.16,E14.3)                                  LGV03160
      IF(DABS(EVAL - GOODEV(J)).LT.1.D-10) GO TO 220           LGV03170
      WRITE(6,210) EVAL,GOODEV(J)                              LGV03180
210  FORMAT(' PROBLEM WITH READ IN OF ERROR ESTIMATES'/' EIGENVALUE REALGV03190
      1D IN',E20.12,' DOES NOT MATCH GOODEV(J) =' /E20.12)   LGV03200

```

```

      GO TO 1590
C
      220 CONTINUE
C
      WRITE(6,230) (J,GOODEV(J),ERR(J), J=1,NGOOD)
      230 FORMAT(' ERROR ESTMATES ='/4X,' J',5X,'EIGENVALUE',10X,' ESTIMATE
1'/(I6,E20.12,E14.3))
C
      IF(IREAD.EQ.0) GO TO 330
C
      READ IN THE SIZE OF THE T-MATRIX PROVIDED ON FILE 2.  READ IN
C      THE ORDER OF THE USER-SPECIFIED MATRIX , THE SEED FOR THE
C      RANDOM NUMBER GENERATOR, AND THE MATRIX/TEST IDENTIFICATION
C      NUMBERS THAT WERE USED IN THE LANCZOS EIGENVALUE COMPUTATIONS.
C      THESE ARE USED IN A CONSISTENCY CHECK
C      IF FLAG IREAD = 0 REGENERATE ALPHA, BETA
C
      READ(2,240) KMAX,NOLD,SVSOLD,MATA,MATB
      240 FORMAT(2I6,I12,2I8)
C
      WRITE(6,250) KMAX,NOLD,SVSOLD,MATA,MATB
      250 FORMAT('/' READ IN THE T-MATRICES STORED ON FILE 2/' FILE 2 HEADER
1 IS'/2X,'KMAX',2X,'NOLD',6X,'SVSOLD',2X,'MATNOA',2X,'MATNOB'/'
1 2I6,I12,2I8/)
C
C      CHECK THAT THE ORDER, THE MATRIX/TEST IDENTIFICATION NUMBERS
C      AND THE SEED FOR THE RANDOM NUMBER GENERATOR USED IN THE
C      LANCZOS COMPUTATIONS THAT GENERATED THE HISTORY FILE
C      BEING USED AGREE WITH WHAT THE USER HAS SPECIFIED.
C      IF (NOLD.NE.N.OR.MATA.NE.MATNOA.OR.MATNOB.NE.MATB.OR.SVSOLD.NE.
1 SVSEED) GO TO 1390
C
      KMAX1 = KMAX + 1
C
C      READ IN THE T-MATRICES FROM FILE 2.  THESE ARE USED TO GENERATE
C      THE T-EIGENVECTORS THAT WILL BE USED IN THE RITZ VECTOR
C      COMPUTATIONS.  HISTORY MUST BE STORED IN MACHINE FORMAT
C      ((4Z20) FOR IBM/3081).
C
      READ(2,260) (ALPHA(J),J=1,KMAX)
      READ(2,260) (BETA(J), J=1,KMAX1)
      260 FORMAT(4Z20)
C
      READ(2,260) (V1(J), J=1,N)
      READ(2,260) (VS(J), J=1,N)
      READ(2,260) (V2(J), J=1,N)
C
C      KMAX MAY BE ENLARGED IF THE SIZE AT WHICH THE EIGENVALUE
C      COMPUTATIONS WERE PERFORMED IS ESSENTIALLY KMAX AND
C      THERE IS AT LEAST ONE EIGENVALUE THAT IS T-SIMPLE AND
C      T-ISOLATED, IN THE SENSE THAT IF ITS NEAREST NEIGHBOR IS TOO
C      CLOSE THAT NEIGHBOR IS A 'GOOD' T-EIGENVALUE.
      DO 270 J = 1,NGOOD
      IF(MP(J).EQ.1) GO TO 290
      270 CONTINUE

```

```

        WRITE(6,280)                                LGV03760
280  FORMAT(/' ALL EIGENVALUES USED ARE T-MULTIPLE OR CLOSE TO SPURIOUS LGV03770
      1 T-EIGENVALUES'/' SO DO NOT CHANGE KMAX')      LGV03780
        IF(KMAX.LT.MEV) GO TO 1410                    LGV03790
        GO TO 310                                     LGV03800
C                                             LGV03810
290  KMAXN= 11*MEV/8 + 12                            LGV03820
        IF(MBETA.LE.KMAXN) GO TO 1570                 LGV03830
        IF(KMAX.GE.KMAXN ) GO TO 310                  LGV03840
        WRITE(6,300) KMAX, KMAXN                      LGV03850
300  FORMAT(' ENLARGE KMAX FROM ',I6,' TO ',I6)        LGV03860
        MOLD1 = KMAX + 1                              LGV03870
        KMAX = KMAXN                                  LGV03880
        GO TO 380                                     LGV03890
C                                             LGV03900
310  WRITE(6,320) KMAX                                LGV03910
320  FORMAT(/' T-MATRICES HAVE BEEN READ IN FROM FILE 2'/' THE LARGEST LGV03920
      1 SIZE T-MATRIX ALLOWED IS',I6/)                LGV03930
C                                             LGV03940
        IF(IREAD.EQ.1) GO TO 400                     LGV03950
C                                             LGV03960
C      REGENERATE THE ALPHA AND BETA                  LGV03970
C                                             LGV03980
330  MOLD1 = 1                                         LGV03990
C                                             LGV04000
        DO 340 J = 1,NGOOD                            LGV04010
        IF(MP(J).EQ.1) GO TO 360                      LGV04020
340  CONTINUE                                         LGV04030
        KMAX = MEV + 12                              LGV04040
        WRITE(6,350) KMAX                            LGV04050
350  FORMAT(/' ALL EIGENVALUES FOR WHICH EIGENVECTORS ARE TO BE COMPUTE LGV04060
      1D ARE EITHER T-MULTIPLE OR CLOSE TO'/' A SPURIOUS T-EIGENVALUE. TH LGV04070
      1 EREFORE SET KMAX = MEV + 12 = ',I7)          LGV04080
        GO TO 380                                     LGV04090
C                                             LGV04100
360  KMAXN = 11*MEV/8 + 12                            LGV04110
        IF(MBETA.LE.KMAXN) GO TO 1570                 LGV04120
        WRITE(6,370) KMAXN                            LGV04130
370  FORMAT(' SET KMAX EQUAL TO ',I6)                LGV04140
        KMAX = KMAXN                                  LGV04150
C                                             LGV04160
380  WRITE(6,390) MOLD1,KMAX                          LGV04170
390  FORMAT(/' LANCZS SUBROUTINE GENERATES ALPHA(J), BETA(J+1), J =', LGV04180
      1 I6,' TO ', I6/)                              LGV04190
C                                             LGV04200
C-----LGV04210
C                                             LGV04220
        IIX = SVSEED                                  LGV04230
        CALL LANCZS(LSOLV,AMATV,ALPHA,BETA,V1,V2,VS,G,KMAX,MOLD1,N,IIX) LGV04240
C                                             LGV04250
C-----LGV04260
C                                             LGV04270
400  CONTINUE                                         LGV04280
C                                             LGV04290
C      THE SUBROUTINE STURMI DETERMINES THE SMALLEST SIZE T-MATRIX FOR LGV04300

```

```

C      WHICH THE EIGENVALUE IN QUESTION IS A T-EIGENVALUE (TO WITHIN A LGV04310
C      GIVEN TOLERANCE) AND IF POSSIBLE THE SMALLEST SIZE T-MATRIX LGV04320
C      FOR WHICH IT IS A DOUBLE T-EIGENVALUE (TO WITHIN THE SAME LGV04330
C      TOLERANCE). THE SIZE T-MATRIX USED IN THE RITZ VECTOR LGV04340
C      COMPUTATIONS IS THEN DETERMINED BY LOOPING ON SIZE OF THE LGV04350
C      T-EIGENVECTORS, STARTING WITH A T-SIZE DETERMINED BY STURMI. LGV04360
C      LGV04370
C      LGV04380
C      STUTOL = SCALE0*MULTOL LGV04390
C      IF(IWRITE.EQ.1) WRITE(6,410) LGV04400
410  FORMAT(' FROM STURMI') LGV04410
C      DO 450 J = 1,NGOOD LGV04420
C      EVAL = GOODEV(J) LGV04430
C      COMPUTE THE TOLERANCES USED BY STURMI TO DETERMINE AN INTERVAL LGV04440
C      CONTAINING THE EIGENVALUE EVAL. LGV04450
C      TEMP = DABS(EVAL)*RELTOL LGV04460
C      TOLN = DMAX1(TEMP,STUTOL) LGV04470
C      LGV04480
C----- LGV04490
C      LGV04500
C      CALL STURMI(ALPHA,BETA,EVAL,TOLN,EPSM,KMAX,MK1,MK2,IC,IWRITE) LGV04510
C      LGV04520
C----- LGV04530
C      LGV04540
C      STORE THE COMPUTED ORDERS OF T-MATRICES FOR LATER PRINTOUT LGV04550
C      M1(J) = MK1 LGV04560
C      M2(J) = MK2 LGV04570
C      ML(J) = (MK1 + 3*MK2)/4 LGV04580
C      IF(MK2.EQ.KMAX) ML(J) = KMAX LGV04590
C      LGV04600
C      IF(IC.GT.0) GO TO 430 LGV04610
C      IC = 0 MEANS THERE WAS NO EIGENVALUE IN THE DESIGNATED INTERVAL LGV04620
C      BY T-SIZE KMAX. THIS MEANS THAT THE EIGENVALUE PROVIDED HAS LGV04630
C      NOT YET CONVERGED SO ITS EIGENVECTOR IS NOT COMPUTED. LGV04640
C      WRITE(6,420) J,GOODEV(J),MK1,MK2 LGV04650
420  FORMAT(I6,'TH EIGENVALUE',E20.12,' HAS NOT CONVERGED '/ LGV04660
C      1' SO DO NOT COMPUTE ANY T-EIGENVECTOR OR RITZ VECTOR FOR IT' LGV04670
C      1/' MK1 AND MK2 FOR THIS EIGENVALUE WERE',2I6) LGV04680
C      MP(J) = MPMIN LGV04690
C      MA(J) = -2*KMAX LGV04700
C      GO TO 450 LGV04710
C      COMPUTE AN APPROPRIATE SIZE T-MATRIX FOR THE GIVEN EIGENVALUE. LGV04720
430  IF(M2(J).EQ.KMAX) GO TO 440 LGV04730
C      M1 AND M2 WERE BOTH DETERMINED LGV04740
C      MA(J) = (3*M1(J) + M2(J))/4 + 1 LGV04750
C      GO TO 450 LGV04760
C      M2 NOT DETERMINED LGV04770
440  MA(J) = (5*M1(J))/4 + 1 LGV04780
C      LGV04790
450  CONTINUE LGV04800
C      LGV04810
C      IF (IWRITE.EQ.1) WRITE(6,460) (MA(JJ), JJ=1,NGOOD) LGV04820
460  FORMAT('/' 1ST GUESS AT APPROPRIATE SIZE T-MATRICES' / LGV04830
C      1 ' ACTUAL VALUES WILL PROBABLY BE 1/4 AGAIN AS MUCH'/(13I6)) LGV04840
C      LGV04850

```


C	PRINT OUT TO FILE 10 1ST GUESSES AT SIZES OF THE T-MATRICES TO	LGV04860
C	BE USED IN THE EIGENVECTOR COMPUTATIONS.	LGV04870
C	PROGRAM LOOPS ON T-SIZE TO DETERMINE APPROPRIATE SIZE T-MATRIX.	LGV04880
	WRITE(10,470) N,KMAX	LGV04890
470	FORMAT(2I8,' = ORDER OF USER MATRIX AND MAX ORDER OF T(1,MEV)')	LGV04900
C		LGV04910
	WRITE(10,480)	LGV04920
480	FORMAT('/' 1ST GUESS AT APPROPRIATE SIZE T-MATRICES'/	LGV04930
	1 ' ACTUAL VALUES WILL PROBABLY BE 1/4 AGAIN AS MUCH'/)	LGV04940
C		LGV04950
	WRITE(10,490)	LGV04960
490	FORMAT(4X,'J',3X,'AB-EIGENVALUE',4X,'M1(J)',1X,'M2(J)',1X,'MA(J)')	LGV04970
C		LGV04980
	WRITE(10,500) (J,GOODEV(J),M1(J),M2(J), MA(J), J=1,NGOOD)	LGV04990
500	FORMAT(I5,E19.12,3I6)	LGV05000
C		LGV05010
	IF(MBOUND.EQ.1) WRITE(10,510)	LGV05020
510	FORMAT('/' EV = AB-EIGENVALUE IS A GOOD EIGENVALUE OF T(1,MEV)'/	LGV05030
	1' M1 = SMALLEST VALUE OF M SUCH THAT T(1,M) HAS AT LEAST'/	LGV05040
	1 ' ONE EIGENVALUE IN THE INTERVAL (EV-TOLN,EV+TOLN)'/	LGV05050
	1 ' TOLN(J) = DMAX1(EV(J)*RELTOL, SCALE0*MULTOL)'/	LGV05060
	1 ' M2 = SMALLEST M (IF ANY) SUCH THAT IN THE ABOVE INTERVAL'/	LGV05070
	1 ' T(1,M) HAS AT LEAST TWO EIGENVALUES'/'	LGV05080
	1 ' IABS(MA(J)) = APPROPRIATE SIZE T-MATRIX FOR EV(J)'/	LGV05090
	1 ' INITIAL VALUE OF MA(J) IS CHOSEN HEURISTICALLY'/'	LGV05100
	1 ' PROGRAM LOOPS ON SIZE OF T-MATRIX TO GET BETTER SIZE'/'	LGV05110
	1 ' END OF SIZES OF T-MATRICES FILE 10'///)	LGV05120
C		LGV05130
C		LGV05140
C	TERMINATE AFTER COMPUTING 1ST GUESSES AT SIZES OF THE	LGV05150
C	T-MATRICES REQUIRED FOR THE GIVEN EIGENVALUES?	LGV05160
	IF(MBOUND.EQ.1) GO TO 1430	LGV05170
C		LGV05180
C		LGV05190
C	IS THERE ROOM FOR ALL OF THE REQUESTED T-EIGENVECTORS?	LGV05200
	MTOL = 0	LGV05210
	DO 520 J = 1,NGOOD	LGV05220
	IF(MP(J).EQ.MPMIN) GO TO 520	LGV05230
	MTOL = MTOL + IABS(MA(J))	LGV05240
520	CONTINUE	LGV05250
	MTOL = (5*MTOL)/4	LGV05260
	IF(MTOL.GT.MDIMTV.AND.NTVCON.EQ.0) GO TO 1450	LGV05270
C		LGV05280
C	-----	LGV05290
C	GENERATE A RANDOM VECTOR TO BE USED REPEATEDLY BY	LGV05300
C	SUBROUTINE INVERM	LGV05310
C		LGV05320
	IIL = RHSEED	LGV05330
	CALL GENRAN(IIL,G,KMAX)	LGV05340
C		LGV05350
C	-----	LGV05360
C		LGV05370
C	LOOP ON GIVEN EIGENVALUES TO COMPUTE THE CORRESPONDING	LGV05380
C	T-EIGENVECTOR.	LGV05390
C		LGV05400

```

      MTOL = 0
      NTVEC = 0
      ILBIS = 0
      DO 710 J = 1,NGOOD
      ICOUNT = 0
      ERRMIN = 10.D0
      MABEST = MPMIN
      IF(MP(J).EQ.MPMIN) GO TO 710
      TFLAG = 0
      EVAL = GOODEV(J)
      TEMP = DABS(EVAL)*RELTOL
      UB = EVAL + DMAX1(STUTOL,TEMP)
      LB = EVAL - DMAX1(STUTOL,TEMP)
530  KMAXU = IABS(MA(J))
C
C      SELECT A SUITABLE INCREMENT FOR THE ORDERS OF THE T-MATRICES
C      TO BE CONSIDERED IN DETERMINING APPROPRIATE SIZES FOR THE RITZ
C      VECTOR COMPUTATIONS.
      IF(ICOUNT.GT.0) GO TO 550
C      SELECT IDELTA(J) BASED UPON THE T-MULTIPLICITY OBTAINED
      IF(M2(J).EQ.KMAX) GO TO 540
C      M2 DETERMINED
      IDELTA(J) = ((3*M1(J) + 5*M2(J))/8 + 1 - IABS(MA(J)))/10 + 1
      GO TO 550
C      M2 NOT DETERMINED
540  MAMAX = MINO((11*MEV)/8 + 12, (13*M1(J))/8 + 1)
      IDELTA(J) = (MAMAX - IABS(MA(J)))/10 + 1
550  ICOUNT = ICOUNT + 1
C
C-----
C      TO MINIMIZE THE EFFECT OF THE ONE-SIDED ACCEPTANCE TEST FOR
C      EIGENVALUES IN THE BISEC SUBROUTINE, RECOMPUTE THE GIVEN
C      EIGENVALUE AT THE SPECIFIED KMAXU
C
      CALL LBISEC(ALPHA,BETA,EPSM,EVAL,EVALN,LB,UB,TTOL,KMAXU,NEVT)
C
C-----
C
C      CHECK WHETHER OR NOT GIVEN T-MATRIX HAS AN EIGENVALUE IN THE
C      SPECIFIED INTERVAL AND IF SO WHAT ITS T-MULTIPLICITY IS.
C
      IF(NEVT.EQ.1) GO TO 590
      IF(NEVT.NE.0) GO TO 570
      ILBIS = 1
      WRITE(6,560) EVAL,KMAXU
560  FORMAT(/' PROBLEM ENCOUNTERED IN RECOMPUTATION OF USER-SUPPLIED EILGV05860
1GENVALUE',E20.12/' THE SIZE T-MATRIX SPECIFIED',I6,' DOES NOT LGV05870
1HAVE AN EIGENVALUE IN THE INTERVAL SPECIFIED'/' THEREFORE NO EIGENLGV05880
1VECTOR WILL BE COMPUTED FOR THIS PARTICULAR EIGENVALUE'/) LGV05890
      GO TO 610 LGV05900
C LGV05910
570 IF(NEVT.GT.1) WRITE(6,580) EVAL,KMAXU LGV05920
580 FORMAT(/' PROBLEM ENCOUNTERED IN RECOMPUTATION OF USER-SUPPLIED LGV05930
1EIGENVALUE',E20.12/' FOR THE SIZE T-MATRIX SPECIFIED =',I6,' THE LGV05940
1GIVEN EIGENVALUE IS T-MULTIPLE IN THE INTERVAL SPECIFIED'/' SOMETHLGV05950

```

```

1ING IS WRONG, THEREFORE NO EIGENVECTOR WILL BE COMPUTED FOR THIS ELGV05960
1IGENVALUE'/) LGV05970
C LGV05980
MP(J) = MPMIN LGV05990
MA(J) = -2*KMAX LGV06000
GO TO 710 LGV06010
C LGV06020
590 CONTINUE LGV06030
ILBIS = 0 LGV06040
C LGV06050
EVNEW(J) = EVALN LGV06060
EVAL = EVALN LGV06070
MTOL = MTOL+KMAXU LGV06080
C LGV06090
C IS THERE ROOM IN TVEC ARRAY FOR THE NEXT T-EIGENVECTOR? LGV06100
C IF NOT, SKIP TO RITZ VECTOR COMPUTATIONS. LGV06110
C IF (MTOL.GT.MDIMTV) GO TO 720 LGV06120
C LGV06130
IT = 3 LGV06140
KINT = MTOL - KMAXU +1 LGV06150
C LGV06160
C RECORD THE BEGINNING AND END OF THE T-EIGENVECTOR BEING COMPUTED LGV06170
MINT(J) = KINT LGV06180
MFIN(J) = MTOL LGV06190
C LGV06200
C-----LGV06210
C SUBROUTINE INVERM DOES INVERSE ITERATION, I.E. SOLVES LGV06220
C (T(1,KMAXU) - EVAL)*U = RHS FOR EACH EIGENVALUE TO OBTAIN THE LGV06230
C DESIRED T-EIGENVECTOR. LGV06240
C LGV06250
IF(IWRITE.EQ.1) WRITE(6,600) J LGV06260
600 FORMAT(/I6,'TH EIGENVALUE') LGV06270
C LGV06280
CALL INVERM(ALPHA,BETA,V1,TVEC(KINT),EVAL,ERROR,TERROR,EPSM, LGV06290
1 G,KMAXU,IT,IWRITE) LGV06300
C LGV06310
C-----LGV06320
C LGV06330
TERR(J) = TERROR LGV06340
TLAST(J) = ERROR LGV06350
KMAXU1 = KMAXU + 1 LGV06360
TBETA(J) = BETA(KMAXU1)*ERROR LGV06370
C LGV06380
C AFTER COMPUTING EACH OF THE T-EIGENVECTORS, LGV06390
C CHECK THE SIZE OF THE ERROR ESTIMATE, ERROR. LGV06400
C IF THIS ESTIMATE IS NOT AS SMALL AS DESIRED AND LGV06410
C |MA(J)| < ML(J), ATTEMPT TO INCREASE THE SIZE OF |MA(J)| LGV06420
C AND REPEAT THE T-EIGENVECTOR COMPUTATIONS. LGV06430
C LGV06440
IF(ERROR.LT.ERTOL.OR.TFLAG.EQ.1) GO TO 700 LGV06450
C LGV06460
IF(ERROR.GE.ERRMIN) GO TO 610 LGV06470
C LGV06480
LAST COMPONENT IS LESS THAN MINIMAL TO DATE LGV06480
ERRMIN = ERROR LGV06490
MABEST = MA(J) LGV06500

```

```

610 CONTINUE                                LGV06510
C                                            LGV06520
      IF(MA(J).GT.0) ITEST = MA(J) + IDELTA(J)    LGV06530
      IF(MA(J).LT.0) ITEST = -(IABS(MA(J)) + IDELTA(J)) LGV06540
      IF(IABS(ITEST).LE.ML(J).AND.ICOUNT.LE.10) GO TO 630 LGV06550
C NEW MA(J) IS GREATER THAN MAXIMUM ALLOWED.    LGV06560
      IF(ERCONT.EQ.0.OR.MABEST.EQ.MPMIN) GO TO 650 LGV06570
      TFLAG = 1                                LGV06580
      MA(J) = MABEST                            LGV06590
      IF(ILBIS.EQ.0) MTOL = MTOL - KMAXU          LGV06600
      WRITE(6,620) MA(J)                        LGV06610
620 FORMAT(' 10 ORDERS WERE CONSIDERED. NONE SATISFIED THE ERROR TEST' LGV06620
1'/' THEREFORE USE THE BEST ORDER OBTAINED FOR THE EIGENVECTORS' LGV06630
1,I6)                                           LGV06640
      GO TO 530                                LGV06650
C                                            LGV06660
630 MA(J) = ITEST                             LGV06670
C                                            LGV06680
      MT = IABS(MA(J))                          LGV06690
      IF(IWRITE.EQ.1) WRITE(6,640) MT           LGV06700
640 FORMAT('/' CHANGE SIZE OF T-MATRIX TO ',I6,' RECOMPUTE T-EIGENVECTO LGV06710
1R')                                           LGV06720
C                                            LGV06730
      IF(ILBIS.EQ.0) MTOL = MTOL - KMAXU          LGV06740
C                                            LGV06750
      GO TO 530                                LGV06760
C                                            LGV06770
C APPROPRIATE SIZE T-MATRIX WAS NOT OBTAINED LGV06780
650 CONTINUE                                LGV06790
      WRITE(10,660) J,EVAL,MP(J)                LGV06800
660 FORMAT('/' ON 10 INCREMENTS NOT ABLE TO IDENTIFY APPROPRIATE SIZE LGV06810
1T-MATRIX FOR'/
1' EIGENVALUE(',I4,') = ',E20.12,' T-MULTIPLICITY =',I4/) LGV06830
      IF(M2(J).EQ.KMAX) WRITE(10,670)           LGV06840
      IF(M2(J).LT.KMAX) WRITE(10,680)           LGV06850
670 FORMAT('/' ORDERS TESTED RANGED FROM 5*M1(J)/4 TO APPROXIMATELY LGV06860
1'/' MIN(11*MEV/8,13*M1(J)/8)')/ LGV06870
680 FORMAT('/' ORDERS TESTED RANGED FROM (3*M1(J)+M2(J))/4 TO APPROXIMALGV06880
1TELY'/' (3*M1(J) + 5*M2(J))/8.)/ LGV06890
      WRITE(10,690)                             LGV06900
690 FORMAT(' ALLOWING LARGER ORDERS FOR THE T-MATRICES MAY RESULT IN LGV06910
1 SUCCESS'/' BUT PROBABLY WILL NOT. PROBLEM IS PROBABLY DUE TO' LGV06920
1 /' LACK OF CONVERGENCE OF GIVEN EIGENVALUE, CHECK THE ERROR ESTIM LGV06930
1ATE'/) LGV06940
      MP(J) = MPMIN                             LGV06950
      IF(ILBIS.EQ.0) MTOL = MTOL - KMAXU          LGV06960
      GO TO 710                                LGV06970
700 NTVEC = NTVEC + 1                          LGV06980
C                                            LGV06990
710 CONTINUE                                LGV07000
      NGOODC = NGOOD                            LGV07010
      GO TO 740                                LGV07020
C                                            LGV07030
C COME HERE IF THERE IS NOT ENOUGH ROOM FOR ALL OF T-EIGENVECTORS LGV07040
720 NGOODC = J-1                              LGV07050

```



```

      GO TO 1590
C
      840 CONTINUE
C      IF NOT ABLE TO COMPUTE ALL THE REQUESTED T-EIGENVECTORS,
C      CONTINUE WITH THE LANCZOS VECTOR COMPUTATIONS ANYWAY?
      IF(NTVEC.NE.NGOOD.AND.LVCONT.EQ.0) GO TO 1490
C
C      COMPUTE THE MAXIMUM SIZE OF THE T-MATRIX USED FOR THOSE
C      EIGENVALUES WITH GOOD ERROR ESTIMATES.
C
      KMAXU = 0
      DO 850 J = 1,NGOODC
      MT = IABS(MA(J))
      IF(MT.LT.KMAXU.OR.MP(J).EQ.MPMIN) GO TO 850
      KMAXU = MT
      850 CONTINUE
C
      IF(KMAXU.EQ.0) GO TO 1530
C
      WRITE(6,860) KMAXU
      860 FORMAT(/I6,' = LARGEST SIZE T-MATRIX TO BE USED IN THE RITZ VECTOR
      1 COMPUTATIONS')
C
C      COUNT THE NUMBER OF RITZ VECTORS NOT BEING COMPUTED
      MREJEC = 0
      DO 870 J=1,NGOODC
      870 IF(MP(J).EQ.MPMIN) MREJEC = MREJEC + 1
      MREJET = MREJEC + (NGOOD-NGOODC)
      IF(MREJET.NE.0) WRITE(6,880) MREJET
      880 FORMAT(/' RITZ VECTORS ARE NOT COMPUTED FOR',I6,' OF THE EIGENVALU
      1ES'/)
      NACT = NGOODC - MREJEC
      WRITE(6,890) NGOOD,NTVEC,NACT
      890 FORMAT(/I6,' RITZ VECTORS WERE REQUESTED'/I6,' T-EIGENVECTORS WERE
      1 COMPUTED'/I6,' RITZ VECTORS WILL BE COMPUTED'/)
C      CHECK IF THERE ARE ANY RITZ VECTORS TO COMPUTE
      IF(MREJEC.EQ.NGOODC) GO TO 1510
C
C      CONTINUE WITH THE LANCZOS VECTOR COMPUTATIONS?
      IF(LVCONT.EQ.0.AND.MREJEC.NE.0) GO TO 1490
C
C      NOW COMPUTE THE RITZ VECTORS. REGENERATE THE
C      LANCZOS VECTORS.
C
      DO 900 I = 1,NMAX
      900 RITVEC(I) = ZERO
C
C-----
C      REGENERATE THE STARTING VECTOR. THIS MUST BE GENERATED AND
C      NORMALIZED PRECISELY THE WAY IT WAS DONE IN THE EIGENVALUE
C      COMPUTATIONS, OTHERWISE THERE WILL BE A MISMATCH BETWEEN
C      THE T-EIGENVECTORS THAT HAVE BEEN COMPUTED FROM THE T-MATRICES
C      READ IN FROM FILE 2 AND THE LANCZOS VECTORS THAT ARE
C      BEING REGENERATED.
C

```

```

      IIL = SVSEED                                LGV08160
      CALL GENRAN(IIL,G,N)                        LGV08170
C                                                  LGV08180
C-----LGV08190
C                                                  LGV08200
      DO 910 K = 1,N                             LGV08210
910 V2(K) = G(K)                                LGV08220
C                                                  LGV08230
C-----LGV08240
C  COMPUTE L-TRANPOSE*V2 AND ITS NORM            LGV08250
      ISOLV = 2                                  LGV08260
      CALL LSOLV(V2,VS,ISOLV)                   LGV08270
      SUM = FINPRO(N,VS(1),1,VS(1),1)           LGV08280
C-----LGV08290
C                                                  LGV08300
C  NORMALIZE STARTING VECTORS: (V2-TRANPOSE*B*V2) = 1 LGV08310
      SUM = ONE/DSQRT(SUM)                      LGV08320
      DO 920 K = 1,N                             LGV08330
      VS(K) = SUM*VS(K)                          LGV08340
920 V2(K) = SUM*V2(K)                          LGV08350
C                                                  LGV08360
C-----LGV08370
C  INITIALIZE V1 = B*V2 = L*VS                   LGV08380
      ISOLV = 1                                  LGV08390
      CALL LSOLV(VS,V1,ISOLV)                   LGV08400
C-----LGV08410
C                                                  LGV08420
      DO 930 K = 1,N                             LGV08430
      VS(K) = V1(K)                             LGV08440
930 V1(K) = ZERO                              LGV08450
C                                                  LGV08460
      IVEC = 1                                    LGV08470
      BATA = ZERO                                LGV08480
C                                                  LGV08490
      GO TO 1000                                  LGV08500
C                                                  LGV08510
C  VS = B*V(I), V1 = B*V(I-1), V2 = V(I)         LGV08520
940 CONTINUE                                  LGV08530
      SUM = BATA                                  LGV08540
C                                                  LGV08550
C-----LGV08560
C  COMPUTE V1 = A*V2 - SUM*V1                    LGV08570
      CALL MATVEC(V2,V1,SUM)                    LGV08580
C  COMPUTE ALFA                                  LGV08590
      ALFA = FINPRO(N,V1(1),1,V2(1),1)          LGV08600
C-----LGV08610
C                                                  LGV08620
      DO 950 K = 1,N                             LGV08630
950 V1(K) = V1(K)-ALFA*VS(K)                  LGV08640
C                                                  LGV08650
C  SET V1 = B*V(IVEC) AND VS = (NEW BATA)*B*V(IVEC+1) LGV08660
      DO 960 K = 1,N                             LGV08670
      TEMP = V1(K)                              LGV08680
      V1(K) = VS(K)                              LGV08690
960 VS(K) = TEMP                              LGV08700

```

```

C                                                    LGV08710
C-----LGV08720
C    COMPUTE V2 = (L-INVERSE)*VS                    LGV08730
C    ISOLV = 3                                       LGV08740
C    CALL LSOLV(VS,V2,ISOLV)                        LGV08750
C    COMPUTE NEXT BATA                              LGV08760
C    SUM = FINPRO(N,V2(1),1,V2(1),1)                LGV08770
C-----LGV08780
C                                                    LGV08790
C    BATA = DSQRT(SUM)                              LGV08800
C    TEMP = BETA(IVEC)                              LGV08810
C    TEMP = DABS(BATA - TEMP)/TEMP                  LGV08820
C    IF (TEMP.LT.1.0D-10)GO TO 980                  LGV08830
C                                                    LGV08840
C    THE BETA BEING REGENERATED DO NOT MATCH THE BETA IN FILE 2. LGV08850
C    SOMETHING IS WRONG IN THE LANCZOS VECTOR GENERATION. LGV08860
C    PROGRAM TERMINATES FOR USER TO CORRECT THE PROBLEM LGV08870
C    WHICH MUST BE IN THE STARTING VECTOR GENERATION OR IN LGV08880
C    THE SUBROUTINES AMATV AND LSOLV SUPPLIED.        LGV08890
C    THESE SUBROUTINES MUST BE THE SAME ONES USED IN THE LGV08900
C    EIGENVALUE COMPUTATIONS OR A MISMATCH WILL ENSUE. LGV08910
C                                                    LGV08920
C    WRITE(6,970) IVEC,BATA,BETA(IVEC),TEMP          LGV08930
970 FORMAT(/2X,'IVEC',16X,'BATA',10X,'BETA(IVEC)',14X,'RELDIF'/I6, LGV08940
13E20.12/' IN LANCZOS VECTOR REGENERATION THE ENTRIES OF THE TRIDIALGV08950
1GONAL MATRICES BEING'/' GENERATED ARE NOT THE SAME AS THOSE IN THELGV08960
1 MATRIX SUPPLIED ON FILE 2.'/' THEREFORE SOMETHING IS BEING INITIALGV08970
1LIZED OR COMPUTED DIFFERENTLY FROM THE WAY'/' IT WAS COMPUTED IN TLGV08980
1HE EIGENVALUE COMPUTATIONS'/' THE PROGRAM TERMINATES FOR THE USER LGV08990
1TO DETERMINE WHAT THE PROBLEM IS'/)                LGV09000
C    GO TO 1590                                     LGV09010
980 CONTINUE                                         LGV09020
C                                                    LGV09030
C-----LGV09040
C    ISOLV = 4                                       LGV09050
C    CALL LSOLV(V2,V2,ISOLV)                        LGV09060
C-----LGV09070
C                                                    LGV09080
C    SUM = ONE/BATA                                  LGV09090
C    DO 990 K = 1,N                                  LGV09100
C    V2(K) = SUM*V2(K)                               LGV09110
990 VS(K) = SUM*VS(K)                               LGV09120
C                                                    LGV09130
C    1000 CONTINUE                                  LGV09140
C                                                    LGV09150
C    LFIN = 0                                         LGV09160
C    DO 1020 J = 1,NGOODC                             LGV09170
C    LL = LFIN                                         LGV09180
C    LFIN = LFIN + N                                   LGV09190
C                                                    LGV09200
C    IF(IABS(MA(J)).LT.IVEC.OR.MP(J).EQ.MPMIN) GO TO 1020 LGV09210
C    II = IVEC + MINT(J) - 1                          LGV09220
C    TEMP = TVEC(II)                                  LGV09230
C    II IS THE (IVEC)TH COMPONENT OF THE T-EIGENVECTOR CONTAINED LGV09240
C    IN TVEC(MINT(J)).                               LGV09250

```



```

C                                                    LGV09260
      DO 1010 K = 1,N                                LGV09270
      LL = LL + 1                                     LGV09280
1010 RITVEC(LL) = TEMP*V2(K) + RITVEC(LL)            LGV09290
C                                                    LGV09300
1020 CONTINUE                                       LGV09310
C                                                    LGV09320
      IVEC = IVEC + 1                                LGV09330
      IF (IVEC.LE.KMAXU) GO TO 940                   LGV09340
C                                                    LGV09350
C      RITZVECTOR GENERATION IS COMPLETE. B-NORMALIZE EACH RITZVECTOR. LGV09360
C      NOTE THAT IF CERTAIN RITZ VECTORS WERE NOT COMPUTED THEN THAT LGV09370
C      PORTION OF THE RITVEC ARRAY WAS NOT UTILIZED. LGV09380
C                                                    LGV09390
      LFIN = 0                                       LGV09400
      DO 1090 J = 1,NGOODC                           LGV09410
C                                                    LGV09420
      KK = LFIN                                       LGV09430
      LFIN = LFIN + N                                LGV09440
      IF(MP(J).EQ.MPMIN) GO TO 1090                  LGV09450
C                                                    LGV09460
      DO 1030 K = 1,N                                LGV09470
      KK = KK + 1                                     LGV09480
1030 V2(K) = RITVEC(KK)                             LGV09490
C                                                    LGV09500
C-----LGV09510
      ISOLV = 2                                       LGV09520
      CALL LSOLV(V2,VS,ISOLV)                         LGV09530
      SUM = FINPRO(N,VS(1),1,VS(1),1)                 LGV09540
C-----LGV09550
C                                                    LGV09560
      SUM = DSQRT(SUM)                               LGV09570
      RNORM(J) = SUM                                  LGV09580
      TEMP = DABS(ONE-SUM)                            LGV09590
      SUM = ONE/SUM                                    LGV09600
C                                                    LGV09610
      DO 1040 K = 1,N                                LGV09620
      VS(K) = SUM*VS(K)                               LGV09630
      V2(K) = SUM*V2(K)                               LGV09640
1040 CONTINUE                                       LGV09650
C                                                    LGV09660
C-----LGV09670
      ISOLV = 1                                       LGV09680
      CALL LSOLV(VS,V1,ISOLV)                         LGV09690
C-----LGV09700
C                                                    LGV09710
C      V1 = B*V2                                       LGV09720
      EVAL = EVNEW(J)                                LGV09730
C                                                    LGV09740
C      COMPUTE ERROR IN RITZ VECTOR CONSIDERED AS A EIGENVECTOR OF A. LGV09750
C      V1 = A*RITVEC - EVAL*B*RITVEC                 LGV09760
C                                                    LGV09770
C-----LGV09780
      CALL AMATV(V2,V1,EVAL)                           LGV09790
      SUM = FINPRO(N,V1(1),1,V1(1),1)                 LGV09800

```

```

C-----LGV09810
C                                         LGV09820
      SUM = DSQRT(SUM)                      LGV09830
      ERR(J) = SUM                          LGV09840
      GAP = ABS(AMINGP(J))                  LGV09850
      ERRDGP(J) = SUM/GAP                   LGV09860
C                                         LGV09870
C                                         LGV09880
      IF (JPERM.EQ.0) GO TO 1050             LGV09890
C                                         LGV09900
C-----LGV09910
C      ON RETURN V2 = P(TRANSPPOSE)*V2      LGV09920
      IPERM = 2                             LGV09930
      CALL LPERM(V2,V1,IPERM)               LGV09940
C-----LGV09950
C                                         LGV09960
1050 CONTINUE                             LGV09970
      KK = LFIN - N                         LGV09980
      DO 1060 K = 1,N                       LGV09990
      KK = KK + 1                           LGV10000
1060 RITVEC(KK) = V2(K)                     LGV10010
C                                         LGV10020
      IF (IWRITE.NE.0) WRITE(6,1070) J,GOODDEV(J) LGV10030
1070 FORMAT(/I5,' TH EIGENVALUE CONSIDERED = ',E20.12/) LGV10040
C                                         LGV10050
      IF (IWRITE.NE.0) WRITE(6,1080) TERR(J),TBETA(J),TEMP LGV10060
1080 FORMAT(' NORM OF ERROR IN T-EIGENVECTOR = ',E14.3/ LGV10070
      1 ' BETA(MA(J)+1)*U(MA(J)) = ',E14.3/ LGV10080
      1 ' ABS(NORM(RITVEC) - 1.0) = ',E14.3/) LGV10090
C                                         LGV10100
1090 CONTINUE                             LGV10110
C                                         LGV10120
C      RITZVECTORS ARE NORMALIZED AND ERROR ESTIMATES ARE IN ERR ARRAY LGV10130
C      AND IN ERRDGP ARRAY. STORE EVERYTHING LGV10140
C                                         LGV10150
C                                         LGV10160
      WRITE(9,1100)                         LGV10170
1100 FORMAT(2X,'AB-EIGENVALUE',2X,'MA(J)',2X,'AB-MINGAP',5X,'ABERROR',1LGV10180
      1X,'ABERROR/GAP',6X,'TERROR')          LGV10190
C                                         LGV10200
      WRITE(13,1110)                        LGV10210
1110 FORMAT(12X,'AB-EIGENVALUE',5X,'RITZNORM',5X,'ABMINGAP',5X, LGV10220
      1 'TBETA(J)',5X,'TLAST(J)')           LGV10230
C                                         LGV10240
      DO 1140 J=1,NGOODC                     LGV10250
C                                         LGV10260
      IF(MP(J).EQ.MPMIN) GO TO 1140          LGV10270
C                                         LGV10280
      WRITE(9,1120)EVNEW(J),MA(J),AMINGP(J),ERR(J),ERRDGP(J),TERR(J) LGV10290
1120 FORMAT(E15.8,I6,4E12.4)                LGV10300
C                                         LGV10310
      WRITE(13,1130) EVNEW(J),RNORM(J),AMINGP(J),TBETA(J),TLAST(J) LGV10320
1130 FORMAT(E25.14,4E13.5)                  LGV10330
C                                         LGV10340
1140 CONTINUE                             LGV10350

```

C	IF(MREJEC.EQ.0) GO TO 1220	LGV10360
	WRITE(9,1150)	LGV10370
		LGV10380
1150	FORMAT(/' RITZ VECTORS WERE NOT COMPUTED FOR THE FOLLOWING EIGENVAL	LGV10390
	1LUES'/' EITHER BECAUSE THEY HAD NOT CONVERGED OR BECAUSE THE ERROR	LGV10400
	1 ESTIMATE'/' WAS NOT AS SMALL AS DESIRED'/)	LGV10410
C		LGV10420
	DO 1210 J = 1,NGOODC	LGV10430
	IF(MP(J).NE.MPMIN) GO TO 1210	LGV10440
C	WRITE OUT MESSAGE FOR EACH EIGENVALUE FOR WHICH NO EIGENVECTOR	LGV10450
C	WAS COMPUTED.	LGV10460
C		LGV10470
	WRITE(9,1160)	LGV10480
1160	FORMAT(2X,'AB-EIGENVALUE',3X,'MA(J)',5X,'AMINGP(J)',6X,'TLAST(J)',	LGV10490
	13X,'MP(J)')	LGV10500
	WRITE(9,1170) GOODEV(J),MA(J),AMINGP(J),TBETA(J),MP(J)	LGV10510
1170	FORMAT(E15.8,I8,2E14.4,I8)	LGV10520
C		LGV10530
	WRITE(13,1180)	LGV10540
1180	FORMAT(/' RITZ VECTORS WERE NOT COMPUTED FOR THE FOLLOWING EIGENVAL	LGV10550
	1LUES'/' BECAUSE THEY HAD NOT CONVERGED'/)	LGV10560
C		LGV10570
	WRITE(13,1190)	LGV10580
1190	FORMAT(2X,'AB-EIGENVALUE',3X,'MA(J)',3X,'M1(J)',3X,'M2(J)',3X,'MP	LGV10590
	1J)')/)	LGV10600
	WRITE(13,1200) GOODEV(J),MA(J),M1(J),M2(J),MP(J)	LGV10610
1200	FORMAT(E15.8,4I8)	LGV10620
C		LGV10630
1210	CONTINUE	LGV10640
1220	CONTINUE	LGV10650
C		LGV10660
	WRITE(9,1230)	LGV10670
1230	FORMAT(/' ABOVE ARE ERROR ESTIMATES FOR THE AB AND T EIGENVECTORS'	LGV10680
	1 '/' ASSOCIATED WITH THE AB-EIGENVALUES LISTED IN COLUMN 1')/	LGV10690
	1 ' ABERROR = NORM(A*X - EV*B*X) ERROR = NORM(T*Y - EV*Y)	LGV10700
	1 ' /' WHERE T = T(1,MA(J)) X = RITZ VECTOR = V*Y V = SUCCESSIVE	LGV10710
	1 ' /' LANCZOS VECTORS. ABMINGAP = GAP TO NEAREST AB-EIGENVALUE'//)	LGV10720
C		LGV10730
	WRITE(13,1240)	LGV10740
1240	FORMAT(/' ABOVE ARE ERROR ESTIMATES ASSOCIATED WITH THE AB-EIGVALS	LGV10750
	1 ' /' RITZNORM = NORM(COMPUTED RITZ VECTOR)')/	LGV10760
	1 ' TBETA(J) = BETA(MA(J)+1)*Y(MA(J)), T*Y = EVAL*Y'/	LGV10770
	1 ' TLAST(J) = Y(MA(J))')/	LGV10780
	1 ' ABMINGAP = GAP TO NEAREST AB-EIGENVALUE'//)	LGV10790
C		LGV10800
C	NUMBER OF RITZ VECTORS COMPUTED	LGV10810
	NCOMPU = NGOODC - MREJEC	LGV10820
	WRITE(12,1250) N,NCOMPU,NGOODC,MATNOA,MATNOB	LGV10830
1250	FORMAT(3I6,2I8,' SIZE A, NO.RITZVECS, NO.EVALS,MATNOA,MATNOB')	LGV10840
C		LGV10850
	LFIN = 0	LGV10860
	DO 1310 J = 1,NGOODC	LGV10870
	LINT = LFIN + 1	LGV10880
	LFIN = LFIN + N	LGV10890
C		LGV10900


```

1390 WRITE(6,1400) LGV11460
1400 FORMAT(/' PARAMETERS IN ALPHA,BETA FILE READ IN DO NOT AGREE WITH LGV11470
1THOSE'/' SPECIFIED BY THE USER. THEREFORE PROGRAM TERMINATES FOR' LGV11480
1/' USER TO RESOLVE DIFFERENCES'/) LGV11490
C LGV11500
GO TO 1590 LGV11510
C LGV11520
1410 WRITE(6,1420) KMAX,MEV LGV11530
1420 FORMAT(/' ALPHA,BETA HEADER HAS KMAX = ',I6/ LGV11540
1' BUT EIGENVALUES WERE COMPUTED AT MEV = ',I6,' PROGRAM STOPS'/) LGV11550
C LGV11560
GO TO 1590 LGV11570
C LGV11580
1430 WRITE(6,1440) LGV11590
1440 FORMAT(/' PROGRAM COMPUTED 1ST GUESSES AT T-MATRIX SIZES AND READ LGV11600
1THEM TO FILE 10'/' THEN TERMINATED AS REQUESTED.') LGV11610
GO TO 1590 LGV11620
C LGV11630
1450 WRITE(6,1460) MTOL, MDIMTV LGV11640
1460 FORMAT(/' PROGRAM TERMINATES BECAUSE THE TVEC DIMENSION ANTICIPATE LGV11650
1D',I7/' IS LARGER THAN THE TVEC DIMENSION',I7,' SPECIFIED BY THE LGV11660
1USER.'/' USER MAY RESET THE TVEC DIMENSION AND RESTART THE PROGRALGV11670
1M') LGV11680
GO TO 1590 LGV11690
C LGV11700
1470 WRITE(6,1480) LGV11710
1480 FORMAT(/' PROGRAM TERMINATES BECAUSE NO SUITABLE T-EIGENVECTORS WELGV11720
1RE IDENTIFIED'/' FOR ANY OF THE EIGENVALUES SUPPLIED. PROBLEM COLGV11730
1ULD BE CAUSED'/' BY TOO SMALL A TVEC DIMENSION OR SIMPLY THAT SUILGV11740
1TABLE T-VECTORS COULD'/' NOT BE IDENTIFIED. USER SHOULD CHECK OULGV11750
1TPUT'/) LGV11760
GO TO 1590 LGV11770
C LGV11780
1490 WRITE(6,1500) LVCONT,NTVEC,NGOOD LGV11790
1500 FORMAT(/' LVCONT FLAG =',I2,' AND NUMBER ',I5,' OF T-EIGENVECTORS LGV11800
1 COMPUTED N.E.'/' NUMBER',I5,' REQUESTED SO PROGRAM TERMINATES'/) LGV11810
GO TO 1590 LGV11820
C LGV11830
1510 WRITE(6,1520) LGV11840
1520 FORMAT(/' PROGRAM TERMINATES WITHOUT COMPUTING RITZ VECTORS'/' LGV11850
1' BECAUSE ALL T-EIGENVECTORS WERE REJECTED AS NOT SUITABLE FOR THELGV11860
1 RITZ VECTOR'/' COMPUTATIONS. PROBABLE CAUSE IS LACK OF CONVERGENLGV11870
1CE OF THE EIGENVALUES SUPPLIED'/) LGV11880
GO TO 1590 LGV11890
C LGV11900
1530 WRITE(6,1540) LGV11910
1540 FORMAT(/' PROGRAM INDICATES THAT IT IS NOT POSSIBLE TO COMPUTE ANYLGV11920
1 OF THE'/' REQUESTED EIGENVECTORS. THEREFORE PROGRAM TERMINATES'') LGV11930
DO 1550 J=1,NGOODC LGV11940
1550 WRITE(6,1560) J,GOODEV(J),MP(J) LGV11950
1560 FORMAT(/4X,' J',9X,'AB-EIGENVALUE',4X,'MP(J)'/I6,E20.12,I9) LGV11960
GO TO 1590 LGV11970
C LGV11980
1570 WRITE(6,1580) MBETA,KMAXN LGV11990
1580 FORMAT(/' PROGRAM TERMINATES BECAUSE THE STORAGE ALLOTTED FOR THE LGV12000

```

```
1BETA ARRAY',I8/' IS NOT SUFFICIENT FOR THE ENLARGED KMAX =' ,I8,' TLGV12010
1HAT THE PROGRAM WANTS'/' USER CAN ENLARGE THE ALPHA AND BETA ARRAYLGV12020
1S AND RERUN THE PROGRAM'/) LGV12030
C LGV12040
1590 CONTINUE LGV12050
C LGV12060
STOP LGV12070
C-----END OF MAIN PROGRAM FOR LANCZOS EIGENVECTOR COMPUTATIONS-----LGV12080
END LGV12090
```

5.4 LGMULT: LANCZS and Sample Matrix-Vector Multiply Subroutines

```

C-----LGMULT-----LGM00010
C  Authors:  Jane Cullum and Ralph A. Willoughby (Deceased)      LGM00020
C              Los Alamos National Laboratory                    LGM00030
C              Los Alamos, New Mexico 87544                     LGM00040
C                                                              LGM00050
C              E-mail:  cullumj@lanl.gov                         LGM00060
C                                                              LGM00070
C  These codes are copyrighted by the authors.  These codes     LGM00080
C  and modifications of them or portions of them are NOT to be  LGM00090
C  incorporated into any commercial codes or used for any other LGM00100
C  commercial purposes such as consulting for other companies,  LGM00110
C  without legal agreements with the authors of these Codes.    LGM00120
C  If these Codes or portions of them are used in other scientific or LGM00130
C  engineering research works the names of the authors of these codes LGM00140
C  and appropriate references to their written work are to be    LGM00150
C  incorporated in the derivative works.                         LGM00160
C                                                              LGM00170
C  This header is not to be removed from these codes.           LGM00180
C                                                              LGM00190
C      REFERENCE: Cullum and Willoughby, Chapters 1,2,3,4         LGM00191
C      Lanczos Algorithms for Large Symmetric Eigenvalue Computations LGM00192
C      VOL. 1 Theory. Republished as Volume 41 in SIAM CLASSICS in LGM00193
C      Applied Mathematics, 2002. SIAM Publications,             LGM00194
C      Philadelphia, PA. USA                                     LGM00195
C                                                              LGM00196
C                                                              LGM00200
C  CONTAINS SUBROUTINES  LANCZS, USPECA, USPECB, AMATV, AND LSOLV. LGM00210
C  TO BE USED WITH THE LANCZOS CODES FOR THE GENERALIZED EIGENVALUE LGM00220
C  PROBLEM,  $A*X = EVAL*B*X$ , WHERE A AND B ARE REAL SYMMETRIC, AND LGM00230
C  B IS POSITIVE DEFINITE WITH ITS CHOLESKY FACTORS AVAILABLE.  LGM00240
C                                                              LGM00250
C  NONPORTABLE CONSTRUCTIONS:                                   LGM00260
C  1.  THE ENTRY MECHANISM USED TO PASS THE STORAGE              LGM00270
C      LOCATIONS OF THE USER-SPECIFIED MATRICES FROM THE       LGM00280
C      SUBROUTINES USPECA AND USPECB TO THE MATRIX-VECTOR       LGM00290
C      SUBROUTINE, AMATV AND TO THE SOLVE SUBROUTINE, LSOLV.    LGM00300
C  2.  IN SAMPLE USPECA AND USPECB:  FREE FORMAT (8,*); FORMAT  LGM00310
C      (20A4), AND FORMAT (4Z20).                                LGM00320
C                                                              LGM00330
C-----LANCZS-COMPUTE LANCZOS TRIDIAGONAL MATRICES-----LGM00340
C                                                              LGM00350
C      SUBROUTINE LANCZS(LSOLV,MATVEC,ALPHA,BETA,V1,V2,VS,G,KMAX,MOLD1,N,LGM00360
C      1 IIX)                                                    LGM00370
C                                                              LGM00380
C-----LGM00390
C      DOUBLE PRECISION  ALPHA(1), BETA(1), V1(1), V2(1), VS(1)  LGM00400
C      DOUBLE PRECISION SUM, ONE, ZERO, TEMP                    LGM00410
C      REAL  G(1)                                                LGM00420
C      DOUBLE PRECISION  FINPRO,DSQRT                           LGM00430
C      EXTERNAL MATVEC, LSOLV                                   LGM00440

```



```

C                                                    LGM01000
      ALPHA(IVEC) = SUM                                LGM01010
      DO 50 K = 1,N                                    LGM01020
50    V1(K) = V1(K)-SUM*VS(K)                          LGM01030
C                                                    LGM01040
C      SET V1 = B*V(IVEC) AND VS = BETA(IVEC+1)*B*V(IVEC+1) LGM01050
      DO 60 K = 1,N                                    LGM01060
      TEMP = V1(K)                                     LGM01070
      V1(K) = VS(K)                                    LGM01080
60    VS(K) = TEMP                                     LGM01090
C                                                    LGM01100
C-----LGM01110
C      COMPUTE V2 = (L-INVERSE)*VS                     LGM01120
      ISOLV = 3                                         LGM01130
      CALL LSOLV(VS,V2,ISOLV)                         LGM01140
C      COMPUTE BETA(IVEC+1)                           LGM01150
      SUM = FINPRO(N,V2(1),1,V2(1),1)                 LGM01160
C-----LGM01170
C                                                    LGM01180
      IN = IVEC+1                                       LGM01190
      BETA(IN) = DSQRT(SUM)                           LGM01200
C                                                    LGM01210
C-----LGM01220
      ISOLV = 4                                         LGM01230
      CALL LSOLV(V2,V2,ISOLV)                         LGM01240
C-----LGM01250
C                                                    LGM01260
      SUM = ONE/BETA(IN)                               LGM01270
      DO 70 K = 1,N                                    LGM01280
      V2(K) = SUM*V2(K)                                LGM01290
70    VS(K) = SUM*VS(K)                                LGM01300
C                                                    LGM01310
80    CONTINUE                                         LGM01320
C                                                    LGM01330
      RETURN                                           LGM01340
C-----LGM01350
      END LANCZS-----LGM01350
      END                                              LGM01360
C                                                    LGM01370
C-----LGM01380
      USPEC (GENERAL SYMMETRIC SPARSE MATRICES)-----LGM01380
C                                                    LGM01390
C      SUBROUTINE USPECA(N,MATNOA)                     LGM01400
      SUBROUTINE GUSPEC(N,MATNOA)                     LGM01410
C                                                    LGM01420
C-----LGM01430
      DOUBLE PRECISION ASD(10000),AD(5010)            LGM01440
      INTEGER IROW(10000),ICOL(5010)                  LGM01450
C-----LGM01460
C      USPEC DIMENSIONS AND INITIALIZES THE ARRAYS NEEDED TO DEFINE LGM01470
C      THE USER-SPECIFIED A-MATRIX AND THEN PASSES THE STORAGE LOCATIONS LGM01480
C      OF THESE ARRAYS TO THE MULTIPLY SUBROUTINE AMATV. LGM01490
C                                                    LGM01500
C      MATRIX IS STORED IN FOLLOWING SPARSE MATRIX FORMAT: LGM01510
C      N = ORDER OF A-MATRIX,                          LGM01520
C      NZS = NUMBER OF NONZERO SUBDIAGONAL ENTRIES,    LGM01530
C      NZL = INDEX OF LAST COLUMN CONTAINING NONZERO SUBDIAGONAL ENTRIES, LGM01540

```



```

C-----END OF USPECA-----LGM02100
      END                                LGM02110
C                                          LGM02120
C-----USPECB FOR CHOLESKY FACTORS OF GENERAL SPARSE SYMMETRIC MATRIX---LGM02130
C                                          LGM02140
C      SUBROUTINE USPECB(N,MATNOB)        LGM02150
C      SUBROUTINE CUSPEC(N,MATNOB)        LGM02160
C                                          LGM02170
C-----LGM02180
      DOUBLE PRECISION BD(2200),BSD(10000) LGM02190
      INTEGER KCOL(2200),KROW(10000),IPR(2200),IPT(2200) LGM02200
C-----LGM02210
C      DIMENSIONS ARRAYS NEEDED TO DEFINE CHOLESKY FACTOR OF B-MATRIX, LGM02220
C      READS CHOLESKY FACTOR FROM FILE 7, AND THEN PASSES STORAGE LGM02230
C      LOCATIONS OF THESE ARRAYS TO THE MATRIX SOLVE SUBROUTINE LSOLV LGM02240
C                                          LGM02250
C      THE LANCZOS PROCEDURE LGVAL WILL USE THE CHOLESKY FACTORS ON LGM02260
C      FILE 7. THESE FACTORS MAY CORRESPOND TO A PERMUTED VERSION OF LGM02270
C      THE GIVEN B-MATRIX IN WHICH CASE THIS PERMUTATION WILL BE STORED LGM02280
C      IN IPR. THE ITH ROW OF THE PERMUTED B WILL CORRESPOND TO THE LGM02290
C      JTH ROW OF B WHERE J = IPR(I) AND I = IPT(J). IF B IS LGM02300
C      PERMUTED, THE LANCZOS PROCEDURE ASSUMES THAT THE USER-PROVIDED LGM02310
C      A-MATRIX IS IN FACT, THE CORRESPONDING PERMUTED VERSION OF THE LGM02320
C      ORIGINAL A-MATRIX. LGM02330
C                                          LGM02340
C      THE CHOLESKY FACTOR IS STORED IN THE FOLLOWING SPARSE FORMAT: LGM02350
C      N = ORDER OF THE B-MATRIX. LGM02360
C      NZT = NUMBER OF NONZERO SUBDIAGONAL ENTRIES IN THE CHOLESKY LGM02370
C      FACTOR, L. LGM02380
C      KCOL(J), J=1,N IS THE NUMBER OF NONZERO SUBDIAGONAL ELEMENTS IN LGM02390
C      COLUMN J OF L. LGM02400
C      KROW(K), K=1,NZT IS THE ROW INDEX FOR CORRESPONDING ENTRY BSD(K). LGM02410
C      BD(J), J = 1,N CONTAINS THE DIAGONAL ENTRIES OF L. LGM02420
C      BSD(K), K =1,NZT CONTAINS THE NONZERO SUBDIAGONAL ENTRIES OF L LGM02430
C      BY COLUMN. LGM02440
C-----LGM02450
C                                          LGM02460
C      READ CHOLESKY FACTOR FROM FILE 7. MUST BE STORED LGM02470
C      IN SPARSE MATRIX FORMAT. LGM02480
C      READ(7,10) NZT,NOLD,NZL,MATOLD,JPERM LGM02490
10  FORMAT(I10,2I6,I8,I6) LGM02500
C                                          LGM02510
C      WRITE(6,20) NZT,NZL,N,NOLD,MATOLD,JPERM LGM02520
20  FORMAT(' HEADER, CHOLESKY FACTOR FILE'/ LGM02530
1  3X,'NZT',3X,'NZL',5X,'N',2X,'NOLD',2X,'MATOLD',1X,'JPERM'/ LGM02540
1  4I6,I8,I6/) LGM02550
C                                          LGM02560
C      IF (N.NE.NOLD.OR.MATNOB.NE.MATOLD) GO TO 70 LGM02570
C                                          LGM02580
C      READ(7,30) (KCOL(K), K = 1,NZL) LGM02590
C      READ(7,30) (KROW(K), K = 1,NZT) LGM02600
30  FORMAT(13I6) LGM02610
C      READ(7,40) (BD(K), K = 1,N) LGM02620
C      READ(7,40) (BSD(K), K = 1,NZT) LGM02630
40  FORMAT(4Z20) LGM02640

```

```

C 20 FORMAT(3E25.16) LGM02650
C LGM02660
C IF(JPERM.EQ.0) GO TO 60 LGM02670
C LGM02680
C READ(7,30) (IPR(K), K = 1,N) LGM02690
C DO 50 K = 1,N LGM02700
C J = IPR(K) LGM02710
C 50 IPT(J) = K LGM02720
C LGM02730
C-----LGM02740
C CALL LPERME(IPR,IPT,N) LGM02750
C-----LGM02760
C LGM02770
C 60 CONTINUE LGM02780
C LGM02790
C-----LGM02800
C PASS STORAGE LOCATIONS OF FACTORS TO SUBROUTINE LSOLV LGM02810
C CALL LSOLVE(BSD,BD,KCOL,KROW,N,NZT,NZL) LGM02820
C-----LGM02830
C LGM02840
C GO TO 90 LGM02850
C LGM02860
C 70 CONTINUE LGM02870
C DEFAULT EXIT LGM02880
C WRITE(6,80) MATNOB,MATOLD LGM02890
C 80 FORMAT(' TERMINATE. PARAMETERS IN CHOLESKY FACTOR FILE'/ LGM02900
C 1' DO NOT AGREE WITH THOSE SPECIFIED BY THE USER'/ LGM02910
C 1' MATNOB = ',I8,' MATOLD = ',I8/) LGM02920
C STOP LGM02930
C LGM02940
C 90 CONTINUE LGM02950
C-----END OF USPECB-----LGM02960
C RETURN LGM02970
C END LGM02980
C LGM02990
C-----MATRIX-VECTOR MULTIPLY FOR REAL SPARSE SYMMETRIC MATRICES-----LGM03000
C LGM03010
C SUBROUTINE AMATV(W,U,SUM) LGM03020
C SUBROUTINE GCMATV(W,U,SUM) LGM03030
C LGM03040
C-----LGM03050
C DOUBLE PRECISION U(1),W(1),ASD(1),AD(1),SUM LGM03060
C INTEGER IROW(1),ICOL(1) LGM03070
C-----LGM03080
C SPARSE MATRIX-VECTOR MULTIPLY FOR LANCZS U = A*W - SUM*U LGM03090
C SEE USPECA SUBROUTINE FOR DESCRIPTION OF THE ARRAYS LGM03100
C THAT DEFINE THE A-MATRIX LGM03110
C-----LGM03120
C GO TO 3 LGM03130
C STORAGE LOCATIONS OF ARRAYS ARE PASSED TO AMATV FROM USPECA LGM03140
C ENTRY AMATVE(ASD,AD,ICOL,IROW,N,NZL) LGM03150
C GO TO 4 LGM03160
C-----LGM03170
C LGM03180
C COMPUTE THE DIAGONAL TERMS LGM03190

```

```

      3 DO 10 I = 1,N                                LGM03200
    10 U(I) = AD(I)*W(I)-SUM*U(I)                    LGM03210
C                                                    LGM03220
C      COMPUTE BY COLUMN                            LGM03230
      LLAST = 0                                       LGM03240
      DO 30 J = 1,NZL                                LGM03250
C                                                    LGM03260
      IF (ICOL(J).EQ.0) GO TO 30                     LGM03270
      LFIRST = LLAST + 1                             LGM03280
      LLAST = LLAST + ICOL(J)                        LGM03290
C                                                    LGM03300
      DO 20 L = LFIRST,LLAST                          LGM03310
      I = IROW(L)                                     LGM03320
C                                                    LGM03330
      U(I) = U(I) + ASD(L)*W(J)                      LGM03340
      U(J) = U(J) + ASD(L)*W(I)                      LGM03350
C                                                    LGM03360
    20 CONTINUE                                       LGM03370
C                                                    LGM03380
    30 CONTINUE                                       LGM03390
C                                                    LGM03400
      4 RETURN                                         LGM03410
C                                                    LGM03420
C-----END OF AMATV-----LGM03430
      END                                             LGM03440
C                                                    LGM03450
C-----LSOLV-GENERAL SPARSE, POSITIVE DEFINITE B-MATRIX-----LGM03460
C      (USES THE CHOLESKY FACTORS OF B, B = L*(L-TRANSPose)) LGM03470
C                                                    LGM03480
      SUBROUTINE TLSOLV(W,U,ISOLV)                  LGM03490
C      SUBROUTINE LSOLV(W,U,ISOLV)                  LGM03500
C                                                    LGM03510
C-----LGM03520
      DOUBLE PRECISION U(1),W(1),BD(1),BSD(1), TEMP LGM03530
      INTEGER KCOL(1),KROW(1)                       LGM03540
C-----LGM03550
C      SUBROUTINE HAS 4 BRANCHES: ISOLV = (1,2,3,4) CALCULATES LGM03560
C      ISOLV = 1    U = L*W                          LGM03570
C      ISOLV = 2    U = L'*W                         LGM03580
C      ISOLV = 3    SOLVE FOR U IN L*U = W            LGM03590
C      ISOLV = 4    SOLVE FOR U IN L'*U = W          LGM03600
C-----LGM03610
      GO TO 3                                           LGM03620
      ENTRY LSOLVE(BSD,BD,KCOL,KROW,N,NZT,NZL)        LGM03630
      GO TO 4                                           LGM03640
C-----LGM03650
      3 GO TO (10,50,80,120), ISOLV                  LGM03660
C                                                    LGM03670
C      ISOLV = 1,  U=L*W                             LGM03680
    10 CONTINUE                                       LGM03690
      KL = 0                                           LGM03700
      DO 20 K = 1,N                                   LGM03710
    20 U(K) = W(K)*BD(K)                             LGM03720
      DO 40 K = 1,N                                   LGM03730
      TEMP = W(K)                                       LGM03740

```

```

      IF (KCOL(K).EQ.0.OR.K.EQ.N) GO TO 40
      KF = KL + 1
      KL = KL + KCOL(K)
      DO 30 KK = KF,KL
      KR = KROW(KK)
30    U(KR) = U(KR) + TEMP*BSD(KK)
40    CONTINUE
      GO TO 150
C
C      ISOLV = 2,  U = (L-TRANSPPOSE)*W
50    CONTINUE
      KL = 0
      DO 70 J = 1,N
      TEMP = W(J)*BD(J)
      IF (KCOL(J).EQ.0.OR.J.EQ.N) GO TO 70
      KF = KL + 1
      KL = KL + KCOL(J)
      DO 60 K = KF,KL
      IK = KROW(K)
60    TEMP = BSD(K)*W(IK) + TEMP
70    U(J) = TEMP
      GO TO 150
C
C      ISOLV = 3,  U = (L-INVERSE)*W
80    CONTINUE
      DO 90 K = 1,N
80    U(K) = W(K)
      KL = 0
      DO 110 K = 1,N
      TEMP = U(K)/BD(K)
      U(K) = TEMP
      IF (KCOL(K).EQ.0.OR.K.EQ.N) GO TO 110
      KF = KL + 1
      KL = KL + KCOL(K)
      DO 100 KK = KF,KL
      KR = KROW(KK)
100   U(KR) = U(KR) - TEMP*BSD(KK)
110   CONTINUE
      GO TO 150
C
C      ISOLV = 4,  U = (L-TRANSPPOSE)-INVERSE*W
120   CONTINUE
      NP1 = N+1
      KF = NZT + 1
      DO 140 K = 1,N
      L = NP1 - K
      TEMP = W(L)
      IF (KCOL(L).EQ.0.OR.L.EQ.N) GO TO 140
      KL = KF - 1
      KF = KF - KCOL(L)
      DO 130 LL = KF,KL
      LR = KROW(LL)
130   TEMP = TEMP - BSD(LL)*U(LR)
140   U(L) = TEMP/BD(L)
      GO TO 150

```

LGM03750
 LGM03760
 LGM03770
 LGM03780
 LGM03790
 LGM03800
 LGM03810
 LGM03820
 LGM03830
 LGM03840
 LGM03850
 LGM03860
 LGM03870
 LGM03880
 LGM03890
 LGM03900
 LGM03910
 LGM03920
 LGM03930
 LGM03940
 LGM03950
 LGM03960
 LGM03970
 LGM03980
 LGM03990
 LGM04000
 LGM04010
 LGM04020
 LGM04030
 LGM04040
 LGM04050
 LGM04060
 LGM04070
 LGM04080
 LGM04090
 LGM04100
 LGM04110
 LGM04120
 LGM04130
 LGM04140
 LGM04150
 LGM04160
 LGM04170
 LGM04180
 LGM04190
 LGM04200
 LGM04210
 LGM04220
 LGM04230
 LGM04240
 LGM04250
 LGM04260
 LGM04270
 LGM04280
 LGM04290

```

150 CONTINUE                                LGM04300
C                                           LGM04310
4 RETURN                                    LGM04320
C                                           LGM04330
C-----END OF LSOLV-----                LGM04340
END                                         LGM04350
C                                           LGM04360
C-----START OF USPEC FOR DIAGONAL TEST A-MATRIX-----LGM04370
C                                           LGM04380
SUBROUTINE USPECA(N,MATNO)                 LGM04390
C SUBROUTINE DUSPEC(N,MATNO)               LGM04400
C                                           LGM04410
C-----LGM04420
DOUBLE PRECISION D(1000), SPACE, SHIFT    LGM04430
DOUBLE PRECISION DABS, DFLOAT              LGM04440
REAL EXPLAN(20)                            LGM04450
C-----LGM04460
C                                           LGM04470
READ(8,10) EXPLAN                           LGM04480
10 FORMAT(20A4)                             LGM04490
READ(8,*) NOLD,NUNIF,SPACE,D(1),SHIFT       LGM04500
NNUNIF = NOLD - NUNIF                       LGM04510
WRITE(6,20) NOLD,SPACE,NNUNIF,D(1),SHIFT    LGM04520
20 FORMAT(/' DIAGONAL TEST A-MATRIX, SIZE = ',I4/' MOST ENTRIES ARE 'LGM04530
1,E10.3,' UNITS APART.',I3,' ENTRIES'/' ARE IRREGULARLY SPACED. FIRLGM04540
1ST ENTRY IS ',E10.3,' SHIFT = ',E10.3/)    LGM04550
C                                           LGM04560
IF(N.NE.NOLD) GO TO 90                      LGM04570
C COMPUTE THE UNIFORM PORTION OF THE SPECTRUM LGM04580
DO 30 J=2,NUNIF                             LGM04590
30 D(J) = D(1) - DFLOAT(J-1)*SPACE          LGM04600
NUNIF1=NUNIF + 1                            LGM04610
READ(8,10) EXPLAN                           LGM04620
DO 40 J=NUNIF1,N                           LGM04630
40 READ(8,*) D(J)                           LGM04640
NB = NUNIF - 2                              LGM04650
C                                           LGM04660
IF(SHIFT.EQ.0.) GO TO 60                    LGM04670
DO 50 J=1,N                                LGM04680
50 D(J) = D(J) + SHIFT                      LGM04690
C                                           LGM04700
C PRINT OUT A-MATRIX                        LGM04710
60 WRITE(6,70) (D(I), I=1,10 )              LGM04720
WRITE(6,80) (D(I), I = NB,N)                LGM04730
70 FORMAT(/' GENERALIZED LANCZOS TEST, 1ST 10 ENTRIES OF DIAGONAL A-MLGM04740
1ATRIX = '/(3E22.14))                       LGM04750
80 FORMAT(/' MIDDLE UNIFORM PORTION OF MATRIX IS NOT PRINTED OUT'/' LGM04760
1' END OF UNIFORM PLUS NONUNIFORM SECTION = '/(3E25.16)) LGM04770
C                                           LGM04780
C DIAGONAL GENERATION COMPLETE              LGM04790
C                                           LGM04800
C-----LGM04810
C CALL ENTRY TO MATRIX-VECTOR MULTIPLY SUBROUTINE TO PASS LGM04820
C STORAGE LOCATION OF D-ARRAY AND ORDER OF A-MATRIX.    LGM04830
CALL MVDIAE(D,N)                            LGM04840

```

```

C-----LGM04850
C                                           LGM04860
      RETURN                                           LGM04870
      90 WRITE(6,100) NOLD,N                           LGM04880
      100 FORMAT(' PROGRAM TERMINATES BECAUSE NOLD = ',I5,'DOES NOT EQUAL N
      1 = ',I5)                                           LGM04900
C-----END OF USPECA SUBROUTINE FOR DIAGONAL TEST MATRICES-----LGM04910
      STOP                                           LGM04920
      END                                           LGM04930
C                                           LGM04940
C-----USPECB--DIAGONAL TEST B-MATRIX-----LGM04950
C                                           LGM04960
      SUBROUTINE USPECB(N,MATNO)                       LGM04970
C      SUBROUTINE USPECB(N,MATNO)                       LGM04980
C                                           LGM04990
C-----LGM05000
      DOUBLE PRECISION D(1000), DS(1000), SPACE, SHIFT LGM05010
      DOUBLE PRECISION DFLOAT, DSQRT                  LGM05020
      REAL EXPLAN(20)                                  LGM05030
C-----LGM05040
C                                           LGM05050
      READ(7,10) EXPLAN                                LGM05060
      10 FORMAT(20A4)                                  LGM05070
      READ(7,*) NOLD,NUNIF,SPACE,D(1),SHIFT           LGM05080
      NNUNIF = NOLD - NUNIF                             LGM05090
      WRITE(6,20) NOLD,SPACE,NNUNIF,D(1),SHIFT        LGM05100
      20 FORMAT('/ DIAGONAL TEST B-MATRIX, SIZE = ',I4/' MOST ENTRIES ARE 'LGM05110
      1,E10.3,' UNITS APART.',I3,' ENTRIES'/' ARE IRREGULARLY SPACED. FIRLGM05120
      1ST ENTRY IS ',E10.3,' SHIFT = ',E10.3/)        LGM05130
C                                           LGM05140
      IF(N.NE.NOLD) GO TO 100                           LGM05150
C      COMPUTE THE UNIFORM PORTION OF THE SPECTRUM      LGM05160
      DO 30 J=2,NUNIF                                   LGM05170
      30 D(J) = D(1) - DFLOAT(J-1)*SPACE               LGM05180
      NUNIF1=NUNIF + 1                                  LGM05190
      READ(7,10) EXPLAN                                LGM05200
      DO 40 J=NUNIF1,N                                  LGM05210
      40 READ(7,*) D(J)                                 LGM05220
      NB = NUNIF - 2                                    LGM05230
C                                           LGM05240
      IF(SHIFT.EQ.0.) GO TO 60                           LGM05250
      DO 50 J=1,N                                       LGM05260
      50 D(J) = D(J) + SHIFT                            LGM05270
C                                           LGM05280
C      PRINT OUT B-MATRIX                               LGM05290
      60 WRITE(6,70) (D(I), I=1,10 )                  LGM05300
      WRITE(6,80) (D(I), I = NB,N)                     LGM05310
      70 FORMAT('/ GENERALIZED LANCZOS TEST, 1ST 10 ENTRIES OF DIAGONAL B-MLGM05320
      1ATRIX = '/(3E22.14))                             LGM05330
      80 FORMAT('/ MIDDLE UNIFORM PORTION OF MATRIX IS NOT PRINTED OUT'/'LGM05340
      1' END OF UNIFORM PLUS NONUNIFORM SECTION = '/(3E25.16)) LGM05350
C                                           LGM05360
C      DIAGONAL GENERATION COMPLETE                     LGM05370
C                                           LGM05380
      DO 90 K = 1,N                                     LGM05390

```



```

    90 DS(K) = DSQRT(D(K))                                LGM05400
C                                                    LGM05410
C-----LGM05420
C    PASS STORAGE LOCATION OF THE L-FACTOR (THE DS-ARRAY) AND ORDER OF LGM05430
C    B-MATRIX TO LSOLV SUBROUTINE.                    LGM05440
C        CALL DSOLVE(DS,N)                            LGM05450
C-----LGM05460
C                                                    LGM05470
C        RETURN                                        LGM05480
    100 WRITE(6,110) NOLD,N                            LGM05490
    110 FORMAT(' PROGRAM TERMINATES BECAUSE NOLD = ',I5,' DOES NOT EQUAL N LGM05500
        1 = ',I5)                                       LGM05510
C-----END OF USPECB SUBROUTINE FOR DIAGONAL TEST MATRICES-----LGM05520
C        STOP                                          LGM05530
C        END                                           LGM05540
C                                                    LGM05550
C-----MATRIX-VECTOR MULTIPLY FOR DIAGONAL TEST MATRICES-----LGM05560
C                                                    LGM05570
C        SUBROUTINE AMATV(W,U,SUM)                    LGM05580
C        SUBROUTINE DCMATV(W,U,SUM)                  LGM05590
C                                                    LGM05600
C        AMATV COMPUTES  U = (DIAGONAL MATRIX) * W - SUM * U LGM05610
C-----LGM05620
C        DOUBLE PRECISION  W(1),U(1),D(1),SUM        LGM05630
C-----LGM05640
C        GO TO 3                                        LGM05650
C        ENTRY MVDIAE(D,N)                            LGM05660
C        GO TO 4                                        LGM05670
C-----LGM05680
C                                                    LGM05690
C        3 DO 10 I=1,N                                LGM05700
C        10 U(I)= D(I)*W(I) - SUM*U(I)                LGM05710
C                                                    LGM05720
C        4 RETURN                                      LGM05730
C                                                    LGM05740
C-----END OF DIAGONAL TEST MATRIX MULTIPLY-----LGM05750
C        END                                           LGM05760
C                                                    LGM05770
C-----LSOLV FOR DIAGONAL MATRIX-----LGM05780
C                                                    LGM05790
C        SUBROUTINE LSOLV(W,U,ISOLV)                  LGM05800
C        SUBROUTINE DSOLV(W,U,ISOLV)                  LGM05810
C                                                    LGM05820
C-----LGM05830
C        DOUBLE PRECISION U(1), W(1), DS(1)          LGM05840
C-----LGM05850
C        GO TO 3                                        LGM05860
C        ENTRY DSOLVE(DS,N)                            LGM05870
C        GO TO 4                                        LGM05880
C-----LGM05890
C        3 GO TO (10,30,50,70), ISOLV                LGM05900
C                                                    LGM05910
C        ISOLV = 1                                      LGM05920
    10 CONTINUE                                         LGM05930
        DO 20 K = 1,N                                  LGM05940

```

20 U(K) = DS(K)*W(K)	LGM05950
GO TO 90	LGM05960
C	LGM05970
C ISOLV = 2	LGM05980
30 CONTINUE	LGM05990
DO 40 K = 1,N	LGM06000
40 U(K) = DS(K)*W(K)	LGM06010
GO TO 90	LGM06020
C	LGM06030
C ISOLV = 3	LGM06040
50 CONTINUE	LGM06050
DO 60 K = 1,N	LGM06060
60 U(K) = W(K)/DS(K)	LGM06070
GO TO 90	LGM06080
C	LGM06090
C ISOLV = 4	LGM06100
70 CONTINUE	LGM06110
DO 80 K = 1,N	LGM06120
80 U(K) = W(K)/DS(K)	LGM06130
C	LGM06140
90 CONTINUE	LGM06150
C	LGM06160
4 RETURN	LGM06170
C	LGM06180
C-----END OF DSOLV-----	LGM06190
END	LGM06200

5.5 LGVAL: LGVEC: File Definitions, Sample Input Files

Below is a listing of the input/output files which are accessed by the Lanczos eigenvalue program LGVAL for real symmetric generalized problems where one of the two matrices is positive definite. Included also is a sample of the input file which LGVAL requires on file 5. The parameters in this file are supplied in free format. LGVAL computes eigenvalues of the matrix eigenvalue problem $Ax = \lambda Bx$ on user-specified intervals. It is assumed that A and B are real symmetric matrices and that B is positive definite. The program uses Cholesky Factor L of $B = LL^T$.

Sample Specification of Input/Output Files for LGVAL

```
-----
LGVAL EXEC LANCZOS EIGENVALUE CALCULATION AX = EV*BX CASE
FI 06 TERM
FILEDEF 1 DISK &1      NHISTORY  A (RECFM F LRECL 80 BLOCK 80)
FILEDEF 2 DISK &1      HISTORY    A (RECFM F LRECL 80 BLOCK 80)
FILEDEF 3 DISK &1      GOODEV     A (RECFM F LRECL 80 BLOCK 80)
FILEDEF 4 DISK &1      ERRINV     A (RECFM F LRECL 80 BLOCK 80)
FILEDEF 5 DISK LGVAL    INPUT      A (RECFM F LRECL 80 BLOCK 80)
FILEDEF 7 DISK &1      LDATA      A (RECFM F LRECL 80 BLOCK 80)
FILEDEF 8 DISK &1      ADATA      A (RECFM F LRECL 80 BLOCK 80)
FILEDEF 11 DISK &1     DISTINCT   A (RECFM F LRECL 80 BLOCK 80)
LOAD  LGVAL  LESUB  LGMULT
-----
```

Sample Input File for LGVAL

```
-----
LGVAL INPUT LANCZOS EIGENVALUE COMPUTATION, NO REORTHOGONALIZATION
AX = EV*BX GENERALIZED EIGENVALUE PROBLEM
LINE 1      N      KMAX      NMEVS      MATNOA      MATNOB
           100      300          1          100          100
LINE 2      SVSEED      RHSEED      MXINIT      MXSTUR
           49302312      5731029          5      100000
LINE 3      ISTART      ISTOP
           0              1
LINE 4      IHIS      IDIST  IWRITE
           1              0          1
LINE 5      RELTOL (RELATIVE TOLERANCE IN 'COMBINING' GOODEV)
           .0000000001
LINE 6      MB(1)  MB(2)  MB(3)  MB(4)      (ORDERS OF T(1,MEV) )
           300
LINE 7      NINT      (NUMBER OF SUB-INTERVALS FOR BISEC)
           1
LINE 8      LB(1)  LB(2)  LB(3)  LB(4)      (INTERVAL LOWER BOUNDS)
           1.5
LINE 9      UB(1)  UB(2)  UB(3)  UB(4)      (INTERVAL UPPER BOUNDS)
           2100.
-----
```

Below is a listing of the input/output files which are accessed by the Lanczos eigenvector program for real symmetric generalized problems, LGVEC. Also included below is a sample of the input file which LGVEC requires on file 5. The parameters in this file are supplied in free format. LGVEC computes eigenvectors for each of a user-specified subset of the eigenvalues computed by the companion program LGVAL.

Sample Specifications for the Input/Output Files for LGVEC

```
-----
LGVEC EXEC TO RUN LANCZOS EIGENVECTOR PROGRAM, REAL SYMMETRIC MATRICES
FI 06 TERM
FILEDEF 2 DISK &1      HISTORY  A (RECFM F LRECL 80 BLOCK 80
FILEDEF 3 DISK &1      GOODEV   A (RECFM F LRECL 80 BLOCK 80
FILEDEF 4 DISK &1      ERRINV   A (RECFM F LRECL 80 BLOCK 80
FILEDEF 5 DISK LGVEC   INPUT    A (RECFM F LRECL 80 BLOCK 80
FILEDEF 7 DISK &1      LDATA     A (RECFM F LRECL 80 BLOCK 80
FILEDEF 8 DISK &1      ADATA     A (RECFM F LRECL 80 BLOCK 80
FILEDEF 9 DISK &1      ERREST   A (RECFM F LRECL 80 BLOCK 80
FILEDEF 10 DISK &1     BOUNDS    A (RECFM F LRECL 80 BLOCK 80
FILEDEF 11 DISK &1     TEIGVECS  A (RECFM F LRECL 80 BLOCK 80
FILEDEF 12 DISK &1     RITZVECS  A (RECFM F LRECL 80 BLOCK 80
FILEDEF 13 DISK &1     PAIGE     A (RECFM F LRECL 80 BLOCK 80
LOAD LGVEC LESUB LGMULT
-----
```

Sample Input File for LGVEC

```
-----
LGVEC EIGENVECTOR COMPUTATIONS AX = EV*BX NO REORTHOGONALIZATION
LINE 1 MDIMTV MDIMRV MBETA (MAX.DIMENSIONS, TVEC, RITVEC AND BETA
      10000 10000 2000
LINE 2 RELTOL
      .0000000001
LINE 3 MBOUND NTVCON SVTVEC IREAD (FLAGS
      0 1 0 1
LINE 4 TVSTOP LVCONT ERCONT IWRITE (FLAGS
      0 1 1 1
LINE 5 RHSEED (RANDOM GENERATOR SEED FOR STARTING VECTOR IN INVERM)
      45329517
LINE 6 MATNOA MATNOB N JPERM
      100 100 100 0
-----
```

Chapter 6

Real Rectangular Matrices, Singular Values and Vectors

6.1 Introduction

The FORTRAN codes in this Chapter address the question of computing distinct singular values and corresponding left and right singular vectors of real rectangular matrices, using a single-vector Lanczos procedure. For a given real rectangular $m \times n$ matrix A , these codes compute nonnegative scalars σ and corresponding real vectors $x \neq 0$ and $y \neq 0$ such that

$$\begin{aligned} Ax &= \sigma y \\ A^T y &= \sigma x. \end{aligned} \tag{6.1.1}$$

Every real rectangular $m \times n$, $m \geq n$, matrix has a singular value decomposition,

$$A = Y \Sigma X^T, \quad X^T X = I, \quad Y^T Y = I, \quad \Sigma = \begin{bmatrix} \Sigma_1 \\ 0 \end{bmatrix} \tag{6.1.2}$$

where Σ is $m \times n$, and $\Sigma_1 = \text{diag}\{\sigma_1, \dots, \sigma_n\}$ with $\sigma_i, 1 \leq i \leq n$, the singular values of A . X is a $n \times n$ orthogonal matrix, Y is a $m \times m$ orthogonal matrix, and the columns of X and of Y are respectively, right and left singular vectors of A . There are many applications for this type of decomposition. Singular values and vectors are discussed in detail for example in Stewart [24].

Using Eqn(6.1.1), it is not difficult to demonstrate that the singular values of a given real matrix A are just the nonnegative square roots of the eigenvalues of the associated real symmetric matrix $A^T A$. Thus from the perturbation theorems for real symmetric matrices, we have that a small perturbation in the given matrix A causes small perturbations in the singular values. The same arguments demonstrate that the right singular vectors of a matrix A are eigenvectors of the matrix $A^T A$, and the left singular vectors are eigenvectors of the matrix $A A^T$. Therefore, we also have that the perturbation theorems for eigenvectors of real symmetric matrices apply to the singular vectors.

The Lanczos recursion as presented in Eqns(1.2.1) and (1.2.2) is only applicable to real symmetric matrices. Therefore we ask the question: How do we construct a real symmetric matrix which will give us the desired singular values? Obviously, we could just apply the real symmetric Lanczos recursion to $A^T A$. However in general, these matrices are not suitable because of the effects that squaring a matrix can have on the eigenvalues. Small singular values of A which are close together correspond to eigenvalues of $A^T A$ which are smaller and even closer together. Large singular values of A which are far apart correspond

to eigenvalues of $A^T A$ which are larger and further apart. When a matrix A has both small and large singular values, dealing numerically with the square of that matrix is difficult. Lanczos [15] suggested the use of an alternative real symmetric matrix. He proposed that the following larger but real symmetric $[m+n] \times [m+n]$ matrix be used.

$$B = \begin{bmatrix} 0 & A \\ A^T & 0 \end{bmatrix}. \quad (6.1.3)$$

The relationships between the eigenvalues and the eigenvectors of B and the singular values and singular vectors of A are discussed in detail in Section 5.4 of Chapter 5 in Volume 1.

We could apply the real symmetric version of the Lanczos recursion directly to the matrix B in Eqn(6.1.3). However, because this matrix is considerably larger than the A -matrix, we use a modification of the real symmetric Lanczos recursion which incorporates the following choice of starting vector suggested by Golub and Kahan [11]. We choose a starting vector either of the form $(0, u^T)^T$ or of the form $(v^T, 0)^T$ where u is of length n , the column order of the A -matrix, and v is of length m , the row order of the A -matrix. If we use such a starting vector in the basic Lanczos recursion in Eqns (1.2.1) and (1.2.2), we obtain a version of the Lanczos recursion designed specifically for the B -matrix in Eqn(6.1.3). The Lanczos vectors generated by this recursion alternate in form from either $(0, u^T)^T$ to $(v^T, 0)^T$ or vice-versa, as the iterations proceed. Furthermore, on each iteration of this recursion it is only necessary to either compute Au_i or $A^T v_i$. Therefore, the amount of work per iteration of this recursion is no more than applying the real symmetric Lanczos recursion to a real symmetric matrix of order $\max m, n$. For details on the corresponding Lanczos recursion see Section 5.4 of Chapter 5 in Volume 1.

These codes can compute either a very few or very many of the distinct singular values of a given real rectangular matrix. As the documentation in Section 6.2 indicates, the A -multiplicity of a computed singular value can be obtained only with additional computation, and the modifications required to do this additional computation are not included in these versions of the codes.

The Lanczos recursions which we use generate a family of real symmetric, tridiagonal matrices (T -matrices). The diagonal entries of each of these T -matrices are all 0. The eigenvalues of any even-ordered T -matrix occur in \pm pairs. This latter property is inherited from the B -matrix whose eigenvalues are just $\pm\sigma_i$, the \pm pairs of singular values plus $m - 2n$ additional zero eigenvalues if $m \geq n$. Only even-ordered T -matrices may be used in the Lanczos computations. There is no reorthogonalization of the Lanczos vectors at any stage in any of the computations.

LSVAL, the main program for the single-vector, Lanczos singular value computations, calls the subroutine BISEC to compute eigenvalues of those Lanczos tridiagonal matrices specified by the user and on those subintervals specified by the user. The BISEC subroutine used in this chapter is a modification of the BISEC subroutine given in LESUB in Chapter 2 which assumes that the diagonal entries of the T -matrices supplied to it are all 0. BISEC simultaneously computes the T -eigenvalues and T -multiplicities and then sorts the computed T -eigenvalues into two categories, the 'good' T -eigenvalues and the 'spurious' T -eigenvalues. The 'good' T -eigenvalues are accepted as approximations to singular values of the user-specified matrix A . The accuracy of these 'good' T -eigenvalues as singular values of A is then estimated using error estimates computed by subroutine INVERR. The subroutine INVERR in this chapter is a modification of the INVERR subroutine in Chapter 2 which assumes the diagonal entries of the tridiagonal matrices supplied to it are all 0. Error estimates are computed only for isolated 'good' T -eigenvalues. All other 'good' T -eigenvalues are assumed to have converged. If convergence has not yet occurred and a larger Lanczos matrix has been specified by the user, these programs will continue on repeating the above procedure on a larger Lanczos matrix.

Once the singular values have been computed accurately enough, the user can select a subset of the 'converged' singular values for which singular vectors are to be computed. The main program LSVEC, for computing singular vectors of real rectangular matrices, is then used to compute these desired singular vectors. These singular vectors are obtained by computing Ritz vectors for the B -matrix and then splitting

each of these $(m + n)$ -dimensional Ritz vectors into approximate left and right singular vectors of A . The user should note that if the singular value being considered is very small, then LSVEC is not able to accurately compute both a left and a right singular vector approximation simultaneously. In this situation one of the two singular vectors will be more accurate than the other one is. If the starting vector is of the form $(0, u^T)^T$, then the right singular vector will be more accurate than the corresponding left vector. Similarly, if we use a starting vector of the form $(v^T, 0)^T$, then the left vector will be more accurate than the right vector will be. This loss in accuracy in one of the two vectors increases as the size of the singular value is decreased, and in the limit for a zero singular value, one of the two computed singular vectors will have no accuracy at all. See Section 5.4 of Chapter 5 in Volume 1.

All computations are in double precision real arithmetic. The user must supply a subroutine USPEC which defines and initializes the user-specified matrix A , and subroutines SVMAT and STRAN which compute respectively, matrix-vector multiplies Ax and $A^T y$ for any given vectors x and y . These subroutines must be constructed in such a way as to take advantage of the sparsity (and/or structure) of the user-supplied A -matrix and such that these computations are done accurately. More details about these real rectangular, single-vector Lanczos procedures are given in Section 5.4 of Chapter 5 in Volume 1.

6.2 Documentation for the Codes in Chapters 6

```

C-----LSVALHED----- LSV00010
C  Authors:  Jane Cullum and Ralph A. Willoughby (Deceased) LSV00020
C           Los Alamos National Laboratory LSV00030
C           Los Alamos, New Mexico 87544 LSV00040
C LSV00050
C           E-mail:  cullumj@lanl.gov LSV00060
C LSV00070
C  These codes are copyrighted by the authors.  These codes LSV00080
C  and modifications of them or portions of them are NOT to be LSV00090
C  incorporated into any commercial codes or used for any other LSV00100
C  commercial purposes such as consulting for other companies, LSV00110
C  without legal agreements with the authors of these Codes. LSV00120
C  If these Codes or portions of them are used in other scientific or LSV00130
C  engineering research works the names of the authors of these codes LSV00140
C  and appropriate references to their written work are to be LSV00150
C  incorporated in the derivative works. LSV00160
C LSV00170
C  This header is not to be removed from these codes. LSV00180
C LSV00190
C LSV00200
C LSV00210
C           REFERENCE: Cullum and Willoughby, Chapter 5 LSV00220
C           Lanczos Algorithms for Large Symmetric Eigenvalue Computations LSV00230
C           VOL. 1 Theory. Republished as Volume 41 in SIAM CLASSICS in LSV00240
C           Applied Mathematics, 2002. SIAM Publications, LSV00250
C           Philadelphia, PA. USA LSV00260
C LSV00270
C LSV00280
C LSV00290
C  DOCUMENTATION FOR THE SINGLE-VECTOR LSV00300
C  LANCZOS SINGULAR VALUE/VECTOR PROGRAMS LSV00310
C  FOR REAL, RECTANGULAR MATRICES LSV00320
C LSV00330
C----- LSV00340
C LSV00350
C  GIVEN A REAL RECTANGULAR MATRIX A OF ORDER M X N THE THREE LSV00360
C  SETS OF FORTRAN FILES LABELLED LSVAL, LSSUB, AND LSMULT LSV00370
C  CAN BE USED TO COMPUTE DISTINCT SINGULAR VALUES OF A IN LSV00380
C  USER-SPECIFIED INTERVALS. LSV00390
C LSV00400
C  CORRESPONDING SINGULAR VECTORS FOR SELECTED, COMPUTED LSV00410
C  SINGULAR VALUES CAN BE COMPUTED USING THE SETS OF FILES LSV00420
C  LABELLED LSVEC, LSSUB AND LSMULT. LSV00430
C LSV00440
C  THESE PROGRAMS USE LANCZOS TRIDIAGONALIZATION WITHOUT LSV00450
C  REORTHOGONALIZATION ON THE ASSOCIATED REAL SYMMETRIC MATRIX LSV00460
C LSV00470
C           ---- LSV00480
C           | 0 A | LSV00490
C           | | LSV00500
C           | A-TRANPOSE 0 | LSV00510
C           ---- LSV00520

```


C LSV00530
 C OF ORDER $M + N$ TO GENERATE REAL SYMMETRIC TRIDIAGONAL LSV00540
 C MATRICES, $T(1,MEV)$, OF ORDER MEV . SUBSETS OF THE EIGENVALUES OF LSV00550
 C THESE T -MATRICES, LABELLED AS THE 'GOOD EIGENVALUES' OF $T(1,MEV)$, LSV00560
 C ARE APPROXIMATIONS TO THE DESIRED SINGULAR VALUES OF A . LSV00570
 C CORRESPONDING RITZ VECTORS FOR B ARE APPROXIMATIONS TO LSV00580
 C EIGENVECTORS OF B WHICH IN TURN CONTAIN APPROXIMATIONS TO LSV00590
 C THE DESIRED LEFT AND RIGHT SINGULAR VECTORS OF A . THIS LSV00600
 C PROCEDURE USES A SPECIAL STARTING VECTOR SUGGESTED BY GOLUB LSV00610
 C AND KAHAN. THUS, THE STARTING LANCZOS VECTOR IS EITHER OF LSV00620
 C THE FORM $(V1,0)$ OR $(0,V2)$ WHERE $V1$ IS $MX1$ AND $V2$ IS $NX1$ AND LSV00630
 C ALL SUCCEEDING LANCZOS VECTORS GENERATED ALTERNATE BETWEEN LSV00640
 C THESE 2 FORMS. THIS SPECIAL CHOICE OF STARTING VECTOR RESULTS LSV00650
 C IN SIGNIFICANT GAINS IN STORAGE AND OPERATION COUNTS AND LSV00660
 C ALSO IN CONVERGENCE RELATIVE TO A 'BRUTE FORCE' APPLICATION LSV00670
 C OF THE REAL SYMMETRIC LANCZOS PROCEDURE DIRECTLY TO THE LSV00680
 C MATRIX B ABOVE. FOR MORE DETAILS SEE REFERENCE 1 BELOW. LSV00690
 C IN THE DISCUSSIONS $T(1,MEV)$ DENOTES THE LANCZOS T -MATRIX LSV00700
 C OF SIZE MEV . LSV00710
 C LSV00720
 C THE IDEAS USED IN THESE PROGRAMS ARE DISCUSSED IN THE FOLLOWING LSV00730
 C REFERENCES. LSV00740
 C LSV00750
 C 1. JANE CULLUM, RALPH A. WILLOUGHBY AND MARK LAKE, A LANCZOS LSV00760
 C ALGORITHM FOR COMPUTING SINGULAR VALUES AND VECTORS OF LARGE LSV00770
 C MATRICES, SIAM J. SCIENTIFIC AND STATISTICAL COMPUTING, LSV00780
 C VOL. 4, JUNE 1983, PP. 197-215. LSV00790
 C LSV00800
 C 2. JANE CULLUM AND RALPH A. WILLOUGHBY, LANCZOS ALGORITHMS LSV00810
 C FOR LARGE SYMMETRIC MATRICES, PROGRESS IN LSV00820
 C SCIENTIFIC COMPUTING, EDITORS, G. GOLUB, H.O. KREISS, LSV00830
 C S. ARBARBANEL, AND R. GLOWINSKI, BIRKHAUSER BOSTON INC., LSV00840
 C CAMBRIDGE, MASSACHUSETTS, 1984. LSV00850
 C LSV00860
 C 3. JANE CULLUM AND RALPH A. WILLOUGHBY, COMPUTING EIGENVECTORS LSV00870
 C (AND EIGENVALUES) OF LARGE, SYMMETRIC MATRICES USING LSV00880
 C LANCZOS TRIDIAGONALIZATION, LECTURE NOTES IN MATHEMATICS, LSV00890
 C 773, NUMERICAL ANALYSIS PROCEEDINGS, DUNDEE 1979, EDITED BY LSV00900
 C G. A. WATSON, SPRINGER-VERLAG, (1980), BERLIN, PP.46-63. LSV00910
 C LSV00920
 C 4. IBID, LANCZOS AND THE COMPUTATION IN SPECIFIED INTERVALS OF LSV00930
 C THE SPECTRUM OF LARGE SPARSE, REAL SYMMETRIC MATRICES, SPARSE LSV00940
 C MATRIX PROCEEDINGS 1978, ED. I.S. DUFF AND G. W. STEWART, LSV00950
 C SIAM, PHILADELPHIA, PP.220-255, 1979. LSV00960
 C LSV00970
 C 5. IBID, COMPUTING EIGENVALUES OF VERY LARGE SYMMETRIC MATRICES- LSV00980
 C AN IMPLEMENTATION OF A LANCZOS ALGORITHM WITHOUT LSV00990
 C REORTHOGONALIZATION, J. COMPUT. PHYS. 44(1981), 329-358. LSV01000
 C LSV01010
 C LSV01020
 C-----PORTABILITY-----LSV01030
 C LSV01040
 C LSV01050
 C PROGRAMS WERE TESTED FOR PORTABILITY USING THE PFORT VERIFIER. LSV01060
 C FOR DETAILS OF THE VERIFIER SEE FOR EXAMPLE, B. G. RYDER AND LSV01070

```

C      A. D. HALL, "THE PFORT VERIFIER", COMPUTING SCIENCE TECHNICAL      LSV01080
C      REPORT 12, BELL LABORATORIES, MURRAY HILL, NEW JERSEY 07974,      LSV01090
C      (REVISED), JANUARY 1981.                                         LSV01100
C                                                                           LSV01110
C      EXCEPT FOR THE FOLLOWING CONSTRUCTIONS WHICH CAN BE EASILY      LSV01120
C      MODIFIED BY THE USER TO MATCH THE PARTICULAR COMPUTER BEING      LSV01130
C      USED, THE PROGRAM STATEMENTS ARE PORTABLE.                         LSV01140
C                                                                           LSV01150
C      NONPORTABLE CONSTRUCTIONS.                                         LSV01160
C                                                                           LSV01170
C      IN LSVAL AND IN LSVEC                                              LSV01180
C      1. DATA/MACHEP STATEMENT                                         LSV01190
C      2. ALL READ(5,*) STATEMENTS (FREE FORMAT)                         LSV01200
C      3. FORMAT(20A4) USED FOR THE EXPLANATORY HEADER ARRAY, EXPLAN     LSV01210
C      4. FORMAT(4Z20) USED TO READ AND WRITE BETA FILES 1 AND 2.        LSV01220
C      IN LSMULT                                                         LSV01230
C      1. IN SVMAT, STRAN, AND USPEC THE ENTRY THAT PASSES THE          LSV01240
C      STORAGE LOCATIONS OF THE ARRAYS DEFINING THE                     LSV01250
C      USER-SPECIFIED MATRIX.                                           LSV01260
C      2. IN SAMPLE USPEC FOR 'DIAGONAL' MATRICES: THE FREE            LSV01270
C      FORMAT (8,*) AND THE FORMAT (20A4).                               LSV01280
C      IN LSSUB                                                         LSV01290
C      1. ALL STATEMENTS ARE PORTABLE.                                   LSV01300
C                                                                           LSV01310
C                                                                           LSV01320
C      IN THE COMMENTS BELOW:                                           LSV01330
C      COMPLEX*16 = COMPLEX VARIABLE, 16 BYTES OF STORAGE               LSV01340
C      REAL*8 = REAL VARIABLE, 8 BYTES OF STORAGE                       LSV01350
C      REAL*4 = REAL VARIABLE, 4 BYTES OF STORAGE                       LSV01360
C      INTEGER*4 = INTEGER VARIABLE, 4 BYTES                            LSV01370
C                                                                           LSV01380
C                                                                           LSV01390
C-----A-MATRIX SPECIFICATION-----LSV01400
C                                                                           LSV01410
C                                                                           LSV01420
C      SUBROUTINE USPEC IS USED TO SPECIFY THE USER-SUPPLIED A-MATRIX.  LSV01430
C      SUBROUTINES SVMAT AND STRAN ARE, RESPECTIVELY, CORRESPONDING      LSV01440
C      MATRIX-VECTOR MULTIPLE SUBROUTINES FOR A AND FOR A-TRANPOSE.      LSV01450
C      THESE SUBROUTINES SHOULD BE DESIGNED TO TAKE ADVANTAGE OF         LSV01460
C      ANY SPECIAL PROPERTIES OF THE USER-SUPPLIED MATRIX. THE          LSV01470
C      MATRIX-VECTOR MULTIPLIES REQUIRED BY THE LANCZOS PROCEDURES         LSV01480
C      MUST BE COMPUTED RAPIDLY AND ACCURATELY.                           LSV01490
C                                                                           LSV01500
C      SUBROUTINE USPEC HAS THE CALLING SEQUENCE                         LSV01510
C                                                                           LSV01520
C      CALL USPEC(M,N,MATNO)                                              LSV01530
C                                                                           LSV01540
C      WHERE M IS THE NUMBER OF ROWS IN THE USER-SPECIFIED              LSV01550
C      A-MATRIX AND N IS THE NUMBER OF COLUMNS. MATNO IS A              LSV01560
C      <= 8 DIGIT INTEGER USED AS A MATRIX AND TEST IDENTIFICATION        LSV01570
C      NUMBER. THIS SUBROUTINE DEFINES (DIMENSIONS) THE ARRAYS           LSV01580
C      REQUIRED TO SPECIFY THE A-MATRIX. THIS SUBROUTINE ALSO             LSV01590
C      INITIALIZES THESE ARRAYS AND ANY OTHER PARAMETERS NEEDED TO       LSV01600
C      DEFINE THE MATRIX. THE STORAGE LOCATIONS OF THESE PARAMETERS       LSV01610
C      AND ARRAYS ARE THEN PASSED TO THE MATRIX-VECTOR MULTIPLY         LSV01620

```

C	SUBROUTINES SVMAT AND STRAN VIA ENTRIES. SAMPLE SUBROUTINES	LSV01630
C	ARE INCLUDED IN THE FORTRAN FILE LSMULT.	LSV01640
C		LSV01650
C	IMPORTANT NOTE:	LSV01660
C	THE SAMPLE MATRIX-VECTOR MULTIPLY SUBROUTINES IN LSMULT	LSV01670
C	ASSUME THAT $M \geq N$. THEY ALSO ASSUME THAT THE USER-SUPPLIED	LSV01680
C	INFORMATION ABOUT THE GIVEN MATRIX IS STORED ON FILE 8.	LSV01690
C	THE USER SHOULD SEE THE LSMULT PROGRAMS FOR MORE DETAILS.	LSV01700
C		LSV01710
C	SUBROUTINE SVMAT HAS THE CALLING SEQUENCE	LSV01720
C		LSV01730
C	CALL SVMAT(W,U,SUM)	LSV01740
C		LSV01750
C	WHERE U AND W ARE REAL*8 VECTORS AND SUM IS A REAL*8	LSV01760
C	SCALAR. SVMAT CALCULATES $U = A*W - SUM*U$ FOR THE	LSV01770
C	USER-SPECIFIED A-MATRIX. SUBROUTINE STRAN HAS THE	LSV01780
C	CALLING SEQUENCE	LSV01790
C		LSV01800
C	CALL STRAN(W,U,SUM)	LSV01810
C		LSV01820
C	STRAN CALCULATES $U = (A-TRANSPOSE)*W - SUM*U$ FOR THE	LSV01830
C	TRANSPOSE OF THE USER-SUPPLIED A-MATRIX. THE ARRAY AND PARAMETER	LSV01840
C	INFORMATION NEEDED TO PERFORM THE MATRIX-VECTOR MULTIPLIES	LSV01850
C	IS PASSED TO THE SVMAT AND THE STRAN SUBROUTINES FROM THE	LSV01860
C	USPEC SUBROUTINE VIA ENTRIES. ONE SET OF THE SAMPLE SVMAT	LSV01870
C	AND STRAN SUBROUTINES INCLUDED IN LSMULT COMPUTES	LSV01880
C	MATRIX-VECTOR MULTIPLIES FOR AN ARBITRARY SPARSE,	LSV01890
C	RECTANGULAR MATRIX STORED IN THE SPARSE FORMAT SPECIFIED	LSV01900
C	IN THE CORRESPONDING SAMPLE USPEC SUBROUTINE. THE LANCZS	LSV01910
C	SUBROUTINE CALLS SVMAT AND STRAN IN THE GENERATION OF	LSV01920
C	THE LANCZOS T-MATRICES FOR THE B MATRIX.	LSV01930
C		LSV01940
C	THE DATA FOR THE A-MATRIX IS ASSUMED TO BE ON FILE 8 AND	LSV01950
C	IN THE FOLLOWING SPARSE FORMAT:	LSV01960
C	NZ = NUMBER OF NONZERO ELEMENTS OF A	LSV01970
C	ICOL(K), $K = 1, N$, NUMBER OF NONZEROS OF A IN COLUMN K.	LSV01980
C	IROW(K), $K = 1, NZ$, ROW INDEX OF A(K).	LSV01990
C	A(K), $K=1, NZ$ CONTAINS THE ELEMENTS OF A BY COLUMN.	LSV02000
C		LSV02010
C		LSV02020
C	SVMATV AND STRAN ARE CALLED FROM THE SUBROUTINE LANCZS	LSV02030
C	WHICH GENERATES THE LANCZOS TRIDIAGONAL MATRICES, THE	LSV02040
C	BETA HISTORY. SIMILARLY, THSE SUBROUTINES ARE CALLED FROM	LSV02050
C	THE CORRESPONDING SINGULAR VECTOR PROGRAM, LSVEC.	LSV02060
C	SVMAT AND STRAN ARE DECLARED AS EXTERNAL VARIABLES.	LSV02070
C	EACH IS AN ARGUMENT FOR THE LANCZS SUBROUTINE.	LSV02080
C		LSV02090
C	USPEC, SVMAT, AND STRAN SUBROUTINES SUITABLE FOR THE	LSV02100
C	USER-SPECIFIED MATRIX MUST BE SUPPLIED BY THE USER.	LSV02110
C		LSV02120
C	THE MAIN PROGRAMS FOR THE SINGULAR VALUE AND SINGULAR VECTOR	LSV02130
C	CALCULATIONS ASSUME THAT INPUT FILE 5 CONTAINS THE ROW ORDER	LSV02140
C	M AND THE COLUMN ORDER N OF THE GIVEN A-MATRIX AND MATNO,	LSV02150
C	AN IDENTIFICATION NUMBER OF ≤ 8 DIGITS FOR THE GIVEN MATRIX.	LSV02160
C		LSV02170

C		LSV02180
C	-----MACHEP-----	LSV02190
C		LSV02200
C		LSV02210
C	MACHEP IS A MACHINE DEPENDENT PARAMETER SPECIFYING THE RELATIVE	LSV02220
C	PRECISION OF THE FLOATING POINT ARITHMETIC USED.	LSV02230
C	MACHEP = $2.2 * 10^{-16}$ FOR DOUBLE PRECISION ARITHMETIC ON	LSV02240
C	IBM 370-3081.	LSV02250
C		LSV02260
C	THE USER WILL HAVE TO RESET THIS PARAMETER TO	LSV02270
C	THE CORRESPONDING VALUE FOR THE MACHINE BEING USED. NOTE THAT	LSV02280
C	IF A MACHINE WITH A MACHINE EPSILON THAT IS MUCH LARGER THAN THE	LSV02290
C	VALUE GIVEN HERE IS BEING USED, THEN THERE COULD BE	LSV02300
C	PROBLEMS WITH THE TOLERANCES.	LSV02310
C		LSV02320
C		LSV02330
C	-----SUBROUTINES AND FUNCTIONS USER MUST SUPPLY-----	LSV02340
C		LSV02350
C		LSV02360
C	GENRAN, FINPRO, MASK, USPEC, SVMAT AND STRAN	LSV02370
C		LSV02380
C	GENRAN = COMPUTES K PSEUDO-RANDOM NUMBERS AND STORES THEM IN	LSV02390
C	THE REAL ARRAY, G. THIS SUBROUTINE IS USED TO	LSV02400
C	GENERATE A STARTING VECTOR FOR THE LANCZOS PROCEDURE	LSV02410
C	IN THE SUBROUTINE LANCZS AND A STARTING RIGHT-HAND SIDE	LSV02420
C	FOR INVERSE ITERATION IN THE SUBROUTINE INVERR.	LSV02430
C		LSV02440
C	TESTS REPORTED IN THE REFERENCES USED EITHER GGL1 OR	LSV02450
C	GGL2 FROM THE IBM LIBRARY SLMATH.	LSV02460
C	THE EXISTING CALLING SEQUENCE IS:	LSV02470
C		LSV02480
C	CALL GENRAN(IIX,G,K).	LSV02490
C		LSV02500
C	WHERE IIX =INTEGER SEED, G = REAL*4 ARRAY WHOSE	LSV02510
C	DIMENSION MUST BE $\geq K$. K RANDOM NUMBERS ARE GENERATED	LSV02520
C	AND PLACED IN G.	LSV02530
C		LSV02540
C	FINPRO = DOUBLE PRECISION FUNCTION WHICH COMPUTES THE INNER	LSV02550
C	PRODUCT OF 2 DOUBLE PRECISION VECTORS OF DIMENSION K.	LSV02560
C	TESTS REPORTED IN THE REFERENCES USED THE HARWELL	LSV02570
C	LIBRARY SUBROUTINE FMO2AD.	LSV02580
C	EXISTING CALLING SEQUENCE IS	LSV02590
C		LSV02600
C	CALL FINPRO(N,V,J,W,K).	LSV02610
C		LSV02620
C	COMPUTES THE INNER PRODUCT OF DIMENSION N OF THE VECTORS	LSV02630
C	V AND W. SUCCESSIVE COMPONENTS OF V AND OF W ARE STORED	LSV02640
C	AT LOCATIONS THAT ARE ,RESPECTIVELY, J AND K UNITS APART.	LSV02650
C		LSV02660
C	MASK = MASKS OVERFLOW AND UNDERFLOW.	LSV02670
C	USER MUST SUPPLY OR COMMENT OUT CALL.	LSV02680
C		LSV02690
C	USPEC = DIMENSIONS AND INITIALIZES ARRAYS NEEDED TO SPECIFY	LSV02700
C	USER-SUPPLIED A-MATRIX. SEE A-MATRIX SPECIFICATION SECTION	LSV02710
C		LSV02720

```

C   SVMAT = MATRIX-VECTOR MULTIPLY FOR USER-SUPPLIED A-MATRIX.      LSV02730
C   SEE A-MATRIX SPECIFICATION SECTION.                             LSV02740
C                                                                    LSV02750
C   STRAN = MATRIX-VECTOR MULTIPLY FOR TRANSPOSE OF USER-SUPPLIED   LSV02760
C   A-MATRIX.  SEE A-MATRIX SPECIFICATION SECTION.                 LSV02770
C                                                                    LSV02780
C                                                                    LSV02790
C-----LSV02800
C                                                                    LSV02810
C   COMMENTS FOR SINGULAR VALUE COMPUTATIONS                       LSV02820
C                                                                    LSV02830
C-----LSV02840
C                                                                    LSV02850
C                                                                    LSV02860
C-----PARAMETER CONTROLS FOR SINGULAR VALUE PROGRAMS-----LSV02870
C                                                                    LSV02880
C                                                                    LSV02890
C   PARAMETER CONTROLS ARE INTRODUCED TO ALLOW SEGMENTATION OF THE  LSV02900
C   SINGULAR VALUE COMPUTATIONS AND TO ALLOW VARIOUS COMBINATIONS   LSV02910
C   OF READ/WRITES.                                                LSV02920
C                                                                    LSV02930
C   THE FLAG ISTART CONTROLS THE T-MATRIX (BETA HISTORY)          LSV02940
C   GENERATION.                                                    LSV02950
C                                                                    LSV02960
C   ISTART = (0,1)  MEANS                                         LSV02970
C                                                                    LSV02980
C       (0) THERE IS NO EXISTING BETA HISTORY AND ONE              LSV02990
C       MUST BE GENERATED.                                         LSV03000
C                                                                    LSV03010
C       (1) THERE IS AN EXISTING BETA HISTORY AND IT IS           LSV03020
C       TO BE READ IN FROM FILE 2 AND EXTENDED IF NECESSARY.     LSV03030
C                                                                    LSV03040
C   THE FLAG ISTOP CAN BE USED IN CONJUNCTION WITH THE FLAG ISTART TO LSV03050
C   ALLOW SEGMENTATION OF THE SINGULAR VALUE COMPUTATIONS.        LSV03060
C                                                                    LSV03070
C   ISTOP = (0,1)  MEANS                                         LSV03080
C                                                                    LSV03090
C       (0) PROGRAM COMPUTES ONLY THE REQUESTED BETAS,            LSV03100
C       STORES THEM AND THE LAST 2 LANCZOS VECTORS GENERATED      LSV03110
C       IN FILE 1 AND THEN TERMINATES.                             LSV03120
C                                                                    LSV03130
C       (1) PROGRAM COMPUTES REQUESTED BETAS AND THEN             LSV03140
C       USES THE BISEC SUBROUTINE TO CALCULATE EIGENVALUES        LSV03150
C       OF THE TRIDIAGONAL MATRICES GENERATED FOR THE ORDERS     LSV03160
C       SPECIFIED BY THE USER AND ON THE USER-SPECIFIED         LSV03170
C       INTERVALS.  PROGRAM THEN USES THE SUBROUTINE INVERR       LSV03180
C       TO COMPUTE ERROR ESTIMATES FOR THE ISOLATED GOOD         LSV03190
C       T-EIGENVALUES WHICH ARE USED TO CHECK THE                 LSV03200
C       CONVERGENCE OF THESE T-EIGENVALUES.                       LSV03210
C                                                                    LSV03220
C   CONTROL PARAMETERS FOR WRITES                                LSV03230
C                                                                    LSV03240
C   IHIS = (0,1)  MEANS                                         LSV03250
C                                                                    LSV03260
C       (0) IF ISTOP .GT. 0 THEN BETAS ARE NOT SAVED ON FILE 1.  LSV03270

```

```

C                                                    LSV03280
C      (1) PROGRAM WRITES BETAS AND LAST 2 LANCZOS      LSV03290
C      VECTORS TO FILE 1 SO THAT THE T-MATRIX GENERATION LSV03300
C      MAY BE REUSED OR CONTINUED LATER IF NECESSARY.    LSV03310
C      TYPICALLY ONE WOULD ALWAYS DO THIS ON ANY RUN WHERE LSV03320
C      A HISTORY FILE IS BEING GENERATED. HISTORY MUST BE LSV03330
C      SAVED IN MACHINE FORMAT ((4Z20) FOR IBM/3081) SO    LSV03340
C      THAT NO ERRORS DUE TO FORMAT CONVERSIONS OCCUR.    LSV03350
C                                                    LSV03360
C      IDIST = (0,1) MEANS                                LSV03370
C                                                    LSV03380
C      (0) DISTINCT EIGENVALUES OF T-MATRICES ARE NOT SAVED. LSV03390
C                                                    LSV03400
C      (1) PROGRAM WRITES COMPUTED DISTINCT EIGENVALUES OF LSV03410
C      T-MATRICES ALONG WITH THEIR T-MULTIPLICITIES      LSV03420
C      TO FILE 11.                                       LSV03430
C                                                    LSV03440
C      IWRITE = (0,1) MEANS                              LSV03450
C                                                    LSV03460
C      (0) NO EXTENDED OUTPUT FROM SUBROUTINES BISEC AND INVERR LSV03470
C      IS SENT TO FILE 6.                                LSV03480
C                                                    LSV03490
C      (1) INDIVIDUAL COMPUTED T-EIGENVALUES AND CORRESPONDING LSV03500
C      ERROR ESTIMATES FROM THE SUBROUTINES BISEC AND INVERR LSV03510
C      ARE PRINTED OUT TO FILE 6 AS THEY ARE COMPUTED.    LSV03520
C                                                    LSV03530
C      THE PROGRAM ALWAYS MAKES A SEPARATE LIST OF THE COMPUTED GOOD LSV03540
C      EIGENVALUES OF THE LANCZOS MATRICES T(1,MEV) CONSIDERED, LSV03550
C      THESE ARE THE APPROXIMATIONS TO THE DESIRED SINGULAR VALUES, LSV03560
C      ALONG WITH THEIR MINIMAL GAPS AS SINGULAR VALUES OF A AND LSV03570
C      WRITES THEM TO FILE 3. CORRESPONDING ERROR ESTIMATES FOR ANY LSV03580
C      ISOLATED COMPUTED GOOD T-EIGENVALUES (SINGULAR VALUES OF A) LSV03590
C      ARE ALWAYS WRITTEN TO FILE 4.                     LSV03600
C                                                    LSV03610
C                                                    LSV03620
C-----INPUT/OUTPUT FILES FOR SINGULAR VALUE PROGRAMS----- LSV03630
C                                                    LSV03640
C      ANY INPUT DATA OTHER THAN THE BETA HISTORY SHOULD BE STORED LSV03650
C      ON FILE 5. SEE SAMPLE INPUT/OUTPUT FROM TYPICAL RUN. LSV03660
C      THE READ STATEMENTS IN THE GIVEN FORTRAN PROGRAM ASSUME THAT LSV03670
C      THE DATA STORED ON FILE 5 IS IN FREE FORMAT. USER SHOULD NOTE LSV03680
C      THAT 'FREE FORMAT' IS NOT CLASSIFIED AS PORTABLE BY PFORT SO THAT LSV03690
C      THE USER MAY HAVE TO MODIFY THE READ STATEMENTS FROM FILE 5 TO LSV03700
C      CONFORM TO WHAT IS PERMISSIBLE ON THE MACHINE BEING USED.    LSV03710
C                                                    LSV03720
C      FILE 6 WAS USED AS THE INTERACTIVE TERMINAL OUTPUT FILE.      LSV03730
C      THIS FILE PROVIDES A RUNNING ACCOUNT OF THE PROGRESS OF THE    LSV03740
C      COMPUTATIONS. THE AMOUNT OF INFORMATION PRINTED OUT IS        LSV03750
C      CONTROLLED BY THE PARAMETER IWRITE.                      LSV03760
C                                                    LSV03770
C      DESCRIPTION OF OTHER I/O FILES                                LSV03780
C                                                    LSV03790
C      FILE (K) CONTAINS:                                           LSV03800
C                                                    LSV03810
C      (1) OUTPUT FILE:                                           LSV03820

```

```

C          HISTORY FILE OF NEWLY-GENERATED T-MATRIX          LSV03830
C          (BETA VECTOR) AND LAST 2 LANCZOS VECTORS USED      LSV03840
C          IN THE T-MATRIX GENERATION.                        LSV03850
C          IF IHIS = 0 AND ISTOP = 1, FILE 1 IS NOT WRITTEN.  LSV03860
C                                                            LSV03870
C      (2)    INPUT FILE:                                     LSV03880
C          SAME AS FILE 1 EXCEPT THAT IT CONTAINS A         LSV03890
C          PREVIOUSLY-GENERATED T-MATRIX (IF ANY). IF ISTART = 1, LSV03900
C          PROGRAM ASSUMES THAT THERE IS A HISTORY FILE OF    LSV03910
C          BETAS ON FILE 2. THESE BETAS AND THE LAST TWO LANCZOS LSV03920
C          VECTORS USED IN THE T-MATRIX GENERATION ARE READ IN. LSV03930
C                                                            LSV03940
C      (3)    OUTPUT FILE:                                    LSV03950
C          COMPUTED GOOD EIGENVALUES OF THE T-MATRICES CONSIDERED. LSV03960
C          ALSO CONTAINS T-MULTIPLICITIES OF THESE T-EIGENVALUES AS LSV03970
C          EIGENVALUES OF THE T-MATRIX, AND THEIR GAPS AS      LSV03980
C          EIGENVALUES IN THE B MATRIX AND IN THE T-MATRIX.    LSV03990
C          NOTE THAT THESE GOOD T-EIGENVALUES ARE THE COMPUTED LSV04000
C          SINGULAR VALUES OF THE A-MATRIX AND THAT THE GAPS   LSV04010
C          OF THESE EIGENVALUES AS EIGENVALUES OF THE B-MATRIX LSV04020
C          ARE EQUAL TO THEIR GAPS AS SINGULAR VALUES OF A.   LSV04030
C          FILE 3 IS ALWAYS WRITTEN.                           LSV04040
C                                                            LSV04050
C      (4)    OUTPUT FILE:                                    LSV04060
C          ERROR ESTIMATES FOR THE ISOLATED COMPUTED SINGULAR LSV04070
C          SINGULAR VALUES (ISOLATED GOOD EIGENVALUES OF T(1,MEV)) LSV04080
C          THESE ARE OBTAINED USING THE SUBROUTINE INVERR. THESE LSV04090
C          ESTIMATES USE THE LAST COMPONENTS OF THE ASSOCIATED LSV04100
C          T-EIGENVECTORS WHICH ARE COMPUTED USING INVERSE     LSV04110
C          ITERATION. FILE 4 IS ALWAYS WRITTEN.                 LSV04120
C                                                            LSV04130
C                                                            LSV04140
C      (8)    INPUT FILE:                                     LSV04150
C          SAMPLE USPEC SUBROUTINE ASSUMES THAT THE ARRAYS     LSV04160
C          REQUIRED TO SPECIFY THE USER'S MATRIX ARE STORED ON LSV04170
C          FILE 8. USERS MUST MAKE WHATEVER DEFINITIONS ARE    LSV04180
C          APPROPRIATE FOR THEIR MATRICES.                      LSV04190
C                                                            LSV04200
C      (9)    OUTPUT FILE:  OPTIONAL                           LSV04210
C          CAN BE USED TO STORE THE TRUE SINGULAR VALUES OF   LSV04220
C          A GIVEN TEST MATRIX, WHEN THE SINGULAR VALUE PROCEDURE LSV04230
C          IS BEING EXERCISED ON A TEST MATRIX.                LSV04240
C                                                            LSV04250
C      (11)   OUTPUT FILE:                                     LSV04260
C          COMPUTED DISTINCT EIGENVALUES OF T-MATRICES USED.   LSV04270
C          ALSO CONTAINS THEIR T-MULTIPLICITIES AND T-GAPS TO   LSV04280
C          NEAREST DISTINCT T-EIGENVALUES, AND THE T-MULTIPLICITY LSV04290
C          PATTERN OF THE GOOD AND THE SPURIOUS T-EIGENVALUES.  LSV04300
C          FILE 11 IS WRITTEN ONLY IF IDIST = 1.                LSV04310
C                                                            LSV04320
C                                                            LSV04330
C-----PARAMETERS SET BY THE SINGULAR VALUE PROGRAMS----- LSV04340
C                                                            LSV04350
C                                                            LSV04360
C      THESE PARAMETERS ARE SET INTERNALLY IN THE PROGRAM      LSV04370

```

```

C                                                                 LSV04380
C SCALEK      K = 1,2,3,4                                     LSV04390
C                                                                 LSV04400
C           THE SCALING FACTORS SCALEK HAVE BEEN INTRODUCED IN AN LSV04410
C           ATTEMPT TO MAKE THE TOLERANCES USED IN THE          LSV04420
C           T-MULTIPLICITY, SPURIOUS, ISOLATION AND PRTESTS ADJUST LSV04430
C           TO THE SCALE OF THE GIVEN MATRIX.  THESE FACTORS MUST LSV04440
C           NOT BE MODIFIED.                                     LSV04450
C                                                                 LSV04460
C NOTE:      THE USER SHOULD NOTE THAT IF THE MATRIX BEING    LSV04470
C           PROCESSED IS VERY STIFF, THAT IS THE RATIO OF THE LARGEST LSV04480
C           SINGULAR VALUE TO THE SMALLEST SINGULAR VALUE IS VERY LSV04490
C           LARGE, THEN THE TOLERANCES BEING USED IN BISEC, LUMP, ISOEV LSV04500
C           AND PRTEST MAY NOT TREAT THE SMALLEST SINGULAR VALUES LSV04510
C           VERY WELL.  IN SOME SUCH CASES A USER-INTRODUCED REDUCTION LSV04520
C           IN THE SIZE OF TKMAX AND THE SUBSEQUENT RECOMPUTATION OF LSV04530
C           THE T-MATRIX EIGENVALUES CORRESPONDING TO THE SMALLEST LSV04540
C           SINGULAR VALUES USING THIS TKMAX MAY RESULT IN IMPROVED LSV04550
C           COMPUTATIONS AT THE LOW END.                         LSV04560
C                                                                 LSV04570
C           THE LUMP, ISOEV, AND PRTEST TOLERANCES THAT WERE USED LSV04580
C           MOST IN THE TESTING OF THIS ALGORITHM WERE NOT      LSV04590
C           SCALE INVARIANT BUT SEEMED TO WORK WELL ON MATRICES THAT LSV04600
C           HAD SINGULAR VALUES BOTH GREATER THAN AND LESS     LSV04610
C           THAN 1.  THESE TOLERANCES ARE ALSO INCLUDED IN THESE THREE LSV04620
C           SUBROUTINES BUT AS COMMENTED OUT STATEMENTS.  THEY CAN BE LSV04630
C           REVIVED BY COMMENTING OUT THE CORRESPONDING TOLERANCES LSV04640
C           SPECIFIED IN THE STATEMENT ABOVE EACH OF THESE.     LSV04650
C                                                                 LSV04660
C           IMPORTANT TOLERANCES OR SCALES THAT ARE USED REPEATEDLY LSV04670
C           THROUGHOUT THIS PROGRAM ARE THE FOLLOWING:          LSV04680
C           SCALED MACHINE EPSILON:  TTOL = TKMAX*EPSM WHERE    LSV04690
C           EPSM = 2*MACHINE EPSILON AND                        LSV04700
C           TKMAX = MAX(BETA(J), J = 1,MEV)                     LSV04710
C           BISEC CONVERGENCE TOLERANCE:  BISTOL = DSQRT(1000+MEV)*TTOL LSV04720
C           BISEC T-MULTIPLICITY TOLERANCE:  MULTOL = (1000+MEV)*TTOL LSV04730
C           LANCZOS CONVERGENCE TOLERANCE:  CONTOL = BETA(MEV+1)*1.D-10 LSV04740
C                                                                 LSV04750
C                                                                 LSV04760
C           BTOL = RELATIVE TOLERANCE USED TO ESTIMATE ANY LOSS OF LOCAL LSV04770
C           ORTHOGONALITY OF THE LANCZOS VECTORS AFTER THE T-MATRIX LSV04780
C           HAS BEEN GENERATED.  THE LANCZOS PROCEDURE WORKS WELL LSV04790
C           ONLY IF LOCAL ORTHOGONALITY BETWEEN SUCCESSIVE LANCZOS LSV04800
C           VECTORS IS MAINTAINED.  THE TNORM SUBROUTINE TESTS LSV04810
C           WHETHER OR NOT                                     LSV04820
C                                                                 LSV04830
C           MINIMUM |BETA(I)|/||A|| > BTOL.                     LSV04840
C           I=2,KMAX                                           LSV04850
C                                                                 LSV04860
C           IF THIS TEST IS VIOLATED BY SOME BETA AND A T-MATRIX THAT LSV04870
C           WOULD INCLUDE SUCH A BETA IS REQUESTED, THEN THE LANCZOS LSV04880
C           PROCEDURE WILL TERMINATE FOR THE USER TO DECIDE WHAT TO LSV04890
C           DO.  THE USER CAN OVER-RIDE THIS TEST BY SIMPLY DECREASING LSV04900
C           THE SIZE OF BTOL, BUT THEN CONVERGENCE IS NOT AS CERTAIN. LSV04910
C           THE PROGRAM SETS BTOL = 1.D-8 WHICH IS A VERY CONSERVATIVE LSV04920

```



```

C          CHOICE. THE || A || IS ESTIMATED BY USING AN ESTIMATE      LSV04930
C          OF THE NORM OF THE T-MATRIX, T(1,KMAX).                    LSV04940
C                                                                      LSV04950
C          GAPTOL = RELATIVE TOLERANCE USED IN THE SUBROUTINE ISOEV    LSV04960
C          TO DETERMINE FOR WHICH OF THE GOOD T-EIGENVALUES,          LSV04970
C          THE COMPUTED SINGULAR VALUES, ERROR ESTIMATES SHOULD      LSV04980
C          BE COMPUTED. THE PROGRAM SETS GAPTOL = 1.D-8.              LSV04990
C          IF FOR A GIVEN 'GOOD' T-EIGENVALUE OF THE GIVEN            LSV05000
C          T-MATRIX THE COMPUTED GAP IN THE T-MATRIX IS TOO           LSV05010
C          SMALL AND IS DUE TO A 'SPURIOUS' EIGENVALUE OF             LSV05020
C          THE T-MATRIX, THEN THE 'GOOD' T-EIGENVALUE IS ASSUMED      LSV05030
C          TO HAVE CONVERGED AND AN ERROR ESTIMATE IS NOT             LSV05040
C          COMPUTED.                                                  LSV05050
C                                                                      LSV05060
C                                                                      LSV05070
C-----USER-SPECIFIED PARAMETERS FOR SINGULAR VALUE PROGRAMS----- LSV05080
C                                                                      LSV05090
C                                                                      LSV05100
C          RELTOL = RELATIVE TOLERANCE USED IN 'COMBINING' COMPUTED    LSV05110
C          EIGENVALUES OF T(1,MEV) PRIOR TO COMPUTING ERROR           LSV05120
C          ESTIMATES.                                                 LSV05130
C                                                                      LSV05140
C          THE LUMPING OF T-EIGENVALUES OCCURS IN SUBROUTINE LUMP.     LSV05150
C          LUMPING IS NECESSARY BECAUSE IT IS IMPOSSIBLE TO ACCURATELY LSV05160
C          PREDICT THE ACCURACY OF THE BISEC SUBROUTINE. LUMP 'COMBINES' LSV05170
C          T-EIGENVALUES THAT HAVE SLIPPED BY THE TOLERANCE THAT WAS USED LSV05180
C          IN THE T-MULTIPLICITY TESTS. IN PARTICULAR IF FOR SOME J,   LSV05190
C                                                                      LSV05200
C          |EVALUE(J)-EVALUE(J-1)| < DMAX1(RELTOL*|EVALUE(J)|,SCALE2*MULTOL) LSV05210
C                                                                      LSV05220
C          THEN THESE T-EIGENVALUES ARE 'COMBINED'. MULTOL IS THE TOLERANCE LSV05230
C          THAT WAS USED IN THE T-MULTIPLICITY TEST IN BISEC. SEE THE HEADER LSV05240
C          ON THE LUMP SUBROUTINE FOR MORE DETAILS.                   LSV05250
C                                                                      LSV05260
C          RELTOL IS SET TO 1.D-10.                                    LSV05270
C                                                                      LSV05280
C          MXINIT = MAXIMUM NUMBER OF INVERSE ITERATIONS ALLOWED IN    LSV05290
C          SUBROUTINE INVERR FOR EACH ISOLATED GOOD T-EIGENVALUE       LSV05300
C          CONSIDERED. TYPICALLY ONLY ONE IS REQUIRED.                 LSV05310
C                                                                      LSV05320
C          SEEDS FOR RANDOM NUMBER GENERATORS = INTEGER*4 SCALARS.    LSV05330
C                                                                      LSV05340
C          (1) SVSEED = SEED FOR STARTING VECTOR USED IN              LSV05350
C          T-MATRIX GENERATION IN LANCZS SUBROUTINE                    LSV05360
C                                                                      LSV05370
C          (2) RHSEED = SEED FOR RIGHT-HAND SIDE USED IN              LSV05380
C          INVERSE ITERATION COMPUTATIONS IN INVERR.                  LSV05390
C                                                                      LSV05400
C          BISEC DATA                                                 LSV05410
C                                                                      LSV05420
C          (1) NINT = NUMBER OF SUBINTERVALS ON WHICH SINGULAR VALUES LSV05430
C          ARE TO BE COMPUTED.                                         LSV05440
C                                                                      LSV05450
C          (2) LB(J) = (J = 1,NINT) = LEFT END POINTS OF THESE INTERVALS. LSV05460
C          MUST BE PROVIDED IN INCREASING ORDER. THAT IS,            LSV05470

```

```

C          LB(J) < LB(J+1) FOR J = 1,NINT.                                LSV05480
C                                                                 LSV05490
C      (3) UB(J) = (J = 1,NINT) = RIGHT END POINTS OF THESE INTERVALS. LSV05500
C          MUST BE PROVIDED IN INCREASING ORDER. THAT IS,                LSV05510
C          UB(J) < UB(J+1) FOR J = 1,NINT.                                LSV05520
C                                                                 LSV05530
C      (4) MXSTUR = MAXIMUM NUMBER OF STURM ITERATIONS ALLOWED FOR        LSV05540
C          ENTIRE SET OF SINGULAR VALUE CALCULATIONS OVER                 LSV05550
C          ALL SPECIFIED SIZE T-MATRICES. PROGRAM WILL                   LSV05560
C          TERMINATE IF THIS LIMIT IS EXCEEDED.                           LSV05570
C                                                                 LSV05580
C      T-MATRICES                                                         LSV05590
C                                                                 LSV05600
C      SIZES OF T-MATRICES                                                LSV05610
C                                                                 LSV05620
C          (1) KMAX= MAXIMUM ORDER FOR T-MATRIX THAT USER IS WILLING     LSV05630
C              TO CONSIDER.                                                LSV05640
C                                                                 LSV05650
C          (2) NMEVS = MAXIMUM NUMBER OF T-MATRICES THAT WILL BE          LSV05660
C              CONSIDERED.                                                  LSV05670
C                                                                 LSV05680
C          (3) NMEV(J) (J=1,NMEVS) = SIZES OF T-MATRIX TO BE            LSV05690
C              CONSIDERED SEQUENTIALLY.                                    LSV05700
C                                                                 LSV05710
C      T-MATRIX-GENERATION                                                LSV05720
C                                                                 LSV05730
C      IPAR = (1,2) MEANS                                                 LSV05740
C                                                                 LSV05750
C          (1) STARTING VECTOR IS OF FORM (0,V2) WHERE V2 IS              LSV05760
C              NX1. USE WHEN M > N .                                       LSV05770
C                                                                 LSV05780
C          (2) STARTING VECTOR IF OF FORM (V1,0) WHERE V1 IS              LSV05790
C              MX1. USE WHEN M < N .                                       LSV05800
C                                                                 LSV05810
C      USER SHOULD NOTE THAT THIS PROGRAM FIRST COMPUTES A T-MATRIX      LSV05820
C      OF ORDER KMAX AND THEN CYCLES THROUGH THE T-MATRICES SPECIFIED    LSV05830
C      A PRIORI BY THE USER, USING THE SUBROUTINE BISEC TO COMPUTE        LSV05840
C      EIGENVALUES OF THE T-MATRICES ON THE INTERVALS SPECIFIED BY        LSV05850
C      THE USER. SUBSETS OF THESE T-EIGENVALUES ARE THEN SELECTED        LSV05860
C      AS APPROXIMATIONS TO THE DESIRED SINGULAR VALUES.                 LSV05870
C                                                                 LSV05880
C      IDEALLY, ONE WOULD COMPUTE THE SINGULAR VALUE APPROXIMATIONS       LSV05890
C      AT A REASONABLE SIZE T-MATRIX, LOOK AT THE ACCURACY OF THE        LSV05900
C      COMPUTED RESULTS AND USE THAT TO DETERMINE AN APPROPRIATE          LSV05910
C      INCREMENT FOR THE SIZE OF THE T-MATRIX BASED UPON WHAT             LSV05920
C      HAS ALREADY CONVERGED AND UPON THE SIZES OF THE ERROR ESTIMATES    LSV05930
C      ON THOSE SINGULAR VALUES THAT ARE DESIRED BUT THAT HAVE NOT       LSV05940
C      YET CONVERGED. HOWEVER, IN THE INTERESTS OF GENERALITY AND         LSV05950
C      SIMPLICITY WE CHOSE NOT TO DO THAT HERE.                           LSV05960
C                                                                 LSV05970
C                                                                 LSV05980
C-----CONVERGENCE TESTS FOR THE SINGULAR VALUE PROGRAMS----- LSV05990
C                                                                 LSV06000
C                                                                 LSV06010
C      THE CONVERGENCE TEST INCORPORATED IN THIS PROGRAM IS              LSV06020

```

```

C      BASED UPON THE ASSUMPTION THAT THOSE T-EIGENVALUES AND          LSV06030
C      THEIR ASSOCIATED T-EIGENVECTORS THAT CORRESPOND TO              LSV06040
C      THE SINGULAR VALUES AND VECTORS WHICH WE WISH TO COMPUTE      LSV06050
C      CONVERGE AS THE T-SIZE IS INCREASED.                            LSV06060
C                                                                      LSV06070
C      AS CURRENTLY PROGRAMMED, CONVERGENCE IS CHECKED BY EXAMINING    LSV06080
C      THE SIZES OF ALL OF THE COMPUTED ERROR ESTIMATES ON ALL OF THE  LSV06090
C      INTERVALS SPECIFIED BY THE USER.  IDEALLY CONVERGENCE SHOULD    LSV06100
C      BE CHECKED ONLY ON THOSE SINGULAR VALUES OF INTEREST AND        LSV06110
C      ONCE THE SINGULAR VALUES ON SUB-INTERVALS OF THESE INTERVALS   LSV06120
C      HAVE CONVERGED, ANY SUBSEQUENT SINGULAR VALUE COMPUTATIONS      LSV06130
C      SHOULD BE MADE ONLY ON THE UNCONVERGED PORTIONS.  OBVIOUSLY,    LSV06140
C      IT WOULD BE DIFFICULT TO INCORPORATE CODE TO DO THE ABOVE        LSV06150
C      WITHOUT KNOWING A PRIORI PRECISELY WHAT THE USER IS TRYING      LSV06160
C      TO COMPUTE.  THEREFORE, WE DID NOT ATTEMPT TO DO THIS.  IF      LSV06170
C      ONE WISHES TO MAKE SUCH A MODIFICATION THEN ONE MUST ALSO       LSV06180
C      MODIFY THE PROGRAM SO THAT IT CREATES AN OVERALL LIST OF THE    LSV06190
C      CONVERGED SINGULAR VALUES AS THEY ARE COMPUTED, SINCE          LSV06200
C      CONVERGED SINGULAR VALUES OBTAINED AT A PARTICULAR VALUE OF    LSV06210
C      MEV WOULD NO LONGER BE RECOMPUTED AT LARGER VALUES OF MEV.     LSV06220
C                                                                      LSV06230
C      IF ONLY A FEW SINGULAR VALUES ARE TO BE COMPUTED THEN SUCH     LSV06240
C      CHANGES WOULD NOT MAKE MUCH DIFFERENCE IN THE RUNNING TIME.    LSV06250
C                                                                      LSV06260
C                                                                      LSV06270
C-----ARRAYS REQUIRED BY THE SINGULAR VALUE PROGRAMS-----LSV06280
C                                                                      LSV06290
C                                                                      LSV06300
C      BETA(J) = REAL*8 ARRAY.  ITS DIMENSION MUST BE AT LEAST KMAX+1.  LSV06310
C      THE LENGTH OF THE LARGEST T-MATRIX ALLOWED.  THIS              LSV06320
C      ARRAY CONTAINS THE SUBDIAGONAL ENTRIES OF THE                   LSV06330
C      T-MATRICES.  THE DIAGONAL ENTRIES ARE ALL ZERO.                 LSV06340
C                                                                      LSV06350
C      THE BETA VECTOR IS NOT ALTERED DURING THE                      LSV06360
C      CALCULATIONS.  IMPORTANT NOTE:  ONLY EVEN ORDER                 LSV06370
C      T-MATRICES ARE PERMISSIBLE.                                     LSV06380
C                                                                      LSV06390
C      V1(J),V2(J),VS(J) = REAL*8 ARRAYS.  VS MUST BE OF              LSV06400
C      DIMENSION AT LEAST KMAX.  V1 MUST BE                            LSV06410
C      OF DIMENSION AT LEAST MAX(M,KMAX+1).                             LSV06420
C      V2 MUST BE OF DIMENSION AT LEAST                                LSV06430
C      MAX(N,KMAX).  M IS THE ROW DIMENSION OF                          LSV06440
C      A, AND N IS THE COLUMN DIMENSION.                               LSV06450
C      HOWEVER, THE DIMENSION                                           LSV06460
C      FOR V2 IS VALID ONLY IF NO MORE                                  LSV06470
C      THAN KMAX/2 EIGENVALUES OF THE GIVEN                             LSV06480
C      T-MATRICES ARE TO BE COMPUTED IN ANY GIVEN                      LSV06490
C      SUBINTERVAL.  V2 IS USED IN THE SUBROUTINE                      LSV06500
C      BISEC TO HOLD THE UPPER AND LOWER                               LSV06510
C      ENDPOINTS OF THE SUBINTERVALS GENERATED                        LSV06520
C      DURING THE BISECTIONS.  THEREFORE, ITS                           LSV06530
C      DIMENSION MUST ALWAYS BE AT LEAST 2*Q                           LSV06540
C      WHERE Q IS THE MAXIMUM NUMBER OF                                LSV06550
C      EIGENVALUES OF THE SPECIFIED T-MATRIX IN ANY                    LSV06560
C      ONE OF THE SPECIFIED INTERVALS.                                  LSV06570

```

C		LSV06580
C	LB(J),UB(J) = REAL*8 ARRAYS. EACH MUST BE OF DIMENSION AT LEAST	LSV06590
C	NINT, THE NUMBER OF SUBINTERVALS TO BE CONSIDERED.	LSV06600
C	LB CONTAINS THE LEFT-END POINTS OF THE INTERVALS	LSV06610
C	ON WHICH SINGULAR VALUES ARE TO BE COMPUTED.	LSV06620
C	UB CONTAINS THE RIGHT-END POINTS.	LSV06630
C		LSV06640
C	EXPLAN(J) = REAL*4 ARRAY. ITS DIMENSION IS 20. THIS ARRAY IS	LSV06650
C	USED TO ALLOW EXPLANATORY COMMENTS IN THE INPUT FILES.	LSV06660
C		LSV06670
C	G(J) = REAL*4 ARRAY. ITS DIMENSION MUST BE >= MAX(2*KMAX,M,N)	LSV06680
C	IT IS USED FOR HOLDING THE RANDOM VECTORS GENERATED,	LSV06690
C	HOLDING THE COMPUTED ERROR ESTIMATES AND THE COMPUTED	LSV06700
C	MINIMAL GAPS FOR THE SINGULAR VALUES.	LSV06710
C		LSV06720
C	MP(J) = INTEGER*4 ARRAY. ITS DIMENSION MUST BE AT LEAST KMAX,	LSV06730
C	THE MAXIMUM SIZE OF THE T-MATRICES ALLOWED. IT CONTAINS	LSV06740
C	THE T-MULTIPLICITIES OF THE COMPUTED T-EIGENVALUES OF	LSV06750
C	THE T-MATRICES. NOTE THAT 'SPURIOUS' EIGENVALUES	LSV06760
C	OF THE T-MATRICES ARE DENOTED BY A T-MULTIPLICITY OF	LSV06770
C	0. T-EIGENVALUES THAT THE SUBROUTINE PRTEST HAS	LSV06780
C	IDENTIFIED AS 'GOOD' BUT HIDDEN ARE IDENTIFIED BY A	LSV06790
C	T-MULTIPLICITY OF -10 AND SUBSEQUENTLY ADDED TO THE LIST	LSV06800
C	OF COMPUTED SINGULAR VALUES.	LSV06810
C		LSV06820
C	NMEV(J) = INTEGER*4 ARRAY. ITS DIMENSION MUST BE AT LEAST THE	LSV06830
C	NUMBER OF T-MATRICES ALLOWED. IT CONTAINS THE ORDERS	LSV06840
C	OF THE T-MATRICES TO BE CONSIDERED.	LSV06850
C		LSV06860
C		LSV06870
C	OTHER ARRAYS	LSV06880
C		LSV06890
C	THE USER MUST SPECIFY IN THE SUBROUTINE USPEC WHATEVER ARRAYS	LSV06900
C	ARE REQUIRED TO DEFINE THE MATRIX BEING USED.	LSV06910
C		LSV06920
C		LSV06930
C	-----SUBROUTINES INCLUDED-----	LSV06940
C		LSV06950
C		LSV06960
C	LANCZS = COMPUTES THE BETA HISTORY. USES SUBROUTINES	LSV06970
C	FINPRO, GENRAN, SVMAT AND STRAN.	LSV06980
C		LSV06990
C	BISEC = COMPUTES EIGENVALUES OF THE SPECIFIED T-MATRIX USING	LSV07000
C	STURM SEQUENCING, ON SEQUENCE OF INTERVALS SPECIFIED	LSV07010
C	BY THE USER. EACH SUBINTERVAL IS TREATED AS OPEN	LSV07020
C	ON THE LEFT AND CLOSED ON THE RIGHT. EIGENVALUES	LSV07030
C	ARE COMPUTED WITH SIMULTANEOUS DETERMINATION OF THE	LSV07040
C	T-MULTIPLICITIES AND OF WHICH T-EIGENVALUES ARE SPURIOUS.	LSV07050
C		LSV07060
C	INVERR = USES INVERSE ITERATION ON T-MATRICES TO COMPUTE ERROR	LSV07070
C	ESTIMATES ON COMPUTED SINGULAR VALUES. (USES GENRAN)	LSV07080
C		LSV07090
C	LUMP = 'COMBINES' EIGENVALUES OF T-MATRIX USING THE RELATIVE	LSV07100
C	TOLERANCE RELTOL.	LSV07110
C		LSV07120

```

C      ISOEV = CALCULATES GAPS BETWEEN DISTINCT EIGENVALUES OF T-MATRIX LSV07130
C      AND THEN USES THESE GAPS TO LABEL THOSE 'GOOD' LSV07140
C      T-EIGENVALUES FOR WHICH ERROR ESTIMATES ARE NOT COMPUTED. LSV07150
C      LSV07160
C      TNORM = COMPUTES THE SCALE TKMAX USED IN DETERMINING THE LSV07170
C      TOLERANCES FOR THE SPURIOUS, T-MULTIPLICITY AND PRTESTS. LSV07180
C      IT ALSO CHECKS FOR LOCAL ORTHOGONALITY OF THE LANCZOS LSV07190
C      VECTORS BY TESTING THE RELATIVE SIZE OF THE BETAS USING LSV07200
C      THE RELATIVE TOLERANCE BTOL. LSV07210
C      LSV07220
C      PRTEST = LOOKS FOR 'GOOD' T-EIGENVALUES THAT HAVE BEEN MISLABELLED LSV07230
C      BY THE SPURIOUS TEST BECAUSE THEY HAD 'TOO SMALL' A LSV07240
C      PROJECTION ON THE STARTING LANCZOS VECTOR. LSV07250
C      (LESS THAN SINGLE PRECISION) LSV07260
C      TESTS INDICATE THAT SUCH T-EIGENVALUES ARE RARE. LSV07270
C      PRTEST SHOULD BE CALLED ONLY AFTER CONVERGENCE LSV07280
C      HAS BEEN ESTABLISHED. LSV07290
C      LSV07300
C      INVERM = USED TO COMPUTE ERROR ESTIMATES FOR ANY T-EIGENVALUES LSV07310
C      WHICH PRTEST INDICATES MAY HAVE BEEN MISLABELLED. LSV07320
C      SUCH T-EIGENVALUES ARE RELABELLED ONLY IF THEIR ERROR LSV07330
C      ESTIMATES ARE SUFFICIENTLY SMALL. PRIMARY USE OF LSV07340
C      INVERM IS IN THE CORRESPONDING SINGULAR VECTOR PROGRAM. LSV07350
C      LSV07360
C      SAMPLE USPEC, SVMAT AND STRAN SUBROUTINES ARE INCLUDED. LSV07370
C      LSV07380
C      ALSO INCLUDED IS A STAND-ALONE PROGRAM, LSCOMPAC, THAT LSV07390
C      TRANSLATES A MATRIX GIVEN IN THE I,J, A(I,J) FORMAT INTO LSV07400
C      THE PARTICULAR SPARSE MATRIX FORMAT USED IN THE SAMPLE USPEC, LSV07410
C      SVMAT AND STRAN SUBROUTINES PROVIDED. LSV07420
C      LSV07430
C      LSV07440
C-----OTHER PROGRAMS PROVIDED-----LSV07450
C      LSV07460
C      LSV07470
C      LSCOMPAC = STAND-ALONE PROGRAM THAT TRANSLATES A SPARSE LSV07480
C      RECTANGULAR M X N MATRIX A, GIVEN AS I, J, A(I,J), LSV07490
C      INTO THE SPARSE MATRIX FORMAT REQUIRED BY THE SAMPLE LSV07500
C      USPEC, STRAN AND SVMAT SUBROUTINES PROVIDED FOR USE LSV07510
C      IN THE SINGULAR VALUE/VECTOR PROGRAMS. LSV07520
C      THIS PROGRAM ASSUMES THAT THE MATRIX ENTRIES ARE LSV07530
C      GIVEN EITHER COLUMN BY COLUMN OR ROW BY ROW. IT LSV07540
C      CANNOT HANDLE ANY OTHER ORDERINGS. IN FACT IF LSV07550
C      THE ENTRIES ARE GIVEN ROW BY ROW, THE DATA SET LSV07560
C      CREATED ON FILE 8 CORRESPONDS TO A-TRANSPOSE AND LSV07570
C      NOT TO A. THUS, IN THIS SITUATION, IN ANY LSV07580
C      SUBSEQUENT USE OF THE LANCZOS SINGULAR VALUE/VECTOR LSV07590
C      PROGRAMS THE USER WILL HAVE TO INTERCHANGE THE LSV07600
C      ROLES OF M AND OF N. LSV07610
C      LSV07620
C      LSV07630
C-----COMMENTS ON THE STORAGE REQUIRED FOR SINGULAR VALUE PROGRAMS-----LSV07640
C      LSV07650
C      LSV07660
C      THE ARRAYS IN THE REAL SINGULAR VALUE PROGRAM REQUIRE LSV07670

```

```

C      APPROXIMATELY THE EQUIVALENT OF ONE REAL*8 ARRAY OF DIMENSION      LSV07680
C                                                                              LSV07690
C      2.5*KMAX + MAX(KMAX,M) + MAX(KMAX,N) + .5* MAX(2*KMAX,M,N)      LSV07700
C                                                                              LSV07710
C      PLUS WHATEVER IS NEEDED TO GENERATE A*X FOR THE GIVEN MATRIX A.    LSV07720
C      THE ARRAYS BETA, VS AND MP CONSUME 2.5*KMAX*8 BYTES.                LSV07730
C      THE ARRAY V1 CONSUMES MAXIMUM(KMAX+1,M)*8 BYTES, THE                LSV07740
C      ARRAY V2 CONSUMES MAXIMUM(KMAX,N)*8 BYTES, WITH THE                 LSV07750
C      QUALIFICATION STATED ABOVE WHERE V2 IS DEFINED. THE G-ARRAY         LSV07760
C      CONSUMES .5*MAX(2*KMAX,M,N)*8 BYTES.                                LSV07770
C                                                                              LSV07780
C                                                                              LSV07790
C-----LSV07800
C                                                                              LSV07810
C      COMMENTS FOR SINGULAR VECTOR COMPUTATIONS                          LSV07820
C                                                                              LSV07830
C-----LSV07840
C                                                                              LSV07850
C                                                                              LSV07860
C      THE SINGULAR VALUES WHOSE SINGULAR VECTORS ARE TO BE COMPUTED      LSV07870
C      MUST HAVE BEEN COMPUTED USING THE CORRESPONDING LANCZOS             LSV07880
C      SINGULAR VALUE PROGRAMS FOR REAL RECTANGULAR MATRICES BECAUSE       LSV07890
C      THESE SINGULAR VECTOR PROGRAMS USE THE SAME FAMILY OF LANCZOS       LSV07900
C      TRIDIAGONAL MATRICES THAT WAS USED IN THE CORRESPONDING            LSV07910
C      SINGULAR VALUE COMPUTATIONS.                                         LSV07920
C                                                                              LSV07930
C      THESE PROGRAMS ASSUME THAT THE SINGULAR VALUES SUPPLIED TO IT      LSV07940
C      HAVE BEEN COMPUTED ACCURATELY, AS MEASURED BY THE                    LSV07950
C      ERROR ESTIMATES COMPUTED IN THE CORRESPONDING LANCZOS               LSV07960
C      SINGULAR VALUE COMPUTATIONS, ALTHOUGH THESE ESTIMATES              LSV07970
C      ARE TYPICALLY CONSERVATIVE. THE SINGULAR VALUES SUPPLIED           LSV07980
C      ARE STORED IN THE ARRAY GOODSV(J), J=1,NGOOD.                       LSV07990
C                                                                              LSV08000
C      FOR EACH GOODSV(J), THE SUBROUTINE STURMI COMPUTES THE               LSV08010
C      SMALLEST SIZE LANCZOS TRIDIAGONAL MATRIX, T(1,M1(J)), FOR           LSV08020
C      WHICH GOODSV(J) IS A T-EIGENVALUE TO WITHIN A SPECIFIED              LSV08030
C      TOLERANCE. IT ALSO ATTEMPTS TO COMPUTE THE SIZE, M2(J),              LSV08040
C      BY WHICH THE GIVEN SINGULAR VALUE BECOMES A DOUBLE                  LSV08050
C      T-EIGENVALUE TO WITHIN THE GIVEN TOLERANCE. THESE SIZES ARE         LSV08060
C      USED TO DETERMINE 1ST GUESSES AT SIZES FOR THE T-EIGENVECTORS        LSV08070
C      THAT WILL BE USED IN THE SINGULAR VECTOR COMPUTATIONS.              LSV08080
C      SUBROUTINE INVERM SUCCESSIVELY COMPUTES CORRESPONDING                LSV08090
C      T-EIGENVECTORS OF ENLARGED T-MATRICES UNTIL A SUITABLE              LSV08100
C      SIZE T-MATRIX IS DETERMINED FOR EACH J. UP TO 10 SUCH               LSV08110
C      T-EIGENVECTOR COMPUTATIONS ARE ALLOWED FOR EACH SINGULAR            LSV08120
C      VALUE SUPPLIED.                                                       LSV08130
C                                                                              LSV08140
C      AFTER APPROPRIATE T-EIGENVECTORS HAVE BEEN COMPUTED,                LSV08150
C      RITZ VECTORS FOR THE MATRIX B CORRESPONDING TO THESE                LSV08160
C      T-EIGENVECTORS ARE THEN COMPUTED. SECTIONS OF THESE                 LSV08170
C      RITZ VECTORS ARE THEN TAKEN AS APPROXIMATE LEFT AND                 LSV08180
C      RIGHT SINGULAR VECTORS CORRESPONDING TO THE GIVEN                   LSV08190
C      SINGULAR VALUES GOODSV(J), J = 1,...,NGOOD.                        LSV08200
C                                                                              LSV08210
C      THIS IMPLEMENTATION FIRST COMPUTES ALL OF THE RELEVANT               LSV08220

```

```

C      T-EIGENVECTORS OF THE SYMMETRIC TRIDIAGONAL MATRICES      LSV08230
C      IN THE VECTOR, TVEC.                                       LSV08240
C                                                                  LSV08250
C      THEN, AS EACH OF THE LANCZOS VECTORS IS REGENERATED, ALL   LSV08260
C      OF THE B-MATRIX RITZ VECTORS CORRESPONDING TO THESE       LSV08270
C      T-EIGENVECTORS ARE UPDATED USING THE CURRENTLY-GENERATED   LSV08280
C      LANCZOS VECTOR.  LANCZOS VECTORS ARE GENERATED (NOTE      LSV08290
C      THAT THEY ARE NOT BEING KEPT), UNTIL ENOUGH HAVE          LSV08300
C      BEEN GENERATED TO MAP THE LONGEST T-EIGENVECTOR INTO ITS   LSV08310
C      CORRESPONDING B-MATRIX RITZ VECTOR.  THE ARRAY RITVEC      LSV08320
C      CONTAINS THE SUCCESSIVE RITZ VECTORS WHICH ARE THEN        LSV08330
C      SPLIT INTO APPROXIMATIONS TO THE LEFT AND RIGHT SINGULAR   LSV08340
C      VECTORS OF THE USER-SUPPLIED MATRIX A.                    LSV08350
C                                                                  LSV08360
C                                                                  LSV08370
C-----PARAMETER CONTROLS FOR SINGULAR VECTOR PROGRAMS----- LSV08380
C                                                                  LSV08390
C                                                                  LSV08400
C      PARAMETER CONTROLS ARE INTRODUCED TO ALLOW SEGMENTATION OF THE LSV08410
C      SINGULAR VECTOR COMPUTATIONS AND TO ALLOW VARIOUS COMBINATIONS LSV08420
C      OF READ/Writes.                                           LSV08430
C                                                                  LSV08440
C      THE FLAG MBOUND ALLOWS THE USER TO DETERMINE A FIRST GUESS ON THE LSV08450
C      STORAGE THAT WILL BE REQUIRED BY THE T-EIGENVECTORS FOR THE  LSV08460
C      SINGULAR VALUES WHOSE SINGULAR VECTORS ARE TO BE COMPUTED. LSV08470
C      THIS CAN BE USED TO ESTIMATE THE REQUIRED SIZE OF THE TVEC ARRAY. LSV08480
C                                                                  LSV08490
C      MBOUND = (0,1) MEANS                                       LSV08500
C                                                                  LSV08510
C          (0)  PROGRAM COMPUTES FIRST GUESSES AT THE SIZES      LSV08520
C                OF THE T-MATRICES REQUIRED BY EACH OF THE        LSV08530
C                SINGULAR VALUES SUPPLIED AND THEN CONTINUES   LSV08540
C                WITH THE CORRESPONDING T-EIGENVECTOR            LSV08550
C                COMPUTATIONS.                                    LSV08560
C                                                                  LSV08570
C          (1)  PROGRAM COMPUTES FIRST GUESSES AT THE SIZES      LSV08580
C                OF THE T-MATRICES REQUIRED BY EACH OF THE        LSV08590
C                SINGULAR VALUES SUPPLIED, STORES THESE IN FILE LSV08600
C                10 AND THEN TERMINATES.  THE USER CAN USE THESE LSV08610
C                SIZES TO ESTIMATE THE SIZE TVEC ARRAY NEEDED    LSV08620
C                FOR THE DESIRED T-EIGENVECTOR COMPUTATIONS.     LSV08630
C                                                                  LSV08640
C      THE FLAGS NTVCON, TVSTOP, LVCONT, AND ERCONT CONTROL THE STOPPING LSV08650
C      CRITERIA FOR INTERMEDIATE POINTS IN THE LANCZOS PROCEDURE.  THEY LSV08660
C      TERMINATE THE PROCEDURE IF VARIOUS SPECIFIED QUANTITIES COULD LSV08670
C      NOT BE COMPUTED AS DESIRED.                                 LSV08680
C                                                                  LSV08690
C      NTVCON = (0,1) MEANS                                       LSV08700
C                                                                  LSV08710
C          (0)  IF THE ESTIMATED STORAGE FOR THE T-EIGENVECTORS   LSV08720
C                EXCEEDS THE USER-SPECIFIED DIMENSION OF THE    LSV08730
C                TVEC ARRAY PROGRAM DOES NOT CONTINUE WITH THE   LSV08740
C                T-EIGENVECTOR COMPUTATIONS.  TERMINATION OCCURS. LSV08750
C                                                                  LSV08760
C          (1)  CONTINUE WITH THE T-EIGENVECTOR COMPUTATIONS     LSV08770

```

```

C          EVEN IF THE ESTIMATED STORAGE FOR TVEC EXCEEDS      LSV08780
C          THE USER-SPECIFIED DIMENSION OF THE TVEC ARRAY.    LSV08790
C          IN THIS SITUATION THE PROGRAM COMPUTES AS MANY      LSV08800
C          T-EIGENVECTORS AS IT HAS ROOM FOR, IN THE SAME      LSV08810
C          ORDER IN WHICH THE SINGULAR VALUES ARE SUPPLIED.   LSV08820
C                                                                LSV08830
C          SVTVEC = (0,1) MEANS                                LSV08840
C                                                                LSV08850
C          (0) DO NOT STORE THE COMPUTED T-EIGENVECTORS ON      LSV08860
C          FILE 11 UNLESS ALSO HAVE THE FLAG TVSTOP = 1,        LSV08870
C          IN WHICH CASE THE T-EIGENVECTORS ARE ALWAYS          LSV08880
C          WRITTEN TO FILE 11.                                   LSV08890
C                                                                LSV08900
C          (1) STORE THE COMPUTED T-EIGENVECTORS ON FILE 11.    LSV08910
C                                                                LSV08920
C          TVSTOP = (0,1) MEANS                                  LSV08930
C                                                                LSV08940
C          (0) ATTEMPT TO CONTINUE ON TO THE COMPUTATION        LSV08950
C          OF THE B-MATRIX RITZVECTORS AFTER COMPLETING THE    LSV08960
C          COMPUTATION OF THE T-EIGENVECTORS.                   LSV08970
C                                                                LSV08980
C          (1) TERMINATE AFTER COMPUTING THE                    LSV08990
C          T-EIGENVECTORS AND STORING THEM ON FILE 11.          LSV09000
C                                                                LSV09010
C          LVCONT = (0,1) MEANS                                  LSV09020
C                                                                LSV09030
C          (0) IF SOME OF THE T-EIGENVECTORS THAT WERE          LSV09040
C          REQUESTED WERE NOT COMPUTED, EXIT                     LSV09050
C          FROM THE PROGRAM WITHOUT COMPUTING THE                LSV09060
C          CORRESPONDING RITZ VECTORS.                           LSV09070
C                                                                LSV09080
C          (1) CONTINUE ON TO THE RITZ VECTOR COMPUTATIONS      LSV09090
C          EVEN IF NOT ALL OF THE T-EIGENVECTORS THAT           LSV09100
C          WERE REQUESTED WERE COMPUTED.                         LSV09110
C                                                                LSV09120
C          ERCONT = (0,1) MEANS                                  LSV09130
C                                                                LSV09140
C          (0) PROGRAM WILL NOT COMPUTE THE RITZ                LSV09150
C          VECTOR FOR ANY SINGULAR VALUE FOR WHICH NO            LSV09160
C          T-EIGENVECTOR WHICH SATISFIES THE ERROR              LSV09170
C          ESTIMATE TEST (ERTOL) HAS BEEN IDENTIFIED.            LSV09180
C                                                                LSV09190
C          (1) A RITZ VECTOR WILL BE COMPUTED FOR EVERY          LSV09200
C          SINGULAR VALUE FOR WHICH A T-EIGENVECTOR HAS BEEN    LSV09210
C          COMPUTED REGARDLESS OF WHETHER OR NOT THAT            LSV09220
C          T-EIGENVECTOR SATISFIES THE ERROR ESTIMATE TEST.     LSV09230
C                                                                LSV09240
C                                                                LSV09250
C-----INPUT/OUTPUT FILES FOR THE SINGULAR VECTOR COMPUTATIONS----- LSV09260
C                                                                LSV09270
C                                                                LSV09280
C          ANY INPUT DATA OTHER THAN THE T-MATRIX HISTORY FILE AND THE LSV09290
C          PREVIOUSLY COMPUTED SINGULAR VALUES AND ERROR ESTIMATES LSV09300
C          SHOULD BE STORED ON FILE 5 IN FREE FORMAT.  SEE SAMPLE LSV09310
C          INPUT/OUTPUT FOR TYPICAL INPUT FILE.                 LSV09320

```



```

C
C      FILE 6 WAS USED AS THE INTERACTIVE TERMINAL OUTPUT FILE.
C      THIS FILE PROVIDES A RUNNING ACCOUNT OF THE PROGRESS OF THE
C      COMPUTATIONS.  ADDITIONAL PRINTOUT IS GENERATED WHEN
C      THE FLAG IWRITE = 1.
C
C
C DESCRIPTION OF OTHER I/O FILES
C
C FILE (K)      CONTAINS:
C
C      (2)      INPUT FILE:
C                PREVIOUSLY-GENERATED T-MATRICES (BETA ARRAY)
C                AND THE FINAL TWO LANCZOS VECTORS USED ON THAT
C                COMPUTATION.  THIS PROGRAM ALLOWS ENLARGEMENT
C                OF ANY T-MATRICES PROVIDED ON FILE 2.
C
C      (3)      INPUT FILE:
C                THE SINGULAR VALUES FOR WHICH CORRESPONDING
C                SINGULAR VECTORS ARE REQUESTED.  FILE 3 ALSO
C                CONTAINS THE T-MULTIPLICITIES OF THESE SINGULAR
C                VALUES (AS T-EIGENVALUES) AND THEIR COMPUTED GAPS
C                BOTH THE T-MATRICES AND IN THE USER-SUPPLIED MATRIX.
C                THIS FILE IS CREATED IN THE LANCZOS SINGULAR
C                VALUE COMPUTATIONS.
C
C      (4)      INPUT FILE:
C                ERROR ESTIMATES FOR THE ISOLATED SINGULAR VALUES
C                OF FILE 3.  THIS FILE IS CREATED DURING THE LANCZOS
C                SINGULAR VALUE COMPUTATIONS.
C
C      (8)      INPUT FILE:
C                USPEC SUBROUTINE ASSUMES THAT THE USER-
C                SUPPLIED MATRIX IS ON FILE 8.
C
C      (9)      OUTPUT FILE:
C                ERROR ESTIMATES FOR THE COMPUTED RITZ VECTORS CONSIDERED
C                AS EIGENVECTORS OF THE B-MATRIX.  THESE ESTIMATES
C                ARE OF THE FORM
C                BERROR = || B*RITVEC - SVAL*RITVEC ||
C                WHERE B DENOTES THE M+N ORDER SYMMETRIC MATRIX
C                ASSOCIATED WITH THE USER-SUPPLIED MATRIX A, SVAL
C                DENOTES THE SINGULAR VALUE BEING CONSIDERED AND
C                RITVEC DENOTES THE ASSOCIATED COMPUTED RITZ VECTOR.
C
C      (10)     OUTPUT FILE:
C                GUESSES AT APPROPRIATE SIZE T-MATRICES FOR THE
C                T-EIGENVECTORS FOR EACH SUPPLIED SINGULAR VALUE
C                IN THE ARRAY GOODSV(J),  J = 1,...,NGOOD.
C
C      (11)     OUTPUT FILE:
C                COMPUTED T-EIGENVECTORS CORRESPONDING TO SINGULAR
C                VALUES IN THE GOODSV ARRAY.  NOTE THAT IT IS POSSIBLE
C                IN CERTAIN SITUATIONS THAT FOR SOME SINGULAR VALUES
C                SUPPLIED IN THE GOODSV ARRAY A T-EIGENVECTOR WILL

```

```

LSV09330
LSV09340
LSV09350
LSV09360
LSV09370
LSV09380
LSV09390
LSV09400
LSV09410
LSV09420
LSV09430
LSV09440
LSV09450
LSV09460
LSV09470
LSV09480
LSV09490
LSV09500
LSV09510
LSV09520
LSV09530
LSV09540
LSV09550
LSV09560
LSV09570
LSV09580
LSV09590
LSV09600
LSV09610
LSV09620
LSV09630
LSV09640
LSV09650
LSV09660
LSV09670
LSV09680
LSV09690
LSV09700
LSV09710
LSV09720
LSV09730
LSV09740
LSV09750
LSV09760
LSV09770
LSV09780
LSV09790
LSV09800
LSV09810
LSV09820
LSV09830
LSV09840
LSV09850
LSV09860
LSV09870

```

```

C          NOT BE COMPUTED. LSV09880
C
C          (12) OUTPUT FILE: LSV09890
C                  CONTAINS COMPUTED RITZ VECTORS CORRESPONDING TO LSV09900
C                  THE T-EIGENVECTORS ON FILE 11. NOTE THAT IN LSV09910
C                  SOME SITUATIONS THAT FOR SOME SINGULAR VALUES IN LSV09920
C                  THE GOODSV ARRAY FOR WHICH T-EIGENVECTORS HAVE LSV09930
C                  BEEN COMPUTED NO CORRESPONDING RITZ VECTOR WILL LSV09940
C                  HAVE BEEN COMPUTED. LSV09950
C                  LSV09960
C                  LSV09970
C          (13) OUTPUT FILE: LSV09980
C                  ADDITIONAL INFORMATION ABOUT THE BOUNDS AND ERROR LSV09990
C                  ESTIMATES OBTAINED. LSV10000
C                  LSV10010
C                  LSV10020
C-----SEEDS FOR SINGULAR VECTOR PROGRAMS-----LSV10030
C                  LSV10040
C          SEEDS FOR RANDOM NUMBER GENERATOR GENRAN LSV10050
C              (1) SVSEED = INTEGER*4 SCALAR USED IN THE SUBROUTINE LSV10060
C                  GENRAN TO GENERATE THE STARTING VECTOR FOR LSV10070
C                  THE REGENERATION OF THE LANZOS VECTORS. LSV10080
C                  LSV10090
C              (2) RHSEED = INTEGER*4 SCALAR USED IN THE SUBROUTINE LSV10100
C                  GENRAN TO GENERATE A RANDOM VECTOR FOR LSV10110
C                  USE IN SUBROUTINE INVERM. LSV10120
C                  LSV10130
C          USER SHOULD NOTE THAT SVSEED MUST BE THE SAME SEED THAT LSV10140
C          WAS USED TO GENERATE THE T-MATRICES THAT WERE USED TO LSV10150
C          COMPUTE THE SINGULAR VALUES WHOSE SINGULAR VECTORS ARE TO BE LSV10160
C          COMPUTED. SVSEED IS READ IN FROM FILE 3. LSV10170
C                  LSV10180
C                  LSV10190
C-----USER-SPECIFIED PARAMETERS FOR THE SINGULAR VECTOR PROGRAMS-----LSV10200
C                  LSV10210
C                  LSV10220
C          NGOOD   = NUMBER OF SINGULAR VALUES READ INTO THE GOODSV ARRAY LSV10230
C                  READ FROM FILE 3. LSV10240
C                  LSV10250
C          M       = ROW ORDER OF THE USER-SUPPLIED MATRIX. LSV10260
C                  LSV10270
C          N       = COLUMN ORDER OF THE USER-SUPPLIED MATRIX. LSV10280
C                  LSV10290
C          MEV     = SIZE OF THE T-MATRIX THAT WAS USED TO COMPUTE LSV10300
C                  THE SINGULAR VALUES WHOSE SINGULAR VECTORS ARE LSV10310
C                  REQUESTED. MEV IS READ IN FROM FILE 3. LSV10320
C                  LSV10330
C          KMAX    = SIZE OF THE T-MATRIX PROVIDED ON FILE 2. LSV10340
C                  LSV10350
C          MDIMTV  = MAXIMUM CUMULATIVE SIZE OF THE TVEC ARRAY ALLOWED LSV10360
C                  FOR ALL OF THE T-EIGENVECTORS REQUIRED. MDIMTV LSV10370
C                  MUST NOT EXCEED THE USER-SPECIFIED DIMENSION OF LSV10380
C                  THE TVEC ARRAY. PROGRAM CAN BE RUN WITH THE FLAG LSV10390
C                  MBOUND = 1 TO DETERMINE AN EDUCATED GUESS ON AN LSV10400
C                  APPROPRIATE DIMENSION FOR THE TVEC ARRAY. LSV10410
C                  LSV10420

```

```

C      MDIMRV = MAXIMUM CUMULATIVE SIZE OF THE RITVEC ARRAY ALLOWED      LSV10430
C      FOR ALL OF THE RITZ VECTORS TO BE COMPUTED. MDIMRV              LSV10440
C      MUST NOT EXCEED THE USER-SPECIFIED DIMENSION OF                 LSV10450
C      THE RITVEC ARRAY. MUST BE SELECTED SO THAT                      LSV10460
C      THERE IS ENOUGH ROOM FOR A RITZ VECTOR FOR EVERY                LSV10470
C      GOODEV(J) READ INTO PROGRAM. (>= NGOOD*(M+N))                   LSV10480
C                                                                       LSV10490
C                                                                       LSV10500
C-----ARRAYS REQUIRED BY THE SINGULAR VECTOR PROGRAMS-----LSV10510
C                                                                       LSV10520
C                                                                       LSV10530
C      BETA(J) = REAL*8 ARRAY. ITS DIMENSION MUST BE AT LEAST          LSV10540
C      KMAXN+1, WHERE KMAXN IS THE LARGEST SIZE T-MATRIX               LSV10550
C      CONSIDERED BY THE PROGRAM. NOTE THAT KMAXN IS THE                LSV10560
C      LARGER OF THE SIZE OF THE BETA HISTORY PROVIDED                  LSV10570
C      ON FILE 2 (IF ANY ) AND THE SIZE WHICH THE PROGRAM              LSV10580
C      SPECIFIES INTERNALLY, THIS LATTER IS ALWAYS                      LSV10590
C      < = 11*MEV / 8 + 12, WHERE MEV IS THE SIZE                      LSV10600
C      T-MATRIX THAT WAS USED IN THE CORRESPONDING                     LSV10610
C      SINGULAR VALUE COMPUTATIONS. BETA CONTAINS THE                  LSV10620
C      NONZERO ENTRIES OF THE LANCZOS T-MATRICES.                      LSV10630
C      BETA IS NOT DESTROYED IN THE COMPUTATIONS.                      LSV10640
C      THE DIAGONAL ENTRIES OF THE T-MATRICES ARE ALL ZERO.           LSV10650
C                                                                       LSV10660
C      RITVEC(J) = REAL*8 ARRAY. IT DIMENSION MUST BE > = NGOOD*(M+N) LSV10670
C      WHERE THE USER-SUPPLIED MATRIX IS MXN                          LSV10680
C      AND NGOOD IS THE NUMBER OF SINGULAR VALUES WHOSE               LSV10690
C      SINGULAR VECTORS ARE TO BE COMPUTED. IT CONTAINS                 LSV10700
C      THE COMPUTED APPROXIMATE SINGULAR VECTORS OF A.                  LSV10710
C      THESE COMPUTED RITZ VECTORS ARE STORED ON FILE 12.              LSV10720
C                                                                       LSV10730
C      TVEC(J) = REAL*8 ARRAY. ITS DIMENSION MUST BE AT LEAST          LSV10740
C      MTOL = |MA(1)| + |MA(2)| + ... + |MA(NGOOD)|                     LSV10750
C      WHERE NGOOD IS THE NUMBER OF SINGULAR VALUES BEING             LSV10760
C      CONSIDERED AND |MA(J)| IS THE SIZE OF THE                       LSV10770
C      T-MATRIX BEING USED FOR THE B-MATRIX RITZ VECTOR                LSV10780
C      COMPUTATION FOR GOODSV(J). THESE SIZES                          LSV10790
C      ARE COMPUTED BY THE PROGRAM. AN ESTIMATE OF                     LSV10800
C      MTOL CAN BE OBTAINED BY SETTING MBOUND = 1,                     LSV10810
C      RUNNING THE PROGRAM, AND THEN MULTIPLYING THE                   LSV10820
C      RESULTING TOTAL T-SIZE SPECIFIED BY 5/4. THE TVEC               LSV10830
C      ARRAY CONTAINS THE COMPUTED T-EIGENVECTORS. IF                  LSV10840
C      THE FLAG SVTVEC = 1 OR THE FLAG TVSTOP = 1, THEN                 LSV10850
C      THESE VECTORS ARE SAVED ON FILE 11.                              LSV10860
C                                                                       LSV10870
C      V1(J) = REAL*8 ARRAY. ITS DIMENSION MUST BE GREATER             LSV10880
C      THAN THE MAXIMUM OF KMAX AND M, WHERE M IS                      LSV10890
C      THE ROW ORDER OF THE GIVEN MATRIX. V1 IS USED                   LSV10900
C      IN THE SUBROUTINE INVERM AND IN THE REGENERATION                 LSV10910
C      OF THE LANCZOS VECTORS.                                          LSV10920
C                                                                       LSV10930
C      V2(J) = REAL*8 ARRAY. ITS DIMENSION MUST BE GREATER             LSV10940
C      THAN MAX(KMAX,N), WHERE N IS THE COLUMN ORDER OF                LSV10950
C      THE GIVEN MATRIX. IT IS USED IN THE REGENERATION                LSV10960
C      OF THE LANCZOS VECTORS AND IN SUBROUTINE INVERM.                LSV10970

```

```

C                                                    LSV10980
C  GOODSV(J), = REAL*8 ARRAYS EACH OF DIMENSION AT LEAST NGOOD. LSV10990
C  SVNEW(J)   CONTAIN THE SINGULAR VALUES FOR WHICH          LSV11000
C              SINGULAR VECTORS ARE REQUESTED.  SINGULAR VALUES LSV11010
C              IN GOODSV ARE READ IN FROM FILE 3.             LSV11020
C                                                    LSV11030
C  BMINGP(J), = REAL*4 ARRAYS OF DIMENSION AT LEAST NGOOD.   LSV11040
C  TMINGP(J)  CONTAIN, RESPECTIVELY, THE MINIMAL GAPS FOR      LSV11050
C              CORRESPONDING SINGULAR VALUES IN GOODSV ARRAY IN LSV11060
C              B-MATRIX AND IN T-MATRIX.                      LSV11070
C                                                    LSV11080
C  TERR(J), ERR(J), = REAL*4 ARRAYS (EXCEPT TLAST WHICH IS  LSV11090
C  ERRDGP(J), TLAST(J) REAL*8).  EACH MUST BE OF DIMENSION    LSV11100
C  RNORM(J), TBETA(J) AT LEAST NGOOD.  USED TO STORE QUANTITIES LSV11110
C              GENERATED DURING THE COMPUTATIONS FOR          LSV11120
C              LATER PRINTOUT.                                 LSV11130
C                                                    LSV11140
C  G(J)       = REAL*4 ARRAY WHOSE DIMENSION MUST BE AT LEAST LSV11150
C              MAX(KMAX,M,N).  USED IN SUBROUTINE GENRAN TO HOLD LSV11160
C              RANDOM NUMBERS NEEDED FOR THE LANCZOS VECTOR     LSV11170
C              REGENERATION AND FOR THE INVERSE ITERATION       LSV11180
C              COMPUTATIONS IN THE SUBROUTINE INVERM.           LSV11190
C                                                    LSV11200
C  MP(J) = INTEGER*4 ARRAY WHOSE DIMENSION IS AT LEAST NGOOD. LSV11210
C              INITIALLY CONTAINS THE T-MULTIPLICITY OF THE SINGULAR LSV11220
C              VALUE GOODSV(J) AS AN EIGENVALUE OF THE T-MATRIX. LSV11230
C              USED TO FLAG SINGULAR VALUES FOR WHICH NO T-EIGENVECTOR LSV11240
C              OR NO RITZ VECTOR IS TO BE COMPUTED.            LSV11250
C                                                    LSV11260
C  MA(J)      = INTEGER*4 ARRAYS EACH OF WHOSE DIMENSIONS      LSV11270
C              IS AT LEAST NGOOD.  USED IN DETERMINING          LSV11280
C              AN APPROPRIATE T-MATRIX FOR EACH SINGULAR VALUE  LSV11290
C              IN GOODSV ARRAY.                                  LSV11300
C                                                    LSV11310
C  MINT(J),MFIN(J) = INTEGER*4 ARRAYS WHOSE DIMENSIONS MUST BE AT LSV11320
C              LEAST NGOOD.  USED TO POINT TO THE BEGINNINGS    LSV11330
C              AND THE ENDS OF THE COMPUTED EIGENVECTOR         LSV11340
C              OF THE T-MATRIX, T(1,|MA(J)|).                   LSV11350
C                                                    LSV11360
C  IDELTA(J)  = INTEGER*4 ARRAY WHOSE DIMENSION MUST BE AT    LSV11370
C              LEAST NGOOD.  CONTAINS INCREMENTS USED IN LOOPS  LSV11380
C              ON APPROPRIATE SIZE T-MATRIX FOR THE T-EIGENVECTOR LSV11390
C              COMPUTATIONS.                                     LSV11400
C                                                    LSV11410
C                                                    LSV11420
C-----SUBROUTINES INCLUDED FOR THE SINGULAR VECTOR COMPUTATIONS----- LSV11430
C                                                    LSV11440
C                                                    LSV11450
C  STURMI = FOR EACH GIVEN SINGULAR VALUE GOODSV(J) DETERMINES LSV11460
C              THE SMALLEST SIZE T-MATRIX FOR WHICH GOODSV(J) IS LSV11470
C              A T-EIGENVALUE (TO WITHIN A GIVEN TOLERANCE) AND IF LSV11480
C              POSSIBLE THE SMALLEST SIZE T-MATRIX FOR WHICH    LSV11490
C              IT IS A DOUBLE T-EIGENVALUE (TO WITHIN THE SAME  LSV11500
C              TOLERANCE).  THE SIZE T-MATRIX USED IN THE       LSV11510
C              T-EIGENVECTOR COMPUTATIONS IS THEN DETERMINED BY LSV11520

```

[illegible]

6.3 LSVAL: Main Program, Eigenvalue Computations

```

C-----LSVAL (SINGULAR VALUES OF REAL, RECTANGULAR MATRICES-----LSV00010
C  Authors:  Jane Cullum and Ralph A. Willoughby (Deceased)          LSV00020
C              Los Alamos National Laboratory                        LSV00030
C              Los Alamos, New Mexico 87544                          LSV00040
C                                                                    LSV00050
C              E-mail:  cullumj@lanl.gov                             LSV00060
C                                                                    LSV00070
C  These codes are copyrighted by the authors.  These codes          LSV00080
C  and modifications of them or portions of them are NOT to be      LSV00090
C  incorporated into any commercial codes or used for any other      LSV00100
C  commercial purposes such as consulting for other companies,        LSV00110
C  without legal agreements with the authors of these Codes.         LSV00120
C  If these Codes or portions of them are used in other scientific or  LSV00130
C  engineering research works the names of the authors of these codes LSV00140
C  and appropriate references to their written work are to be         LSV00150
C  incorporated in the derivative works.                               LSV00160
C                                                                    LSV00170
C  This header is not to be removed from these codes.                LSV00180
C                                                                    LSV00190
C      REFERENCE: Cullum and Willoughby, Chapter 5                    LSV00191
C      Lanczos Algorithms for Large Symmetric Eigenvalue Computations LSV00192
C      VOL. 1 Theory. Republished as Volume 41 in SIAM CLASSICS in    LSV00193
C      Applied Mathematics, 2002. SIAM Publications,                  LSV00194
C      Philadelphia, PA. USA                                           LSV00195
C                                                                    LSV00196
C                                                                    LSV00197
C                                                                    LSV00200
C  CONTAINS MAIN PROGRAM FOR COMPUTING DISTINCT SINGULAR VALUES OF  LSV00210
C  A REAL M X N MATRIX USING LANCZOS TRIDIAGONALIZATION WITHOUT      LSV00220
C  REORTHOGONALIZATION AND WITH SPECIAL STARTING VECTORS.           LSV00230
C                                                                    LSV00240
C  FOR A GIVEN REAL MATRIX A OF ORDER M X N THE LANCZOS RECURSION    LSV00250
C  IS APPLIED TO THE ASSOCIATED REAL SYMMETRIC MATRIX B OF ORDER     LSV00260
C  MN = M + N                                                         LSV00270
C                                                                    LSV00280
C                                                                    LSV00290
C                                                                    LSV00300
C              B =      |  0      A  |                                LSV00310
C                      |          |                                LSV00320
C                      |  A-TRANSPOSE  0  |                          LSV00330
C                      ----      ----                               LSV00340
C                                                                    LSV00350
C  USING SPECIAL STARTING VECTORS.  PLEASE NOTE: ONLY EVEN ORDER    LSV00360
C  LANCZOS TRIDIAGONAL MATRICES AND ONLY NONNEGATIVE SUBINTERVALS   LSV00370
C  ARE PERMISSIBLE.                                                  LSV00380
C                                                                    LSV00390
C  PFORT VERIFIER IDENTIFIED THE FOLLOWING NONPORTABLE               LSV00400
C  CONSTRUCTIONS                                                     LSV00410
C                                                                    LSV00420
C  1.  DATA/MACHEP/ STATEMENT                                       LSV00430
C  2.  ALL READ(5,*) STATEMENTS (FREE FORMAT)                       LSV00440
C  3.  FORMAT(20A4) USED WITH EXPLANATORY HEADER EXPLAN.           LSV00440

```

C	4. HEXADECIMAL FORMAT (4Z20) USED IN BETA FILES.	LSV00450
C		LSV00460
C	-----	LSV00470
	DOUBLE PRECISION BETA(5001),V1(5000),V2(5000),VS(5000)	LSV00480
	DOUBLE PRECISION LB(20),UB(20)	LSV00490
	DOUBLE PRECISION BTOL,GAPTOL,TTOL,MACHEP,EPSM,RELTOL	LSV00500
	DOUBLE PRECISION SCALE1,SCALE2,SCALE3,SCALE4,BISTOL,CONTOL,MULTOLLSV00510	
	DOUBLE PRECISION ONE,ZERO,TEMP,TKMAX,BETAM,BKMIN,T0,T1	LSV00520
	REAL G(5000),EXPLAN(20)	LSV00530
	INTEGER MP(5000),NMEV(20)	LSV00540
	INTEGER SVSEED,RHSEED,SVSOLD	LSV00550
	INTEGER IABS	LSV00560
	REAL ABS	LSV00570
	DOUBLE PRECISION DABS, DSQRT, DFLOAT	LSV00580
	EXTERNAL SVMAT,STRAN	LSV00590
C	-----	LSV00600
	DATA MACHEP/Z3410000000000000/	LSV00610
	EPSM = 2.0D0*MACHEP	LSV00620
C	-----	LSV00630
C		LSV00640
C	ARRAYS MUST BE DIMENSIONED AS FOLLOWS:	LSV00650
C	1. BETA: >= (KMAX+1) WHERE KMAX IS READ IN AND IS	LSV00660
C	THE SIZE OF THE LARGEST T-MATRIX THAT CAN BE CONSIDERED.	LSV00670
C	2. V1: >= MAX(M,KMAX+1)	LSV00680
C	3. V2: >= MAX(N,KMAX)	LSV00690
C	4. VS: >= KMAX	LSV00700
C	5. G: >= MAX(2*KMAX,M,N)	LSV00710
C	6. MP: >= KMAX	LSV00720
C	7. LB,UB: >= NUMBER OF SUBINTERVALS SUPPLIED TO BISEC.	LSV00730
C	8. NMEV: >= NUMBER OF T-MATRICES ALLOWED.	LSV00740
C	9. EXPLAN: DIMENSION IS 20.	LSV00750
C		LSV00760
C		LSV00770
C	IMPORTANT TOLERANCES OR SCALES THAT ARE USED REPEATEDLY	LSV00780
C	THROUGHOUT THIS PROGRAM ARE THE FOLLOWING:	LSV00790
C	SCALED MACHINE EPSILON: TTOL = TKMAX*EPSM WHERE	LSV00800
C	EPSM = 2*MACHINE EPSILON AND	LSV00810
C	TKMAX = MAX(BETA(J), J = 1,MEV)	LSV00820
C	BISEC CONVERGENCE TOLERANCE: BISTOL = DSQRT(1000+MEV)*TTOL	LSV00830
C	BISEC MULTIPLICITY TOLERANCE: MULTOL = (1000+MEV)*TTOL	LSV00840
C	LANCZOS CONVERGENCE TOLERANCE: CONTOL = BETA(MEV+1)*1.D-10	LSV00850
C	-----	LSV00860
C	OUTPUT HEADER	LSV00870
	WRITE(6,10)	LSV00880
C	10 FORMAT('/ LANCZOS PROCEDURE FOR REAL, RECTANGULAR MATRICES'/)	LSV00890
C		LSV00900
C	SET PROGRAM PARAMETERS	LSV00910
C	SCALEK ARE USED IN TOLERANCES NEEDED IN SUBROUTINES LUMP,	LSV00920
C	ISOEV AND PRTEST. USER MUST NOT MODIFY THESE SCALES.	LSV00930
	SCALE1 = 5.0D2	LSV00940
	SCALE2 = 5.0D0	LSV00950
	SCALE3 = 5.0D0	LSV00960
	SCALE4 = 1.0D4	LSV00970
	ONE = 1.0D0	LSV00980
	ZERO = 0.0D0	LSV00990

	BTOL = 1.0D-8	LSV01000
C	BTOL = EPSM	LSV01010
	GAPTOL = 1.0D-8	LSV01020
	ICONV = 0	LSV01030
	MOLD = 0	LSV01040
	MOLD1 = 1	LSV01050
	ICT = 0	LSV01060
	MMB = 0	LSV01070
	IPROJ = 0	LSV01080
C		LSV01090
C	READ USER-SPECIFIED PARAMETERS FROM INPUT FILE 5 (FREE FORMAT)	LSV01100
C		LSV01110
C	READ USER-PROVIDED HEADERS FOR RUN	LSV01120
	READ(5,20) EXPLAN	LSV01130
	WRITE(6,20) EXPLAN	LSV01140
	READ(5,20) EXPLAN	LSV01150
	WRITE(6,20) EXPLAN	LSV01160
20	FORMAT(20A4)	LSV01170
C		LSV01180
C	READ THE ROW ORDER M OF THE MATRIX AND THE COLUMN ORDER N.	LSV01190
C	READ THE MAXIMUM ORDER OF THE T-MATRICES ALLOWED (KMAX),	LSV01200
C	THE NUMBER OF T-MATRICES ALLOWED (NMEVS), AND A	LSV01210
C	MATRIX IDENTIFICATION NUMBER (MATNO).	LSV01220
	READ(5,20) EXPLAN	LSV01230
	READ(5,*) M,N,KMAX,NMEVS,MATNO	LSV01240
	NM = M + N	LSV01250
C		LSV01260
C	READ SEEDS FOR LANCZS AND INVERR SUBROUTINES (SVSEED AND RHSEED)	LSV01270
C	READ MAXIMUM NUMBER OF ITERATIONS ALLOWED FOR EACH INVERSE	LSV01280
C	ITERATION (MXINIT) AND MAXIMUM NUMBER OF STURM SEQUENCES	LSV01290
C	ALLOWED (MXSTUR)	LSV01300
	READ(5,20) EXPLAN	LSV01310
	READ(5,*) SVSEED,RHSEED,MXINIT,MXSTUR	LSV01320
C		LSV01330
C	ISTART = (0,1): ISTART = 0 MEANS BETA FILE IS NOT	LSV01340
C	AVAILABLE. ISTART = 1 MEANS BETA FILE IS AVAILABLE ON	LSV01350
C	FILE 2.	LSV01360
C	ISTOP = (0,1): ISTOP = 0 MEANS PROCEDURE GENERATES BETA	LSV01370
C	FILE AND THEN TERMINATES. ISTOP = 1 MEANS PROCEDURE GENERATES	LSV01380
C	BETAS IF NEEDED AND THEN COMPUTES SINGULAR VALUES AND	LSV01390
C	ERROR ESTIMATES AND THEN TERMINATES.	LSV01400
	READ(5,20) EXPLAN	LSV01410
	READ(5,*) ISTART,ISTOP	LSV01420
C		LSV01430
C	IHIS = (0,1): IHIS = 0 MEANS BETA FILE IS NOT WRITTEN	LSV01440
C	TO FILE 1. IHIS = 1 MEANS BETA FILE IS WRITTEN TO FILE 1.	LSV01450
C	IDIST = (0,1): IDIST = 0 MEANS DISTINCT T-EIGENVALUES	LSV01460
C	ARE NOT WRITTEN TO FILE 11. IDIST = 1 MEANS DISTINCT	LSV01470
C	T-EIGENVALUES ARE WRITTEN TO FILE 11.	LSV01480
C	IWRITE = (0,1): IWRITE = 0 MEANS NO INTERMEDIATE OUTPUT	LSV01490
C	FROM THE COMPUTATIONS IS WRITTEN TO FILE 6. IWRITE = 1 MEANS	LSV01500
C	T-EIGENVALUES AND ERROR ESTIMATES ARE WRITTEN TO FILE 6	LSV01510
C	AS THEY ARE COMPUTED. SPECIFY THE PARITY (IPAR) OF THE	LSV01520
C	LANCZOS STARTING VECTOR. IF M > N, THEN IPAR = 1,	LSV01530
C	IF M < N, THEN IPAR = 2.	LSV01540


```

      READ(5,20) EXPLAN                                LSV01550
      READ(5,*) IHIS,IDIST,IWRITE,IPAR                  LSV01560
      IF(M.GT.N) IPAR = 1                               LSV01570
      IF(M.LT.N) IPAR = 2                               LSV01580
      IPAR0 = IPAR                                       LSV01590
C                                                     LSV01600
C      READ IN THE RELATIVE TOLERANCE (RELTOL) FOR USE IN THE LSV01610
C      SPURIOUS, T-MULTIPLICITY, AND PRTEST TESTS.      LSV01620
      READ(5,20) EXPLAN                                LSV01630
      READ(5,*) RELTOL                                  LSV01640
C                                                     LSV01650
C      READ IN THE SIZES OF THE T-MATRICES TO BE CONSIDERED. LSV01660
C      NOTE THAT ONLY EVEN ORDER T-SIZES ARE PERMISSIBLE. LSV01670
      READ(5,20) EXPLAN                                LSV01680
      READ(5,*) (NMEV(J), J=1,NMEVS)                   LSV01690
C                                                     LSV01700
C      CHECK TO SEE THAT ALL T-SIZES PROVIDED ARE EVEN ORDERED. LSV01710
C      TERMINATE IF THAT IS NOT THE CASE.               LSV01720
      DO 30 I = 1,NMEVS                                 LSV01730
      NMEV2 = NMEV(I)/2                                 LSV01740
      IF(2*NMEV2.NE.NMEV(I)) GO TO 670                  LSV01750
30 CONTINUE                                             LSV01760
C                                                     LSV01770
C      READ IN THE NUMBER OF SUBINTERVALS TO BE CONSIDERED. LSV01780
      READ(5,20) EXPLAN                                LSV01790
      READ(5,*) NINT                                    LSV01800
C                                                     LSV01810
C      READ IN THE LEFT-END POINTS OF THE SUBINTERVALS TO BE CONSIDERED. LSV01820
C      THESE MUST BE IN ALGEBRAICALLY INCREASING ORDER LSV01830
      READ(5,20) EXPLAN                                LSV01840
      READ(5,*) (LB(J), J=1,NINT)                      LSV01850
C                                                     LSV01860
C      READ IN THE RIGHT-END POINTS OF THE SUBINTERVALS TO BE CONSIDERED. LSV01870
C      THESE MUST BE IN ALGEBRAICALLY INCREASING ORDER LSV01880
      READ(5,20) EXPLAN                                LSV01890
      READ(5,*) (UB(J), J=1,NINT)                      LSV01900
C                                                     LSV01910
C-----LSV01920
C      INITIALIZE THE ARRAYS FOR THE USER-SPECIFIED MATRIX LSV01930
C      AND PASS THE STORAGE LOCATIONS OF THESE ARRAYS TO THE LSV01940
C      MATRIX-VECTOR MULTIPLY SUBROUTINES SVMAT AND STRAN. LSV01950
C                                                     LSV01960
      CALL USPEC(M,N,MATNO)                             LSV01970
C                                                     LSV01980
C-----LSV01990
C      MASK UNDERFLOW AND OVERFLOW                     LSV02000
C                                                     LSV02010
      CALL MASK                                           LSV02020
C                                                     LSV02030
C-----LSV02040
C                                                     LSV02050
C      WRITE TO FILE 6, A SUMMARY OF THE PARAMETERS FOR THIS RUN LSV02060
C                                                     LSV02070
      WRITE(6,40) MATNO,M,N,KMAX                        LSV02080
40 FORMAT(/3X,'MATRIX ID',5X,'M',5X,'N',4X,'MAX ORDER OF T'/' LSV02090

```

```

      1 I12,2I6,I18/)                                LSV02100
C                                                    LSV02110
      WRITE(6,50) ISTART,ISTOP                        LSV02120
      50 FORMAT(/2X,'ISTART',3X,'ISTOP'/2I8/)          LSV02130
C                                                    LSV02140
      WRITE(6,60) IHIS,IDIST,IWRITE,IPAR              LSV02150
      60 FORMAT(/4X,'IHIS',3X,'IDIST',2X,'IWRITE',4X,'IPAR'/4I8/) LSV02160
C                                                    LSV02170
      WRITE(6,70) SVSEED,RHSEED                       LSV02180
      70 FORMAT(/' SEEDS FOR RANDOM NUMBER GENERATOR'// LSV02190
      1 4X,'LANCZS SEED',4X,'INVERR SEED'/2I15/)       LSV02200
C                                                    LSV02210
      WRITE(6,80) (NMEV(J), J=1,NMEVS)                LSV02220
      80 FORMAT(/' SIZES OF T-MATRICES TO BE CONSIDERED'/(6I12)) LSV02230
C                                                    LSV02240
      WRITE(6,90) RELTOL,GAPTOL,BTOL                   LSV02250
      90 FORMAT(/' RELATIVE TOLERANCE USED TO COMBINE COMPUTED T-EIGENVALUES LSV02260
      1S'/E15.3/' RELATIVE GAP TOLERANCES USED IN INVERSE ITERATION'/ LSV02270
      1E15.3/' RELATIVE TOLERANCE FOR CHECK ON SIZE OF BETAS'/E15.3/) LSV02280
C                                                    LSV02290
      WRITE(6,100) (J,LB(J),UB(J), J=1,NINT)           LSV02300
      100 FORMAT(/' BISEC WILL BE USED ON THE FOLLOWING INTERVALS'/ LSV02310
      1 (I6,2E20.6)/)                                LSV02320
C                                                    LSV02330
      IF (ISTART.EQ.0.AND.IPAR.EQ.1) WRITE(6,110)      LSV02340
      IF (ISTART.EQ.0.AND.IPAR.EQ.2) WRITE(6,120)      LSV02350
      110 FORMAT(/' STARTING VECTOR IS OF FORM (0,V2)') LSV02360
      120 FORMAT(/' STARTING VECTOR IS OF FORM (V1,0)') LSV02370
C                                                    LSV02380
      IF (ISTART.EQ.0) GO TO 170                       LSV02390
C                                                    LSV02400
C                                                    LSV02410
      READ IN BETA HISTORY FROM FILE 2                  LSV02420
C                                                    LSV02430
      READ(2,130)MOLD,M0,N0,IPARO,IPAR,SVSOLD,MATOLD   LSV02440
      130 FORMAT(3I6,2I3,I12,I8)                       LSV02450
C                                                    LSV02460
      IF (KMAX.LT.MOLD) KMAX = MOLD                    LSV02470
      KMAX1 = KMAX + 1                                  LSV02480
C                                                    LSV02490
C                                                    LSV02500
      CHECK THAT M, N, MATRIX ID MATNO, AND RANDOM SEED SVSEED LSV02510
      AGREE WITH THOSE IN THE HISTORY FILE. IF NOT PROCEDURE STOPS. LSV02520
C                                                    LSV02530
      ITEMP = (M0-M)**2+(N0-N)**2+(MATNO-MATOLD)**2+(SVSEED-SVSOLD)**2 LSV02540
C                                                    LSV02550
      IF (ITEMP.EQ.0) GO TO 150                         LSV02560
C                                                    LSV02570
      WRITE(6,140)                                       LSV02580
      140 FORMAT(' PROGRAM TERMINATES'/' READ FROM FILE 2 CORRESPONDS TO LSV02590
      1 DIFFERENT MATRIX THAN MATRIX SPECIFIED'/)      LSV02600
      GO TO 690                                          LSV02610
C                                                    LSV02620
      150 CONTINUE                                       LSV02630
      MOLD1 = MOLD+1                                     LSV02640
C                                                    LSV02650
      READ(2,160)(BETA(J), J=1,MOLD1)

```



```

C-----LSV03200
C                                         LSV03210
      TTOL = EPSM*TKMAX                      LSV03220
C                                         LSV03230
C      LOOP ON THE SIZE OF THE T-MATRIX      LSV03240
C                                         LSV03250
210 CONTINUE                               LSV03260
      MMB = MMB + 1                          LSV03270
C      NOTE THAT ONLY EVEN ORDER T-SIZES ARE PERMISSIBLE.  LSV03280
      MEV = NMEV(MMB)                        LSV03290
C      IS MEV TOO LARGE ?                    LSV03300
      IF(MEV.LE.KMAX) GO TO 230               LSV03310
      WRITE(6,220) MMB, MEV, KMAX            LSV03320
220 FORMAT(/' TERMINATE PRIOR TO CONSIDERING THE',I6,'TH T-MATRIX'/ LSV03330
1' BECAUSE THE SIZE REQUESTED',I6,' IS GREATER THAN THE MAXIMUM SIZ LSV03340
1E ALLOWED',I6/)                             LSV03350
      GO TO 570                              LSV03360
C                                         LSV03370
230 MP1 = MEV + 1                           LSV03380
      BETAM = BETA(MP1)                      LSV03390
C                                         LSV03400
      IF (IB.GE.0) GO TO 240                 LSV03410
C                                         LSV03420
      TO = BTOL                             LSV03430
C                                         LSV03440
C-----LSV03450
C                                         LSV03460
      CALL TNORM(BETA,TO,T1,MEV,IBMEV)       LSV03470
C                                         LSV03480
C-----LSV03490
C                                         LSV03500
      TEMP = TO/TKMAX                        LSV03510
      IBMEV = IABS(IBMEV)                    LSV03520
      IF (TEMP.GE.BTOL) GO TO 240            LSV03530
      IBMEV = -IBMEV                         LSV03540
      GO TO 630                              LSV03550
C                                         LSV03560
240 CONTINUE                               LSV03570
      IC = MXSTUR-ICT                        LSV03580
C                                         LSV03590
C-----LSV03600
C      BISEC LOOP. THE SUBROUTINE BISEC INCORPORATES DIRECTLY THE LSV03610
C      T-MULTIPLICITY AND SPURIOUS TESTS. T-EIGENVALUES WILL BE LSV03620
C      CALCULATED BY BISEC SEQUENTIALLY ON INTERVALS LSV03630
C      (LB(J),UB(J)), J = 1,NINT).          LSV03640
C                                         LSV03650
C      ON RETURN FROM BISEC                  LSV03660
C      NDIS = NUMBER OF DISTINCT EIGENVALUES OF T(1,MEV) ON UNION LSV03670
C      OF THE (LB,UB) INTERVALS              LSV03680
C      VS = DISTINCT T-EIGENVALUES IN ALGEBRAICALLY INCREASING ORDER LSV03690
C      MP = T-MULTIPLICITIES OF THE T-EIGENVALUES STORED IN VS LSV03700
C      MP(I) = (0,1,MI), MI>1, I=1,NDIS MEANS: LSV03710
C      (0) VS(I) IS SPURIOUS                  LSV03720
C      (1) VS(I) IS T-SIMPLE AND GOOD          LSV03730
C      (MI) VS(I) IS T-MULTIPLE AND IS THEREFORE NOT ONLY GOOD BUT LSV03740

```

```

C          ALSO A CONVERGED GOOD T-EIGENVALUE.                                LSV03750
C                                                                                   LSV03760
C                                                                                   LSV03770
C          CALL BISEC(BETA,V1,V2,VS,LB,UB,EPSM,TTOL,MP,NINT,                    LSV03780
1 MEV,NDIS,IC,IWRITE)                                                           LSV03790
C                                                                                   LSV03800
C-----LSV03810
C                                                                                   LSV03820
C          IF (NDIS.EQ.0) GO TO 650                                             LSV03830
C                                                                                   LSV03840
C          COMPUTE THE TOTAL NUMBER OF STURM SEQUENCES USED TO DATE            LSV03850
C          COMPUTE THE BISEC CONVERGENCE AND T-MULTIPLICITY TOLERANCES USED.   LSV03860
C          COMPUTE THE CONVERGENCE TOLERANCE FOR T-EIGENVALUES.                LSV03870
C          ICT = ICT + IC                                                         LSV03880
C          TEMP = DFLOAT(MEV+1000)                                              LSV03890
C          MULTOL = TEMP*TTOL                                                    LSV03900
C          TEMP = DSQRT(TEMP)                                                    LSV03910
C          BISTOL = TTOL*TEMP                                                    LSV03920
C          CONTOL = BETAM*1.D-10                                                LSV03930
C                                                                                   LSV03940
C-----LSV03950
C          SUBROUTINE LUMP 'COMBINES' T-EIGENVALUES THAT ARE 'TOO CLOSE'.       LSV03960
C          NOTE HOWEVER THAT CLOSE SPURIOUS T-EIGENVALUES ARE NOT AVERAGED     LSV03970
C          WITH GOOD ONES. HOWEVER, THEY MAY BE USED TO INCREASE THE            LSV03980
C          T-MULTIPLICITY OF A GOOD T-EIGENVALUE.                              LSV03990
C                                                                                   LSV04000
C          LOOP = NDIS                                                           LSV04010
C          CALL LUMP(VS,RELTOL,MULTOL,SCALE2,MP,LOOP)                           LSV04020
C                                                                                   LSV04030
C-----LSV04040
C                                                                                   LSV04050
C          IF(NDIS.EQ.LOOP) GO TO 260                                           LSV04060
C                                                                                   LSV04070
C          WRITE(6,250) NDIS, MEV, LOOP                                         LSV04080
250 FORMAT(/I6,' DISTINCT T-EIGENVALUES WERE COMPUTED IN BISEC AT MEV           LSV04090
1=',I6/ 2X,' LUMP SUBROUTINE REDUCES NUMBER OF DISTINCT T-EIGENVALU          LSV04100
1ES TO',I6)                                                                     LSV04110
C                                                                                   LSV04120
260 CONTINUE                                                                     LSV04130
C          NDIS = LOOP                                                           LSV04140
C          BETA(MP1) = BETAM                                                     LSV04150
C                                                                                   LSV04160
C-----LSV04170
C          THE SUBROUTINE ISOEV LABELS THOSE SIMPLE T-EIGENVALUES OF T(1,MEV)  LSV04180
C          WITH VERY SMALL GAPS BETWEEN NEIGHBORING T-EIGENVALUES OF T(1,MEV) LSV04190
C          TO AVOID COMPUTING ERROR ESTIMATES FOR ANY SIMPLE GOOD               LSV04200
C          T-EIGENVALUE THAT IS TOO CLOSE TO A SPURIOUS T-EIGENVALUE.          LSV04210
C          ON RETURN FROM ISOEV, G CONTAINS CODED MINIMAL GAPS                 LSV04220
C          BETWEEN THE DISTINCT EIGENVALUES OF T(1,MEV). (G IS REAL).           LSV04230
C          G(I) < 0 MEANS MINGAP IS DUE TO LEFT GAP G(I) > 0 MEANS DUE TO       LSV04240
C          RIGHT GAP. MP(I) = -1 MEANS THAT THE GOOD T-EIGENVALUE IS SIMPLE     LSV04250
C          AND HAS A VERY SMALL MINGAP IN T(1,MEV) DUE TO A SPURIOUS            LSV04260
C          T-EIGENVALUE.                                                         LSV04270
C          NG = NUMBER OF GOOD T-EIGENVALUES.                                   LSV04280
C          NISO = NUMBER OF ISOLATED, GOOD T-EIGENVALUES.                       LSV04290

```

```

C                                                    LSV04300
      CALL ISOEV(VS,GAPTOL,MULTOL,SCALE1,G,MP,NDIS,NG,NISO)      LSV04310
C                                                    LSV04320
C-----LSV04330
C                                                    LSV04340
      WRITE(6,270)NG,NISO,NDIS      LSV04350
270 FORMAT(/I6,' SINGULAR VALUES HAVE BEEN COMPUTED'/
1 I6,' OF THESE ARE ISOLATED'/
2 I6,' = NUMBER OF DISTINCT T-EIGENVALUES COMPUTED'/)      LSV04360
C                                                    LSV04370
C                                                    LSV04380
C                                                    LSV04390
C      DO WE WRITE DISTINCT T-EIGENVALUES TO FILE 11?      LSV04400
      IF (IDIST.EQ.0) GO TO 310      LSV04410
C                                                    LSV04420
      WRITE(11,280) NDIS,NISO,MEV,M,N,SVSEED,MATNO      LSV04430
280 FORMAT(5I5,I12,I8,' = NDIS,NISO,MEV,M,N,SVSEED,MATNO'/)      LSV04440
C                                                    LSV04450
      WRITE(11,290) (MP(I),VS(I),G(I), I=1,NDIS)      LSV04460
290 FORMAT(2(I3,E25.16,E12.3))      LSV04470
C                                                    LSV04480
      WRITE(11,300) NDIS, (MP(I), I=1,NDIS)      LSV04490
300 FORMAT(/I6,' = NDIS, T-MULTIPLICITIES (0 MEANS SPURIOUS)'/(20I4))      LSV04500
C                                                    LSV04510
310 CONTINUE      LSV04520
C                                                    LSV04530
      IF (NISO.NE.0) GO TO 340      LSV04540
C                                                    LSV04550
      WRITE(4,320) MEV      LSV04560
320 FORMAT(/' AT MEV = ',I6,' THERE ARE NO ISOLATED T-EIGENVALUES'/
1' SO NO ERROR ESTIMATES WERE COMPUTED'/)      LSV04570
C                                                    LSV04580
C                                                    LSV04590
      WRITE(6,330)      LSV04600
330 FORMAT(/' ALL COMPUTED SINGULAR VALUES ARE T-MULTIPLE'/
1 ' THEREFORE ALL COMPUTED SINGULAR VALUES ARE ASSUMED TO HAVE CONVL
1ERGED'/)      LSV04610
C                                                    LSV04620
C                                                    LSV04630
C                                                    LSV04640
      ICONV = 1      LSV04650
      GO TO 380      LSV04660
C                                                    LSV04670
340 CONTINUE      LSV04680
C                                                    LSV04690
C-----LSV04700
C      SUBROUTINE INVERR COMPUTES ERROR ESTIMATES FOR ISOLATED GOOD      LSV04710
C      T-EIGENVALUES USING INVERSE ITERATION ON T(1,MEV). ON RETURN      LSV04720
C      G(J) = MINIMUM GAP IN T(1,MEV) FOR EACH VS(J), J=1,NDIS      LSV04730
C      G(MEV+I) = BETAM*|U(MEV)| = ERROR ESTIMATE FOR ISOLATED GOOD      LSV04740
C      T-EIGENVALUES, WHERE I = 1, NISO AND BETAM = BETA(MEV+1)      LSV04750
C      U(MEV) IS MEVTH COMPONENT OF THE UNIT EIGENVECTOR OF T      LSV04760
C      CORRESPONDING TO THE ITH ISOLATED GOOD T-EIGENVALUE.      LSV04770
C      A NEGATIVE ERROR ESTIMATE MEANS THAT FOR THAT PARTICULAR      LSV04780
C      T-EIGENVALUE THE INVERSE ITERATION DID NOT CONVERGE IN <= MXINIT      LSV04790
C      STEPS AND THAT THE CORRESPONDING ERROR ESTIMATE IS QUESTIONABLE.      LSV04800
C                                                    LSV04810
C      V2 CONTAINS THE ISOLATED GOOD T-EIGENVALUES      LSV04820
C      V1 CONTAINS THE MINGAPS TO THE NEAREST DISTINCT EIGENVALUE      LSV04830
C      OF T(1,MEV) FOR EACH ISOLATED GOOD T-EIGENVALUE IN V2.      LSV04840

```

```

C      VS CONTAINS THE NDIS DISTINCT EIGENVALUES OF T(1,MEV)          LSV04850
C      MP CONTAINS THE CORRESPONDING CODED T-MULTIPLICITIES          LSV04860
C                                                                      LSV04870
C      IT = MXINIT                                                    LSV04880
C      CALL INVERR(BETA,V1,V2,VS,EPSM,G,MP,MEV,MMB,NDIS,NISO,NM,      LSV04890
C      1 RHSEED,IT,IWRITE)                                           LSV04900
C                                                                      LSV04910
C-----LSV04920
C                                                                      LSV04930
C      SIMPLE CHECK FOR CONVERGENCE. CHECKS TO SEE IF ALL OF THE ERROR LSV04940
C      ESTIMATES ARE SMALLER THAN CONTOL.                             LSV04950
C      IF THIS TEST IS SATISFIED, THEN CONVERGENCE FLAG, ICONV IS SET LSV04960
C      TO 1. TYPICALLY ERROR ESTIMATES ARE VERY CONSERVATIVE.        LSV04970
C                                                                      LSV04980
C      WRITE(6,350) CONTOL                                           LSV04990
C      350 FORMAT(/' CONVERGENCE IS TESTED USING THE CONVERGENCE TOLERANCE', LSV05000
C      1E13.4/)                                                       LSV05010
C                                                                      LSV05020
C      II = MEV +1                                                    LSV05030
C      IF = MEV+NISO                                                  LSV05040
C      DO 360 I = II,IF                                               LSV05050
C      IF (ABS(G(I)).GT.CONTOL) GO TO 380                             LSV05060
C      360 CONTINUE                                                  LSV05070
C      ICONV = 1                                                       LSV05080
C      MMB = NMEVS                                                    LSV05090
C                                                                      LSV05100
C      WRITE(6,370) CONTOL                                           LSV05110
C      370 FORMAT(' ALL COMPUTED ERROR ESTIMATES WERE LESS THAN',E15.4/ LSV05120
C      1 ' THEREFORE PROCEDURE TERMINATES'/)                         LSV05130
C                                                                      LSV05140
C      380 CONTINUE                                                  LSV05150
C                                                                      LSV05160
C      IF CONVERGENCE IS INDICATED, THAT IS ICONV = 1 ,THEN          LSV05170
C      THE SUBROUTINE PRTEST IS CALLED TO CHECK FOR ANY CONVERGED    LSV05180
C      T-EIGENVALUES THAT HAVE BEEN MISLABELLED AS SPURIOUS BECAUSE LSV05190
C      THE PROJECTION OF THEIR SINGULAR VECTOR ON THE STARTING       LSV05200
C      VECTOR WAS TOO SMALL. NUMERICAL TESTS INDICATE THAT           LSV05210
C      SUCH SINGULAR VALUES ARE RARE. THEREFORE, IF MANY OF         LSV05220
C      THESE HIDDEN SINGULAR VALUES APPEAR ON SOME RUN, THE USER    LSV05230
C      CAN BE CERTAIN THAT SOMETHING IS FOULED UP.                   LSV05240
C                                                                      LSV05250
C      IF (ICONV.EQ.0) GO TO 510                                       LSV05260
C                                                                      LSV05270
C-----LSV05280
C                                                                      LSV05290
C      CALL PRTEST (BETA,VS,TKMAX,EPSM,RELTOL,SCALE3,SCALE4,          LSV05300
C      1 MP,NDIS,MEV,IPROJ)                                           LSV05310
C                                                                      LSV05320
C-----LSV05330
C                                                                      LSV05340
C      IF(IPROJ.EQ.0) GO TO 500                                       LSV05350
C                                                                      LSV05360
C      IF(IDIST.EQ.1) WRITE(11,390) IPROJ                             LSV05370
C      390 FORMAT(' SUBROUTINE PRTEST WANTS TO RELABEL',I6,' SPURIOUS T-EIGENLSV05380
C      1VALUES'/' WE ACCEPT RELABELLING ONLY IF LAST COMPONENT OF T-EIGENVLSV05390

```

```

      VECTOR IS L.T. 1.D-10'//)                                LSV05400
C                                                                    LSV05410
      IIX = RHSEED                                            LSV05420
C                                                                    LSV05430
C-----LSV05440
C                                                                    LSV05450
      CALL GENRAN(IIX,G,MEV)                                LSV05460
C                                                                    LSV05470
C-----LSV05480
C                                                                    LSV05490
      ITEN = -10                                             LSV05500
      NISOM = NISO + MEV                                     LSV05510
      IWRITO = IWRITE                                       LSV05520
      IWRITE = 0                                             LSV05530
C                                                                    LSV05540
      DO 420 J = 1,NDIS                                     LSV05550
      IF(MP(J).NE.ITEN) GO TO 420                           LSV05560
      TO = VS(J)                                            LSV05570
C                                                                    LSV05580
C-----LSV05590
C                                                                    LSV05600
      IT = MXINIT                                           LSV05610
      CALL INVERM(BETA,V1,V2,TO,TEMP,T1,EPSM,G,MEV,IT,IWRITE) LSV05620
C                                                                    LSV05630
C-----LSV05640
C                                                                    LSV05650
      IF(TEMP.LE.1.D-10) GO TO 410                          LSV05660
C      ERROR ESTIMATE WAS NOT SMALL REJECT RELABELLING OF THIS LSV05670
C      T-EIGENVALUE.                                         LSV05680
      IF(IDIST.EQ.1) WRITE(11,400) J,TO,TEMP               LSV05690
400 FORMAT('/ LAST COMPONENT FOR',I6,'TH T-EIGENVALUE',E20.12/' IS TOO LSV05700
1 LARGE = ',E15.6,' SO DO NOT ACCEPT PRTEST RELABELLING'//) LSV05710
      MP(J) = 0                                             LSV05720
      IPROJ = IPROJ - 1                                     LSV05730
      GO TO 420                                             LSV05740
C      RELABELLING ACCEPTED                                  LSV05750
410 NISOM = NISOM + 1                                       LSV05760
      G(NISOM) = BETAM*TEMP                                 LSV05770
420 CONTINUE                                               LSV05780
      IWRITE = IWRITO                                       LSV05790
C                                                                    LSV05800
      IF(IPROJ.EQ.0) GO TO 460                              LSV05810
      WRITE(6,430) IPROJ                                    LSV05820
430 FORMAT('/I6,' T-EIGENVALUES WERE RECLASSIFIED AS GOOD.'/ LSV05830
1' THESE ARE IDENTIFIED IN FILE 3 BY A T-MULTIPLICITY OF -10'/' USE LSV05840
2R SHOULD INSPECT EACH TO MAKE SURE NEIGHBORS HAVE CONVERGED'//) LSV05850
C                                                                    LSV05860
      IF(IDIST.EQ.1) WRITE(11,440) IPROJ                   LSV05870
440 FORMAT('/I6,' T-EIGENVALUES WERE RELABELLED AS GOOD'/' LSV05880
1' BELOW IS CORRECTED T-MULTIPLICITY PATTERN'//)          LSV05890
C                                                                    LSV05900
      WRITE(6,450) NDIS, (MP(I), I=1,NDIS)                 LSV05910
      IF(IDIST.EQ.1) WRITE(11,450) NDIS, (MP(I), I=1,NDIS) LSV05920
450 FORMAT('/I6,' = NDIS, T-MULTIPLICITIES (0 MEANS SPURIOUS)'/' LSV05930
1 6X, ' (-10) MEANS SPURIOUS T-EIGENVALUE RELABELLED AS GOOD'/(20I4 LSV05940

```



```

1))
C
C RECALCULATE MINGAPS FOR DISTINCT T(1,MEV) EIGENVALUES.
460 NDIS1 = NDIS - 1
G(NDIS) = VS(NDIS1)-VS(NDIS)
G(1) = VS(2)-VS(1)
C
DO 470 J = 2,NDIS1
T0 = VS(J)-VS(J-1)
T1 = VS(J+1)-VS(J)
G(J) = T1
IF (T0.LT.T1) G(J) = -T0
470 CONTINUE
IF(IPROJ.EQ.0) GO TO 500
C WRITE TO FILE 4 ERROR ESTIMATES FOR THOSE T-EIGENVALUES RELABELLED
NGOOD = 0
DO 480 J = 1,NDIS
IF(MP(J).EQ.0) GO TO 480
NGOOD = NGOOD + 1
IF(MP(J).NE.ITEN) GO TO 480
T0 = VS(J)
NISO = NISO + 1
NISOM = MEV + NISO
WRITE(4,490) NGOOD,T0,G(NISOM),G(J)
480 CONTINUE
490 FORMAT(I10,E25.16,2E14.3)
C
500 CONTINUE
C
C WRITE THE COMPUTED SINGULAR VALUES TO FILE 3. FIRST TRANSFER THEM
C TO V2 AND THEIR T-MULTIPLICITIES TO THE CORRESPONDING POSITIONS
C IN MP AND COMPUTE THE B-MINGAPS, THE MINIMAL GAPS BETWEEN THE
C SINGULAR VALUES CONSIDERED AS EIGENVALUES OF THE B-MATRIX.
C THESE GAPS WILL BE PUT IN THE ARRAY G.
C SINCE G CURRENTLY CONTAINS THE MINIMAL GAPS BETWEEN THE DISTINCT
C EIGENVALUES OF THE T-MATRIX, THESE GAPS WILL FIRST BE
C TRANSFERRED TO V1. NOTE THAT V1<0 MEANS THAT THAT MINIMAL GAP
C IN THE T-MATRIX IS DUE TO A SPURIOUS T-EIGENVALUE.
C ALL THIS INFORMATION IS PRINTED TO FILE 3
C
510 CONTINUE
C
NG = 0
DO 520 I = 1,NDIS
IF (MP(I).EQ.0) GO TO 520
NG = NG+1
MP(NG) = MP(I)
V2(NG) = VS(I)
TEMP = G(I)
TEMP = DABS(TEMP)
J = I+1
IF (G(I).LT.ZERO) J = I-1
IF (MP(J).EQ.0) TEMP = -TEMP
V1(NG) = TEMP
520 CONTINUE

```

```

C                                                    LSV06500
      WRITE(6,530)MEV                                LSV06510
530  FORMAT(// ' SINGULAR VALUE CALCULATION AT MEV = ',I6,'      IS COMPLELSV06520
      1TE'//)                                         LSV06530
C                                                    LSV06540
C      NG = NUMBER OF COMPUTED DISTINCT GOOD T-EIGENVALUES.  NEXT      LSV06550
C      GENERATE GAPS BETWEEN GOOD T-EIGENVALUES (BMINGAPS) AND PUT THEM LSV06560
C      IN G.  G(J) < 0 MEANS THE BMINGAP IS DUE TO THE LEFT-HAND GAP.  LSV06570
C                                                    LSV06580
      NGM1 = NG - 1                                    LSV06590
      G(NG) = V2(NGM1)-V2(NG)                         LSV06600
      G(1) = V2(2)-V2(1)                              LSV06610
C                                                    LSV06620
      DO 540 J = 2,NGM1                                LSV06630
      TO = V2(J)-V2(J-1)                              LSV06640
      T1 = V2(J+1)-V2(J)                              LSV06650
      G(J) = T1                                         LSV06660
      IF (TO.LT.T1) G(J) = -TO                         LSV06670
540  CONTINUE                                         LSV06680
C                                                    LSV06690
C      WRITE GOOD T-EIGENVALUES (COMPUTED SINGULAR VALUES) OUT TO FILE 3.LSV06700
C                                                    LSV06710
      WRITE(3,550)NG,NDIS,MEV,M,N,SVSEED,MATNO,IPARO,MULTOL,IB,BTOL  LSV06720
550  FORMAT(5I6,I12,I8,I2,'=NG,ND,MEV,M,N,SEED,MN,IPARO'/      LSV06730
      1 E20.12,I6,E13.4,' = MUTOL,INDEX MINIMAL BETA,BTOL'/      LSV06740
      1' SV NO',2X,'T-MULT',10X,'SINGULAR VALUE',7X,'BMINGAP',7X,'TMINGAPLSV06750
      1')                                              LSV06760
C                                                    LSV06770
      WRITE(3,560)(I,MP(I),V2(I),G(I),V1(I), I=1,NG)      LSV06780
560  FORMAT(I6,I8,E25.16,2E14.3)                    LSV06790
C                                                    LSV06800
C      IF CONVERGENCE FLAG ICONV.NE.1 AND NUMBER OF T-MATRICES      LSV06810
C      CONSIDERED TO DATE IS LESS THAN NUMBER ALLOWED, INCREMENT MEV.  LSV06820
C      AND LOOP BACK TO 210 TO REPEAT COMPUTATIONS.  RESTORE BETA(MEV+1). LSV06830
C                                                    LSV06840
      BETA(MP1) = BETAM                                LSV06850
C                                                    LSV06860
      IF (MMB.LT.NMEVS.AND.ICONV.NE.1) GO TO 210         LSV06870
C                                                    LSV06880
C      END OF LOOP ON DIFFERENT SIZE T-MATRICES ALLOWED.          LSV06890
C                                                    LSV06900
570  CONTINUE                                         LSV06910
C                                                    LSV06920
      IF(ISTOP.EQ.0) WRITE(6,580)                      LSV06930
580  FORMAT('/ T-MATRICES (BETA) ARE NOW AVAILABLE, TERMINATE'//)  LSV06940
      IF (IHIS.EQ.1.AND.KMAX.NE.MOLD) WRITE(1,590)      LSV06950
590  FORMAT('/ ABOVE ARE THE FOLLOWING VECTORS '/      LSV06960
      2 ' BETA(I), I = 1,KMAX+1'/                      LSV06970
      3 ' FINAL TWO LANCZOS VECTORS OF ORDERS M,N FOR I = KMAX,KMAX+1'/ LSV06980
      4 ' ALL VECTORS IN THIS FILE HAVE FORMAT 4Z20'/    LSV06990
      5 ' ----- END OF FILE 1 NEW BETA HISTORY-----'///)  LSV07000
C                                                    LSV07010
      IF (ISTOP.EQ.0) GO TO 690                        LSV07020
C                                                    LSV07030
      WRITE(3,600)                                       LSV07040

```

```

600 FORMAT(/' ABOVE ARE COMPUTED SINGULAR VALUES'/' LSV07050
1 ' NG = NUMBER OF SINGULAR VALUES COMPUTED'/' LSV07060
2 ' NDIS = NUMBER OF COMPUTED DISTINCT EIGENVALUES OF T(1,MEV)'/' LSV07070
3 ' M = ROW ORDER OF A N = COLUMN ORDER, MATNO = MATRIX IDENT'/' LSV07080
4 ' MULTOL = T-MULTIPLICITY TOLERANCE FOR T-EIGENVALUES IN BISEC'/' LSV07090
4 ' T-MULT IS THE T-MULTIPLICITY OF SINGULAR VALUE'/' LSV07100
5 ' T-MULT = -1 MEANS SPURIOUS T-EIGENVALUE TOO CLOSE'/' LSV07110
6 ' DO NOT COMPUTE ERROR ESTIMATES FOR SUCH T-EIGENVALUES'/' LSV07120
7 ' BMINGAP = MINIMAL GAP BETWEEN THE COMPUTED SINGULAR VALUES'/' LSV07130
8 ' BMINGAP .LT. 0. MEANS MINIMAL GAP IS DUE TO LEFT-HAND GAP'/' LSV07140
9 ' TMINGAP= MINIMAL GAP W.R.T. DISTINCT EIGENVALUES IN T(1,MEV)'/' LSV07150
1 ' TMINGAP .LT. 0. MEANS MINGAP IS DUE TO SPURIOUS T-EIGENVALUE'/' LSV07160
2 ' ----- END OF FILE 3 SINGULAR VALUES-----'//)LSV07170
C LSV07180
IF (IDIST.EQ.1) WRITE(11,610) LSV07190
610 FORMAT(/' ABOVE ARE THE DISTINCT EIGENVALUES OF T(1,MEV).'/ LSV07200
2 ' THE FORMAT IS T-MULTIPLICITY T-EIGENVALUE TMINGAP'/' LSV07210
3 ' THIS FORMAT IS REPEATED TWICE ON EACH LINE.'/' LSV07220
4 ' T-MULTIPLICITY = -1 MEANS THAT THE SUBROUTINE ISOEV HAS TAGGED' LSV07230
5 '/' THIS COMPUTED SINGULAR VALUE AS HAVING A VERY CLOSE SPURIOUS LSV07240
6 '/' T-EIGENVALUE SO THAT NO ERROR ESTIMATE WILL BE COMPUTED'/' LSV07250
7 ' FOR THAT SINGULAR VALUE IN SUBROUTINE INVERR.'/' LSV07260
8 ' TMINGAP .LT. 0, TMINGAP IS DUE TO LEFT GAP .GT. 0, RIGHT GAP.'/' LSV07270
9 ' EACH OF THE DISTINCT T-EIGENVALUE TABLES IS FOLLOWED'/' LSV07280
9 ' BY THE T-MULTIPLICITY PATTERN.'/' LSV07290
1 ' NDIS = NUMBER OF COMPUTED DISTINCT EIGENVALUES OF T(1,MEV).'/ LSV07300
2 ' NG = NUMBER OF COMPUTED SINGULAR VALUES. '/ LSV07310
3 ' NISO = NUMBER OF ISOLATED (IN T-MATRIX) SINGULAR VALUES. '/ LSV07320
4 ' NISO ALSO IS THE COUNT OF +1 ENTRIES IN T-MULTIPLICITY PATTERN. LSV07330
5 '/' ----- END OF FILE 11 DISTINCT T-EIGENVALUES-----'//)LSV07340
C LSV07350
IF(NISO.NE.0) WRITE(4,620) LSV07360
620 FORMAT(/' ABOVE ARE THE ERROR ESTIMATES OBTAINED FOR THE ISOLATED LSV07370
1GOOD T-EIGENVALUES'/' LSV07380
1' OBTAINED VIA INVERSE ITERATION IN THE SUBROUTINE INVERR.'/' LSV07390
1' ALL OTHER GOOD T-EIGENVALUES HAVE CONVERGED.'/' LSV07400
2' ERROR ESTIMATE = BETAM*ABS(UM)'/' LSV07410
2' WHERE BETAM = BETA(MEV+1) AND UM = U(MEV).'/ LSV07420
3' U = UNIT EIGENVECTOR OF T WHERE T*U = SV*U AND SV = ISOLATED GOOD LSV07430
3D T-EIGENVALUE.'/' LSV07440
4' TMINGAP = GAP TO NEAREST DISTINCT EIGENVALUE OF T(1,MEV).'/ LSV07450
5' TMINGAP .LT. 0. MEANS MINGAP IS DUE TO A SPURIOUS T-EIGENVALUE.' LSV07460
6/' ----- END OF FILE 4 ERRINV -----'//)LSV07470
GO TO 690 LSV07480
C LSV07490
630 CONTINUE LSV07500
C LSV07510
IBB = IABS(IBMEV) LSV07520
IF (IBMEV.LT.0) WRITE(6,640) MEV,IBB,BETA(IBB) LSV07530
640 FORMAT(/' PROGRAM TERMINATES BECAUSE MEV REQUESTED = ',I6,' IS .GT. LSV07540
1',I6/' AT WHICH AN ABNORMALLY SMALL BETA = ' , E13.4,' OCCURRED'//)LSV07550
GO TO 690 LSV07560
C LSV07570
650 IF (NDIS.EQ.0.AND.ISTOP.GT.0) WRITE(6,660) LSV07580
660 FORMAT(/' INTERVALS SPECIFIED FOR BISECT DID NOT CONTAIN ANY T-EIG LSV07590

```

1ENVALUES'/' PROGRAM TERMINATES')	LSV07600
GO TO 690	LSV07610
C	LSV07620
670 WRITE(6,680) I, NMEV(I)	LSV07630
680 FORMAT('//I6,'TH T-SIZE REQUESTED ',I6,' IS ODD'/	LSV07640
1' BUT ONLY EVEN T-SIZES ARE PERMISSIBLE. PROGRAM TERMINATES FOR ULSV07650	
1SER TO FIX'//)	LSV07660
GO TO 690	LSV07670
C	LSV07680
690 CONTINUE	LSV07690
C	LSV07700
STOP	LSV07710
C-----END OF MAIN PROGRAM FOR LANCZOS SINGULAR VALUE COMPUTATIONS-----LSV07720	
END	LSV07730

6.4 LSVEC: Main Program, Eigenvector Computations

```

C-----LSVEC (SINGULAR VECTORS OF REAL RECTANGULAR MATRICES)-----LSV00010
C  Authors:  Jane Cullum and Ralph A. Willoughby (Deceased)          LSV00020
C              Los Alamos National Laboratory                        LSV00030
C              Los Alamos, New Mexico 87544                          LSV00040
C                                                                    LSV00050
C              E-mail:  cullumj@lanl.gov                             LSV00060
C                                                                    LSV00070
C  These codes are copyrighted by the authors.  These codes        LSV00080
C  and modifications of them or portions of them are NOT to be     LSV00090
C  incorporated into any commercial codes or used for any other    LSV00100
C  commercial purposes such as consulting for other companies,     LSV00110
C  without legal agreements with the authors of these Codes.      LSV00120
C  If these Codes or portions of them are used in other scientific or LSV00130
C  engineering research works the names of the authors of these codes LSV00140
C  and appropriate references to their written work are to be      LSV00150
C  incorporated in the derivative works.                            LSV00160
C                                                                    LSV00170
C  This header is not to be removed from these codes.              LSV00180
C                                                                    LSV00190
C      REFERENCE: Cullum and Willoughby, Chapter 5                  LSV00191
C      Lanczos Algorithms for Large Symmetric Eigenvalue Computations LSV00192
C      VOL. 1 Theory. Republished as Volume 41 in SIAM CLASSICS in  LSV00193
C      Applied Mathematics, 2002. SIAM Publications,                LSV00194
C      Philadelphia, PA. USA                                         LSV00195
C                                                                    LSV00196
C                                                                    LSV00197
C                                                                    LSV00200
C  CONTAINS MAIN PROGRAM FOR COMPUTING A LEFT AND A                LSV00210
C  RIGHT SINGULAR VECTOR CORRESPONDING TO EACH OF A SET            LSV00220
C  OF SINGULAR VALUES WHICH HAVE BEEN COMPUTED ACCURATELY BY THE  LSV00230
C  CORRESPONDING LANCZOS SINGULAR VALUE PROGRAM (LSVAL)             LSV00240
C  FOR REAL RECTANGULAR MATRICES.  THIS PROGRAM COULD BE           LSV00250
C  MODIFIED TO COMPUTE ADDITIONAL SINGULAR VECTORS FOR ANY         LSV00260
C  SINGULAR VALUE THAT IS A MULTIPLE SINGULAR VALUE OF A.         LSV00270
C  THE AMOUNT OF ADDITIONAL COMPUTATION REQUIRED BY SUCH A          LSV00280
C  MODIFICATION DEPENDS UPON THE GIVEN A-MATRIX AND UPON           LSV00290
C  THE PART OF THE SPECTRUM INVOLVED.                               LSV00300
C                                                                    LSV00310
C  FOR A GIVEN REAL MATRIX A OF ORDER M X N THE LANCZOS RECURSION  LSV00320
C  IS APPLIED TO THE ASSOCIATED REAL SYMMETRIC MATRIX B OF ORDER  LSV00330
C  MN = M+N                                                         LSV00340
C                                                                    LSV00350
C                                                                    LSV00360
C              -----
C              |  0  |  A  |
C      B  =    |  |  |
C              |  A-TRANSPOSE  |  0  |
C              -----
C                                                                    LSV00400
C  USING SPECIAL STARTING VECTORS.                                  LSV00410
C                                                                    LSV00420
C  THESE SINGULAR VECTOR COMPUTATIONS ASSUME THAT EACH             LSV00430
C  SINGULAR VALUE THAT IS BEING CONSIDERED HAS CONVERGED AS       LSV00440

```

```

C      AN EIGENVALUE OF THE LANCZOS TRIDIAGONAL MATRICES GENERATED.      LSV00450
C                                                                              LSV00460
C      THE EIGENVALUES OF EACH EVEN-ORDERED LANCZOS MATRIX OCCUR          LSV00470
C      IN + AND - PAIRS, AND THE RITZ VECTOR COMPUTATION RESTS ON          LSV00480
C      AN INVERSE ITERATION COMPUTATION FOR A LANCZOS MATRIX.              LSV00490
C      THIS CAUSES AN ANOMALY IN THE SINGULAR VECTOR COMPUTATIONS          LSV00500
C      FOR VERY SMALL SINGULAR VALUES.  IN PRACTICE WE SEE THAT            LSV00510
C      FOR ANY SUCH SINGULAR VALUE THAT ONE MEMBER OF EACH PAIR OF          LSV00520
C      APPROXIMATE SINGULAR VECTORS WILL BE MORE ACCURATE THAN THE          LSV00530
C      OTHER MEMBER OF THAT PAIR IS.  IF IPAR = 1 (STARTING LANCZOS          LSV00540
C      VECTOR IS OF FORM (0,V2) WHERE V2 IS NX1) THEN THE RIGHT             LSV00550
C      SINGULAR VECTOR WILL BE OBTAINED MORE ACCURATELY THAN THE           LSV00560
C      LEFT SINGULAR VECTOR.  IF IPAR = 2 (STARTING LANCZOS VECTOR          LSV00570
C      IS OF FORM (V1,0) WHERE V1 IS MX1) THEN THE LEFT SINGULAR           LSV00580
C      VECTOR WILL BE MORE ACCURATE THAN THE RIGHT SINGULAR VECTOR.         LSV00590
C      PRIOR TO NORMALIZATION THE SIZES OF THESE INACCURATE VECTORS        LSV00600
C      WILL BE THE SAME AS THE SIZE OF THE ASSOCIATED VERY SMALL           LSV00610
C      SINGULAR VALUE.  IN FACT IN THE LIMIT, FOR A ZERO SINGULAR VALUE     LSV00620
C      AND IPAR = 1, THE VECTOR COMPUTED AS THE APPROXIMATION TO THE        LSV00630
C      LEFT SINGULAR VECTOR WILL BE THE 0 VECTOR.  (IF IPAR = 2 THEN        LSV00640
C      THIS WOULD BE THE RIGHT SINGULAR VECTOR).  THE CORRESPONDING         LSV00650
C      ERROR ESTIMATES WILL REFLECT THE INACCURACY OF THE ONE MEMBER        LSV00660
C      OF EACH SUCH PAIR, SINCE THESE ESTIMATES ARE A SUM OF ESTIMATES      LSV00670
C      FOR THE INDIVIDUAL MEMBERS OF THE PAIR.  THEREFORE, FOR ANY VERY    LSV00680
C      SMALL SINGULAR VALUE A CORRESPONDING SINGULAR VECTOR WILL BE        LSV00690
C      COMPUTED ONLY IF THE USER HAS SET THE FLAG ERCONT TO 1.             LSV00700
C                                                                              LSV00710
C-----LSV00720
C                                                                              LSV00730
C      PFORT VERIFIER IDENTIFIED THE FOLLOWING NONPORTABLE                 LSV00740
C      CONSTRUCTIONS                                                         LSV00750
C                                                                              LSV00760
C      1.  DATA/MACHEP/ STATEMENT                                          LSV00770
C      2.  ALL READ(5,*) STATEMENTS (FREE FORMAT)                          LSV00780
C      3.  FORMAT(20A4) USED WITH THE EXPLANATORY HEADER, EXPLAN           LSV00790
C      4.  HEXADECIMAL FORMAT (4Z20) USED FOR BETA HISTORY.                LSV00800
C                                                                              LSV00810
C      IMPORTANT NOTE:  THIS PROGRAM ALLOWS ENLARGEMENT OF THE              LSV00820
C      BETA ARRAY.  IN PARTICULAR, IF ANY ONE OF THE SINGULAR VALUES       LSV00830
C      SUPPLIED IS T-SIMPLE AND AS AN EIGENVALUE OF THE ASSOCIATED          LSV00840
C      LANCZOS TRIDIAGONAL MATRIX IS NOT CLOSE TO A SPURIOUS               LSV00850
C      EIGENVALUE OF THAT MATRIX, THIS PROGRAM WILL REQUIRE                 LSV00860
C      THAT KMAX BE AT LEAST THE LARGEST EVEN NUMBER LESS                   LSV00870
C      THAN OR EQUAL TO (11*MEV)/8 + 13.  IF KMAX IS NOT THAT              LSV00880
C      LARGE, THEN THIS PROGRAM WILL RESET KMAX TO THIS SIZE                LSV00890
C      AND EXTEND THE BETA HISTORY IF REQUIRED.                               LSV00900
C      THUS, THE DIMENSION OF THE BETA ARRAY MUST BE                       LSV00910
C      LARGE ENOUGH TO ALLOW FOR THIS POSSIBILITY.                          LSV00920
C      REMEMBER THAT THE BETA ARRAY, BETA(J), IS SUCH THAT                 LSV00930
C      J = 1,..., KMAX+1.  SO IF THE KMAX USED BY THE PROGRAM              LSV00940
C      IS TO BE 3000, THEN BETA MUST BE OF LENGTH AT LEAST 3001.           LSV00950
C                                                                              LSV00960
C-----LSV00970
C      DOUBLE PRECISION  BETA(5001),V1(5000),V2(5000),RITVEC(30000)        LSV00980
C      DOUBLE PRECISION  TVEC(30000),GOODSV(50),SVNEW(50),TLAST(50)         LSV00990

```


C	CONVERGENCE TOLERANCE FOR T-EIGENVECTORS FOR RITZ COMPUTATIONS	LSV01550
	ERTOL = 1.D-10	LSV01560
C		LSV01570
C	READ USER-SPECIFIED PARAMETER FROM INPUT FILE 5 (FREE FORMAT)	LSV01580
C		LSV01590
C	READ USER-PROVIDED HEADER FOR RUN	LSV01600
	READ(5,20) EXPLAN	LSV01610
	WRITE(6,20) EXPLAN	LSV01620
20	FORMAT(20A4)	LSV01630
C		LSV01640
C	READ IN MATNO = MATRIX/RUN IDENTIFICATION NUMBER, 8 DIGITS OR LESS	LSV01650
C	AND THE ORDER OF THE MATRIX M X N .	LSV01660
C		LSV01670
	READ(5,20) EXPLAN	LSV01680
	READ(5,*) MATNO, M, N	LSV01690
	MN = M + N	LSV01700
C		LSV01710
C	READ IN THE MAXIMUM PERMISSIBLE DIMENSIONS FOR THE TVEC ARRAY	LSV01720
C	(MDIMTV), FOR THE RITVEC ARRAY (MDIMRV), AND FOR THE BETA	LSV01730
C	ARRAY (MBETA).	LSV01740
C		LSV01750
	READ(5,20) EXPLAN	LSV01760
	READ(5,*) MDIMTV, MDIMRV, MBETA	LSV01770
C		LSV01780
C	READ IN RELATIVE TOLERANCE USED IN DETERMINING APPROPRIATE	LSV01790
C	SIZES FOR THE T-MATRICES USED IN THE SINGULAR VECTOR COMPUTATIONS.	LSV01800
C		LSV01810
	READ(5,20) EXPLAN	LSV01820
	READ(5,*) RELTOL	LSV01830
C		LSV01840
C	SET FLAGS TO 0 OR 1:	LSV01850
C	MBOUND = 1: PROGRAM TERMINATES AFTER COMPUTING 1ST GUESSES	LSV01860
C	ON APPROPRIATE T-SIZES FOR USE IN THE RITZ VECTOR	LSV01870
C	COMPUTATIONS	LSV01880
C	NTVCON = 0: PROGRAM TERMINATES IF THE TVEC ARRAY IS NOT	LSV01890
C	LARGE ENOUGH TO HOLD ALL THE T-EIGENVECTORS REQUIRED.	LSV01900
C	SVTVEC = 0: THE T-EIGENVECTORS ARE NOT WRITTEN TO FILE 11	LSV01910
C	UNLESS TVSTOP = 1	LSV01920
C	SVTVEC = 1: WRITE THE T-EIGENVECTORS TO FILE 11.	LSV01930
C	TVSTOP = 1: PROGRAM TERMINATES AFTER COMPUTING THE	LSV01940
C	T-EIGENVECTORS	LSV01950
C	LVCONT = 0: PROGRAM TERMINATES IF THE NUMBER OF T-EIGENVECTORS	LSV01960
C	COMPUTED IS NOT EQUAL TO THE NUMBER OF RITZ	LSV01970
C	VECTORS (SINGULAR VECTORS) REQUESTED.	LSV01980
C	ERCONT = 0: MEANS FOR ANY GIVEN SINGULAR VALUE, A RITZ VECTOR	LSV01990
C	WILL NOT BE COMPUTED FOR THAT SINGULAR VALUE UNLESS	LSV02000
C	A T-EIGENVECTOR HAS BEEN IDENTIFIED WITH A LAST	LSV02010
C	COMPONENT WHICH SATISFIES THE SPECIFIED	LSV02020
C	CONVERGENCE CRITERION.	LSV02030
C	ERCONT = 1: MEANS FOR ANY GIVEN SINGULAR VALUE, A RITZ VECTOR	LSV02040
C	WILL BE COMPUTED. IF A T-EIGENVECTOR CANNOT	LSV02050
C	BE IDENTIFIED WHICH SATISFIES THE LAST	LSV02060
C	COMPONENT CRITERION, THEN THE PROGRAM WILL	LSV02070
C	USE THE T-VECTOR THAT CAME CLOSEST TO	LSV02080
C	SATISFYING THE CRITERION	LSV02090


```

C      IWRITE = 1:  EXTENDED OUTPUT OF INTERMEDIATE COMPUTATIONS      LSV02100
C                      IS WRITTEN TO FILE 6                          LSV02110
C      IREAD = 0:  BETA FILE IS REGENERATED.                          LSV02120
C      IREAD = 1:  BETA FILE USED IN SINGULAR VALUE COMPUTATIONS      LSV02130
C                      IS READ IN AND EXTENDED IF NECESSARY.  IN BOTH  LSV02140
C                      CASES IREAD = 0 OR 1, THE LANCZOS VECTORS ARE    LSV02150
C                      ALWAYS REGENERATED FOR THE RITZ VECTOR          LSV02160
C                      COMPUTATIONS                                    LSV02170
C                                                                LSV02180
C      READ(5,20) EXPLAN                                              LSV02190
C      READ(5,*) MBOUND,NTVCON,SVTVEC,IREAD                          LSV02200
C                                                                LSV02210
C      READ(5,20) EXPLAN                                              LSV02220
C      READ(5,*) TVSTOP,LVCONT,ERCONT,IWRITE                        LSV02230
C      IF (TVSTOP.EQ.1) SVTVEC = 1                                    LSV02240
C                                                                LSV02250
C      READ IN SEED (RHSEED) FOR GENERATING RANDOM STARTING VECTOR    LSV02260
C      FOR THE INVERSE ITERATION ON THE T-MATRICES.                  LSV02270
C                                                                LSV02280
C      READ(5,20) EXPLAN                                              LSV02290
C      READ(5,*) RHSEED                                              LSV02300
C                                                                LSV02310
C-----LSV02320
C      INITIALIZE THE ARRAYS FOR THE USER-SPECIFIED MATRIX AND      LSV02330
C      PASS THE STORAGE LOCATIONS OF THESE ARRAYS TO THE MATRIX-VECTOR LSV02340
C      MULTIPLY SUBROUTINES SVMAT AND STRAN.                          LSV02350
C                                                                LSV02360
C      CALL USPEC(M,N,MATNO)                                          LSV02370
C                                                                LSV02380
C-----LSV02390
C      MASK UNDERFLOW AND OVERFLOW                                  LSV02400
C      CALL MASK                                                      LSV02410
C                                                                LSV02420
C-----LSV02430
C      WRITE RUN PARAMETERS OUT TO FILE 6                            LSV02440
C                                                                LSV02450
C      WRITE(6,30) M,N,MATNO                                          LSV02460
C      30 FORMAT(/' MATRIX ORDER =',I5,' BY ',I5/                     LSV02470
C      1 ' A-MATRIX AND CASE IDENTIFIER = ',I10/)                    LSV02480
C                                                                LSV02490
C      WRITE(6,40) MBOUND,NTVCON,SVTVEC,IREAD                        LSV02500
C      40 FORMAT(/3X,'MBOUND',3X,'NTVCON',3X,'SVTVEC',3X,'IREAD'/3I9,I8/) LSV02510
C                                                                LSV02520
C      WRITE(6,50) TVSTOP,LVCONT,ERCONT,IWRITE                      LSV02530
C      50 FORMAT(/3X,'TVSTOP',3X,'LVCONT',3X,'ERCONT',3X,'IWRITE'/4I9) LSV02540
C                                                                LSV02550
C      WRITE(6,60) MDIMTV,MDIMRV,MBETA                                LSV02560
C      60 FORMAT(/3X,'MDIMTV',3X,'MDIMRV',3X,'MBETA'/2I9,I8)          LSV02570
C                                                                LSV02580
C      WRITE(6,70) RELTOL,RHSEED                                      LSV02590
C      70 FORMAT(/7X,'RELTOL',3X,'RHSEED'/E13.4,I9)                  LSV02600
C                                                                LSV02610
C      FROM FILE 3 READ IN THE NUMBER OF SINGULAR VALUES (NGOOD)    LSV02620
C      FOR WHICH SINGULAR VECTORS ARE REQUESTED, THE ORDER (MEV) OF   LSV02630
C      THE LANCZOS TRIDIAGONAL MATRIX USED IN COMPUTING THESE        LSV02640

```



```

      READ(3,130) (MP(J),GOODSV(J),BMINGP(J),TMINGP(J), J=1,NGOOD)      LSV03200
130  FORMAT(6X,I8,E25.16,2E14.3)      LSV03210
C      LSV03220
      WRITE(6,140) (J,GOODSV(J),MP(J),BMINGP(J), J=1,NGOOD)      LSV03230
140  FORMAT(/' SINGULAR VALUES READ IN FROM FILE 3 AND THEIR T-MULTIPLISV03240
      1CITIES'/4X,' J ',4X,' SINGULAR VALUE',5X,'TMULT',4X,'BMINGP'/      LSV03250
      1(I6,E20.12,I6,E13.4))      LSV03260
C      LSV03270
      WRITE(6,150) MEV,SVSEED      LSV03280
150  FORMAT(/' THESE SINGULAR VALUES WERE COMPUTED USING A T-MATRIX OF LSV03290
      1ORDER ',I5/' AND SEED FOR RANDOM NUMBER GENERATOR =' ,I12)      LSV03300
C      LSV03310
C      READ IN THE ERROR ESTIMATES      LSV03320
C      LSV03330
C      CHECK WHETHER OR NOT THERE ARE ANY ISOLATED T-EIGENVALUES IN      LSV03340
C      THE T-EIGENVALUES PROVIDED (HERE THE SINGULAR VALUES ARE      LSV03350
C      CONSIDERED AS EIGENVALUES OF THE ASSOCIATED LANCZOS TRIDIAGONAL      LSV03360
C      MATRICES.)      LSV03370
      DO 160 J=1,NGOOD      LSV03380
      IF(MP(J).EQ.1) GO TO 170      LSV03390
160  CONTINUE      LSV03400
      GO TO 190      LSV03410
170  READ(4,20) EXPLAN      LSV03420
      READ(4,20) EXPLAN      LSV03430
      READ(4,20) EXPLAN      LSV03440
      READ(4,180) NISO      LSV03450
180  FORMAT(18X,I6)      LSV03460
      READ(4,20) EXPLAN      LSV03470
      READ(4,20) EXPLAN      LSV03480
      READ(4,20) EXPLAN      LSV03490
190  DO 220 J=1,NGOOD      LSV03500
      BERR(J) = 0.D0      LSV03510
      IF(MP(J).NE.1) GO TO 220      LSV03520
      READ(4,200) SVAL, BERR(J)      LSV03530
200  FORMAT(10X,E25.16,E14.3)      LSV03540
      IF(DABS(SVAL - GOODSV(J)).LT.1.D-10) GO TO 220      LSV03550
      WRITE(6,210) SVAL,GOODSV(J)      LSV03560
210  FORMAT(' PROBLEM WITH READ IN OF ERROR ESTIMATES'/' SINGULAR VALUESV03570
      1READ IN',E20.12,' DOES NOT MATCH GOODSV(J) =' /E20.12)      LSV03580
      GO TO 1860      LSV03590
C      LSV03600
220  CONTINUE      LSV03610
C      LSV03620
      WRITE(6,230) (J,GOODSV(J),BERR(J), J=1,NGOOD)      LSV03630
230  FORMAT(' ERROR ESTIMATES =' /4X,' J ',3X,'SINGULAR VALUE',8X,      LSV03640
      1'ESTIMATE'/(I6,E20.12,E14.3))      LSV03650
C      LSV03660
      IF(IREAD.EQ.0) IPAR = IPARO      LSV03670
      IF(IREAD.EQ.0) GO TO 350      LSV03680
C      LSV03690
C      READ IN THE SIZE OF THE T-MATRIX PROVIDED ON FILE 2. READ IN      LSV03700
C      THE ORDER OF THE USER-SPECIFIED MATRIX , THE FLAGS IPARO      LSV03710
C      AND IPAR WHICH INDICATE RESPECTIVELY THE PARITY OF THE      LSV03720
C      STARTING VECTOR USED IN THE GENERATION OF THE EXISTING      LSV03730
C      BETA AND THE PARITY OF THE NEXT LANCZOS VECTOR THAT      LSV03740

```



```

C                                                    LSV04300
310 KMAXN= (11*MEV)/8 + 12                          LSV04310
    IF((KMAXN/2)*2.NE.KMAXN) KMAXN = KMAXN + 1      LSV04320
    IF(MBETA.LE.KMAXN) GO TO 1840                   LSV04330
    IF(KMAX.GE.KMAXN )  GO TO 330                   LSV04340
    WRITE(6,320) KMAX, KMAXN                        LSV04350
320 FORMAT(' ENLARGE KMAX FROM ',I6,' TO ',I6)      LSV04360
    MOLD1 = KMAX + 1                                LSV04370
    KMAX = KMAXN                                     LSV04380
    GO TO 420                                        LSV04390
C                                                    LSV04400
330 WRITE(6,340) KMAX                               LSV04410
340 FORMAT(/' T-MATRICES HAVE BEEN READ IN FROM FILE 2'/' THE LARGEST LSV04420
    1SIZE T-MATRIX ALLOWED IS',I6/)                LSV04430
C                                                    LSV04440
    IF(IREAD.EQ.1) GO TO 460                        LSV04450
C                                                    LSV04460
C    REGENERATE THE BETA                            LSV04470
C                                                    LSV04480
350 MOLD1 = 1                                        LSV04490
C                                                    LSV04500
    IF(IPAR.EQ.1) WRITE(6,360)                      LSV04510
    IF(IPAR.EQ.2) WRITE(6,370)                      LSV04520
360 FORMAT(/' STARTING VECTOR USED IN HISTORY REGENERATION IS OF THE LSV04530
    1FORM (0,V2)')                                  LSV04540
370 FORMAT(/' STARTING VECTOR USED IN HISTORY REGENERATION IS OF THE LSV04550
    1FORM (V1,0)')                                  LSV04560
C                                                    LSV04570
    DO 380 J = 1,NGOOD                              LSV04580
    IF(MP(J).EQ.1) GO TO 400                         LSV04590
380 CONTINUE                                        LSV04600
    KMAX = MEV + 12                                  LSV04610
    IF((KMAX/2)*2.NE.KMAX) GO TO 1680               LSV04620
    WRITE(6,390) KMAX                                LSV04630
390 FORMAT(/' ALL SINGULAR VALUES FOR WHICH SINGULAR VECTORS ARE TO BELSV04640
    1COMPUTED ARE EITHER T-MULTIPLE OR CLOSE TO'/' A SPURIOUS T-EIGENVALSV04650
    1LUE THEREFORE SET KMAX = MEV + 12 = ',I7)      LSV04660
    GO TO 420                                        LSV04670
C                                                    LSV04680
400 KMAXN = (11*MEV)/8 + 12                          LSV04690
    IF((KMAXN/2)*2.NE.KMAXN) KMAXN = KMAXN + 1      LSV04700
    IF(MBETA.LE.KMAXN) GO TO 1840                   LSV04710
    WRITE(6,410) KMAXN                              LSV04720
410 FORMAT(' SET KMAX EQUAL TO ',I6)                LSV04730
    KMAX = KMAXN                                     LSV04740
C                                                    LSV04750
420 KMAX1 = KMAX + 1                                LSV04760
    WRITE(6,430) MOLD1,KMAX1                        LSV04770
430 FORMAT(/' LANCZS SUBROUTINE GENERATES BETA(J+1), J =', LSV04780
    1 I6,' TO ', I6/)                              LSV04790
    IF(IREAD.EQ.1.AND.IPAR.EQ.1) WRITE(6,440)      LSV04800
    IF(IREAD.EQ.1.AND.IPAR.EQ.2) WRITE(6,450)      LSV04810
440 FORMAT(/' FIRST LANCZOS VECTOR IN HISTORY EXTENSION IF OF THE FORMLSV04820
    1 (0,V2)')                                      LSV04830
450 FORMAT(/' FIRST LANCZOS VECTOR IN HISTORY EXTENSION IF OF THE FORMLSV04840

```

```

      1 (V1,0)')
C
C-----LSV04850
C-----LSV04860
C-----LSV04870
C-----LSV04880
      CALL LANCZS(SVMAT,STRAN,BETA,V1,V2,G,KMAX,MOLD1,M,N,IPAR,SVSEED) LSV04890
C-----LSV04900
C-----LSV04910
C-----LSV04920
      460 CONTINUE
C-----LSV04930
C-----LSV04940
C      THE SUBROUTINE STURMI DETERMINES THE SMALLEST SIZE T-MATRIX FOR LSV04950
C      WHICH THE SINGULAR VALUE IN QUESTION IS AN EIGENVALUE (TO LSV04960
C      WITHIN A SPECIFIED TOLERANCE) AND IF POSSIBLE THE SMALLEST LSV04970
C      SIZE T-MATRIX FOR WHICH THE SINGULAR VALUE IS A DOUBLE LSV04980
C      EIGENVALUE (TO WITHIN THE SAME TOLERANCE). THE SIZE LSV04990
C      T-MATRIX THAT WILL BE USED IN EACH OF THE RITZ VECTOR COMPUTATIONS LSV05000
C      IS THEN DETERMINED BY LOOPING ON THE SIZE OF THE T-EIGENVECTOR LSV05010
C      COMPUTATIONS, STARTING WITH A SIZE DETERMINED FROM THE LSV05020
C      INFORMATION OBTAINED FROM STURMI. LSV05030
C-----LSV05040
      STUTOL = SCALE0*MULTOL LSV05050
      IF(IWRITE.EQ.1) WRITE(6,470) LSV05060
      470 FORMAT(' FROM STURMI') LSV05070
      DO 510 J = 1,NGOOD LSV05080
      SVAL = GOODSV(J) LSV05090
C      COMPUTE THE TOLERANCES USED BY STURMI TO DETERMINE AN INTERVAL LSV05100
C      CONTAINING THE SINGULAR VALUE SVAL. LSV05110
      TEMP = DABS(SVAL)*RELTOL LSV05120
      TOLN = DMAX1(TEMP,STUTOL) LSV05130
C-----LSV05140
C-----LSV05150
C-----LSV05160
      CALL STURMI(BETA,SVAL,TOLN,EPSM,KMAX,MK1,MK2,IC,IWRITE) LSV05170
C-----LSV05180
C-----LSV05190
C-----LSV05200
C      STORE THE COMPUTED ORDERS OF T-MATRICES FOR LATER PRINTOUT LSV05210
      IF(MK1.GT.1) GO TO 475 LSV05220
C      SVAL IS VERY SMALL SINGULAR VALUE, RESET MK1 TO CORRECT VALUE LSV05230
      MK1 = MK2 LSV05240
      MK2 = MIN0(2*MK1,KMAX) LSV05250
      M1(J) = MK1 LSV05260
      M2(J) = MK2 LSV05270
      ML(J) = MK2 LSV05280
      GO TO 476 LSV05290
      475 M1(J) = MK1 LSV05300
      M2(J) = MK2 LSV05310
      ML(J) = (MK1 + 3*MK2)/4 LSV05320
      IF(MK2.EQ.KMAX) ML(J) = KMAX LSV05330
C-----LSV05340
      476 IF(IC.GT.0) GO TO 490 LSV05350
C      IC = 0 MEANS THERE WAS NO T-EIGENVALUE IN THE DESIGNATED INTERVAL LSV05360
C      EVEN BY T-SIZE KMAX. THIS MEANS THAT THE SINGULAR VALUE LSV05370
C      PROVIDED HAS NOT YET CONVERGED SO PROGRAM DOES NOT COMPUTE LSV05380
C      A SINGULAR VECTOR FOR IT. LSV05390

```

```

        WRITE(6,480) J,GOODSV(J),MK1,MK2
480  FORMAT(16,'TH SINGULAR VALUE',E20.12,' HAS NOT CONVERGED '/
      1' SO DO NOT COMPUTE ANY T-EIGENVECTOR OR RITZ VECTOR FOR IT'
      1/' MK1 AND MK2 FOR THIS SINGULAR VALUE WERE',2I6)
      MP(J) = MPMIN
      MA(J) = -2*KMAX
      GO TO 510
C     COMPUTE AN APPROPRIATE SIZE T-MATRIX FOR THE GIVEN SINGULAR
C     VALUE.
490  IF(M2(J).EQ.KMAX) GO TO 500
C     M1 AND M2 WERE BOTH DETERMINED
      MAJ = (3*M1(J) + M2(J))/4 + 1
      IF((MAJ/2)*2.NE.MAJ) MAJ = MAJ + 1
      MA(J) = MAJ
      GO TO 510
C     M2 NOT DETERMINED
500  MAJ = (5*M1(J))/4 + 1
      IF((MAJ/2)*2.NE.MAJ) MAJ = MAJ + 1
      MA(J) = MAJ
C
510  CONTINUE
C
      IF (IWRITE.EQ.1) WRITE(6,520) (MA(JJ), JJ=1,NGOOD)
520  FORMAT(/' 1ST GUESS AT APPROPRIATE SIZE T-MATRICES'/
      1 ' ACTUAL VALUES WILL PROBABLY BE 1/4 AGAIN AS MUCH'/(13I6))
C
C     PRINT OUT TO FILE 10 1ST GUESSES AT SIZES OF THE T-MATRICES TO
C     BE USED IN THE SINGULAR VECTOR COMPUTATIONS.
C     PROGRAM LOOPS ON T-SIZE TO DETERMINE APPROPRIATE SIZE T-MATRIX.
      WRITE(10,530) N,KMAX
530  FORMAT(2I8,' = ORDER OF USER MATRIX AND MAX ORDER OF T(1,MEV)')
C
      WRITE(10,540)
540  FORMAT(/' 1ST GUESS AT APPROPRIATE SIZE T-MATRICES'/
      1 ' ACTUAL VALUES WILL PROBABLY BE 1/4 AGAIN AS MUCH'/)
C
      WRITE(10,550)
550  FORMAT(4X,'J',7X,'GOODSV(J)',4X,'M1(J)',1X,'M2(J)',1X,'MA(J)')
C
      WRITE(10,560) (J,GOODSV(J),M1(J),M2(J), MA(J), J=1,NGOOD)
560  FORMAT(I5,E19.12,3I6)
C
      IF(MBOUND.EQ.1) WRITE(10,570)
570  FORMAT(/' GOODSV(J) IS A GOOD EIGENVALUE OF T(1,MEV)'/
      1 ' M1 = SMALLEST VALUE OF M SUCH THAT T(1,M) HAS AT LEAST'/
      1 '     ONE EIGENVALUE IN THE INTERVAL (SV-TOLN,SV+TOLN)'/
      1 '     TOLN(J) = DMAX1(GOODSV(J)*RELTOL, SCALE0*MULTOL)'/
      1 ' M2 = SMALLEST M (IF ANY) SUCH THAT IN THE ABOVE INTERVAL'/
      1 '     T(1,M) HAS AT LEAST TWO EIGENVALUES '/
      1 ' INITIAL VALUE OF MA(J) IS CHOSEN HEURISTICALLY'/
      1 ' PROGRAM LOOPS ON SIZE OF T-MATRIX TO GET APPROPRIATE SIZE'/
      1 ' END OF SIZES OF T-MATRICES FILE 10'///)
C
C
C     TERMINATE AFTER COMPUTING 1ST GUESSES AT SIZES OF THE

```

```

C      T-MATRICES REQUIRED FOR THE GIVEN SINGULAR VALUES?                      LSV05950
      IF(MBOUND.EQ.1) GO TO 1700                                              LSV05960
C                                                                 LSV05970
C                                                                 LSV05980
C      IS THERE ROOM FOR ALL OF THE REQUESTED T-EIGENVECTORS?                LSV05990
      MTOL = 0                                                                LSV06000
      DO 580 J = 1,NGOOD                                                      LSV06010
      IF(MP(J).EQ.MPMIN) GO TO 580                                           LSV06020
      MTOL = MTOL + IABS(MA(J))                                              LSV06030
580 CONTINUE                                                                LSV06040
      MTOL = (5*MTOL)/4                                                      LSV06050
      IF(MTOL.GT.MDIMTV.AND.NTVCON.EQ.0) GO TO 1720                         LSV06060
C                                                                 LSV06070
C-----LSV06080
C      GENERATE A RANDOM VECTOR TO BE USED REPEATEDLY BY                    LSV06090
C      SUBROUTINE INVERM                                                    LSV06100
C                                                                 LSV06110
      IIL = RHSEED                                                            LSV06120
      CALL GENRAN(IIL,G,KMAX)                                                LSV06130
C                                                                 LSV06140
C-----LSV06150
C                                                                 LSV06160
C      FOR EACH SINGULAR VALUE LOOP ON T-EIGENVECTOR COMPUTATIONS           LSV06170
C      TO COMPUTE AN APPROPRIATE T-EIGENVECTOR TO USE IN THE                LSV06180
C      RITZ VECTOR COMPUTATIONS.                                           LSV06190
C                                                                 LSV06200
      MTOL = 0                                                                LSV06210
      NTVEC = 0                                                              LSV06220
      ILBIS = 0                                                              LSV06230
      DO 770 J = 1,NGOOD                                                      LSV06240
      ICOUNT = 0                                                             LSV06250
      ERRMIN = 10.DO                                                         LSV06260
      MABEST = MPMIN                                                         LSV06270
      IF(MP(J).EQ.MPMIN) GO TO 770                                           LSV06280
      TFLAG = 0                                                              LSV06290
      SVAL = GOODSV(J)                                                       LSV06300
      TEMP = RELTOL*DABS(SVAL)                                                LSV06310
      UB = SVAL + DMAX1(STUTOL,TEMP)                                         LSV06320
      LB = SVAL - DMAX1(STUTOL,TEMP)                                         LSV06330
      LB = DMAX1(LB,ZERO)                                                     LSV06340
590 KMAXU = IABS(MA(J))                                                       LSV06350
C                                                                 LSV06360
C      SELECT A SUITABLE INCREMENT FOR THE ORDERS OF THE T-MATRICES         LSV06370
C      TO BE CONSIDERED IN DETERMINING APPROPRIATE SIZES FOR THE RITZ      LSV06380
C      VECTOR COMPUTATIONS. ALL ORDERS CONSIDERED MUST BE EVEN.            LSV06390
      IF(ICOUNT.GT.0) GO TO 610                                              LSV06400
C      SELECT IDELTA(J) BASED UPON THE T-MULTIPLICITY OBTAINED              LSV06410
      IF(M2(J).EQ.KMAX) GO TO 600                                           LSV06420
C      M2 DETERMINED                                                         LSV06430
      IDEL = ((3*M1(J) + 5*M2(J))/8 + 1 - IABS(MA(J)))/10 + 1              LSV06440
      IF((IDEL/2)*2.NE.IDEL) IDEL = IDEL + 1                                LSV06450
      IDELTA(J) = IDEL                                                       LSV06460
      GO TO 610                                                              LSV06470
C      M2 NOT DETERMINED                                                    LSV06480
600 MAMAX = MIN0((11*MEV)/8 + 12, (13*M1(J))/8 + 1)                       LSV06490

```



```

        IDEL = (MAMAX - IABS(MA(J)))/10 + 1          LSV06500
        IF((IDEL/2)*2.NE.IDEL) IDEL = IDEL + 1      LSV06510
        IDELTA(J) = IDEL                            LSV06520
610  ICOUNT = ICOUNT + 1                          LSV06530
C                                                LSV06540
C-----LSV06550
C    TO MINIMIZE THE EFFECT OF THE ONE-SIDED ACCEPTANCE TEST FOR LSV06560
C    EIGENVALUES IN THE BISEC SUBROUTINE, RECOMPUTE THE GIVEN LSV06570
C    SINGULAR VALUE AT THE SPECIFIED KMAXU          LSV06580
C                                                    LSV06590
C    CALL LBISEC(BETA,EPSM,SVAL,SVALN,LB,UB,TTOL,KMAXU,NEVT) LSV06600
C                                                    LSV06610
C-----LSV06620
C                                                    LSV06630
C    CHECK WHETHER OR NOT GIVEN T-MATRIX HAS AN EIGENVALUE IN THE LSV06640
C    SPECIFIED INTERVAL AND IF SO WHAT ITS T-MULTIPLICITY IS. LSV06650
C                                                    LSV06660
C    IF(NEVT.EQ.1) GO TO 650                          LSV06670
C    IF(NEVT.NE.0) GO TO 630                          LSV06680
C    ILBIS = 1                                         LSV06690
C    WRITE(6,620) SVAL,KMAXU                          LSV06700
620  FORMAT(/' PROBLEM ENCOUNTERED IN RECOMPUTATION OF USER-SUPPLIED SILSV06710
      1NGULAR VALUE',E20.12/' THE SIZE T-MATRIX SPECIFIED',I6,' DOES NOT LSV06720
      1HAVE A SINGULAR VALUE IN THE INTERVAL SPECIFIED'/' INCREASE SIZE ALSV06730
      1ND TRY AGAIN'/)
      GO TO 670                                       LSV06740
C                                                    LSV06750
C                                                    LSV06760
630  IF(NEVT.GT.1) WRITE(6,640) SVAL,KMAXU          LSV06770
640  FORMAT(/' PROBLEM ENCOUNTERED IN RECOMPUTATION OF USER-SUPPLIED LSV06780
      1SINGULAR VALUE',E20.12/' FOR THE SIZE T-MATRIX SPECIFIED =' ,I6,' TSV06790
      1HE GIVEN SINGULAR VALUE IS T-MULTIPLE IN THE INTERVAL SPECIFIED'/'LSV06800
      1SOMETHING IS WRONG, THEREFORE NO SINGULAR VECTORS WILL BE COMPUTEDLSV06810
      1 FOR THIS SINGULAR VALUE'/)
C                                                    LSV06820
C                                                    LSV06830
C    MP(J) = MPMIN                                    LSV06840
C    MA(J) = -2*KMAX                                  LSV06850
C    GO TO 770                                         LSV06860
C                                                    LSV06870
650  CONTINUE                                         LSV06880
C    ILBIS = 0                                         LSV06890
C                                                    LSV06900
C                                                    LSV06910
C    SVNEW(J) = SVALN                                  LSV06920
C    SVAL = SVALN                                      LSV06930
C    MTOL = MTOL+KMAXU                                LSV06940
C                                                    LSV06950
C    IS THERE ROOM IN TVEC ARRAY FOR THE NEXT T-EIGENVECTOR? LSV06960
C    IF NOT, SKIP TO RITZ VECTOR COMPUTATIONS.        LSV06970
C    IF (MTOL.GT.MDIMTV) GO TO 780                    LSV06980
C                                                    LSV06990
C    IT = 3                                             LSV07000
C    KINT = MTOL - KMAXU +1                            LSV07010
C                                                    LSV07020
C    RECORD THE BEGINNING AND END OF THE T-EIGENVECTOR BEING COMPUTED LSV07030
C    MINT(J) = KINT                                    LSV07040

```

```

      MFIN(J) = MTOL
C
C-----LSV07050
C      SUBROUTINE INVERM DOES INVERSE ITERATION, I.E. SOLVES
C      (T(1,KMAXU) - SVAL)*U = RHS  FOR EACH SINGULAR VALUE TO
C      OBTAIN THE DESIRED T-EIGENVECTOR.
C
C      IF(IWRITE.EQ.1)  WRITE(6,660) J
660  FORMAT(/I6,'TH SINGULAR VALUE ')
C
C      CALL INVERM(BETA,V1,TVEC(KINT),SVAL,ERROR,TERROR,EPSM,G,KMAXU,
1  IT,IWRITE)
C
C-----LSV07180
C
C      TERR(J) = TERROR
C      TLAST(J) = ERROR
C      KMAXU1 = KMAXU + 1
C      TBETA(J) = BETA(KMAXU1)*ERROR
C
C      AFTER COMPUTING EACH OF THE T-EIGENVECTORS,
C      CHECK THE SIZE OF THE ERROR ESTIMATE, ERROR.
C      IF THIS ESTIMATE IS NOT AS SMALL AS DESIRED AND
C      |MA(J)| < ML(J), ATTEMPT TO INCREASE THE SIZE OF |MA(J)|
C      AND REPEAT THE T-EIGENVECTOR COMPUTATIONS.
C
C      IF(ERROR.LT.ERTOL.OR.TFLAG.EQ.1)  GO TO 760
C
C      IF(ERROR.GE.ERRMIN) GO TO 670
C      LAST COMPONENT IS LESS THAN MINIMAL TO DATE
C      ERRMIN = ERROR
C      MABEST = MA(J)
670  CONTINUE
C
C      IF(MA(J).GT.0)  ITEST = MA(J) + IDELTA(J)
C      IF(MA(J).LT.0)  ITEST = -(IABS(MA(J)) + IDELTA(J))
C      IF(IABS(ITEST).LE.ML(J).AND.ICOUNT.LE.10) GO TO 690
C      NEW MA(J) IS GREATER THAN MAXIMUM ALLOWED.
C      IF(ERCONT.EQ.0.OR.MABEST.EQ.MPMIN) GO TO 710
C      TFLAG = 1
C      MA(J) = MABEST
C      IF(ILBIS.EQ.0)  MTOL = MTOL - KMAXU
C      WRITE(6,680) MA(J)
680  FORMAT(' 10 ORDERS WERE CONSIDERED.  NONE SATISFIED THE ERROR TESTLSV07480
1 '/' THEREFORE USE THE BEST ORDER OBTAINED FOR THE T-EIGENVECTORS' LSV07490
1,I6)
C      GO TO 590
C
C      690 MA(J) = ITEST
C
C      MT = IABS(MA(J))
C      IF(IWRITE.EQ.1.AND.ILBIS.EQ.0) WRITE(6,700) MT
700  FORMAT('/' CHANGE SIZE OF T-MATRIX TO ',I6,' RECOMPUTE T-EIGENVECTOLSV07570
1R')
C
C-----LSV07590

```

```

      IF(ILBIS.EQ.0) MTOL = MTOL - KMAXU                                LSV07600
C                                                                    LSV07610
      GO TO 590                                                         LSV07620
C                                                                    LSV07630
C   APPROPRIATE SIZE T-MATRIX WAS NOT OBTAINED                       LSV07640
710 CONTINUE                                                           LSV07650
      WRITE(10,720) J,SVAL,MP(J)                                       LSV07660
720 FORMAT(/' ON 10 INCREMENTS NOT ABLE TO IDENTIFY APPROPRIATE SIZE LSV07670
      1T-MATRIX FOR'/
      1I4,' TH SINGULAR VALUE = ',E20.12,' T-MULTIPLICITY =',I4/)      LSV07690
      IF(M2(J).EQ.KMAX) WRITE(10,730)                                  LSV07700
      IF(M2(J).LT.KMAX) WRITE(10,740)                                  LSV07710
730 FORMAT(/' ORDERS TESTED RANGED FROM 5*M1(J)/4 TO APPROXIMATELY'/ LSV07720
      1 ' MIN(11*MEV/8, 13*M1(J)/8)'/)                                LSV07730
740 FORMAT(/' ORDERS TESTED RANGED FROM (3*M1(J)+M2(J))/4 TO APPROXIMLSV07740
      1ATELY'/' (3*M1(J)+5*M2(J))/8'/)                                LSV07750
      WRITE(10,750)                                                     LSV07760
750 FORMAT(' ALLOWING LARGER ORDERS FOR THE T-MATRICES MAY RESULT IN LSV07770
      1 SUCCESS'/' BUT PROBABLY WILL NOT. PROBLEM IS PROBABLY DUE TO' LSV07780
      1 '/' LACK OF CONVERGENCE OF GIVEN SINGULAR VALUE, CHECK THE ERROR ELSV07790
      1STIMATE')                                                       LSV07800
      MP(J) = MPMIN                                                    LSV07810
      IF(ILBIS.EQ.0) MTOL = MTOL - KMAXU                                LSV07820
      GO TO 770                                                         LSV07830
760 NTVEC = NTVEC + 1                                                 LSV07840
C                                                                    LSV07850
770 CONTINUE                                                           LSV07860
      NGOODC = NGOOD                                                  LSV07870
      GO TO 800                                                         LSV07880
C                                                                    LSV07890
C   COME HERE IF THERE IS NOT ENOUGH ROOM FOR ALL OF T-EIGENVECTORS LSV07900
780 NGOODC = J-1                                                       LSV07910
      WRITE(6,790) J,MTOL,MDIMTV                                       LSV07920
790 FORMAT(/' NOT ENOUGH ROOM IN TVEC ARRAY FOR ',I4,'TH T-EIGENVECTORLSV07930
      1'/' TVEC DIMENSION REQUESTED = ',I6,' BUT TVEC HAS DIMENSION ',I6LSV07940
      1/)                                                                LSV07950
      IF(NGOODC.EQ.0) GO TO 1740                                       LSV07960
      MTOL = MTOL-KMAXU                                                LSV07970
C                                                                    LSV07980
800 CONTINUE                                                           LSV07990
C                                                                    LSV08000
C   THE LOOP ON T-EIGENVECTOR COMPUTATIONS IS COMPLETE.             LSV08010
C   WRITE OUT THE SIZE T-MATRICES THAT WILL BE USED FOR             LSV08020
C   THE RITZ VECTOR COMPUTATIONS.                                    LSV08030
C                                                                    LSV08040
      WRITE(10,810)                                                     LSV08050
810 FORMAT(/' SIZES OF T-MATRICES THAT WILL BE USED IN THE RITZ COMPUTLSV08060
      1ATIONS'/5X,'J',8X,' SINGULAR VALUE ',1X,'MA(J)')              LSV08070
C                                                                    LSV08080
      WRITE(10,820) (J,GOODSV(J),MA(J), J=1,NGOOD)                   LSV08090
820 FORMAT(I6,E25.14,I6)                                              LSV08100
      WRITE(10,570)                                                     LSV08110
C                                                                    LSV08120
      WRITE(6,830) MTOL                                                LSV08130
830 FORMAT(/' THE CUMULATIVE LENGTH OF THE T-EIGENVECTORS IS',I18)   LSV08140

```

```

C                                                    LSV08150
      WRITE(6,840) NTVEC,NGOOD                        LSV08160
840  FORMAT(/I6,' T-EIGENVECTORS OUT OF',I6,' REQUESTED WERE COMPUTED') LSV08170
C                                                    LSV08180
C      SAVE THE T-EIGENVECTORS ON FILE 11?             LSV08190
      IF(TVSTOP.NE.1.AND.SVTVEC.EQ.0) GO TO 900        LSV08200
C                                                    LSV08210
      WRITE(11,850) NTVEC,MTOL,MATNO,SVSEED           LSV08220
850  FORMAT(I6,3I12,' = NTVEC,MTOL,MATNO,SVSEED')    LSV08230
C                                                    LSV08240
      DO 880 J=1,NGOODC                               LSV08250
C      IF MP(J) = MPMIN THEN NO SUITABLE T-EIGENVECTOR IS AVAILABLE LSV08260
C      FOR THAT SINGULAR VALUE.                      LSV08270
      IF(MP(J).EQ.MPMIN) WRITE(11,860) J,MA(J),GOODSV(J),MP(J) LSV08280
860  FORMAT(2I6,E20.12,I6/' TH SINGVAL,T-SIZE,SVALUE,FLAG,NO EIGVEC') LSV08290
      IF(MP(J).NE.MPMIN) WRITE(11,870) J,MA(J),GOODSV(J),MP(J) LSV08300
870  FORMAT(I6,I6,E20.12,I6/' T-EIGVEC,SIZE T,SVALUE OF A,MP(J)') LSV08310
      IF(MP(J).EQ.MPMIN) GO TO 880                   LSV08320
      KI = MINT(J)                                    LSV08330
      KF = MFIN(J)                                    LSV08340
C                                                    LSV08350
      WRITE(11,280) (TVEC(K), K=KI,KF)               LSV08360
C                                                    LSV08370
880  CONTINUE                                         LSV08380
C                                                    LSV08390
      IF(TVSTOP.NE.1) GO TO 900                      LSV08400
C                                                    LSV08410
      WRITE(6,890) TVSTOP, NTVEC,NGOOD               LSV08420
890  FORMAT(/' USER SET TVSTOP = ',I1/              LSV08430
1' THEREFORE PROGRAM TERMINATES AFTER T-EIGENVECTOR COMPUTATIONS'/ LSV08440
1' T-EIGENVECTORS THAT WERE COMPUTED ARE SAVED ON FILE 11'/    LSV08450
1I8,' T-EIGENVECTORS WERE COMPUTED OUT OF',I7,' REQUESTED')/  LSV08460
C                                                    LSV08470
      GO TO 1860                                       LSV08480
C                                                    LSV08490
900  CONTINUE                                         LSV08500
C      IF NOT ALL OF THE REQUESTED T-EIGENVECTORS WERE COMPUTED, LSV08510
C      ARE THE LANCZOS SINGULAR VECTOR COMPUTATIONS CONTINUED? LSV08520
C                                                    LSV08530
      IF(NTVEC.NE.NGOOD.AND.LVCONT.EQ.0) GO TO 1760 LSV08540
C                                                    LSV08550
C      COMPUTE THE MAXIMUM SIZE OF THE T-MATRIX USED FOR THOSE LSV08560
C      SINGULAR VALUES WITH GOOD ERROR ESTIMATES.      LSV08570
C                                                    LSV08580
      KMAXU = 0                                       LSV08590
      DO 910 J = 1,NGOODC                             LSV08600
      MT = IABS(MA(J))                                LSV08610
      IF(MT.LT.KMAXU.OR.MP(J).EQ.MPMIN) GO TO 910      LSV08620
      KMAXU = MT                                       LSV08630
910  CONTINUE                                         LSV08640
C                                                    LSV08650
      IF(KMAXU.EQ.0) GO TO 1800                      LSV08660
C                                                    LSV08670
      WRITE(6,920) KMAXU                             LSV08680
920  FORMAT(/I6,' = LARGEST SIZE T-MATRIX TO BE USED IN THE RITZ VECTOR LSV08690

```

```

      1 COMPUTATIONS')                                LSV08700
C                                                    LSV08710
C    COUNT THE NUMBER OF RITZ VECTORS NOT BEING COMPUTED LSV08720
      MREJEC = 0                                       LSV08730
      DO 930 J=1,NGOODC                               LSV08740
930  IF(MP(J).EQ.MPMIN) MREJEC = MREJEC + 1          LSV08750
      MREJET = MREJEC + (NGOOD-NGOODC)                LSV08760
      IF(MREJET.NE.0) WRITE(6,940) MREJET             LSV08770
940  FORMAT(/' RITZ VECTORS ARE NOT COMPUTED FOR',I6,' OF THE SINGULAR LSV08780
      1VALUES'/)
      NACT = NGOODC - MREJEC                           LSV08800
      WRITE(6,950) NGOOD,NTVEC,NACT                   LSV08810
950  FORMAT(/I6,' RITZ VECTORS WERE REQUESTED'/I6,' T-EIGENVECTORS WERE LSV08820
      1 COMPUTED'/I6,' RITZ VECTORS WILL BE COMPUTED'/) LSV08830
C    CHECK IF THERE ARE ANY RITZ VECTORS TO COMPUTE LSV08840
      IF(MREJEC.EQ.NGOODC) GO TO 1780                  LSV08850
C                                                    LSV08860
C    CONTINUE WITH THE LANCZOS VECTOR COMPUTATIONS? LSV08870
      IF(LVCONT.EQ.0.AND.MREJEC.NE.0) GO TO 1760       LSV08880
C                                                    LSV08890
C    NOW COMPUTE THE RITZ VECTORS. REGENERATE THE LSV08900
C    LANCZOS VECTORS.                                LSV08910
C                                                    LSV08920
      DO 960 I = 1,MNMAX                               LSV08930
960  RITVEC(I) = ZERO                                  LSV08940
C                                                    LSV08950
C    REGENERATE THE STARTING VECTOR. THIS MUST BE GENERATED AND LSV08960
C    NORMALIZED PRECISELY THE WAY IT WAS DONE IN THE CORRESPONDING LSV08970
C    SINGULAR VALUE COMPUTATIONS, OTHERWISE THERE WILL BE A LSV08980
C    MISMATCH BETWEEN THE T-EIGENVECTORS THAT HAVE BEEN COMPUTED LSV08990
C    FROM THE T-MATRICES READ IN FROM FILE 2 (IF THEY WERE READ IN) LSV09000
C    AND THE LANCZOS TRIDIAGONAL MATRICES THAT ARE BEING REGENERATED. LSV09010
C                                                    LSV09020
C    STARTING VECTORS ARE OF THE FORM (V1,0) OR (0,V2) WHERE V1 IS LSV09030
C    OF LENGTH M AND V2 IS OF LENGTH N. SUCCEEDING LANCZOS VECTORS LSV09040
C    ALTERNATE BETWEEN THESE TWO FORMS AND THE DIAGONAL ENTRIES OF THE LSV09050
C    T-MATRICES ALL VANISH. THE PARAMETER IPARO DETERMINES THE SHAPE LSV09060
C    OF THE STARTING VECTOR. IF IPARO=1, THEN STARTING VECTOR WAS LSV09070
C    OF THE FORM (0,V2). IF IPARO=2, THEN STARTING VECTOR WAS OF LSV09080
C    THE FORM (V1,0).                                LSV09090
C    REGENERATE STARTING VECTOR                       LSV09100
      BATA = ZERO                                       LSV09110
      IPAR = IPARO                                       LSV09120
      ITNUM = 1                                          LSV09130
      IF (IPAR.EQ.2) GO TO 1020                         LSV09140
C                                                    LSV09150
C-----LSV09160
C    IPAR = 1 SO SET V2 TO RANDOM UNIT VECTOR AND SET V1 = 0. LSV09170
C                                                    LSV09180
      IIL = SVSEED                                       LSV09190
      CALL GENRAN(IIL,G,N)                               LSV09200
C                                                    LSV09210
C-----LSV09220
C                                                    LSV09230
      DO 970 J = 1,N                                     LSV09240

```

```

      970 V2(J) = G(J)
C-----LSV09250
      SUM = ONE/DSQRT(FINPRO(N,V2,1,V2,1))
C-----LSV09260
C-----LSV09270
C-----LSV09280
C-----LSV09290
      DO 980 J = 1,M
      980 V1(J) = ZERO
C-----LSV09300
C-----LSV09310
      DO 990 J = 1,N
      990 V2(J) = V2(J)*SUM
C-----LSV09320
C-----LSV09330
C-----LSV09340
C-----LSV09350
C-----LSV09360
C-----LSV09370
C-----LSV09380
C-----LSV09390
C-----LSV09400
C-----LSV09410
C-----LSV09420
      DO 1000 K = 1,N
      LL = LL + 1
      1000 RITVEC(LL) = TEMP*V2(K)
C-----LSV09430
C-----LSV09440
C-----LSV09450
C-----LSV09460
      1010 CONTINUE
C-----LSV09470
C-----LSV09480
C-----LSV09490
      GO TO 1150
C-----LSV09500
C-----LSV09510
C-----LSV09520
C-----LSV09530
C-----LSV09540
C-----LSV09550
C-----LSV09560
C-----LSV09570
C-----LSV09580
C-----LSV09590
      DO 1030 J = 1,M
      1030 V1(J) = G(J)
C-----LSV09600
C-----LSV09610
C-----LSV09620
      SUM = ONE/DSQRT(FINPRO(M,V1,1,V1,1))
C-----LSV09630
C-----LSV09640
C-----LSV09650
      DO 1040 J = 1,N
      1040 V2(J) = ZERO
C-----LSV09660
C-----LSV09670
C-----LSV09680
      DO 1050 J = 1,M
      1050 V1(J) = V1(J)*SUM
C-----LSV09690
C-----LSV09700
C-----LSV09710
C-----LSV09720
C-----LSV09730
C-----LSV09740
C-----LSV09750
C-----LSV09760
C-----LSV09770
C-----LSV09780
C-----LSV09790
      DO 1060 K = 1,M

```

```

      LL = LL + 1                                LSV09800
1060 RITVEC(LL) = TEMP*V1(K)                    LSV09810
C                                                LSV09820
1070 CONTINUE                                  LSV09830
C                                                LSV09840
1080 CONTINUE                                  LSV09850
C                                                LSV09860
C DO ONE ITERATION OF LANCZOS WHERE NEW LANCZOS VECTOR WILL HAVE THE LSV09870
C FORM (0,V2).                                LSV09880
C                                                LSV09890
C-----LSV09900
C                                                LSV09910
      CALL STRAN(V1,V2,BATA)                    LSV09920
C                                                LSV09930
C-----LSV09940
C                                                LSV09950
C-----LSV09960
      BATA = DSQRT(FINPRO(N,V2,1,V2,1))          LSV09970
C-----LSV09980
      SUM = ONE/BATA                            LSV09990
      ITNUM = ITNUM + 1                          LSV10000
      IPAR = 2                                  LSV10010
C                                                LSV10020
      TEMP = BETA(ITNUM)                        LSV10030
      TEMP = DABS(BATA - TEMP)/TEMP              LSV10040
      IF (TEMP.LT.1.0D-10) GO TO 1110            LSV10050
C                                                LSV10060
C HISTORY MISMATCH ON REGENERATION THUS DEFAULT LSV10070
1090 WRITE(6,1100) ITNUM,IPAR,BATA,BETA(ITNUM),TEMP LSV10080
1100 FORMAT(1X,'ITNUM',2X,'IPAR',16X,'BATA',16X,'BETA',14X,'RELERR'/ LSV10090
1 2I6,3E20.12/' BATA AND BETA DO NOT AGREE SO PROGRAM STOPS'/) LSV10100
      GO TO 1860                                LSV10110
C                                                LSV10120
1110 CONTINUE                                  LSV10130
C NORMALIZE LANCZOS VECTOR                      LSV10140
      DO 1120 J = 1,N                          LSV10150
1120 V2(J) = V2(J)*SUM                          LSV10160
C                                                LSV10170
C UPDATE RITZ VECTORS                           LSV10180
      DO 1140 J = 1,NGOODC                      LSV10190
      IF (IABS(MA(J)).LT.ITNUM.OR.MP(J).EQ.MPMIN) GO TO 1140 LSV10200
      LL = MN*J - N                             LSV10210
      II = MINT(J) + ITNUM - 1                  LSV10220
      TEMP = TVEC(II)                           LSV10230
C                                                LSV10240
      DO 1130 K = 1,N                           LSV10250
      LL = LL + 1                               LSV10260
1130 RITVEC(LL) = TEMP*V2(K) + RITVEC(LL)        LSV10270
C                                                LSV10280
1140 CONTINUE                                  LSV10290
C HAVE ALL REQUIRED LANCZOS VECTORS BEEN REGENERATED ? LSV10300
C                                                LSV10310
      IF(ITNUM.EQ.KMAXU) GO TO 1190              LSV10320
C                                                LSV10330
1150 CONTINUE                                  LSV10340

```

```

C                                                    LSV10350
C   DO ONE ITERATION OF LANCZOS WHERE NEW LANCZOS VECTOR WILL HAVE   LSV10360
C   THE FORM  (V1,0) .                                              LSV10370
C                                                    LSV10380
C-----LSV10390
C                                                    LSV10400
C       CALL SVMAT(V2,V1,BATA)                                       LSV10410
C                                                    LSV10420
C-----LSV10430
C                                                    LSV10440
C-----LSV10450
C       BATA = DSQRT(FINPRO(M,V1,1,V1,1))                             LSV10460
C-----LSV10470
C       SUM = ONE/BATA                                              LSV10480
C       ITNUM = ITNUM + 1                                           LSV10490
C       IPAR = 1                                                    LSV10500
C                                                    LSV10510
C       TEMP = BETA(ITNUM)                                          LSV10520
C       TEMP = DABS(BATA - TEMP)/TEMP                               LSV10530
C       IF (TEMP.GE.1.0D-10) GO TO 1090                             LSV10540
C                                                    LSV10550
C   NORMALIZE LANCZOS VECTOR                                         LSV10560
C       DO 1160 J = 1,M                                             LSV10570
1160   V1(J) = V1(J)*SUM                                           LSV10580
C                                                    LSV10590
C   UPDATE RITZ VECTORS                                             LSV10600
C       DO 1180 J = 1,NGOODC                                         LSV10610
C       IF (IABS(MA(J)).LT.ITNUM.OR.MP(J).EQ.MPMIN) GO TO 1180      LSV10620
C       LL = MN*(J-1)                                               LSV10630
C       II = MINT(J) + ITNUM - 1                                     LSV10640
C       TEMP = TVEC(II)                                             LSV10650
C                                                    LSV10660
C       DO 1170 K = 1,M                                             LSV10670
C       LL = LL + 1                                                 LSV10680
1170   RITVEC(LL) = TEMP*V1(K) + RITVEC(LL)                         LSV10690
C                                                    LSV10700
1180   CONTINUE                                                    LSV10710
C   HAVE ALL REQUIRED LANCZOS VECTORS BEEN COMPUTED ?               LSV10720
C       IF (ITNUM.LT.KMAXU) GO TO 1080                             LSV10730
C                                                    LSV10740
1190   CONTINUE                                                    LSV10750
C                                                    LSV10760
C   RITZVECTOR GENERATION IS COMPLETE. NORMALIZE EACH RITZVECTOR   LSV10770
C   AS AN EIGENVECTOR OF THE ASSOCIATED SYMMETRIC MATRIX B.       LSV10780
C   THEN COMPUTE THE ERRORS IN THESE VECTORS AS EIGENVECTORS      LSV10790
C   OF B AND WRITE THESE OUT TO FILE 9. THEN INDIVIDUALLY        LSV10800
C   NORMALIZE THE FIRST M AND THE LAST N COMPONENTS OF EACH OF    LSV10810
C   THESE RITZ VECTORS AND TAKE THESE NORMALIZED VECTORS AS      LSV10820
C   RESPECTIVELY APPROXIMATIONS TO THE LEFT AND TO THE RIGHT     LSV10830
C   SINGULAR VECTORS OF THE CORRESPONDING SINGULAR VALUE OF      LSV10840
C   THE ORIGINAL MATRIX.                                           LSV10850
C                                                    LSV10860
C                                                    LSV10870
C   NORMALIZE THE RITZ VECTORS AS EIGENVECTORS OF B               LSV10880
C       DO 1280 J = 1,NGOODC                                         LSV10890

```



```

      IF (MP(J).EQ.MPMIN) GO TO 1280
      LINT = MN*(J-1) + 1
      LFIN = MN*J
      SUM = ZERO
      SVAL = SVNEW(J)
C
      DO 1200 K = LINT,LFIN
1200 SUM = SUM + RITVEC(K)*RITVEC(K)
C
      SUM = DSQRT(SUM)
      RNORM(J) = SUM
      TEMP = ONE - SUM
      SUM = ONE/SUM
C
      DO 1210 K = LINT,LFIN
1210 RITVEC(K) = RITVEC(K)*SUM
C
C      COMPUTE ERROR IN RITZ VECTOR CONSIDERED AS AN EIGENVECTOR OF B.
      LINTM = LINT + M
      L = LINT - 1
      DO 1220 K = 1,M
      L = L + 1
1220 V1(K) = RITVEC(L)
      DO 1230 K = 1,N
      L = L + 1
1230 V2(K) = RITVEC(L)
C
C-----LSV11170
C
      CALL SVMAT(RITVEC(LINTM),V1,SVAL)
      CALL STRAN(RITVEC(LINT),V2,SVAL)
C
C-----LSV11220
C
      SUM = ZERO
      DO 1240 JJ = 1,M
1240 SUM = SUM + V1(JJ)*V1(JJ)
C
      DO 1250 JJ = 1,N
1250 SUM = SUM + V2(JJ)*V2(JJ)
C
      IF(IWRITE.NE.0) WRITE(6,1260) J,GOODSV(J)
1260 FORMAT(/I5,'TH SINGULAR VALUE CONSIDERED =',E20.12/)
C
      IF(IWRITE.NE.0) WRITE(6,1270) TERR(J), TBETA(J), RNORM(J)
1270 FORMAT(' RESIDUAL FOR T-EIGENVECTOR = ',E14.3/
1' DABS(BETA(MA(J)+1)*U(MA(J))) = ',E14.3/
1' NORM(RITZVEC) = ', E14.3/)
C
      SUM = DSQRT(SUM)
      BERR(J) = SUM
      BERRGP(J) = SUM/ABS(BMINGP(J))
1280 CONTINUE
C
C      RITZVECTORS ARE NORMALIZED AND B-MATRIX ESTIMATES ARE IN BERR

```

C	AND IN BERRGP ARRAYS. STORE THESE ESTIMATES BUT NOT THE	LSV11450
C	VECTORS.	LSV11460
C		LSV11470
	WRITE(9,1290)	LSV11480
1290	FORMAT(11X,'GOODSV(J)',3X,'MA(J)',2X,' BMINGAP',6X,' BERROR',2X,	LSV11490
1	'BERROR/BGAP',4X,' TERROR')	LSV11500
C		LSV11510
	WRITE(13,1300)	LSV11520
1300	FORMAT(11X,'GOODSV(J)',5X,'RITZNORM',5X,' BMINGAP',5X,'TBETA(J)',	LSV11530
1	5X,'TLAST(J)')	LSV11540
C		LSV11550
	DO 1330 J=1,NGOODC	LSV11560
C		LSV11570
	IF(MP(J).EQ.MPMIN) GO TO 1330	LSV11580
C		LSV11590
	WRITE(9,1310)SVNEW(J),MA(J),BMINGP(J),BERR(J),BERRGP(J),TERR(J)	LSV11600
1310	FORMAT(E20.12,I6,4E13.5)	LSV11610
C		LSV11620
	WRITE(13,1320) SVNEW(J),RNORM(J),BMINGP(J),TBETA(J),TLAST(J)	LSV11630
1320	FORMAT(E20.12,4E13.5)	LSV11640
C		LSV11650
1330	CONTINUE	LSV11660
C		LSV11670
	IF (MREJEC.EQ.0) GO TO 1410	LSV11680
C		LSV11690
	WRITE(9,1340)	LSV11700
1340	FORMAT(/' RITZ VECTORS WERE NOT COMPUTED FOR THE FOLLOWING SINGULALSV11710	
1R	VALUES'/' EITHER BECAUSE THEY HAD NOT CONVERGED OR BECAUSE THE ELSV11720	
1R	ERROR ESTIMATE'/' WAS NOT AS SMALL AS DESIRED'/')	LSV11730
C		LSV11740
	WRITE(13,1350)	LSV11750
1350	FORMAT(/' RITZ VECTORS WERE NOT COMPUTED FOR THE FOLLOWING SINGULALSV11760	
1R	VALUES'/' EITHER BECAUSE THEY HAD NOT CONVERGED OR BECAUSE THE ELSV11770	
1R	ERROR ESTIMATE'/' WAS NOT AS SMALL AS DESIRED'/')	LSV11780
C		LSV11790
	DO 1400 J = 1,NGOODC	LSV11800
	IF(MP(J).NE.MPMIN) GO TO 1400	LSV11810
C	EACH SINGULAR VALUE FOR WHICH NO SINGULAR VECTOR WAS CALCULATED	LSV11820
C	HAS INFORMATION OUTPUTTED TO FILES 4 AND 13	LSV11830
C		LSV11840
	WRITE(9,1360)	LSV11850
1360	FORMAT(6X,'GOODSV(J)',3X,'MA(J)',5X,'BMINGP(J)',6X,'TLAST(J)',	LSV11860
1	6X,'TBETA(J)',3X,'MP(J)')	LSV11870
	WRITE(9,1370) GOODSV(J),MA(J),BMINGP(J),TLAST(J),TBETA(J),MP(J)	LSV11880
1370	FORMAT(E15.8,I8,3E14.4,I8)	LSV11890
C		LSV11900
	WRITE(13,1380)	LSV11910
1380	FORMAT(6X,'GOODSV(J)',3X,'MA(J)',3X,'M1(J)',3X,'M2(J)',3X,'MP(J)',	LSV11920
1/)		LSV11930
	WRITE(13,1390) GOODSV(J),MA(J),M1(J),M2(J),MP(J)	LSV11940
1390	FORMAT(E15.8,4I8)	LSV11950
C		LSV11960
1400	CONTINUE	LSV11970
C		LSV11980
1410	CONTINUE	LSV11990

```

C                                                    LSV12000
      WRITE(9,1420)                                LSV12010
1420 FORMAT(/' ABOVE ARE ERROR ESTIMATES FOR THE B AND T EIGENVECTORS',/LSV12020
      1 ' ASSOCIATED WITH THE GOODSV LISTED IN COLUMN 1'/ LSV12030
      1 ' BERROR = NORM(B*X - SV*X)  TERROR = NORM(T*Y - SV*Y) '/ LSV12040
      1 ' WHERE T = T(1,MA(J))      X = RITZ VECTOR = V*Y  V = SUCCESSIVE'/LSV12050
      1 ' LANCZOS VECTORS. BMINGAP = GAP TO NEAREST B-EIGENVALUE'//) LSV12060
C                                                    LSV12070
      WRITE(13,1430)                                LSV12080
1430 FORMAT(/' ABOVE ARE ERROR ESTIMATES FOR THE GOODSVS'/ LSV12090
      1 ' RITZNORM = NORM(COMPUTED RITZ VECTOR FOR B-MATRIX'/ LSV12100
      1 ' TBETA(J) = BETA(MA(J)+1)*Y(MA(J)),  T*Y = SV*Y '/ LSV12110
      1 ' TLAST(J) = DABS(Y(MA(J))) '/) LSV12120
C                                                    LSV12130
C      NUMBER OF RITZ VECTORS COMPUTED LSV12140
      NCOMPU = NGOODC - MREJEC LSV12150
      WRITE(12,1440) N,NCOMPU,NGOODC,MATNO LSV12160
1440 FORMAT(3I6,I12,' SIZE A, NO.RITZVECS, NO.SVALUES,MATNO') LSV12170
C                                                    LSV12180
C      INDIVIDUALLY NORMALIZE THE FIRST M AND THE LAST N COMPONENTS OF LSV12190
C      EACH RITZ VECTOR. LSV12200
C                                                    LSV12210
      LFIN = 0 LSV12220
      DO 1560 J = 1,NGOODC LSV12230
C                                                    LSV12240
      IF(MP(J).EQ.MPMIN) GO TO 1540 LSV12250
C                                                    LSV12260
C      RITZ VECTOR WAS COMPUTED LSV12270
      LINT = MN*(J-1) + 1 LSV12280
      LFIN = MN*J LSV12290
      LFIN1 = LINT + M - 1 LSV12300
      LINT1 = LFIN1 + 1 LSV12310
C                                                    LSV12320
      SUM = 0.D0 LSV12330
      TEMP = 0.D0 LSV12340
      DO 1450 I = LINT,LFIN1 LSV12350
1450 SUM = SUM + RITVEC(I)*RITVEC(I) LSV12360
      SUM = ONE/DSQRT(SUM) LSV12370
      DO 1460 I = LINT,LFIN1 LSV12380
1460 RITVEC(I) = SUM*RITVEC(I) LSV12390
      DO 1470 I = LINT1,LFIN LSV12400
1470 TEMP = TEMP + RITVEC(I)*RITVEC(I) LSV12410
      TEMP = ONE/DSQRT(TEMP) LSV12420
      DO 1480 I = LINT1,LFIN LSV12430
1480 RITVEC(I) = TEMP*RITVEC(I) LSV12440
C                                                    LSV12450
      WRITE(12,1490) J, GOODSV(J), MP(J) LSV12460
1490 FORMAT(/I6,4X,E20.12,I6,' J, SINGULAR VALUE, MP(J)') LSV12470
C                                                    LSV12480
      WRITE(12,1500) BERR(J),BERRGP(J) LSV12490
1500 FORMAT(2E15.5,' = NORM(B*Z-SVAL*Z) AND  NORM(B*Z-SVAL*Z)/BMINGAP') LSV12500
C                                                    LSV12510
      WRITE(12,1510) J LSV12520
1510 FORMAT(/I6,'TH LEFT SINGULAR VECTOR'/) LSV12530
C      WRITE(12,170) (RITVEC(LL), LL=LINT,LFIN1) LSV12540

```

	WRITE(12,1520) (RITVEC(LL), LL=LINT,LFIN1)	LSV12550
1520	FORMAT(4E20.12)	LSV12560
C		LSV12570
	WRITE(12,1530) J	LSV12580
1530	FORMAT(/I6,'TH RIGHT SINGULAR VECTOR'/)	LSV12590
C	WRITE(12,170) (RITVEC(LL), LL=LINT1,LFIN)	LSV12600
	WRITE(12,1520) (RITVEC(LL), LL=LINT1,LFIN)	LSV12610
C		LSV12620
	GO TO 1560	LSV12630
C		LSV12640
C	NO RITZ VECTOR WAS COMPUTED FOR THIS SINGULAR VALUE	LSV12650
1540	WRITE(12,1550) J,GOODSV(J),MP(J)	LSV12660
1550	FORMAT(I6,4X,E20.12,I6,' J,SINGVALUE,MP(J),NO RITZ VECTOR COMPUTED	LSV12670
	1')	LSV12680
C		LSV12690
1560	CONTINUE	LSV12700
C		LSV12710
C	DID ANY T-MATRICES INCLUDE OFF-DIAGONAL ENTRIES SMALLER THAN	LSV12720
C	DESIRED, AS SPECIFIED BY BTOL?	LSV12730
C		LSV12740
	IF(IB.GT.0) GO TO 1590	LSV12750
	WRITE(6,1570) KMAXU	LSV12760
1570	FORMAT(/' FOR LARGEST T-MATRIX CONSIDERED',I7,' CHECK THE SIZE OF	LSV12770
	1BETAS')	LSV12780
C		LSV12790
C	-----LSV12800	
C		LSV12810
	CALL TNORM(BETA,BKMIN,TEMP,KMAXU,IBMT)	LSV12820
C		LSV12830
C	-----LSV12840	
C		LSV12850
	IF(IBMT.LT.0) WRITE (6,1580)	LSV12860
1580	FORMAT(/' WARNING THE T-MATRICES FOR ONE OR MORE OF THE SINGULAR	LSV12870
	1ALUES CONSIDERED'/' HAD AN OFF-DIAGONAL ENTRY THAT WAS SMALLER TH	LSV12880
	1N THE BETA TOLERANCE THAT WAS SPECIFIED'//)	LSV12890
1590	CONTINUE	LSV12900
C		LSV12910
	GO TO 1860	LSV12920
C		LSV12930
1600	WRITE(6,1610) NGOOD,MNMAX,MDIMRV	LSV12940
1610	FORMAT(/I4,' RITZ VECTORS WERE REQUESTED BUT THE REQUIRED DIMENSI	LSV12950
	1N',I6/' IS LARGER THAN THE USER-SPECIFIED DIMENSION OF RITVEC',I6	LSV12960
	1/' THEREFORE, THE SINGULAR VECTOR PROCEDURE TERMINATES FOR THE	LSV12970
	1R TO INTERVENE')	LSV12980
C		LSV12990
	GO TO 1860	LSV13000
C		LSV13010
1620	WRITE(6,1630) MOLD,M,NOLD,N,MATOLD,MATNO	LSV13020
1630	FORMAT(/' GOODSV PARAMETERS READ FROM FILE 3 DO NOT AGREE WITH TH	LSV13030
	1SE'/' SPECIFIED BY THE USER. MOLD,M,NOLD,N,MATOLD,MATNO ='/	LSV13040
	14I6, 2I12/' THEREFORE PROGRAM TERMINATES FOR USER TO RESOLVE	LSV13050
	1RENCES'//)	LSV13060
C		LSV13070
	GO TO 1860	LSV13080
C		LSV13090

```

1640 WRITE(6,1650)                                LSV13100
1650 FORMAT(/' PARAMETERS IN BETA FILE DO NOT AGREE WITH THOSE SPECIFIELSV13110
      1D BY THE USER.'/' THEREFORE, THE PROGRAM TERMINATES FOR THE USER TLSV13120
      10 RESOLVE THE DIFFERENCES'/)                LSV13130
C                                                    LSV13140
      GO TO 1860                                    LSV13150
C                                                    LSV13160
1660 WRITE(6,1670) KMAX,MEV                        LSV13170
1670 FORMAT(/' IN BETA HISTORY HEADER KMAX =',I6/   LSV13180
      1' BUT SINGULAR VALUES WERE COMPUTED AT MEV = ',I6,' PROGRAM STOPS'LSV13190
      1)                                            LSV13200
C                                                    LSV13210
      GO TO 1860                                    LSV13220
C                                                    LSV13230
1680 WRITE(6,1690) MEV                             LSV13240
1690 FORMAT(/' SOMETHING IS WRONG.'/' HEADER SAYS THAT SIZE T-MATRIX USLSV13250
      1ED IN THE SINGULAR VALUE COMPUTATIONS WAS = ',I6/' BUT THIS IS AN LSV13260
      1ODD ORDER AND THAT IS NOT ALLOWED.  PROGRAM STOPS'/) LSV13270
C                                                    LSV13280
      GO TO 1860                                    LSV13290
C                                                    LSV13300
1700 WRITE(6,1710)                                LSV13310
1710 FORMAT(/' PROGRAM COMPUTED 1ST GUESSES AT T-MATRIX SIZES, READ THELSV13320
      1M TO FILE 10'/' THEN TERMINATED AS REQUESTED.') LSV13330
      GO TO 1860                                    LSV13340
C                                                    LSV13350
1720 WRITE(6,1730) MTOL, MDIMTV                    LSV13360
1730 FORMAT(/' PROGRAM TERMINATES BECAUSE THE TVEC DIMENSION ANTICIPATELSV13370
      1D',I7/' IS LARGER THAN THE TVEC DIMENSION',I7,' SPECIFIED BY THE LSV13380
      1USER.'/' USER MAY RESET THE TVEC DIMENSION AND RESTART THE PROGRALSV13390
      1M'/' )                                     LSV13400
      GO TO 1860                                    LSV13410
C                                                    LSV13420
1740 WRITE(6,1750)                                LSV13430
1750 FORMAT(/' PROGRAM TERMINATES BECAUSE NO SUITABLE T-EIGENVECTORS WELSV13440
      1RE IDENTIFIED'/' FOR ANY OF THE SINGULAR VALUES SUPPLIED.  PROBLEMLSV13450
      1 COULD BE CAUSED BY'/' TOO SMALL A TVEC DIMENSION OR SIMPLY BE THALSV13460
      1T NO SUITABLE T-VECTORS'/' WERE IDENTIFIED.  USER SHOULD CHECK OUTLSV13470
      1PUT'/' )                                     LSV13480
      GO TO 1860                                    LSV13490
C                                                    LSV13500
1760 WRITE(6,1770) LVCONT,NTVEC,NGOOD              LSV13510
1770 FORMAT(/' LVCONT FLAG =',I2,' AND NUMBER ',I5,' OF T-EIGENVECTORS LSV13520
      1 COMPUTED N.E.'/' NUMBER',I5,' REQUESTED SO PROGRAM TERMINATES'/' ) LSV13530
      GO TO 1860                                    LSV13540
1780 WRITE(6,1790)                                LSV13550
1790 FORMAT(/' PROGRAM TERMINATES WITHOUT COMPUTING ANY RITZ VECTORS'/' LSV13560
      1/' BECAUSE ALL OF THE T-EIGENVECTORS WERE REJECTED AS NOT SUITABLELSV13570
      1 FOR'/' THE RITZ VECTOR COMPUTATIONS.  PROBABLE CAUSE WAS LACK OF LSV13580
      1CONVERGENCE'/' OF THE SINGULAR VALUES'/' ) LSV13590
      GO TO 1860                                    LSV13600
C                                                    LSV13610
1800 WRITE(6,1810)                                LSV13620
1810 FORMAT(/' PROGRAM INDICATES THAT IT IS NOT POSSIBLE TO COMPUTE ANYLSV13630
      1 OF THE'/' REQUESTED EIGENVECTORS. THEREFORE PROGRAM TERMINATES'/' ) LSV13640

```

```
      DO 1820 J=1,NGOODC                                LSV13650
1820  WRITE(6,1830)  J,GOODSV(J),MP(J)                  LSV13660
1830  FORMAT(/4X,' J ',11X,'GOODSV(J)',4X,'MP(J)'/I6,E20.12,I9) LSV13670
      GO TO 1860                                          LSV13680
C                                                        LSV13690
1840  WRITE(6,1850) MBETA,KMAXN                          LSV13700
1850  FORMAT(/' PROGRAM TERMINATES BECAUSE THE STORAGE ALLOTTED FOR THE LSV13710
      1BETA ARRAY',I8/' IS NOT SUFFICIENT FOR THE ENLARGED KMAX =' ,I8,' T LSV13720
      1HAT THE PROGRAM WANTS'/' USER CAN ENLARGE THE BETA ARRAY AND RERUN LSV13730
      1 THE PROGRAM' /)                                LSV13740
C                                                        LSV13750
1860  CONTINUE                                          LSV13760
C                                                        LSV13770
      STOP                                              LSV13780
C-----END OF MAIN PROGRAM FOR LANCZOS SINGULAR VECTOR COMPUTATIONS----- LSV13790
      END                                              LSV13800
```

6.5 LSMULT: LANCZS and Sample Matrix-Vector Multiply Subroutines

```
C-----LSMULT-----LSM00010
C Authors: Jane Cullum and Ralph A. Willoughby (Deceased) LSM00020
C           Los Alamos National Laboratory          LSM00030
C           Los Alamos, New Mexico 87544            LSM00040
C                                                    LSM00050
C           E-mail: cullumj@lanl.gov                LSM00060
C                                                    LSM00070
C These codes are copyrighted by the authors.  These codes LSM00080
C and modifications of them or portions of them are NOT to be LSM00090
C incorporated into any commercial codes or used for any other LSM00100
C commercial purposes such as consulting for other companies, LSM00110
C without legal agreements with the authors of these Codes.   LSM00120
C If these Codes or portions of them are used in other scientific or LSM00130
C engineering research works the names of the authors of these codes LSM00140
C and appropriate references to their written work are to be   LSM00150
C incorporated in the derivative works.               LSM00160
C                                                    LSM00170
C This header is not to be removed from these codes.         LSM00180
C                                                    LSM00190
C           REFERENCE: Cullum and Willoughby, Chapter 5       LSM00191
C           Lanczos Algorithms for Large Symmetric Eigenvalue Computations LSM00192
C           VOL. 1 Theory. Republished as Volume 41 in SIAM CLASSICS in LSM00193
C           Applied Mathematics, 2002. SIAM Publications,     LSM00194
C           Philadelphia, PA. USA                          LSM00195
C                                                    LSM00196
C                                                    LSM00197
C                                                    LSM00200
C CONTAINS SUBROUTINES LANCZS, USPECS, STRAN, AND SVMAT      LSM00210
C FOR USE WITH THE LANCZOS SINGULAR VALUE/VECTOR PROGRAMS    LSM00220
C                                                    LSM00230
C NONPORTABLE CONSTRUCTIONS:                                LSM00240
C 1. THE ENTRY MECHANISM USED TO PASS THE STORAGE LOCATIONS  LSM00250
C    OF THE USER-SPECIFIED MATRIX FROM THE SUBROUTINE USPEC  LSM00260
C    TO THE MATRIX-VECTOR MULTIPLY SUBROUTINES SVMAT AND     LSM00270
C    STRAN.                                                    LSM00280
C 2. IN THE SAMPLE USPEC PROVIDED: THE FREE FORMAT (8,*),    LSM00290
C    AND THE FORMAT (20A4).                                    LSM00300
C                                                    LSM00310
C-----START OF LANCZS-----LSM00320
C                                                    LSM00330
C           SUBROUTINE LANCZS(MATVEC,MTRAN,BETA,V1,V2,G,KMAX,MOLD1, LSM00340
C 1             M,N,IPAR,IIX)                               LSM00350
C                                                    LSM00360
C-----LSM00370
C           DOUBLE PRECISION BETA(1),V1(1),V2(1),SUM,TEMP,ONE,ZERO LSM00380
C           REAL G(1)                                         LSM00390
C           DOUBLE PRECISION FINPRO                           LSM00400
C           INTEGER IPAR                                       LSM00410
C           EXTERNAL MATVEC,MTRAN                             LSM00420
C-----LSM00430
```



```

      DO 10 J = 1,N                                LSM00990
10  V2(J) = G(J)                                    LSM01000
C                                                    LSM01010
C-----LSM01020
      TEMP = FINPRO(N,V2(1),1,V2(1),1)              LSM01030
C-----LSM01040
C                                                    LSM01050
      SUM = ONE/DSQRT(TEMP)                          LSM01060
      DO 20 J = 1,M                                LSM01070
20  V1(J) = ZERO                                    LSM01080
C                                                    LSM01090
      DO 30 J = 1,N                                LSM01100
30  V2(J) = V2(J)*SUM                              LSM01110
      GO TO 100                                     LSM01120
C                                                    LSM01130
40  CONTINUE                                       LSM01140
C                                                    LSM01150
C-----LSM01160
C  IPAR = 2 SO SET V1 EQUAL TO A UNIT RANDOM VECTOR AND SET V2 = 0.  LSM01170
      CALL GENRAN(IIL,G,M)                          LSM01180
C-----LSM01190
C                                                    LSM01200
      DO 50 J=1,M                                  LSM01210
50  V1(J) = G(J)                                    LSM01220
C                                                    LSM01230
C-----LSM01240
      TEMP = FINPRO(M,V1(1),1,V1(1),1)              LSM01250
C-----LSM01260
C                                                    LSM01270
      SUM = ONE/DSQRT(TEMP)                          LSM01280
      DO 60 J = 1,N                                LSM01290
60  V2(J) = ZERO                                    LSM01300
      DO 70 J = 1,M                                LSM01310
70  V1(J) = V1(J)*SUM                              LSM01320
C                                                    LSM01330
C  BELOW IS START FOR MOLD1 > 1 AND IPAR = 1          LSM01340
C  DO ONE ITERATION OF LANCZOS TO OBTAIN (0,V2)        LSM01350
C                                                    LSM01360
80  CONTINUE                                       LSM01370
      SUM = BETA(ITNUM)                             LSM01380
C                                                    LSM01390
C-----LSM01400
      CALL MTRAN(V1,V2,SUM)                          LSM01410
C-----LSM01420
C                                                    LSM01430
C-----LSM01440
      SUM = FINPRO(N,V2(1),1,V2(1),1)              LSM01450
C-----LSM01460
C                                                    LSM01470
      ITNUM = ITNUM + 1                             LSM01480
      BETA(ITNUM) = DSQRT(SUM)                       LSM01490
      SUM = ONE/BETA(ITNUM)                          LSM01500
C                                                    LSM01510
      DO 90 J = 1,N                                LSM01520
90  V2(J) = V2(J)*SUM                              LSM01530

```

```

C                                                    LSM01540
      IPAR = 2                                           LSM01550
      IF (ITNUM .GT. KMAX) GO TO 120                     LSM01560
C                                                    LSM01570
C      BELOW IS START FOR MOLD1 > 1 AND IPAR = 2         LSM01580
C      DO ONE ITERATION OF LANCZOS TO OBTAIN (V1,0)       LSM01590
C                                                    LSM01600
100  CONTINUE                                           LSM01610
      SUM = BETA(ITNUM)                                  LSM01620
C                                                    LSM01630
C-----LSM01640
      CALL MATVEC(V2,V1,SUM)                             LSM01650
C-----LSM01660
C                                                    LSM01670
C-----LSM01680
      SUM = FINPRO(M,V1(1),1,V1(1),1)                   LSM01690
C-----LSM01700
C                                                    LSM01710
      ITNUM = ITNUM + 1                                  LSM01720
      BETA(ITNUM) = DSQRT(SUM)                           LSM01730
      SUM = ONE/BETA(ITNUM)                              LSM01740
C                                                    LSM01750
      DO 110 J = 1,M                                     LSM01760
110  V1(J)= V1(J) * SUM                                  LSM01770
C                                                    LSM01780
      IPAR = 1                                           LSM01790
      IF (ITNUM .GT. KMAX) GO TO 120                     LSM01800
      GO TO 80                                           LSM01810
C                                                    LSM01820
120  CONTINUE                                           LSM01830
C                                                    LSM01840
      RETURN                                             LSM01850
C-----LSM01860
      END                                               LSM01870
C                                                    LSM01880
C-----LSM01890
      START OF USPEC (GENERAL SPARSE, RECTANGULAR MATRIX)-----LSM01890
C                                                    LSM01900
C      SUBROUTINE USPEC(M,N,MATNO)                       LSM01910
C      SUBROUTINE SUSPEC(M,N,MATNO)                     LSM01920
C                                                    LSM01930
C-----LSM01940
      DOUBLE PRECISION A(10000)                         LSM01950
      INTEGER IROW(10000),ICOL(3010)                     LSM01960
C-----LSM01970
C      DIMENSIONS ARRAYS NEEDED TO DEFINE THE USER-SUPPLIED LSM01980
C      M X N RECTANGULAR A-MATRIX, READS IN VALUES OF THESE LSM01990
C      ARRAYS AND THEN PASSES THE STORAGE LOCATIONS OF THESE LSM02000
C      ARRAYS TO THE CORRESPONDING MATRIX-VECTOR MULTIPLY   LSM02010
C      SUBROUTINES SVMAT AND STRAN.                         LSM02020
C                                                    LSM02030
C      THE A-MATRIX IS STORED IN THE FOLLOWING SPARSE FORMAT: LSM02040
C      M = NUMBER OF ROWS IN A.                             LSM02050
C      N = NUMBER OF COLUMNS IN A.                         LSM02060
C      NZ = NUMBER OF NONZERO ENTRIES IN A-MATRIX.          LSM02070
C      ICOL(J), J=1,N IS NUMBER OF NONZERO ENTRIES IN COLUMN J. LSM02080

```

```

C      IROW(K), K = 1,NZ IS THE ROW INDEX FOR CORRESPONDING A(K).      LSM02090
C      A(K), K=1,NZ IS NONZERO ENTRIES IN A, COLUMN BY COLUMN.      LSM02100
C      IT IS ASSUMED THAT ICOL(J) > 0 FOR ALL J      LSM02110
C      LSM02120
C      NOTE: ASSOCIATED SUBROUTINES SVMAT AND STRAN ASSUME THAT      LSM02130
C              M >= N.      LSM02140
C      LSM02150
C-----LSM02160
C      READ IN MATRIX FROM FILE 8      LSM02170
C      LSM02180
C      READ(8,10) NZ,MOLD,NOLD,MATOLD      LSM02190
10  FORMAT(I10,2I6,I8)      LSM02200
C      LSM02210
C      WRITE(6,20) NZ,MOLD,NOLD,MATOLD      LSM02220
20  FORMAT(6X,'NZ',4X,'MOLD',4X,'NOLD',4X,'MATOLD'/I10,2I6,I10/)      LSM02230
C      LSM02240
C      TEST OF PARAMETER CORRECTNESS      LSM02250
C      ITEMP = (MOLD-M)**2 + (NOLD-N)**2 + (MATOLD-MATNO)**2      LSM02260
C      LSM02270
C      IF (ITEMP.EQ.0) GO TO 40      LSM02280
C      LSM02290
C      WRITE(6,30)      LSM02300
30  FORMAT(' PROGRAM TERMINATES BECAUSE EITHER ORDERS OF OR LABELS FORLSM02310
1  MATRIX DISAGREE')      LSM02320
C      GO TO 70      LSM02330
C      LSM02340
40  CONTINUE      LSM02350
C      LSM02360
C      NUMBER OF NONZERO ENTRIES IN EACH COLUMN IS READ IN      LSM02370
C      THEN THE CORRESPONDING ROW INDEX FOR EACH SUCH ENTRY IS READ      LSM02380
C      READ(8,50) (ICOL(K), K=1,N)      LSM02390
C      READ(8,50) (IROW(K), K=1,NZ)      LSM02400
50  FORMAT(13I6)      LSM02410
C      LSM02420
C      READ IN THE NONZERO ENTRIES IN THE MATRIX      LSM02430
C      READ(8,60) (A(K), K=1,NZ)      LSM02440
60  FORMAT(3E25.16)      LSM02450
C 50  FORMAT(4E19.10)      LSM02460
C      LSM02470
C-----LSM02480
C      PASS STORAGE LOCATIONS OF ARRAYS THAT DEFINE THE MATRIX TO      LSM02490
C      THE MATRIX-VECTOR MULTIPLY SUBROUTINES SVMAT AND STRAN      LSM02500
C      CALL SMATVE(A,ICOL,IROW,M,N)      LSM02510
C      CALL STRANE(A,ICOL,IROW,M,N)      LSM02520
C-----LSM02530
C      LSM02540
C-----END OF USPEC-----LSM02550
C      RETURN      LSM02560
70  STOP      LSM02570
C      END      LSM02580
C      LSM02590
C-----STRAN (GENERAL SPARSE MATRIX)-----LSM02600
C      LSM02610
C      SUBROUTINE STRAN(W,U,SUM)      LSM02620
C      SUBROUTINE SSTRAN(W,U,SUM)      LSM02630

```

```

C                                                    LSM02640
C-----LSM02650
      DOUBLE PRECISION W(1),U(1),A(1),SUM,TEMP      LSM02660
      INTEGER IROW(1),ICOL(1)                      LSM02670
C-----LSM02680
C      SUBROUTINE TO COMPUTE  $U = (A-TRANSPOSE)*W - SUM*U$  WHERE A IS      LSM02690
C      A GENERAL, SPARSE M X N MATRIX WITH  $M \geq N$ .                      LSM02700
C                                                    LSM02710
C      ASSUMES MATRIX IS STORED IN SPARSE FORMAT GIVEN IN      LSM02720
C      CORRESPONDING USPEC SUBROUTINE.                  LSM02730
C-----LSM02740
      JLAST = 0                                       LSM02750
      DO 20 J = 1,N                                  LSM02760
      JFIRST = JLAST + 1                             LSM02770
      JLAST = JLAST + ICOL(J)                         LSM02780
      TEMP = -SUM*U(J)                                LSM02790
C                                                    LSM02800
      DO 10 K = JFIRST,JLAST                          LSM02810
      IK = IROW(K)                                    LSM02820
      10 TEMP = A(K)*W(IK) + TEMP                     LSM02830
C                                                    LSM02840
      20 U(J) = TEMP                                  LSM02850
C                                                    LSM02860
      RETURN                                          LSM02870
C                                                    LSM02880
C-----LSM02890
      ENTRY STRANE(A,ICOL,IROW,M,N)                  LSM02900
C-----LSM02910
C                                                    LSM02920
C-----END OF STRAN FOR GENERAL SPARSE MATRIX-----LSM02930
      RETURN                                          LSM02940
      END                                            LSM02950
C                                                    LSM02960
C-----SVMAT (GENERAL SPARSE MATRIX)-----LSM02970
C                                                    LSM02980
C      SUBROUTINE SVMAT(W,U,SUM)                      LSM02990
C      SUBROUTINE SSVMAT(W,U,SUM)                    LSM03000
C                                                    LSM03010
C-----LSM03020
      DOUBLE PRECISION W(1),U(1),A(1),SUM,TEMP      LSM03030
      INTEGER IROW(1),ICOL(1)                      LSM03040
C-----LSM03050
C      SUBROUTINE TO COMPUTE  $U = A*W - SUM*U$  WHERE A IS A      LSM03060
C      GENERAL, SPARSE M X N MATRIX WITH  $M \geq N$ .                      LSM03070
C                                                    LSM03080
C      ASSUMES THAT THE MATRIX IS STORED IN THE SPARSE FORMAT      LSM03090
C      GIVEN IN THE CORRESPONDING USPEC SUBROUTINE.          LSM03100
C-----LSM03110
      DO 10 I = 1,M                                  LSM03120
      10 U(I) = -SUM*U(I)                             LSM03130
C                                                    LSM03140
C      MAIN LOOP.  PROCESSING PROCEEDS COL BY COL.  JFIRST AND JLAST ARE      LSM03150
C      POINTERS TO THE FIRST AND LAST NONZEROS IN COLUMN J.      LSM03160
C                                                    LSM03170
      JLAST = 0                                       LSM03180

```

```

      DO 30 J = 1,N                                LSM03190
      JFIRST = JLAST + 1                            LSM03200
      JLAST = JLAST + ICOL(J)                       LSM03210
      TEMP = W(J)                                    LSM03220
C                                                    LSM03230
      DO 20 K = JFIRST,JLAST                        LSM03240
      IK = IROW(K)                                  LSM03250
      20 U(IK) = U(IK) + A(K)*TEMP                  LSM03260
C                                                    LSM03270
      30 CONTINUE                                    LSM03280
C                                                    LSM03290
      RETURN                                         LSM03300
C                                                    LSM03310
C-----LSM03320
      ENTRY SMATVE(A,ICOL,IROW,M,N)                 LSM03330
C-----LSM03340
C                                                    LSM03350
C-----END OF SVMAT FOR GENERAL SPARSE MATRICES-----LSM03360
      RETURN                                         LSM03370
      END                                            LSM03380
C                                                    LSM03390
C-----ROUTINES FOR 'DIAGONAL' TEST MATRICES-----LSM03400
C      DMATV,DMTRAN,DIAGSP SUBROUTINES ARE FOR RECTANGULAR DIAGONAL LSM03410
C      TEST MATRICES.                               LSM03420
C                                                    LSM03430
C-----START OF USPEC FOR 'DIAGONAL' TEST MATRIX-----LSM03440
C                                                    LSM03450
      SUBROUTINE USPEC(M,N,MATNO)                   LSM03460
C      SUBROUTINE DIAGSP(M,N,MATNO)                 LSM03470
C                                                    LSM03480
C      DEFINES 'DIAGONAL' MATRIX OF FOLLOWING FORM LSM03490
C                                                    LSM03500
C      -----
C      A =      | 0      0      D | LSM03510
C                | 0      0      0 | LSM03520
C                |D-TRANS 0      0 | LSM03530
C      -----
C                                                    LSM03540
C                                                    LSM03550
C                                                    LSM03560
C      WHERE D IS DIAGONAL MATRIX OF ORDER N, AND IN THE LSM03570
C      MIDDLE THERE ARE (M-N) ROWS OF ZEROES.          LSM03580
C      CALLS ENTRY TO MATRIX-VECTOR MULTIPLY SUBROUTINE TO PASS LSM03590
C      STORAGE LOCATION OF THE D-ARRAY AND THE ORDERS M AND N. LSM03600
C                                                    LSM03610
C      NOTE: ASSOCIATED MATRIX-VECTOR SUBROUTINES ASSUME THAT LSM03620
C      M >= N.                                         LSM03630
C-----LSM03640
      DOUBLE PRECISION D(1000), SPACE               LSM03650
      REAL EXPLAN(20)                                LSM03660
C-----LSM03670
C                                                    LSM03680
      READ(8,10) EXPLAN                              LSM03690
      10 FORMAT(20A4)                                LSM03700
      READ(8,*) MOLD,NOLD,NUNIF,SPACE,D(1)           LSM03710
C                                                    LSM03720
      IF(N.NE.NOLD.OR.M.NE.MOLD) GO TO 80            LSM03730

```


10	W(I) = A(I)*Z(I) - SUM *W(I)	LSM04290
	IF(M.EQ.N) RETURN	LSM04300
	N1 = N+1	LSM04310
	DO 20 I = N1,M	LSM04320
20	W(I) = -SUM*W(I)	LSM04330
	RETURN	LSM04340
C		LSM04350
C	-----	LSM04360
C	STORAGE LOCATIONS OF THE A-ARRAY	LSM04370
C	AND THE ORDER OF THE A-MATRIX ARE PASSED TO THE MATVEC SUBROUTINE.	LSM04380
C	ENTRY MATVE(A,M,N)	LSM04390
	ENTRY DMATVE(A,M,N)	LSM04400
C	-----	LSM04410
C		LSM04420
C	-----END OF MATRIX -VECTOR MULTIPLY 'DIAGONAL' TEST PROBLEMS-----	LSM04430
	RETURN	LSM04440
	END	LSM04450
C		LSM04460
C	-----MATRIX-VECTOR MULTIPLY FOR 'DIAGONAL' TEST MATRICES-----	LSM04470
C		LSM04480
	SUBROUTINE STRAN(Z,W,SUM)	LSM04490
C	SUBROUTINE DSTRAN(Z,W,SUM)	LSM04500
C		LSM04510
C	-----	LSM04520
	DOUBLE PRECISION A(1),Z(1),W(1),SUM	LSM04530
C	-----	LSM04540
C		LSM04550
C	COMPUTES W = A-TRANSPPOSE*Z - SUM*W . ASSUMES M >= N.	LSM04560
	DO 10 I = 1,N	LSM04570
10	W(I) = A(I)*Z(I)- SUM*W(I)	LSM04580
	RETURN	LSM04590
C		LSM04600
C	-----	LSM04610
C	STORAGE LOCATIONS OF THE A-ARRAY AND THE ORDER	LSM04620
C	OF THE A-MATRIX ARE OBTAINED FROM USPEC SUBROUTINE.	LSM04630
C	ENTRY MTRANE(A,M,N)	LSM04640
	ENTRY DMTRAE(A,M,N)	LSM04650
C	-----	LSM04660
C		LSM04670
C	-----END OF SPARSE SYMMETRIC MATRIX-VECTOR MULTIPLY-----	LSM04680
	RETURN	LSM04690
	END	LSM04700

6.6 LSSUB: Other Subroutines used by the Codes in Chapter 6

```

C-----LSSUB------(SINGULAR VALUES AND VECTORS)-----LSS00010
C  Authors:  Jane Cullum and Ralph A. Willoughby (Deceased)      LSS00020
C              Los Alamos National Laboratory                    LSS00030
C              Los Alamos, New Mexico 87544                     LSS00040
C                                                              LSS00050
C              E-mail:  cullumj@lanl.gov                         LSS00060
C                                                              LSS00070
C  These codes are copyrighted by the authors.  These codes     LSS00080
C  and modifications of them or portions of them are NOT to be  LSS00090
C  incorporated into any commercial codes or used for any other  LSS00100
C  commercial purposes such as consulting for other companies,   LSS00110
C  without legal agreements with the authors of these Codes.    LSS00120
C  If these Codes or portions of them are used in other scientific or LSS00130
C  engineering research works the names of the authors of these codes LSS00140
C  and appropriate references to their written work are to be    LSS00150
C  incorporated in the derivative works.                          LSS00160
C                                                              LSS00170
C  This header is not to be removed from these codes.           LSS00180
C                                                              LSS00190
C              REFERENCE: Cullum and Willoughby, Chapter 5      LSS00191
C              Lanczos Algorithms for Large Symmetric Eigenvalue ComputationsLSS00192
C              VOL. 1 Theory. Republished as Volume 41 in SIAM CLASSICS in LSS00193
C              Applied Mathematics, 2002. SIAM Publications,     LSS00194
C              Philadelphia, PA. USA                              LSS00195
C                                                              LSS00196
C                                                              LSS00197
C  ACCORDING TO PFORT THESE SUBROUTINES ARE PORTABLE            LSS00200
C                                                              LSS00210
C                                                              LSS00220
C  SUBROUTINES      BISEC, INVERR, TNORM, LUMP, ISOEV, PRTEST, AND LSS00230
C                  INVERM ARE USED WITH LANCZOS SINGULAR VALUE  LSS00240
C                  PROGRAM LSVAL.  STURMI, INVERM, LBISEC, TNORM LSS00250
C                  ARE USED WITH THE LANCZOS SINGULAR VECTOR    LSS00260
C                  PROGRAM LSVEC.                                LSS00270
C                                                              LSS00280
C                                                              LSS00290
C-----COMPUTE T-EIGENVALUES BY BISECTION-----LSS00300
C                                                              LSS00310
C              SUBROUTINE BISEC(BETA,BETA2,VB,VS,LBD,UBD,EPS,TTOL,MP, LSS00320
C              1 NINT,MEV,NDIS,IC,IWRITE)                        LSS00330
C                                                              LSS00340
C-----LSS00350
C              DOUBLE PRECISION  BETA(1),BETA2(1),VB(1),VS(1)    LSS00360
C              DOUBLE PRECISION  LBD(1),UBD(1),EPS,EPT,EPO,EP1,TEMP,TTOL LSS00370
C              DOUBLE PRECISION  ZERO,ONE,HALF,YU,YV,LB,UB,XL,XU,X1,X0,XS,BETAM LSS00380
C              INTEGER  MP(1),IDEF(10)                            LSS00390
C              DOUBLE PRECISION  DABS, DSQRT, DMAX1, DMIN1, DFLOAT LSS00400
C-----LSS00410
C              COMPUTES EIGENVALUES OF T(1,MEV) BY LOOPING INTERNALLY ON THE LSS00420
C              USER-SPECIFIED INTERVALS,  (LB(J),UB(J)), J = 1,NINT.  INTERVALS LSS00430

```



```

C ARE TREATED AS OPEN ON THE LEFT AND CLOSED ON THE RIGHT. LSS00440
C THE BISEC SUBROUTINE SIMULTANEOUSLY LABELS SPURIOUS T-EIGENVALUES LSS00450
C AND DETERMINES THE T-MULTIPLICITIES OF EACH GOOD T-EIGENVALUE. LSS00460
C SPURIOUS T-EIGENVALUES ARE LABELLED BY A T-MULTIPLICITY = 0. LSS00470
C ANY T-EIGENVALUE WITH A T-MULTIPLICITY >= 1 IS 'GOOD'. LSS00480
C LSS00490
C IF IWRITE = 0 THEN MOST OF THE WRITES TO FILE 6 ARE NOT LSS00500
C ACTIVATED. LSS00510
C LSS00520
C NOTE THAT PROGRAM ASSUMES THAT NO MORE THAN MMAX/2 T-EIGENVALUES LSS00530
C OF T(1,MEV) ARE TO BE COMPUTED IN ANY ONE OF THE SUBINTERVALS LSS00540
C CONSIDERED, WHERE MMAX = DIMENSION OF VB SPECIFIED BY THE USER LSS00550
C IN THE MAIN PROGRAM LEVAL. LSS00560
C LSS00570
C ON ENTRY LSS00580
C BETA2(J) IS SET = BETA(J)*BETA(J). THE STORAGE FOR BETA2 COULD LSS00590
C BE ELIMINATED BY RECOMPUTING THE BETA(J)**2 FOR EACH STURM LSS00600
C SEQUENCE. LSS00610
C LSS00620
C EPS = 2*MACHEP = 4.4 * 10**-16 ON IBM 3081. LSS00630
C TTOL = EPS*TKMAX WHERE LSS00640
C TKMAX = MAX(BETA(K), K=1,KMAX) LSS00650
C LSS00660
C ON EXIT LSS00670
C NDIS = TOTAL NUMBER OF COMPUTED DISTINCT T-EIGENVALUES OF LSS00680
C T(1,MEV) ON THE UNION OF THE (LB,UB) INTERVALS. LSS00690
C VS = COMPUTED DISTINCT T-EIGENVALUES OF T(1,MEV) IN ALGEBRAICALLY-LSS00700
C INCREASING ORDER LSS00710
C MP = CORRESPONDING T-MULTIPLICITIES OF THESE T-EIGENVALUES LSS00720
C MP(I) = (0,1,MI), MI>1, I=1,NDIS MEANS: LSS00730
C (0) V(I) IS SPURIOUS LSS00740
C (1) V(I) IS T-ISOLATED AND GOOD LSS00750
C (MI) V(I) IS T-MULTIPLE AND HENCE A CONVERGED GOOD T-EIGENVALUE LSS00760
C IC = TOTAL NUMBER OF STURMS USED LSS00770
C LSS00780
C LSS00790
C DEFAULTS LSS00790
C ISKIP = 0 INITIALLY. IF DEFAULT OCCURS ON J-TH SUB-INTERVAL, SET LSS00800
C ISKIP=ISKIP+1 AND IDEF(ISKIP) = J LSS00810
C DEFAULTS OCCUR IF THERE ARE NO T-EIGENVALUES IN THE LSS00820
C SUBINTERVAL SPECIFIED OR IF THE NUMBER LSS00830
C OF STURMS SEQUENCES REQUIRED EXCEEDS MXSTUR. LSS00840
C WHEN A DEFAULT OCCURS THE PROGRAM LSS00850
C SKIPS THE INTERVAL INVOLVED AND GOES ON TO THE NEXT LSS00860
C INTERVAL. LSS00870
C LSS00880
C-----LSS00890
C SPECIFY PARAMETERS LSS00900
C ZERO = 0.0D0 LSS00910
C ONE = 1.0D0 LSS00920
C HALF = 0.5D0 LSS00930
C MXSTUR = IC LSS00940
C NDIS = 0 LSS00950
C IC = 0 LSS00960
C ISKIP = 0 LSS00970
C MP1 = MEV+1 LSS00980

```



```

        WRITE(6,70)MT,NA                                LSS01540
70  FORMAT(/2I6,' = NO. TMEV ON (LB,UB) AND NO. .GT. UB'/)  LSS01550
C                                                    LSS01560
C    DEFAULT TEST: IS ESTIMATED NUMBER OF STURMS > MXSTUR?  LSS01570
    IEST = 30*MT                                          LSS01580
    IF (IEST.LT.MXSTUR) GO TO 90                          LSS01590
C                                                    LSS01600
    WRITE(6,80)                                           LSS01610
80  FORMAT(// ' ESTIMATED NUMBER OF STURMS REQUIRED EXCEEDS USER LIMIT' LSS01620
1/ ' SKIP THIS SUBINTERVAL' )
    GO TO 110                                             LSS01640
C                                                    LSS01650
90  CONTINUE                                              LSS01660
C                                                    LSS01670
    IF (MT.GE.1) GO TO 120                                LSS01680
C                                                    LSS01690
    WRITE(6,100)                                           LSS01700
100 FORMAT(// ' THERE ARE NO T-EIGENVALUES ON THIS INTERVAL' //) LSS01710
C                                                    LSS01720
110 ISKIP = ISKIP+1                                       LSS01730
    IDEF(ISKIP) = JIND                                    LSS01740
    GO TO 430                                             LSS01750
C                                                    LSS01760
C    REGULAR CASE.                                       LSS01770
120 CONTINUE                                              LSS01780
C                                                    LSS01790
    IF (IWRITE.NE.0) WRITE(6,130)                         LSS01800
130 FORMAT(// ' DISTINCT T-EIGENVALUES COMPUTED USING BISEC' / LSS01810
1 13X, 'T-EIGENVALUE', 2X, 'TMULT', 3X, 'MD', 4X, 'NG' ) LSS01820
C                                                    LSS01830
C    SET UP INITIAL UPPER AND LOWER BOUNDS FOR T-EIGENVALUES LSS01840
    DO 140 I=1,MT                                         LSS01850
    VB(I) = LB                                           LSS01860
    MTI = MT + I                                          LSS01870
140 VB(MTI) = UB                                         LSS01880
C                                                    LSS01890
C    CALCULATE T-EIGENVALUES FROM LB UP TO UB  K = MT,...,1 LSS01900
C    MAIN LOOP FOR FINDING KTH T-EIGENVALUE              LSS01910
C                                                    LSS01920
    K = MT                                                LSS01930
150 CONTINUE                                              LSS01940
    ICO = 0                                               LSS01950
    XL = VB(K)                                           LSS01960
    MTK = MT+K                                           LSS01970
    XU = VB(MTK)                                         LSS01980
C                                                    LSS01990
    ISTURM = 3                                           LSS02000
    X1 = XU                                               LSS02010
    ICO = ICO + 1                                         LSS02020
    GO TO 330                                             LSS02030
C    FORWARD STURM CALCULATION AT XU                     LSS02040
160 NU=NEV                                               LSS02050
C                                                    LSS02060
C    BISECTION LOOP FOR KTH T-EIGENVALUE. TEST X1=MIDPOINT OF (XL,XU) LSS02070
    ISTURM = 4                                           LSS02080

```

```

170 CONTINUE                                LSS02090
    X1 = (XL+XU)*HALF                        LSS02100
    XS = DABS(XL)+DABS(XU)                   LSS02110
    X0 = XU-XL                               LSS02120
    EPT = EPS*XS+EP1                         LSS02130
C                                           LSS02140
C     EPT IS CONVERGENCE TOLERANCE FOR KTH T-EIGENVALUE LSS02150
C                                           LSS02160
    IF (X0.LE.EPT) GO TO 230                 LSS02170
C                                           LSS02180
C     T-EIGENVALUE HAS NOT YET CONVERGED     LSS02190
C                                           LSS02200
    ICO = ICO + 1                           LSS02210
    GO TO 330                                LSS02220
C     FORWARD STURM CALCULATION AT CURRENT T-EIGENVALUE APPROXIMATION. LSS02230
180 CONTINUE                                LSS02240
C                                           LSS02250
C     UPDATE T-EIGENVALUE INTERVAL (XL,XU)   LSS02260
C                                           LSS02270
    IF (NEV.LT.K) GO TO 190                 LSS02280
C                                           LSS02290
C     NUMBER OF T-EIGENVALUES NEV = K         LSS02300
    XL = X1                                  LSS02310
    GO TO 170                                LSS02320
190 CONTINUE                                LSS02330
C     NUMBER OF T-EIGENVALUES NEV<K         LSS02340
    XU = X1                                  LSS02350
    NU = NEV                                 LSS02360
C                                           LSS02370
C     UPDATE OF T-EIGENVALUE BOUNDS          LSS02380
C                                           LSS02390
    IF (NEV.EQ.0) GO TO 210                 LSS02400
C                                           LSS02410
    DO 200 I = 1,NEV                        LSS02420
200 VB(I) = DMAX1(X1,VB(I))                 LSS02430
C                                           LSS02440
210 NEV1 = NEV+1                            LSS02450
C                                           LSS02460
    DO 220 II = NEV1,K                      LSS02470
    I = MT+II                               LSS02480
220 VB(I) = DMIN1(X1,VB(I))                 LSS02490
C                                           LSS02500
    GO TO 170                                LSS02510
C                                           LSS02520
C     END (XL,XU) BISECTION LOOP FOR KTH T-EIGENVALUE ON (LB,UB) LSS02530
C     TEST FOR T-MULTIPLICITY AND IF SIMPLE THEN TEST FOR SPURIOUSNESS LSS02540
C                                           LSS02550
230 CONTINUE                                LSS02560
    NDIS = NDIS+1                           LSS02570
    MD = MD+1                               LSS02580
    VS(NDIS) = X1                           LSS02590
C                                           LSS02600
    JSTURM = 1                              LSS02610
    X1 = XL-EPO                              LSS02620
    GO TO 370                                LSS02630

```

C	BACKWARD STURM CALCULATION	LSS02640
240	KL = KEV	LSS02650
	JL = JEV	LSS02660
C		LSS02670
	JSTURM = 2	LSS02680
	IC0 = IC0 + 2	LSS02690
	X1 = XU+EP0	LSS02700
	GO TO 370	LSS02710
C	BACKWARD STURM CALCULATION	LSS02720
250	JU = JEV	LSS02730
	KU = KEV	LSS02740
C		LSS02750
C	FOR T(1,MEV)	LSS02760
C	NU - KU = NO. T-EIGENVALUES ON (XU, XU + EP0)	LSS02770
C	KL - KU = NO. T-EIGENVALUES ON (XL - EP0, XU + EP0)	LSS02780
C		LSS02790
C	FOR T(2,MEV)	LSS02800
C	JL - JU = NO. T-EIGENVALUES ON (XL - EP0, XU + EP0)	LSS02810
C		LSS02820
C	IS THIS A SIMPLE T-EIGENVALUE?	LSS02830
C		LSS02840
	IF (KL-KU-1.EQ.0) GO TO 290	LSS02850
C		LSS02860
C	VS(NDIS) = KTH-T-EIGENVALUE OF (LB,UB) IS T-MULTIPLE AND HENCE	LSS02870
C	GOOD	LSS02880
	IF (KU.EQ.NU) GO TO 280	LSS02890
C	CONTINUE TO CHECK FOR T-MULTIPLICITY	LSS02900
260	CONTINUE	LSS02910
	ISTURM = 5	LSS02920
	X1 = X1+EP0	LSS02930
	IC0 = IC0 + 1	LSS02940
	GO TO 330	LSS02950
C	FORWARD STURM CALCULATION	LSS02960
270	KNE = KU-NEV	LSS02970
	KU = NEV	LSS02980
	IF (KNE.NE.0) GO TO 260	LSS02990
C	SPECIFY T-MULTIPLICITY = MP(NDIS)	LSS03000
280	MPEV = KL-KU	LSS03010
	KNEW = KU	LSS03020
	GO TO 300	LSS03030
C	END T-MULTIPLE CASE	LSS03040
C		LSS03050
C	T-EIGENVALUE IS SIMPLE CHECK IF IT IS SPURIOUS	LSS03060
290	CONTINUE	LSS03070
	MPEV = 1	LSS03080
	IF (JU.LT.JL) MPEV=0	LSS03090
	KNEW = K-1	LSS03100
C		LSS03110
C	X1 >= XU+EP0	LSS03120
C	SPURIOUS TEST AND SIMPLE CASE COMPLETED	LSS03130
C	START OF NEXT T-EIGENVALUE COMPUTATION	LSS03140
C		LSS03150
300	K = KNEW	LSS03160
	MP(NDIS) = MPEV	LSS03170
	IF (MPEV.GE.1) NG = NG + 1	LSS03180

C		LSS03190
	IF (IWRITE.NE.0) WRITE(6,310) VS(NDIS),MPEV,MD,NG	LSS03200
310	FORMAT(E25.16,3I6)	LSS03210
C		LSS03220
C	UPDATE STURM COUNT. ICO = STURM COUNT FOR KTH T-EIGENVALUE	LSS03230
	ICT = ICT + ICO	LSS03240
C		LSS03250
C	EXIT TEST FOR K DO LOOP	LSS03260
C		LSS03270
	IF (K.LE.0) GO TO 410	LSS03280
C		LSS03290
C	UPDATE LOWER BOUNDS	LSS03300
	DO 320 I=1,KNEW	LSS03310
320	VB(I) = DMAX1(X1,VB(I))	LSS03320
C		LSS03330
	GO TO 150	LSS03340
C	END OF BISECTION LOOP FOR KTH EIGENVALUE	LSS03350
C		LSS03360
C	FORWARD STURM CALCULATION	LSS03370
330	NEV = -NA	LSS03380
	YU = ONE	LSS03390
C		LSS03400
	DO 360 I = 1,MEV	LSS03410
	IF (YU.NE.ZERO) GO TO 340	LSS03420
	YV = BETA(I)/EPS	LSS03430
	GO TO 350	LSS03440
340	YV = BETA2(I)/YU	LSS03450
350	YU = X1 - YV	LSS03460
	IF (YU.GE.ZERO) GO TO 360	LSS03470
	NEV = NEV + 1	LSS03480
360	CONTINUE	LSS03490
C	NEV = NUMBER OF T-EIGENVALUES ON (X1,UB)	LSS03500
C		LSS03510
	GO TO (50,60,160,180,270), ISTURM	LSS03520
C		LSS03530
C	BACKWARD STURM CALCULATION FOR T(1,MEV) AND T(2,MEV)	LSS03540
370	KEV = -NA	LSS03550
	YU = ONE	LSS03560
C		LSS03570
	DO 400 II = 1,MEV	LSS03580
	I = MP1-II	LSS03590
	IF (YU.NE.ZERO) GO TO 380	LSS03600
	YV = BETA(I+1)/EPS	LSS03610
	GO TO 390	LSS03620
380	YV = BETA2(I+1)/YU	LSS03630
390	YU = X1-YV	LSS03640
	JEV = 0	LSS03650
	IF (YU.GE.ZERO) GO TO 400	LSS03660
	KEV = KEV+1	LSS03670
	JEV = 1	LSS03680
400	CONTINUE	LSS03690
	JEV = KEV-JEV	LSS03700
C		LSS03710
	GO TO (240,250), JSTURM	LSS03720
C		LSS03730

C	KEV = -NA + (NUMBER OF T(1,MEV) T-EIGENVALUES) > X1	LSS03740
C	JEV = -NA + (NUMBER OF T(2,MEV) T-EIGENVALUES) > X1	LSS03750
C		LSS03760
C	SET PARAMETERS FOR NEXT INTERVAL	LSS03770
410	CONTINUE	LSS03780
	IC = ICT+IC	LSS03790
	MXSTUR = MXSTUR-ICT	LSS03800
C		LSS03810
	WRITE(6,420) JIND,NG,MD,ICT	LSS03820
420	FORMAT(/' T-EIGENVALUE CALCULATION ON INTERVAL',I6,' IS COMPLETE',	LSS03830
	1 /3X,'NO. GOOD',3X,'NO. DISTINCT',4X,'STURMS'/I10,I13,I10)	LSS03840
C		LSS03850
430	CONTINUE	LSS03860
C		LSS03870
C	END LOOP ON THE SUBINTERVALS (LB(J),UB(J)), J=1,NINT	LSS03880
C	ISKIP OUTPUT	LSS03890
C		LSS03900
	IF (ISKIP.GT.0) WRITE(6,440)ISKIP	LSS03910
440	FORMAT(' BISEC DEFAULTED ON',I3,3X,'INTERVALS'/	LSS03920
	1 ' DEFAULTS OCCUR IF AN INTERVAL HAS NO T-EIGENVALUES'/	LSS03930
	2 ' OR THE STURM ESTIMATE EXCEEDS THE USER-SPECIFIED LIMIT'/)	LSS03940
C		LSS03950
	IF (ISKIP.GT.0) WRITE(6,450)(IDEF(I), I=1,ISKIP)	LSS03960
450	FORMAT(' BISEC DEFAULTED ON INTERVALS'/(10I8))	LSS03970
C		LSS03980
C	RESET BETA AT I = MP1	LSS03990
	BETA(MP1) = BETAM	LSS04000
C----	END OF BISEC-----	LSS04010
	RETURN	LSS04020
	END	LSS04030
C		LSS04040
C----	INVERSE ITERATION ON T(1,MEV)-----	LSS04050
C		LSS04060
	SUBROUTINE INVERR(BETA,V1,V2,VS,EPS,G,MP,MEV,MMB,NDIS,NISO,	LSS04070
	1 NM,IKL,IT,IWRITE)	LSS04080
C		LSS04090
C----	-----	LSS04100
	DOUBLE PRECISION BETA(1),V1(1),V2(1),VS(1)	LSS04110
	DOUBLE PRECISION X1,U,Z,EST,TEMP,T0,T1,RATIO,SUM,XU,NORM,TSUM	LSS04120
	DOUBLE PRECISION BETAM,EPS,EPS3,EPS4,ZERO,ONE	LSS04130
	REAL G(1)	LSS04140
	INTEGER MP(1)	LSS04150
C----	-----	LSS04160
	DOUBLE PRECISION FINPRO	LSS04170
	REAL ABS	LSS04180
	DOUBLE PRECISION DABS, DMIN1, DSQRT, DFLOAT	LSS04190
C----	-----	LSS04200
C	COMPUTES ERROR ESTIMATES FOR COMPUTED ISOLATED GOOD T-EIGENVALUES	LSS04210
C	IN VS AND WRITES THESE T-EIGENVALUES AND ESTIMATES TO FILE 4.	LSS04220
C	BY DEFINITION A GOOD T-EIGENVALUE IS ISOLATED IF ITS	LSS04230
C	CLOSEST NEIGHBOR IS ALSO GOOD, OR IF ONE OF ITS NEIGHBORS IS	LSS04240
C	SPURIOUS BUT THAT NEIGHBOR IS FAR ENOUGH AWAY. SO	LSS04250
C	IN PARTICULAR, WE COMPUTE ESTIMATES FOR GOOD T-EIGENVALUES	LSS04260
C	THAT ARE IN CLUSTERS OF GOOD T-EIGENVALUES.	LSS04270
C		LSS04280

```
C      USES INVERSE ITERATION ON T(1,MEV) SOLVING THE EQUATION LSS04290
C      (T - X1*I)V2 = RIGHT-HAND SIDE (RANDOMLY-GENERATED) LSS04300
C      FOR EACH SUCH GOOD T-EIGENVALUE X1. LSS04310
C LSS04320
C      PROGRAM REFACTORS T-X1*I ON EACH ITERATION OF INVERSE ITERATION. LSS04330
C      TYPICALLY ONLY ONE ITERATION IS NEEDED PER T-EIGENVALUE X1. LSS04340
C LSS04350
C      POSSIBLE STORAGE COMPRESSION LSS04360
C      G STORAGE COULD BE ELIMINATED BY REGENERATING THE RANDOM LSS04370
C      RIGHT-HAND SIDE ON EACH ITERATION AND PRINTING OUT THE LSS0438
C      ERROR ESTIMATES AS THEY ARE GENERATED. LSS04390
C LSS04400
C      ON ENTRY AND EXIT LSS04410
C      MEV = ORDER OF T LSS04420
C      BETA CONTAINS THE NONZERO ENTRIES OF THE T-MATRIX LSS04430
C      VS = COMPUTED DISTINCT EIGENVALUES OF T(1,MEV) LSS04440
C      MP = T-MULTIPLICITY OF EACH EIGENVALUE IN VS. MP(I) = -1 MEANS LSS04450
C      VS(I) IS A GOOD T-EIGENVALUE BUT THAT IT IS SITTING CLOSE TO LSS04460
C      A SPURIOUS T-EIGENVALUE. MP(I) = 0 MEANS VS(I) IS SPURIOUS. LSS04470
C      ESTIMATES ARE COMPUTED ONLY FOR THOSE T-EIGENVALUES LSS04480
C      WITH MP(I) = 1. FLAGGING WAS DONE IN SUBROUTINE ISOEV LSS04490
C      PRIOR TO ENTERING INVERR. LSS04500
C      NISO = NUMBER OF ISOLATED GOOD T-EIGENVALUES CONTAINED IN VS LSS04510
C      NDIS = NUMBER OF DISTINCT T-EIGENVALUES IN VS LSS04520
C      IKL = SEED FOR RANDOM NUMBER GENERATOR LSS04530
C      EPS = 2. * MACHINE EPSILON LSS04540
C LSS04550
C      IN PROGRAM: LSS04560
C      ITER = MAXIMUM NUMBER OF INVERSE ITERATION STEPS ALLOWED FOR EACH LSS04570
C      X1. ITER = IT ON ENTRY. LSS04580
C      G = ARRAY OF DIMENSION AT LEAST MEV + NISO. USED TO STORE LSS04590
C      RANDOMLY-GENERATED RIGHT-HAND SIDE. THIS IS NOT LSS04600
C      REGENERATED FOR EACH X1. G IS ALSO USED TO STORE ERROR LSS04610
C      ESTIMATES AS THEY ARE COMPUTED FOR LATER PRINTOUT. LSS04620
C      V1,V2 = WORK SPACES USED IN THE FACTORIZATION OF T(1,MEV). LSS04630
C      AT THE END OF THE INVERSE ITERATION COMPUTATION FOR X1, V2 LSS04640
C      CONTAINS THE UNIT EIGENVECTOR OF T(1,MEV) CORRESPONDING TO X1. LSS04650
C      V1 AND V2 MUST BE OF DIMENSION AT LEAST MEV. LSS04660
C LSS04670
C      ON EXIT LSS04680
C      G(J) = MINIMUM GAP IN T(1,MEV) FOR EACH VS(J), J=1,NDIS LSS04690
C      G(MEV+I) = BETAM*|V2(MEV)| = ERROR ESTIMATE FOR ISOLATED GOOD LSS04700
C      T-EIGENVALUES, WHERE I = 1,NISO AND BETAM = BETA(MEV+1) LSS04710
C      V2(MEV) IS LAST COMPONENT OF THE UNIT T-EIGENVECTOR OF LSS04720
C      T(1,MEV) CORRESPONDING TO ITH ISOLATED GOOD T-EIGENVALUE. LSS04730
C LSS04740
C      IF FOR SOME X1 IT.GT.ITER THEN THE ERROR ESTIMATE IN G IS MARKED LSS04750
C      WITH A - SIGN. LSS04760
C LSS04770
C      V2 = ISOLATED GOOD T-EIGENVALUES LSS04780
C      V1 = MINIMAL T-GAPS FOR THE EIGENVALUES IN V2. LSS04790
C      THESE ARE CONSTRUCTED FOR WRITE-OUT PURPOSES ONLY AND NOT LSS04800
C      NEEDED ELSEWHERE IN THE PROGRAM. LSS04810
C----- LSS04820
C LSS04830
```



```

C      LABEL OUTPUT FILE 4                                LSS04840
      IF (MMB.EQ.1) WRITE(4,10)                            LSS04850
10  FORMAT(' INVERSE ITERATION ERROR ESTIMATES'/)          LSS04860
C      LSS04870
C      FILE 6 (TERMINAL) OUTPUT OF ERROR ESTIMATES        LSS04880
      IF (IWRITE.NE.0.AND.NISO.NE.0) WRITE(6,20)           LSS04890
20  FORMAT('/' INVERSE ITERATION ERROR ESTIMATES'/' JISO', ' JDIST',8X LSS04900
      1,'GOOD T-EIGENVALUE',4X,'BETAM*UM',5X,'TMINGAP')     LSS04910
C      LSS04920
C      INITIALIZATION AND PARAMETER SPECIFICATION          LSS04930
      ZERO = 0.0D0                                          LSS04940
      ONE = 1.0D0                                           LSS04950
      NG = 0                                                 LSS04960
      NISO = 0                                               LSS04970
      ITER = IT                                              LSS04980
      MP1 = MEV+1                                           LSS04990
      MM1 = MEV-1                                           LSS05000
      BETAM = BETA(MP1)                                     LSS05010
      BETA(MP1) = ZERO                                       LSS05020
C      LSS05030
C      CALCULATE SCALE AND TOLERANCES                      LSS05040
      TSUM = ZERO                                           LSS05050
      DO 30 I = 2,MEV                                       LSS05060
30  TSUM = TSUM + BETA(I)                                   LSS05070
C      LSS05080
      EPS3 = EPS*TSUM                                       LSS05090
      EPS4 = DFL0AT(MEV)*EPS3                               LSS05100
C      LSS05110
C      GENERATE SCALED RANDOM RIGHT-HAND SIDE              LSS05120
      ILL = IKL                                             LSS05130
C      LSS05140
C-----LSS05150
      CALL GENRAN(ILL,G,MEV)                                LSS05160
C-----LSS05170
C      LSS05180
      GSUM = ZERO                                           LSS05190
      DO 40 I = 1,MEV                                       LSS05200
40  GSUM = GSUM+ABS(G(I))                                   LSS05210
      GSUM = EPS4/GSUM                                       LSS05220
C      LSS05230
      DO 50 I = 1,MEV                                       LSS05240
50  G(I) = GSUM*G(I)                                       LSS05250
C      LSS05260
C      LOOP ON ISOLATED GOOD T-EIGENVALUES IN VS (MP(I) = 1) TO LSS05270
C      CALCULATE CORRESPONDING UNIT T-EIGENVECTOR OF T(1,MEV) LSS05280
C      LSS05290
      DO 180 JEV = 1,NDIS                                   LSS05300
      IF (MP(JEV).EQ.0) GO TO 180                           LSS05310
      NG = NG + 1                                           LSS05320
      IF (MP(JEV).NE.1) GO TO 180                           LSS05330
      IT = 1                                                 LSS05340
      NISO = NISO + 1                                       LSS05350
      X1 = VS(JEV)                                          LSS05360
C      LSS05370
C      INITIALIZE RIGHT HAND SIDE FOR INVERSE ITERATION    LSS05380

```

```

      DO 60 I = 1,MEV                                LSS05390
60  V2(I) = G(I)                                      LSS05400
C                                                    LSS05410
C      TRIANGULAR FACTORIZATION WITH NEAREST NEIGHBOR PIVOT      LSS05420
C      STRATEGY. INTERCHANGES ARE LABELLED BY SETTING BETA < 0. LSS05430
C                                                    LSS05440
      70 CONTINUE                                     LSS05450
      U = -X1                                          LSS05460
      Z = BETA(2)                                      LSS05470
C                                                    LSS05480
      DO 90 I = 2,MEV                                LSS05490
      IF (BETA(I).GT.DABS(U)) GO TO 80                 LSS05500
C      NO INTERCHANGE                                         LSS05510
      V1(I-1) = Z/U                                    LSS05520
      V2(I-1) = V2(I-1)/U                              LSS05530
      V2(I) = V2(I)-BETA(I)*V2(I-1)                   LSS05540
      RATIO = BETA(I)/U                                LSS05550
      U = -X1-Z*RATIO                                  LSS05560
      Z = BETA(I+1)                                    LSS05570
      GO TO 90                                          LSS05580
      80 CONTINUE                                         LSS05590
C      INTERCHANGE CASE                                       LSS05600
      RATIO = U/BETA(I)                                 LSS05610
      BETA(I) = -BETA(I)                                LSS05620
      V1(I-1) = -X1                                    LSS05630
      U = Z-RATIO*V1(I-1)                              LSS05640
      Z = -RATIO*BETA(I+1)                             LSS05650
      TEMP = V2(I-1)                                   LSS05660
      V2(I-1) = V2(I)                                  LSS05670
      V2(I) = TEMP-RATIO*V2(I)                         LSS05680
      90 CONTINUE                                         LSS05690
      IF (U.EQ.ZERO) U = EPS3                          LSS05700
C                                                    LSS05710
C      SMALLNESS TEST AND DEFAULT VALUE FOR LAST COMPONENT    LSS05720
C      PIVOT(I-1) = |BETA(I)| FOR INTERCHANGE CASE          LSS05730
C      (I-1,I+1) ELEMENT IN RIGHT FACTOR = BETA(I+1)       LSS05740
C      END OF FACTORIZATION AND FORWARD SUBSTITUTION        LSS05750
C                                                    LSS05760
C      BACK SUBSTITUTION                                     LSS05770
      V2(MEV) = V2(MEV)/U                              LSS05780
      DO 110 II = 1,MM1                                  LSS05790
      I = MEV-II                                         LSS05800
      IF (BETA(I+1).LT.ZERO) GO TO 100                 LSS05810
C      NO INTERCHANGE                                         LSS05820
      V2(I) = V2(I)-V1(I)*V2(I+1)                     LSS05830
      GO TO 110                                          LSS05840
C      INTERCHANGE CASE                                       LSS05850
      100 BETA(I+1) = -BETA(I+1)                        LSS05860
      V2(I) = (V2(I)-V1(I)*V2(I+1)-BETA(I+2)*V2(I+2))/BETA(I+1) LSS05870
      110 CONTINUE                                         LSS05880
C                                                    LSS05890
C      TESTS FOR CONVERGENCE OF INVERSE ITERATION           LSS05900
C      IF SUM |V2| COMPS. LE. 1 AND IT. LE. ITER DO ANOTHER INVIT STEP LSS05910
C                                                    LSS05920
      NORM = DABS(V2(MEV))                             LSS05930

```

```

      DO 120 II = 1,MM1                                LSS05940
      I = MEV-II                                        LSS05950
120  NORM = NORM+DABS(V2(I))                            LSS05960
C                                                    LSS05970
      IF (NORM.GE.ONE) GO TO 140                        LSS05980
      IT = IT+1                                          LSS05990
      IF (IT.GT.ITER) GO TO 140                        LSS06000
      XU = EPS4/NORM                                    LSS06010
C                                                    LSS06020
      DO 130 I = 1,MEV                                  LSS06030
130  V2(I) = V2(I)*XU                                  LSS06040
C                                                    LSS06050
      GO TO 70                                           LSS06060
C  ANOTHER INVERSE ITERATION STEP                      LSS06070
C                                                    LSS06080
C  INVERSE ITERATION FINISHED                          LSS06090
C  NORMALIZE COMPUTED T-EIGENVECTOR : V2 = V2/||V2||   LSS06100
140  CONTINUE                                           LSS06110
      SUM = FINPRO(MEV,V2(1),1,V2(1),1)                LSS06120
      SUM = ONE/DSQRT(SUM)                              LSS06130
C                                                    LSS06140
      DO 150 II = 1,MEV                                  LSS06150
150  V2(II) = SUM*V2(II)                              LSS06160
C                                                    LSS06170
C  SAVE ERROR ESTIMATE FOR LATER OUTPUT                 LSS06180
      EST = BETAM*DABS(V2(MEV))                        LSS06190
      IF (IT.GT.ITER) EST = -EST                       LSS06200
      MEVPNI = MEV + NISO                               LSS06210
      G(MEVPNI) = EST                                   LSS06220
      IF (IWRITE.EQ.0) GO TO 180                       LSS06230
C                                                    LSS06240
C  FILE 6 (TERMINAL) OUTPUT OF ERROR ESTIMATES.        LSS06250
      IF (JEV.EQ.1) GAP = VS(2) - VS(1)                 LSS06260
      IF (JEV.EQ.MEV) GAP = VS(MEV) - VS(MEV-1)         LSS06270
      IF (JEV.EQ.MEV.OR.JEV.EQ.1) GO TO 160             LSS06280
      TEMP = DMIN1(VS(JEV+1)-VS(JEV),VS(JEV)-VS(JEV-1)) LSS06290
      GAP = TEMP                                         LSS06300
160  CONTINUE                                           LSS06310
C                                                    LSS06320
      WRITE(6,170) NISO,JEV,X1,EST,GAP                  LSS06330
170  FORMAT(2I6,E25.16,2E12.3)                        LSS06340
C                                                    LSS06350
180  CONTINUE                                           LSS06360
C                                                    LSS06370
C  END ERROR ESTIMATE LOOP ON ISOLATED GOOD T-EIGENVALUES. LSS06380
C  GENERATE DISTINCT MINGAPS FOR T(1,MEV). THIS IS USEFUL AS AN LSS06390
C  INDICATOR OF THE GOODNESS OF THE INVERSE ITERATION ESTIMATES. LSS06400
C  TRANSFER ISOLATED GOOD T-EIGENVALUES AND CORRESPONDING TMINGAPS LSS06410
C  TO V2 AND V1 FOR OUTPUT PURPOSES ONLY.              LSS06420
C                                                    LSS06430
      NM1 = NDIS - 1                                    LSS06440
      G(NDIS) = VS(NM1)-VS(NDIS)                        LSS06450
      G(1) = VS(2)-VS(1)                                LSS06460
C                                                    LSS06470
      DO 190 J = 2,NM1                                  LSS06480

```

```

      T0 = VS(J)-VS(J-1)                                LSS06490
      T1 = VS(J+1)-VS(J)                                LSS06500
      G(J) = T1                                           LSS06510
      IF (T0.LT.T1) G(J)=-T0                             LSS06520
190  CONTINUE                                           LSS06530
      ISO = 0                                             LSS06540
      DO 200 J = 1,NDIS                                  LSS06550
      IF (MP(J).NE.1) GO TO 200                          LSS06560
      ISO = ISO+1                                         LSS06570
      V1(ISO) = G(J)                                     LSS06580
      V2(ISO) = VS(J)                                    LSS06590
200  CONTINUE                                           LSS06600
C                                           LSS06610
      IF(NISO.EQ.0) GO TO 250                            LSS06620
C                                           LSS06630
C      ERROR ESTIMATES ARE WRITTEN TO FILE 4             LSS06640
      WRITE(4,210)MEV,NDIS,NG,NISO,NM,IKL,ITER,BETAM    LSS06650
210  FORMAT(1X,'Tsize',2X,'NDIS',1X,'NGOOD',2X,'NISO',3X,'M+N'/5I6/ LSS06660
      1 4X,'RHSEED',2X,'MXINIT',5X,'BETAM'/I10,I8,E10.3/ LSS06670
      2 2X,'GOODEVNO',8X,'GOOD T-EIGENVALUE',6X,'BETAM*UM',7X,'TMINGAP') LSS06680
C                                           LSS06690
      ISPUR = 0                                           LSS06700
      I = 0                                              LSS06710
      DO 240 J = 1,NDIS                                  LSS06720
      IF(MP(J).NE.0) GO TO 220                            LSS06730
      ISPUR = ISPUR + 1                                   LSS06740
      GO TO 240                                           LSS06750
220  IF(MP(J).NE.1) GO TO 240                            LSS06760
      I = I + 1                                           LSS06770
      MEVI = MEV + I                                     LSS06780
      IGOOD = J - ISPUR                                   LSS06790
      WRITE(4,230) IGOOD,V2(I),G(MEVI),V1(I)            LSS06800
230  FORMAT(I10,E25.16,2E14.3)                          LSS06810
240  CONTINUE                                           LSS06820
      GO TO 270                                           LSS06830
C                                           LSS06840
250  WRITE(4,260)                                         LSS06850
260  FORMAT(/' THERE ARE NO ISOLATED T-EIGENVALUES SO NO ERROR ESTIMATE LSS06860
      1S WERE COMPUTED')                                LSS06870
C      RESTORE BETA(MEV+1) = BETAM                       LSS06880
270  BETA(MP1) = BETAM                                   LSS06890
C-----END OF INVERR-----LSS06900
      RETURN                                             LSS06910
      END                                               LSS06920
C                                           LSS06930
C-----START OF TNORM-----LSS06940
C                                           LSS06950
      SUBROUTINE TNORM(BETA,BMIN,TMAX,MEV,IB)           LSS06960
C                                           LSS06970
C-----LSS06980
      DOUBLE PRECISION  BETA(1)                         LSS06990
      DOUBLE PRECISION  TMAX,BMIN,Bsize,BTOL           LSS07000
      DOUBLE PRECISION  DABS, DMAX1                    LSS07010
C-----LSS07020
C      COMPUTE SCALING FACTOR USED IN THE T-MULTIPLICITY, SPURIOUS AND LSS07030

```

C	PRTESTS. CHECK RELATIVE SIZE OF THE BETA(K), K=1,MEV	LSS07040
C	AS A TEST ON THE LOCAL ORTHOGONALITY OF THE LANCZOS VECTORS.	LSS07050
C		LSS07060
C	TMAX = MAX (BETA(I), I=1,MEV)	LSS07070
C	BMIN = MIN (BETA(I) I=2,MEV)	LSS07080
C	BSIZE = BMIN/TMAX	LSS07090
C	IB = INDEX OF MINIMAL(BETA)	LSS07100
C	IB < 0 IF BMIN/TMAX < BTOL	LSS07110
C	-----	LSS07120
C	SPECIFY PARAMETERS	LSS07130
	IB = 2	LSS07140
	BTOL = BMIN	LSS07150
	BMIN = BETA(2)	LSS07160
	TMAX = BETA(2)	LSS07170
C		LSS07180
	DO 20 I = 2,MEV	LSS07190
	IF (BETA(I).GE.BMIN) GO TO 10	LSS07200
	IB = I	LSS07210
	BMIN = BETA(I)	LSS07220
10	TMAX = DMAX1(TMAX,BETA(I))	LSS07230
20	CONTINUE	LSS07240
C		LSS07250
C	TEST OF LOCAL ORTHOGONALITY USING SCALED BETAS	LSS07260
	BSIZE = BMIN/TMAX	LSS07270
	IF (BSIZE.GE.BTOL) GO TO 40	LSS07280
C		LSS07290
C	DEFAULT. BSIZE IS SMALLER THAN TOLERANCE BTOL SPECIFIED IN MAIN	LSS07300
C	PROGRAM. PROGRAM TERMINATES FOR USER TO DECIDE WHAT TO DO	LSS07310
C	BECAUSE LOCAL ORTHOGONALITY OF THE LANCZOS VECTORS COULD BE	LSS07320
C	LOST.	LSS07330
C		LSS07340
	IB = -IB	LSS07350
	WRITE(6,30) MEV	LSS07360
30	FORMAT(/' BETA TEST INDICATES POSSIBLE LOSS OF LOCAL ORTHOGONALITY	LSS07370
	1OVER 1ST',I6,' LANCZOS VECTORS'/)	LSS07380
C		LSS07390
40	CONTINUE	LSS07400
C		LSS07410
	WRITE(6,50) IB	LSS07420
50	FORMAT(/' MINIMUM BETA RATIO OCCURS AT',I6,' TH BETA'/)	LSS07430
C		LSS07440
	WRITE(6,60) MEV,BMIN,TMAX,BSIZE	LSS07450
60	FORMAT(/1X,'TSIZE',6X,'MIN BETA',5X,'TKMAX',6X,'MIN RATIO'/	LSS07460
	1 I6,E14.3,E10.3,E15.3/)	LSS07470
C		LSS07480
C	-----END OF TNORM-----	LSS07490
	RETURN	LSS07500
	END	LSS07510
C		LSS07520
C		LSS07530
C	-----START OF LUMP-----	LSS07540
C		LSS07550
	SUBROUTINE LUMP(V1,RELTOL,MULTOL,SCALE2,LINDEX,LOOP)	LSS07560
C		LSS07570
C	-----	LSS07580

DOUBLE PRECISION	V1(1),SUM,RELTOL,MULTOL,THOLD,ZERO,SCALE2	LSS07590
INTEGER	LINDEX(1)	LSS07600
DOUBLE PRECISION	DABS, DFLOAT, DMAX1	LSS07610
C-----		LSS07620
C	LINDEX(J) = T-MULTIPLICITY OF JTH DISTINCT T-EIGENVALUE	LSS07630
C	LOOP = NUMBER OF DISTINCT T-EIGENVALUES	LSS07640
C	LUMP 'COMBINES' COMPUTED 'GOOD' T-EIGENVALUES THAT ARE	LSS07650
C	'TOO CLOSE'.	LSS07660
C	VALUE FOR RELTOL IS 1.D-10.	LSS07670
C		LSS07680
C	IF IN A SET OF T-EIGENVALUES TO BE COMBINED THERE IS AN EIGENVALUE	LSS07690
C	WITH LINDEX=1, THEN THE VALUE OF THE COMBINED T-EIGENVALUES IS SET	LSS07700
C	EQUAL TO THE VALUE OF THAT T-EIGENVALUE. NOTE THAT IF A SPURIOUS	LSS07710
C	T-EIGENVALUE IS TO BE 'COMBINED' WITH A GOOD T-EIGENVALUE, THEN	LSS07720
C	THIS IS DONE ONLY BY INCREASING THE INDEX, LINDEX, FOR THAT	LSS07730
C	T-EIGENVALUE. NUMERICAL VALUES OF SPURIOUS T-EIGENVALUES ARE	LSS07740
C	NEVER COMBINED WITH THOSE OF GOOD T-EIGENVALUES.	LSS07750
C-----		LSS07760
	ZERO = 0.0D0	LSS07770
	NLOOP = 0	LSS07780
	J = 0	LSS07790
	ICOUNT = 1	LSS07800
	JI = 1	LSS07810
	THOLD = DMAX1(RELTOL*DABS(V1(1)),SCALE2*MULTOL)	LSS07820
C	THOLD = DMAX1(RELTOL*DABS(V1(1)),RELTOL)	LSS07830
C		LSS07840
10	J = J+1	LSS07850
	IF (J.EQ.LOOP) GO TO 20	LSS07860
	SUM = DABS(V1(J)-V1(J+1))	LSS07870
	IF (SUM.LT.THOLD) GO TO 60	LSS07880
20	JF = JI + ICOUNT - 1	LSS07890
	INDSUM = 0	LSS07900
	ISPUR = 0	LSS07910
C		LSS07920
	DO 30 KK = JI,JF	LSS07930
	IF (LINDEX(KK).NE.0) GO TO 30	LSS07940
	ISPUR = ISPUR + 1	LSS07950
	INDSUM = INDSUM + 1	LSS07960
30	INDSUM = INDSUM + LINDEX(KK)	LSS07970
C		LSS07980
C	IF (JF-JI.GE.1) WRITE(6,40) (V1(KKK), KKK=JI,JF)	LSS07990
40	FORMAT(/' LUMP LUMPS THE T-EIGENVALUES'/(4E20.13))	LSS08000
C		LSS08010
C	COMPUTE THE 'COMBINED' T-EIGENVALUE AND THE RESULTING	LSS08020
C	T-MULTIPLICITY	LSS08030
	K = JI - 1	LSS08040
50	K = K+1	LSS08050
	IF (K.GT.JF) GO TO 70	LSS08060
	IF (LINDEX(K) .NE.1) GO TO 50	LSS08070
	NLOOP = NLOOP + 1	LSS08080
	V1(NLOOP) = V1(K)	LSS08090
	GO TO 100	LSS08100
60	ICOUNT = ICOUNT + 1	LSS08110
	GO TO 10	LSS08120
C		LSS08130

```

C      ALL INDICES WERE 0 OR >1                                LSS08140
70 NLOOP = NLOOP + 1                                          LSS08150
   IDIF = INDSUM - ISPUR                                       LSS08160
   IF (IDIF.EQ.0) GO TO 90                                     LSS08170
C
   SUM = ZERO                                                  LSS08180
   DO 80 KK = JI,JF                                           LSS08190
80 SUM = SUM + V1(KK) * DFLOAT(LINDEX(KK))                   LSS08200
C
   V1(NLOOP) = SUM/DFLOAT(IDIF)                               LSS08210
   GO TO 100                                                    LSS08220
90 V1(NLOOP) = V1(JI)                                         LSS08230
100 LINDEX(NLOOP) = INDSUM                                     LSS08240
   IDIF = INDSUM - ISPUR                                       LSS08250
   IF (IDIF.EQ.0.AND.ISPUR.EQ.1) LINDEX(NLOOP) = 0           LSS08260
   IF (J.EQ.LOOP) GO TO 110                                    LSS08270
   ICOUNT = 1                                                  LSS08280
   JI= J+1                                                      LSS08290
   THOLD = DMAX1(RELTOL*DABS(V1(JI)),SCALE2*MULTOL)          LSS08300
C   THOLD = DMAX1(RELTOL*DABS(V1(JI)),RELTOL)                 LSS08310
   IF (JI.LT.LOOP) GO TO 10                                     LSS08320
   NLOOP = NLOOP + 1                                           LSS08330
   V1(NLOOP)= V1(JI)                                           LSS08340
   LINDEX(NLOOP) = LINDEX(JI)                                   LSS08350
110 CONTINUE                                                  LSS08360
C
C   ON RETURN V1 CONTAINS THE DISTINCT T-EIGENVALUES          LSS08370
C   LINDEX CONTAINS THE CORRESPONDING T-MULTIPLICITIES        LSS08380
C
   LOOP = NLOOP                                                LSS08390
   RETURN                                                       LSS08400
C-----END OF LUMP-----LSS08410
   END                                                         LSS08420
C
C
C
C-----START OF ISOEV-----LSS08430
C
C   SUBROUTINE ISOEV(VS,GAPTOL,MULTOL,SCALE1,G,MP,NDIS,NG,NISO) LSS08440
C
C
C-----LSS08450
   DOUBLE PRECISION VS(1),TO,T1,MULTOL,GAPTOL,SCALE1,TEMP    LSS08460
   REAL G(1),GAP                                              LSS08470
   INTEGER MP(1)                                              LSS08480
   REAL ABS                                                    LSS08490
   DOUBLE PRECISION DABS, DMAX1                               LSS08500
C-----LSS08510
C   GENERATE DISTINCT TMINGAPS AND USE THEM TO LABEL THE ISOLATED LSS08520
C   GOOD T-EIGENVALUES THAT ARE VERY CLOSE TO SPURIOUS ONES.  LSS08530
C   ERROR ESTIMATES WILL NOT BE COMPUTED FOR THESE T-EIGENVALUES. LSS08540
C
C   ON ENTRY AND EXIT                                         LSS08550
C   VS CONTAINS THE COMPUTED DISTINCT T-EIGENVALUES OF T(1,MEV) LSS08560
C   MP CONTAINS THE CORRESPONDING T-MULTIPLICITIES           LSS08570
C   NDIS = NUMBER OF DISTINCT T-EIGENVALUES                  LSS08580
C   GAPTOL = RELATIVE GAP TOLERANCE SET IN MAIN              LSS08590

```

```

C                                                    LSS08690
C   ON EXIT                                                    LSS08700
C   G CONTAINS THE TMINGAPS.                                    LSS08710
C   G(I) < 0 MEANS MINGAP IS DUE TO LEFT GAP                    LSS08720
C   MP(I) IS NOT CHANGED EXCEPT THAT  MP(I)=-1, IF MP(I)=1,  LSS08730
C   TMINGAP WAS TOO SMALL AND DUE TO A SPURIOUS T-EIGENVALUE.  LSS08740
C                                                    LSS08750
C   IF MP(I)=-1 THAT SIMPLE GOOD T-EIGENVALUE WILL BE SKIPPED LSS08760
C   IN THE SUBSEQUENT ERROR ESTIMATE COMPUTATIONS IN INVERR    LSS08770
C   THAT IS, WE COMPUTE ERROR ESTIMATES ONLY FOR THOSE GOOD    LSS08780
C   T-EIGENVALUES WITH MP(I)=1.                                LSS08790
C-----LSS08800
C   CALCULATE MINGAPS FOR DISTINCT T(1,MEV) EIGENVALUES.        LSS08810
C   NM1 = NDIS - 1                                              LSS08820
C   G(NDIS) = VS(NM1)-VS(NDIS)                                  LSS08830
C   G(1) = VS(2)-VS(1)                                          LSS08840
C                                                    LSS08850
C   DO 10 J = 2,NM1                                             LSS08860
C   TO = VS(J)-VS(J-1)                                          LSS08870
C   T1 = VS(J+1)-VS(J)                                          LSS08880
C   G(J) = T1                                                    LSS08890
C   IF (TO.LT.T1) G(J) = -TO                                     LSS08900
C 10 CONTINUE                                                    LSS08910
C                                                    LSS08920
C   SET MP(I)=-1 FOR SIMPLE GOOD T-EIGENVALUES WHOSE MINGAPS  ARE LSS08930
C   'TOO SMALL' AND DUE TO SPURIOUS T-EIGENVALUES.            LSS08940
C                                                    LSS08950
C   NISO = 0                                                    LSS08960
C   NG = 0                                                       LSS08970
C   DO 20 J = 1,NDIS                                           LSS08980
C   IF (MP(J).EQ.0) GO TO 20                                     LSS08990
C   NG = NG+1                                                    LSS09000
C   IF (MP(J).NE.1) GO TO 20                                     LSS09010
C   VS(J) IS NEXT TO SIMPLE GOOD T-EIGENVALUE                  LSS09020
C   NISO = NISO + 1                                              LSS09030
C   I = J+1                                                      LSS09040
C   IF (G(J).LT.0.0) I = J-1                                     LSS09050
C   IF (MP(I).NE.0) GO TO 20                                     LSS09060
C   GAP = ABS(G(J))                                              LSS09070
C   TO = DMAX1(SCALE1*MULTOL,GAPTOL*DABS(VS(J)))                LSS09080
C   TO = DMAX1(GAPTOL,GAPTOL*DABS(VS(J)))                        LSS09090
C   TEMP = TO                                                    LSS09100
C   IF (GAP.GT.TEMP) GO TO 20                                     LSS09110
C   MP(J) = -MP(J)                                               LSS09120
C   NISO = NISO-1                                                LSS09130
C 20 CONTINUE                                                    LSS09140
C                                                    LSS09150
C-----END OF ISOEV-----LSS09160
C   RETURN                                                       LSS09170
C   END                                                         LSS09180
C                                                    LSS09190
C-----START OF PRTEST-----LSS09200
C                                                    LSS09210
C   SUBROUTINE PRTEST(BETA,TEIG,TKMAX,EPSM,RELTOL,SCALE3,SCALE4, LSS09220
C   1 TMULT,NDIST,MEV,IPOJ)                                     LSS09230

```



```

C                                                    LSS09240
C-----LSS09250
      DOUBLE PRECISION  BETA(1),TEIG(1),SIGMA(4)          LSS09260
      DOUBLE PRECISION  EPSM,RELTOL,PRTOL,TKMAX,LRATIO,URATIO  LSS09270
      DOUBLE PRECISION  EPS,EPS1,BETAM,LBD,UBD,SIG,YU,YV,LRATS,URATS  LSS09280
      DOUBLE PRECISION  ZERO,ONE,TEN,BISTOL,SCALE3,SCALE4,AEV,TEMP  LSS09290
      INTEGER  TMULT(1),ISIGMA(4)          LSS09300
      DOUBLE PRECISION  DABS, DMAX1, DSQRT, DFLOAT          LSS09310
C-----LSS09320
C  AFTER CONVERGENCE HAS BEEN ESTABLISHED, SUBROUTINE PRTEST  LSS09330
C  TESTS COMPUTED EIGENVALUES OF T(1,MEV) THAT HAVE BEEN LABELLED  LSS09340
C  SPURIOUS TO DETERMINE IF ANY SINGULAR VALUES OF A HAVE BEEN  LSS09350
C  MISSED BY LANCZOS PROCEDURE.  A SINGULAR VALUE WHOSE  LSS09360
C  SINGULAR VECTOR(S) HAS A VERY SMALL PROJECTION ON THE  LSS09370
C  STARTING VECTOR (< SINGLE PRECISION) CAN BE MISSED BECAUSE  LSS09380
C  IT WILL THEN ALSO BE AN EIGENVALUE OF T(2,MEV) TO WITHIN  LSS09390
C  THE SQUARE OF THIS ORIGINAL PROJECTION.  HOWEVER,  LSS09400
C  OUR EXPERIENCE IS THAT SUCH SMALL PROJECTIONS OCCUR ONLY  LSS09410
C  VERY INFREQUENTLY.  LSS09420
C  LSS09430
C  THIS SUBROUTINE IS CALLED ONLY AFTER CONVERGENCE HAS BEEN  LSS09440
C  ESTABLISHED.  ONCE CONVERGENCE HAS BEEN OBSERVED ON THE  LSS09450
C  OTHER SINGULAR VALUES, THEN ONE CAN EXPECT TO ALSO HAVE  LSS09460
C  CONVERGENCE ON ANY SUCH 'HIDDEN' SINGULAR VALUES. (IF THERE  LSS09470
C  ARE ANY).  PROCEDURE CONSIDERS ONLY SPURIOUS T-EIGENVALUES AND  LSS09480
C  ONLY THOSE SPURIOUS T-EIGENVALUES THAT ARE ISOLATED FROM GOOD  LSS09490
C  T-EIGENVALUES.  FOR EACH SUCH T-EIGENVALUE IT DOES 2 STURM  LSS09500
C  SEQUENCES AND A FEW SCALAR MULTIPLICATIONS.  UPON RETURN TO MAIN  LSS09510
C  PROGRAM ERROR ESTIMATES WILL BE COMPUTED FOR ANY T-EIGENVALUES  LSS09520
C  THAT HAVE BEEN LABELLED AS 'HIDDEN'.  SUCH T-EIGENVALUES  LSS09530
C  WILL BE RELABELLED AS 'GOOD' ONLY IF THESE ERROR ESTIMATES  LSS09540
C  ARE SUFFICIENTLY SMALL.  LSS09550
C-----LSS09560
      ZERO = 0.0D0          LSS09570
      ONE  = 1.0D0          LSS09580
      TEN  = 10.0D0         LSS09590
      PRTOL = 1.D-6         LSS09600
      TEMP = DFLOAT(MEV+1000)  LSS09610
      TEMP = DSQRT(TEMP)      LSS09620
      BISTOL = TKMAX*EPSM*TEMP  LSS09630
      NSIGMA = 4             LSS09640
      SIGMA(1) = TEN*TKMAX    LSS09650
C  LSS09660
      DO 10 J = 2,NSIGMA      LSS09670
10 SIGMA(J) = TEN*SIGMA(J-1)  LSS09680
C  LSS09690
      IFIN = 0                LSS09700
      MF = 1                  LSS09710
      ML = MEV                LSS09720
      BETAM = BETA(MF)        LSS09730
      BETA(MF) = ZERO         LSS09740
      IPROJ = 0               LSS09750
      J = 1                   LSS09760
C  LSS09770
      IF (TMULT(1).NE.0) GO TO 110  LSS09780

```

C		LSS09790
	AEV = DABS(TEIG(1))	LSS09800
	TEMP = PRTOL*AEV	LSS09810
	EPS1 = DMAX1(TEMP,SCALE4*BISTOL)	LSS09820
C	EPS1 = DMAX1(TEMP,PRTOL)	LSS09830
	TEMP = RELTOL*AEV	LSS09840
	EPS = DMAX1(TEMP,SCALE3*BISTOL)	LSS09850
C	EPS = DMAX1(TEMP,RELTOL)	LSS09860
C		LSS09870
	IF (TEIG(2)-TEIG(1).LT.EPS1.AND.TMULT(2).NE.0) GO TO 110	LSS09880
C		LSS09890
20	LBD = TEIG(J) - EPS	LSS09900
	UBD = TEIG(J) + EPS	LSS09910
	MEVL = 0	LSS09920
	IL = 0	LSS09930
	YU = ONE	LSS09940
C		LSS09950
	DO 50 I=MF,ML	LSS09960
	IF (YU.NE.ZERO) GO TO 30	LSS09970
	YV = BETA(I)/EPSM	LSS09980
	GO TO 40	LSS09990
30	YV = BETA(I)*BETA(I)/YU	LSS10000
40	YU = -LBD-YV	LSS10010
	IF (YU.GE.ZERO) GO TO 50	LSS10020
C	MEVL INCREMENTED	LSS10030
	MEVL = MEVL + 1	LSS10040
	IL = I	LSS10050
50	CONTINUE	LSS10060
C		LSS10070
	LRATIO = YU	LSS10080
	MEV1L = MEVL	LSS10090
	IF (IL.EQ.ML) MEV1L=MEVL-1	LSS10100
C		LSS10110
C	MEVL = NUMBER OF EVS OF T(1,MEV) WHICH ARE < LBD	LSS10120
C	MEV1L = NUMBER OF EVS OF T(1,MEV-1) WHICH ARE < LBD	LSS10130
C	LRATIO = DET(T(1,MEV)-LBD)/DET(T(1,MEV-1)-LBD):	LSS10140
C		LSS10150
	MEVU = 0	LSS10160
	IL = 0	LSS10170
	YU = ONE	LSS10180
C		LSS10190
	DO 80 I=MF,ML	LSS10200
	IF (YU.NE.ZERO) GO TO 60	LSS10210
	YV = BETA(I)/EPSM	LSS10220
	GO TO 70	LSS10230
60	YV = BETA(I)*BETA(I)/YU	LSS10240
70	YU = -UBD-YV	LSS10250
	IF (YU.GE.ZERO) GO TO 80	LSS10260
C	MEVU INCREMENTED	LSS10270
	MEVU = MEVU + 1	LSS10280
	IL = I	LSS10290
80	CONTINUE	LSS10300
C		LSS10310
	URATIO = YU	LSS10320
	MEV1U = MEVU	LSS10330

```

      IF (IL.EQ.ML) MEV1U=MEVU-1                                LSS10340
C
C      MEVU = NUMBER OF EVS OF T(MEV) WHICH ARE < UBD          LSS10350
C      MEV1U = NUMBER OF EVS OF T(MEV-1) WHICH ARE < UBD      LSS10360
C      URATIO = DET(TM-UBD)/DET(T(M-1)-UBD): TM=T(MF,ML)      LSS10370
C
C      NEV1 = MEV1U-MEV1L                                       LSS10380
C
C      DO 90 K=1,NSIGMA                                         LSS10390
C      SIG = SIGMA(K)                                           LSS10400
C      LRATS = LRATIO-SIG                                       LSS10410
C      URATS = URATIO-SIG                                       LSS10420
C      NOTE THE INCREMENT IS ON NUMBER OF EVALUES OF T(M-1)   LSS10430
C      MEVLS = MEV1L                                           LSS10440
C      IF (LRATS.LT.0.) MEVLS=MEV1L+1                           LSS10450
C      MEVUS = MEV1U                                           LSS10460
C      IF (URATS.LT.0.) MEVUS=MEV1U+1                           LSS10470
C      ISIGMA(K) = MEVUS - MEVLS                                LSS10480
C
C      90 CONTINUE                                              LSS10490
C
C      ICOUNT = 0                                             LSS10500
C      DO 100 K=1,NSIGMA                                       LSS10510
C      100 IF (ISIGMA(K).EQ.1) ICOUNT=ICOUNT + 1              LSS10520
C
C      IF (ICOUNT.LT.2.OR.NEV1.EQ.0) GO TO 110                 LSS10530
C      TMULT(J) = -10                                           LSS10540
C      IPROJ=IPROJ+1                                           LSS10550
C
C      110 J=J+1                                                 LSS10560
C
C      IF (J.GE.NDIST) GO TO 120                                LSS10570
C      IF (TMULT(J).NE.0) GO TO 110                             LSS10580
C
C      AEV = DABS(TEIG(J))                                       LSS10590
C      TEMP = PRTOL*AEV                                         LSS10600
C      EPS1 = DMAX1(TEMP,SCALE4*BISTOL)                         LSS10610
C      EPS1 = DMAX1(TEMP,PRTOL)                                  LSS10620
C      TEMP = RELTOL*AEV                                         LSS10630
C      EPS = DMAX1(TEMP,SCALE3*BISTOL)                          LSS10640
C      EPS = DMAX1(TEMP,RELTOL)                                  LSS10650
C
C      IF (TEIG(J)-TEIG(J-1).LT.EPS1.AND.TMULT(J-1).NE.0) GO TO 110 LSS10660
C      IF (TEIG(J+1)-TEIG(J).LT.EPS1.AND.TMULT(J+1).NE.0) GO TO 110 LSS10670
C
C      GO TO 20                                                  LSS10680
C
C      120 IF (IFIN.EQ.1) GO TO 130                              LSS10690
C      IF (TMULT(NDIST).NE.0) GO TO 130                         LSS10700
C
C      AEV = DABS(TEIG(NDIST))                                   LSS10710
C      TEMP = PRTOL*AEV                                         LSS10720
C      EPS1 = DMAX1(TEMP,SCALE4*BISTOL)                         LSS10730
C      EPS1 = DMAX1(TEMP,PRTOL)                                  LSS10740
C      TEMP = RELTOL*AEV                                         LSS10750
C      EPS = DMAX1(TEMP,SCALE3*BISTOL)                          LSS10760

```



```

C-----LSS11440
C   INITIALIZATION OF PARAMETERS                                LSS11450
      MK1 = 0                                                    LSS11460
      MK2 = 0                                                    LSS11470
      ZERO = 0.0D0                                              LSS11480
      ONE  = 1.0D0                                              LSS11490
      BETA(1) = ZERO                                           LSS11500
      EVL = X1-TOLN                                             LSS11510
      EVU = X1+TOLN                                             LSS11520
      U1 = ONE                                                  LSS11530
      U2 = ONE                                                  LSS11540
      IC0 = 0                                                    LSS11550
      IC1 = 0                                                    LSS11560
      IC2 = 0                                                    LSS11570
C                                                    LSS11580
C   MAIN LOOP FOR CALCULATING THE SIZES MK1,MK2                LSS11590
      DO 60 I = 1,MMAX                                          LSS11600
      BETA2 = BETA(I)*BETA(I)                                    LSS11610
      IF (U1.NE.ZERO) GO TO 10                                   LSS11620
      V1 = BETA(I)/EPSM                                          LSS11630
      GO TO 20                                                   LSS11640
10  V1 = BETA2/U1                                               LSS11650
20  U1 = EVL - V1                                               LSS11660
      IF (U1.LT.ZERO) IC1 = IC1+1                               LSS11670
      IF (U2.NE.ZERO) GO TO 30                                   LSS11680
      V2 = BETA(I)/EPSM                                          LSS11690
      GO TO 40                                                   LSS11700
30  V2 = BETA2/U2                                               LSS11710
40  U2 = EVU - V2                                               LSS11720
      IF (U2.LT.ZERO) IC2 = IC2+1                               LSS11730
C   TEST FOR CHANGE IN NUMBER OF T-EIGENVALUES ON (EVL,EVU)   LSS11740
      ICD = IC1-IC2                                              LSS11750
      IC = ICD-IC0                                               LSS11760
      IF (IC.GE.1) GO TO 50                                       LSS11770
      GO TO 60                                                   LSS11780
50  CONTINUE                                                    LSS11790
      IF (IC0.EQ.0) MK1 = I                                      LSS11800
      IC0 = IC0+1                                                LSS11810
      IF (IC0.GT.1) GO TO 70                                       LSS11820
60  CONTINUE                                                    LSS11830
C                                                    LSS11840
      I = I-1                                                    LSS11850
      IF (IC0.EQ.0) MK1 = MMAX                                    LSS11860
70  MK2 = I                                                      LSS11870
      IC = ICD                                                    LSS11880
C                                                    LSS11890
      IF (IWRITE.EQ.1) WRITE(6,80) X1,MK1,MK2,IC              LSS11900
80  FORMAT(' EVAL =',E20.12,' MK1 =',I6,' MK2 =',I6,' IC =',I3/) LSS11910
C                                                    LSS11920
      RETURN                                                    LSS11930
C-----END OF STURMI-----LSS11940
      END                                                        LSS11950
C                                                    LSS11960
C                                                    LSS11970
C-----START OF INVERM-----LSS11980

```

```

C                                                    LSS11990
      SUBROUTINE INVERM(BETA,V1,V2,X1,ERROR,ERRORV,EPS,G,MEV,IT,
1 IWRITE)                                           LSS12000
C                                                    LSS12010
C                                                    LSS12020
C-----LSS12030
      DOUBLE PRECISION  BETA(1),V1(1),V2(1)         LSS12040
      DOUBLE PRECISION  X1,U,Z,TEMP,RATIO,SUM,XU,NORM,TSUM,BETAM LSS12050
      DOUBLE PRECISION  EPS,EPS3,EPS4,ERROR,ERRORV,ZERO,ONE     LSS12060
      REAL  G(1)                                           LSS12070
      DOUBLE PRECISION  DABS, DSQRT, DFLOAT             LSS12080
      DOUBLE PRECISION  FINPRO                            LSS12090
      REAL  ABS                                           LSS12100
C-----LSS12110
C                                                    LSS12120
C      COMPUTES T-EIGENVECTORS FOR ISOLATED GOOD T-EIGENVALUES X1 LSS12130
C      USING INVERSE ITERATION ON T(1,MEV(X1)) SOLVING EQUATION LSS12140
C      (T - X1*I)V2 = RIGHT-HAND SIDE (RANDOMLY-GENERATED) .    LSS12150
C      PROGRAM REFACTORS T- X1*I ON EACH ITERATION OF INVERSE ITERATION. LSS12160
C      TYPICALLY ONLY ONE ITERATION IS NEEDED PER T-EIGENVALUE X1. LSS12170
C                                                    LSS12180
C      IF IWRITE = 1 THEN THERE ARE EXTENDED WRITES TO FILE 6 (TERMINAL) LSS12190
C                                                    LSS12200
C      ON ENTRY G CONTAINS A REAL*4 RANDOM VECTOR WHICH WAS GENERATED LSS12210
C      IN MAIN PROGRAM.                                       LSS12220
C                                                    LSS12230
C      ON ENTRY AND EXIT                                       LSS12240
C      MEV = ORDER OF T                                         LSS12250
C      BETA CONTAINS THE OFFDIAGONAL ENTRIES OF T.             LSS12260
C      EPS = 2. * MACHINE EPSILON                             LSS12270
C                                                    LSS12280
C      IN PROGRAM:                                             LSS12290
C      ITER = MAXIMUM NUMBER STEPS ALLOWED FOR INVERSE ITERATION LSS12300
C      ITER = IT ON ENTRY.                                       LSS12310
C      V1,V2 = WORK SPACES USED IN THE FACTORIZATION OF T(1,MEV). LSS12320
C      V1 AND V2 MUST BE OF DIMENSION AT LEAST MEV.           LSS12330
C                                                    LSS12340
C      ON EXIT                                                  LSS12350
C      V2 = THE UNIT EIGENVECTOR OF T(1,MEV) CORRESPONDING TO X1. LSS12360
C      ERROR = |V2(MEV)| = ERROR ESTIMATE FOR CORRESPONDING    LSS12370
C      RITZ VECTOR FOR X1.                                       LSS12380
C                                                    LSS12390
C      ERRORV = || T*V2 - X1*V2 || = ERROR ESTIMATE ON T-EIGENVECTOR. LSS12400
C      IF IT.GT.ITER THEN ERRORV = -ERRORV                     LSS12410
C      IT = NUMBER OF ITERATIONS ACTUALLY REQUIRED              LSS12420
C-----LSS12430
C      INITIALIZATION AND PARAMETER SPECIFICATION             LSS12440
C      ONE  = 1.0DO                                             LSS12450
C      ZERO = 0.0DO                                             LSS12460
C      ITER = IT                                                LSS12470
C      MP1 = MEV+1                                              LSS12480
C      MM1 = MEV-1                                              LSS12490
C      BETAM = BETA(MP1)                                         LSS12500
C      BETA(MP1) = ZERO                                          LSS12510
C                                                    LSS12520
C      CALCULATE SCALE AND TOLERANCES                          LSS12530

```

TSUM = ZERO	LSS12540
DO 10 I = 2,MEV	LSS12550
10 TSUM = TSUM + BETA(I)	LSS12560
C	LSS12570
EPS3 = EPS*TSUM	LSS12580
EPS4 = DFL0AT(MEV)*EPS3	LSS12590
C	LSS12600
C GENERATE SCALED RANDOM RIGHT-HAND SIDE	LSS12610
GSUM = ZERO	LSS12620
DO 20 I = 1,MEV	LSS12630
20 GSUM = GSUM+ABS(G(I))	LSS12640
GSUM = EPS4/GSUM	LSS12650
C	LSS12660
C INITIALIZE RIGHT HAND SIDE FOR INVERSE ITERATION	LSS12670
DO 30 I = 1,MEV	LSS12680
30 V2(I) = GSUM*G(I)	LSS12690
IT = 1	LSS12700
C	LSS12710
C CALCULATE UNIT EIGENVECTOR OF T(1,MEV) FOR ISOLATED GOOD	LSS12720
C T-EIGENVALUE X1.	LSS12730
C	LSS12740
C TRIANGULAR FACTORIZATION WITH NEAREST NEIGHBOR PIVOT	LSS12750
C STRATEGY. INTERCHANGES ARE LABELLED BY SETTING BETA < 0.	LSS12760
C	LSS12770
40 CONTINUE	LSS12780
U = -X1	LSS12790
Z = BETA(2)	LSS12800
C	LSS12810
DO 60 I=2,MEV	LSS12820
IF (BETA(I).GT.DABS(U)) GO TO 50	LSS12830
C NO PIVOT INTERCHANGE	LSS12840
V1(I-1) = Z/U	LSS12850
V2(I-1) = V2(I-1)/U	LSS12860
V2(I) = V2(I)-BETA(I)*V2(I-1)	LSS12870
RATIO = BETA(I)/U	LSS12880
U = -X1-Z*RATIO	LSS12890
Z = BETA(I+1)	LSS12900
GO TO 60	LSS12910
C PIVOT INTERCHANGE	LSS12920
50 CONTINUE	LSS12930
RATIO = U/BETA(I)	LSS12940
BETA(I) = -BETA(I)	LSS12950
V1(I-1) = -X1	LSS12960
U = Z-RATIO*V1(I-1)	LSS12970
Z = -RATIO*BETA(I+1)	LSS12980
TEMP = V2(I-1)	LSS12990
V2(I-1) = V2(I)	LSS13000
V2(I) = TEMP-RATIO*V2(I)	LSS13010
60 CONTINUE	LSS13020
C	LSS13030
IF (U.EQ.ZERO) U=EPS3	LSS13040
C	LSS13050
C SMALLNESS TEST AND DEFAULT VALUE FOR LAST COMPONENT	LSS13060
C PIVOT(I-1) = BETA(I) FOR INTERCHANGE CASE	LSS13070
C (I-1,I+1) ELEMENT IN RIGHT FACTOR = BETA(I+1)	LSS13080

```

C      END OF FACTORIZATION AND FORWARD SUBSTITUTION                                LSS13090
C                                                                                      LSS13100
C      BACK SUBSTITUTION                                                            LSS13110
C      V2(MEV) = V2(MEV)/U                                                            LSS13120
C      DO 80 II = 1,MM1                                                              LSS13130
C      I = MEV-II                                                                    LSS13140
C      IF (BETA(I+1).LT.ZERO) GO TO 70                                                LSS13150
C      NO PIVOT INTERCHANGE                                                            LSS13160
C      V2(I) = V2(I)-V1(I)*V2(I+1)                                                    LSS13170
C      GO TO 80                                                                      LSS13180
C      PIVOT INTERCHANGE                                                            LSS13190
C      70 BETA(I+1) = -BETA(I+1)                                                        LSS13200
C      V2(I) = (V2(I)-V1(I)*V2(I+1)-BETA(I+2)*V2(I+2))/BETA(I+1)                    LSS13210
C      80 CONTINUE                                                                    LSS13220
C                                                                                      LSS13230
C                                                                                      LSS13240
C      TESTS FOR CONVERGENCE OF INVERSE ITERATION                                LSS13250
C      IF SUM |V2| COMPS. LE. 1 AND IT. LE. ITER DO ANOTHER INVIT STEP              LSS13260
C                                                                                      LSS13270
C      NORM = DABS(V2(MEV))                                                            LSS13280
C      DO 90 II = 1,MM1                                                              LSS13290
C      I = MEV-II                                                                    LSS13300
C      90 NORM = NORM+DABS(V2(I))                                                    LSS13310
C                                                                                      LSS13320
C      IS DESIRED GROWTH IN VECTOR ACHIEVED ?                                        LSS13330
C      IF NOT, DO ANOTHER INVERSE ITERATION STEP UNLESS NUMBER ALLOWED IS          LSS13340
C      EXCEEDED.                                                                      LSS13350
C      IF (NORM.GE.ONE) GO TO 110                                                      LSS13360
C                                                                                      LSS13370
C      IT=IT+1                                                                        LSS13380
C      IF (IT.GT.ITER) GO TO 110                                                      LSS13390
C                                                                                      LSS13400
C      XU = EPS4/NORM                                                                LSS13410
C      DO 100 I=1,MEV                                                                LSS13420
C      100 V2(I) = V2(I)*XU                                                            LSS13430
C                                                                                      LSS13440
C      GO TO 40                                                                      LSS13450
C                                                                                      LSS13460
C      NORMALIZE COMPUTED T-EIGENVECTOR : V2 = V2/||V2||                          LSS13470
C                                                                                      LSS13480
C      110 CONTINUE                                                                    LSS13490
C                                                                                      LSS13500
C      SUM = FINPRO(MEV,V2(1),1,V2(1),1)                                            LSS13510
C      SUM = ONE/DSQRT(SUM)                                                            LSS13520
C      DO 120 II = 1,MEV                                                            LSS13530
C      120 V2(II) = SUM*V2(II)                                                        LSS13540
C                                                                                      LSS13550
C      SAVE ERROR ESTIMATE FOR LATER OUTPUT                                          LSS13560
C      ERROR = DABS(V2(MEV))                                                          LSS13570
C                                                                                      LSS13580
C      GENERATE ERRORV = ||T*V2 - X1*V2||.                                          LSS13590
C      V1(MEV) = BETA(MEV)*V2(MEV-1)-X1*V2(MEV)                                    LSS13600
C      DO 130 J = 2,MM1                                                              LSS13610
C      JM = MP1 - J                                                                  LSS13620
C      V1(JM) = BETA(JM)*V2(JM-1) + BETA(JM+1)*V2(JM+1)                            LSS13630

```



```

      1) - X1*V2(JM)                                LSS13640
130 CONTINUE                                         LSS13650
C                                                     LSS13660
      V1(1) = BETA(2)*V2(2) - X1*V2(1)              LSS13670
      ERRORV = FINPRO(MEV,V1(1),1,V1(1),1)           LSS13680
      ERRORV = DSQRT(ERRORV)                         LSS13690
      IF (IT.GT.ITER) ERRORV = -ERRORV               LSS13700
      IF (IWRITE.EQ.0) GO TO 150                     LSS13710
C                                                     LSS13720
C   FILE 6 (TERMINAL) OUTPUT OF ERROR ESTIMATES.    LSS13730
      WRITE(6,140) MEV,X1,ERROR,ERRORV              LSS13740
140 FORMAT(' INVERSE ITERATION OUTPUT' /            LSS13750
      1 2X,'T SIZE',13X,'T-EIGENVALUE',11X,'U(M)',9X,'ERRORV' /
      1 16,E25.16,2E15.5)                           LSS13770
C                                                     LSS13780
C   RESTORE BETA(MEV+1) = BETAM                     LSS13790
150 CONTINUE                                         LSS13800
      BETA(MP1) = BETAM                             LSS13810
C-----END OF INVERM-----LSS13820
      RETURN                                         LSS13830
      END                                           LSS13840
C                                                     LSS13850
C-----START OF LBISEC-----LSS13860
C                                                     LSS13870
      SUBROUTINE LBISEC(BETA,EPSM,EVAL,EVALN,LB,UB,TTOL,M,NEVT) LSS13880
C                                                     LSS13890
C-----LSS13900
      DOUBLE PRECISION  BETA(1),X0,X1,XL,XU,YU,YV,LB,UB  LSS13910
      DOUBLE PRECISION  EPSM,EP1,EVAL,EVALN,EVD,EPT      LSS13920
      DOUBLE PRECISION  ZERO,ONE,HALF,TTOL,TEMP          LSS13930
      DOUBLE PRECISION  DABS,DSQRT,DFLOAT                LSS13940
C-----LSS13950
C   SPECIFY PARAMETERS                                LSS13960
      ZERO = 0.0D0                                       LSS13970
      HALF = 0.5D0                                       LSS13980
      ONE  = 1.0D0                                       LSS13990
      XL = LB                                           LSS14000
      XU = UB                                           LSS14010
C                                                     LSS14020
C   EP1 = DSQRT(1000+M)*TTOL      TTOL = EPSM*TKMAX    LSS14030
C   TKMAX = MAX(BETA(K), K= 1,KMAX)                    LSS14040
C                                                     LSS14050
      TEMP = DFLOAT(1000+M)                             LSS14060
      EP1 = DSQRT(TEMP)*TTOL                             LSS14070
C                                                     LSS14080
      NA = 0                                             LSS14090
      X1 = XU                                           LSS14100
      JSTURM = 1                                         LSS14110
      GO TO 60                                           LSS14120
C   FORWARD STURM CALCULATION                          LSS14130
10  NA = NEV                                           LSS14140
      X1 = XL                                           LSS14150
      JSTURM = 2                                         LSS14160
      GO TO 60                                           LSS14170
C   FORWARD STURM CALCULATION                          LSS14180

```

```

20 NEVT = NEV                                LSS14190
C                                              LSS14200
C      WRITE(6,30) M,EVAL,NEVT,EP1           LSS14210
30 FORMAT(/3X,'TSIZE',23X,'EV',9X/I8,E25.16/   LSS14220
1 I6,' = NUMBER OF T(1,M) EIGENVALUES ON TEST INTERVAL'/
1 E12.3,' = CONVERGENCE TOLERANCE'/)         LSS14230
C                                              LSS14240
C                                              LSS14250
C      IF (NEVT.NE.1) GO TO 120               LSS14260
C                                              LSS14270
C      BISECTION LOOP                         LSS14280
C      JSTURM = 3                             LSS14290
40 X1 = HALF*(XL+XU)                           LSS14300
X0 = XU-XL                                    LSS14310
EPT = EPSM*(DABS(XL) + DABS(XU)) + EP1        LSS14320
C      CONVERGENCE TEST                       LSS14330
C      IF (X0.LE.EPT) GO TO 100               LSS14340
C      GO TO 60                               LSS14350
C      FORWARD STURM CALCULATION              LSS14360
50 CONTINUE                                   LSS14370
C      IF(NEV.EQ.0) XU = X1                   LSS14380
C      IF(NEV.EQ.1) XL = X1                   LSS14390
C      GO TO 40                               LSS14400
C      NEV = NUMBER OF EIGENVALUES OF T(1,M) ON (X1,XU) LSS14410
C      THERE IS EXACTLY ONE EIGENVALUE OF T(1,M) ON (XL,XU) LSS14420
C                                              LSS14430
C      FORWARD STURM CALCULATION              LSS14440
60 NEV = -NA                                  LSS14450
YU = ONE                                      LSS14460
DO 90 I = 1,M                                LSS14470
C      IF (YU.NE.ZERO) GO TO 70               LSS14480
YV = BETA(I)/EPSM                             LSS14490
GO TO 80                                       LSS14500
70 YV = BETA(I)*BETA(I)/YU                    LSS14510
80 YU = X1 - YV                               LSS14520
C      IF (YU.GE.ZERO) GO TO 90               LSS14530
C      NEV = NEV+1                           LSS14540
90 CONTINUE                                   LSS14550
C      GO TO (10,20,50), JSTURM               LSS14560
C                                              LSS14570
100 CONTINUE                                  LSS14580
C                                              LSS14590
C      EVALN = X1                             LSS14600
C      EVD = DABS(EVALN-EVAL)                  LSS14610
C      WRITE(6,110) EVALN,EVAL,EVD            LSS14620
110 FORMAT(/20X,'EVALN',21X,'EVAL',6X,'CHANGE'/2E25.16,E12.3/) LSS14630
C                                              LSS14640
120 CONTINUE                                  LSS14650
C      RETURN                                  LSS14660
C-----END OF LBISEC-----LSS14670
C      END                                     LSS14680

```

6.7 LSVAL: LSVEC: File Definitions, Sample Input Files

Below is a listing of the input/output files which are accessed by the Lanczos program LSVAL for computing singular values of real rectangular matrices on user-specified intervals. Included also is a sample of the input file which LSVAL requires on file 5. The parameters in this file are supplied in free format. File 8 contains the data for the rectangular $m \times n$ matrix A .

Sample Specifications for Input/Output Files for LSVAL

```
-----
LSVAL EXEC FOR LANCZOS SINGULAR VALUE CALCULATIONS
FI 06 TERM
FILEDEF 1 DISK &1      NSHISTOR  A (RECFM F LRECL 80 BLOCK 80
FILEDEF 2 DISK &1      SVHISTOR  A (RECFM F LRECL 80 BLOCK 80
FILEDEF 3 DISK &1      GOODEV    A (RECFM F LRECL 80 BLOCK 80
FILEDEF 4 DISK &1      ERRINV    A (RECFM F LRECL 80 BLOCK 80
FILEDEF 5 DISK LSVAL    INPUT     A (RECFM F LRECL 80 BLOCK 80
FILEDEF 8 DISK &1      INPUT     A (RECFM F LRECL 80 BLOCK 80
FILEDEF 11 DISK &1     DISTINCT  A (RECFM F LRECL 80 BLOCK 80
LOAD  LSVAL  LSSUB  LSMULT
-----
```

Sample Input File for LSVAL

```
-----
LANCZOS SINGULAR VALUE PROCEDURE,
WITHOUT REORTHOGONALIZATION BUT WITH BIDIAGONALIZATION.
LINE 1      M      N      KMAX      NMEVS      MATNO
          100    100      300          1      2220
LINE 2      SVSEED      RHSEED      MXINIT      MXSTUR
          49302312    7549309          5      100000
LINE 3      ISTART      ISTOP
              0          1
LINE 4      IHIS      IDIST      IWRITE      IPAR
              1          0          1          2
LINE 5      RELTOL(RELATIVE TOLERANCE USED IN 'COMBINING' GOOD EVALS
          .0000000001
LINE 6      MB(1)      MB(2)      MB(3)      MB(4) (SIZE OF T(1,MEV) MUST BE EVEN)
          280
LINE 7      NINT      (NUMBER OF BISEC INTERVALS)
          1
LINE 8      LB(1)      LB(2)      LB(3)      LB(4) (LOWER BOUNDS INTERVALS)
          0.0
LINE 9      UB(1)      UB(2)      UB(3)      UB(4) (UPPER BOUNDS INTERVALS)
          1.0
-----
```

Below is a listing of the input/output files which are accessed by the Lanczos program for computing singular vectors, LSVEC. Included also is a sample of the input file which LSVEC requires on file 5. The parameters in this file are supplied in free format.

File 8 contains the data for the rectangular $m \times n$ matrix A . LSVEC computes singular vectors for each of a user-specified subset of the singular values computed by the companion program LSVAL.

Sample Specifications of the Input/Output Files for LSVEC

```
-----
LSVEC EXEC TO RUN LANCZOS SINGULAR VECTOR PROGRAM
FI 06 TERM
FILEDEF 2 DISK &1      SVHISTOR  A (RECFM F LRECL 80 BLOCK 80
FILEDEF 3 DISK &1      GOODSV    A (RECFM F LRECL 80 BLOCK 80
FILEDEF 4 DISK &1      ERRINV    A (RECFM F LRECL 80 BLOCK 80
FILEDEF 5 DISK LSVEC    INPUT     A (RECFM F LRECL 80 BLOCK 80
FILEDEF 8 DISK &1      INPUT     A (RECFM F LRECL 80 BLOCK 80
FILEDEF 9 DISK &1      ERREST    A (RECFM F LRECL 80 BLOCK 80
FILEDEF 10 DISK &1     BOUNDS    A (RECFM F LRECL 80 BLOCK 80
FILEDEF 11 DISK &1     TEIGVECS  A (RECFM F LRECL 80 BLOCK 80
FILEDEF 12 DISK &1     RITZVECS  A (RECFM F LRECL 80 BLOCK 80
FILEDEF 13 DISK &1     PAIGE     A (RECFM F LRECL 80 BLOCK 80
LOAD  LSVEC  LSSUB  LSMULT
-----
```

Sample Input File for LEVEC

```
-----
LSVEC SINGULAR VECTORS, NO REORTHOGONALIZATION BUT BIDIAGONALIZATION
LINE 1  MATNO      M      N
        100      100      80
LINE 2  MDIMTV     MDIMRV  MBETA (MAX.DIMENSIONS,TVEC,RITVEC AND BETA
        10000     10000    2000
LINE 3      RELTOL
        .0000000001
LINE 4  MBOUND     NTVCON  SVTVEC  IREAD (FLAGS
        0         1         0         1
LINE 5  TVSTOP     LVCONT  ERCONT  IWRITE (FLAGS
        0         1         1         1
LINE 6      RHSEED  (RANDOM GENERATOR SEED FOR STARTING VECTOR IN INVERM)
        45329517
-----
```

Chapter 7

Nondefective Complex Symmetric Matrices

7.1 Introduction

The FORTRAN codes in this chapter address the question of computing distinct eigenvalues and eigenvectors of a nondefective, complex symmetric matrix, using a single-vector Lanczos procedure. For a given nondefective, complex symmetric matrix A , these codes compute complex scalars λ and corresponding complex vectors $x \neq 0$ such that

$$Ax = \lambda x. \quad (7.1.1)$$

Definition 3 . *A complex $n \times n$ matrix $A \equiv (a_{ij})$, $1 \leq i, j \leq n$, is complex symmetric if and only if for every i and j , $a_{ij} = a_{ji}$. A complex symmetric matrix is nondefective if and only if it has a complete set of eigenvectors.*

It is straight-forward to show from Definition 3 that if $A = B + iC$, where A and B are real matrices and $i = \sqrt{-1}$, is a complex symmetric matrix then B and C are real symmetric matrices. It is also easy to prove that if λ and μ are two distinct eigenvalues of A and x and y are corresponding eigenvectors of A , then the Euclidean inner product applied to the complex vectors x and y satisfies

$$x^T y = 0. \quad (7.1.2)$$

In Eqn(7.1.2) the superscript T denotes transpose. Thus, although the eigenvectors of a complex symmetric matrix are not orthogonal with respect to the complex norm, $\|x\|_C^2 = \sum_{i=1}^n \overline{x(i)}x(i)$, they are real orthogonal in the sense specified in Eqn(7.1.2). Therefore, when we consider generalizing the Lanczos recursion to the complex symmetric case we are led to consider an 'inner product' which is a mixture of real and complex quantities. In fact the Euclidean inner product, which of course is not an inner product for complex vectors, is the natural 'inner product' to use in the complex symmetric case.

Complex symmetric matrices are not 'easy' like real symmetric matrices. They bear little resemblance to real symmetric matrices. Complex symmetric matrices need not have complete sets of eigenvectors. Even if a complete set of eigenvectors exists, eigenvectors corresponding to different eigenvalues are only real orthogonal in the sense of Eqn(7.1.2). If a small perturbation is applied to a complex symmetric matrix, then large perturbations in the eigenvalues may result. See Wilkinson [25] for a discussion of the properties of complex symmetric matrices.

The Lanczos recursion as presented in Eqns(1.2.1), (1.2.2) is only applicable to real symmetric matrices so we ask the question: How do we construct a complex symmetric version of the basic Lanczos recursion which will give us the desired eigenvalues? We have used what has been suggested elsewhere, Moro and Freed [16]. In particular, we use the recursion in Eqn(1.2.1) with the formulas for the scalars α_i and β_{i+1} given in Eqn(1.2.2), except that the quantities involved are now complex-valued, but the real Euclidean inner product is used. See Section 6.3 in Chapter 6 in Volume 1.

There are some fundamental differences between the amount of computation required by the complex symmetric codes versus that required by the real symmetric codes. First, all of the complex symmetric computations are done in double precision complex arithmetic. All the vectors used are complex vectors. Each of the Lanczos matrices generated is a complex symmetric tridiagonal matrix. Unfortunately, there is no simple analog of the bisection procedure used in the real symmetric case which would allow us to compute the eigenvalues of a given complex symmetric tridiagonal matrix on only some small portion of the spectrum. We are therefore forced to do a complete eigenvalue computation on each complex symmetric tridiagonal matrix which we consider. Actually in the complex symmetric case we are forced to do two complete eigenvalue computations for each Lanczos tridiagonal matrix which we consider. Two are required because the identification test for categorizing the eigenvalues of the Lanczos T -matrices into 'good' and 'spurious' ones uses the eigenvalues of the corresponding tridiagonal matrix obtained from the Lanczos T -matrix by crossing out the first row and column of that matrix. This is the same identification test as that used in the procedures for real symmetric problems. However, in the real symmetric cases this test is directly incorporated into the BISEC subroutine which is used to compute the eigenvalues of the Lanczos matrices, and the resulting cost of this test is negligible for those types of problems.

These codes can be used to compute either a very few or very many of the distinct eigenvalues of a nondefective, complex symmetric matrix. As the documentation in the next section indicates, the A-multiplicity of a given computed eigenvalue can be obtained only with additional computation, and the modifications required to do this additional computation are not included in these versions of the codes.

The Lanczos recursions used generate a family of complex symmetric, tridiagonal matrices. A real orthogonal analog of the EISPACK [23, 8] subroutine IMTQL1 which we call CMTQL1 was developed to compute the eigenvalues of the complex symmetric, tridiagonal Lanczos matrices generated. There is no reorthogonalization of the Lanczos vectors at any stage in any of the computations.

CSLEVAL, the main program for the complex symmetric eigenvalue computations, calls the subroutines COMPEV and CMTQL1 to compute the eigenvalues of the Lanczos T -matrices specified by the user. The eigenvalues of the related complex symmetric tridiagonal matrices obtained by deleting the first row and first column from the given Lanczos T -matrix are also computed. COMPEV then determines the T -multiplicities of the T -eigenvalues and sorts the computed T -eigenvalues into two classes, the 'good' T -eigenvalues and the 'spurious' T -eigenvalues. The 'good' T -eigenvalues are accepted as approximations to eigenvalues of the user-specified matrix A . The accuracy of these 'good' T -eigenvalues as eigenvalues of A is then estimated using error estimates computed by a complex version of the subroutine INVERR. Error estimates are computed only for isolated 'good' T -eigenvalues. All other 'good' T -eigenvalues are assumed to have converged. Convergence is then checked. If convergence has not yet occurred and a larger Lanczos matrix has been specified by the user, the program will continue on to the larger T -matrix, repeating the above procedure on this larger matrix.

Once the eigenvalues been computed accurately enough, the user can select a subset of the 'converged' eigenvalues for which eigenvectors are to be computed. The main program CSLEVEC, for computing eigenvectors of complex symmetric matrices, is then used to compute these desired eigenvectors.

As stated earlier, all computations are in double precision complex arithmetic. The user must supply a subroutine USPEC which defines and initializes the user-specified matrix A and a subroutine CMATV which computes matrix-vector multiplies Ax for any given vector x . These subroutines must be constructed

in such a way as to take advantage of the sparsity (and/or structure) of the user-supplied A-matrix and such that these computations are done accurately.

The user should note that the complex symmetric computations are considerably more expensive than the corresponding real symmetric ones. Two complete T -matrix eigenvalue computations must be done for each T -size. Moreover, the accuracy of these computations is noticeably less than that achievable in the real symmetric case. This is to be expected from the perturbation analysis for the complex symmetric case. Therefore we reduced the anticipated accuracy of the computed eigenvalues and used larger tolerances in our multiplicity and spuriousness tests. These larger tolerances decrease the resolution capabilities of these codes. However, these tolerances are realistic. Moreover, these complex symmetric codes cannot be expected to handle stiff problems effectively. More details about these complex symmetric, single-vector Lanczos procedures are included in Chapter 6 of Volume 1.

7.2 Documentation for the Codes in Chapter 7

```

C-----CSLEVALD-----
C
C      DOCUMENTATION FOR SINGLE-VECTOR
C      LANCZOS EIGENVALUE/EIGENVECTOR PROGRAMS FOR
C      NONDEFECTIVE COMPLEX SYMMETRIC MATRICES
C
C-----
C      REFERENCE:  Cullum and Willoughby, Chapter 6,
C      Lanczos Algorithms for Large Symmetric Eigenvalue Computations
C      VOL. 1 Theory. Republished as Volume 41 in SIAM CLASSICS in
C      Applied Mathematics, 2002. SIAM Publications,
C      Philadelphia, PA. USA
C
C-----
C  Authors:  Jane Cullum and Ralph A. Willoughby (Deceased)
C            Los Alamos National Laboratory
C            Los Alamos, New Mexico 87544
C
C            E-mail:  cullumj@lanl.gov
C
C  These codes are copyrighted by the authors.  These codes
C  and modifications of them or portions of them are NOT to be
C  incorporated into any commercial codes or used for any other
C  commercial purposes such as consulting for other companies,
C  without legal agreements with the authors of these Codes.
C  If these Codes or portions of them
C  are used in other scientific or engineering research works
C  the names of the authors of these codes and appropriate
C  references to their written work are to be incorporated in the
C  derivative works.
C
C  This header is not to be removed from these codes.
C
C      GIVEN A NONDEFECTIVE COMPLEX SYMMETRIC MATRIX A OF ORDER N
C      THE THREE SETS OF FORTRAN FILES LABELLED CSLEVAL, CSLESUB,
C      AND CSLEMULT CAN BE USED TO COMPUTE DISTINCT EIGENVALUES OF
C      A.  NOTE THAT THESE PROGRAMS DIFFER FROM THE REAL SYMMETRIC
C      AND HERMITIAN PROGRAMS IN THAT IT IS NOT POSSIBLE TO
C      COMPUTE THE EIGENVALUES OF THE LANCZOS TRIDIAGONAL MATRICES
C      ONLY IN SPECIFIED INTERVALS.  THUS, ON ANY GIVEN
C      ITERATION ALL OF THE EIGENVALUES OF THESE TRIDIAGONAL MATRICES
C      MUST BE COMPUTED.  IN FACT TWO COMPLETE TRIDIAGONAL EIGENVALUE
C      COMPUTATIONS ARE USED.
C
C      CORRESPONDING EIGENVECTORS FOR SELECTED, COMPUTED EIGENVALUES CAN
C      BE COMPUTED USING THE CORRESPONDING SETS OF FILES LABELLED
C      CSLEVEC, CSLESUB AND CSLEMULT.
C
C      THESE PROGRAMS ALL USE A GENERALIZATION OF LANCZOS
C      TRIDIAGONALIZATION TO COMPLEX SYMMETRIC MATRICES TO

```


C GENERATE COMPLEX SYMMETRIC TRIDIAGONAL MATRICES, T(1,MEV) CSL00520
 C OF ORDER MEV. NO REORTHOGONALIZATION IS USED. SUBSETS OF CSL00530
 C THE EIGENVALUES OF THESE T-MATRICES, LABELLED AS THE CSL00540
 C 'GOOD EIGENVALUES', YIELD APPROXIMATIONS TO THE DESIRED CSL00550
 C EIGENVALUES OF A. CORRESPONDING RITZ VECTORS ARE APPROXIMATIONS CSL00560
 C TO THE DESIRED EIGENVECTORS OF A. NOTE THAT IN THE DISCUSSION CSL00570
 C T(1,MEV) DENOTES THE LANCZOS MATRIX OF ORDER MEV AND T(2,MEV) CSL00580
 C DENOTES THE MATRIX OF SIZE MEV-1 OBTAINED FROM T(1,MEV) BY CSL00590
 C DELETING THE FIRST ROW AND COLUMN OF T(1,MEV). CSL00600
 C CSL00610
 C THE IDEAS USED IN THESE PROGRAMS ARE DISCUSSED IN THE FOLLOWING CSL00620
 C REFERENCES. CSL00630
 C CSL00640
 C 1. JANE CULLUM AND RALPH A. WILLOUGHBY, LANCZOS ALGORITHMS CSL00650
 C FOR LARGE SYMMETRIC MATRICES, PROGRESS IN CSL00660
 C SCIENTIFIC COMPUTING, EDITORS, G. GOLUB, H.O. KREISS, CSL00670
 C S. ARBARBANEL, AND R. GLOWINSKI, BIRKHAUSER BOSTON INC., CSL00680
 C CAMBRIDGE, MASSACHUSETTS, 1985. CSL00690
 C CSL00700
 C 2. JANE CULLUM AND RALPH A. WILLOUGHBY, COMPUTING EIGENVECTORS CSL00710
 C (AND EIGENVALUES) OF LARGE, SYMMETRIC MATRICES USING CSL00720
 C LANCZOS TRIDIAGONALIZATION, LECTURE NOTES IN MATHEMATICS, CSL00730
 C 773, NUMERICAL ANALYSIS PROCEEDINGS, DUNDEE 1979, EDITED BY CSL00740
 C G. A. WATSON, SPRINGER-VERLAG, (1980), BERLIN, PP.46-63. CSL00750
 C CSL00760
 C 3. IBID, LANCZOS AND THE COMPUTATION IN SPECIFIED INTERVALS OF CSL00770
 C THE SPECTRUM OF LARGE SPARSE, REAL SYMMETRIC MATRICES, SPARSE CSL00780
 C MATRIX PROCEEDINGS 1978, ED. I.S. DUFF AND G. W. STEWART, CSL00790
 C SIAM, PHILADELPHIA, PP.220-255, 1979. CSL00800
 C CSL00810
 C 4. IBID, COMPUTING EIGENVALUES OF VERY LARGE SYMMETRIC MATRICES- CSL00820
 C AN IMPLEMENTATION OF A LANCZOS ALGORITHM WITHOUT CSL00830
 C REORTHOGONALIZATION, J. COMPUT. PHYS. 44(1981), 329-358. CSL00840
 C CSL00850
 C 5. IBID, A LANCZOS ALGORITHM FOR NONDEFECTIVE COMPLEX SYMMETRIC CSL00860
 C MATRICES, IBM RESEARCH REPORT, 1984. CSL00870
 C CSL00880
 C-----PORTABILITY----- CSL00890
 C CSL00900
 C PROGRAMS WERE TESTED FOR PORTABILITY USING THE PFORT VERIFIER. CSL00910
 C FOR DETAILS OF THE VERIFIER SEE FOR EXAMPLE, B. G. RYDER AND CSL00920
 C A. D. HALL, 'THE PFORT VERIFIER', COMPUTING SCIENCE TECHNICAL CSL00930
 C REPORT 12, BELL LABORATORIES, MURRAY HILL, NEW JERSEY 07974, CSL00940
 C (REVISED), JANUARY 1981. CSL00950
 C CSL00960
 C PORTABILITY: CSL00970
 C THESE PROGRAMS ARE NOT PORTABLE DUE TO THE USE OF COMPLEX*16 CSL00980
 C VARIABLES AND CORRESPONDING COMPLEX FUNCTIONS. IN ADDITION, THE CSL00990
 C PFORT VERIFIER IDENTIFIED THE FOLLOWING NONPORTABLE CSL01000
 C CONSTRUCTIONS. CSL01010
 C IN CSLEVAL AND IN CSLEVEC CSL01020
 C 1. DATA/MACHEP STATEMENT CSL01030
 C 2. ALL READ(5,*) STATEMENTS (FREE FORMAT) CSL01040
 C 3. FORMAT(20A4) USED FOR THE EXPLANATORY HEADER ARRAY, EXPLANCSL01050
 C 4. HEXADECIMAL FORMAT (4Z20) FOR ALPHA/BETA FILES 1 AND 2. CSL01060

```

C      IN CSLEMULT                                CSL01070
C      1.  IN CMATV AND USPEC THE ENTRY THAT PASSES THE STORAGE    CSL01080
C           LOCATIONS OF THE ARRAYS DEFINING THE USER-SPECIFIED    CSL01090
C           MATRIX.                                                CSL01100
C      2.  IN SAMPLE USPEC PROVIDED : FREE FORMAT (8,*), THE        CSL01110
C           FORMAT (20A4), AND THE DATA/MACHEP STATEMENT.          CSL01120
C                                                                    CSL01130
C      IN THE COMMENTS BELOW :                                     CSL01140
C      REAL*16 = COMPLEX VARIABLE, 16 BYTES OF STORAGE              CSL01150
C      REAL*8  = REAL VARIABLE, 8 BYTES OF STORAGE                  CSL01160
C      REAL*4  = REAL VARIABLE, 4 BYTES OF STORAGE                  CSL01170
C      INTEGER*4 = INTEGER VARIABLE, 4 BYTES OF STORAGE             CSL01180
C                                                                    CSL01190
C-----A-MATRIX SPECIFICATION-----CSL01200
C                                                                    CSL01210
C      SUBROUTINE USPEC IS USED TO SPECIFY THE USER-SUPPLIED MATRIX. CSL01220
C      SUBROUTINE CMATV IS A CORRESPONDING MATRIX-VECTOR MULTIPLY   CSL01230
C      SUBROUTINE WHICH SHOULD BE DESIGNED TO TAKE ADVANTAGE OF      CSL01240
C      ANY SPECIAL PROPERTIES OF THE USER-SUPPLIED MATRIX.  THE     CSL01250
C      MATRIX-VECTOR MULTIPLIES REQUIRED BY THE LANCZOS PROCEDURES    CSL01260
C      MUST BE COMPUTED RAPIDLY AND ACCURATELY.                      CSL01270
C                                                                    CSL01280
C      SUBROUTINE USPEC HAS THE CALLING SEQUENCE                     CSL01290
C                                                                    CSL01300
C           CALL USPEC(N,MATNO)                                       CSL01310
C                                                                    CSL01320
C      WHERE N IS THE ORDER OF THE USER-SUPPLIED MATRIX A AND       CSL01330
C      MATNO IS A <= 8 DIGIT INTEGER USED AS A MATRIX AND           CSL01340
C      TEST IDENTIFICATION NUMBER.  THIS SUBROUTINE DEFINES (DIMENSIONS) CSL01350
C      THE ARRAYS REQUIRED TO SPECIFY THE USER-SUPPLIED MATRIX AND   CSL01360
C      INITIALIZES THESE ARRAYS AND ANY OTHER PARAMETERS NEEDED TO   CSL01370
C      DEFINE THE MATRIX.  THE STORAGE LOCATIONS OF THESE PARAMETERS  CSL01380
C      AND ARRAYS ARE THEN PASSED TO THE MATRIX-VECTOR MULTIPLY     CSL01390
C      SUBROUTINE CMATV VIA AN ENTRY.  A SAMPLE USPEC SUBROUTINE    CSL01400
C      IS INCLUDED.  THIS SAMPLE SUBROUTINE ASSUMES THAT THE MATRIX  CSL01410
C      IS STORED ON FILE 8 IN A TYPICAL SPARSE MATRIX FORMAT.        CSL01420
C      SEE THE HEADER ON THE SUBROUTINE USPEC FOR DETAILS ON THIS    CSL01430
C      PARTICULAR STORAGE FORMAT.                                    CSL01440
C                                                                    CSL01450
C      SUBROUTINE CMATV HAS THE CALLING SEQUENCE                     CSL01460
C                                                                    CSL01470
C           CALL CMATV(W,U,SUM)                                       CSL01480
C                                                                    CSL01490
C      IN THE COMPLEX SYMMETRIC CASE, U AND W ARE                   CSL01500
C      COMPLEX*16 VECTORS AND SUM IS A COMPLEX*16                    CSL01510
C      SCALAR.  CMATV CALCULATES  $U = A*W - SUM*U$  FOR THE          CSL01520
C      USER-SPECIFIED MATRIX A.  THE ARRAY AND PARAMETER INFORMATION CSL01530
C      NEEDED TO PERFORM THE MATRIX-VECTOR MULTIPLIES IS PASSED TO   CSL01540
C      THE CMATV SUBROUTINE FROM THE USPEC SUBROUTINE VIA THE CMATVE  CSL01550
C      ENTRY IN CMATV.  A SAMPLE CMATV SUBROUTINE IS INCLUDED WHICH  CSL01560
C      COMPUTES MATRIX-VECTOR MULTIPLIES FOR AN ARBITRARY SPARSE,    CSL01570
C      COMPLEX SYMMETRIC MATRIX STORED IN THE SPARSE FORMAT          CSL01580
C      SPECIFIED IN THE SAMPLE USPEC SUBROUTINE.                     CSL01590
C                                                                    CSL01600
C      CMATV IS CALLED FROM THE SUBROUTINE LANCZS WHICH GENERATES    CSL01610

```



```

C      CMATV = MATRIX-VECTOR MULTIPLY FOR USER-SUPPLIED MATRIX.          CSL02170
C      SEE A-MATRIX SPECIFICATION SECTION.                                CSL02180
C                                                                           CSL02190
C                                                                           CSL02200
C-----CSL02210
C                                                                           CSL02220
C      COMMENTS FOR EIGENVALUE COMPUTATIONS                               CSL02230
C                                                                           CSL02240
C-----CSL02250
C                                                                           CSL02260
C                                                                           CSL02270
C-----PARAMETER CONTROLS FOR EIGENVALUE PROGRAMS-----CSL02280
C                                                                           CSL02290
C      PARAMETER CONTROLS ARE INTRODUCED TO ALLOW SEGMENTATION OF THE     CSL02300
C      EIGENVALUE COMPUTATIONS AND TO ALLOW VARIOUS COMBINATIONS OF       CSL02310
C      READ/Writes.                                                       CSL02320
C                                                                           CSL02330
C      THE FLAG ISTART CONTROLS THE T-MATRIX (ALPHA/BETA HISTORY)         CSL02340
C      GENERATION.                                                         CSL02350
C                                                                           CSL02360
C      ISTART = (0,1) MEANS                                               CSL02370
C                                                                           CSL02380
C          (0) THERE IS NO EXISTING ALPHA/BETA HISTORY AND ONE            CSL02390
C          MUST BE GENERATED.                                             CSL02400
C                                                                           CSL02410
C          (1) THERE IS AN EXISTING ALPHA/BETA HISTORY AND IT IS          CSL02420
C          TO BE READ IN FROM FILE 2 AND EXTENDED IF NECESSARY.          CSL02430
C                                                                           CSL02440
C      THE FLAG ISTOP CAN BE USED IN CONJUNCTION WITH THE FLAG ISTART TO  CSL02450
C      ALLOW SEGMENTATION OF THE EIGENVALUE COMPUTATIONS.                 CSL02460
C                                                                           CSL02470
C      ISTOP = (0,1) MEANS                                               CSL02480
C                                                                           CSL02490
C          (0) PROGRAM COMPUTES ONLY THE REQUESTED ALPHAS/BETAS,          CSL02500
C          STORES THEM AND THE LAST 2 LANCZOS VECTORS GENERATED           CSL02510
C          IN FILE 1 AND THEN TERMINATES.                                 CSL02520
C                                                                           CSL02530
C          (1) PROGRAM COMPUTES REQUESTED ALPHAS/BETAS AND THEN           CSL02540
C          USES THE CMTQL1 SUBROUTINE TO CALCULATE EIGENVALUES             CSL02550
C          OF THE TRIDIAGONAL MATRICES GENERATED FOR THE ORDERS           CSL02560
C          SPECIFIED BY THE USER. PROGRAM THEN USES THE                  CSL02570
C          SUBROUTINE INVERR TO COMPUTE ERROR ESTIMATES FOR               CSL02580
C          THE ISOLATED GOOD T-EIGENVALUES WHICH ARE USED TO              CSL02590
C          CHECK THE CONVERGENCE OF THESE GOOD T-EIGENVALUES.             CSL02600
C                                                                           CSL02610
C      CONTROL PARAMETERS FOR WRITES                                       CSL02620
C                                                                           CSL02630
C      ITHIS = (0,1) MEANS                                               CSL02640
C                                                                           CSL02650
C          (0) IF ISTOP .GT. 0 THEN ALPHAS/BETAS ARE NOT SAVED           CSL02660
C          ON FILE 1.                                                      CSL02670
C                                                                           CSL02680
C          (1) PROGRAM WRITES ALPHAS/BETAS AND LAST 2 LANCZOS             CSL02690
C          VECTORS TO FILE 1 SO THAT THE T-MATRIX GENERATION              CSL02700
C          MAY BE REUSED OR CONTINUED LATER IF NECESSARY.                 CSL02710

```

```

C          TYPICALLY ONE WOULD ALWAYS DO THIS ON ANY RUN WHERE   CSL02720
C          A HISTORY FILE IS BEING GENERATED.  HISTORY MUST     CSL02730
C          BE SAVED IN MACHINE FORMAT ((4Z20) FOR IBM/3081)      CSL02740
C          SO THAT NO ERRORS ARE INTRODUCED DUE TO FORMAT        CSL02750
C          CONVERSIONS.                                          CSL02760
C                                                                CSL02770
C  IDIST = (0,1)  MEANS                                         CSL02780
C                                                                CSL02790
C          (0) DISTINCT EIGENVALUES OF T-MATRICES ARE NOT SAVED. CSL02800
C                                                                CSL02810
C          (1) PROGRAM WRITES COMPUTED DISTINCT EIGENVALUES OF   CSL02820
C          T-MATRICES ALONG WITH THEIR T-MULTIPLICITIES          CSL02830
C          TO FILE 11.                                           CSL02840
C                                                                CSL02850
C  IWRITE = (0,1)  MEANS                                         CSL02860
C                                                                CSL02870
C          (0) NO EXTENDED OUTPUT FROM SUBROUTINES COMPEV AND INVERRCSL02880
C          IS SENT TO FILE 6.                                     CSL02890
C                                                                CSL02900
C          (1) INDIVIDUAL COMPUTED EIGENVALUES AND CORRESPONDING  CSL02910
C          ERROR ESTIMATES FROM THE SUBROUTINES COMPEV AND        CSL02920
C          INVERR ARE PRINTED OUT TO FILE 6 AS THEY ARE COMPUTEDCSL02930
C                                                                CSL02940
C  SAVTEV = (-1,0,1)  MEANS                                       CSL02950
C                                                                CSL02960
C          (-1) NO T-EIGENVALUE COMPUTATIONS.  PREVIOUSLY-COMPUTED CSL02970
C          EIGENVALUES OF T(1,MEV) AND T(2,MEV) ARE TO           CSL02980
C          BE READ IN FROM FILE 10.                               CSL02990
C                                                                CSL03000
C          (0) COMPUTED EIGENVALUES OF T(1,MEV) AND OF T(2,MEV)  CSL03010
C          ARE NOT TO BE SAVED ON FILE 10.  THIS IS NOT           CSL03020
C          RECOMMENDED IF THE T-MATRICES BEING USED ARE VERY     CSL03030
C          LARGE BECAUSE IN THAT CASE THE TRIDIAGONAL            CSL03040
C          EIGENVALUE COMPUTATIONS ARE VERY EXPENSIVE.           CSL03050
C                                                                CSL03060
C          (1) COMPUTED EIGENVALUES OF T(1,MEV) AND OF T(2,MEV)  CSL03070
C          WILL BE SAVED ON FILE 10.  THIS IS RECOMMENDED         CSL03080
C          BECAUSE ONCE THESE T-EIGENVALUES ARE COMPUTED THE     CSL03090
C          LATTER PORTION OF THE EIGENVALUE PROGRAM IS EASILY     CSL03100
C          RESTARTED FROM THE POINT OF THESE EIGENVALUE          CSL03110
C          COMPUTATIONS.                                           CSL03120
C                                                                CSL03130
C  THE PROGRAM ALWAYS MAKES A SEPARATE LIST OF THE COMPUTED GOOD  CSL03140
C  T-EIGENVALUES ALONG WITH THEIR MINIMAL GAPS AND WRITES THEM OUT CSL03150
C  TO FILE 3.  CORRESPONDING ERROR ESTIMATES FOR ANY ISOLATED    CSL03160
C  GOOD T-EIGENVALUES ARE ALWAYS WRITTEN TO FILE 4.              CSL03170
C                                                                CSL03180
C                                                                CSL03190
C-----INPUT/OUTPUT FILES FOR EIGENVALUE PROGRAMS-----CSL03200
C                                                                CSL03210
C  ANY INPUT DATA OTHER THAN THE ALPHA/BETA HISTORY OR PREVIOUSLY- CSL03220
C  COMPUTED EIGENVALUES OF T(1,MEV) AND T(2,MEV) SHOULD BE STORED CSL03230
C  ON FILE 5.  SEE SAMPLE INPUT/OUTPUT FROM TYPICAL RUN.         CSL03240
C  THE READ STATEMENTS IN THE GIVEN FORTRAN PROGRAM ASSUME THAT  CSL03250
C  THE DATA STORED ON FILE 5 IS IN FREE FORMAT.  USER SHOULD NOTE CSL03260

```

```

C      THAT 'FREE FORMAT' IS NOT CLASSIFIED AS PORTABLE BY PFORT SO THAT CSL03270
C      THE USER MAY HAVE TO MODIFY THE READ STATEMENTS FROM FILE 5 TO   CSL03280
C      CONFORM TO WHAT IS PERMISSIBLE ON THE MACHINE BEING USED.         CSL03290
C                                                                           CSL03300
C      FILE 6 WAS USED AS THE INTERACTIVE TERMINAL OUTPUT FILE.          CSL03310
C      THIS FILE PROVIDES A RUNNING ACCOUNT OF THE PROGRESS OF THE        CSL03320
C      COMPUTATIONS. THE AMOUNT OF INFORMATION PRINTED OUT IS            CSL03330
C      CONTROLLED BY THE PARAMETER IWRITE.                                CSL03340
C                                                                           CSL03350
C DESCRIPTION OF OTHER I/O FILES                                         CSL03360
C                                                                           CSL03370
C FILE (K)      CONTAINS:                                                CSL03380
C                                                                           CSL03390
C      (1)      OUTPUT FILE:                                              CSL03400
C               HISTORY FILE OF NEWLY-GENERATED T-MATRIX (ALPHA AND      CSL03410
C               BETA VECTORS) AND LAST 2 LANCZOS VECTORS USED             CSL03420
C               IN THE T-MATRIX GENERATION.                               CSL03430
C               IF IHIS = 0 AND ISTOP = 1, FILE 1 IS NOT WRITTEN.         CSL03440
C                                                                           CSL03450
C      (2)      INPUT FILE:                                                CSL03460
C               SAME AS FILE 1 EXCEPT THAT IT CONTAINS A                CSL03470
C               PREVIOUSLY-GENERATED T-MATRIX (IF ANY). IF ISTART = 1,    CSL03480
C               PROGRAM ASSUMES THAT THERE IS A HISTORY FILE OF ALPHAS    CSL03490
C               AND BETAS ON FILE 2. THESE ALPHAS AND BETAS ARE           CSL03500
C               READ IN ALONG WITH THE LAST TWO LANCZOS VECTORS           CSL03510
C               USED IN THE T-MATRIX GENERATION.                          CSL03520
C                                                                           CSL03530
C      (3)      OUTPUT FILE:                                              CSL03540
C               COMPUTED GOOD EIGENVALUES OF THE T-MATRICES USED. ALSO    CSL03550
C               CONTAINS T-MULTIPLICITIES OF THESE EIGENVALUES AS         CSL03560
C               EIGENVALUES OF THE T-MATRIX, AND THEIR GAPS AS           CSL03570
C               EIGENVALUES IN THE A MATRIX AND IN THE T-MATRIX.         CSL03580
C               FILE 3 IS ALWAYS WRITTEN.                                  CSL03590
C                                                                           CSL03600
C      (4)      OUTPUT FILE:                                              CSL03610
C               ERROR ESTIMATES FOR THE ISOLATED GOOD T-EIGENVALUES WHICH CSL03620
C               ARE OBTAINED USING THE SUBROUTINE INVERR. THESE           CSL03630
C               ESITMATES USE THE LAST COMPONENTS OF THE ASSOCIATED       CSL03640
C               T-EIGENVECTORS WHICH ARE COMPUTED USING INVERSE          CSL03650
C               ITERATION. FILE 4 IS ALWAYS WRITTEN.                      CSL03660
C                                                                           CSL03670
C      (8)      INPUT FILE:                                                CSL03680
C               SAMPLE USPEC SUBROUTINE ASSUMES THAT THE ARRAYS           CSL03690
C               REQUIRED TO SPECIFY THE USER'S-MATRIX ARE STORED ON       CSL03700
C               FILE 8. USERS MUST MAKE WHATEVER DEFINITIONS ARE         CSL03710
C               APPROPRIATE FOR THEIR MATRICES.                           CSL03720
C                                                                           CSL03730
C      (10)     OUTPUT OR INPUT FILE DEPENDING UPON VALUE OF SAVTEV:     CSL03740
C               COMPUTED EIGENVALUES OF EACH T(1,MEV) FOLLOWED            CSL03750
C               BY THE COMPUTED EIGENVALUES OF THE CORRESPONDING          CSL03760
C               T(2,MEV).                                                  CSL03770
C                                                                           CSL03780
C      (11)     OUTPUT FILE:                                              CSL03790
C               COMPUTED DISTINCT EIGENVALUES OF T-MATRICES USED.        CSL03800
C               ALSO CONTAINS THEIR T-MULTIPLICITIES AND T-GAPS TO       CSL03810

```

```

C          NEAREST DISTINCT EIGENVALUES, AND THE T-MULTIPLICITY      CSL03820
C          PATTERN OF THE GOOD AND THE SPURIOUS T-EIGENVALUES.      CSL03830
C          FILE 11 IS WRITTEN ONLY IF IDIST = 1.                      CSL03840
C                                                                      CSL03850
C                                                                      CSL03860
C-----PARAMETERS SET BY THE EIGENVALUE PROGRAM-----CSL03870
C                                                                      CSL03880
C          THESE PARAMETERS ARE SET INTERNALLY IN THE PROGRAM        CSL03890
C                                                                      CSL03900
C          SCALEK      K = 1,2,3,4                                   CSL03910
C                                                                      CSL03920
C          THE SCALING FACTORS SCALEK HAVE BEEN INTRODUCED IN AN    CSL03930
C          ATTEMPT TO MAKE THE TOLERANCES USED IN THE               CSL03940
C          T-MULTIPLICITY, SPURIOUS, AND ISOLATION TESTS ADJUST     CSL03950
C          TO THE SCALE OF THE GIVEN MATRIX.  THESE FACTORS MUST    CSL03960
C          NOT BE MODIFIED.                                          CSL03970
C                                                                      CSL03980
C          BTOL = RELATIVE TOLERANCE USED TO ESTIMATE ANY LOSS OF    CSL03990
C          ORTHOGONALITY OF THE LANCZOS VECTORS AFTER THE T-MATRIX   CSL04000
C          HAS BEEN GENERATED.  THE LANCZOS PROCEDURE WORKS WELL    CSL04010
C          ONLY IF LOCAL ORTHOGONALITY BETWEEN SUCCESSIVE LANCZOS   CSL04020
C          VECTORS IS MAINTAINED.  THE TNORM SUBROUTINE TESTS       CSL04030
C          WHETHER OR NOT                                           CSL04040
C                                                                      CSL04050
C          MINIMUM  |BETA(I)|/||A|| > BTOL.                         CSL04060
C          I=2,KMAX                                                  CSL04070
C                                                                      CSL04080
C          IF THIS TEST IS VIOLATED BY SOME BETA AND A T-MATRIX    CSL04090
C          WOULD INCLUDE SUCH A BETA IS REQUESTED, THEN THE LANCZOS CSL04100
C          PROCEDURE WILL TERMINATE FOR THE USER TO DECIDE WHAT TO  CSL04110
C          DO.  THE USER CAN OVER-RIDE THIS TEST BY SIMPLY DECREASING CSL04120
C          THE SIZE OF BTOL, BUT THEN CONVERGENCE IS NOT AS CERTAIN. CSL04130
C          THE PROGRAM SETS BTOL = 1.D-8 WHICH IS A VERY CONSERVATIVE CSL04140
C          CHOICE.  THE || A || IS ESTIMATED BY USING               CSL04150
C          AN ESTIMATE OF THE NORM OF THE T-MATRIX, T(1,KMAX).      CSL04160
C                                                                      CSL04170
C          GAPTOL = RELATIVE TOLERANCE USED IN THE SUBROUTINE ISOEV  CSL04180
C          TO DETERMINE WHICH OF THE GOOD T-EIGENVALUES NEED        CSL04190
C          ERROR ESTIMATES.  THE PROGRAM SETS GAPTOL = 1.D-7.       CSL04200
C          IF FOR A GIVEN 'GOOD' T-EIGENVALUE THE COMPUTED GAP      CSL04210
C          IS TOO SMALL AND IS DUE TO A 'SPURIOUS' T-EIGENVALUE     CSL04220
C          THEN THE 'GOOD' T-EIGENVALUE IS ASSUMED TO HAVE CONVERGED CSL04230
C          AND NO ERROR ESTIMATES ARE COMPUTED.                     CSL04240
C                                                                      CSL04250
C-----USER-SPECIFIED PARAMETERS FOR EIGENVALUE PROGRAMS-----CSL04260
C                                                                      CSL04270
C          RELTOL = RELATIVE TOLERANCE USED IN 'COMBINING' COMPUTED  CSL04280
C          EIGENVALUES OF T(1,MEV) PRIOR TO COMPUTING ERROR         CSL04290
C          ESTIMATES.                                               CSL04300
C                                                                      CSL04310
C          THE LUMPING OF T-EIGENVALUES OCCURS IN SUBROUTINE LUMP.   CSL04320
C          LUMPING IS NECESSARY BECAUSE IT IS IMPOSSIBLE TO ACCURATELY CSL04330
C          PREDICT THE ACCURACY OF THE CMTQL1 SUBROUTINE.  LUMP 'COMBINES' CSL04340
C          T-EIGENVALUES THAT HAVE SLIPPED BY THE TOLERANCE THAT WAS USED CSL04350
C          IN THE T-MULTIPLICITY TESTS.  IN PARTICULAR IF FOR SOME J, CSL04360

```

```

C                                                                 CSL04370
C |EVALUE(J)-EVALUE(J-1)| < DMAX1(RELTOL*|EVALUE(J)|,SCALE2*MULTOL) CSL04380
C                                                                 CSL04390
C THEN THESE T-EIGENVALUES ARE 'COMBINED'. MULTOL IS THE TOLERANCE CSL04400
C THAT WAS USED IN THE T-MULTIPLICITY TEST IN COMPEV. SEE THE     CSL04410
C HEADER ON THE LUMP SUBROUTINE FOR MORE DETAILS.                 CSL04420
C                                                                 CSL04430
C THE RECOMMENDED VALUE OF RELTOL (ONLY IN THE COMPLEX SYMMETRIC  CSL04440
C CASE) IS 1.D-8 BECAUSE THE OBSERVED ACCURACY OF THE             CSL04450
C COMPUTED EIGENVALUES OF THE T-MATRICES IS SEVERAL DIGITS        CSL04460
C LESS THAN THAT OBSERVED IN THE REAL SYMMETRIC CASE.             CSL04470
C THUS, THE OBSERVED RESOLUTION OF THE COMPLEX SYMMETRIC          CSL04480
C VERSION IS LESS THAN THAT OBTAINABLE IN THE REAL SYMMETRIC CASE. CSL04490
C                                                                 CSL04500
C MXINIT = MAXIMUM NUMBER OF INVERSE ITERATIONS ALLOWED IN        CSL04510
C SUBROUTINE INVERR FOR EACH ISOLATED GOOD T-EIGENVALUE.          CSL04520
C TYPICALLY ONLY ONE ITERATION IS REQUIRED.                         CSL04530
C                                                                 CSL04540
C SEEDS FOR RANDOM NUMBER GENERATORS = INTEGER*4 SCALARS.         CSL04550
C                                                                 CSL04560
C (1) SVSEED = SEED FOR STARTING VECTOR USED IN                   CSL04570
C T-MATRIX GENERATION IN LANCZS SUBROUTINE                         CSL04580
C                                                                 CSL04590
C (2) RHSEED = SEED FOR RIGHT-HAND SIDE USED IN                   CSL04600
C INVERSE ITERATION COMPUTATIONS IN INVERR.                       CSL04610
C                                                                 CSL04620
C                                                                 CSL04630
C T-MATRICES                                                       CSL04640
C                                                                 CSL04650
C SIZES OF T-MATRICES                                              CSL04660
C                                                                 CSL04670
C (1) KMAX= MAXIMUM ORDER FOR T-MATRIX THAT USER IS WILLING     CSL04680
C TO CONSIDER.                                                     CSL04690
C                                                                 CSL04700
C (2) NMEVS = MAXIMUM NUMBER OF T-MATRICES THAT WILL BE          CSL04710
C CONSIDERED.                                                       CSL04720
C                                                                 CSL04730
C (3) NMEV(J) (J=1,NMEVS) = SIZES OF T-MATRIX TO BE             CSL04740
C CONSIDERED SEQUENTIALLY.                                         CSL04750
C                                                                 CSL04760
C T-MATRIX-GENERATION                                              CSL04770
C                                                                 CSL04780
C USER SHOULD NOTE THAT THIS PROGRAM FIRST COMPUTES A T-MATRIX   CSL04790
C OF ORDER KMAX AND THEN CYCLES THROUGH THE T-MATRICES SPECIFIED  CSL04800
C A PRIORI BY THE USER, USING THE SUBROUTINE CMTQL1 TO COMPUTE THE CSL04810
C EIGENVALUES OF THE T-MATRICES. THE EIGENVALUE COMPUTATION        CSL04820
C FOR THE COMPLEX SYMMETRIC CASE WILL BE                          CSL04830
C CONSIDERABLY MORE EXPENSIVE THAN FOR THE REAL SYMMETRIC OR      CSL04840
C HERMITIAN CASES BECAUSE WE DO NOT HAVE AN ANALOG OF             CSL04850
C THE BISECTION SUBROUTINE FOR THE COMPLEX SYMMETRIC CASE.        CSL04860
C THUS, ANY RECYCLING AND SUBSEQUENT ENLARGEMENT OF THE T-MATRIX  CSL04870
C REQUIRES THE RECOMPUTATION OF ALL OF THE EIGENVALUES OF          CSL04880
C THE RESULTING T-MATRIX. WE CANNOT GO IN AND COMPUTE ONLY THOSE  CSL04890
C T-EIGENVALUES ON SOME SUBINTERVAL OF THE SPECTRUM OF THE        CSL04900
C T-MATRIX AS WE DID IN THE REAL SYMMETRIC AND HERMITIAN CASES.   CSL04910

```



```

C      OF COURSE, IF THE T-MATRICES BEING CONSIDERED ARE NOT      CSL04920
C      VERY LARGE, THEN THIS IS NOT REALLY A PROBLEM.  HOWEVER, IF THEY  CSL04930
C      ARE VERY LARGE, THEN THE USER SHOULD PROBABLY DO ONE EIGENVALUE  CSL04940
C      COMPUTATION OF A LARGE T-MATRIX RATHER THAN START WITH          CSL04950
C      A SMALLER T-MATRIX AND WORK UP TO A BIG ONE.                    CSL04960
C                                                                      CSL04970
C-----CONVERGENCE TESTS FOR THE EIGENVALUE PROGRAMS-----CSL04980
C                                                                      CSL04990
C      THE CONVERGENCE TEST INCORPORATED IN THIS PROGRAM IS          CSL05000
C      BASED UPON THE ASSUMPTION THAT THOSE T-EIGENVALUES AND          CSL05010
C      THEIR ASSOCIATED T-EIGENVECTORS WHICH CORRESPOND TO THE          CSL05020
C      EIGENVALUES AND RITZVECTORS WHICH ARE TO BE COMPUTED            CSL05030
C      CONVERGE AS THE T-SIZE IS INCREASED.                           CSL05040
C                                                                      CSL05050
C-----ARRAYS REQUIRED BY THE EIGENVALUE PROGRAM-----CSL05060
C                                                                      CSL05070
C      ALPHA(J) = COMPLEX*16 ARRAY. ITS DIMENSION MUST BE AT LEAST      CSL05080
C      KMAX, THE LENGTH OF THE LARGEST T-MATRIX ALLOWED.              CSL05090
C      THIS ARRAY CONTAINS THE DIAGONAL ENTRIES OF THE                  CSL05100
C      T-MATRICES GENERATED.                                           CSL05110
C                                                                      CSL05120
C      BETA(J) = COMPLEX*16 ARRAY. ITS DIMENSION MUST BE AT LEAST      CSL05130
C      KMAX+1. THIS ARRAY CONTAINS THE SUBDIAGONAL ENTRIES OF          CSL05140
C      THE T-MATRICES.                                                  CSL05150
C                                                                      CSL05160
C      THE ALPHA AND BETA VECTORS ARE NOT ALTERED                      CSL05170
C      DURING THE CALCULATIONS.                                         CSL05180
C                                                                      CSL05190
C      V1(J),V2(J),VS(J) = COMPLEX*16 ARRAYS.  V1 AND V2               CSL05200
C      MUST BE OF DIMENSION AT LEAST MAX(KMAX,N).                      CSL05210
C      VS MUST BE OF DIMENSION AT LEAST KMAX.                           CSL05220
C                                                                      CSL05230
C      GR(J),GC(J) = REAL*8 ARRAYS. USED FOR RANDOM VECTOR GENERATION.  CSL05240
C      EACH MUST BE OF DIMENSION AT LEAST MAX(KMAX,N).                  CSL05250
C                                                                      CSL05260
C      EXPLAN(J) = REAL*4 ARRAY. ITS DIMENSION IS 20. THIS ARRAY IS    CSL05270
C      USED TO ALLOW EXPLANATORY COMMENTS IN THE INPUT FILES.          CSL05280
C                                                                      CSL05290
C      G(J),GG(J) = REAL*4 ARRAYS. G MUST BE OF DIMENSION AT LEAST      CSL05300
C      MAX(N,KMAX). GG MUST BE OF DIMENSION AT LEAST                    CSL05310
C      KMAX. G AND GG ARE USED IN RANDOM VECTOR GENERATIONS            CSL05320
C      AND TO STORE GAPS IN T-MATRIX, GAPS IN A-MATRIX,                CSL05330
C      AND ERROR ESTIMATES.                                             CSL05340
C                                                                      CSL05350
C      MP(J),MP2(J) = INTEGER*4 ARRAYS. EACH MUST HAVE DIMENSION       CSL05360
C      AT LEAST KMAX, THE MAXIMUM SIZE OF THE T-MATRICES.             CSL05370
C      MP CONTAINS THE T-MULTIPLICITIES OF THE COMPUTED                 CSL05380
C      T-EIGENVALUES. 'SPURIOUS' T-EIGENVALUES ARE DENOTED             CSL05390
C      BY A T-MULTIPLICITY OF 0. NOTE THAT WE DO NOT HAVE               CSL05400
C      AN ANALOG OF THE SUBROUTINE PRTEST FOR THE                       CSL05410
C      COMPLEX SYMMETRIC CASE, SO NO RELABELLING OF                    CSL05420
C      MP OCCURS. MP2 IS USED TO KEEP TRACK OF WHICH                   CSL05430
C      EIGENVALUES OF T(1,MEV) HAVE BEEN USED IN THE                   CSL05440
C      T-MULTIPLICITY TEST AND WHICH EIGENVALUES OF                     CSL05450
C      T(2,MEV) HAVE BEEN USED IN THE SPURIOUS TEST.                   CSL05460

```

C		CSL05470
C	NMEV(J) = INTEGER*4 ARRAY. ITS DIMENSION MUST BE AT LEAST THE	CSL05480
C	NUMBER OF T-MATRICES ALLOWED. IT CONTAINS THE ORDERS	CSL05490
C	OF THE T-MATRICES TO BE CONSIDERED.	CSL05500
C		CSL05510
C	OTHER ARRAYS	CSL05520
C		CSL05530
C	THE USER MUST SPECIFY IN THE SUBROUTINE USPEC WHATEVER ARRAYS	CSL05540
C	ARE REQUIRED TO DEFINE THE MATRIX BEING USED.	CSL05550
C		CSL05560
C		CSL05570
C	-----SUBROUTINES INCLUDED FOR EIGENVALUE COMPUTATIONS-----	CSL05580
C		CSL05590
C	LANCZS = COMPUTES THE ALPHA/BETA HISTORY. USES SUBROUTINES	CSL05600
C	CINPRD, INPRDC, GENRAN, AND CMATV.	CSL05610
C		CSL05620
C	COMPEV = CALLS CMTQL1 TO COMPUTE THE EIGENVALUES OF T(1,MEV)	CSL05630
C	AND OF T(2,MEV), THEN DETERMINES T-MULTIPLE AND	CSL05640
C	SPURIOUS T-EIGENVALUES.	CSL05650
C		CSL05660
C	COMGAP = COMPUTES MINIMAL GAPS BETWEEN T-EIGENVALUES	CSL05670
C	SUPPLIED.	CSL05680
C		CSL05690
C	CMTQL1 = COMPUTES EIGENVALUES OF THE SPECIFIED T-MATRIX USING	CSL05700
C	A REAL ORTHOGONAL ANALOG OF THE QL ALGORITHM IMTQL1	CSL05710
C	IN EISPACK.	CSL05720
C		CSL05730
C	INVERR = USES INVERSE ITERATION ON T-MATRICES TO COMPUTE ERROR	CSL05740
C	ESTIMATES ON COMPUTED T-EIGENVALUES. (USES GENRAN)	CSL05750
C		CSL05760
C	LUMP = 'COMBINES' EIGENVALUES OF T-MATRIX USING THE RELATIVE	CSL05770
C	TOLERANCE RELTOL.	CSL05780
C		CSL05790
C	ISOEV = CALCULATES GAPS BETWEEN DISTINCT EIGENVALUES OF T-MATRIX	CSL05800
C	AND THEN USES THESE GAPS TO LABEL THOSE 'GOOD'	CSL05810
C	T-EIGENVALUES FOR WHICH ERROR ESTIMATES ARE NOT COMPUTED.	CSL05820
C		CSL05830
C	TNORM = COMPUTES THE SCALE TKMAX USED IN CHECKING	CSL05840
C	FOR LOCAL ORTHOGONALITY OF THE LANCZOS VECTORS	CSL05850
C	BY TESTING THE RELATIVE SIZE OF THE BETAS USING	CSL05860
C	THE RELATIVE TOLERANCE BTOL.	CSL05870
C		CSL05880
C	CINPRD = COMPUTES THE HERMITIAN INNER PRODUCT OF TWO	CSL05890
C	COMPLEX*16 VECTORS, USED IN SUBROUTINE INVERR	CSL05900
C	AND IN THE MAIN PROGRAM.	CSL05910
C		CSL05920
C	INPRDC = COMPUTES THE EUCLIDEAN INNER PRODUCT OF TWO	CSL05930
C	COMPLEX*16 VECTORS. USED IN SUBROUTINE LANCZS.	CSL05940
C		CSL05950
C		CSL05960
C	-----OTHER PROGRAMS SUPPLIED-----	CSL05970
C		CSL05980
C		CSL05990
C	LCCOMPAC = PROGRAM TO TRANSLATE A SPARSE, COMPLEX SYMMETRIC	CSL06000
C	MATRIX GIVEN AS I, J, A(I,J), INTO THE SPARSE MATRIX	CSL06010

```

C          FORMAT USED IN THE SAMPLE USPEC AND CMATV SUBROUTINES  CSL06020
C          PROVIDED.  PROGRAM ASSUMES THAT THE MATRIX ENTRIES    CSL06030
C          ARE GIVEN EITHER COLUMN BY COLUMN OR ROW BY ROW.      CSL06040
C                                                                CSL06050
C                                                                CSL06060
C-----COMMENTS ON THE STORAGE REQUIRED FOR EIGENVALUE COMPUTATIONS-----CSL06070
C                                                                CSL06080
C    THE ARRAYS USED IN THIS EIGENVALUE PROGRAM USE THE EQUIVALENT OF  CSL06090
C    ONE REAL*8 ARRAY OF DIMENSION                                CSL06100
C                                                                CSL06110
C          8*KMAX + 4*MAX(KMAX,N)                                CSL06120
C                                                                CSL06130
C    PLUS WHATEVER IS NEEDED TO GENERATE A*X FOR THE GIVEN MATRIX A.  CSL06140
C    THE ARRAYS ALPHA, BETA, VS, G, GG, MP, AND MP2 CONSUME        CSL06150
C    8*KMAX*8 BYTES.  THE ARRAYS V1 AND V2 CONSUME                CSL06160
C    4*MAXIMUM(KMAX,N)*8 BYTES.                                  CSL06170
C                                                                CSL06180
C                                                                CSL06190
C-----CSL06200
C                                                                CSL06210
C    COMMENTS FOR EIGENVECTOR COMPUTATIONS                        CSL06220
C                                                                CSL06230
C-----CSL06240
C                                                                CSL06250
C                                                                CSL06260
C    THE EIGENVALUES WHOSE EIGENVECTORS ARE TO BE COMPUTED MUST    CSL06270
C    HAVE BEEN COMPUTED USING THE CORRESPONDING LANCZOS EIGENVALUE  CSL06280
C    FILES:  CSLEVAL + CSLESUB + CSLEMULT, FOR COMPLEX SYMMETRIC   CSL06290
C    MATRICES BECAUSE THE EIGENVECTOR PROGRAMS WILL USE THE SAME   CSL06300
C    FAMILY OF LANCZOS TRIDIAGONAL MATRICES AND LANCZOS VECTORS    CSL06310
C    THAT WAS USED IN THE EIGENVALUE COMPUTATIONS.                CSL06320
C                                                                CSL06330
C    THESE PROGRAMS ASSUME THAT THE EIGENVALUES SUPPLIED TO IT     CSL06340
C    HAVE BEEN COMPUTED ACCURATELY, AS MEASURED BY THE             CSL06350
C    ERROR ESTIMATES COMPUTED IN THE CORRESPONDING LANCZOS        CSL06360
C    EIGENVALUE COMPUTATIONS, ALTHOUGH THESE ESTIMATES ARE        CSL06370
C    TYPICALLY CONSERVATIVE.  THE EIGENVALUES OF INTEREST         CSL06380
C    ARE IN THE ARRAY GOODEV(J), J=1,NGOOD.                        CSL06390
C                                                                CSL06400
C    FOR EACH GOODEV(J), AN INITIAL ESTIMATE IS MADE OF AN        CSL06410
C    APPROPRIATE ORDER, MA(J), J=1,NGOOD, FOR A LANCZOS TRIDIAGONAL  CSL06420
C    FOR THE JTH EIGENVECTOR COMPUTATION.  THEN FOR EACH J,       CSL06430
C    SUBROUTINE INVERM SUCCESSIVELY COMPUTES CORRESPONDING        CSL06440
C    EIGENVECTORS OF ENLARGED T-MATRICES UNTIL A SUITABLE         CSL06450
C    SIZE T-MATRIX IS DETERMINED FOR EACH J.  UP TO 10 SUCH      CSL06460
C    EIGENVECTOR COMPUTATIONS ARE ALLOWED FOR EACH EIGENVALUE.    CSL06470
C                                                                CSL06480
C    ONCE SUITABLE T-EIGENVECTORS HAVE BEEN OBTAINED THEN THE     CSL06490
C    RITZ VECTOR CORRESPONDING TO THESE T-EIGENVECTORS ARE        CSL06500
C    COMPUTED AND TAKEN AS APPROXIMATE EIGENVECTORS OF A FOR THE  CSL06510
C    GIVEN EIGENVALUES, GOODEV(J), J = 1, ..., NGOOD.            CSL06520
C                                                                CSL06530
C    THIS IMPLEMENTATION FIRST COMPUTES ALL OF THE RELEVANT        CSL06540
C    EIGENVECTORS OF THE COMPLEX SYMMETRIC TRIDIAGONAL MATRICES  CSL06550
C    IN THE VECTOR, TVEC.                                          CSL06560

```

```

C
C THEN, AS EACH OF THE LANCZOS VECTORS IS REGENERATED, ALL
C OF THE RITZ VECTORS CORRESPONDING TO THESE
C T-EIGENVECTORS ARE UPDATED USING THE CURRENTLY-GENERATED
C LANCZOS VECTOR. LANCZOS VECTORS ARE GENERATED (NOTE
C THAT THEY ARE NOT BEING KEPT), UNTIL ENOUGH HAVE
C BEEN GENERATED TO MAP THE LONGEST T-EIGENVECTOR INTO ITS
C CORRESPONDING RITZ VECTOR. THE ARRAY RITVEC CONTAINS THE
C SUCCESSIVE RITZ VECTORS WHICH ARE THE APPROXIMATE
C EIGENVECTORS OF A.
C
C
C-----PARAMETER CONTROLS FOR EIGENVECTOR PROGRAMS-----
C
C
C PARAMETER CONTROLS ARE INTRODUCED TO ALLOW SEGMENTATION OF THE
C EIGENVECTOR COMPUTATIONS AND TO ALLOW VARIOUS COMBINATIONS OF
C READ/Writes.
C
C THE FLAG MBOUND ALLOWS THE USER TO DETERMINE A FIRST GUESS ON THE
C STORAGE THAT WILL BE REQUIRED BY THE T-EIGENVECTORS FOR THE
C EIGENVALUES WHOSE EIGENVECTORS ARE TO BE COMPUTED.
C THIS CAN BE USED TO ESTIMATE THE REQUIRED SIZE OF THE TVEC ARRAY.
C
C MBOUND = (0,1) MEANS
C
C      (0) PROGRAM COMPUTES FIRST GUESSES AT THE SIZES
C           OF THE T-MATRICES REQUIRED BY EACH OF THE
C           EIGENVALUES SUPPLIED AND THEN CONTINUES WITH
C           THE CORRESPONDING T-EIGENVECTOR COMPUTATIONS.
C
C      (1) PROGRAM COMPUTES FIRST GUESSES AT THE SIZES
C           OF THE T-MATRICES REQUIRED BY EACH OF THE
C           EIGENVALUES SUPPLIED, STORES THESE IN FILE 10
C           AND THEN TERMINATES. THE USER CAN USE THESE
C           SIZES TO ESTIMATE THE SIZE TVEC ARRAY NEEDED
C           FOR THE DESIRED T-EIGENVECTOR COMPUTATIONS.
C
C THE FLAGS NTVCON, TVSTOP, LVCONT, AND ERCONT CONTROL THE STOPPING
C CRITERIA FOR INTERMEDIATE POINTS IN THE LANCZOS PROCEDURE.
C THEY CAUSE TERMINATION OF THE LANCZOS PROCEDURE IF VARIOUS
C QUANTITIES CANNOT BE COMPUTED AS DESIRED.
C
C NTVCON = (0,1) MEANS
C
C      (0) IF THE ESTIMATED STORAGE FOR THE T-EIGENVECTORS
C           EXCEEDS THE USER-SPECIFIED DIMENSION OF THE
C           TVEC ARRAY PROGRAM DOES NOT CONTINUE WITH THE
C           T-EIGENVECTOR COMPUTATIONS. TERMINATION OCCURS.
C
C      (1) CONTINUE WITH THE T-EIGENVECTOR COMPUTATIONS
C           EVEN IF THE ESTIMATED STORAGE FOR TVEC EXCEEDS
C           THE USER-SPECIFIED DIMENSION OF THE TVEC ARRAY.
C           IN THIS SITUATION THE PROGRAM COMPUTES AS MANY
C           T-EIGENVECTORS AS IT HAS ROOM FOR, IN THE SAME

```

```

C          ORDER IN WHICH THE EIGENVALUES ARE PROVIDED.          CSL07120
C                                                                  CSL07130
C      SVTVEC = (0,1) MEANS                                       CSL07140
C                                                                  CSL07150
C          (0) DO NOT STORE THE COMPUTED T-EIGENVECTORS ON        CSL07160
C              FILE 11 UNLESS ALSO HAVE THE FLAG TVSTOP = 1,      CSL07170
C              IN WHICH CASE THE T-EIGENVECTORS ARE ALWAYS        CSL07180
C              WRITTEN TO FILE 11.                                CSL07190
C                                                                  CSL07200
C          (1) STORE THE COMPUTED T-EIGENVECTORS ON FILE 11.      CSL07210
C                                                                  CSL07220
C      TVSTOP = (0,1) MEANS                                       CSL07230
C                                                                  CSL07240
C          (0) ATTEMPT TO CONTINUE ON TO THE COMPUTATION          CSL07250
C              OF THE RITZVECTORS AFTER COMPLETING THE           CSL07260
C              COMPUTATION OF THE T-EIGENVECTORS.                 CSL07270
C                                                                  CSL07280
C          (1) TERMINATE AFTER COMPUTING THE                      CSL07290
C              T-EIGENVECTORS AND STORING THEM ON FILE 11.       CSL07300
C                                                                  CSL07310
C      LVCONT = (0,1) MEANS                                       CSL07320
C                                                                  CSL07330
C          (0) IF SOME OF THE T-EIGENVECTORS THAT WERE           CSL07340
C              REQUIRED WERE NOT COMPUTED, EXIT                    CSL07350
C              FROM THE PROGRAM WITHOUT COMPUTING THE             CSL07360
C              CORRESPONDING RITZ VECTORS.                         CSL07370
C                                                                  CSL07380
C          (1) CONTINUE ON TO THE RITZ VECTOR COMPUTATIONS        CSL07390
C              EVEN IF NOT ALL OF THE T-EIGENVECTORS THAT         CSL07400
C              WERE REQUESTED WERE COMPUTED.                      CSL07410
C                                                                  CSL07420
C      ERCONT = (0,1) MEANS                                       CSL07430
C                                                                  CSL07440
C          (0) PROGRAM WILL NOT COMPUTE THE RITZ                  CSL07450
C              VECTOR FOR ANY EIGENVALUE FOR WHICH NO            CSL07460
C              T-EIGENVECTOR WHICH SATISFIES THE ERROR ESTIMATE   CSL07470
C              TEST (ERTOL) HAS BEEN IDENTIFIED.                 CSL07480
C                                                                  CSL07490
C          (1) A RITZ VECTOR WILL BE COMPUTED FOR EVERY          CSL07500
C              EIGENVALUE FOR WHICH A T-EIGENVECTOR HAS BEEN     CSL07510
C              COMPUTED REGARDLESS OF WHETHER OR NOT THAT         CSL07520
C              T-EIGENVECTOR SATISFIED THE ERROR ESTIMATE TEST.   CSL07530
C                                                                  CSL07540
C                                                                  CSL07550
C-----INPUT/OUTPUT FILES FOR THE EIGENVECTOR COMPUTATIONS-----CSL07560
C                                                                  CSL07570
C                                                                  CSL07580
C      INPUT DATA OTHER THAN THE T-MATRIX HISTORY FILE AND THE   CSL07590
C      EIGENVALUES AND ERROR ESTIMATES SUPPLIED SHOULD BE STORED ON CSL07600
C      FILE 5 IN FREE FORMAT.  SEE SAMPLE INPUT/OUTPUT FOR TYPICAL CSL07610
C      INPUT/OUTPUT FILE.                                         CSL07620
C                                                                  CSL07630
C      FILE 6 WAS USED AS THE INTERACTIVE TERMINAL OUTPUT FILE.   CSL07640
C      THIS FILE PROVIDES A RUNNING ACCOUNT OF THE PROGRESS OF THE CSL07650
C      COMPUTATIONS.  ADDITIONAL PRINTOUT IS GENERATED WHEN      CSL07660

```

```

C      THE FLAG IWRITE = 1.                                CSL07670
C                                                            CSL07680
C                                                            CSL07690
C DESCRIPTION OF OTHER I/O FILES                            CSL07700
C                                                            CSL07710
C FILE (K)          CONTAINS:                               CSL07720
C                                                            CSL07730
C      (2)          INPUT FILE:                             CSL07740
C                   PREVIOUSLY-GENERATED T-MATRICES (ALPHA/BETA ARRAYS) CSL07750
C                   AND THE FINAL TWO LANCZOS VECTORS USED ON THAT  CSL07760
C                   COMPUTATION. THIS PROGRAM ALLOWS ENLARGEMENT  CSL07770
C                   OF ANY T-MATRICES PROVIDED ON FILE 2.         CSL07780
C                                                            CSL07790
C      (3)          INPUT FILE:                             CSL07800
C                   THE GOOD EIGENVALUES OF THE T-MATRIX T(1,MEV)  CSL07810
C                   FOR WHICH EIGENVECTORS ARE REQUESTED.        CSL07820
C                   FILE 3 ALSO CONTAINS THE T-MULTIPLICITIES OF THESE CSL07830
C                   EIGENVALUES AND THEIR COMPUTED GAPS IN THE    CSL07840
C                   T-MATRICES AND IN THE USER-SUPPLIED MATRIX. THIS CSL07850
C                   FILE IS CREATED IN THE LANCZOS EIGENVALUE COMPUTATIONS. CSL07860
C                                                            CSL07870
C      (4)          INPUT FILE:                             CSL07880
C                   ERROR ESTIMATES FOR THE ISOLATED GOOD T-EIGENVALUES CSL07890
C                   IN FILE 3. THIS FILE IS CREATED DURING THE LANCZOS CSL07900
C                   EIGENVALUE COMPUTATIONS.                      CSL07910
C                                                            CSL07920
C      (8)          INPUT FILE:                             CSL07930
C                   SAMPLE USPEC SUBROUTINE ASSUMES THAT THE ARRAYS CSL07940
C                   REQUIRED TO SPECIFY THE USER'S-MATRIX ARE STORED ON CSL07950
C                   FILE 8. USERS MUST MAKE WHATEVER DEFINITIONS ARE CSL07960
C                   APPROPRIATE FOR THEIR MATRICES.              CSL07970
C                                                            CSL07980
C      (9)          OUTPUT FILE:                             CSL07990
C                   ERROR ESTIMATES FOR THE COMPUTED RITZ VECTORS CONSIDERED CSL08000
C                   AS EIGENVECTORS OF THE ORIGINAL MATRIX. THESE ESTIMATES CSL08010
C                   ARE OF THE FORM                               CSL08020
C                   AERROR = || A*RITVEC - EVAL*RITVEC ||         CSL08030
C                   WHERE A DENOTES THE USER-SUPPLIED MATRIX, EVAL DENOTES CSL08040
C                   THE EIGENVALUE BEING CONSIDERED AND RITVEC DENOTES CSL08050
C                   THE COMPUTED RITZ VECTOR.                    CSL08060
C                                                            CSL08070
C      (10)         OUTPUT FILE:                             CSL08080
C                   GUESSES AT APPROPRIATE SIZE T-MATRICES FOR THE  CSL08090
C                   T-EIGENVECTORS FOR EACH SUPPLIED EIGENVALUE GOODEV(J). CSL08100
C                                                            CSL08110
C      (11)         OUTPUT FILE:                             CSL08120
C                   COMPUTED T-EIGENVECTORS CORRESPONDING TO EIGENVALUES CSL08130
C                   IN THE GOODEV ARRAY. NOTE THAT IT IS POSSIBLE IN  CSL08140
C                   CERTAIN SITUATIONS THAT FOR SOME EIGENVALUES IN THE  CSL08150
C                   GOODEV ARRAY A T-EIGENVECTOR WILL NOT BE COMPUTED.  CSL08160
C                   (WRITTEN ONLY IF FLAG SVTVEC = 1).           CSL08170
C                                                            CSL08180
C      (12)         OUTPUT FILE:                             CSL08190
C                   CONTAINS COMPUTED RITZ VECTORS CORRESPONDING TO  CSL08200
C                   THE T-EIGENVECTORS ON FILE 11. NOTE THAT IN     CSL08210

```

C	SOME SITUATIONS THAT FOR SOME EIGENVALUES IN	CSL08220
C	THE GOODEV ARRAY FOR WHICH T-EIGENVECTORS HAVE	CSL08230
C	BEEN COMPUTED NO RITZ VECTOR WILL HAVE BEEN	CSL08240
C	COMPUTED.	CSL08250
C		CSL08260
C	(13) OUTPUT FILE:	CSL08270
C	ADDITIONAL INFORMATION ABOUT THE BOUNDS AND ERROR	CSL08280
C	ESTIMATES OBTAINED.	CSL08290
C		CSL08300
C		CSL08310
C	-----SEEDS FOR EIGENVECTOR PROGRAMS-----	CSL08320
C		CSL08330
C	SEEDS FOR RANDOM NUMBER GENERATOR GENRAN	CSL08340
C	(1) SVSEED = INTEGER*4 SCALAR USED IN THE SUBROUTINE	CSL08350
C	GENRAN TO GENERATE THE STARTING VECTOR FOR	CSL08360
C	THE REGENERATION OF THE LANCZOS VECTORS.	CSL08370
C		CSL08380
C	(2) RHSEED = INTEGER*4 SCALAR USED IN THE SUBROUTINE	CSL08390
C	GENRAN TO GENERATE A RANDOM VECTOR FOR	CSL08400
C	USE IN SUBROUTINE INVERM.	CSL08410
C		CSL08420
C	USER SHOULD NOTE THAT SVSEED MUST BE THE SAME SEED THAT	CSL08430
C	WAS USED TO GENERATE THE T-MATRICES THAT WERE USED TO	CSL08440
C	COMPUTE THE EIGENVALUES WHOSE EIGENVECTORS ARE TO BE COMPUTED.	CSL08450
C	SVSEED IS READ IN FROM FILE 3.	CSL08460
C		CSL08470
C		CSL08480
C	-----USER-SPECIFIED PARAMETERS FOR THE EIGENVECTOR PROGRAMS-----	CSL08490
C		CSL08500
C	NGOOD = NUMBER OF EIGENVALUES READ INTO THE GOODEV ARRAY	CSL08510
C	READ FROM FILE 3.	CSL08520
C		CSL08530
C	N = SIZE OF THE USER-SUPPLIED MATRIX.	CSL08540
C		CSL08550
C	MEV = SIZE OF THE T-MATRIX THAT WAS USED TO COMPUTE	CSL08560
C	THE EIGENVALUES WHOSE EIGENVECTORS ARE REQUESTED.	CSL08570
C	MEV IS READ IN FROM FILE 3.	CSL08580
C		CSL08590
C	KMAX = SIZE OF THE T-MATRIX PROVIDED ON FILE 2.	CSL08600
C		CSL08610
C	MDIMTV = MAXIMUM CUMULATIVE SIZE OF THE TVEC ARRAY ALLOWED	CSL08620
C	FOR ALL OF THE T-EIGENVECTORS REQUIRED. MDIMTV	CSL08630
C	MUST NOT EXCEED THE USER-SPECIFIED DIMENSION OF	CSL08640
C	THE TVEC ARRAY. PROGRAM CAN BE RUN WITH THE FLAG	CSL08650
C	MBOUND = 1 TO DETERMINE AN EDUCATED GUESS ON AN	CSL08660
C	APPROPRIATE DIMENSION FOR THE TVEC ARRAY.	CSL08670
C		CSL08680
C	MDIMRV = MAXIMUM CUMULATIVE SIZE OF THE RITVEC ARRAY ALLOWED	CSL08690
C	FOR ALL OF THE RITZ VECTORS TO BE COMPUTED. MDIMRV	CSL08700
C	MUST NOT EXCEED THE USER-SPECIFIED DIMENSION OF	CSL08710
C	THE RITVEC ARRAY. MUST BE SELECTED SO THAT	CSL08720
C	THERE IS ENOUGH ROOM FOR A RITZ VECTOR FOR EVERY	CSL08730
C	GOODEV(J) READ INTO PROGRAM. (>= NGOOD*N)	CSL08740
C		CSL08750
C		CSL08760

```

C-----ARRAYS REQUIRED BY THE EIGENVECTOR PROGRAMS-----CSL08770
C                                                         CSL08780
C                                                         CSL08790
C   ALPHA(J) = COMPLEX*16 ARRAY WHOSE DIMENSION MUST BE AT LEAST   CSL08800
C                   KMAXN, THE LARGEST SIZE T-MATRIX CONSIDERED BY   CSL08810
C                   THE PROGRAM. NOTE THAT KMAXN IS THE LARGER OF   CSL08820
C                   THE SIZE OF THE ALPHA, BETA HISTORY PROVIDED     CSL08830
C                   ON FILE 2 (IF ANY ) AND THE SIZE WHICH THE PROGRAM CSL08840
C                   SPECIFIES INTERNALLY, THIS LATTER IS ALWAYS      CSL08850
C                   < = 11*MEV / 8  + 12, WHERE MEV IS THE SIZE     CSL08860
C                   T-MATRIX THAT WAS USED IN THE CORRESPONDING EIGENVALUE CSL08870
C                   COMPUTATIONS. ALPHA CONTAINS THE DIAGONAL ENTRIES CSL08880
C                   OF THE LANCZOS T-MATRICES. ALPHA IS NOT DESTROYED CSL08890
C                   IN THE COMPUTATIONS.                             CSL08900
C                                                         CSL08910
C   BETA(J) = COMPLEX*16 ARRAY WHOSE DIMENSION MUST BE AT LEAST 1   CSL08920
C                   MORE THAN THAT OF ALPHA. DIMENSION COMMENTS ABOVE CSL08930
C                   ABOUT ALPHA APPLY ALSO TO THE BETA ARRAY. BETA   CSL08940
C                   CONTAINS THE SUBDIAGONAL ENTRIES OF THE T-MATRICES. CSL08950
C                   BETA IS NOT DESTROYED IN THE COMPUTATIONS.      CSL08960
C                                                         CSL08970
C   RITVEC(J) = COMPLEX*16 ARRAY WHOSE DIMENSION MUST BE AT LEAST   CSL08980
C                   NGOOD*N WHERE N IS THE ORDER OF THE USER-SUPPLIED CSL08990
C                   MATRIX AND NGOOD IS THE NUMBER OF EIGENVALUES    CSL09000
C                   WHOSE EIGENVECTORS ARE TO BE COMPUTED. IT CONTAINS CSL09010
C                   THE COMPUTED RITZ VECTORS (THE APPROXIMATE       CSL09020
C                   EIGENVECTORS OF A). THESE VECTORS ARE STORED     CSL09030
C                   ON FILE 12.                                     CSL09040
C                                                         CSL09050
C   TVEC(J)  = COMPLEX*16 ARRAY WHOSE DIMENSION MUST BE AT LEAST   CSL09060
C                   MTOL = |MA(1)| + |MA(2)| + ... + |MA(NGOOD)|     CSL09070
C                   WHERE NGOOD IS THE NUMBER OF EIGENVALUES BEING   CSL09080
C                   CONSIDERED AND |MA(J)| IS THE SIZE OF THE       CSL09090
C                   T-MATRIX BEING USED IN THE RITZ VECTOR COMPUTATIONS CSL09100
C                   FOR GOODEV(J). THESE SIZES ARE DETERMINED BY THE CSL09110
C                   PROGRAM. AN ESTIMATE OF MTOL CAN BE OBTAINED BY  CSL09120
C                   SETTING MBOUND = 1, RUNNING THE PROGRAM, AND    CSL09130
C                   MULTIPLYING THE RESULTING TOTAL T-SIZES BY 5/4.  CSL09140
C                   THE ARRAY TVEC IS USED TO HOLD THE COMPUTED     CSL09150
C                   T-EIGENVECTORS. IF THE FLAG SVTVEC = 1 OR THE    CSL09160
C                   FLAG TVSTOP = 1, THESE VECTORS ARE SAVED ON FILE 11. CSL09170
C                                                         CSL09180
C   V1(J)    = COMPLEX*16 ARRAY WHOSE DIMENSION MUST BE AT LEAST   CSL09190
C                   MAX(KMAX,N) WHERE KMAX IS THE                   CSL09200
C                   LARGEST SIZE T-MATRIX THAT CAN BE CONSIDERED    CSL09210
C                   IN THE T-EIGENVECTOR COMPUTATIONS. V1 IS USED   CSL09220
C                   IN THE SUBROUTINE INVERM AND IN THE REGENERATION  CSL09230
C                   OF THE LANCZOS VECTORS.                          CSL09240
C                                                         CSL09250
C   V2(J)    = COMPLEX*16 ARRAY WHOSE DIMENSION MUST BE AT LEAST   CSL09260
C                   MAX(KMAX,N). IT IS USED IN THE REGENERATION OF  CSL09270
C                   THE LANCZOS VECTORS AND IN THE SUBROUTINE INVERM. CSL09280
C                                                         CSL09290
C   GOODEV(J) = COMPLEX*16 ARRAY OF DIMENSION AT LEAST NGOOD.      CSL09300
C                   CONTAINS THE EIGENVALUES FOR WHICH EIGENVECTORS  CSL09310

```



```

C          ARE REQUESTED. THESE EIGENVALUES ARE READ IN          CSL09320
C          FROM FILE 3.                                          CSL09330
C                                                                CSL09340
C  GR(J),GC(J)      = REAL*8 ARRAYS WHOSE DIMENSION MUST BE AT  CSL09350
C                    LEAST MAX(N,KMAX). USED TO HOLD RANDOMLY-   CSL09360
C                    GENERATED STARTING VECTORS FOR LANCZS       CSL09370
C                    COMPUTATIONS AND FOR THE INVERM SUBROUTINE. CSL09380
C                                                                CSL09390
C  AMINGP(J), = REAL*4 ARRAYS OF DIMENSION AT LEAST NGOOD.      CSL09400
C  TMINGP(J)   CONTAIN, RESPECTIVELY, THE MINIMAL GAPS FOR      CSL09410
C              CORRESPONDING EIGENVALUES IN GOODEV ARRAY IN     CSL09420
C              A-MATRIX AND IN T-MATRIX.                        CSL09430
C                                                                CSL09440
C  TERR(J), ERR(J),   = REAL*4 ARRAYS (EXCEPT TLAST WHICH IS  CSL09450
C  ERRDGP(J), TLAST(J) REAL*8) EACH OF WHOSE DIMENSIONS MUST BE CSL09460
C  RNORM(J), TBETA(J) AT LEAST NGOOD. USED TO STORE QUANTITIES  CSL09470
C                    GENERATED DURING THE COMPUTATIONS FOR     CSL09480
C                    LATER PRINTOUT.                             CSL09490
C                                                                CSL09500
C  G(J)          = REAL*4 ARRAY WHOSE DIMENSION MUST BE AT LEAST CSL09510
C                MAX(KMAX,N). USED IN SUBROUTINE GENRAN TO HOLD  CSL09520
C                RANDOM NUMBERS NEEDED FOR THE LANCZOS VECTORS  CSL09530
C                REGENERATION AND FOR THE INVERSE ITERATION    CSL09540
C                COMPUTATIONS IN THE SUBROUTINE INVERM.         CSL09550
C                                                                CSL09560
C  MP(J) = INTEGER*4 ARRAY WHOSE DIMENSION IS AT LEAST NGOOD.   CSL09570
C          INITIALLY CONTAINS THE T-MULTIPLICITY OF THE EIGENVALUE CSL09580
C          GOODEV(J) AS AN EIGENVALUE OF THE T-MATRIX T(1,MEV).  CSL09590
C          USED TO FLAG EIGENVALUES FOR WHICH NO T-EIGENVECTOR  CSL09600
C          OR NO RITZ VECTOR IS TO BE COMPUTED.                 CSL09610
C                                                                CSL09620
C  MA(J) = INTEGER*4 ARRAYS EACH OF WHOSE DIMENSIONS            CSL09630
C          IS AT LEAST NGOOD. USED IN DETERMINING               CSL09640
C          AN APPROPRIATE T-MATRIX FOR EACH EIGENVALUE          CSL09650
C          IN GOODEV ARRAY.                                      CSL09660
C                                                                CSL09670
C  MINT(J),MFIN(J) = INTEGER*4 ARRAYS WHOSE DIMENSIONS MUST BE AT CSL09680
C                  LEAST NGOOD. USED TO POINT TO THE BEGINNINGS  CSL09690
C                  AND THE ENDS OF THE COMPUTED EIGENVECTOR     CSL09700
C                  OF THE T-MATRIX, T(1,|MA(J)|).                CSL09710
C                                                                CSL09720
C  IDELTA(J) = INTEGER*4 ARRAY WHOSE DIMENSION MUST BE AT      CSL09730
C              LEAST NGOOD. CONTAINS INCREMENTS USED IN LOOPS   CSL09740
C              ON APPROPRIATE SIZE T-MATRIX FOR THE T-EIGENVECTOR CSL09750
C              COMPUTATIONS.                                     CSL09760
C                                                                CSL09770
C                                                                CSL09780
C  INTERC(J) = INTEGER*4 ARRAY WHOSE DIMENSION MUST BE AT      CSL09790
C              LEAST KMAX. WORK SPACE USED IN INVERM.           CSL09800
C                                                                CSL09810
C-----SUBROUTINES INCLUDED FOR THE EIGENVECTOR COMPUTATIONS----- CSL09820
C                                                                CSL09830
C                                                                CSL09840
C  INVERM = FOR THE T-SIZES CONSIDERED BY THE PROGRAM COMPUTES  CSL09850
C          THE CORRESPONDING EIGENVECTORS OF THESE T-MATRICES  CSL09860

```

C	CORRESPONDING TO THE USER-SUPPLIED EIGENVALUES IN	CSL09870
C	THE GOODEV ARRAY.	CSL09880
C		CSL09890
C	LANCZS, TNORM , CINPRD, INPRDC, CMATV AND GENRAN ARE USED	CSL09900
C	HERE AS WELL AS IN THE EIGENVALUE COMPUTATIONS.	CSL09910
C		CSL09920
C		CSL09930
C	-----	CSL09940

7.3 CSLEVAL: Main Program, Eigenvalue Computations

```

C-----CSLEVAL (EIGENVALUES OF COMPLEX SYMMETRIC MATRICES)-----CSL00010
C  Authors:  Jane Cullum and Ralph A. Willoughby (Deceased)          CSL00020
C              Los Alamos National Laboratory                        CSL00030
C              Los Alamos, New Mexico 87544                        CSL00040
C                                                                    CSL00050
C              E-mail:  cullumj@lanl.gov                            CSL00060
C                                                                    CSL00070
C  These codes are copyrighted by the authors.  These codes        CSL00080
C  and modifications of them or portions of them are NOT to be     CSL00090
C  incorporated into any commercial codes or used for any other    CSL00100
C  commercial purposes such as consulting for other companies,     CSL00110
C  without legal agreements with the authors of these Codes.      CSL00120
C  If these Codes or portions of them                             CSL00130
C  are used in other scientific or engineering research works      CSL00140
C  the names of the authors of these codes and appropriate        CSL00150
C  references to their written work are to be incorporated in the  CSL00160
C  derivative works.                                              CSL00170
C                                                                    CSL00180
C  This header is not to be removed from these codes.             CSL00190
C                                                                    CSL00200
C      REFERENCE:  Cullum and Willoughby, Chapter 6,               CSL00201
C      Lanczos Algorithms for Large Symmetric Eigenvalue Computations CSL00202
C      VOL. 1 Theory. Republished as Volume 41 in SIAM CLASSICS in  CSL00203
C      Applied Mathematics, 2002. SIAM Publications,              CSL00204
C      Philadelphia, PA. USA                                       CSL00205
C                                                                    CSL00206
C                                                                    CSL00207
C  CONTAINS MAIN PROGRAM FOR COMPUTING DISTINCT EIGENVALUES OF    CSL00210
C  A NONDEFECTIVE COMPLEX SYMMETRIC MATRIX USING LANCZOS          CSL00220
C  TRIDIAGONALIZATION WITHOUT REORTHOGONALIZATION                CSL00230
C                                                                    CSL00240
C  PORTABILITY:                                                    CSL00250
C  THESE PROGRAMS ARE NOT PORTABLE DUE TO THE USE OF COMPLEX*16   CSL00260
C  VARIABLES AND CORRESPONDING COMPLEX FUNCTIONS SUCH AS DCMPLX   CSL00270
C  AND CDABS.  FURTHERMORE, OTHER NONPORTABLE CONSTRUCTIONS      CSL00280
C  IDENTIFIED BY THE PFORT VERIFIER ARE THE FOLLOWING:            CSL00290
C                                                                    CSL00300
C  1.  DATA/MACHEP/ STATEMENT THAT DEFINES MACHINE EPSILON      CSL00310
C  2.  ALL READ(5,*) INPUT STATEMENTS IN FREE FORMAT              CSL00320
C  3.  FORMAT(20A4) USED WITH EXPLANATORY HEADER EXPLAN.         CSL00330
C  4.  HEXADECIMAL FORMAT (4Z20) USED WITH ALPHA/BETA FILES 1 AND 2. CSL00340
C                                                                    CSL00350
C-----CSL00360
C                                                                    CSL00370
C  COMPLEX*16  ALPHA(3000),BETA(3000),VS(3000)                   CSL00380
C  COMPLEX*16  V1(3000),V2(3000),ZEROC,BETAM,Z                   CSL00390
C  DOUBLE PRECISION  GR(3000),GC(3000)                           CSL00400
C  DOUBLE PRECISION  BTOL,GAPTOL,TTOL,MACHEP,EPSM,RELTOL         CSL00410
C  DOUBLE PRECISION  SCALE1,SCALE2,SPUTOL,CONTOL,MULTOL,EVMAX     CSL00420
C  DOUBLE PRECISION  ONE,ZERO,TEMP,TKMAX,BKMIN,TO,T1             CSL00430
C  REAL  G(3000),GG(3000),EXPLAN(20),GTEMP                       CSL00440

```

INTEGER	MP(3000),MP2(3000),NMEV(20)	CSL00450
INTEGER	SVSEED,RHSEED,SVSOLD,SAVTEV	CSL00460
INTEGER	IABS	CSL00470
REAL	ABS	CSL00480
DOUBLE PRECISION	DABS, DFLOAT	CSL00490
EXTERNAL	CMATV	CSL00500
C		CSL00510
C-----		CSL00520
	DATA MACHEP/Z3410000000000000/	CSL00530
	EPSM = 2.0D0*MACHEP	CSL00540
C-----		CSL00550
C		CSL00560
C	ARRAYS MUST BE DIMENSIONED AS FOLLOWS:	CSL00570
C	1. ALPHA AND VS: >= KMAX. BETA: >= (KMAX+1)	CSL00580
C	2. V1, V2, GR, GC: >= MAX(N,KMAX)	CSL00590
C	3. G: >= MAX(N,KMAX). GG: >= KMAX.	CSL00600
C	4. MP, MP2: >= KMAX	CSL00610
C	5. NMEV: >= NUMBER OF T-MATRICES ALLOWED	CSL00620
C	6. EXPLAN: DIMENSION IS 20.	CSL00630
C		CSL00640
C	NOTE: THE OBSERVED ACHIEVABLE ACCURACY FOR THE COMPLEX	CSL00650
C	SYMMETRIC MATRICES TESTED WAS SIGNIFICANTLY LESS THAN THAT	CSL00660
C	OBTAINED WITH THE REAL SYMMETRIC AND HERMITIAN VERSIONS	CSL00670
C	OF THESE LANCZOS CODES AND IT IS DOUBTFUL THAT THIS CODE	CSL00680
C	CAN HANDLE VERY STIFF COMPLEX SYMMETRIC MATRICES.	CSL00690
C		CSL00700
C	IMPORTANT TOLERANCES OR SCALES THAT ARE USED REPEATEDLY	CSL00710
C	THROUGHOUT THE PROGRAM ARE THE FOLLOWING:	CSL00720
C	SCALED MACHINE EPSILON: TTOL = EVMAX*EPSM WHERE	CSL00730
C	EPSM = 2*MACHINE EPSILON AND	CSL00740
C	EVMAX = MAX(LAMBDA(J)), J =1,MEV OF EIGENVALUES OF T(1,MEV).	CSL00750
C	TOLERANCE: T-MULTIPLICITY TESTS: MULTOL = 500*(1000+MEV)*TTOL	CSL00760
C	TOLERANCE: SPURIOUS TESTS SPUTOL = MULTOL	CSL00770
C	NOTE THAT IN THE MAIN PROGRAM THESE TOLERANCES ARE INITIALIZED	CSL00780
C	TO QUANTITIES THAT ARE NOT A FUNCTION OF THE SIZE OF THE	CSL00790
C	T-EIGENVALUES AND THEN THE SIZES OF THE T-EIGENVALUES ARE	CSL00800
C	INTRODUCED IN THE SUBROUTINE COMPEV.	CSL00810
C		CSL00820
C	LANCZOS CONVERGENCE TOLERANCE: CONTOL = CDABS(BETA(MEV+1))*1.D-10	CSL00830
C-----		CSL00840
C	OUTPUT HEADER	CSL00850
	WRITE(6,10)	CSL00860
10	FORMAT('/ LANCZOS EIGENVALUE PROCEDURE FOR COMPLEX SYMMETRIC MATRICES'	CSL00870
	10CES'/)	CSL00880
C		CSL00890
C	SET PROGRAM PARAMETERS	CSL00900
C	SCALEK ARE USED IN TOLERANCES NEEDED IN SUBROUTINES LUMP	CSL00910
C	AND ISOEV. USER MUST NOT MODIFY THESE SCALES.	CSL00920
	SCALE1 = 5.0D2	CSL00930
	SCALE2 = 5.0D0	CSL00940
	ONE = 1.0D0	CSL00950
	ZERO = 0.0D0	CSL00960
	ZEROC = DCMPLX(ZERO,ZERO)	CSL00970
	BTOL = 1.0D-8	CSL00980
C	BTOL = MACHEP	CSL00990

GAPTOL = 1.0D-7	CSL01000
ICONV = 0	CSL01010
MOLD = 0	CSL01020
MOLD1 = 1	CSL01030
MMB = 0	CSL01040
C	CSL01050
C READ USER-SPECIFIED PARAMETERS FROM INPUT FILE 5 (FREE FORMAT)	CSL01060
C	CSL01070
C READ USER-PROVIDED HEADER FOR RUN	CSL01080
READ(5,20) EXPLAN	CSL01090
WRITE(6,20) EXPLAN	CSL01100
READ(5,20) EXPLAN	CSL01110
WRITE(6,20) EXPLAN	CSL01120
20 FORMAT(20A4)	CSL01130
C	CSL01140
C READ ORDER OF MATRICES (N) , MAXIMUM ORDER OF T-MATRIX (KMAX),	CSL01150
C NUMBER OF T-MATRICES ALLOWED (NMEVS), AND MATRIX IDENTIFICATION	CSL01160
C NUMBERS (MATNO)	CSL01170
READ(5,20) EXPLAN	CSL01180
READ(5,*) N,KMAX,NMEVS,MATNO	CSL01190
C	CSL01200
C READ SEEDS FOR LANCZS AND INVERR SUBROUTINES (SVSEED AND RHSEED)	CSL01210
C READ MAXIMUM NUMBER OF ITERATIONS ALLOWED FOR EACH INVERSE	CSL01220
C ITERATION (MXINIT).	CSL01230
READ(5,20) EXPLAN	CSL01240
READ(5,*) SVSEED,RHSEED,MXINIT	CSL01250
C	CSL01260
C ISTART = (0,1): ISTART = 0 MEANS ALPHA/BETA FILE IS NOT	CSL01270
C AVAILABLE. ISTART = 1 MEANS ALPHA/BETA FILE IS AVAILABLE ON	CSL01280
C FILE 2. COMPLEX SYMMETRIC HISTORIES MUST BE STORED	CSL01290
C IN HEX FORMAT (4Z20).	CSL01300
C ISTOP = (0,1): ISTOP = 0 MEANS PROCEDURE GENERATES ALPHA/BETA	CSL01310
C FILE AND THEN TERMINATES. ISTOP = 1 MEANS PROCEDURE GENERATES	CSL01320
C ALPHAS/BETAS IF NEEDED AND THEN COMPUTES EIGENVALUES AND ERROR	CSL01330
C ESTIMATES AND THEN TERMINATES.	CSL01340
READ(5,20) EXPLAN	CSL01350
READ(5,*) ISTART,ISTOP	CSL01360
C	CSL01370
C ITHIS = (0,1): ITHIS = 0 MEANS ALPHA/BETA FILE IS NOT WRITTEN	CSL01380
C TO FILE 1. ITHIS = 1 MEANS ALPHA/BETA FILE IS WRITTEN TO FILE 1.	CSL01390
C IDIST = (0,1): IDIST = 0 MEANS DISTINCT T(1,MEV)-EIGENVALUES	CSL01400
C ARE NOT WRITTEN TO FILE 11. IDIST = 1 MEANS DISTINCT	CSL01410
C T(1,MEV)-EIGENVALUES ARE WRITTEN TO FILE 11.	CSL01420
C SAVTEV = (-1,0,1): SAVTEV = - 1 MEANS T(1,MEV) AND T(2,MEV)	CSL01430
C EIGENVALUES ARE AVAILABLE ON FILE 10 FROM AN EARLIER RUN.	CSL01440
C IN THIS CASE, ALPHA/BETA FILE FROM THAT RUN MUST BE	CSL01450
C AVAILABLE ON FILE 2.	CSL01460
C SAVTEV = 0 MEANS WE WILL NOT SAVE THE T(1,MEV) AND T(2,MEV)	CSL01470
C EIGENVALUES. SAVTEV = 1 MEANS WE WRITE THE T(1,MEV) AND	CSL01480
C T(2,MEV) EIGENVALUES TO FILE 10.	CSL01490
C IWRITE = (0,1): IWRITE = 0 MEANS NO INTERMEDIATE OUTPUT	CSL01500
C FROM THE COMPUTATIONS IS WRITTEN TO FILE 6. IWRITE = 1 MEANS	CSL01510
C EIGENVALUES AND ERROR ESTIMATES ARE WRITTEN TO FILE 6	CSL01520
C AS THEY ARE COMPUTED.	CSL01530
READ(5,20) EXPLAN	CSL01540

```

      READ(5,*) IHIS,IDIST,SAVTEV,IWRITE              CSL01550
C                                                    CSL01560
      IF(SAVTEV.GE.0) GO TO 30                        CSL01570
      NMEVS = 1                                       CSL01580
      IF(ISTART.EQ.0) GO TO 610                      CSL01590
C                                                    CSL01600
30  CONTINUE                                         CSL01610
C      READ IN THE RELATIVE TOLERANCE (RELTOL) FOR USE IN THE LUMP   CSL01620
C      SUBROUTINE                                                  CSL01630
      READ(5,20) EXPLAN                                CSL01640
      READ(5,*) RELTOL                                CSL01650
C                                                    CSL01660
C      READ IN THE SIZES OF THE T(1,MEV) MATRICES TO BE CONSIDERED.  CSL01670
      READ(5,20) EXPLAN                                CSL01680
      READ(5,*) (NMEV(J), J=1,NMEVS)                 CSL01690
C                                                    CSL01700
C-----CSL01710
C      INITIALIZE THE ARRAYS FOR THE USER-SPECIFIED MATRIX          CSL01720
C      AND PASS THE STORAGE LOCATIONS OF THESE ARRAYS TO THE        CSL01730
C      MATRIX-VECTOR MULTIPLY SUBROUTINE CMATV.                     CSL01740
C                                                    CSL01750
      CALL USPEC(N,MATNO)                               CSL01760
C                                                    CSL01770
C-----CSL01780
C      MASK UNDERFLOW AND OVERFLOW                                CSL01790
C                                                    CSL01800
      CALL MASK                                          CSL01810
C                                                    CSL01820
C-----CSL01830
C                                                    CSL01840
C      WRITE TO FILE 6, A SUMMARY OF THE PARAMETERS FOR THIS RUN    CSL01850
C                                                    CSL01860
      WRITE(6,40) MATNO,N,KMAX                          CSL01870
40  FORMAT(/3X,'MATRIX ID',4X,'ORDER OF A',4X,'MAX ORDER OF T'/    CSL01880
1  I12,I14,I18/)                                         CSL01890
C                                                    CSL01900
      WRITE(6,50) ISTART,ISTOP                          CSL01910
50  FORMAT(/2X,'ISTART',3X,'ISTOP'/2I8/)                CSL01920
C                                                    CSL01930
      WRITE(6,60) IHIS,IDIST,SAVTEV,IWRITE             CSL01940
60  FORMAT(/4X,'IHIS',3X,'IDIST',3X,'SAVTEV',2X,'IWRITE'/2I8,I9,I8/) CSL01950
C                                                    CSL01960
      WRITE(6,70) SVSEED,RHSEED                        CSL01970
70  FORMAT(/' SEEDS FOR RANDOM NUMBER GENERATOR'//          CSL01980
1  4X,'LANCZS SEED',4X,'INVERR SEED'/2I15/)             CSL01990
C                                                    CSL02000
      WRITE(6,80) (NMEV(J), J=1,NMEVS)                 CSL02010
80  FORMAT(/' SIZES OF T-MATRICES TO BE CONSIDERED'/(6I12))      CSL02020
C                                                    CSL02030
      WRITE(6,90) RELTOL,GAPTOL,BTOL                   CSL02040
90  FORMAT(/' RELATIVE TOLERANCE USED TO COMBINE COMPUTED T-EIGENVALUES'//
1S'/E15.3/' RELATIVE GAP TOLERANCES USED IN INVERSE ITERATION'/
1E15.3/' RELATIVE TOLERANCE FOR CHECK ON SIZE OF BETAS'/E15.3/)    CSL02050
C                                                    CSL02060
C                                                    CSL02070
C                                                    CSL02080
      IF (ISTART.EQ.0) GO TO 140                        CSL02090

```

```

C                                CSL02100
C    READ IN ALPHA BETA HISTORY    CSL02110
C    HISTORY MUST BE STORED IN MACHINE FORMAT TO PREVENT    CSL02120
C    ERRORS CAUSED BY INPUT/OUTPUT CONVERSIONS.    CSL02130
C                                CSL02140
C    READ(2,100)MOLD,NOLD,SVSOLD,MATOLD    CSL02150
100 FORMAT(2I6,I12,I8)    CSL02160
C                                CSL02170
C    IF (KMAX.LT.MOLD) KMAX = MOLD    CSL02180
C    KMAX1 = KMAX + 1    CSL02190
C                                CSL02200
C    CHECK THAT ORDER N, MATRIX ID MATNO, AND RANDOM SEED SVSEED    CSL02210
C    AGREE WITH THOSE IN THE HISTORY FILE. IF NOT PROCEDURE STOPS.    CSL02220
C                                CSL02230
C    ITEMP = (NOLD-N)**2+(MATNO-MATOLD)**2+(SVSEED-SVSOLD)**2    CSL02240
C                                CSL02250
C    IF (ITEMP.EQ.0) GO TO 120    CSL02260
C                                CSL02270
C    WRITE(6,110)    CSL02280
110 FORMAT(' PROGRAM TERMINATES'/' READ FROM FILE 2 CORRESPONDS TO    CSL02290
1 DIFFERENT MATRIX THAN MATRIX SPECIFIED'/)    CSL02300
C    GO TO 650    CSL02310
C                                CSL02320
120 CONTINUE    CSL02330
C    MOLD1 = MOLD+1    CSL02340
C                                CSL02350
C    READ(2,130)(ALPHA(J), J=1,MOLD)    CSL02360
C    READ(2,130)(BETA(J), J=1,MOLD1)    CSL02370
130 FORMAT(4Z20)    CSL02380
C                                CSL02390
C    IF (KMAX.EQ.MOLD) GO TO 160    CSL02400
C                                CSL02410
C    READ(2,130)(V1(J), J=1,N)    CSL02420
C    READ(2,130)(V2(J), J=1,N)    CSL02430
C                                CSL02440
140 CONTINUE    CSL02450
C    IIX = SVSEED    CSL02460
C                                CSL02470
C-----CSL02480
C                                CSL02490
C    CALL LANCZS(CMATV,V1,V2,ALPHA,BETA,GR,GC,G,KMAX,MOLD1,N,IIX)    CSL02500
C                                CSL02510
C-----CSL02520
C                                CSL02530
C    KMAX1 = KMAX + 1    CSL02540
C                                CSL02550
C    IF (IHIS.EQ.0.AND.ISTOP.GT.0) GO TO 160    CSL02560
C                                CSL02570
C    WRITE(1,150) KMAX,N,SVSEED,MATNO    CSL02580
150 FORMAT(2I6,I12,I8,' = KMAX,N,SVSEED,MATNO')    CSL02590
C                                CSL02600
C    WRITE(1,130)(ALPHA(I), I=1,KMAX)    CSL02610
C    WRITE(1,130)(BETA(I), I=1,KMAX1)    CSL02620
C                                CSL02630
C    WRITE(1,130)(V1(I), I=1,N)    CSL02640

```



```

      IF (LOOP.LT.0) GO TO 650                                CSL03750
C                                                                CSL03760
      IF (NDIS.EQ.LOOP) GO TO 240                             CSL03770
C                                                                CSL03780
      WRITE(6,230) NDIS,LOOP,MEV                             CSL03790
230  FORMAT(/' AFTER LUMP NDIS,LOOP,MEV = ',3I6/)           CSL03800
C                                                                CSL03810
240  CONTINUE                                                CSL03820
      NDIS = LOOP                                             CSL03830
C                                                                CSL03840
C-----CSL03850
C  CALCULATE MINGAPS FOR DISTINCT T(1,MEV) EIGENVALUES.      CSL03860
C  ON EXIT |GG(K)| = MIN(J.NE.K,|VS(K)-VS(J)|), MP2(K)=J INDEX CSL03870
C  FOR MINIMUM.  GG(K)< 0 MEANS NEAREST NEIGHBOR IS SPURIOUS. CSL03880
      IGAP = 0                                                CSL03890
      ITAG = 1                                                CSL03900
C                                                                CSL03910
      CALL COMGAP(VS,GR,GG,MP,MP2,NDIS,IGAP,ITAG)            CSL03920
C                                                                CSL03930
C-----CSL03940
C                                                                CSL03950
C  SET CONVERGENCE CRITERION                                  CSL03960
      TTOL = EPSM * EVMAX                                     CSL03970
      CONTOL = CDABS(BETAM)*1.D-10                           CSL03980
C                                                                CSL03990
250  CONTINUE                                                CSL04000
      BETA(MP1) = BETAM                                       CSL04010
C                                                                CSL04020
C-----CSL04030
C  THE SUBROUTINE ISOEV LABELS THOSE SIMPLE EIGENVALUES OF T(1,MEV) CSL04040
C  WITH VERY SMALL GAPS BETWEEN NEIGHBORING EIGENVALUES OF T(1,MEV) CSL04050
C  TO AVOID COMPUTING ERROR ESTIMATES FOR ANY SIMPLE GOOD    CSL04060
C  T-EIGENVALUE THAT IS TOO CLOSE TO A SPURIOUS T-EIGENVALUE. CSL04070
C  MP(I) = -1 MEANS THAT THE GOOD T-EIGENVALUE IS SIMPLE AND  CSL04080
C  IS TOO CLOSE TO A SPURIOUS T-EIGENVALUE.                  CSL04090
C                                                                CSL04100
C  NG = NUMBER OF GOOD T-EIGENVALUES.                         CSL04110
C  NISO = NUMBER OF ISOLATED GOOD T-EIGENVALUES.             CSL04120
C  GG = MINIMAL GAPS IN T(1,MEV)                             CSL04130
C  GR(K) = |VS(K)|, K=1,NDIS                                 CSL04140
C                                                                CSL04150
      CALL ISOEV(VS,GR,GG,GAPTOL,SPUTOL,SCALE1,MP,NDIS,NG,NISO) CSL04160
C                                                                CSL04170
C-----CSL04180
C                                                                CSL04190
      WRITE(6,260)NG,NISO,NDIS                               CSL04200
260  FORMAT(/I6,' GOOD T-EIGENVALUES HAVE BEEN COMPUTED'/    CSL04210
      1 I6,' OF THESE ARE ISOLATED'/                          CSL04220
      2 I6,' = NUMBER OF DISTINCT T-EIGENVALUES COMPUTED'/)  CSL04230
C                                                                CSL04240
C  DO WE WRITE DISTINCT EIGENVALUES OF T-MATRIX TO FILE 11?  CSL04250
      IF (IDIST.EQ.0) GO TO 300                               CSL04260
C                                                                CSL04270
      WRITE(11,270) NDIS,NISO,MEV,N,SVSEED,MATNO            CSL04280
270  FORMAT(/4I6,I12,I8,' = NDIS,NISO,MEV,N,SVSEED,MATNO'/) CSL04290

```



```

      ITAG = 0                                CSL05400
C                                           CSL05410
      CALL COMGAP(V2,GR,GG,MP,MP2,NG,IGAP,ITAG)  CSL05420
C                                           CSL05430
C-----CSL05440
C                                           CSL05450
C      WRITE GOOD T-EIGENVALUES OUT TO FILE 3.  CSL05460
C                                           CSL05470
      WRITE(6,410)MEV                        CSL05480
410 FORMAT('// EIGENVALUE CALCULATION AT MEV = ',I6,' IS COMPLETE')/ CSL05490
C                                           CSL05500
      WRITE(3,420)NG,NDIS,MEV,N,SVSEED,MATNO,MULTOL,SPUTOL,IB,BTOL  CSL05510
420 FORMAT(4I6,I12,I8,' = NG,NDIS,MEV,N,SVEED,MATNO' /  CSL05520
1 2E15.5,I6,E13.4,' = MULTOL,SPUTOL,IB,BTOL' /  CSL05530
1' EVN0',1X,'MULT',13X,'R(GOODEV)',13X,'I(GOODEV)',  CSL05540
1 3X,'TMINGAP',3X,'AMINGAP',1X,'NEIGH')  CSL05550
C                                           CSL05560
      WRITE(3,430)(I,MP(I),V2(I),GC(I),GG(I),MP2(I), I=1,NG)  CSL05570
430 FORMAT(2I5,2E22.14,2E10.3,I6)  CSL05580
C                                           CSL05590
C      ORDER GOODEV BY INCREASING GAP SIZE  CSL05600
      DO 440 I = 1,NG  CSL05610
      MP(I) = I  CSL05620
      V1(I) = V2(I)  CSL05630
      G(I) = GG(I)  CSL05640
440 CONTINUE  CSL05650
C                                           CSL05660
C      WRITE(12,436)  CSL05670
450 FORMAT(' MINGAPS FOR GOOD T-EIGENVALUES' /  CSL05680
1 1X,'EVNUM',1X,'NEIGH',15X,'R(EV)',15X,'I(EV)',4X,'MINGAP')  CSL05690
C                                           CSL05700
C      WRITE(12,439) (K,MP2(K),V2(K),G(K), K = 1,NG)  CSL05710
460 FORMAT(2I6,2E20.12,E10.3)  CSL05720
C                                           CSL05730
      DO 480 K = 2,NG  CSL05740
      KM1 = K-1  CSL05750
      DO 470 L = 1,KM1  CSL05760
      KK = K-L  CSL05770
      KP1 = KK+1  CSL05780
      IF (G(KP1).GE.G(KK)) GO TO 480  CSL05790
      Z = V1(KK)  CSL05800
      V1(KK) = V1(KP1)  CSL05810
      V1(KP1) = Z  CSL05820
      GTEMP = G(KK)  CSL05830
      G(KK) = G(KP1)  CSL05840
      G(KP1) = GTEMP  CSL05850
      ITEMP = MP(KK)  CSL05860
      MP(KK) = MP(KP1)  CSL05870
      MP(KP1) = ITEMP  CSL05880
470 CONTINUE  CSL05890
480 CONTINUE  CSL05900
C                                           CSL05910
C      WRITE(12,441)  CSL05920
      WRITE(3,490)  CSL05930
490 FORMAT(' T-EIGENVALUES ORDERED BY INCREASING MINGAP' /  CSL05940

```

```

      1 1X,'GAPNUM',1X,'EVNUM',15X,'R(EV)',15X,'I(EV)',4X,'MINGAP')      CSL05950
C                                          CSL05960
C      WRITE(12,442) (K,MP(K),V1(K),G(K), K = 1,NG)                      CSL05970
C      WRITE(3,500) (K,MP(K),V1(K),G(K), K = 1,NG)                      CSL05980
500 FORMAT(I7,I6,2E20.12,E10.3)                                          CSL05990
C                                          CSL06000
510 CONTINUE                                                              CSL06010
C                                          CSL06020
C      IF CONVERGENCE FLAG ICONV.NE.1 AND NUMBER OF T-MATRICES          CSL06030
C      CONSIDERED TO DATE IS LESS THAN NUMBER ALLOWED, INCREMENT MEV.   CSL06040
C      AND LOOP BACK TO 210 TO REPEAT COMPUTATIONS.  RESTORE BETA(MEV+1).CSL06050
C                                          CSL06060
C      BETA(MP1) = BETAM                                                  CSL06070
C                                          CSL06080
C      IF (MMB.LT.NMEVS.AND.ICONV.NE.1) GO TO 180                      CSL06090
C                                          CSL06100
C      END OF LOOP ON DIFFERENT SIZE T-MATRICES ALLOWED.                CSL06110
C                                          CSL06120
520 CONTINUE                                                              CSL06130
C                                          CSL06140
C      IF(ISTOP.EQ.0) WRITE(6,530)                                        CSL06150
530 FORMAT(/' T-MATRICES (ALPHA AND BETA) ARE NOW AVAILABLE, TERMINATECSL06160
1')                                                                        CSL06170
C      IF (ISTOP.EQ.0.AND.KMAX.NE.MOLD) WRITE(1,540)                    CSL06180
C      IF (IHIS.EQ.1.AND.KMAX.NE.MOLD) WRITE(1,540)                    CSL06190
540 FORMAT(/' ABOVE ARE THE FOLLOWING VECTORS '/                          CSL06200
1 '  ALPHA(I), I = 1,KMAX'/'                                             CSL06210
2 '  BETA(I), I = 1,KMAX+1'/'                                           CSL06220
3 '  FINAL TWO LANCZOS VECTORS OF ORDER N FOR I = KMAX,KMAX+1'/'       CSL06230
4 '  ALPHA BETA ARE IN HEX FORMAT 4Z20 '/                              CSL06240
4 '  LANCZOS VECTORS ARE IN HEX FORMAT 4Z20 '/                          CSL06250
5 '  ----- END OF FILE 1 NEW ALPHA, BETA HISTORY-----'///)CSL06260
C                                          CSL06270
C      IF (ISTOP.EQ.0) GO TO 650                                         CSL06280
C                                          CSL06290
C      WRITE(3,550)                                                       CSL06300
550 FORMAT(/' ABOVE ARE COMPUTED GOOD T-EIGENVALUES'/'                  CSL06310
1 '  NG = NUMBER OF GOOD T-EIGENVALUES COMPUTED'/'                     CSL06320
2 '  NDIS = NUMBER OF COMPUTED DISTINCT EIGENVALUES OF T(1,MEV)'/'     CSL06330
3 '  N = ORDER OF A,  MATNO = MATRIX IDENT'/'                          CSL06340
4 '  MULTOL = T-MULTIPLICITY TOLERANCE FOR T-EIGENVALUES'/'           CSL06350
4 '  SPUTOL = SPURIOUS TOLERANCE FOR T-EIGENVALUES'/'                 CSL06360
4 '  MULT IS THE T-MULTIPLICITY OF GOOD T-EIGENVALUE'/'               CSL06370
5 '  MULT = -1 MEANS SPURIOUS T-EIGENVALUE TOO CLOSE'/'               CSL06380
6 '  DO NOT COMPUTE ERROR ESTIMATES FOR SUCH T-EIGENVALUES'/'         CSL06390
7 '  AMINGAP = MINIMAL GAP BETWEEN THE COMPUTED A-EIGENVALUES'/'      CSL06400
9 '  TMINGAP= MINIMAL GAP W.R.T.  DISTINCT EIGENVALUES IN T(1,MEV)'/'CSL06410
2 '  ----- END OF FILE 3 GOOD T-EIGENVALUES-----'///CSL06420
3 )                                                                        CSL06430
C                                          CSL06440
C      IF (IDIST.NE.0) WRITE(11,560)                                     CSL06450
560 FORMAT(/' ABOVE ARE THE DISTINCT EIGENVALUES OF T(1,MEV).'/'      CSL06460
2 '  THE FORMAT IS          T-MULTIPLICITY    T-EIGENVALUE  TMINGAP'/' CSL06470
4 '  T-MULTIPLICITY = -1 MEANS THAT THE SUBROUTINE ISOEV HAS TAGGED'CSL06480
5 '/'  THIS SIMPLE T-EIGENVALUE AS HAVING A VERY CLOSE SPURIOUS'/'    CSL06490

```



```
C-----CSLEVEC (EIGENVECTORS OF COMPLEX SYMMETRIC MATRICES)-----CSL00010
C Authors: Jane Cullum and Ralph A. Willoughby (Deceased) CSL00020
C Los Alamos National Laboratory CSL00030
C Los Alamos, New Mexico 87544 CSL00040
C CSL00050
C E-mail: cullumj@lanl.gov CSL00060
C CSL00070
C These codes are copyrighted by the authors. These codes CSL00080
C and modifications of them or portions of them are NOT to be CSL00090
C incorporated into any commercial codes or used for any other CSL00100
C commercial purposes such as consulting for other companies, CSL00110
C without legal agreements with the authors of these Codes. CSL00120
C If these Codes or portions of them CSL00130
C are used in other scientific or engineering research works CSL00140
C the names of the authors of these codes and appropriate CSL00150
C references to their written work are to be incorporated in the CSL00160
C derivative works. CSL00170
C CSL00180
C This header is not to be removed from these codes. CSL00190
C CSL00200
C REFERENCE: Cullum and Willoughby, Chapter 6, CSL00201
C Lanczos Algorithms for Large Symmetric Eigenvalue Computations CSL00202
C VOL. 1 Theory. Republished as Volume 41 in SIAM CLASSICS in CSL00203
C Applied Mathematics, 2002. SIAM Publications, CSL00204
C Philadelphia, PA. USA CSL00205
C CSL00206
C CSL00207
C CONTAINS MAIN PROGRAM FOR COMPUTING AN EIGENVECTOR CORRESPONDING CSL00210
C TO EACH OF A SET OF EIGENVALUES THAT HAVE BEEN COMPUTED CSL00220
C ACCURATELY BY THE CORRESPONDING LANCZOS EIGENVALUE PROGRAM CSL00230
C (CSLEVAL) FOR NONDEFECTIVE COMPLEX SYMMETRIC MATRICES. CSL00240
C THIS PROGRAM COULD BE MODIFIED TO COMPUTE ADDITIONAL CSL00250
C EIGENVECTORS FOR THOSE EIGENVALUES WHICH ARE MULTIPLE EIGENVALUES CSL00260
C OF THE GIVEN A-MATRIX. THE AMOUNT OF ADDITIONAL COMPUTATION CSL00270
C REQUIRED WOULD DEPEND UPON THE GIVEN A-MATRIX AND UPON WHAT CSL00280
C PART OF THE SPECTRUM OF A IS INVOLVED. CSL00290
C CSL00300
C THESE LANCZOS EIGENVECTOR COMPUTATIONS ASSUME THAT EACH CSL00310
C EIGENVALUE THAT IS BEING CONSIDERED HAS CONVERGED AS AN CSL00320
C EIGENVALUE OF THE CORRESPONDING LANCZOS TRIDIAGONAL MATRICES. CSL00330
C CSL00340
C PORTABILITY: CSL00350
C THIS PROGRAM IS NOT PORTABLE DUE TO THE USE OF THE COMPLEX*16 CSL00360
C VARIABLES AND CORRESPONDING COMPLEX FUNCTIONS. MOREOVER, PFORT CSL00370
C IDENTIFIED THE FOLLOWING ADDITIONAL NONPORTABLE CONSTRUCTIONS: CSL00380
C CSL00390
C 1. DATA/MACHEP/ STATEMENT CSL00400
C 2. ALL READ(5,*) STATEMENTS (FREE FORMAT) CSL00410
C 3. FORMAT(20A4) USED WITH THE EXPLANATORY HEADER, EXPLAN CSL00420
C 4. FORMAT (4Z20) USED FOR ALPHA/ BETA FILE 2. CSL00430
C CSL00440
```



```

C      IMPORTANT NOTE: PROGRAM ALLOWS ENLARGEMENT OF THE ALPHA,BETA      CSL00450
C      ARRAYS. IN PARTICULAR, IF ANY ONE OF THE EIGENVALUES SUPPLIED    CSL00460
C      IS T-SIMPLE AND NOT CLOSE TO A SPURIOUS T-EIGENVALUE, THE PROGRAM CSL00470
C      REQUIRES THAT KMAX BE AT LEAST 11*MEV/8 + 12. IF KMAX IS NOT      CSL00480
C      THIS LARGE, THEN THE PROGRAM WILL RESET KMAX TO THIS SIZE        CSL00490
C      AND EXTEND THE ALPHA, BETA HISTORY IF REQUIRED.                   CSL00500
C      THUS, THE DIMENSIONS OF THE ALPHA AND BETA ARRAYS MUST BE        CSL00510
C      LARGE ENOUGH TO ALLOW FOR THIS POSSIBILITY.                     CSL00520
C      REMEMBER THAT THE BETA ARRAY, BETA(J), IS SUCH THAT              CSL00530
C      J = 1,..., KMAX+1. SO IF THE KMAX USED BY THE PROGRAM            CSL00540
C      IS TO BE 3000, THEN BETA MUST BE OF LENGTH AT LEAST 3001.       CSL00550
C                                                                      CSL00560
C-----CSL00570
C      COMPLEX*16  V1(1600),V2(1600),RITVEC(10000),ZEROC,TEMPC          CSL00580
C      COMPLEX*16  ALPHA(1600),BETA(1601),GOODEV(50),TVEC(20000)        CSL00590
C      COMPLEX*16  EVAL,ALFA,BATA,SUMC                                  CSL00600
C      DOUBLE PRECISION  GR(1600),GC(1600)                             CSL00610
C      DOUBLE PRECISION  ERTOL,SUM,TEMP,BKMIN                          CSL00620
C      DOUBLE PRECISION  MULTOL,SPUTOL,SCALE0,BTOL                     CSL00630
C      DOUBLE PRECISION  ONE,ZERO,MACHEP,EPSM                         CSL00640
C      DOUBLE PRECISION  RELTOL,ERROR,ERRMIN,TERROR,TLAST(50)          CSL00650
C      REAL  G(1600),AMINGP(50),TMINGP(50),EXPLAN(20)                  CSL00660
C      REAL  TERR(50),ERR(50),ERRDGP(50),RNORM(50),TBETA(50)           CSL00670
C      INTEGER  MP(50),MA(50),ML(50),MINT(50),MFIN(50),IDELTA(50)       CSL00680
C      INTEGER  SVSEED,SVSOLD,RHSEED                                    CSL00690
C      INTEGER  INTERC(1600)                                           CSL00700
C      INTEGER  MBOUND,NTVCON,SVTVEC,TVSTOP,LVCONT,ERCONT,TFLAG         CSL00710
C      DOUBLE PRECISION  DABS, DMAX1, DSQRT                             CSL00720
C      REAL  ABS                                                         CSL00730
C      INTEGER  IABS                                                    CSL00740
C-----CSL00750
C      EXTERNAL CMATV                                                  CSL00760
C      DATA MACHEP/Z34100000000000000/                               CSL00770
C      EPSM = 2.D0*MACHEP                                              CSL00780
C-----CSL00790
C                                                                      CSL00800
C      ARRAYS MUST BE DIMENSIONED AS FOLLOWS:                        CSL00810
C      1.  ALPHA:  >= KMAXN,  BETA: >= (KMAXN+1) WHERE KMAXN, THE      CSL00820
C          LARGEST SIZE T-MATRIX CONSIDERED BY THE PROGRAM,           CSL00830
C          IS THE LARGER OF THE SIZE OF THE ALPHA, BETA HISTORY       CSL00840
C          PROVIDED ON FILE 2 (IF ANY ) AND THE SIZE WHICH THE        CSL00850
C          PROGRAM SPECIFIES INTERNALLY, THIS LATTER IS ALWAYS        CSL00860
C          < = 11*MEV / 8  +  12, WHERE MEV IS THE SIZE               CSL00870
C          T-MATRIX THAT WAS USED IN THE CORRESPONDING EIGENVALUE     CSL00880
C          COMPUTATIONS.                                              CSL00890
C      2.  V1:  >= MAX(N,KMAX)                                         CSL00900
C      3.  V2:  >= N                                                    CSL00910
C      4.  G, GR, GC:  >= MAX(N,KMAX)                                  CSL00920
C      5.  RITVEC:  >= N*NGOOD, WHERE NGOOD IS THE NUMBER OF          CSL00930
C          SUPPLIED TO THIS PROGRAM.                                  CSL00940
C      6.  TVEC:  >= CUMULATIVE LENGTH OF ALL THE T-EIGENVECTORS     CSL00950
C          TO GENERATE THE DESIRED RITZ VECTORS. AN EDUCATED          CSL00960
C          GUESS AT AN APPROPRIATE LENGTH CAN BE OBTAINED            CSL00970
C          BY RUNNING THE PROGRAM WITH THE FLAG MBOUND = 1            CSL00980
C          AND MULTIPLYING THE RESULTING SIZE BY 5/4.                 CSL00990

```

```

C      7.  INTERC:   >= KMAX                                CSL01000
C      8.  GOODEV, AMINGP, TMINGP, TERR, ERR, ERRDGP, RNORM, TBETA, CSL01010
C          TLAST, MP, MA, MINT, MFIN, AND IDELTA :   >= NUMBER OF  CSL01020
C          EIGENVALUES SUPPLIED.                                CSL01030
C                                                            CSL01040
C      OUTPUT HEADER                                         CSL01050
C          WRITE(6,10)                                       CSL01060
10  FORMAT(/' LANCZOS EIGENVECTOR PROCEDURE FOR COMPLEX SYMMETRIC MATRCSL01070
    1ICES'/)                                                CSL01080
C                                                            CSL01090
C      SET PROGRAM PARAMETERS                               CSL01100
C      USER MUST NOT MODIFY SCALEO                         CSL01110
C          SCALEO = 5.0D0                                    CSL01120
C          ZERO = 0.0D0                                     CSL01130
C          ZEROC = DCMPLX(ZERO,ZERO)                        CSL01140
C          ONE = 1.0D0                                       CSL01150
C          MPMIN = -1000                                     CSL01160
C          MONE = -1                                         CSL01170
C      CONVERGENCE TOLERANCE FOR T-EIGENVECTORS FOR RITZ COMPUTATIONS CSL01180
C          ERTOL = 1.D-10                                    CSL01190
C-----CSL01200
C      READ USER-SPECIFIED PARAMETERS FROM INPUT FILE 5 (FREE FORMAT) CSL01210
C                                                            CSL01220
C      READ USER-PROVIDED HEADER FOR RUN                    CSL01230
C          READ(5,20) EXPLAN                                CSL01240
C          WRITE(6,20) EXPLAN                               CSL01250
20  FORMAT(20A4)                                           CSL01260
C                                                            CSL01270
C      READ IN THE MAXIMUM PERMISSIBLE DIMENSIONS FOR THE TVEC ARRAY CSL01280
C          (MDIMTV), FOR THE RITVEC ARRAY (MDIMRV), AND FOR THE BETA  CSL01290
C          ARRAY (MBETA).                                    CSL01300
C                                                            CSL01310
C          READ(5,20) EXPLAN                                CSL01320
C          READ(5,*) MDIMTV, MDIMRV, MBETA                  CSL01330
C                                                            CSL01340
C      READ IN RELATIVE TOLERANCE (RELTOL) USED IN DETERMINING  CSL01350
C          APPROPRIATE SIZES FOR THE T-MATRICES USED IN THE RITZ  CSL01360
C          VECTOR COMPUTATIONS                               CSL01370
C                                                            CSL01380
C          READ(5,20) EXPLAN                                CSL01390
C          READ(5,*) RELTOL                                 CSL01400
C                                                            CSL01410
C      SET FLAGS TO 0 OR 1:                                  CSL01420
C      MBOUND = 1:  PROGRAM TERMINATES AFTER COMPUTING 1ST GUESSES  CSL01430
C                   ON APPROPRIATE T-SIZES FOR USE IN THE RITZ VECTOR  CSL01440
C                   COMPUTATIONS                                     CSL01450
C      NTVCON = 0:  PROGRAM TERMINATES IF THE TVEC ARRAY IS NOT    CSL01460
C                   LARGE ENOUGH TO HOLD ALL THE T-EIGENVECTORS REQUIRED. CSL01470
C      SVTVEC = 0:  THE T-EIGENVECTORS ARE NOT WRITTEN TO FILE 11  CSL01480
C                   UNLESS TVSTOP = 1                             CSL01490
C      SVTVEC = 1:  WRITE THE T-EIGENVECTORS TO FILE 11.          CSL01500
C      TVSTOP = 1:  PROGRAM TERMINATES AFTER COMPUTING THE        CSL01510
C                   T-EIGENVECTORS                                CSL01520
C      LVCONT = 0:  PROGRAM TERMINATES IF THE NUMBER OF T-EIGENVECTORS CSL01530
C                   COMPUTED IS NOT EQUAL TO THE NUMBER OF RITZ    CSL01540

```



```

      WRITE(6,30) MATNO,N                                CSL02100
30  FORMAT(/' MATRIX IDENTIFICATION NO. = ',I10,' ORDER OF A = ',I5)  CSL02110
C                                                                    CSL02120
      WRITE(6,40) MBOUND,NTVCON,SVTVEC,IREAD              CSL02130
40  FORMAT(/3X,'MBOUND',3X,'NTVCON',3X,'SVTVEC',3X,'IREAD'/3I9,I8)  CSL02140
C                                                                    CSL02150
      WRITE(6,50) TVSTOP,LVCONT,ERCONT,IWRITE             CSL02160
50  FORMAT(/3X,'TVSTOP',3X,'LVCONT',3X,'ERCONT',3X,'IWRITE'/4I9)  CSL02170
C                                                                    CSL02180
      WRITE(6,60) MDIMTV,MDIMRV,MBETA                     CSL02190
60  FORMAT(/3X,'MDIMTV',3X,'MDIMRV',3X,'MBETA'/2I9,I8)          CSL02200
C                                                                    CSL02210
      WRITE(6,70) RELTOL,RHSEED                           CSL02220
70  FORMAT(/7X,'RELTOL',3X,'RHSEED'/E13.4,I9)                CSL02230
C                                                                    CSL02240
C                                                                    CSL02250
C  FROM FILE 3 READ IN THE NUMBER OF EIGENVALUES (NGOOD) FOR WHICH  CSL02260
C  EIGENVECTORS ARE REQUESTED, THE ORDER (MEV) OF THE LANCZOS      CSL02270
C  TRIDIAGONAL MATRIX USED IN COMPUTING THESE EIGENVALUES, THE    CSL02280
C  ORDER (NOLD) OF THE USER-SPECIFIED MATRIX USED IN THE EIGENVALUE  CSL02290
C  COMPUTATIONS, THE SEED (SVSEED) USED FOR GENERATING THE STARTING  CSL02300
C  VECTOR THAT WAS USED IN THOSE LANCZOS EIGENVALUE COMPUTATIONS,   CSL02310
C  AND THE MATRIX/RUN IDENTIFICATION NUMBER (MATOLD) USED IN THOSE  CSL02320
C  COMPUTATIONS. ALSO READ IN THE NUMBER (NDIS) OF DISTINCT        CSL02330
C  EIGENVALUES OF T(1,MEV) THAT WERE COMPUTED BUT THIS VALUE IS    CSL02340
C  NOT USED IN THE EIGENVECTOR COMPUTATIONS.                      CSL02350
C                                                                    CSL02360
      READ(3,80) NGOOD,NDIS,MEV,NOLD,SVSEED,MATOLD          CSL02370
80  FORMAT(4I6,I12,I8)                                         CSL02380
C                                                                    CSL02390
C  READ IN THE TOLERANCES USED IN THE T-MULTIPLICITY AND SPURIOUS  CSL02400
C  TESTS DURING THE EIGENVALUE COMPUTATIONS.                      CSL02410
C  ALSO READ IN THE FLAG IB. IF IB < 0, THEN SOME BETA(I) IN THE   CSL02420
C  T-MATRIX FILE PROVIDED ON FILE 2 FAILED THE ORTHOGONALITY      CSL02430
C  TEST IN THE TNORM SUBROUTINE. USER SHOULD NOTE THAT THIS      CSL02440
C  PROGRAM PROCEEDS INDEPENDENTLY OF THE SIZES OF THE BETA USED.   CSL02450
C                                                                    CSL02460
      READ(3,90) MULTOL,SPUTOL,IB,BTOL                      CSL02470
90  FORMAT(2E15.5,I6,E13.4)                                    CSL02480
C                                                                    CSL02490
      WRITE(6,100) MULTOL,SPUTOL                            CSL02500
100 FORMAT(/' MULTIPLICITY TOLERANCE USED IN THE T-EIGENVALUE COMPUTATCSL02510
    IONS WAS',E13.4/' TOLERANCE USED IN SPURIOUS CHECK',E13.4)  CSL02520
C                                                                    CSL02530
C  CONTINUE WRITE TO FILE 6 OF THE PARAMETERS FOR THIS RUN        CSL02540
C                                                                    CSL02550
      WRITE(6,110)NGOOD,NDIS,MEV,NOLD,MATOLD,SVSEED,MULTOL,SPUTOL,IB,  CSL02560
      1BTOL                                                    CSL02570
110 FORMAT(/' EIGENVALUES SUPPLIED ARE READ IN FROM FILE 3'/' FILE 3  CSL02580
    1HEADER IS'/4X,'NG',2X,'NDIS',3X,'MEV',2X,'NOLD',2X,'MATOLD',4X,  CSL02590
    1'SVSEED'/4I6,I8,I10/7X,'MULTOL',7X,'SPUTOL',6X,'IB',9X,'BTOL'/  CSL02600
    12E13.4,I8,E13.4)                                         CSL02610
C                                                                    CSL02620
C  IS THE ARRAY RITVEC LONG ENOUGH TO HOLD ALL OF THE DESIRED     CSL02630
C  RITZ VECTORS (APPROXIMATE EIGENVECTORS)?                      CSL02640

```



```

      IF(MBETA.LE.KMAXN) GO TO 1530                                CSL03750
      IF(KMAX.GE.KMAXN ) GO TO 310                                CSL03760
      WRITE(6,300) KMAX, KMAXN                                    CSL03770
300  FORMAT(' ENLARGE KMAX FROM ',I6,' TO ',I6)                   CSL03780
      MOLD1 = KMAX + 1                                           CSL03790
      KMAX = KMAXN                                               CSL03800
      GO TO 380                                                  CSL03810
C                                                                    CSL03820
310  WRITE(6,320) KMAX                                           CSL03830
320  FORMAT(/' T-MATRICES HAVE BEEN READ IN FROM FILE 2'/' THE LARGEST CSL03840
      1SIZE T-MATRIX ALLOWED IS',I6/)                             CSL03850
C                                                                    CSL03860
      IF(IREAD.EQ.1) GO TO 400                                    CSL03870
C                                                                    CSL03880
C      REGENERATE THE ALPHA AND BETA                             CSL03890
C                                                                    CSL03900
330  MOLD1 = 1                                                  CSL03910
C                                                                    CSL03920
C      SET KMAX                                                  CSL03930
      DO 340 J = 1,NGOOD                                         CSL03940
      IF(MP(J).EQ.1) GO TO 360                                    CSL03950
340  CONTINUE                                                  CSL03960
      KMAX = MEV + 12                                           CSL03970
      WRITE(6,350) KMAX                                           CSL03980
350  FORMAT(/' ALL EIGENVALUES FOR WHICH EIGENVECTORS ARE TO BE COMPUTE CSL03990
      1D ARE EITHER T-MULTIPLE OR CLOSE TO'/' A SPURIOUS EIGENVALUE. THER CSL04000
      1EFORE SET KMAX = MEV + 12 = ',I7)                         CSL04010
      GO TO 380                                                  CSL04020
C                                                                    CSL04030
360  KMAXN = 11*MEV/8 + 12                                       CSL04040
      IF(MBETA.LE.KMAXN) GO TO 1530                               CSL04050
      WRITE(6,370) KMAXN                                         CSL04060
370  FORMAT(' SET KMAX EQUAL TO ',I6)                             CSL04070
      KMAX = KMAXN                                               CSL04080
C                                                                    CSL04090
380  WRITE(6,390) MOLD1,KMAX                                       CSL04100
390  FORMAT(/' LANCZS SUBROUTINE GENRATES ALPHA(J), BETA(J+1), J =',   CSL04110
      1 I6,' TO ', I6/)                                           CSL04120
C                                                                    CSL04130
C-----CSL04140
C                                                                    CSL04150
      CALL LANCZS(CMATV,V1,V2,ALPHA,BETA,GR,GC,G,KMAX,MOLD1,N,SVSEED) CSL04160
C                                                                    CSL04170
C-----CSL04180
C                                                                    CSL04190
400  CONTINUE                                                  CSL04200
C                                                                    CSL04210
C      SIMPLE STURM SEQUENCING IS NOT VALID FOR COMPLEX SYMMETRIC   CSL04220
C      MATRICES.  THUS, THE STRATEGY USED HERE FOR SELECTING        CSL04230
C      APPROPRIATE SIZE T-MATRICES FOR THE EIGENVECTOR COMPUTATIONS  CSL04240
C      MUST BE DIFFERENT FROM THAT USED IN THE REAL SYMMETRIC,      CSL04250
C      HERMITIAN, AND SINGULAR VALUE CASES.  AS IN THOSE CASES,     CSL04260
C      FOR EACH EIGENVALUE, A FIRST GUESS IS SELECTED AND THEN      CSL04270
C      LOOPING ON THE SIZE OF THE T-EIGENVECTOR COMPUTATIONS        CSL04280
C      DETERMINES APPROPRIATE SIZES FOR THE EIGENVECTOR COMPUTATIONS. CSL04290

```



```

        MTOL = MTOL + IABS(MA(J))                                CSL04850
500 CONTINUE                                                    CSL04860
        MTOL = (5*MTOL)/4                                        CSL04870
        IF(MTOL.GT.MDIMTV.AND.NTVCON.EQ.0) GO TO 1410           CSL04880
C                                                                CSL04890
C-----CSL04900
C    GENERATE A RANDOM VECTOR TO BE USED REPEATEDLY BY          CSL04910
C    SUBROUTINE INVERM                                           CSL04920
C                                                                CSL04930
        ILL = RHSEED                                           CSL04940
        CALL GENRAN(ILL,G,KMAX)                                  CSL04950
C                                                                CSL04960
C-----CSL04970
C                                                                CSL04980
        DO 510 I = 1,KMAX                                       CSL04990
510 GR(I) = G(I)                                                CSL05000
C                                                                CSL05010
C-----CSL05020
C                                                                CSL05030
        CALL GENRAN(ILL,G,KMAX)                                  CSL05040
C                                                                CSL05050
C-----CSL05060
C                                                                CSL05070
        DO 520 I = 1,KMAX                                       CSL05080
520 GC(I) = G(I)                                                CSL05090
C                                                                CSL05100
C    FOR EACH EIGENVALUE LOOP ON T-EIGENVECTOR COMPUTATIONS TO CSL05110
C    COMPUTE AN APPROPRIATE T-EIGENVECTOR TO USE IN THE RITZ    CSL05120
C    VECTOR COMPUTATIONS.                                        CSL05130
C                                                                CSL05140
        MTOL = 0                                                CSL05150
        NTVEC = 0                                                CSL05160
        DO 690 J = 1,NGOOD                                       CSL05170
        ICOUNT = 0                                               CSL05180
        TFLAG = 0                                                CSL05190
        ERRMIN = 10.DO                                           CSL05200
        MABEST = MPMIN                                           CSL05210
        IF(MP(J).EQ.MPMIN) GO TO 690                             CSL05220
        EVAL = GOODEV(J)                                         CSL05230
530 KMAXU = IABS(MA(J))                                         CSL05240
C    SELECT A SUITABLE INCREMENT FOR THE ORDERS OF T-MATRICES   CSL05250
C    TO BE CONSIDERED IN DETERMINING APPROPRIATE SIZES FOR THE RITZ CSL05260
C    VECTOR COMPUTATIONS                                         CSL05270
        IF(ICOUNT.GT.0) GO TO 560                                CSL05280
C    SELECT IDELTA(J) BASED UPON THE MULTIPLICITY IN T(1,MEV)    CSL05290
        IF(MP(J).GT.1) GO TO 540                                 CSL05300
        IF(MP(J).LT.0) GO TO 550                                 CSL05310
C    MP(J) = 1, INITIAL MA(J) = 8*MEV/9 + 1                      CSL05320
        IDELTA(J) = (ML(J) - IABS(MA(J)))/10 + 1                CSL05330
        GO TO 560                                                 CSL05340
C    MULTIPLE T-EIGENVALUE: INITIAL MA(J) = 5*MEV/4*MP + 1      CSL05350
540 IDELTA(J) = (ML(J) - IABS(MA(J)))/10 + 1                    CSL05360
        GO TO 560                                                 CSL05370
C    T-SIMPLE EVALUATE, NEAR SPURIOUS ONE, INITIAL MA(J) = 5*MEV/8 + 1 CSL05380
550 IDELTA(J) = (ML(J) - IABS(MA(J)))/10 + 1                    CSL05390

```

```

560 ICOUNT = ICOUNT + 1                                CSL05400
    MTOL = MTOL+KMAXU                                     CSL05410
C                                                                 CSL05420
C   IS THERE ROOM IN TVEC ARRAY FOR THE NEXT T-EIGENVECTOR? CSL05430
C   IF NOT, SKIP TO RITZ VECTOR COMPUTATIONS.             CSL05440
C   IF (MTOL.GT.MDIMTV) GO TO 700                           CSL05450
C                                                                 CSL05460
C   IT = 3                                                  CSL05470
C   KINT = MTOL - KMAXU +1                                  CSL05480
C                                                                 CSL05490
C   RECORD THE BEGINNING AND END OF THE T-EIGENVECTOR BEING COMPUTED CSL05500
C   MINT(J) = KINT                                          CSL05510
C   MFIN(J) = MTOL                                          CSL05520
C                                                                 CSL05530
C-----CSL05540
C   SUBROUTINE INVERM DOES INVERSE ITERATION, I.E. SOLVES   CSL05550
C   (T(1,KMAXU) - EVAL)*U = RHS  FOR EACH EIGENVALUE TO OBTAIN THE CSL05560
C   DESIRED T-EIGENVECTOR.                                  CSL05570
C                                                                 CSL05580
C   IF(IWRITE.EQ.1) WRITE(6,570) J                         CSL05590
570 FORMAT(/I6,'TH EIGENVALUE')                             CSL05600
C                                                                 CSL05610
C   CALL INVERM(ALPHA,BETA,V1,TVEC(KINT),EVAL,ERROR,TERROR,EPSM, CSL05620
1    GR,GC,INTERC,KMAXU,IT,IWRITE)                         CSL05630
C                                                                 CSL05640
C-----CSL05650
C                                                                 CSL05660
C   TERR(J) = TERROR                                        CSL05670
C   TLAST(J) = ERROR                                        CSL05680
C   KMAXU1 = KMAXU + 1                                     CSL05690
C   TBETA(J) = CDABS(BETA(KMAXU1))*ERROR                   CSL05700
C                                                                 CSL05710
C   AFTER COMPUTING EACH OF THE T-EIGENVECTORS,           CSL05720
C   CHECK THE SIZE OF THE ERROR ESTIMATE, ERROR.          CSL05730
C   IF THIS ESTIMATE IS NOT AS SMALL AS DESIRED AND        CSL05740
C   |MA(J)| < ML(J), ATTEMPT TO INCREASE THE SIZE OF |MA(J)| CSL05750
C   AND REPEAT THE T-EIGENVECTOR COMPUTATIONS.            CSL05760
C                                                                 CSL05770
C   IF(ERROR.LT.ERTOL.OR.TFLAG.EQ.1) GO TO 680             CSL05780
C                                                                 CSL05790
C   IF(ERROR.GE.ERRMIN) GO TO 580                           CSL05800
C   LAST COMPONENT IS LESS THAN MINIMAL TO DATE           CSL05810
C   ERRMIN = ERROR                                          CSL05820
C   MABEST = MA(J)                                          CSL05830
580 CONTINUE                                                CSL05840
C                                                                 CSL05850
C   IF(MA(J).GT.0) ITEST = MA(J) + IDELTA(J)              CSL05860
C   IF(MA(J).LT.0) ITEST = -(IABS(MA(J)) + IDELTA(J))      CSL05870
C   IF(IABS(ITEST).LE.ML(J).AND.ICOUNT.LE.10) GO TO 600    CSL05880
C   NEW MA(J) IS GREATER THAN MAXIMUM ALLOWED.            CSL05890
C   IF(ERCONT.EQ.0.OR.MABEST.EQ.MPMIN) GO TO 620          CSL05900
C   TFLAG = 1                                              CSL05910
C   MA(J) = MABEST                                          CSL05920
C   MTOL = MTOL - KMAXU                                     CSL05930
C   WRITE(6,590) MA(J)                                     CSL05940

```



```

C                                                    CSL07600
C-----CSL07610
C                                                    CSL07620
C      CALL GENRAN(IIL,G,N)                        CSL07630
C                                                    CSL07640
C-----CSL07650
C                                                    CSL07660
C      DO 900 I = 1,N                               CSL07670
C      900 GC(I) = G(I)                             CSL07680
C                                                    CSL07690
C      DO 910 I = 1,N                               CSL07700
C      910 V2(I) = DCMPLX(GR(I),GC(I))              CSL07710
C                                                    CSL07720
C-----CSL07730
C      CALL INPRDC(V2,V2,SUMC,N)                    CSL07740
C-----CSL07750
C                                                    CSL07760
C      SUMC = ONE/CDSQRT(SUMC)                     CSL07770
C      DO 920 I = 1,N                               CSL07780
C      V1(I) = ZERO                                CSL07790
C      920 V2(I) = V2(I)*SUMC                       CSL07800
C                                                    CSL07810
C      LOOP FOR GENERATING REQUIRED RITZ VECTORS (IVEC = 1,KMAXU) CSL07820
C                                                    CSL07830
C      IVEC = 1                                     CSL07840
C      BATA = ZERO                                  CSL07850
C                                                    CSL07860
C      GO TO 980                                    CSL07870
C                                                    CSL07880
C      930 CONTINUE                                CSL07890
C                                                    CSL07900
C-----CSL07910
C                                                    CSL07920
C      CMATV(V2,V1,BATA) CALCULATES V1 = A*V2 - BATA*V1 CSL07930
C      CALL CMATV(V2,V1,BATA)                      CSL07940
C      CALL INPRDC(V2,V1,ALFA,N)                   CSL07950
C                                                    CSL07960
C-----CSL07970
C                                                    CSL07980
C      DO 940 J=1,N                                 CSL07990
C      940 V1(J) = V1(J)-ALFA*V2(J)                CSL08000
C                                                    CSL08010
C-----CSL08020
C      CALL INPRDC(V1,V1,BATA,N)                   CSL08030
C-----CSL08040
C                                                    CSL08050
C      BATA = CDSQRT(BATA)                          CSL08060
C      SUMC = ONE/BATA                             CSL08070
C                                                    CSL08080
C      TEMPC = BETA(IVEC)                          CSL08090
C      TEMP = CDABS(BATA - TEMPC)/CDABS(TEMPC)      CSL08100
C      IF (TEMP.LT.1.0D-10)GO TO 960              CSL08110
C                                                    CSL08120
C      IF THE BETA BEING REGENERATED DO NOT MATCH THE HISTORY FILE CSL08130
C      THEN SOMETHING IS WRONG IN THE LANCZOS VECTOR GENERATION CSL08140

```



```

      IF(MP(J).EQ.MPMIN) GO TO 1050                                CSL08700
C                                                                    CSL08710
      DO 1010 K = 1,N                                             CSL08720
      KK = KK + 1                                                 CSL08730
1010 V2(K) = RITVEC(KK)                                           CSL08740
C                                                                    CSL08750
C-----CSL08760
      CALL INPRDC(V2,V2,SUMC,N)                                    CSL08770
C-----CSL08780
C                                                                    CSL08790
      SUMC = CDSQRT(SUMC)                                         CSL08800
      RNORM(J) = CDABS(SUMC)                                       CSL08810
      TEMP = DABS(ONE-RNORM(J))                                    CSL08820
      SUMC = DCMLPX(ONE,ZERO)/SUMC                                 CSL08830
C                                                                    CSL08840
      KK = LFIN - N                                               CSL08850
      DO 1020 K = 1,N                                             CSL08860
      KK = KK + 1                                                 CSL08870
      V2(K) = SUMC*V2(K)                                           CSL08880
1020 RITVEC(KK) = V2(K)                                           CSL08890
C                                                                    CSL08900
C      COMPUTE THE 'REAL' NORM                                    CSL08910
C                                                                    CSL08920
C-----CSL08930
      CALL CINPRD(V2,V2,SUM,N)                                    CSL08940
C-----CSL08950
C                                                                    CSL08960
      IF (IWRITE.NE.0) WRITE(6,1030) J,GOODEV(J)                 CSL08970
1030 FORMAT(/I5,' TH EIGENVALUE CONSIDERED = ',2E20.12/)         CSL08980
C                                                                    CSL08990
      IF (IWRITE.NE.0) WRITE(6,1040) TERR(J),TBETA(J),RNORM(J),SUM CSL09000
1040 FORMAT(' NORM OF ERROR IN T-EIGENVECTOR = ',E14.3/          CSL09010
1 ' CDABS(BETA(MA(J)+1)*U(MA(J))) ',E14.3/                      CSL09020
1 ' CDABS(EUCLIDEAN-NORM(RITVEC)) = ',E14.3/                    CSL09030
1 ' HERMITIAN-NORM(RITVEC)**2 = ',E14.3/)                         CSL09040
C                                                                    CSL09050
      LINT = LFIN - N + 1                                          CSL09060
      EVAL = GOODEV(J)                                             CSL09070
C                                                                    CSL09080
C-----CSL09090
C                                                                    CSL09100
      CALL CMATV(RITVEC(LINT),V2,EVAL)                            CSL09110
C                                                                    CSL09120
C-----CSL09130
C                                                                    CSL09140
C      COMPUTE ERROR IN RITZ VECTOR CONSIDERED AS A EIGENVECTOR OF A. CSL09150
C      V2 = A*RITVEC - EVAL*RITVEC                                CSL09160
C                                                                    CSL09170
C-----CSL09180
      CALL CINPRD(V2,V2,SUM,N)                                    CSL09190
C-----CSL09200
C                                                                    CSL09210
      SUM = DSQRT(SUM)                                             CSL09220
      ERR(J) = SUM                                                 CSL09230
      GAP = ABS(AMINGP(J))                                         CSL09240

```



```

      ERRDGP(J) = SUM/GAP                                CSL09250
C                                                         CSL09260
1050 CONTINUE                                           CSL09270
C                                                         CSL09280
C                                                         CSL09290
C      RITZVECTORS ARE NORMALIZED AND ERROR ESTIMATES ARE IN ERR ARRAY CSL09300
C      AND IN ERRDGP ARRAY. STORE EVERYTHING           CSL09310
C                                                         CSL09320
C                                                         CSL09330
      WRITE(9,1060)                                       CSL09340
1060 FORMAT(3X,'REAL(GOODEV)',3X,'IMAG(GOODEV)',1X,'MA(J)',7X,'AMINGAP',CSL09350
      1 ,4X,'AERROR',2X,'AERR/GAP',4X,'TERROR')          CSL09360
C                                                         CSL09370
      WRITE(13,1070)                                       CSL09380
1070 FORMAT(8X,'REAL(GOODEV)',8X,'IMAG(GOODEV)',2X,'RITZNORM',3X,'AMINGCSL09390
      1AP',2X,'TBETA(J)',2X,'TLAST(J)')                  CSL09400
C                                                         CSL09410
      DO 1100 J=1,NGOODC                                   CSL09420
C                                                         CSL09430
      IF(MP(J).EQ.MPMIN) GO TO 1100                      CSL09440
C                                                         CSL09450
      WRITE(9,1080)GOODEV(J),MA(J),AMINGP(J),ERR(J),ERRDGP(J),TERR(J) CSL09460
1080 FORMAT(2E15.8,I6,E14.6,3E10.3)                    CSL09470
C                                                         CSL09480
      WRITE(13,1090) GOODEV(J),RNORM(J),AMINGP(J),TBETA(J),TLAST(J) CSL09490
1090 FORMAT(2E20.12,4E10.3)                             CSL09500
C                                                         CSL09510
1100 CONTINUE                                           CSL09520
C                                                         CSL09530
      IF(MREJEC.EQ.0) GO TO 1180                          CSL09540
      WRITE(9,1110)                                       CSL09550
1110 FORMAT(/' RITZ VECTORS WERE NOT COMPUTED FOR THE FOLLOWING EIGENVACSL09560
      1LUES'/' EITHER BECAUSE THEY HAD NOT CONVERGED OR BECAUSE THE ERRORCSL09570
      1 ESTIMATE'/' WAS NOT AS SMALL AS DESIRED'/)        CSL09580
C                                                         CSL09590
      WRITE(13,1120)                                       CSL09600
1120 FORMAT(/' RITZ VECTORS WERE NOT COMPUTED FOR THE FOLLOWING EIGENVACSL09610
      1LUES'/' EITHER BECAUSE THEY HAD NOT CONVERGED OR BECAUSE'/' THE ERCSL09620
      1ROR ESTIMATE WAS NOT AS SMALL AS DESIRED'/)        CSL09630
C                                                         CSL09640
      DO 1170 J = 1,NGOODC                                CSL09650
      IF(MP(J).NE.MPMIN) GO TO 1170                      CSL09660
C      WRITE OUT MESSAGE FOR EACH EIGENVALUE FOR WHICH NO EIGENVECTOR CSL09670
C      WAS COMPUTED.                                     CSL09680
C                                                         CSL09690
      WRITE(9,1130)                                       CSL09700
1130 FORMAT(6X,'GOODEV(J)',3X,'MA(J)',5X,'AMINGP(J)',6X,'TLAST(J)',3X,CSL09710
      1'MP(J)')                                           CSL09720
      WRITE(9,1140) GOODEV(J),MA(J),AMINGP(J),TBETA(J),MP(J) CSL09730
1140 FORMAT(2E15.8,I8,2E14.4,I8)                        CSL09740
C                                                         CSL09750
      WRITE(13,1150)                                       CSL09760
1150 FORMAT(6X,'REAL(GOODEV(J))',6X,'IMAG(GOODEV(J))',4X,'MA(J)',3X,CSL09770
      1'MP(J)')                                           CSL09780
      WRITE(13,1160) GOODEV(J),MA(J),MP(J)              CSL09790

```

```

1160 FORMAT(2E15.8,2I8)                                CSL09800
C                                                         CSL09810
1170 CONTINUE                                           CSL09820
1180 CONTINUE                                           CSL09830
C                                                         CSL09840
      WRITE(9,1190)                                       CSL09850
1190 FORMAT(/' ABOVE ARE ERROR ESTIMATES FOR THE A AND T EIGENVECTORS'/CSL09860
1 ' ASSOCIATED WITH THE GOODEV LISTED IN COLUMN 1'/'    CSL09870
1 ' AERROR = NORM(A*X - EV*X)  ERROR = NORM(T*Y - EV*Y) '/'    CSL09880
1 ' WHERE T = T(1,MA(J))    X = RITZ VECTOR = V*Y  V = SUCCESSIVE'/'CSL09890
1 ' LANCZOS VECTORS. A MINGAP = GAP TO NEAREST A-EIGENVALUE'//) CSL09900
C                                                         CSL09910
      WRITE(13,1200)                                       CSL09920
1200 FORMAT(/' ABOVE ARE ERROR ESTIMATES FOR THE A AND T EIGENVECTORS'/CSL09930
1 ' ASSOCIATED WITH THE GOODEV LISTED IN COLUMN 1'/'    CSL09940
1 ' AERROR = NORM(A*X-EV*X)  ERROR = NORM(T*Y-EV*Y) WHERE'    CSL09950
1 /' T = T(1,MA(J))    X = RITZ VECTOR = V*Y  V = SUCCESSIVE '/' CSL09960
1 ' LANCZOS VECTORS. A MINGAP = GAP TO NEAREST A-EIGENVALUE'/' CSL09970
1 ' AERROR AND ERROR ARE GIVEN IN FILE 9. RNORM = NORM(X) '/'  CSL09980
1 ' BETA(M+1)*ABS(Y(M)) IS AN ESTIMATOR OF NORM(A*X-EV*X) '//) CSL09990
C                                                         CSL10000
C      NUMBER OF RITZ VECTORS COMPUTED                    CSL10010
      NCOMPU = NGOODC - MREJEC                            CSL10020
      WRITE(12,1210) N,NCOMPU,NGOODC,MATNO               CSL10030
1210 FORMAT(3I6,I12,' SIZE A, NO.RITZVECS, NO.EVALUES,MATNO') CSL10040
C                                                         CSL10050
      LFIN = 0                                             CSL10060
      DO 1270 J = 1,NGOODC                                CSL10070
      LINT = LFIN + 1                                       CSL10080
      LFIN = LFIN + N                                       CSL10090
C                                                         CSL10100
      IF(MP(J).EQ.MPMIN) GO TO 1250                       CSL10110
C      RITZ VECTOR WAS COMPUTED                           CSL10120
      WRITE(12,1220) J, GOODEV(J), MP(J)                 CSL10130
1220 FORMAT(I6,4X,2E20.12,I6,' J, EIGENVAL, MP(J)')      CSL10140
C                                                         CSL10150
      WRITE(12,1230) ERR(J),ERRDGP(J)                   CSL10160
1230 FORMAT(2E15.5,' = NORM(A*Z-EVAL*Z) AND  NORM(A*Z-EVAL*Z)/MINGAP') CSL10170
C                                                         CSL10180
      WRITE(12,1240) (RITVEC(LL), LL=LINT,LFIN)          CSL10190
C1240 FORMAT(4Z20)                                         CSL10200
1240 FORMAT(2(2E20.12))                                   CSL10210
      GO TO 1270                                           CSL10220
C      NO RITZ VECTOR WAS COMPUTED FOR THIS EIGENVALUE   CSL10230
1250 WRITE(12,1260) J,GOODEV(J),MP(J)                   CSL10240
1260 FORMAT(I6,4X,E20.12,I6,' J,EIGVALUE,NO RITZ VECTOR COMPUTED') CSL10250
C                                                         CSL10260
1270 CONTINUE                                             CSL10270
C                                                         CSL10280
C      DID ANY T-MATRICES INCLUDE OFF-DIAGONAL ENTRIES SMALLER THAN CSL10290
C      DESIRED, AS SPECIFIED BY BTOL?                    CSL10300
C                                                         CSL10310
      IF(IB.GT.0) GO TO 1300                              CSL10320
      WRITE(6,1280) KMAXU                                  CSL10330
1280 FORMAT(/' FOR LARGEST T-MATRIX CONSIDERED',I7,' CHECK THE SIZE OF CSL10340

```

```

1BETAS')                                CSL10350
C                                         CSL10360
C-----CSL10370
C                                         CSL10380
      CALL TNORM(ALPHA,BETA,BKMIN,TEMP,KMAXU,IBMT)    CSL10390
C                                         CSL10400
C-----CSL10410
C                                         CSL10420
      IF(IBMT.LT.0) WRITE (6,1290)                  CSL10430
1290 FORMAT('/ WARNING THE T-MATRICES FOR ONE OR MORE OF THE EIGENVALUECSL10440
      1S CONSIDERED'/' HAD AN OFF-DIAGONAL ENTRY THAT WAS SMALLER THAN THCSL10450
      1E BETA TOLERANCE THAT WAS SPECIFIED'/)        CSL10460
1300 CONTINUE                                       CSL10470
C                                         CSL10480
      GO TO 1550                                     CSL10490
C                                         CSL10500
1310 WRITE(6,1320) NGOOD,NMAX,MDIMRV                CSL10510
1320 FORMAT(/I4,' RITZ VECTORS WERE REQUESTED BUT THE REQUIRED DIMENSIOSL10520
      1N',I6/' IS LARGER THAN THE USER-SPECIFIED DIMENSION OF RITVEC',I6 CSL10530
      1/' THEREFORE, THE EIGENVECTOR PROCEDURE TERMINATES FOR THE USER TOCSL10540
      1 INTERVENE')                                CSL10550
C                                         CSL10560
      GO TO 1550                                     CSL10570
C                                         CSL10580
1330 WRITE(6,1340) NOLD,N,MATOLD,MATNO              CSL10590
1340 FORMAT('/ PARAMETERS READ FROM FILE 3 DO NOT AGREE WITH USER-SPECICSL10600
      1FIED'/' PARAMETERS, NOLD,N,MATOLD,MATNO = '/2I6,2I12/          CSL10610
      1' THEREFORE PROGRAM TERMINATES FOR USER TO RESOLVE DIFFERENCES'/) CSL10620
C                                         CSL10630
      GO TO 1550                                     CSL10640
C                                         CSL10650
1350 WRITE(6,1360)                                  CSL10660
1360 FORMAT('/ PARAMETERS IN ALPHA,BETA FILE READ IN DO NOT AGREE WITH CSL10670
      1 THOSE'/' SPECIFIED BY THE USER. THEREFORE, THE PROGRAM TERMINATECSL10680
      1S FOR'/' THE USER TO RESOLVE THE DIFFERENCES'/)              CSL10690
C                                         CSL10700
      GO TO 1550                                     CSL10710
C                                         CSL10720
1370 WRITE(6,1380) KMAX,MEV                          CSL10730
1380 FORMAT('/ IN ALPHA, BETA HISTORY HEADER KMAX =',I6/           CSL10740
      1' BUT EIGENVALUES WERE COMPUTED AT MEV = ',I6,' PROGRAM STOPS'/) CSL10750
C                                         CSL10760
      GO TO 1550                                     CSL10770
C                                         CSL10780
1390 WRITE(6,1400)                                    CSL10790
1400 FORMAT('/ PROGRAM COMPUTED 1ST GUESSES AT T-MATRIX SIZES'/' READ TCSL10800
      1HEM TO FILE 10, THEN TERMINATED AS REQUESTED.')              CSL10810
      GO TO 1550                                     CSL10820
C                                         CSL10830
1410 WRITE(6,1420) MTOL, MDIMTV                      CSL10840
1420 FORMAT('/ PROGRAM TERMINATES BECAUSE THE MINIMAL TVEC DIMENSION ANCSL10850
      1TICIPATED',I7/' IS LARGER THAN THE TVEC DIMENSION',I7,' SPECIFIEDCSL10860
      1 BY THE USER.'/' USER MAY RESET THE TVEC DIMENSION AND RESTART THCSL10870
      1E PROGRAM')                                CSL10880
      GO TO 1550                                     CSL10890

```

```

C                                                    CSL10900
1430 WRITE(6,1440)                                CSL10910
1440 FORMAT(/' PROGRAM TERMINATES BECAUSE NO SUITABLE T-EIGENVECTORS WECSL10920
      1RE IDENTIFIED'/' FOR ANY OF THE EIGENVALUES SUPPLIED.  PROBLEM COUCSL10930
      1LD BE CAUSED BY'/' TOO SMALL A TVEC DIMENSION OR SIMPLY BE THAT TCSL10940
      1-EIGENVECTORS COULD'/' NOT BE IDENTIFIED.  USER SHOULD CHECK OUTPCSL10950
      1UT'/)                                CSL10960
      GO TO 1550                                CSL10970
C                                                    CSL10980
1450 WRITE(6,1460) LVCONT,NTVEC,NGOOD              CSL10990
1460 FORMAT(/' LVCONT FLAG =',I2,' AND NUMBER ',I5,' OF T-EIGENVECTORS CSL11000
      1 COMPUTED N.E.'/' NUMBER',I5,' REQUESTED SO PROGRAM TERMINATES'/' CSL11010
      GO TO 1550                                CSL11020
1470 WRITE(6,1480)                                CSL11030
1480 FORMAT(/' PROGRAM TERMINATES WITHOUT COMPUTING ANY RITZ VECTORS'/' CSL11040
      1' BECAUSE ALL T-EIGENVECTORS COMPUTED WERE REJECTED AS NOT SUITABLCSL11050
      1E'/' FOR THE RITZ VECTOR COMPUTATIONS.  PROBABLE CAUSE IS LACK OF CSL11060
      1'/' CONVERGENCE OF THE EIGENVALUES'/' )    CSL11070
      GO TO 1550                                CSL11080
C                                                    CSL11090
1490 WRITE(6,1500)                                CSL11100
1500 FORMAT(/' PROGRAM INDICATES THAT IT IS NOT POSSIBLE TO COMPUTE ANYCSL11110
      1 OF THE'/' REQUESTED EIGENVECTORS.  THEREFORE PROGRAM TERMINATES'/' CSL11120
      DO 1510 J=1,NGOODC                        CSL11130
1510 WRITE(6,1520)  J,GOODEV(J),MP(J)              CSL11140
1520 FORMAT(/4X,' J',11X,'GOODEV(J)',4X,'MP(J)'/I6,2E20.12,I9)    CSL11150
      GO TO 1550                                CSL11160
C                                                    CSL11170
1530 WRITE(6,1540) MBETA,KMAXN                     CSL11180
1540 FORMAT(/' PROGRAM TERMINATES BECAUSE THE STORAGE ALLOTTED FOR THE CSL11190
      1BETA ARRAY',I8/' IS NOT SUFFICIENT FOR THE ENLARGED KMAX =',I8,' TCSL11200
      1HAT THE PROGRAM WANTS'/' USER CAN ENLARGE THE ALPHA AND BETA ARRAYCSL11210
      1S AND RERUN THE PROGRAM'/' )              CSL11220
C                                                    CSL11230
1550 CONTINUE                                      CSL11240
C                                                    CSL11250
      STOP                                        CSL11260
C-----END OF MAIN PROGRAM FOR COMPLEX SYMMETRIC EIGENVECTORS-----CSL11270
      END                                        CSL11280

```

7.5 CSLEMULT: LANCZS and Sample Matrix-Vector Multiply Subroutines

[illegible]

```

      SUBROUTINE LANCZS(MATVEC,V1,V2,ALPHA,BETA,
1GR,GC,G,KMAX,MOLD1,N,IIX)
C
C-----
      COMPLEX*16 V1(1), V2(1), BATA, ZERO, TEMP, SUMC
      COMPLEX*16 ALPHA(1), BETA(1)
      DOUBLE PRECISION SUM, ONE, ZERO, GR(1), GC(1)
      REAL G(1)
      EXTERNAL MATVEC
C      COMPLEX*16 CDSQRT, DCMPLX
C-----
C
      ZERO = 0.DO
      ONE = 1.DO
      ZERO = DCMPLX(ZERO,ZERO)
C
      IF(MOLD1.GT.1)GO TO 50
C
C      ALPHA/BETA GENERATION STARTS AT I = 1
C      MOLD1 = 1 SET V1 = 0. AND V2 = RANDOM UNIT VECTOR
      IIL=IIX
C
C-----
      CALL GENRAN(IIL,G,N)
C-----
C
      DO 10 I = 1,N
10 GR(I) = G(I)
C
C-----
      CALL GENRAN(IIL,G,N)
C-----
C
      DO 20 I = 1,N
20 GC(I) = G(I)
C
      DO 30 I = 1,N
30 V2(I) = DCMPLX(GR(I),GC(I))
C
C-----
      CALL INPRDC(V2,V2,SUMC,N)
C-----
C
      SUMC = ONE/CDSQRT(SUMC)
      DO 40 I = 1,N
      V1(I) = ZERO
40 V2(I) = V2(I)*SUMC
      BETA(1) = ZERO
C
C      ALPHA BETA GENERATION LOOP
50 CONTINUE
C
      DO 80 I=MOLD1,KMAX
      SUMC = BETA(I)
C

```

```

C-----CSL00980
C   MATVEC(V2,V1,SUMC) CALCULATES  V1 = A*V2 - SUMC*V1      CSL00990
C   CALL MATVEC(V2,V1,SUMC)                                CSL01000
C   CALL INPRDC(V2,V1,SUMC,N)                                CSL01010
C-----CSL01020
C                                                                CSL01030
C   ALPHA(I) = SUMC                                          CSL01040
C   DO 60 J=1,N                                              CSL01050
C 60 V1(J) = V1(J)-SUMC*V2(J)                                CSL01060
C                                                                CSL01070
C-----CSL01080
C   CALL INPRDC(V1,V1,SUMC,N)                                CSL01090
C-----CSL01100
C                                                                CSL01110
C   IN = I+1                                                  CSL01120
C   BATA = CDSQRT(SUMC)                                       CSL01130
C   BETA(IN) = BATA                                           CSL01140
C   SUMC = ONE/BATA                                           CSL01150
C   DO 70 J=1,N                                              CSL01160
C   TEMP = SUMC*V1(J)                                         CSL01170
C   V1(J) = V2(J)                                             CSL01180
C 70 V2(J) = TEMP                                             CSL01190
C 80 CONTINUE                                                 CSL01200
C   END ALPHA, BETA GENERATION LOOP                           CSL01210
C                                                                CSL01220
C-----END OF LANCZS-----CSL01230
C                                                                CSL01240
C   RETURN                                                    CSL01250
C   END                                                        CSL01260
C                                                                CSL01270
C-----USPEC, AND CMATV FOR COMPLEX SYMMETRIC TEST MATRICES 1-----CSL01280
C                                                                CSL01290
C-----START OF USPEC-(COMPLEX SYMMETRIC TEST MATRICES 1)-----CSL01300
C                                                                CSL01310
C   SUBROUTINE CSPEC(N,MATNO)                                CSL01320
C   SUBROUTINE USPEC(N,MATNO)                                CSL01330
C                                                                CSL01340
C-----CSL01350
C   DOUBLE PRECISION  C0,C1,C2,HALF,ONE,SCR,SCI,ANGLE        CSL01360
C   COMPLEX*16 SC,TC,CL0,CL1                                  CSL01370
C   REAL EXPLAN(20)                                           CSL01380
C   DOUBLE PRECISION DARCOS                                   CSL01390
C   COMPLEX*16 DCMPLX                                         CSL01400
C-----CSL01410
C   HALF = 0.5D0                                              CSL01420
C   ONE = 1.0D0                                               CSL01430
C                                                                CSL01440
C   READ IN PARAMETERS TO DEFINE MATRIX                       CSL01450
C   MATRIX IS COMPLEX DIAGONAL SIMILITARY TRANSFORM OF THE BLOCK CSL01460
C   TOEPLITZ POISSON MATRICES USED TO TEST REAL SYMMETRIC MATRICES. CSL01470
C   THE REAL POISSON MATRIX HAS SYMMETRIC TOEPLITZ BLOCKS ALONG THE CSL01480
C   DIAGONAL.  EACH ONE OF THESE HAS THE PARAMETER C2 ALONG THE CSL01490
C   DIAGONAL AND -C0 ABOVE AND BELOW THE DIAGONAL.  THE OFF-DIAGONAL CSL01500
C   BLOCKS ARE DIAGONAL WITH DIAGONAL ENTRIES -C1.  EACH BLOCK IS CSL01510
C   KX*KX AND THERE ARE KY BLOCKS.  A HERMITIAN VERSION IS OBTAINED CSL01520

```



```

      CALL HMATVE(C2,CL0,CL1,KX,KY)                                CSL02080
C-----CSL02090
C                                CSL02100
  90 CONTINUE                                CSL02110
      RETURN                                CSL02120
C                                CSL02130
C-----END OF USPEC-----CSL02140
  100 STOP                                CSL02150
      END                                CSL02160
C                                CSL02170
C-----START OF CSMATV (FOR TEST MATRICES 1)-----CSL02180
C  CALCULATE U = A*W - SUMC*U FOR COMPLEX SYMMETRIC MATRICES    CSL02190
C  HERE WE HAVE TAKEN A HERMITIAN VERSION OF POISSON MATRICES    CSL02200
C  AND TURNED IT INTO A COMPLEX SYMMETRIC TEST PROBLEM (WHOSE    CSL02210
C  EIGENVALUES WE DO NOT KNOW)                                CSL02220
C                                CSL02230
C  SUBROUTINE CSMATV(W,U,CSUM)                                CSL02240
C  SUBROUTINE CMATV(W,U,CSUM)                                CSL02250
C                                CSL02260
C-----CSL02270
      DOUBLE PRECISION C2                                CSL02280
      COMPLEX*16 U(1),W(1)                                CSL02290
      COMPLEX*16 CL0,CL1,CRO,CR1,CSUM                    CSL02300
C-----CSL02310
C                                CSL02320
      N = KX*KY                                CSL02330
      KX1 = KX-1                                CSL02340
      KY1 = KY-1                                CSL02350
      CRO = CL0                                CSL02360
      CR1 = CL1                                CSL02370
C                                CSL02380
      KK = 1                                CSL02390
      U(KK)=(C2*W(KK)+CRO*W(KK+1)+CR1*W(KK+KX)) - CSUM*U(KK)    CSL02400
      KK = KX                                CSL02410
      U(KK)=(C2*W(KK)+CL0*W(KK-1)+CR1*W(KK+KX)) - CSUM*U(KK)    CSL02420
      KK = N - KX + 1                                CSL02430
      U(KK)=(C2*W(KK)+CRO*W(KK+1)+CL1*W(KK-KX)) - CSUM*U(KK)    CSL02440
      KK = N                                CSL02450
      U(KK)=(C2*W(KK)+CL0*W(KK-1)+CL1*W(KK-KX)) - CSUM*U(KK)    CSL02460
C                                CSL02470
      DO 10 J = 2,KX1                                CSL02480
      KK = J                                CSL02490
      U(KK)=(C2*W(KK)+CL0*W(KK-1)+CRO*W(KK+1)+CR1*W(KK+KX))-CSUM*U(KK) CSL02500
      KK = J+N-KX                                CSL02510
      U(KK)=(C2*W(KK)+CL0*W(KK-1)+CRO*W(KK+1)+CL1*W(KK-KX))-CSUM*U(KK) CSL02520
  10 CONTINUE                                CSL02530
C                                CSL02540
      DO 30 J = 2,KY1                                CSL02550
      KK = (J-1)*KX + 1                                CSL02560
      U(KK)=(C2*W(KK)+CRO*W(KK+1)+CL1*W(KK-KX)+CR1*W(KK+KX))-CSUM*U(KK) CSL02570
      KK = J*KX                                CSL02580
      U(KK)=(C2*W(KK)+CL0*W(KK-1)+CL1*W(KK-KX)+CR1*W(KK+KX))-CSUM*U(KK) CSL02590
      DO 20 I = 2,KX1                                CSL02600
      KK = (J-1)*KX + I                                CSL02610
      U(KK)=(C2*W(KK)+CL0*W(KK-1)+CRO*W(KK+1)+CL1*W(KK-KX)    CSL02620

```



```

      WRITE(6,20) N,KX,KY,C2,C0,C1,CPAR                                CSL03180
20  FORMAT(/5X,'N',4X,'KX',4X,'KY',7X,'DIAGONAL',3X,'X-CODIAGONAL',  CSL03190
      1 3X,'Y-CODIAGONAL'/3I6,3E15.8/7X,' COMPLEX SCALAR MULTIPLIER'/'  CSL03200
      13X,2E15.4)                                                    CSL03210
C                                                                    CSL03220
C-----CSL03230
      CALL CMATVE(CCO,CC1,CC2,KX,KY)                                CSL03240
C-----CSL03250
C                                                                    CSL03260
      IF (IVEC.EQ.0) GO TO 30                                        CSL03270
C                                                                    CSL03280
C-----CSL03290
C  COMPUTE TRUE EIGENVALUES FOR CORRESPONDING REAL POISSON MATRIX  CSL03300
      CALL EXEVB(C0,C1,C2,KX,KY)                                    CSL03310
C-----CSL03320
C                                                                    CSL03330
      IF (IVEC.LT.0) STOP                                           CSL03340
C                                                                    CSL03350
30  CONTINUE                                                         CSL03360
C                                                                    CSL03370
C-----END OF USPEC-----CSL03380
      RETURN                                                         CSL03390
      END                                                            CSL03400
C                                                                    CSL03410
C-----START OF CMATV (USES TEST MATRICES 2)-----CSL03420
C  CALCULATE U = A*W - SUM*U                                        CSL03430
C                                                                    CSL03440
C  SUBROUTINE CMATV(W,U,CSUM)                                       CSL03450
      SUBROUTINE CSRMAT(W,U,CSUM)                                   CSL03460
C                                                                    CSL03470
C-----CSL03480
      COMPLEX*16 U(1),W(1)                                           CSL03490
      COMPLEX*16 CCO,CC1,CC2,CL0,CL1,CR0,CR1,CSUM                 CSL03500
C-----CSL03510
C                                                                    CSL03520
      N = KX*KY                                                       CSL03530
      KX1 = KX-1                                                       CSL03540
      KY1 = KY-1                                                       CSL03550
      CR0 = CCO                                                         CSL03560
      CR1 = CC1                                                         CSL03570
      CL0 = CCO                                                         CSL03580
      CL1 = CC1                                                         CSL03590
C                                                                    CSL03600
      KK = 1                                                            CSL03610
      U(KK)=(CC2*W(KK)+CR0*W(KK+1)+CR1*W(KK+KX)) - CSUM*U(KK)      CSL03620
      KK = KX                                                           CSL03630
      U(KK)=(CC2*W(KK)+CL0*W(KK-1)+CR1*W(KK+KX)) - CSUM*U(KK)      CSL03640
      KK = N - KX + 1                                                  CSL03650
      U(KK)=(CC2*W(KK)+CR0*W(KK+1)+CL1*W(KK-KX)) - CSUM*U(KK)      CSL03660
      KK = N                                                            CSL03670
      U(KK)=(CC2*W(KK)+CL0*W(KK-1)+CL1*W(KK-KX)) - CSUM*U(KK)      CSL03680
C                                                                    CSL03690
      DO 10 J = 2,KX1                                                  CSL03700
      KK = J                                                            CSL03710
      U(KK)=(CC2*W(KK)+CL0*W(KK-1)+CR0*W(KK+1)+CR1*W(KK+KX))-CSUM*U(KK) CSL03720

```

```

      KK = J+N-KX                                CSL03730
      U(KK)=(CC2*W(KK)+CLO*W(KK-1)+CRO*W(KK+1)+CL1*W(KK-KX))-CSUM*U(KK) CSL03740
10  CONTINUE                                     CSL03750
C                                                CSL03760
      DO 30 J = 2,KY1                             CSL03770
      KK = (J-1)*KX + 1                           CSL03780
      U(KK)=(CC2*W(KK)+CRO*W(KK+1)+CL1*W(KK-KX)+CR1*W(KK+KX))-CSUM*U(KK) CSL03790
      DO 20 I = 2,KX1                             CSL03800
      KK = KK + 1                                 CSL03810
      U(KK)=(CC2*W(KK)+CLO*W(KK-1)+CRO*W(KK+1)+CL1*W(KK-KX)
1  +CR1*W(KK+KX)) - CSUM*U(KK)                   CSL03820
20  CONTINUE                                     CSL03840
      KK = KK + 1                                 CSL03850
      U(KK)=(CC2*W(KK)+CLO*W(KK-1)+CL1*W(KK-KX)+CR1*W(KK+KX))-CSUM*U(KK) CSL03860
30  CONTINUE                                     CSL03870
C                                                CSL03880
      RETURN                                       CSL03890
C                                                CSL03900
C-----CSL03910
      ENTRY CMATVE(CC0,CC1,CC2,KX,KY)             CSL03920
C-----CSL03930
C                                                CSL03940
C-----END OF CMATV-----CSL03950
      RETURN                                       CSL03960
      END                                         CSL03970
C                                                CSL03980
C-----START OF EXEVG (COMPUTES EXACT EIGENVALUES FOR TEST MATRICES 2)---CSL03990
C                                                CSL04000
      SUBROUTINE EXEVG(C0,C1,C2,KX,KY)             CSL04010
C                                                CSL04020
C-----CSL04030
      DOUBLE PRECISION U(2000),MACHEP             CSL04040
      DOUBLE PRECISION EPSM,C0,C1,C2,T0,T1,PIK,PIL,ONE,TWO,ATOLN,EE CSL04050
      REAL G(2000)                                CSL04060
      INTEGER MP(2000)                            CSL04070
      REAL ABS                                     CSL04080
      DOUBLE PRECISION DABS, DARCOS, DFLOAT, DCOS, DMAX1 CSL04090
C-----CSL04100
      DATA MACHEP/Z3410000000000000000/          CSL04110
      EPSM = 2.0D0*MACHEP                         CSL04120
C-----CSL04130
      N = KX*KY                                   CSL04140
      ONE = 1.0D0                                 CSL04150
      TWO = 2.0D0                                 CSL04160
      T0 = DARCOS(-ONE)                           CSL04170
      T1 = DFLOAT(KX+1)                           CSL04180
      PIK = T0/T1                                  CSL04190
      T1 = DFLOAT(KY+1)                           CSL04200
      PIL = T0/T1                                  CSL04210
C  GENERATE EXACT EIGENVALUES                     CSL04220
      KP = 0                                       CSL04230
      DO 20 J = 1,KY                               CSL04240
      T1 = PIL*DFLOAT(J)                           CSL04250
      T0 = C2 - TWO*C1*DCOS(T1)                   CSL04260
      DO 10 I = 1,KX                               CSL04270

```



```

180 FORMAT(5X,'K',6X,'A-MINGAP',5X,'TRUE A-EIGENVALUE(I)',2X,'A-EVNO') CSL05380
C                                     CSL05390
      WRITE(9,190)(J,G(J),U(J),MP(J), J=1,NEXACT) CSL05400
190 FORMAT(I6,E14.3,E25.16,I8) CSL05410
C                                     CSL05420
      WRITE(9,200) CSL05430
200 FORMAT(' NEXACT DISTINCT A-EIGENVALUES. GAPS IN ASCENDING ORDER' / CSL05440
2 ' A-MINGAP(I) = TRUE MINIMUM GAP IN A FOR EACH EIGENVALUE.' / CSL05450
3 ' A-MINGAP(I).LT.0 INDICATES THE LEFT-HAND GAP WAS MINIMAL.' / CSL05460
3 ' A-MATRIX IS BLOCK TRIDIAGONAL AND EACH DIAGONAL BLOCK IS OF ORDCSL05470
3ER NX.' / CSL05480
4 ' NX = NUMBER OF POINTS ON EACH X-LINE. THERE ARE NY DIAGONAL BLOCSL05490
4CKS.' / CSL05500
5 ' NY = NUMBER OF POINTS ON EACH Y-LINE.' / CSL05510
5 ' A-DIAGONAL = A(K,K)' / CSL05520
6 ' X-CODIAGONAL = A(I,I+1)' / CSL05530
7 ' Y-CODIAGONAL = A(I,I+NX)' / CSL05540
8 ' ----- END OF FILE 9 EXACTEV-----' // ) CSL05550
C                                     CSL05560
C-----END OF EXEVG----- CSL05570
C                                     CSL05580
      RETURN CSL05590
      END CSL05600

```

7.6 CSLESUB: Other Subroutines used by the Codes in Chapter 7

```

C-----CSLESUB-(NONDEFECTIVE COMPLEX SYMMETRIC MATRICES)-----CSL00010
C  Authors:  Jane Cullum and Ralph A. Willoughby (Deceased)          CSL00020
C              Los Alamos National Laboratory                        CSL00030
C              Los Alamos, New Mexico 87544                        CSL00040
C                                                                    CSL00050
C              E-mail:  cullumj@lanl.gov                            CSL00060
C                                                                    CSL00070
C  These codes are copyrighted by the authors.  These codes        CSL00080
C  and modifications of them or portions of them are NOT to be    CSL00090
C  incorporated into any commercial codes or used for any other    CSL00100
C  commercial purposes such as consulting for other companies,     CSL00110
C  without legal agreements with the authors of these Codes.      CSL00120
C  If these Codes or portions of them                             CSL00130
C  are used in other scientific or engineering research works      CSL00140
C  the names of the authors of these codes and appropriate        CSL00150
C  references to their written work are to be incorporated in the  CSL00160
C  derivative works.                                              CSL00170
C                                                                    CSL00180
C  This header is not to be removed from these codes.            CSL00190
C                                                                    CSL00200
C      REFERENCE:  Cullum and Willoughby, Chapter 6,              CSL00201
C      Lanczos Algorithms for Large Symmetric Eigenvalue ComputationsCSL00202
C      VOL. 1 Theory. Republished as Volume 41 in SIAM CLASSICS in  CSL00203
C      Applied Mathematics, 2002. SIAM Publications,              CSL00204
C      Philadelphia, PA. USA                                       CSL00205
C                                                                    CSL00206
C                                                                    CSL00207
C                                                                    CSL00210
C      NONPORTABLE CONSTRUCTIONS:                                CSL00220
C      THESE SUBROUTINES ARE NOT PORTABLE DUE TO THE USE OF THE    CSL00230
C      COMPLEX*16 VARIABLES AND THE CORRESPONDING COMPLEX FUNCTIONS, CSL00240
C      CDABS, DCMPLX, DREAL, DIMAG. MOREOVER, IN SUBROUTINE        CSL00250
C      COMPEV THE NONPORTABLE FORMATS (4Z20) AND (20A4) ARE USED,   CSL00260
C      AND IN SUBROUTINE CMTQL1 THE MACHINE EPSILON IS INTRODUCED  CSL00270
C      VIA A NONPORTABLE DATA DEFINITION.                        CSL00280
C                                                                    CSL00290
C      CONTAINS SUBROUTINES USED BY THE COMPLEX SYMMETRIC VERSION OF CSL00300
C      THE LANCZOS EIGENVALUE/EIGENVECTOR CODES.                  CSL00310
C                                                                    CSL00320
C      SUBROUTINES          COMPEV, CMTQL1, INVERR, TNORM, LUMP, ISOEV AND CSL00330
C                          COMGAP ARE USED WITH THE LANCZOS EIGENVALUE CSL00340
C                          PROGRAM CSLEVAL.  INVERM IS USED          CSL00350
C                          IN THE EIGENVECTOR PROGRAM CSLEVEC.  THE INNER CSL00360
C                          PRODUCT SUBROUTINES CINPRD AND INPRDC ARE USED CSL00370
C                          BY BOTH PROGRAMS.                        CSL00380
C                                                                    CSL00390
C-----INVERSE ITERATION ON COMPLEX SYMMETRIC T(1,MEV)-----CSL00400
C                                                                    CSL00410
C      SUBROUTINE INVERR(ALPHA,BETA,V1,V2,VS,EPS,GR,GC,G,GG,MP,INTERC, CSL00420
C      1MEV,MMB,NDIS,NISO,N,IKL,IT,IWRITE)                        CSL00430

```


C		CSL00440
C	-----	CSL00450
	COMPLEX*16 ALPHA(1),BETA(1),V1(1),V2(1),VS(1)	CSL00460
	COMPLEX*16 U,Z,X1,RATIO,BETAM,TEMP,ZEROC	CSL00470
	DOUBLE PRECISION EST,ESTR,ESTC,SUM,XU,NORM,TSUM,GSUM	CSL00480
	DOUBLE PRECISION EPS,EPS3,EPS4,ZERO,ONE,GR(1),GC(1),GAP	CSL00490
	REAL G(1),GG(1)	CSL00500
	INTEGER MP(1), INTERC(1)	CSL00510
	REAL ABS	CSL00520
	DOUBLE PRECISION DABS, DMIN1, DSQRT, DFLOAT, CDABS, DIMAG, DREAL	CSL00530
C	COMPLEX*16 DCMPLX	CSL00540
C	-----	CSL00550
C		CSL00560
C	COMPUTES ERROR ESTIMATES FOR COMPUTED ISOLATED GOOD T-EIGENVALUES	CSL00570
C	IN VS AND WRITES THESE EIGENVALUES AND ESTIMATES TO FILE 4.	CSL00580
C	BY DEFINITION A GOOD T-EIGENVALUE IS ISOLATED IF ITS CLOSEST	CSL00590
C	NEIGHBOR IS ALSO GOOD, OR IF ITS CLOSEST NEIGHBOR IS	CSL00600
C	SPURIOUS BUT THAT NEIGHBOR IS FAR ENOUGH AWAY. SO	CSL00610
C	IN PARTICULAR, WE WILL COMPUTE ESTIMATES FOR ANY GOOD	CSL00620
C	T-EIGENVALUE THAT IS IN A CLUSTER OF GOOD T-EIGENVALUES.	CSL00630
C		CSL00640
C	USES INVERSE ITERATION ON T(1,MEV) SOLVING THE EQUATION	CSL00650
C	(T - X1*I)V2 = RIGHT-HAND SIDE (RANDOMLY-GENERATED)	CSL00660
C	FOR EACH SUCH GOOD T-EIGENVALUE X1.	CSL00670
C		CSL00680
C	PROGRAM REFACTORS T-X1*I ON EACH ITERATION OF INVERSE ITERATION.	CSL00690
C	TYPICALLY ONLY ONE ITERATION IS NEEDED PER T-EIGENVALUE X1.	CSL00700
C		CSL00710
C	ON ENTRY AND EXIT	CSL00720
C	MEV = ORDER OF T : N = ORDER OF ORIGINAL MATRIX A	CSL00730
C	ALPHA, BETA CONTAIN THE NONZERO ENTRIES OF THE T-MATRIX	CSL00740
C	VS = COMPUTED DISTINCT EIGENVALUES OF T(1,MEV)	CSL00750
C	MP = T-MULTIPLICITY OF EACH T-EIGENVALUE IN VS. MP(I) = -1 MEANS	CSL00760
C	VS(I) IS A GOOD T-EIGENVALUE BUT THAT IT IS SITTING CLOSE TO	CSL00770
C	A SPURIOUS T-EIGENVALUE. MP(I) = 0 MEANS VS(I) IS SPURIOUS.	CSL00780
C	ESTIMATES ARE COMPUTED ONLY FOR THOSE T-EIGENVALUES	CSL00790
C	WITH MP(I) = 1. FLAGGING WAS DONE IN SUBROUTINE ISOEV	CSL00800
C	PRIOR TO ENTERING INVERR.	CSL00810
C	NISO = NUMBER OF ISOLATED GOOD T-EIGENVALUES CONTAINED IN VS	CSL00820
C	NDIS = NUMBER OF DISTINCT T-EIGENVALUES IN VS	CSL00830
C	IKL = SEED FOR RANDOM NUMBER GENERATOR	CSL00840
C	EPS = 2. * MACHINE EPSILON	CSL00850
C		CSL00860
C	IN PROGRAM:	CSL00870
C	ITER = MAXIMUM NUMBER OF INVERSE ITERATION STEPS ALLOWED FOR EACH	CSL00880
C	X1. ITER = IT ON ENTRY.	CSL00890
C	GR,GC = ARRAYS OF DIMENSION AT LEAST MEV + NISO. USED TO STORE	CSL00900
C	RANDOMLY-GENERATED RIGHT-HAND SIDE. THIS IS NOT	CSL00910
C	REGENERATED FOR EACH X1. G IS ALSO USED TO STORE ERROR	CSL00920
C	ESTIMATES AS THEY ARE COMPUTED FOR LATER PRINTOUT.	CSL00930
C	V1,V2 = WORK SPACES USED IN THE FACTORIZATION OF T(1,MEV).	CSL00940
C	AT THE END OF THE INVERSE ITERATION COMPUTATION FOR X1, V2	CSL00950
C	CONTAINS THE UNIT EIGENVECTOR OF T(1,MEV) CORRESPONDING TO X1.	CSL00960
C	V1 AND V2 MUST BE OF DIMENSION AT LEAST MEV.	CSL00970
C		CSL00980


```

      CALL GENRAN(ILL,G,MEV)                                CSL01540
C-----
C                                                            CSL01550
      DO 50 I = 1,MEV                                       CSL01560
50 GC(I) = G(I)                                             CSL01570
C                                                            CSL01580
      GSUM = ZERO                                           CSL01590
      DO 60 I = 1,MEV                                       CSL01600
60 GSUM = GSUM + DABS(GR(I)) + DABS(GC(I))                 CSL01610
      GSUM = EPS4/GSUM                                       CSL01620
C                                                            CSL01630
      DO 70 I = 1,MEV                                       CSL01640
      GR(I) = GSUM*GR(I)                                     CSL01650
80 GC(I) = GSUM*GC(I)                                       CSL01660
C                                                            CSL01670
C LOOP ON ISOLATED GOOD T-EIGENVALUES IN VS (MP(I) = 1) TO  CSL01680
C CALCULATE CORRESPONDING UNIT EIGENVECTOR OF T(1,MEV)    CSL01690
C                                                            CSL01700
      DO 200 JEV = 1,NDIS                                    CSL01710
      IF (MP(JEV).EQ.0) GO TO 200                            CSL01720
      NG = NG + 1                                           CSL01730
      IF (MP(JEV).NE.1) GO TO 200                           CSL01740
      IT = 1                                                 CSL01750
      NISO = NISO + 1                                       CSL01760
      X1 = VS(JEV)                                          CSL01770
C                                                            CSL01780
C                                                            CSL01790
C INITIALIZE RIGHT HAND SIDE FOR INVERSE ITERATION        CSL01800
C AND THE FLAG ON WHICH ROWS ARE INTERCHANGED             CSL01810
      DO 80 I = 1,MEV                                       CSL01820
      INTERC(I) = 0                                         CSL01830
80 V2(I) = DCMLX(GR(I),GC(I))                              CSL01840
C                                                            CSL01850
C TRIANGULAR FACTORIZATION WITH NEAREST NEIGHBOR PIVOT    CSL01860
C STRATEGY. INTERCHANGES ARE LABELLED BY SETTING INTERC = 1. CSL01870
C                                                            CSL01880
90 CONTINUE                                                CSL01890
      U = ALPHA(1)-X1                                       CSL01900
      Z = BETA(2)                                           CSL01910
C                                                            CSL01920
      DO 110 I = 2,MEV                                       CSL01930
      IF (CDABS(BETA(I)).GT.CDABS(U)) GO TO 100             CSL01940
C NO INTERCHANGE                                           CSL01950
      V1(I-1) = Z/U                                         CSL01960
      V2(I-1) = V2(I-1)/U                                   CSL01970
      V2(I) = V2(I)-BETA(I)*V2(I-1)                        CSL01980
      RATIO = BETA(I)/U                                     CSL01990
      U = ALPHA(I)-X1-Z*RATIO                              CSL02000
      Z = BETA(I+1)                                         CSL02010
      GO TO 110                                             CSL02020
100 CONTINUE                                               CSL02030
C INTERCHANGE CASE                                         CSL02040
      RATIO = U/BETA(I)                                     CSL02050
      INTERC(I) = 1                                         CSL02060
      V1(I-1) = ALPHA(I)-X1                                CSL02070
      U = Z-RATIO*V1(I-1)                                  CSL02080

```

```

      Z = -RATIO*BETA(I+1)                                CSL02090
      TEMP = V2(I-1)                                      CSL02100
      V2(I-1) = V2(I)                                      CSL02110
      V2(I) = TEMP-RATIO*V2(I)                             CSL02120
110  CONTINUE                                             CSL02130
      IF (CDABS(U).EQ.ZERO) U = DCMPLX(EPS3,EPS3)          CSL02140
C                                             CSL02150
C      SMALLNESS TEST AND DEFAULT VALUE FOR LAST COMPONENT CSL02160
C      PIVOT(I-1) = BETA(I) FOR INTERCHANGE CASE          CSL02170
C      (I-1,I+1) ELEMENT IN RIGHT FACTOR = BETA(I+1)      CSL02180
C      END OF FACTORIZATION AND FORWARD SUBSTITUTION      CSL02190
C                                             CSL02200
C      BACK SUBSTITUTION                                    CSL02210
      V2(MEV) = V2(MEV)/U                                  CSL02220
      DO 130 II = 1,MM1                                    CSL02230
      I = MEV-II                                           CSL02240
      IF (INTERC(I+1).EQ.1) GO TO 120                      CSL02250
C      NO INTERCHANGE                                      CSL02260
      V2(I) = V2(I)-V1(I)*V2(I+1)                          CSL02270
      GO TO 130                                             CSL02280
C      INTERCHANGE CASE                                    CSL02290
120  CONTINUE                                             CSL02300
      V2(I) = (V2(I)-V1(I)*V2(I+1)-BETA(I+2)*V2(I+2))/BETA(I+1) CSL02310
130  CONTINUE                                             CSL02320
C                                             CSL02330
C      TESTS FOR CONVERGENCE OF INVERSE ITERATION          CSL02340
C      IF SUM |V2| COMPS. LE. 1 AND IT. LE. ITER DO ANOTHER INVIT STEP CSL02350
C                                             CSL02360
      NORM = CDABS(V2(MEV))                                CSL02370
      DO 140 II = 1,MM1                                    CSL02380
      I = MEV-II                                           CSL02390
140  NORM = NORM + CDABS(V2(I))                            CSL02400
C                                             CSL02410
      IF (NORM.GE.ONE) GO TO 160                            CSL02420
      IT = IT+1                                             CSL02430
      IF (IT.GT.ITER) GO TO 160                            CSL02440
      XU = EPS4/NORM                                        CSL02450
C                                             CSL02460
      DO 150 I = 1,MEV                                      CSL02470
150  V2(I) = V2(I)*XU                                       CSL02480
C                                             CSL02490
      GO TO 90                                              CSL02500
C      ANOTHER INVERSE ITERATION STEP                      CSL02510
C                                             CSL02520
C      INVERSE ITERATION FINISHED                          CSL02530
C      NORMALIZE COMPUTED T-EIGENVECTOR : V2 = V2/||V2||  CSL02540
160  CONTINUE                                             CSL02550
C                                             CSL02560
C-----CSL02570
      CALL CINPRD(V2,V2,SUM,MEV)                           CSL02580
C-----CSL02590
C                                             CSL02600
      SUM = ONE/DSQRT(SUM)                                  CSL02610
C                                             CSL02620
      DO 170 II = 1,MEV                                     CSL02630

```

```

170 V2(II) = SUM*V2(II)                                CSL02640
C                                                        CSL02650
C    SAVE ERROR ESTIMATE FOR LATER OUTPUT              CSL02660
EST = CDABS(BETAM)*CDABS(V2(MEV))                      CSL02670
ESTR = DABS(DREAL(V2(MEV)))                            CSL02680
ESTC = DABS(DIMAG(V2(MEV)))                            CSL02690
GSUM = CDABS(BETAM)                                    CSL02700
IF (IT.GT.ITER) EST = -EST                             CSL02710
G(NISO) = EST                                           CSL02720
IF (IWRITE.EQ.0) GO TO 200                             CSL02730
C                                                        CSL02740
C    FILE 6 (TERMINAL) OUTPUT OF ERROR ESTIMATES.     CSL02750
GAP = GG(JEV)                                           CSL02760
WRITE(6,180) NISO,JEV,X1,EST,GAP                       CSL02770
180 FORMAT(2I6,2E20.12,2E12.3)                         CSL02780
WRITE(6,190) JEV, X1, EST,ESTR,ESTC                   CSL02790
190 FORMAT(I6,2E20.12,3E11.3)                         CSL02800
C                                                        CSL02810
200 CONTINUE                                           CSL02820
C                                                        CSL02830
C    END ERROR ESTIMATE LOOP ON ISOLATED GOOD T-EIGENVALUES. CSL02840
C    GENERATE DISTINCT MINGAPS FOR T(1,MEV). THIS IS USEFUL AS AN CSL02850
C    INDICATOR OF THE GOODNESS OF THE INVERSE ITERATION ESTIMATES. CSL02860
C    TRANSFER ISOLATED GOOD T-EIGENVALUES AND CORRESPONDING TMINGAPS CSL02870
C    TO V2 AND V1 FOR OUTPUT PURPOSES ONLY.           CSL02880
C                                                        CSL02890
ISO = 0                                                 CSL02900
DO 210 J = 1,NDIS                                     CSL02910
IF (MP(J).NE.1) GO TO 210                             CSL02920
ISO = ISO+1                                           CSL02930
GR(ISO) = GG(J)                                       CSL02940
V2(ISO) = VS(J)                                       CSL02950
210 CONTINUE                                           CSL02960
IF(NISO.EQ.0) GO TO 270                               CSL02970
C                                                        CSL02980
C    ERROR ESTIMATES ARE WRITTEN TO FILE 4             CSL02990
WRITE(4,220)MEV,NDIS,NG,NISO,N,IKL,ITER,GSUM          CSL03000
220 FORMAT(1X,'TSIZE',2X,'NDIS',1X,'NGOOD',2X,'NISO',1X,'ASIZE'/5I6/ CSL03010
1 4X,'RHSEED',2X,'MXINIT',5X,'BETAM'/I10,I8,E10.3)    CSL03020
C                                                        CSL03030
WRITE(4,230)                                           CSL03040
230 FORMAT(2X,'GOODEVNO',11X,'R(GOODEV)',11X,'I(GOODEV)', CSL03050
1 6X,'BETAM*UM',7X,'TMINGAP')                        CSL03060
C                                                        CSL03070
ISPUR = 0                                              CSL03080
I = 0                                                  CSL03090
DO 260 J = 1,NDIS                                     CSL03100
IF(MP(J).NE.0) GO TO 240                             CSL03110
ISPUR = ISPUR + 1                                     CSL03120
GO TO 260                                             CSL03130
240 IF(MP(J).NE.1) GO TO 260                         CSL03140
I = I + 1                                             CSL03150
IGOOD = J - ISPUR                                    CSL03160
WRITE(4,250) IGOOD,V2(I),G(I),GR(I)                  CSL03170
250 FORMAT(I10,2E20.12,2E14.3)                       CSL03180

```

```

260 CONTINUE                                CSL03190
    GO TO 290                                CSL03200
C                                             CSL03210
270 WRITE(4,280)                             CSL03220
280 FORMAT(/' THERE ARE NO ISOLATED T-EIGENVALUES SO NO ERROR ESTIMATE
1S WERE COMPUTED')                           CSL03240
C    RESTORE BETA(MEV+1) = BETAM              CSL03250
290 BETA(MP1) = BETAM                        CSL03260
C-----END OF INVERR-----                  CSL03270
    RETURN                                  CSL03280
    END                                    CSL03290
C-----START OF TNORM-----                  CSL03300
C                                             CSL03310
    SUBROUTINE TNORM(ALPHA,BETA,BMIN,TMAX,MEV,IB)  CSL03320
C                                             CSL03330
C-----                  CSL03340
    COMPLEX*16 ALPHA(1),BETA(1)              CSL03350
    DOUBLE PRECISION TMAX,BMIN,BMAX,BSIZE,BTOL,ABATA,AALFA  CSL03360
    DOUBLE PRECISION DMAX1, CDABS            CSL03370
C    COMPLEX*16 DCMPLX                      CSL03380
C-----                  CSL03390
C    IN REAL SYMMETRIC AND HERMITIAN VERSIONS TMAX IS USED  CSL03400
C    TO DETERMINE THE TOLERANCES USED IN THE T-MULTIPLICITY AND IN  CSL03410
C    THE SPURIOUS TESTS. FOR THE COMPLEX SYMMETRIC CASE WE  CSL03420
C    HAVE TO COMPUTE ALL OF THE T-EIGENVALUES SO WE USE THEM INSTEAD  CSL03430
C    OF TMAX TO DETERMINE THESE TOLERANCES. WE USE TMAX TO  CSL03440
C    CHECK THE RELATIVE SIZES OF THE BETA(K), K=1,...,MEV AS A  CSL03450
C    TEST ON THE LOCAL ORTHOGONALITY OF THE LANCZOS VECTORS.  CSL03460
C                                             CSL03470
C    TMAX = MAX (|ALPHA(I)|, |BETA(I)|, I=1,MEV)  CSL03480
C    BMIN = MIN (|BETA(I)|, I=2,MEV)           CSL03490
C    BSIZE = BMIN/TMAX                        CSL03500
C    |IB| = INDEX OF MINIMAL(BETA)           CSL03510
C    IB < 0 IF BMIN/TMAX < BTOL              CSL03520
C-----                  CSL03530
C    SPECIFY PARAMETERS                        CSL03540
    IB = 2                                    CSL03550
    BTOL = BMIN                              CSL03560
    BMIN = CDABS(BETA(2))                    CSL03570
    BMAX = BMIN                              CSL03580
    TMAX = CDABS(ALPHA(1))                    CSL03590
C                                             CSL03600
    DO 20 I = 2,MEV                          CSL03610
    ABATA = CDABS(BETA(I))                    CSL03620
    IF (ABATA.GE.BMIN) GO TO 10              CSL03630
    IB = I                                    CSL03640
    BMIN = ABATA                              CSL03650
10  AALFA = CDABS(ALPHA(I))                  CSL03660
    TMAX = DMAX1(TMAX,AALFA)                  CSL03670
    BMAX = DMAX1(ABATA,BMAX)                  CSL03680
20  CONTINUE                                CSL03690
    TMAX = DMAX1(BMAX,TMAX)                  CSL03700
C                                             CSL03710
C    TEST OF LOCAL ORTHOGONALITY USING SCALED BETAS  CSL03720
    BSIZE = BMIN/TMAX                        CSL03730

```

```

      IF (BSIZE.GE.BTOL) GO TO 40                                CSL03740
C                                                                    CSL03750
C  DEFAULT.  BSIZE IS SMALLER THAN TOLERANCE BTOL SPECIFIED IN MAIN CSL03760
C  PROGRAM.  PROGRAM TERMINATES FOR USER TO DECIDE WHAT TO DO    CSL03770
C  BECAUSE LOCAL ORTHOGONALITY OF THE LANCZOS VECTORS COULD BE    CSL03780
C  LOST.                                                            CSL03790
C                                                                    CSL03800
      IB = -IB                                                    CSL03810
      WRITE(6,30) MEV                                              CSL03820
30  FORMAT(/' BETA TEST INDICATES POSSIBLE LOSS OF LOCAL ORTHOGONALITYCSL03830
      1 OVER 1ST',I6,' LANCZOS VECTORS'/)                          CSL03840
C                                                                    CSL03850
40  CONTINUE                                                       CSL03860
C                                                                    CSL03870
      WRITE(6,50) IB                                              CSL03880
50  FORMAT(/' MINIMUM BETA RATIO OCCURS AT',I6,' TH BETA'/)        CSL03890
C                                                                    CSL03900
      WRITE(6,60) MEV,BMIN,TMAX,BSIZE                             CSL03910
60  FORMAT(/1X,'TSIZE',6X,'MIN BETA',5X,'TKMAX',6X,'MIN RATIO'/    CSL03920
      1 I6,E14.3,E10.3,E15.3/)                                    CSL03930
C                                                                    CSL03940
C-----END OF TNORM-----CSL03950
      RETURN                                                       CSL03960
      END                                                           CSL03970
C                                                                    CSL03980
C-----START OF LUMP-----CSL03990
C                                                                    CSL04000
      SUBROUTINE LUMP(VC,V1,VA,RELTOL,SPUTOL,SCALE2,LINDEX,TFLAG,LOOP) CSL04010
C                                                                    CSL04020
C-----CSL04030
      COMPLEX*16 VC(1),V1(1),ZEROC,SUMC                           CSL04040
      DOUBLE PRECISION  VA(1),RELTOL,SPUTOL,SCALE2               CSL04050
      DOUBLE PRECISION  THOLD,TH1,TH2,DGAP,ZERO,ONE              CSL04060
      INTEGER  LINDEX(1),TFLAG(1)                                CSL04070
      DOUBLE PRECISION  DFLOAT, DMAX1, CDABS                      CSL04080
C  COMPLEX*16 DCMPLX                                              CSL04090
C-----CSL04100
C  VC(J) = JTH DISTINCT T-EIGENVALUE,  VA(J) = |VC(J)|, IN ORDER CSL04110
C  OF INCREASING MAGNITUDE.                                       CSL04120
C  LINDEX(J) = T-MULTIPLICITY OF JTH DISTINCT T-EIGENVALUE      CSL04130
C  LOOP = NUMBER OF DISTINCT T-EIGENVALUES                       CSL04140
C  LUMP 'COMBINES' COMPUTED 'GOOD' T-EIGENVALUES THAT ARE 'TOO CLOSE'CSL04150
C  VALUE OF RELTOL IS 1.D-8.                                     CSL04160
C                                                                    CSL04170
C  IF IN A SET OF T-EIGENVALUES TO BE COMBINED THERE IS AN EIGENVALUECSL04180
C  WITH LINDEX=1, THEN THE VALUE OF THE COMBINED T-EIGENVALUES IS SETCSL04190
C  EQUAL TO THE VALUE OF THAT EIGENVALUE.  NOTE THAT IF A SPURIOUS CSL04200
C  T-EIGENVALUE IS TO BE 'COMBINED' WITH A GOOD EIGENVALUE, THEN THISCSL04210
C  IS DONE ONLY BY INCREASING THE INDEX, LINDEX, FOR THAT EIGENVALUE CSL04220
C  NUMERICAL VALUES OF SPURIOUS T-EIGENVALUES ARE NEVER COMBINED WITHCSL04230
C  THOSE OF GOOD T-EIGENVALUES.                                  CSL04240
C-----CSL04250
      ZERO = 0.0D0                                                CSL04260
      ONE = 1.D0                                                  CSL04270
      ZEROC = DCMPLX(ZERO,ZERO)                                    CSL04280

```

	TH2 = SCALE2*SPUTOL	CSL04290
	DO 10 K = 1,LOOP	CSL04300
10	TFLAG(K) = 0	CSL04310
	NLOOP = 0	CSL04320
	J = 0	CSL04330
20	J = J+1	CSL04340
	IF (J.GT.LOOP) GO TO 130	CSL04350
	IF (TFLAG(J).EQ.1) GO TO 20	CSL04360
	NLOOP = NLOOP + 1	CSL04370
	TFLAG(J) = 1	CSL04380
	V1(1) = VC(J)	CSL04390
	ICOUNT = 1	CSL04400
	JN = LINDEXT(J)	CSL04410
	TH1 = RELTOL*VA(J)	CSL04420
	THOLD = DMAX1(TH1,TH2)	CSL04430
C	THOLD = RELTOL*DMAX1(ONE,VA(J))	CSL04440
	IF (JN.EQ.0) GO TO 30	CSL04450
	INDSUM = JN	CSL04460
	ISPUR = 0	CSL04470
	SUMC = DFLOAT(JN)*VC(J)	CSL04480
	GO TO 40	CSL04490
30	INDSUM = 1	CSL04500
	ISPUR = 1	CSL04510
	SUMC = ZERO	CSL04520
40	IF (J.EQ.LOOP) GO TO 70	CSL04530
	I = J	CSL04540
50	I = I + 1	CSL04550
	IF (I.GT.LOOP) GO TO 70	CSL04560
	IF (TFLAG(I).EQ.1) GO TO 50	CSL04570
	DGAP = VA(I) - VA(J)	CSL04580
	IF (DGAP.GE.THOLD) GO TO 70	CSL04590
	DGAP = CDABS(VC(I)-VC(J))	CSL04600
	IF (DGAP.GE.THOLD) GO TO 50	CSL04610
C	LUMP VC(I) WITH VC(J)	CSL04620
	ICOUNT = ICOUNT + 1	CSL04630
	TFLAG(I) = 1	CSL04640
	V1(ICOUNT) = VC(I)	CSL04650
	IN = LINDEXT(I)	CSL04660
	IF (IN.NE.0) GO TO 60	CSL04670
	ISPUR = ISPUR + 1	CSL04680
	INDSUM = INDSUM + 1	CSL04690
	GO TO 50	CSL04700
60	INDSUM = INDSUM + IN	CSL04710
	SUMC = SUMC + DFLOAT(IN)*VC(I)	CSL04720
	GO TO 50	CSL04730
C	COMPUTE THE 'COMBINED' T-EIGENVALUE AND THE RESULTING	CSL04740
C	T-MULTIPLICITY	CSL04750
	70 CONTINUE	CSL04760
C		CSL04770
C	IF (ICOUNT.GT.1) WRITE(6,80) (K,V1(K), K = 1,ICOUNT)	CSL04780
80	FORMAT(/' T-EIGENVALUES ARE LUMPED '/	CSL04790
	1 5X,'J',12X,'REAL(EV)',12X,'IMAG(EV)'/ (I6,2E20.12))	CSL04800
C		CSL04810
	IF (ICOUNT.EQ.1) INDSUM = JN	CSL04820
	IDIF = INDSUM - ISPUR	CSL04830

	IF (IDIF.EQ.0.AND.ICOUNT.GT.1) GO TO 90	CSL04840
	IF (ICOUNT.EQ.1) GO TO 90	CSL04850
C	ICOUNT.GT.1 AND IDIF.GT.0	CSL04860
	SUMC = SUMC/DFLOAT(IDIF)	CSL04870
	VC(NLOOP) = SUMC	CSL04880
	VA(NLOOP) = CDABS(SUMC)	CSL04890
	GO TO 100	CSL04900
90	VC(NLOOP) = VC(J)	CSL04910
	VA(NLOOP) = VA(J)	CSL04920
100	LINDEX(NLOOP) = INDSUM	CSL04930
	GO TO 20	CSL04940
C	INDEX J IS FINISHED	CSL04950
C		CSL04960
C	ON RETURN VC CONTAINS THE DISTINCT T-EIGENVALUES VA = VC	CSL04970
C	LINDEX CONTAINS THE CORRESPONDING T-MULTIPLICITIES	CSL04980
C		CSL04990
130	CONTINUE	CSL05000
	LOOP = NLOOP	CSL05010
	RETURN	CSL05020
C----	END OF LUMP-----	CSL05030
	END	CSL05040
C		CSL05050
C----	START OF ISOEV-----	CSL05060
C		CSL05070
	SUBROUTINE ISOEV(VS,GR,GG,GAPTOL,SPUTOL,SCALE1,MP,NDIS,NG,NISO)	CSL05080
C		CSL05090
C----	-----	CSL05100
	COMPLEX*16 VS(1),TO	CSL05110
	DOUBLE PRECISION GR(1),SPUTOL,GAPTOL,SCALE1,TEMP,TOL,TJ,DGAP,ONE	CSL05120
	REAL GG(1)	CSL05130
	INTEGER MP(1)	CSL05140
	REAL ABS	CSL05150
	DOUBLE PRECISION DMAX1, CDABS	CSL05160
C----	-----	CSL05170
C	USE TMINGAPS TO LABEL THE ISOLATED GOOD T-EIGENVALUES	CSL05180
C	THAT ARE VERY CLOSE TO SPURIOUS ONES. ERROR ESTIMATES	CSL05190
C	WILL NOT BE COMPUTED FOR THESE T-EIGENVALUES.	CSL05200
C		CSL05210
C	ON ENTRY AND EXIT	CSL05220
C	VS CONTAINS THE COMPUTED DISTINCT EIGENVALUES OF T(1,MEV)	CSL05230
C	GR(K) = VS(K) , K = 1,NDIS, GR(K).LE.GR(K+1)	CSL05240
C	GG(K) = MIN(J.NE.K, VS(K)-VS(J)) MINGAP	CSL05250
C	MP CONTAINS THE CORRESPONDING T-MULTIPLICITIES	CSL05260
C	NDIS = NUMBER OF DISTINCT T-EIGENVALUES	CSL05270
C	GAPTOL = RELATIVE GAP TOLERANCE SET IN MAIN	CSL05280
C		CSL05290
C	ON EXIT	CSL05300
C	MP(J) IS NOT CHANGED EXCEPT THAT MP(J)=-1, IF MP(J)=1,	CSL05310
C	AND A SPURIOUS T-EIGENVALUE IS TOO CLOSE.	CSL05320
C		CSL05330
C	IF MP(I)=-1 THAT SIMPLE GOOD T-EIGENVALUE WILL BE SKIPPED	CSL05340
C	IN THE SUBSEQUENT ERROR ESTIMATE COMPUTATIONS IN INVERR	CSL05350
C	THAT IS, WE COMPUTE ERROR ESTIMATES ONLY FOR THOSE GOOD	CSL05360
C	T-EIGENVALUES WITH MP(J)=1.	CSL05370
C----	-----	CSL05380

```

ONE = 1.0D0                                CSL05390
DGAP = SCALE1*SPUTOL                        CSL05400
NISO = 0                                    CSL05410
NG = 0                                      CSL05420
DO 40 J = 1,NDIS                            CSL05430
IF (MP(J).EQ.0) GO TO 40                    CSL05440
NG = NG+1                                    CSL05450
IF (MP(J).NE.1) GO TO 40                   CSL05460
TJ = GR(J)                                  CSL05470
TO = VS(J)                                  CSL05480
TOL = DMAX1(DGAP,GAPTOL*TJ)                CSL05490
C TOL = DMAX1(ONE,TJ)*GAPTOL                CSL05500
C VS(J) IS NEXT SIMPLE GOOD T-EIGENVALUE   CSL05510
NISO = NISO + 1                             CSL05520
IF (ABS(GG(J)).GT.TOL) GO TO 40            CSL05530
I = J                                        CSL05540
10 I = I-1                                   CSL05550
IF (I.LT.1) GO TO 20                       CSL05560
IF (TJ-GR(I).GT.TOL) GO TO 20              CSL05570
IF (MP(I).NE.0) GO TO 10                   CSL05580
TEMP = CDABS(TO-VS(I))                     CSL05590
IF (TEMP.GT.TOL) GO TO 10                  CSL05600
MP(J) = -MP(J)                             CSL05610
NISO = NISO-1                             CSL05620
GO TO 40                                    CSL05630
20 I = J                                    CSL05640
30 I = I+1                                   CSL05650
IF (I.GT.NDIS) GO TO 40                    CSL05660
IF (GR(I)-TJ.GT.TOL) GO TO 40              CSL05670
IF (MP(I).NE.0) GO TO 30                   CSL05680
TEMP = CDABS(TO-VS(I))                     CSL05690
IF (TEMP.GT.TOL) GO TO 30                  CSL05700
MP(J) = -MP(J)                             CSL05710
NISO = NISO-1                             CSL05720
40 CONTINUE                                CSL05730
C                                            CSL05740
C-----END OF ISOEV-----                  CSL05750
RETURN                                     CSL05760
END                                         CSL05770
C---COMPEV-----                            CSL05780
C                                            CSL05790
SUBROUTINE COMPEV(ALPHA,BETA,V1,V2,VS,EVMAG,MULTOL,SPUTOL,
1MP,T2FLAG,MEV,NDIS,SAVTEV)                CSL05800
C                                            CSL05810
C                                            CSL05820
C USES COMPLEX SYMMETRIC VERSION OF IMTQL1, CMTQL1, TO    CSL05830
C COMPUTE EIGENVALUES OF THE T-MATRIX T(1,MEV).           CSL05840
C                                                        CSL05850
C-----                            CSL05860
COMPLEX*16 ALPHA(1),BETA(1),VS(1),V1(1),V2(1),EVAL,CTEMP    CSL05870
DOUBLE PRECISION EVMAG(1)                                CSL05880
DOUBLE PRECISION TEMP,DGAP,TOL,DELMIN                     CSL05890
DOUBLE PRECISION MULTOL,SPUTOL,EVALR,EVALC                 CSL05900
INTEGER MP(1),T2FLAG(1),SAVTEV                            CSL05910
DOUBLE PRECISION CDABS, DFLOAT                             CSL05920
C-----                            CSL05930

```

```

C                                                    CSL05940
      MEV1 = MEV - 1                                CSL05950
C                                                    CSL05960
      IF (SAVTEV.GE.0) GO TO 40                     CSL05970
C                                                    CSL05980
      READ(10,10) MEV                               CSL05990
10  FORMAT(I6)                                       CSL06000
20  FORMAT(20A4)                                     CSL06010
      MEV1 = MEV - 1                                CSL06020
      READ(10,30) (VS(K), K = 1,MEV)               CSL06030
30  FORMAT(4Z20)                                     CSL06040
      READ(10,20) EXPLAN                            CSL06050
      READ(10,20) EXPLAN                            CSL06060
      READ(10,30) (V2(K), K = 1,MEV1)              CSL06070
      GO TO 90                                       CSL06080
C                                                    CSL06090
40  CONTINUE                                         CSL06100
C                                                    CSL06110
      DO 50 J = 1,MEV                               CSL06120
        VS(J) = ALPHA(J)                           CSL06130
50  V1(J) = BETA(J)                                 CSL06140
C                                                    CSL06150
      WRITE(6,60) MEV                               CSL06160
60  FORMAT(/' COMPUTE EIGENVALUES OF T(1,',I4,') USING CMTQL1'/) CSL06170
C                                                    CSL06180
C-----CSL06190
      CALL CMTQL1(MEV,VS,V1,IERR)                   CSL06200
C-----CSL06210
C                                                    CSL06220
C                                                    CSL06230
      WRITE(6,70) IERR                               CSL06240
70  FORMAT(' T-EIGENVALUES VIA CMTQL1'/' IERR = ',I6/) CSL06250
C                                                    CSL06260
      IF (IERR.EQ.0) GO TO 90                       CSL06270
C                                                    CSL06280
      WRITE(6,80)                                    CSL06280
80  FORMAT(' ON RETURN FROM CMTQL1 ERROR FLAG WAS NOT ZERO'/) CSL06290
      GO TO 410                                     CSL06300
C                                                    CSL06310
90  CONTINUE                                         CSL06320
C                                                    CSL06330
C T-EIGENVALUES ARE IN VS IN INCREASING ORDER OF MAGNITUDE CSL06340
      DO 100 J = 1,MEV                              CSL06350
100  EVMAG(J) = CDABS(VS(J))                        CSL06360
C                                                    CSL06370
C THE MAGNITUDES OF THE T-EIGENVALUES ARE IN EVMAG, IN ORDER OF CSL06380
C INCREASING MAGNITUDE                             CSL06390
C WRITE(13,105) (EVMAG(J), J = 1,MEV)              CSL06400
C 105 FORMAT(' MAGNITUDES OF T-EIGENVALUES'/(4E20.12)) CSL06410
C                                                    CSL06420
      IF(SAVTEV.NE.1) GO TO 130                     CSL06430
      WRITE(10,110) MEV                             CSL06440
110  FORMAT(I6,' = ORDER OF T-MATRIX, T-EIGVALS =') CSL06450
      WRITE(10,120) (VS(J), J = 1,MEV)              CSL06460
C 120 FORMAT(4Z20)                                   CSL06470
120  FORMAT(4E20.12)                               CSL06480

```

C		CSL06490
C		CSL06500
130	CONTINUE	CSL06510
	MULTOL = MULTOL*EVMAG(MEV)	CSL06520
	SPUTOL = SPUTOL*EVMAG(MEV)	CSL06530
	TOL = 1000.0D0*SPUTOL	CSL06540
	WRITE(6,140) MULTOL,SPUTOL	CSL06550
140	FORMAT(/' TOLERANCES USED IN T-MULTIPLICITY AND SPURIOUS TESTS ='	CSL06560
	1 ,2E10.3/)	CSL06570
C		CSL06580
C	T-MULTIPLICITY DETERMINATION	CSL06590
	J = 0	CSL06600
	NDIS = 0	CSL06610
	DO 150 I = 1,MEV	CSL06620
150	T2FLAG(I) = 0	CSL06630
C		CSL06640
160	J = J+1	CSL06650
	IF (J.GT.MEV) GO TO 190	CSL06660
	IF (T2FLAG(J).EQ.1) GO TO 160	CSL06670
	CTEMP = VS(J)	CSL06680
	EVAL = CTEMP	CSL06690
	TEMP = EVMAG(J)	CSL06700
	NDIS = NDIS + 1	CSL06710
	INDEX = 1	CSL06720
	T2FLAG(J) = 1	CSL06730
	I = J	CSL06740
170	I = I+1	CSL06750
	IF (I.GT.MEV) GO TO 180	CSL06760
	IF (T2FLAG(I).EQ.1) GO TO 170	CSL06770
	DGAP = EVMAG(I)-TEMP	CSL06780
	IF (DGAP.GT.MULTOL) GO TO 180	CSL06790
	DGAP = CDABS(EVAL-VS(I))	CSL06800
	IF (DGAP.GT.MULTOL) GO TO 170	CSL06810
C	T-MULTIPLICITY INCREASES	CSL06820
	INDEX = INDEX + 1	CSL06830
	CTEMP = CTEMP + VS(I)	CSL06840
	T2FLAG(I) = 1	CSL06850
	GO TO 170	CSL06860
C	T-MULTIPLICITY FOR VS(NDIS) HAS BEEN DETERMINED	CSL06870
180	VS(NDIS) = CTEMP/DFLOAT(INDEX)	CSL06880
	MP(NDIS) = INDEX	CSL06890
	GO TO 160	CSL06900
190	CONTINUE	CSL06910
C	T-MULTIPLICITY CALCULATION IS COMPLETE	CSL06920
C		CSL06930
C	T(2,MEV) EIGENVALUE CALCULATION AND SPURIOUS TESTS	CSL06940
C		CSL06950
	IF (SAVTEV.LT.0) GO TO 240	CSL06960
C		CSL06970
	WRITE(6,200) MEV1	CSL06980
200	FORMAT(/' COMPUTE T(2,',I4,') EIGENVALUES'/)	CSL06990
C		CSL07000
	DO 210 J = 1,MEV1	CSL07010
	JP1 = J+1	CSL07020
	V2(J) = ALPHA(JP1)	CSL07030

210	V1(J) = BETA(JP1)	CSL07040
C		CSL07050
C	-----	CSL07060
	CALL CMTQL1(MEV1,V2,V1,IERR)	CSL07070
C	-----	CSL07080
C		CSL07090
C	WRITE(6,220) IERR	CSL07100
220	FORMAT(' T2-HAT EIGENVALUES VIA CMTQL1'/' IERR = ',I6/)	CSL07110
C		CSL07120
	IF (IERR.EQ.0) GO TO 240	CSL07130
C		CSL07140
	WRITE(6,230)	CSL07150
230	FORMAT(' ON RETURN FROM CMTQL1 ERROR FLAG WAS NOT ZERO'//)	CSL07160
	GO TO 410	CSL07170
C		CSL07180
240	CONTINUE	CSL07190
C		CSL07200
	DO 250 J = 1,MEV1	CSL07210
250	EVMAG(J) = CDABS(V2(J))	CSL07220
C		CSL07230
C	WRITE(13,255) (EVMAG(J), J = 1,MEV)	CSL07240
C 255	FORMAT('/' MAGNITUDES OF T2 EIGENVALUES'/(4E20.12))	CSL07250
C		CSL07260
	IF(SAVTEV.NE.1) GO TO 270	CSL07270
	WRITE(10,260) MEV1	CSL07280
260	FORMAT('/I6,' = ORDER OF T2-HAT, T2EIGVALS = ')	CSL07290
	WRITE(10,120) (V2(J), J = 1,MEV1)	CSL07300
270	CONTINUE	CSL07310
C		CSL07320
C	SPURIOUS TESTS	CSL07330
	DO 280 I = 1,MEV1	CSL07340
280	T2FLAG(I) = 0	CSL07350
C		CSL07360
C	GO THROUGH THE EIGENVALUES OF T2-HAT. FIND THE CLOSEST EIGENVALUE	CSL07370
C	OF T(1,MEV). IF IT IS T-MULTIPLE GO ON. IF IT IS SIMPLE DECLARE	CSL07380
C	SPURIOUS WHENEVER DELMIN < SPUTOL BY SETTING MP(I) = 0	CSL07390
	J = 0	CSL07400
290	J = J+1	CSL07410
	IF (J.GT.MEV1) GO TO 390	CSL07420
C		CSL07430
C	WRITE(14,300) J,V2(J)	CSL07440
300	FORMAT('EIGENVALUE T2-HAT = ', I6,2E22.14)	CSL07450
C		CSL07460
	TEMP = EVMAG(J)	CSL07470
	EVAL = V2(J)	CSL07480
	EVALR = TEMP + SPUTOL	CSL07490
	EVALC = TEMP - SPUTOL	CSL07500
	DELMIN = 2.DO*CDABS(VS(MEV))	CSL07510
	IMIN = 0	CSL07520
C	BACKWARD SEARCH	CSL07530
	I = J + 1	CSL07540
310	I = I - 1	CSL07550
	IF(I.LT.1) GO TO 320	CSL07560
	IF(I.GT.NDIS) I = NDIS	CSL07570
C		CSL07580

```

      TEMP = CDABS(VS(I))                                CSL07590
      IF (TEMP.LT.EVALC) GO TO 320                        CSL07600
      IF(MP(I).EQ.0) GO TO 310                            CSL07610
      DGAP = CDABS(VS(I) - EVAL)                          CSL07620
      IF (DGAP.GE.DELMIN) GO TO 310                      CSL07630
      DELMIN = DGAP                                       CSL07640
      IMIN = I                                           CSL07650
C                                                       CSL07660
      GO TO 310                                           CSL07670
C   FORWARD SEARCH                                       CSL07680
320 I = J                                               CSL07690
330 I = I + 1                                           CSL07700
      IF(I.GT.NDIS) GO TO 340                            CSL07710
C                                                       CSL07720
      TEMP = CDABS(VS(I))                                CSL07730
      IF (TEMP.GT.EVALR) GO TO 340                       CSL07740
      IF(MP(I).EQ.0) GO TO 330                           CSL07750
      DGAP = CDABS(VS(I) - EVAL)                          CSL07760
      IF (DGAP.GE.DELMIN) GO TO 330                     CSL07770
      DELMIN = DGAP                                       CSL07780
      IMIN = I                                           CSL07790
C                                                       CSL07800
      GO TO 330                                           CSL07810
C                                                       CSL07820
340 CONTINUE                                           CSL07830
      IF(IMIN.EQ.0) GO TO 370                             CSL07840
C   WRITE(14,350) IMIN, MP(IMIN),VS(IMIN),DELMIN,J      CSL07850
350 FORMAT(/I6,' TH EVALUE, MP =',I3,' EVALUE =',2E22.13/
1' MINDEL = ',E14.3,' OCCURS FOR',I6,' TH T2-HAT EVALUE') CSL07870
      IF(DELMIN.GT.SPUTOL) GO TO 290                     CSL07880
      IF(MP(IMIN).GT.1) GO TO 290                         CSL07890
      MP(IMIN) = 0                                       CSL07900
C   WRITE(14,360)                                       CSL07910
360 FORMAT(' ABOVE T-EIGENVALUE IS SPURIOUS')           CSL07920
      GO TO 290                                           CSL07930
370 CONTINUE                                           CSL07940
      GO TO 290                                           CSL07950
390 CONTINUE                                           CSL07960
C   END OF SPURIOUS TESTS                               CSL07970
C                                                       CSL07980
      DO 400 J = 1,NDIS                                  CSL07990
400 EVMAG(J) = CDABS(VS(J))                              CSL08000
C                                                       CSL08010
      RETURN                                             CSL08020
C-----END OF COMPEV-----                            CSL08030
410 STOP                                               CSL08040
      END                                               CSL08050
C-----CMTQL1 (EIGENVALUES OF COMPLEX SYMMETRIC TRIDIAGONAL)-----CSL08060
C                                                       CSL08070
      SUBROUTINE CMTQL1(N,D,E,IERR)                     CSL08080
C                                                       CSL08090
C-----                                                    CSL08100
      INTEGER I,J,L,M,N,II,MML,IERR                    CSL08110
      COMPLEX*16 D(1),E(1),B,C,F,G,P,R,S,W,CZERO,CONE  CSL08120
      COMPLEX*16 CDSQRT,DCMPLX                          CSL08130

```

	DOUBLE PRECISION MACHEP, EPS, TEMP, T0, T1, ZERO, HALF, ONE, TWO DOUBLE PRECISION CDABS, DSQRT	CSL08140 CSL08150
C-----		CSL08160
	DATA MACHEP/Z3410000000000000/	CSL08170
	EPS = 100.D0*MACHEP	CSL08180
C-----		CSL08190
	ZERO = 0.0D0	CSL08200
	HALF = 0.5D0	CSL08210
	ONE = 1.0D0	CSL08220
	TWO = 2.0D0	CSL08230
	CZERO = DCMPLX(ZERO, ZERO)	CSL08240
	CONE = DCMPLX(ONE, ZERO)	CSL08250
	IERR = 0	CSL08260
	IF (N.EQ.1) GO TO 160	CSL08270
C		CSL08280
	DO 10 I = 2, N	CSL08290
10	E(I-1) = E(I)	CSL08300
	E(N) = CZERO	CSL08310
C		CSL08320
	DO 140 L = 1, N	CSL08330
	J = 0	CSL08340
C		CSL08350
C	DETERMINE FIRST NEGLIGIBLE SUBDIAGONAL ELEMENT IF ANY	CSL08360
20	DO 30 M = L, N	CSL08370
	IF (M.EQ.N) GO TO 40	CSL08380
	TEMP = CDABS(D(M)) + CDABS(D(M+1))	CSL08390
	IF (CDABS(E(M)).LE.TEMP*MACHEP) GO TO 40	CSL08400
30	CONTINUE	CSL08410
C		CSL08420
40	P = D(L)	CSL08430
C		CSL08440
	IF (M.EQ.L) GO TO 100	CSL08450
	IF (J.EQ.100) GO TO 150	CSL08460
	J = J+1	CSL08470
C		CSL08480
C	FORM SHIFT AS EIGENVALUE OF (L, L+1) 2X2 CLOSEST TO D(L)	CSL08490
	G = (D(L+1) - P)*HALF	CSL08500
	T0 = CDABS(G)	CSL08510
	T1 = CDABS(E(L))	CSL08520
	IF (T0.GT.T1) GO TO 50	CSL08530
	W = G/E(L)	CSL08540
	R = CDSQRT(CONE + W**2)	CSL08550
	T0 = CDABS(W + R)	CSL08560
	T1 = CDABS(W - R)	CSL08570
	TEMP = ONE	CSL08580
	IF (T1.GT.T0) TEMP = -ONE	CSL08590
	G = D(M) - P + E(L)/(W + TEMP*R)	CSL08600
	GO TO 60	CSL08610
50	CONTINUE	CSL08620
	W = E(L)/G	CSL08630
	R = CDSQRT(CONE + W**2)	CSL08640
	T0 = CDABS(CONE + R)	CSL08650
	T1 = CDABS(CONE - R)	CSL08660
	TEMP = ONE	CSL08670
	IF (T1.GT.T0) TEMP = -ONE	CSL08680


```

90 CONTINUE                                CSL09240
C      END OF I LOOP                        CSL09250
C                                           CSL09260
C      UPDATE PARAMETERS FOR I = L CASE    CSL09270
      D(L) = D(L) - P                        CSL09280
      E(L) = G                             CSL09290
      E(M) = CZERO                         CSL09300
      GO TO 20                             CSL09310
C                                           CSL09320
C      ORDER EIGENVALUES  P = D(L)         CSL09330
100 IF (L.EQ.1) GO TO 120                  CSL09340
      DO 110 II = 2,L                      CSL09350
        I = L+2-II                         CSL09360
        IF (CDABS(P).GE.CDABS(D(I-1))) GO TO 130 CSL09370
        D(I) = D(I-1)                     CSL09380
110 CONTINUE                              CSL09390
C                                           CSL09400
120 I = 1                                  CSL09410
C                                           CSL09420
130 D(I) = P                               CSL09430
C                                           CSL09440
140 CONTINUE                              CSL09450
      GO TO 160                             CSL09460
C                                           CSL09470
150 IERR = L                              CSL09480
C-----END OF CMTQL1-----CSL09490
160 RETURN                                CSL09500
      END                                  CSL09510
C                                           CSL09520
C-----COMGAP-----CSL09530
C                                           CSL09540
      SUBROUTINE COMGAP(VC,VA,GG,MP,IND,M,IGAP,ITAG) CSL09550
C                                           CSL09560
C-----CSL09570
      COMPLEX*16 VC(1),Z                    CSL09580
      DOUBLE PRECISION VA(1),TO,T1,TU,TK    CSL09590
      REAL GG(1),GTEMP                      CSL09600
      INTEGER MP(1),IND(1)                  CSL09610
      REAL ABS                              CSL09620
      DOUBLE PRECISION CDABS                 CSL09630
C-----CSL09640
C      IF IGAP = 0 WE DO NOT ORDER EIGENVALUES BY INCREASING GAP SIZE CSL09650
C      AND WE DO NOT WRITE GAP OUTPUT TO FILE 12 CSL09660
C                                           CSL09670
C      VA(K) = |VC(K)|  VA(K) <= VA(K+1)    CSL09680
C      GG(K) = MIN |VC(K)-VC(J)|  J .NE. K.  CSL09690
C-----CSL09700
      TU = VA(M) + VA(M)                    CSL09710
      K = 0                                  CSL09720
10 K = K+1                                  CSL09730
      IF (K.GT.M) GO TO 60                  CSL09740
      INDEX = 0                             CSL09750
      T1 = TU                               CSL09760
      TK = VA(K)                            CSL09770
      Z = VC(K)                             CSL09780

```

```

      J = K                                CSL09790
C      BACKWARDS                            CSL09800
20    J = J-1                              CSL09810
      IF (J.LT.1) GO TO 30                 CSL09820
      TO = TK - VA(J)                     CSL09830
      IF (TO.GT.T1) GO TO 30              CSL09840
      TO = CDABS(Z - VC(J))               CSL09850
      IF (T1.LE.TO) GO TO 20              CSL09860
      T1 = TO                             CSL09870
      INDEX = J                           CSL09880
      GO TO 20                             CSL09890
C      FORWARDS                            CSL09900
30    J = K                                CSL09910
40    J = J+1                              CSL09920
      IF (J.GT.M) GO TO 50                 CSL09930
      TO = VA(J) - TK                     CSL09940
      IF (TO.GT.T1) GO TO 50              CSL09950
      TO = CDABS(Z - VC(J))               CSL09960
      IF (T1.LE.TO) GO TO 40              CSL09970
      T1 = TO                             CSL09980
      INDEX = J                           CSL09990
      GO TO 40                             CSL10000
50    IND(K) = INDEX                       CSL10010
      GG(K) = T1                           CSL10020
      IF(ITAG.EQ.0) GO TO 10              CSL10030
      IF(MP(INDEX).EQ.0) GG(K) = -GG(K)   CSL10040
      GO TO 10                             CSL10050
C                                           CSL10060
60    CONTINUE                            CSL10070
      IF (IGAP.EQ.0) GO TO 140            CSL10080
C                                           CSL10090
C      WRITE(12,70)                        CSL10100
70    FORMAT(' MINGAPS FOR GOOD T-EIGENVALUES'/
      1 1X,'EVNUM',1X,'NEIGH',15X,'R(EV)',15X,'I(EV)',4X,'MINGAP') CSL10110
C      WRITE(12,80) (K,IND(K),VC(K),GG(K), K = 1,M) CSL10120
80    FORMAT(2I6,2E20.12,E10.3)          CSL10130
C                                           CSL10140
C                                           CSL10150
C      ORDER VC G BY INCREASING MINGAP SIZE CSL10160
      DO 90 J = 1,M                       CSL10170
      IND(J) = J                           CSL10180
90    CONTINUE                            CSL10190
C                                           CSL10200
      DO 110 K = 2,M                       CSL10210
      KM1 = K-1                           CSL10220
      DO 100 L = 1,KM1                     CSL10230
      KK = K-L                             CSL10240
      KP1 = KK+1                           CSL10250
      IF (ABS(GG(KP1)).GE.ABS(GG(KK))) GO TO 110 CSL10260
      Z = VC(KK)                           CSL10270
      VC(KK) = VC(KP1)                     CSL10280
      VC(KP1) = Z                           CSL10290
      GTEMP = GG(KK)                       CSL10300
      GG(KK) = GG(KP1)                     CSL10310
      GG(KP1) = GTEMP                       CSL10320
      ITEMP = IND(KK)                       CSL10330

```

IND(KK) = IND(KP1)	CSL10340
IND(KP1) = ITEMP	CSL10350
100 CONTINUE	CSL10360
110 CONTINUE	CSL10370
C	CSL10380
C WRITE(12,120)	CSL10390
120 FORMAT(' T-EIGENVALUES ORDERED BY INCREASING MINGAP' /	CSL10400
1 1X, 'GAPNUM', 1X, 'EVNUM', 15X, 'R(EV)', 15X, 'I(EV)', 4X, 'MINGAP')	CSL10410
C	CSL10420
C WRITE(12,130) (K,IND(K),VC(K),GG(K), K = 1,M)	CSL10430
130 FORMAT(I7,I6,2E20.12,E10.3)	CSL10440
C	CSL10450
140 CONTINUE	CSL10460
C-----END OF COMGAP-----	CSL10470
RETURN	CSL10480
END	CSL10490
C	CSL10500
C-----START OF INVERM FOR TRIDIAGONAL COMPLEX SYMMETRIC MATRICES-----	CSL10510
C	CSL10520
SUBROUTINE INVERM(ALPHA,BETA,V1,V2,X1,ERROR,ERRORV,EPS,GR,GC,	CSL10530
1INTERC,MEV,IT,IWRITE)	CSL10540
C	CSL10550
C-----	CSL10560
COMPLEX*16 ALPHA(1),BETA(1),V1(1),V2(1)	CSL10570
COMPLEX*16 X1,U,Z,TEMP,RATIO,BETAM,ZEROC	CSL10580
DOUBLE PRECISION SUM,XU,NORM,TSUM,GSUM	CSL10590
DOUBLE PRECISION EPS,EPS3,EPS4,ERROR,ERRORV,ZERO,ONE	CSL10600
DOUBLE PRECISION GR(1),GC(1)	CSL10610
INTEGER INTERC(1)	CSL10620
DOUBLE PRECISION DABS, DSQRT, DFLOAT, CDABS	CSL10630
C COMPLEX*16 DCMPLX	CSL10640
C-----	CSL10650
C	CSL10660
C COMPUTES T-EIGENVECTORS FOR ISOLATED GOOD T-EIGENVALUES X1	CSL10670
C USING INVERSE ITERATION ON T(1,MEV(X1)) SOLVING EQUATION	CSL10680
C (T - X1*I)V2 = RIGHT-HAND SIDE (RANDOMLY-GENERATED) .	CSL10690
C PROGRAM REFACTORS T- X1*I ON EACH ITERATION OF INVERSE ITERATION.	CSL10700
C TYPICALLY ONLY ONE ITERATION IS NEEDED PER T-EIGENVALUE X1.	CSL10710
C	CSL10720
C IF IWRITE = 1 THEN THERE ARE EXTENDED WRITES TO FILE 6 (TERMINAL)	CSL10730
C	CSL10740
C ON ENTRY G CONTAINS A REAL*4 RANDOM VECTOR WHICH WAS GENERATED	CSL10750
C IN MAIN PROGRAM.	CSL10760
C	CSL10770
C ON ENTRY AND EXIT	CSL10780
C MEV = ORDER OF T	CSL10790
C ALPHA, BETA CONTAIN THE DIAGONAL AND OFFDIAGONAL ENTRIES OF T.	CSL10800
C EPS = 2. * MACHINE EPSILON	CSL10810
C	CSL10820
C IN PROGRAM:	CSL10830
C ITER = MAXIMUM NUMBER STEPS ALLOWED FOR INVERSE ITERATION	CSL10840
C ITER = IT ON ENTRY.	CSL10850
C V1,V2 = WORK SPACES USED IN THE FACTORIZATION OF T(1,MEV).	CSL10860
C V1 AND V2 MUST BE OF DIMENSION AT LEAST MEV.	CSL10870
C	CSL10880

```

C      ON EXIT                                                    CSL10890
C      V2 = THE UNIT EIGENVECTOR OF T(1,MEV) CORRESPONDING TO X1.  CSL10900
C      ERROR = |V2(MEV)| = ERROR ESTIMATE FOR CORRESPONDING      CSL10910
C              RITZ VECTOR FOR X1.                                CSL10920
C                                                                  CSL10930
C      ERRORV = || T*V2 - X1*V2 || = ERROR ESTIMATE ON T-EIGENVECTOR.  CSL10940
C      IF IT.GT.ITER THEN ERRORV = -ERRORV                        CSL10950
C      IT = NUMBER OF ITERATIONS ACTUALLY REQUIRED                 CSL10960
C-----CSL10970
C      INITIALIZATION AND PARAMETER SPECIFICATION                 CSL10980
C      ONE = 1.0DO                                                CSL10990
C      ZERO = 0.0DO                                               CSL11000
C      ZEROC = DCMPLX(ZERO,ZERO)                                   CSL11010
C      ITER = IT                                                  CSL11020
C      MP1 = MEV+1                                                CSL11030
C      MM1 = MEV-1                                                CSL11040
C      BETAM = BETA(MP1)                                          CSL11050
C      BETA(MP1) = ZEROC                                          CSL11060
C                                                                  CSL11070
C      CALCULATE SCALE AND TOLERANCES                             CSL11080
C      TSUM = CDABS(ALPHA(1))                                     CSL11090
C      DO 10 I = 2,MEV                                           CSL11100
10  TSUM = TSUM + CDABS(ALPHA(I)) + CDABS(BETA(I))                 CSL11110
C                                                                  CSL11120
C      EPS3 = EPS*TSUM                                           CSL11130
C      EPS4 = DFLOAT(MEV)*EPS3                                   CSL11140
C                                                                  CSL11150
C      GENERATE SCALED RANDOM RIGHT-HAND SIDE                     CSL11160
C      GSUM = ZERO                                               CSL11170
C      DO 20 I = 1,MEV                                           CSL11180
20  GSUM = GSUM + DABS(GR(I)) + DABS(GC(I))                         CSL11190
C      GSUM = EPS4/GSUM                                          CSL11200
C                                                                  CSL11210
C      INITIALIZE RIGHT HAND SIDE FOR INVERSE ITERATION          CSL11220
C      DO 30 I = 1,MEV                                           CSL11230
C      INTERC(I) = 0                                             CSL11240
30  V2(I) = GSUM*DCMPLX(GR(I),GC(I))                               CSL11250
C      IT = 1                                                    CSL11260
C                                                                  CSL11270
C      CALCULATE UNIT EIGENVECTOR OF T(1,MEV) FOR ISOLATED GOOD  CSL11280
C      T-EIGENVALUE X1.                                          CSL11290
C                                                                  CSL11300
C      TRIANGULAR FACTORIZATION WITH NEAREST NEIGHBOR PIVOT     CSL11310
C      STRATEGY. INTERCHANGES ARE LABELLED BY SETTING INTERC(I)=0  CSL11320
C                                                                  CSL11330
40  CONTINUE                                                      CSL11340
C      U = ALPHA(1)-X1                                           CSL11350
C      Z = BETA(2)                                                CSL11360
C                                                                  CSL11370
C      DO 60 I=2,MEV                                             CSL11380
C      IF (CDABS(BETA(I)).GT.CDABS(U)) GO TO 50                  CSL11390
C      NO PIVOT INTERCHANGE                                       CSL11400
C      V1(I-1) = Z/U                                             CSL11410
C      V2(I-1) = V2(I-1)/U                                       CSL11420
C      V2(I) = V2(I)-BETA(I)*V2(I-1)                             CSL11430

```

```

        RATIO = BETA(I)/U                                CSL11440
        U = ALPHA(I)-X1-Z*RATIO                          CSL11450
        Z = BETA(I+1)                                    CSL11460
        GO TO 60                                          CSL11470
C      PIVOT INTERCHANGE                                CSL11480
50    CONTINUE                                           CSL11490
        RATIO = U/BETA(I)                                CSL11500
        INTERC(I) = 1                                    CSL11510
        V1(I-1) = ALPHA(I)-X1                            CSL11520
        U = Z-RATIO*V1(I-1)                              CSL11530
        Z = -RATIO*BETA(I+1)                             CSL11540
        TEMP = V2(I-1)                                    CSL11550
        V2(I-1) = V2(I)                                  CSL11560
        V2(I) = TEMP-RATIO*V2(I)                         CSL11570
60    CONTINUE                                           CSL11580
C                                                        CSL11590
        IF (CDABS(U).EQ.ZERO) U= DCMPLX(EPS3,EPS3)       CSL11600
C                                                        CSL11610
C      SMALLNESS TEST AND DEFAULT VALUE FOR LAST COMPONENT CSL11620
C      PIVOT(I-1) = |BETA(I)| FOR INTERCHANGE CASE      CSL11630
C      (I-1,I+1) ELEMENT IN RIGHT FACTOR = BETA(I+1)    CSL11640
C      END OF FACTORIZATION AND FORWARD SUBSTITUTION    CSL11650
C                                                        CSL11660
C      BACK SUBSTITUTION                                CSL11670
        V2(MEV) = V2(MEV)/U                              CSL11680
        DO 80 II = 1,MM1                                  CSL11690
            I = MEV-II                                    CSL11700
            IF (INTERC(I+1).EQ.1) GO TO 70                CSL11710
C      NO PIVOT INTERCHANGE                              CSL11720
        V2(I) = V2(I)-V1(I)*V2(I+1)                      CSL11730
        GO TO 80                                          CSL11740
C      PIVOT INTERCHANGE                                CSL11750
70    V2(I) = (V2(I)-V1(I)*V2(I+1)-BETA(I+2)*V2(I+2))/BETA(I+1) CSL11760
80    CONTINUE                                           CSL11770
C                                                        CSL11780
C                                                        CSL11790
C      TESTS FOR CONVERGENCE OF INVERSE ITERATION      CSL11800
C      IF SUM |V2| COMPS. LE. 1 AND IT. LE. ITER DO ANOTHER INVIT STEP CSL11810
C                                                        CSL11820
        NORM = CDABS(V2(MEV))                             CSL11830
        DO 90 II = 1,MM1                                  CSL11840
            I = MEV-II                                    CSL11850
90    NORM = NORM+CDABS(V2(I))                           CSL11860
C                                                        CSL11870
C      IS DESIRED GROWTH IN VECTOR ACHIEVED ?           CSL11880
C      IF NOT, DO ANOTHER INVERSE ITERATION STEP UNLESS NUMBER ALLOWED ISCSL11890
C      EXCEEDED.                                         CSL11900
        IF (NORM.GE.ONE) GO TO 110                        CSL11910
C                                                        CSL11920
        IT=IT+1                                           CSL11930
        IF (IT.GT.ITER) GO TO 110                        CSL11940
C                                                        CSL11950
        XU = EPS4/NORM                                    CSL11960
        DO 100 I=1,MEV                                    CSL11970
            INTERC(I) = 0                                  CSL11980

```


SUBROUTINE INPRDC(V2,V1,SUMC,N)	CSL12540
C	CSL12550
C-----	CSL12560
DOUBLE PRECISION ZERO	CSL12570
COMPLEX*16 V2(1),V1(1),SUMC	CSL12580
C-----	CSL12590
C	CSL12600
ZERO = 0.DO	CSL12610
SUMC = DCMPLX(ZERO,ZERO)	CSL12620
DO 10 J=1,N	CSL12630
10 SUMC = SUMC + V2(J)*V1(J)	CSL12640
C	CSL12650
RETURN	CSL12660
C-----END OF EUCLIDEAN INNER PRODUCT SUBROUTINE-----	CSL12670
END	CSL12680
C	CSL12690
C-----START OF HERMITIAN INNER PRODUCT ROUTINE-----	CSL12700
C COMPLEX INNER PRODUCT	CSL12710
C	CSL12720
SUBROUTINE CINPRD(V2,V1,SUM,N)	CSL12730
C-----	CSL12740
DOUBLE PRECISION ZERO,SUM	CSL12750
COMPLEX*16 V2(1),V1(1),SUMC	CSL12760
C-----	CSL12770
C COMPUTES THE INNER PRODUCT OF THE CONJUGATE OF V2 WITH V1.	CSL12780
ZERO = 0.DO	CSL12790
SUMC = DCMPLX(ZERO,ZERO)	CSL12800
DO 10 J=1,N	CSL12810
10 SUMC = SUMC + DCONJG(V2(J))*V1(J)	CSL12820
SUM = DREAL(SUMC)	CSL12830
C	CSL12840
RETURN	CSL12850
C-----END OF COMPLEX INNER PRODUCT SUBROUTINE-----	CSL12860
END	CSL12870

7.7 CSLEVAL: CSLEVEC: File Definitions, Sample Input Files

Below is a listing of the input/output files which are accessed by the complex symmetric Lanczos eigenvalue program, CSLEVAL. Included also is a sample of the input file which CSLEVAL requires on file 5. The parameters in this file are supplied in free format. File 8 contains the data for the $n \times n$ complex symmetric matrix A .

CSLEVAL computes eigenvalues of diagonalizable complex symmetric matrices.

Sample Specifications of Input/Output Files for CSLEVAL

```
-----
CSLEVAL EXEC LANCZOS EIGENVALUE CALCULATION COMPLEX SYMMETRIC CASE
FI 06 TERM
FILEDEF 1 DISK &1      NHISTORY  A (RECFM F LRECL 80 BLOCK 80
FILEDEF 2 DISK &1      HISTORY   A (RECFM F LRECL 80 BLOCK 80
FILEDEF 3 DISK &1      GOODEV    A (RECFM F LRECL 80 BLOCK 80
FILEDEF 4 DISK &1      ERRINV    A (RECFM F LRECL 80 BLOCK 80
FILEDEF 5 DISK CSLEVAL  INPUT     A (RECFM F LRECL 80 BLOCK 80
FILEDEF 8 DISK &1      INPUT     A (RECFM F LRECL 80 BLOCK 80
FILEDEF 10 DISK &1     T-T2EVAL  A (RECFM F LRECL 80 BLOCK 80
FILEDEF 11 DISK &1     DISTINCT  A (RECFM F LRECL 80 BLOCK 80
LOAD  CSLEVAL  CSLESUB  CSLEMULT
-----
```

Sample Input File for CSLEVAL

```
-----
CSLEVAL INPUT LANCZOS EIGENVALUE COMPUTATION, NO REORTHOGONALIZATION
OF A NONDEFECTIVE COMPLEX SYMMETRIC MATRIX.
LINE 1      N      KMAX      NMEVS      MATNO
           528      792      1      528
LINE 2      SVSEED      RHSEED      MXINIT
           49302312      5731029      5
LINE 3      ISTART      ISTOP
           0      1
LINE 4      IHIS  IDIST  SAVTEV  IWRITE (SAVE HIST.,DISTINCT EV,TEV,WRITE
           1      0      1      1
LINE 5      RELTOL (RELATIVE TOLERANCE IN 'COMBINING' GOODEV)
           .0000000001
LINE 6      MB(1)  MB(2)  MB(3)  MB(4)  (ORDERS OF T(1,MEV) )
           528
C      NOTE THAT WHEN READING IN PREVIOUSLY COMPUTED EIGENVALUES
C      THE VALUE OF MB(1) MUST BE EQUAL TO THE SIZE AT WHICH
C      THOSE EIGENVALUES WERE COMPUTED AND KMAX MUST BE LISTED AS
C      LARGER THAN MB(1).
-----
```


Below is a listing of the input/output files which are accessed by the complex symmetric Lanczos eigenvector program, CSLEVEC. Included also is a sample of the input file which CSLEVEC requires on file 5. The parameters in this file are supplied in free format.

File 8 contains the data for the $n \times n$ complex symmetric matrix A . CSLEVEC computes eigenvectors for each of a user-specified subset of the eigenvalues computed by the companion program CSLEVAL.

Sample Specifications of the Input/Output Files for CSLEVEC

```
-----
CSLEVEC EXEC LANCZOS EIGENVECTOR PROGRAM COMPLEX SYMMETRIC CASE
FI 06 TERM
FILEDEF 2 DISK &1      HISTORY  A (RECFM F LRECL 80 BLOCK 80
FILEDEF 3 DISK &1      GOODEV   A (RECFM F LRECL 80 BLOCK 80
FILEDEF 4 DISK &1      ERRINV   A (RECFM F LRECL 80 BLOCK 80
FILEDEF 5 DISK CSLEVEC INPUT    A (RECFM F LRECL 80 BLOCK 80
FILEDEF 8 DISK &1      INPUT    A (RECFM F LRECL 80 BLOCK 80
FILEDEF 9 DISK &1      ERREST   A (RECFM F LRECL 80 BLOCK 80
FILEDEF 10 DISK &1     BOUNDS   A (RECFM F LRECL 80 BLOCK 80
FILEDEF 11 DISK &1     TEIGVECS A (RECFM F LRECL 80 BLOCK 80
FILEDEF 12 DISK &1     RITZVECS A (RECFM F LRECL 80 BLOCK 80
FILEDEF 13 DISK &1     PAIGE    A (RECFM F LRECL 80 BLOCK 80
LOAD CSLEVEC CSLESUB CSLEMULT
-----
```

Sample Input File for CSLEVEC

```
-----
CSLEVEC EIGENVECTORS COMPLEX SYMMETRIC CASE NO REORTHOGONALIZATION
LINE 1 MDIMTV MDIMRV MBETA (MAX.DIMENSIONS,TVEC,RITVEC AND BETA
      10000 10000 2000
LINE 2 RELTOL
      .0000000001
LINE 3 MBOUND NTVCON SVTVEC IREAD (FLAGS
      0 1 0 1
LINE 4 TVSTOP LVCONT ERCONT IWRITE (FLAGS
      0 1 1 1
LINE 5 RHSEED (RANDOM GENERATOR SEED FOR STARTING VECTOR IN INVERM)
      45329517
LINE 6 MATNO N
      100 100
-----
```


Chapter 8

Real Symmetric Matrices, Block Lanczos Code

8.1 Introduction

The FORTRAN codes in this chapter address the question of using an iterative 'block' Lanczos procedure to compute a 'few' extreme eigenvalues and a basis for the corresponding invariant subspace of a given real symmetric matrix A . An eigenvalue is extreme if it is one of the algebraically-smallest or the algebraically-largest eigenvalues.

For a given real symmetric matrix A , these codes compute the q algebraically-largest eigenvalues, $\lambda_i, 1 \leq i \leq q$, of A and corresponding orthonormal real vectors $X_q \equiv (x_1, \dots, x_q)$ such that

$$AX_q = X_q A_q, \quad A_q \equiv X_q^T A X_q. \quad (8.1.1)$$

Typically, $A_q = \Lambda_q$, a diagonal matrix whose nonzero entries are the eigenvalues λ_i . The number q is small and specified by the user.

Real symmetric matrices are discussed in detail in Stewart [24]. See Section 2.1 for a brief summary of the properties of real symmetric matrices which we use. The Lanczos procedure included in this chapter is not a true block Lanczos procedure. It is a hybrid Lanczos algorithm which combines ideas from the iterative block Lanczos procedures such as the one in Cullum and Donath [4, 3] and from the single-vector Lanczos procedure given in Chapter 2.

Several differences between the single-vector Lanczos codes in Chapters 2 through Chapter 7 and the iterative 'block' Lanczos codes should be stated explicitly. The single-vector Lanczos codes do not have the capability of directly computing the A -multiplicities of the computed eigenvalues. The 'block' procedures however, will determine the true A -multiplicity of a given computed eigenvalue and compute a complete invariant subspace for such an eigenvalue, as long as the number of Lanczos vectors in the first block is large enough. In order to determine A -multiplicities the single-vector codes have to do additional computation. In some cases these multiplicities and a basis for the required eigenspace can be determined without too much additional computation. This is true for example, whenever the desired eigenvalues replicate readily during the single-vector Lanczos computations.

The single-vector Lanczos procedures in Chapters 2 through Chapter 7 function in two stages. First the eigenvalues of the matrix being considered are computed, and then a separate program is used to compute

the corresponding desired eigenvectors. The iterative 'block' Lanczos codes obtain approximations to the eigenvalues and to the eigenvectors simultaneously. Both types of codes are restartable from pre-existing computations. However, restarting has a different meaning for the two different types of codes. In the single-vector codes, restarting means computing a larger Lanczos T -matrix, starting from a pre-existing smaller one. The eigenvalue and eigenvector computations are then repeated on the larger T -matrix. In the iterative block procedures, restarting means using the current approximations to the eigenvectors (or more correctly to a basis for the desired eigenspace), to initiate another iteration of the 'block' Lanczos procedure.

The single-vector Lanczos procedures in Chapters 2 through 7 are iterative only in the sense that one may consider several Lanczos T -matrices of different sizes before achieving the desired convergence. However, the 'block' procedure presented here is genuinely iterative. On each iteration a block version of the Lanczos recursion is used to generate a sequence of blocks of Lanczos vectors, simultaneously generating a 'small' real symmetric Lanczos T -matrix. The eigenvalues and eigenvectors of this small Lanczos matrix are computed and mapped into approximating eigenvectors for the given matrix using the Lanczos vectors. These approximate eigenvectors then become the starting block of Lanczos vectors for the next iteration of the block Lanczos procedure. This 'block' procedure is described in detail in Section 7.5 of Chapter 7 in Volume 1.

As we said earlier, the 'block' procedure included here is a hybrid of the single-vector and of the basic iterative block Lanczos procedures. This procedure is based upon a modification of the following basic block version of the Lanczos recursion

$$Q_{j+1}B_{j+1} = AQ_j - Q_jA_j - Q_{j-1}B_j^T \equiv P_j \quad (8.1.2)$$

for $j = 1, 2, \dots, s$ where the coefficient matrices A_j and B_{j+1} are block analogs of the scalar coefficients in the single vector Lanczos recursion. In the standard block procedure,

$$A_j \equiv Q_j^T(AQ_j - Q_{j-1}B_j^T) \quad (8.1.3)$$

and each B_{j+1} is obtained by the Gram-Schmidt orthogonalization of the columns of P_j and $s \ll n$, the order of the given A -matrix. Our single-vector Lanczos procedures do not use any reorthogonalization at any point in the computations. However, in our block procedures we require near-orthogonality of the Q -blocks. This orthogonality is maintained by incorporating reorthogonalization of the blocks generated within a given iteration, with respect to certain vectors in the first Lanczos block.

The sequence of 'blocks' generated on each iteration of this hybrid procedure has the property that the first Q -block, Q_1 , contains at least as many vectors as the user is trying to compute. However, the second and succeeding blocks contain exactly one vector. The corresponding Lanczos T -matrices are not block tridiagonal. Each has a border of blocks occupying the first q rows and columns and is tridiagonal below these rows and columns.

The convergence of these procedures is monitored by the subroutine DIAGOM. Convergence requires reasonable gaps between the eigenvalues requested and the eigenvalues not being approximated by the block procedure. Typically, it is the ratio of these gaps to the spread, and the distribution of the A -eigenvalues over the A -spread which controls the rate of convergence. In particular, an iterative block Lanczos procedure may have difficulty with a matrix with evenly-distributed eigenvalues. Heuristics are incorporated which allow the number of vectors used in the first Lanczos block to vary. If the convergence stagnates the procedure will terminate to allow the user to intervene and reset the program parameters if desired.

BLEVAL, the main 'block' program for these real symmetric eigenelement computations, calls the subroutine LANCZS which on each iteration then calls the subroutine LANCII to generate a sequence of Q -blocks for that iteration. Subroutine LANCZS then calls the subroutine DIAGOM to diagonalize the

Lanczos T -matrix generated on that iteration and to compute the updated approximations to the desired eigenspace. Convergence is checked and if it has not occurred, another iteration of the block Lanczos procedure is carried out.

In this 'block' procedure there is no identification or 'spurious' test for the eigenvalues of the Lanczos T -matrix. Since near-orthogonality of the Lanczos blocks is maintained, the q algebraically-largest eigenvalues of the T -matrices are approximations to the q algebraically-largest eigenvalues of the A -matrix being used in the recursions. This statement however, is not true for the other eigenvalues of these T -matrices because the orthogonality maintained is only with respect to the eigenspace which goes with the first q eigenvalues. The accuracy of the computed eigenvalues and eigenvectors is estimated on each iteration as part of the process of computing the second block of Lanczos vectors.

All computations are in double precision real arithmetic. The user must supply a subroutine USPEC which defines and initializes the A -matrix and a subroutine BMATV which computes Ax for any specified vector x . The small T -matrix eigenvalue computations use two subroutines from the EISPACK Library [23, 8], TRED2 and IMTQL2. If the q algebraically-smallest eigenvalues are required, then the user must supply the programs with a subroutine which computes $-Ax$ rather than Ax . The user should refer to Chapter 7 in Volume 1 for more details on iterative block Lanczos procedures.

8.2 Documentation for the Codes in Chapters 8 and 9

```

C-----BLEVALHD-----BLE00010
C  Authors:  Jane Cullum* and Bill Donath**      BLE00020
C          **IBM Research, T.J. Watson Research Center  BLE00030
C          **Yorktown Heights, N.Y. 10598            BLE00040
C          * Los Alamos National Laboratory          BLE00050
C          * Los Alamos, New Mexico 87544            BLE00060
C          E-mail:  cullumj@lanl.gov                  BLE00065
C                                                    BLE00070
C  These codes are copyrighted by the authors.  These codes  BLE00080
C  and modifications of them or portions of them are NOT to be  BLE00090
C  incorporated into any commercial codes or used for any other  BLE00100
C  commercial purposes such as consulting for other companies,  BLE00110
C  without legal agreements with the authors of these Codes.  BLE00120
C  If these Codes or portions of them are used in other scientific or  BLE00130
C  engineering research works the names of the authors of these codes  BLE00140
C  and appropriate references to their written work are to be  BLE00150
C  incorporated in the derivative works.              BLE00160
C                                                    BLE00170
C  This header is not to be removed from these codes.      BLE00180
C                                                        BLE00190
C                                                        BLE00200
C  DOCUMENTATION BLOCK LANCZOS EIGENVALUE/EIGENVECTOR PROGRAMS  BLE00210
C  (1) REAL SYMMETRIC MATRICES                        BLE00220
C  (2) FACTORED INVERSES OF REAL SYMMETRIC MATRICES  BLE00230
C                                                    BLE00240
C-----BLE00250
C          REFERENCE: Cullum and Willoughby, Chapter 7,      BLE00260
C          Lanczos Algorithms for Large Symmetric Eigenvalue ComputationsBLE00270
C          VOL. 1 Theory. Republished as Volume 41 in SIAM CLASSICS in  BLE00280
C          Applied Mathematics, 2002. SIAM Publications,      BLE00290
C          Philadelphia, PA. USA                              BLE00290
C                                                        BLE00300
C                                                        BLE00310
C                                                        BLE00320
C-----BLE00330
C                                                    BLE00340
C          REAL SYMMETRIC MATRICES:                        BLE00350
C                                                        BLE00360
C          GIVEN A REAL SYMMETRIC MATRIX A THE FILES BLEVAL, BLSUB AND  BLE00370
C          BLMULT CAN BE USED TO COMPUTE A FEW EXTREME EIGENVALUES  BLE00380
C          OF A, THAT IS THE ALGEBRAICALLY-LARGEST OR THE ALGEBRAICALLY-  BLE00390
C          SMALLEST EIGENVALUES, AND A BASIS FOR THE CORRESPONDING  BLE00400
C          EIGENSPACE.                                       BLE00410
C                                                        BLE00420
C          FACTORED INVERSES OF REAL SYMMETRIC MATRICES:  BLE00430
C                                                        BLE00440
C          GIVEN A REAL SYMMETRIC MATRIX A, THE BLOCK PROCEDURE  BLE00450
C          CAN BE APPLIED TO AN ASSOCIATED B-MATRIX WHICH IS A  BLE00460
C          SCALED, SHIFTED AND PERMUTED VERSION OF A.  THAT IS,  BLE00470
C           $B = SO * P * A * P' + SHIFT * I$  WHERE THE SCALE SO AND THE SHIFT  BLE00480
C          ARE CHOSEN BY THE USER TO PLACE THE DESIRED EIGENVALUES  BLE00490
C          AT THE EXTREME OF THE SPECTRUM OF B-INVERSE, AND THE  BLE00500

```

C PERMUTATION P IS CHOSEN SO THAT THE SPARSITY OF THE A-MATRIX BLE00510
 C IS PRESERVED IN THE SPARSITY OF THE FACTORIZATION OF B. BLE00520
 C THE INVERSE BLOCK PROCEDURE REQUIRES A SUBROUTINE BLSOLV BLE00530
 C THAT FOR A GIVEN VECTOR U, COMPUTES THE VECTOR V SUCH THAT BLE00540
 C $B \cdot V = U$, USING THE FACTORIZATION OF B. THE SAMPLE BLSOLV BLE00550
 C SUBROUTINE PROVIDED ASSUMES THAT THE B-MATRIX IS POSITIVE BLE00560
 C DEFINITE AND THAT THE CHOLSKY FACTORS OF B ARE SUPPLIED BLE00570
 C ON FILE 7. HOWEVER, THE USER MAY REPLACE THIS SUBROUTINE BLE00580
 C BY ONE THAT COMPUTES A MORE GENERAL FACTORIZATION BLE00590
 C $L \cdot D \cdot (L - \text{TRANSPOSE})$ FOR AN INDEFINITE SYMMETRIC MATRIX. BLE00600
 C THE BLOCK PROCEDURE USED IN THIS FASHION USES THE FILES BLE00610
 C BLIEVAL, BLIMULT AND BLSUB. BLE00620
 C BLE00630
 C BLE00640
 C ALGORITHM: BLE00650
 C THESE PROGRAMS USE A BLOCK FORM OF LANCZOS TRIDIAGONALIZATION BLE00660
 C WITH REORTHOGONALIZATION ONLY WITH RESPECT TO VECTORS BLE00670
 C IN THE 1ST Q-BLOCK. THE PROCEDURES ARE ITERATIVE, GENERATING BLE00680
 C ON EACH ITERATION A SMALL SYMMETRIC LANCZOS MATRIX, T. BLE00690
 C THE EIGENVALUES AND EIGENVECTORS OF THE SMALL MATRIX ARE BLE00700
 C COMPUTED USING SUBROUTINES FROM THE EISPACK LIBRARY. BLE00710
 C THE RELEVANT SUBSET OF THE T-EIGENVECTORS IS THEN MAPPED BLE00720
 C INTO THE LARGE N-SPACE CORRESPONDING TO THE MATRIX BEING BLE00730
 C USED BY THE LANCZS SUBROUTINE, CONVERGENCE IS CHECKED, BLE00740
 C AND IF CONVERGENCE OF THE DESIRED EIGENVALUES AND BLE00750
 C EIGENVECTORS HAS NOT YET OCCURRED, THEN THE CURRENT BLE00760
 C APPROXIMATIONS TO THE DESIRED EIGENSPACE ARE USED AS BLE00770
 C STARTING VECTORS FOR THE NEXT ITERATION OF BLOCK LANCZOS. BLE00780
 C BLE00790
 C USERS SHOULD NOTE THAT TYPICALLY IN THE BLOCK LANCZOS BLE00800
 C PROCEDURES, IT IS THE RATIO OF THE GAPS TO THE SPREAD THAT BLE00810
 C CONTROLS THE CONVERGENCE ALONG WITH HOW THE EIGENVALUES BLE00820
 C ARE DISTRIBUTED OVER THAT SPREAD. THE BIGGER THE GAPS BLE00830
 C BETWEEN THE ONES BEING COMPUTED AND THE CLOSEST ONES NOT BLE00840
 C BEING COMPUTED AND THE WEAKER THE SPREAD, THE FASTER THE BLE00850
 C CONVERGENCE WILL BE. WITHOUT DECENT GAPS THIS PROCEDURE BLE00860
 C WILL NOT CONVERGE. THE PROGRAMS CONTAIN CHECKS ON BLE00870
 C THE ACTUAL RATE OF CONVERGENCE WHICH WILL CAUSE THE BLE00880
 C PROCEDURE TO TERMINATE IF CONVERGENCE IS NOT OCCURRING BLE00890
 C SUFFICIENTLY RAPIDLY. THE USER MAY THEN CHANGE EITHER OR BLE00900
 C BOTH THE MAXIMUM SIZE T-MATRIX ALLOWED AND THE NUMBER BLE00910
 C OF VECTORS IN THE FIRST Q-BLOCK AND RERUN THE PROCEDURE BLE00920
 C WITH THE CURRENT APPROXIMATION TO THE DESIRED EIGENSPACE BLE00930
 C AS THE STARTING BLOCK OF VECTORS. BLE00940
 C BLE00950
 C BLE00960
 C THE IDEAS USED IN THESE PROGRAMS ARE DISCUSSED IN THE FOLLOWING BLE00970
 C REFERENCES. BLE00980
 C BLE00990
 C 1. JANE CULLUM AND RALPH A. WILLOUGHBY, LANCZOS ALGORITHMS BLE01000
 C FOR LARGE SYMMETRIC MATRICES, PROGRESS IN BLE01010
 C SCIENTIFIC COMPUTING, EDITORS, G. GOLUB, H.O. KREISS, BLE01020
 C S. ARBARBANEL, AND R. GLOWINSKI, BIRKHAUSER BOSTON INC., BLE01030
 C CAMBRIDGE, MASSACHUSETTS, 1984. BLE01040
 C BLE01050

C	2. JANE CULLUM AND W.E. DONATH, A BLOCK LANCZOS ALGORITHM	BLE01060
C	FOR COMPUTING THE Q ALGEBRAICALLY-LARGEST EIGENVALUES AND	BLE01070
C	A CORRESPONDING EIGENSPACE OF LARGE, SPARSE REAL SYMMETRIC	BLE01080
C	MATRICES, PROCEEDINGS OF THE 1974 IEEE CONFERENCE ON	BLE01090
C	DECISION AND CONTROL, PHOENIX, ARIZONA, PP.505-509, NOVEMBER	BLE01100
C	1974.	BLE01110
C		BLE01120
C	3. JANE CULLUM, AN ACCELERATED 'BLOCK' LANCZOS ALGORITHM	BLE01130
C	FOR A FEW EXTREME EIGENVALUES OF A LARGE, SPARSE REAL	BLE01140
C	SYMMETRIC MATRIX. IBM REPORT 1983. PRESENTED AT THE	BLE01150
C	SPARSE MATRIX CONFERENCE, FAIRFIELD GLADE, TENNESSEE,	BLE01160
C	OCTOBER 1982.	BLE01170
C		BLE01180
C		BLE01190
C	-----PORTABILITY-----	BLE01200
C		BLE01210
C	PROGRAMS WERE TESTED FOR PORTABILITY USING THE PFORT VERIFIER.	BLE01220
C	FOR DETAILS OF THE VERIFIER SEE FOR EXAMPLE, B. G. RYDER AND	BLE01230
C	A. D. HALL, "THE PFORT VERIFIER", COMPUTING SCIENCE TECHNICAL	BLE01240
C	REPORT 12, BELL LABORATORIES, MURRAY HILL, NEW JERSEY 07974,	BLE01250
C	(REVISED), JANUARY 1981.	BLE01260
C		BLE01270
C	EXCEPT FOR THE FOLLOWING CONSTRUCTIONS WHICH CAN BE EASILY	BLE01280
C	MODIFIED BY THE USER TO MATCH THE PARTICULAR COMPUTER BEING	BLE01290
C	USED, THE PROGRAM STATEMENTS ARE PORTABLE.	BLE01300
C		BLE01310
C	NONPORTABLE STATEMENTS.	BLE01320
C		BLE01330
C	IN BLEVAL, BLIEVAL (MAIN PROGRAMS)	BLE01340
C	1. DATA/MACHEP STATEMENT	BLE01350
C	2. ALL READ(5,*) STATEMENTS (FREE FORMAT)	BLE01360
C	3. FORMAT(20A4) USED FOR THE EXPLANATORY HEADER ARRAY, EXPLAN	BLE01370
C	4. FORMAT(4Z20) WHICH CAN BE USED TO WRITE LARGE VECTOR	BLE01380
C	FILES	BLE01390
C	5. THE COMMON BLOCK: LOOPS.	BLE01400
C	IN BLMULT, BLIMULT	BLE01410
C	1. IN BMATV, BLSOLV, AND USPEC, THE ENTRIES WHICH	BLE01420
C	PASS THE STORAGE LOCATIONS OF THE ARRAYS DEFINING	BLE01430
C	THE USER-SPECIFIED MATRIX OR FACTORIZATION.	BLE01440
C	IN BLSUB	BLE01450
C	1. ALL STATEMENTS ARE PORTABLE EXCEPT THE ENTRY TO	BLE01460
C	SUBROUTINE LPERM WHICH PASSES THE PERMUTATION USED	BLE01470
C	TO OBTAIN THE B-MATRIX FROM SUBROUTINE USPEC.	BLE01480
C	SUBROUTINE LPERM IS USED ONLY IN CASE (2).	BLE01490
C		BLE01500
C		BLE01510
C	-----MATRIX SPECIFICATION-----	BLE01520
C		BLE01530
C	SUBROUTINE USPEC IS USED TO SPECIFY THE MATRIX WHICH THE BLOCK	BLE01540
C	LANCZOS PROCEDURE WILL USE. IN CASE (1) THIS IS THE USER-	BLE01550
C	SPECIFIED A-MATRIX. IN CASE (2) THE FACTORIZATION OF THE	BLE01560
C	ASSOCIATED B-MATRIX IS SPECIFIED. SUBROUTINE USPEC HAS THE	BLE01570
C	CALLING SEQUENCE	BLE01580
C		BLE01590
C	CALL USPEC(N,MATNO,NNZ,AVER)	BLE01600

C		BLE01610
C	WHERE N IS THE ORDER OF THE USER-SUPPLIED MATRIX A,	BLE01620
C	MATNO IS AN <= 8 DIGIT INTEGER USED AS A MATRIX AND	BLE01630
C	TEST IDENTIFICATION NUMBER, NNZ IS THE AVERAGE NUMBER	BLE01640
C	OF NONZERO ENTRIES IN EACH COLUMN, AND AVER IS THE	BLE01650
C	AVERAGE SIZE OF THE NONZERO ENTRIES IN THE MATRIX USED	BLE01660
C	BY LANCZS. NOTE THAT NNZ AND AVER ARE DEFINED AS DOUBLE	BLE01670
C	PRECISION SCALARS. THE MAIN PROGRAMS ASSUME THAT THEY	BLE01680
C	ARE COMPUTED IN USPEC. THE USPEC SUBROUTINE	BLE01690
C	DEFINES AND DIMENSIONS THE ARRAYS REQUIRED TO	BLE01700
C	SPECIFY THE MATRIX THAT WILL BE USED BY THE LANCZS	BLE01710
C	SUBROUTINE AND INITIALIZES THESE ARRAYS. THE STORAGE	BLE01720
C	LOCATIONS OF THESE ARRAYS ARE THEN PASSED TO THE	BLE01730
C	SUBROUTINE BMATV IN CASE (1) AND TO THE SUBROUTINE BSOLV	BLE01740
C	IN CASE (2). SAMPLE SUBROUTINES ARE INCLUDED FOR EACH	BLE01750
C	CASE. CASE (1) ASSUMES THAT THE A-MATRIX IS STORED ON	BLE01760
C	FILE 8. CASE (2) ASSUMES THAT THE FACTORIZATION OF THE	BLE01770
C	B-MATRIX IS STORED ON FILE 7.	BLE01780
C		BLE01790
C	IN CASE (1) :	BLE01800
C	BMATV IS THE SUBROUTINE USED BY THE LANCZS SUBROUTINE	BLE01810
C	THAT GENERATES THE LANCZOS T-MATRICES. SUBROUTINE	BLE01820
C	BMATV HAS THE CALLING SEQUENCE	BLE01830
C		BLE01840
C	CALL BMATV(W,U)	BLE01850
C		BLE01860
C	WHERE U AND W ARE DOUBLE PRECISION VECTORS. FOR A GIVEN	BLE01870
C	W, BMATV CALCULATES $U = A * W$ FOR THE USER-SPECIFIED MATRIX A.	BLE01880
C	A SAMPLE BMATV IS INCLUDED FOR AN ARBITRARY SPARSE,	BLE01890
C	SYMMETRIC A-MATRIX STORED IN THE SPARSE FORMAT SPECIFIED	BLE01900
C	IN THE CORRESPONDING SAMPLE USPEC SUBROUTINE.	BLE01910
C		BLE01920
C	IN CASE (2):	BLE01930
C	THE LANCZOS T-MATRICES ARE GENERATED USING SPARSE MATRIX	BLE01940
C	INVERSION, USING THE SUBROUTINE BLSOLV. THE CALLING	BLE01950
C	SEQUENCE OF BLSOLV IS	BLE01960
C		BLE01970
C	CALL BLSOLV(U,V)	BLE01980
C		BLE01990
C	WHERE U AND V ARE DOUBLE PRECISION VECTORS. FOR A GIVEN V,	BLE02000
C	BLSOLV COMPUTES $U = (B-INV) * V$ USING A SPARSE	BLE02010
C	FACTORIZATION OF THE B-MATRIX ASSOCIATED WITH THE USER-	BLE02020
C	SPECIFIED A-MATRIX.	BLE02030
C		BLE02040
C	THE FOLLOWING SPARSE MATRIX FORMAT IS USED TO STORE THE	BLE02050
C	MATRICES IN THE SAMPLE PROGRAMS:	BLE02060
C	ICOL(K), K = 1,NZL, NUMBER OF SUBDIAGONAL NONZEROS IN COLUMN K.	BLE02070
C	IROW(K), K = 1,NZS, ROW INDEX OF ASD(K).	BLE02080
C	AD(K), K=1,N, CONTAINS THE DIAGONAL ELEMENTS OF THE A-MATRIX.	BLE02090
C	ASD(K), K=1,NZS CONTAINS THE SUBDIAGONAL ELEMENTS OF A BY COLUMN.	BLE02100
C	NZS = NUMBER OF NONZERO ELEMENTS BELOW THE DIAGONAL OF A	BLE02110
C	NZL = INDEX OF LAST COLUMN WITH NONZERO SUBDIAGONAL ENTRIES	BLE02120
C	N = ORDER OF THE A-MATRIX.	BLE02130
C		BLE02140
C	IN CASE (1) THE A-MATRIX IS STORED IN THIS FORMAT ON FILE 8.	BLE02150

```

C      IN CASE (2), IN THE SAMPLE USPEC PROVIDED WHICH IS ONLY      BLE02160
C      FOR POSITIVE DEFINITE B-MATRICES, THE SPARSE CHOLESKY FACTOR BLE02170
C      OF B, L, IS STORED ON FILE 7 IN THE ABOVE SPARSE FORMAT      BLE02180
C      USING ARRAYS BD AND BSD.  IN CASE (2) THE OPTIONAL AUXILIARY  BLE02190
C      PROGRAMS PERMUT AND LORDER ALSO REQUIRE THE A-MATRIX;        BLE02200
C      HOWEVER, THE BLOCK LANCZOS PROCEDURE ONLY USES THE           BLE02210
C      FACTORIZATION OF THE B-MATRIX.                                BLE02220
C                                                                    BLE02230
C                                                                    BLE02240
C-----MACHEP-----BLE02250
C                                                                    BLE02260
C                                                                    BLE02270
C      MACHEP IS A MACHINE DEPENDENT PARAMETER SPECIFYING THE RELATIVE BLE02280
C      PRECISION OF THE FLOATING POINT ARITHMETIC USED.             BLE02290
C      MACHEP = 2.2 * 10**-16 FOR DOUBLE PRECISION ARITHMETIC ON    BLE02300
C      IBM 370-3081.                                                 BLE02310
C                                                                    BLE02320
C      THE USER WILL HAVE TO RESET THIS PARAMETER TO               BLE02330
C      THE CORRESPONDING VALUE FOR THE MACHINE BEING USED.  NOTE THAT BLE02340
C      IF A MACHINE WITH A MACHINE EPSILON THAT IS MUCH LARGER THAN THE BLE02350
C      VALUE GIVEN HERE IS BEING USED, THEN THERE COULD BE          BLE02360
C      PROBLEMS WITH THE TOLERANCES.                                 BLE02370
C                                                                    BLE02380
C                                                                    BLE02390
C-----SUBROUTINES AND FUNCTIONS USER MUST SUPPLY-----BLE02400
C                                                                    BLE02410
C                                                                    BLE02420
C      GENRAN, FINPRO, MASK, USPEC, AND                             BLE02430
C      CASE (1) BMATV: CASE (2) BLSOLV :                             BLE02440
C                                                                    BLE02450
C      GENRAN = COMPUTES K PSEUDO-RANDOM NUMBERS AND STORES THEM IN  BLE02460
C      THE REAL ARRAY, G.  THIS SUBROUTINE IS USED TO               BLE02470
C      GENERATE STARTING VECTORS FOR THE BLOCK LANCZOS               BLE02480
C      PROCEDURE.  CALLED FROM LANCZS SUBROUTINE.                   BLE02490
C      USER CAN SUPPLY STARTING VECTORS FOR THE BLOCK               BLE02500
C      PROCEDURES.  ANY ADDITIONAL VECTORS REQUIRED ARE              BLE02510
C      GENERATED RANDOMLY BY GENRAN.  VECTORS SUPPLIED MUST        BLE02520
C      BE STORED ON FILE 10.  THE NUMBER OF SUCH VECTORS TO         BLE02530
C      BE READ IN IS SPECIFIED BY THE PARAMETER KSET.  THE          BLE02540
C      EXISTING CALLING SEQUENCE IS                                  BLE02550
C                                                                    BLE02560
C      CALL GENRAN(IIX,G,K).                                         BLE02570
C                                                                    BLE02580
C      WHERE IIX =INTEGER SEED, G = REAL ARRAY WHOSE DIMENSION      BLE02590
C      MUST BE >= K.  K PSEUDO-RANDOM NUMBERS ARE GENERATED        BLE02600
C      AND PLACED IN G.                                             BLE02610
C                                                                    BLE02620
C      FINPRO = DOUBLE PRECISION FUNCTION WHICH COMPUTES THE INNER  BLE02630
C      PRODUCT OF 2 DOUBLE PRECISION VECTORS OF DIMENSION N.        BLE02640
C      EXISTING CALLING SEQUENCE IS                                  BLE02650
C                                                                    BLE02660
C      CALL FINPRO(N,V,J,W,K).                                       BLE02670
C                                                                    BLE02680
C      COMPUTES THE INNER PRODUCT OF DIMENSION N OF THE VECTORS     BLE02690
C      V AND W.  SUCCESSIVE COMPONENTS OF V AND OF W ARE STORED    BLE02700

```

```

C          AT LOCATIONS THAT ARE ,RESPECTIVELY, J AND K UNITS APART.BLE02710
C
C          MASK = MASKS OVERFLOW AND UNDERFLOW.  OPTIONAL.          BLE02720
C          USER MUST SUPPLY OR COMMENT OUT CALL.                    BLE02730
C
C          USPEC = DIMENSIONS AND INITIALIZES ARRAYS NEEDED TO SPECIFY BLE02740
C          MATRIX USED BY LANCZS SUBROUTINE.  SEE MATRIX             BLE02750
C          SPECIFICATION SECTION.                                    BLE02760
C
C          BMATV = CASE (1) ONLY: COMPUTES MATRIX-VECTOR MULTIPLY FOR BLE02770
C          USER-SUPPLIED A-MATRIX.  SEE MATRIX SPECIFICATION SECTION. BLE02780
C
C          BLSOLV = CASE (2) ONLY:  FOR GIVEN VECTOR V, COMPUTES U SUCH BLE02790
C          B*U = V, GIVEN THE SPARSE FACTORIZTION OF THE B-MATRIX.   BLE02800
C
C
C          BLE02810
C          BLE02820
C          BLE02830
C          BLE02840
C          BLE02850
C          BLE02860
C-----PARAMETER CONTROLS-----BLE02870
C
C
C          PARAMETER CONTROLS ARE INTRODUCED TO CONTROL VARIOUS     BLE02880
C          ASPECTS OF THESE PROGRAMS.                                BLE02890
C
C          THE FLAG EFLAG SPECIFIES THE NUMBER OF COMPUTATIONAL PHASES. BLE02900
C
C          EFLAG = (0,1)  MEANS                                       BLE02910
C
C          (0) PROGRAM TERMINATES AFTER COMPLETING PHASE 1         BLE02920
C          COMPUTATIONS.                                              BLE02930
C
C          (1) PROGRAM COMPLETES BOTH PHASE 1 AND PHASE 2 OF        BLE02940
C          THE COMPUTATIONS.                                          BLE02950
C
C          THE FLAG OFLAG CONTROLS THE ORTHOGONALITY CHECKS BETWEEN THE BLE02960
C          JTH Q-BLOCK GENERATED AND THAT VECTOR IN THE 1ST Q-BLOCK THAT BLE02970
C          IS GENERATING DESCENDANTS.  FOR SAFETY, OFLAG SHOULD BE 1. BLE02980
C
C          OFLAG = (0,1)  MEANS                                       BLE02990
C
C          (0) NO ORTHOGONALITY CHECKS ARE MADE ON PHASE            BLE03000
C          1 PORTION OF THE COMPUTATIONS.  ORTHOGONALITY             BLE03010
C          CHECKS ARE ALWAYS MADE ON PHASE 2 PORTION.                BLE03020
C
C          (1) PROGRAM CHECKS ORTHOGONALITY OF GENERATED            BLE03030
C          Q-BLOCKS W.R.T. THAT VECTOR IN THE 1ST Q-BLOCK           BLE03040
C          THAT IS GENERATING DESCENDANTS IN BOTH PHASE              BLE03050
C          1 AND PHASE 2 OF THE COMPUTATIONS.                        BLE03060
C
C          THE FLAG IWRITE DETERMINES THE AMOUNT OF OUTPUT TO FILE 6 BLE03070
C          DURING THE COMPUTATIONS                                    BLE03080
C
C          IWRITE = (0,1)  MEANS                                       BLE03090
C
C          (0) ABBREVIATED OUTPUT TO FILE 6.                        BLE03100
C
C          (1) ADDITIONAL COMMENTARY ON THE COMPUTATIONS IS         BLE03110
C
C
C          BLE03120
C          BLE03130
C          BLE03140
C          BLE03150
C          BLE03160
C          BLE03170
C          BLE03180
C          BLE03190
C          BLE03200
C          BLE03210
C          BLE03220
C          BLE03230
C          BLE03240
C          BLE03250

```

```

C          PRINTED TO FILE 6.                                BLE03260
C                                                                BLE03270
C    THE PROGRAM ALWAYS WRITES A LIST OF THE COMPUTED EIGENVALUES BLE03280
C    AND THE BASIS FOR THE CORRESPONDING EIGENSPACE TO FILE 15, BLE03290
C    ALONG WITH ESTIMATES OF THE ERRORS IN THESE COMPUTED VALUES. BLE03300
C                                                                BLE03310
C-----INPUT/OUTPUT FILES-----BLE03320
C                                                                BLE03330
C    ANY INPUT DATA OTHER THAN THE A-MATRIX, THE FACTORIZATION BLE03340
C    OF THE B-MATRIX OR USER-SPECIFIED STARTING VECTORS SHOULD BLE03350
C    BE STORED ON FILE 5.  SEE SAMPLE INPUT/OUTPUT FROM TYPICAL RUN. BLE03360
C    THE READ STATEMENTS IN THE GIVEN FORTRAN PROGRAM ASSUME THAT BLE03370
C    THE DATA STORED ON FILE 5 IS IN FREE FORMAT.  USER SHOULD NOTE BLE03380
C    THAT 'FREE FORMAT' IS NOT CLASSIFIED AS PORTABLE BY PFORT SO THAT BLE03390
C    THE USER MAY HAVE TO MODIFY THE READ STATEMENTS FROM FILE 5 TO BLE03400
C    CONFORM TO WHAT IS PERMISSIBLE ON THE COMPUTER BEING USED. BLE03410
C                                                                BLE03420
C    FILE 6 WAS USED AS THE INTERACTIVE TERMINAL OUTPUT FILE. BLE03430
C    THIS FILE PROVIDES A RUNNING ACCOUNT OF THE PROGRESS OF THE BLE03440
C    COMPUTATIONS.  THE AMOUNT OF INFORMATION PRINTED OUT IS BLE03450
C    CONTROLLED BY THE PARAMETER IWRITE. BLE03460
C                                                                BLE03470
C DESCRIPTION OF OTHER I/O FILES BLE03480
C                                                                BLE03490
C FILE (K)    CONTAINS: BLE03500
C                                                                BLE03510
C    (7)      INPUT FILE: BLE03520
C              USED IN CASE (2).  CONTAINS THE FACTORIZATION BLE03530
C              OF THE B-MATRIX. BLE03540
C                                                                BLE03550
C    (8)      INPUT FILE: BLE03560
C              USED IN CASE (1).  CONTAINS THE ARRAYS REQUIRED BLE03570
C              TO SPECIFY THE A-MATRIX. BLE03580
C                                                                BLE03590
C    (10)     INPUT FILE: BLE03600
C              CONTAINS USER-SUPPLIED STARTING VECTORS, IF ANY. BLE03610
C              TYPICALLY, THESE WOULD BE 1 OR MORE EIGENVECTOR BLE03620
C              APPROXIMATIONS OBTAINED DURING AN EARLIER RUN. BLE03630
C                                                                BLE03640
C    (13)     OUTPUT FILE: BLE03650
C              CONTAINS EXTRA EIGENVECTOR APPROXIMATIONS THAT BLE03660
C              WOULD OTHERWISE BE LOST UPON ANY REDUCTION IN THE BLE03670
C              SIZE OF THE 1ST Q-BLOCK.  IF AT ANY STAGE IN THE BLE03680
C              BLOCK PROCEDURE, THE SIZE OF THE 1ST Q-BLOCK IS BLE03690
C              REDUCED FROM KACT TO KACTN, THE Q-VECTORS FROM BLE03700
C              K = KACTN+1,KACT ARE WRITTEN TO FILE 13 FOR POSSIBLE BLE03710
C              USE AS STARTING VECTORS IN A LATER RUN OF THE BLE03720
C              BLOCK LANCZOS PROCEDURE. BLE03730
C                                                                BLE03740
C    (15)     OUTPUT FILE: BLE03750
C              CONTAINS COMPUTED EIGENVALUES AND CORRESPONDING BLE03760
C              COMPUTED EIGENSPACE AVAILABLE AT THE TIME OF BLE03770
C              TERMINATION OF THE BLOCK LANCZOS PROCEDURE. BLE03780
C                                                                BLE03790
C-----PARAMETERS SET BY THE BLOCK PROGRAMS-----BLE03800

```

```

C BLE03810
C BLE03820
C   SPREC = TOLERANCE USED IN CHECKING ORTHOGONALITY BETWEEN BLE03830
C   COMPUTED Q-BLOCKS AND THAT VECTOR IN THE FIRST BLE03840
C   Q-BLOCK THAT IS GENERATING DESCENDANTS.  SEE COMMENTS BLE03850
C   ON OFLAG. BLE03860
C BLE03870
C-----USER-SPECIFIED PARAMETERS -----BLE03880
C BLE03890
C BLE03900
C   FOR BOTH CASES: BLE03910
C BLE03920
C   N, MATNO = INTEGERS. SIZE OF USER-SPECIFIED MATRIX AND MATRIX BLE03930
C   IDENTIFICATION NUMBER OF 8 OR FEWER DIGITS. BLE03940
C BLE03950
C   MDIMQ, MDIMTM = INTEGERS. USER-SPECIFIED DIMENSIONS OF THE BLE03960
C   Q-ARRAY AND OF THE TM-ARRAY. MDIMQ >= N*KMAX BLE03970
C   AND MDIMTM >= MXBLK**2. BLE03980
C BLE03990
C   MAXIT,MAXIT2 = INTEGERS. MAXIMUM NUMBER OF CALLS TO BMATV BLE04000
C   (CASE(1)) OR TO BLSOLV (CASE (2)) ALLOWED BLE04010
C   RESPECTIVELY, IN PHASE 1 AND IN PHASE 2. BLE04020
C BLE04030
C   RELTOL = DOUBLE PRECISION SCALAR. RELATIVE TOLERANCE USED BLE04040
C   TO COMPUTE CONVERGENCE CRITERION FOR PHASE 2 OF BLE04050
C   THE BLOCK PROCEDURE. BLE04060
C BLE04070
C   SEED = INTEGER. SEED FOR RANDOM NUMBER GENERATOR. BLE04080
C   USED IN GENERATION OF STARTING VECTORS FOR BLE04090
C   THE BLOCK PROCEDURES. BLE04100
C BLE04110
C   KMAX = INTEGER. MXBLK = (KMAX - 1) IS MAXIMUM ALLOWED SIZE BLE04120
C   FOR THE SMALL LANCZOS T-MATRICES. BLE04130
C BLE04140
C   KM = INTEGER. NUMBER OF EIGENVALUES AND EIGENVECTORS BLE04150
C   TO BE COMPUTED. BLE04160
C BLE04170
C   KACT = INTEGER. INITIAL NUMBER OF VECTORS IN THE 1ST Q-BLOCK. BLE04180
C   IF THERE IS ANY POSSIBILITY THAT THE KM-TH DESIRED BLE04190
C   EIGENVALUE IS MULTIPLE, AND THE USER NEEDS TO KNOW BLE04200
C   THIS, THEN THE USER SHOULD SET KACT > KM. OTHERWISE, BLE04210
C   THIS PROGRAM WILL NOT BE ABLE TO DETERMINE THAT THAT BLE04220
C   EIGENVALUE IS MULTIPLE UNLESS THE (KM-1)-TH AND KM-TH BLE04230
C   HAPPEN TO BE MULTIPLE. IF IN FACT, THE KM-TH BLE04240
C   EIGENVALUE IS MULTIPLE AND THE USER NEEDS A BASIS FOR BLE04250
C   THE CORRESPONDING EIGENSPACE, THEN THE PROCEDURE SHOULD BLE04260
C   BE RERUN WITH THE EXISTING EIGENVECTORS APPROXIMATIONS BLE04270
C   AS STARTING VECTORS AND A LARGER KACT TO GUARANTEE THAT BLE04280
C   A COMPLETE BASIS FOR THAT EIGENSPACE HAS BEEN OBTAINED. BLE04290
C BLE04300
C   KSET = INTEGER. NUMBER OF STARTING VECTORS SUPPLIED BY THE BLE04310
C   THE USER. THESE VECTORS SHOULD BE ON FILE 10. BLE04320
C BLE04330
C BLE04340
C   NSTAG = INTEGER. NUMBER OF THE ITERATION BEYOND WHICH THE BLE04350

```

```

C          CHANGE IN THE KM-TH RESIDUAL OVER THE PAST 10 ITERATIONS  BLE04360
C          IS MONITORED AND USED AS A MEASURE OF THE RATE OF      BLE04370
C          CONVERGENCE OF THE BLOCK PROCEDURE.                   BLE04380
C                                                                BLE04390
C          FRACT = DOUBLE PRECISION SCALAR.  EXPECTED OR HOPED FOR  BLE04400
C          FRACTIONAL CHANGE IN THE KM-TH RESIDUAL OVER THE PAST  BLE04410
C          BLOCK LANCZOS ITERATIONS USED TO TEST FOR STAGNATION  BLE04420
C          OF CONVERGENCE.                                         BLE04430
C                                                                BLE04440
C          NNZ  = DOUBLE PRECISION SCALAR.  AVERAGE NUMBER OF NONZERO  BLE04450
C          ENTRIES PER ROW IN THE MATRIX USED IN THE LANCZOS      BLE04460
C          PROCEDURE.                                             BLE04470
C                                                                BLE04480
C                                                                BLE04490
C          AVER  = DOUBLE PRECISION SCALAR.  AVERAGE SIZE OF THE NONZERO  BLE04500
C          ENTRIES IN THE MATRIX USED IN THE LANCZOS PROCEDURE.  BLE04510
C                                                                BLE04520
C          CASE (2) ONLY:                                         BLE04530
C                                                                BLE04540
C          SO, SHIFT = DOUBLE PRECISION SCALARS.  MATRIX USED BY LANCZS  BLE04550
C          SUBROUTINE IS B = SO*P*A*P' + SHIFT*I  WHERE P         BLE04560
C          DENOTES A PERMUTATION MATRIX SELECTED TO PRESERVE     BLE04570
C          THE SPARSITY OF A IN THE FACTORIZATION OF B.          BLE04580
C          SO AND SHIFT ARE CHOSEN BY THE USER SO THAT THE      BLE04590
C          DESIRED EIGENVALUES BECOME THE EXTREME EIGENVALUES    BLE04600
C          OF B-INVERSE.                                         BLE04610
C                                                                BLE04620
C                                                                BLE04630
C-----CONVERGENCE TEST-----BLE04640
C                                                                BLE04650
C                                                                BLE04660
C          THE CONVERGENCE TEST INCORPORATED IN THIS PROGRAM IS  BLE04670
C          BASED UPON THE FOLLOWING FACT:  GIVEN A REAL SYMMETRIC  BLE04680
C          MATRIX A, A VECTOR X OF NORM 1, AND A SCALAR EVAL     BLE04690
C          THEN THERE EXISTS AN EIGENVALUE AEVAL OF A SUCH THAT  BLE04700
C          DABS(AEVAL - EVAL) .LE. NORM(A*X - EVAL*X).  WITHIN  BLE04710
C          EACH ITERATION OF THE BLOCK LANCZOS PROCESS THESE TYPES  BLE04720
C          OF NORMS ARE COMPUTED IN THE PROCESS OF COMPUTING THE  BLE04730
C          2ND Q-BLOCK.                                           BLE04740
C                                                                BLE04750
C                                                                BLE04760
C-----ARRAYS REQUIRED-----BLE04770
C                                                                BLE04780
C                                                                BLE04790
C          Q(J)  = DOUBLE PRECISION ARRAY.  ITS DIMENSION MUST BE AT  BLE04800
C          LEAST AS LARGE AS KMAX*N, WHERE N IS THE ORDER OF     BLE04810
C          THE GIVEN MATRIX, AND MXBLK = KMAX - 1 IS THE         BLE04820
C          MAXIMUM SIZE T-MATRIX ALLOWED ON ANY GIVEN           BLE04830
C          ITERATION.  THE COLUMNS OF Q HOLD THE LANCZOS        BLE04840
C          VECTORS GENERATED ON EACH ITERATION OF BLOCK         BLE04850
C          LANCZOS PLUS THERE MUST BE AN ADDITIONAL COLUMN      BLE04860
C          AVAILABLE FOR WORK SPACE.  THE FIRST KACT COLUMNS  BLE04870
C          OF Q CONTAIN THE CURRENT APPROXIMATING EIGENSPACE.    BLE04880
C                                                                BLE04890
C          E(J)  = DOUBLE PRECISION ARRAY.  ITS DIMENSION MUST BE AT  BLE04900

```

```

C          LEAST MXBLK = KMAX - 1.  ON EACH ITERATION CONTAINS      BLE04910
C          THE COMPUTED EIGENVALUES OF THE LANCZOS T-MATRIX.      BLE04920
C                                                                BLE04930
C      TM(J)  = DOUBLE PRECISION ARRAY.  ITS DIMENSION MUST BE AT BLE04940
C          LEAST MXBLK**2 WHERE MXBLK = KMAX - 1.  CONTAINS      BLE04950
C          THE LANCZOS T-MATRIX GENERATED ON EACH ITERATION      BLE04960
C          AND THEN THE COMPUTED EIGENVECTORS OF THIS MATRIX.     BLE04970
C          EISPACK SUBROUTINES ARE USED FOR THE SMALL            BLE04980
C          EIGENELEMENT COMPUTATIONS.  EISPACK SUBROUTINE        BLE04990
C          TRED2 IS USED TO REDUCE THE GIVEN T-MATRIX TO          BLE05000
C          TRIDIAGONAL FORM.  THE EIGENELEMENT PROBLEM FOR THE    BLE05010
C          TRIDIAGONAL MATRIX IS THEN SOLVED USING THE EISPACK     BLE05020
C          SUBROUTINE IMTQL2.                                     BLE05030
C                                                                BLE05040
C      EXPLAN(J) = REAL ARRAY.  ITS DIMENSION IS 20.  THIS ARRAY IS BLE05050
C          USED TO ALLOW EXPLANATORY COMMENTS IN THE INPUT FILES. BLE05060
C                                                                BLE05070
C      G(J) = REAL ARRAY.  ITS DIMENSION MUST BE >= N.  IT IS USED BLE05080
C          FOR HOLDING THE PSEUDO-RANDOM NUMBERS USED TO GENERATE BLE05090
C          ANY STARTING VECTORS NOT SUPPLIED BY THE USER.         BLE05100
C                                                                BLE05110
C      RESIDL(J), = DOUBLE PRECISION ARRAYS.  DIMENSION >= MAXIMUM BLE05120
C      RESIDK(J),  NUMBER OF ITERATIONS ALLOWED.  MAXIMUM IS      BLE05130
C          CURRENTLY SET TO 100. USED TO MONITOR THE              BLE05140
C          RATE OF CONVERGENCE.                                   BLE05150
C                                                                BLE05160
C      TD(J), TOD(J), = DOUBLE PRECISION ARRAYS.  DIMENSION >= MXBLK. BLE05170
C      SM(J)      WORK SPACES.                                   BLE05180
C                                                                BLE05190
C      DESC(J), XLFT(J), = INTEGER ARRAYS.  DIMENSION >= MXBLK.  BLE05200
C      LEFT(J)    WORK SPACES.                                   BLE05210
C                                                                BLE05220
C      DIR(2,J)  = 2-DIMENSIONAL INTEGER ARRAY.  COLUMN DIMENSION >= BLE05230
C          MXBLK, ROW DIMENSION 2.  KEEPS TRACK OF NUMBER        BLE05240
C          OF VECTORS IN EACH QBLOCK.                             BLE05250
C                                                                BLE05260
C      CASE (2) ONLY:                                           BLE05270
C                                                                BLE05280
C      IPR(J), IPT(J) = INTEGER ARRAYS.  EACH OF DIMENSION AT LEAST N. BLE05290
C          USED TO STORE THE REORDERING (IF ANY) OF              BLE05300
C          THE GIVEN MATRIX.                                     BLE05310
C                                                                BLE05320
C      OTHER ARRAYS                                           BLE05330
C                                                                BLE05340
C      THE USER IN THE SUBROUTINE USPEC MUST SPECIFY WHATEVER ARRAYS BLE05350
C      ARE REQUIRED TO DEFINE THE MATRIX BEING USED BY LANCZS.    BLE05360
C                                                                BLE05370
C                                                                BLE05380
C-----SUBROUTINES INCLUDED-----BLE05390
C                                                                BLE05400
C                                                                BLE05410
C      LANCZS = CONTAINS MAJOR LOOP FOR BLOCK LANCZOS PROCEDURES. BLE05420
C          CALLED FROM MAIN PROGRAM, CALLS SUBROUTINE LANCI1     BLE05430
C          TO GENERATE WITHIN A GIVEN ITERATION THE Q-BLOCKS     BLE05440
C          AND CORRESPONDING LANCZOS T-MATRICES.  THEN CALLS     BLE05450

```

C	SUBROUTINE DIAGOM TO COMPUTE THE EIGENELEMENTS	BLE05460
C	OF THE LANCZOS T-MATRIX AND TO MAP THE RELEVANT	BLE05470
C	T-EIGENVECTORS INTO RITZ VECTORS FOR THE A-MATRIX.	BLE05480
C		BLE05490
C	LANCI1 = ON EACH ITERATION OF BLOCK LANCZOS COMPUTES	BLE05500
C	Q-SUBBLOCKS.	BLE05510
C		BLE05520
C	DIAGOM = CALLS EISPACK SUBROUTINES TO COMPUTE THE	BLE05530
C	EIGENELEMENTS OF THE SMALL LANCZOS T-MATRICES	BLE05540
C	GENERATED ON EACH ITERATION OF BLOCK LANCZOS.	BLE05550
C	COMPUTES CORRESPONDING RITZ VECTORS FOR A-MATRIX.	BLE05560
C	MONITORS CONVERGENCE OF BLOCK LANCZOS PROCEDURE.	BLE05570
C		BLE05580
C	START = GENERATES ANY REQUIRED STARTING VECTORS FOR 1ST	BLE05590
C	Q-BLOCK FOR FIRST ITERATION OF BLOCK LANCZOS.	BLE05600
C		BLE05610
C	ORTHOG = GIVEN A SET OF Q-VECTORS, Q(J), J = MA,MB,	BLE05620
C	ORTHOGONALIZES THESE VECTORS W.R.T. THE Q-VECTORS	BLE05630
C	Q(J), J = 1,MA-1.	BLE05640
C		BLE05650
C	LPERM = (USED IN CASE (2) ONLY) GIVEN A MATRIX B AND A	BLE05660
C	PERMUTATION P DEFINED IN THE VECTORS IPR AND IPT,	BLE05670
C	AND A VECTOR X COMPUTE EITHER (P-TRANPOSE)*X OR PX.	BLE05680
C		BLE05690
C	CASE (2) ONLY:	BLE05700
C	FOR OPTIONAL PRELIMINARY PROCESSING:	BLE05710
C		BLE05720
C	PERMUT (STAND-ALONE PROGRAM):	BLE05730
C	USES THE NONZERO STRUCTURE OF A GIVEN MATRIX A.	BLE05740
C	CAN BE USED TO OBTAIN A REORDERING OF A THAT WILL PRESERVE	BLE05750
C	THE SPARSENESS OF A UNDER FACTORIZATION. PERMUT CALLS	BLE05760
C	CALLS THE SPARSPAK PACKAGE, (A. GEORGE, J. LIU, E. NG,	BLE05770
C	U. WATERLOO). SEE THE PERMUT FORTRAN CODE FOR DETAILS.	BLE05780
C		BLE05790
C	LORDER (STAND-ALONE PROGRAM) :	BLE05800
C	GIVEN A MATRIX C IN SPARSE FORMAT AND A PERMUTATION P,	BLE05810
C	COMPUTES THE REORDERED MATRIX B = P*C*P' AND WRITES IT	BLE05820
C	TO FILE 9 IN SPARSE FORMAT. SEE THE LORDER FORTRAN CODE	BLE05830
C	FOR DETAILS.	BLE05840
C		BLE05850
C	LFACT (STAND-ALONE PROGRAM) :	BLE05860
C	GIVEN A POSITIVE DEFINITE MATRIX B IN SPARSE FORMAT,	BLE05870
C	COMPUTES THE SPARSE CHOLESKY FACTOR L OF B AND WRITES IT	BLE05880
C	TO FILE 7 IN SPARSE FORMAT. THUS, B = L*L'.	BLE05890
C	SEE THE LFACT FORTRAN CODE FOR DETAILS.	BLE05900
C		BLE05910
C	LTEST (STAND-ALONE MAIN PROGRAM) :	BLE05920
C	(USER MUST PROVIDE 3 SUBROUTINES)	BLE05930
C	GIVEN THE FACTORIZATION OF A SPARSE MATRIX B, COMPUTES	BLE05940
C	THE SOLUTION OF THE EQUATION B*U = B*v1 FOR A KNOWN BUT	BLE05950
C	RANDOMLY-GENERATED VECTOR v1, SOLVING WITH AND WITHOUT ITERATIVE	BLE05960
C	REFINEMENT TO OBTAIN A ROUGH CHECK ON THE NUMERICAL CONDITION	BLE05970
C	OF THE B-MATRIX. THIS PROGRAM USES 3 USER-SUPPLIED SUBROUTINES	BLE05980
C	CMATV, CMATS AND BLSOLV. SEE THE LTEST FORTRAN CODE FOR DETAILS.	BLE05990
C		BLE06000

C	BLE06010
C-----OTHER PROGRAMS PROVIDED-----	BLE06020
C	BLE06030
C	BLE06040
C LECOMPAC = TRANSLATES A REAL SYMMETRIC MATRIX PROVIDED	BLE06050
C IN THE FORMAT I, J, A(I,J) INTO THE SPARSE	BLE06060
C MATRIX FORMAT USED IN THE SAMPLE SUBROUTINES	BLE06070
C PROVIDED. IT ASSUMES THAT THE MATRIX	BLE06080
C ENTRIES ARE GIVEN EITHER COLUMN BY COLUMN OR	BLE06090
C ROW BY ROW. THE DATA SET CREATED IS WRITTEN TO	BLE06100
C FILE 8.	BLE06110
C	BLE06120
C	BLE06130
C-----	BLE06140

8.3 BLEVAL: Main Program, Eigenvalue and Eigenvector Computations

```

C-----BLEVAL (FEW EXTREME EIGENVALUES AND EIGENVECTORS)-----BLE00010
C               (REAL SYMMETRIC MATRICES)                               BLE00020
C   Authors:   Jane Cullum* and Bill Donath**                         BLE00030
C               **IBM Research, T.J. Watson Research Center          BLE00040
C               **Yorktown Heights, N.Y. 10598                      BLE00050
C               * Los Alamos National Laboratory                     BLE00060
C               * Los Alamos, New Mexico 87544                      BLE00065
C               E-mail:  cullumj@lanl.gov                             BLE00070
C                                                                    BLE00080
C   These codes are copyrighted by the authors.  These codes        BLE00090
C   and modifications of them or portions of them are NOT to be     BLE00100
C   incorporated into any commercial codes or used for any other    BLE00110
C   commercial purposes such as consulting for other companies,      BLE00120
C   without legal agreements with the authors of these Codes.       BLE00130
C   If these Codes or portions of them are used in other scientific or BLE00140
C   engineering research works the names of the authors of these codes BLE00150
C   and appropriate references to their written work are to be      BLE00160
C   incorporated in the derivative works.                             BLE00170
C                                                                    BLE00180
C   This header is not to be removed from these codes.              BLE00190
C                                                                    BLE00200
C   REFERENCE: Cullum and Willoughby, Chapter 7,                     BLE00201
C   Lanczos Algorithms for Large Symmetric Eigenvalue Computations BLE00202
C   VOL. 1 Theory. Republished as Volume 41 in SIAM CLASSICS in      BLE00203
C   Applied Mathematics, 2002. SIAM Publications,                   BLE00204
C   Philadelphia, PA. USA                                           BLE00205
C                                                                    BLE00206
C                                                                    BLE00210
C   CONTAINS MAIN PROGRAM FOR COMPUTING A FEW OF THE ALGEBRAICALLY- BLE00220
C   LARGEST EIGENVALUES AND CORRESPONDING EIGENVECTORS OF A REAL    BLE00230
C   SYMMETRIC MATRIX, USING A BLOCK FORM OF LANCZOS TRIDIAGONALIZATION BLE00240
C   WITH LIMITED REORTHOGONALIZATION.  PROCEDURE IS ITERATIVE.     BLE00250
C   PROCEDURE CAN BE USED TO COMPUTE THE ALGEBRAICALLY-SMALLEST    BLE00260
C   EIGENVALUES BY THE USER SUPPLYING -A*X RATHER THAN A*X, IN     BLE00270
C   WHICH CASE IT COMPUTES THE CORRESPONDING ALGEBRAICALLY-LARGEST  BLE00280
C   EIGENVALUES OF -A.  IN THIS CASE THE SIGNS OF THE COMPUTED     BLE00290
C   EIGENVALUES ARE CHANGED PRIOR TO WRITING TO FILE 15 SO THAT    BLE00300
C   ON EXIT, FILE 15 CONTAINS THE ALGEBRAICALLY-SMALLEST EIGENVALUES BLE00310
C   OF A ALONG WITH THE CORRESPONDING EIGENVECTORS.                BLE00320
C                                                                    BLE00330
C   ITERATIVE 'BLOCK' LANCZOS PROCEDURE FOR WHICH ON EVERY         BLE00340
C   ITERATION, THE 2ND AND SUCCEEDING BLOCKS CONTAIN ONLY ONE      BLE00350
C   VECTOR WHICH IS SELECTED ON THE BASIS OF ITS EXPECTED INFLUENCE BLE00360
C   ON THE CONVERGENCE.  Q-BLOCKS GENERATED ON A GIVEN ITERATION  BLE00370
C   ARE REORTHOGONALIZED ONLY W.R.T. THOSE VECTORS IN THE FIRST    BLE00380
C   Q-BLOCK THAT ARE NOT GENERATING DESCENDANTS ON THAT           BLE00390
C   ITERATION.                                                       BLE00400
C                                                                    BLE00410
C   PFORT VERIFIER IDENTIFIED THE FOLLOWING NONPORTABLE CONSTRUCTIONS: BLE00420
C   1.  DATA MACHEP DEFINITION                                     BLE00430

```

```

C      2.  FORMAT (20A4) USED FOR READING EXPLANATORY COMMENTS.          BLE00440
C      3.  FREE FORMAT (5,*), USED FOR PARAMETER INPUT FROM FILE 5.      BLE00450
C      4.  COMMON/LOOPS/ AS CONSTRUCTED IS NOT PORTABLE                   BLE00460
C                                                                              BLE00470
C-----BLE00480
C      DOUBLE PRECISION Q(44000),E(50),TM(2500),TOD(50),TD(50),EPSM,NNZ  BLE00490
C      DOUBLE PRECISION SM(100),ERRMAX,SPREC,MACHEP,AVER,RELTOL,ERRMAN  BLE00500
C      DOUBLE PRECISION EVAL, RESIDL(100), RESIDK(100), RESID, FRACT  BLE00510
C      REAL EXPLAN(20),G(2000)  BLE00520
C      INTEGER DIR(2,100),DESC(100),LEFT(100),XLFT(100)  BLE00530
C      INTEGER SEED,OFLAG,EFLAG  BLE00540
C      COMMON/LOOPS/MAXIT,ITER  BLE00550
C      COMMON /RANDOM/SEED  BLE00560
C      COMMON/FLAGS/EFLAG,OFLAG  BLE00570
C      DOUBLE PRECISION DABS, DFLOAT  BLE00580
C-----BLE00590
C      EXTERNAL BMATV  BLE00600
C      DATA MACHEP/Z3410000000000000/  BLE00610
C-----BLE00620
C                                                                              BLE00630
C      ARRAYS MUST DIMENSIONED AS FOLLOWS:  BLE00640
C                                                                              BLE00650
C      1.  Q:  >= KMAX*N  BLE00660
C      2.  G:  >= N  BLE00670
C      3.  E:  >= MXBLK  BLE00680
C      4.  TM:  >= MXBLK**2  BLE00690
C      5.  TOD, TD, SM, DESC, LEFT, XLFT:  >= MXBLK  BLE00700
C      6.  DIR:  ROW DIMENSION = 2;  COLUMN DIMENSION >= MXBLK  BLE00710
C      7.  RESIDL, RESIDK:  >= MAXIMUM NUMBER OF ITERATIONS ALLOWED.  BLE00720
C      PROGRAM CURRENTLY TERMINATES IF MORE THAN 100 ITERATIONS  BLE00730
C      ARE REQUESTED.  USED TO MONITOR CONVERGENCE.  BLE00740
C      8.  EXPLAN:  DIMENSION = 20.  BLE00750
C                                                                              BLE00760
C-----BLE00770
C      OUTPUT HEADER  BLE00780
C      WRITE(6,10)  BLE00790
C      10 FORMAT(/' BLOCK LANCZOS PROCEDURE FOR REAL SYMMETRIC MATRICES'  BLE00800
C      1 /' 2ND AND SUCCEEDING BLOCKS CONTAIN ONLY ONE VECTOR'//)  BLE00810
C                                                                              BLE00820
C      SET PROGRAM PARAMETERS  BLE00830
C      EPSM = 2.D0*MACHEP  BLE00840
C      SPREC = 1.D-5  BLE00850
C      MPMIN = -1000  BLE00860
C                                                                              BLE00870
C      READ USER-SPECIFIED PARAMETERS FROM INPUT FILE 5 (FREE FORMAT)  BLE00880
C                                                                              BLE00890
C      SELECT THE AMOUNT OF INTERMEDIATE OUTPUT DESIRED (IWRITE =0,1).  BLE00900
C      IWRITE = 1 INCREASES THE AMOUNT OF INTERMEDIATE OUTPUT WRITTEN  BLE00910
C      TO FILE 6 ON EACH ITERATION OF THE BLOCK LANCZOS PROCEDURE.  BLE00920
C      READ(5,20) EXPLAN  BLE00930
C      20 FORMAT(20A4)  BLE00940
C      READ(5,*) IWRITE  BLE00950
C                                                                              BLE00960
C      READ ORDER (N) OF MATRIX AND MATRIX IDENTIFICATION NUMBER (MATNO)  BLE00970
C      READ(5,20) EXPLAN  BLE00980

```

```

      READ(5,*) N,MATNO                                BLE00990
C                                                    BLE01000
C      READ USER-SPECIFIED DIMENSIONS OF Q-ARRAY (MDIMQ) AND OF THE    BLE01010
C      TM-ARRAY (MDIMTM).  READ MAXIMUM NUMBER (MAXIT) OF MATRIX-VECTOR BLE01020
C      MULTIPLIES ALLOWED IN PHASE 1.                                BLE01030
      READ(5,20) EXPLAN                                BLE01040
      READ(5,*) MDIMQ, MDIMTM, MAXIT                    BLE01050
C                                                    BLE01060
C      READ FLAGS:  EFLAG = (0,1).  EFLAG = 0, MEANS PROGRAM STOPS    BLE01070
C      AFTER COMPLETING PHASE 1 PORTION OF BLOCK LANCZOS PROCEDURE.  BLE01080
C      EFLAG = 1, MEANS PROGRAM COMPLETES BOTH PHASES BEFORE          BLE01090
C      TERMINATING.                                BLE01100
C      OFLAG = (0,1).  OFLAG = 0, MEANS THAT IN PHASE 1 PORTION      BLE01110
C      OF THE COMPUTATION, THE PROGRAM DOES NO ORTHOGONALITY CHECKS  BLE01120
C      ON THE Q-BLOCKS GENERATED.  OFLAG = 1 MEANS THAT IN THE      BLE01130
C      PHASE 1 PORTION AND IN THE PHASE 2 PORTIONS OF THE COMPUTATIONS BLE01140
C      THE PROGRAM CHECKS THE ORTHOGONALITY OF THE Q-BLOCKS GENERATED BLE01150
C      W.R.T. THAT VECTOR IN THE FIRST BLOCK THAT IS GENERATING      BLE01160
C      DESCENDANTS.  NOTE THAT IN PHASE 2, THE PROGRAM ALWAYS MAKES  BLE01170
C      THIS CHECK OF ORTHOGONALITY REGARDLESS OF THE VALUE OF OFLAG.  BLE01180
C      FOR SAFETY, OFLAG SHOULD ALWAYS BE SET TO 1, ALTHOUGH IN MANY  BLE01190
C      PROBLEMS THIS IS NOT NECESSARY.                                BLE01200
      READ(5,20) EXPLAN                                BLE01210
      READ(5,*) EFLAG,OFLAG                              BLE01220
C                                                    BLE01230
C      READ SEED USED BY SUBROUTINE GENRAN TO OBTAIN THOSE STARTING  BLE01240
C      VECTORS WHICH ARE GENERATED RANDOMLY.                        BLE01250
      READ(5,20) EXPLAN                                BLE01260
      READ(5,*) SEED                                      BLE01270
C                                                    BLE01280
C      SPECIFY MAXIMUM T-SIZE ALLOWED (KMAX-1); INITIAL SIZE OF      BLE01290
C      STARTING BLOCK (KACT);  NUMBER OF STARTING VECTORS SUPPLIED (KSET) BLE01300
C      SEE BLOCK LANCZOS HEADER FOR COMMENTS ON THE SIZE OF KACT.    BLE01310
      READ(5,20) EXPLAN                                BLE01320
      READ(5,*) KMAX,KACT,KSET                          BLE01330
C                                                    BLE01340
C      SPECIFY NUMBER OF EXTREME EIGENVALUES AND EIGENVECTORS TO BE  BLE01350
C      COMPUTED (KM).  USER CAN SPECIFY THAT THE ALGEBRAICALLY-      BLE01360
C      SMALLEST EIGENVALUES ARE BEING COMPUTED BY SETTING KM < 0.    BLE01370
C      PROGRAM THEN ASSUMES THAT THE MATRIX-VECTOR MULTIPLY          BLE01380
C      SUBROUTINE WHICH THE USER HAS PROVIDED IS COMPUTING -A*X      BLE01390
C      INSTEAD OF A*X AND INTERNALLY IT COMPUTES THE |KM|             BLE01400
C      ALGEBRAICALLY-LARGEST EIGENVALUES OF -A.                       BLE01410
      READ(5,20) EXPLAN                                BLE01420
      READ(5,*) KM                                        BLE01430
      IF(KM.EQ.0) GO TO 490                                BLE01440
      KML = IABS(KM)                                       BLE01450
C                                                    BLE01460
C      STAGNATION OF CONVERGENCE OF THE KM-TH EIGENVALUE WILL BE    BLE01470
C      TESTED AFTER NSTAG ITERATIONS.  CONVERGENCE WILL BE SAID TO   BLE01480
C      HAVE STAGNATED IF THE RATIO OF THE SQUARE OF THE CURRENT KM-TH BLE01490
C      RESIDUAL TO THE SQUARE OF THE CORRESPONDING RESIDUAL OBTAINED  BLE01500
C      10 ITERATIONS EARLIER IS GREATER THAN FRACT.  NSTAG SHOULD BE  BLE01510
C      >= 25.  IN THE TESTS FRACT WAS SET TO .01.                  BLE01520
      READ(5,20) EXPLAN                                BLE01530

```

```

      READ(5,*) NSTAG, FRACT                                BLE01540
C                                                                BLE01550
C      READ IN THE RELATIVE TOLERANCE (RELTOL) USED TO DETERMINE A    BLE01560
C      CONVERGENCE CRITERION FOR PHASE 2, AND THE MAXIMUM NUMBER (MAXIT2)BLE01570
C      OF MATRIX-VECTOR MULTIPLIES ALLOWED IN PHASE 2.                BLE01580
      READ(5,20) EXPLAN                                       BLE01590
      IF(EFLAG.EQ.1) READ(5,*) RELTOL, MAXIT2                BLE01600
C                                                                BLE01610
C      CONSISTENCY CHECKS                                           BLE01620
C      PROCEDURE REQUIRES ENOUGH ROOM IN Q-ARRAY FOR AT LEAST 2     BLE01630
C      BLOCKS OF SIZE KACT PLUS A WORKING VECTOR OF LENGTH N.       BLE01640
      MXBLK = KMAX -1                                         BLE01650
      MXBLK2 = MXBLK*MXBLK                                    BLE01660
      IF(MDIMTM.LT.MXBLK2) GO TO 470                           BLE01670
      NKMAX = N*KMAX                                           BLE01680
      IF(MDIMQ.LT.NKMAX) GO TO 510                             BLE01690
      IF(KML.GT.KACT) GO TO 370                                BLE01700
      IF(MXBLK.GT.N) GO TO 390                                 BLE01710
      IF(2*KACT.GT.MXBLK) GO TO 450                           BLE01720
C                                                                BLE01730
C-----BLE01740
C      DEFINE AND INITIALIZE THE ARRAYS FOR THE USER-SPECIFIED      BLE01750
C      A-MATRIX AND PASS THE STORAGE LOCATIONS OF THESE ARRAYS AND  BLE01760
C      OF ANY OTHER PARAMTERS NEEDED TO DEFINE THE MATRIX TO THE    BLE01770
C      MATRIX-VECTOR MULTIPLY SUBROUTINE BMATV.                    BLE01780
C                                                                BLE01790
      CALL USPEC(N,MATNO,NNZ,AVER)                             BLE01800
C                                                                BLE01810
C-----BLE01820
C      MASK OVERFLOW AND UNDERFLOW                                  BLE01830
      CALL MASK                                                BLE01840
C                                                                BLE01850
C-----BLE01860
C      ARE THERE STARTING VECTORS TO READ IN FROM FILE 10 (KSET.NE.0) ? BLE01870
      IF(KSET.EQ.0) GO TO 70                                   BLE01880
C                                                                BLE01890
      READ(10,30) NOLD,KACT                                    BLE01900
30  FORMAT(I6,I4)                                             BLE01910
      IF(NOLD.NE.N.OR.KSET.GT.KACT) GO TO 410                 BLE01920
      DO 50 J=1,KSET                                           BLE01930
      READ(10,20) EXPLAN                                       BLE01940
      READ(10,40) EVAL,RESID                                   BLE01950
40  FORMAT(E20.12,E13.4)                                       BLE01960
      READ(10,20) EXPLAN                                       BLE01970
      LINT= (J-1)*N + 1                                         BLE01980
      LFIN = J*N                                                BLE01990
50  READ(10,60) (Q(JL), JL = LINT,LFIN)                       BLE02000
60  FORMAT(4E20.12)                                           BLE02010
C                                                                BLE02020
70  CONTINUE                                                  BLE02030
C                                                                BLE02040
C      WRITE TO A SUMMARY OF THE PARAMETERS FOR THIS RUN TO FILE 6  BLE02050
C                                                                BLE02060
      MXBLK = KMAX - 1                                         BLE02070
      WRITE(6,80) N, NNZ, AVER, MATNO                         BLE02080

```

80	FORMAT(/6X,'ORDER OF MATRIX ',5X,'AVERAGE NONZEROS PER ROW'/	BLE02090
	1I15,E26.4/4X,'AVERAGE SIZE OF NONZERO ENTRIES',5X,'MATRIX ID'/	BLE02100
	1E25.4,I21/)	BLE02110
C		BLE02120
	WRITE(6,90) MDIMQ, MDIMTM	BLE02130
90	FORMAT(/18X,'USER-SPECIFIED'/2X,'MAX. DIMENSION Q-ARRAY',4X,'MAX.	BLE02140
	1DIMENSION TM-ARRAY'/I16,I26/)	BLE02150
C		BLE02160
	WRITE(6,100) OFLAG, EFLAG	BLE02170
100	FORMAT(/4X,'OFLAG',4X,'EFLAG'/I8,I9/)	BLE02180
C		BLE02190
	IF(EFLAG.EQ.1) WRITE(6,110) MAXIT,RELTOL,MAXIT2	BLE02200
110	FORMAT(/4X,' MAXIT ',8X,' RELTOL ',6X,' MAXIT2 '/I10,E20.6,I12/)	BLE02210
	IF(EFLAG.EQ.0) WRITE(6,120) MAXIT	BLE02220
120	FORMAT(/4X,' MAXIT '/I10/)	BLE02230
C		BLE02240
	WRITE(6,130) SEED	BLE02250
130	FORMAT(/' SEED FOR RANDOM NUMBER GENERATOR'/I24/)	BLE02260
C		BLE02270
	IF(KM.GT.0) WRITE(6,140) KML	BLE02280
140	FORMAT(/' COMPUTE THE',I3,' ALGEBRAICALLY-LARGEST EIGENVALUES AND	BLE02290
	1CORRESPONDING VECTORS'/)	BLE02300
	IF(KM.LT.0) WRITE(6,150) KML	BLE02310
150	FORMAT(/' COMPUTE THE',I3,' ALGEBRAICALLY-SMALLEST EIGENVALUES AND	BLE02320
	1 CORRESPONDING VECTORS'/) PROGRAM ASSUMES THAT USER IS PROVIDING -	BLE02330
	1A*X INSTEAD OF A*X'/) AND COMPUTES THE ALGEBRAICALLY-LARGEST EIGEN	BLE02340
	1VALUES OF -A.'/) HOWEVER ON EXIT, FILE 15 CONTAINS THE ALGEBRAICAL	BLE02350
	1LY-SMALLEST EIGENVALUES OF'/) THE ORIGINAL A-MATRIX AND CORRESPOND	BLE02360
	1ING EIGENVECTORS.'/)	BLE02370
	IF(KM.LT.0) KM = - KM	BLE02380
C		BLE02390
C	COMPUTE PHASE 1 CONVERGENCE TOLERANCE	BLE02400
	IF(AVER.GE.1.)	BLE02410
	1ERRMAX = 2.DO*DFLOAT(N+1000)*NNZ*AVER*MACHEP	BLE02420
	IF(AVER.LT.1.)	BLE02430
	1ERRMAX = 2.DO*DFLOAT(N+1000)*NNZ*AVER**2*MACHEP	BLE02440
C		BLE02450
	WRITE(6,160) KACT,MXBLK,KSET	BLE02460
160	FORMAT(/' ON INITIAL ITERATIONS, THE FIRST BLOCK CONTAINS ',I3,' VB	BLE02470
	1ECTORS'/) HOWEVER THE SIZE OF THE FIRST BLOCK MAY CHANGE AS THE IT	BLE02480
	1ERATIONS PROCEED'/) THE MAXIMUM SIZE T-MATRIX THAT CAN BE GENERATE	BLE02490
	1D IS ',I4/' THE USER SUPPLIED ',I3,' STARTING VECTORS'/)	BLE02500
C		BLE02510
	WRITE(6,170)	BLE02520
170	FORMAT(/' ITERATIVE PROCEDURE'/) PROCEDURE MONITORS THE SIZES OF T	BLE02530
	1HE NORM(GRADIENTS)**2 ON EACH'/) ITERATION. CONVERGENCE IS SAID	BLE02540
	1TO HAVE OCCURRED WHEN ALL'/) RELEVANT (NORMS)**2 ARE LESS THAN ERR	BLE02550
	1MAX',E10.3/' TYPICALLY, PHASE 1 ERRMAX YIELDS SOMEWHAT LESS THAN'/	BLE02560
	1' SINGLE PRECISION ACCURACY. PHASE 2 REFINES THE VECTORS OBTAINED	BLE02570
	1'/) ON PHASE 1, ACCORDING TO THE ACCURACY SPECIFIED BY THE USER'/)	BLE02580
C		BLE02590
	WRITE(6,180) ERRMAX	BLE02600
180	FORMAT(/' PHASE 1 CONVERGENCE CRITERION, ERRMAX '/E22.3/)	BLE02610
C		BLE02620
C	-----	BLE02630

C	PASS STORAGE LOCATIONS OF VARIOUS ARRAYS TO LANCZS AND LANC1	BLE02640
C	SUBROUTINES	BLE02650
C		BLE02660
	CALL LANZP(DIR,DESC,SM,TM,TOD,TD,G,XLFT,LEFT,SPREC)	BLE02670
	CALL LANCP1(DIR,DESC,TM,SM,XLFT,LEFT)	BLE02680
C		BLE02690
C	-----	BLE02700
C		BLE02710
C	ENTER PHASE 1 OF BLOCK LANCZOS PROCEDURE. BLOCK PROCEDURE	BLE02720
C	HAS 2 POSSIBLE PHASES. USER SPECIFIES PHASE 1 ONLY OR PHASE 1	BLE02730
C	AND PHASE 2 BY SETTING EFLAG = 0 OR 1, RESPECTIVELY. PHASE 1	BLE02740
C	COMPUTES VECTORS THAT MAY BE SOMEWHAT LESS ACCURATE THAN SINGLE	BLE02750
C	PRECISION. PHASE 2 TAKES THE VECTORS OBTAINED IN PHASE 1	BLE02760
C	AND ATTEMPTS TO REFINER THEM. THE USER SPECIFIES THE DEGREE	BLE02770
C	OF REFINEMENT DESIRED BY SETTING THE VALUES OF RELTOL AND MAXIT2.	BLE02780
C	BOTH PHASES SHOULD BE USED.	BLE02790
	IPHASE = 1	BLE02800
	NITER = 0	BLE02810
190	ITER = 0	BLE02820
	RESIDL(1) = FRACT	BLE02830
	RESIDL(2) = NSTAG	BLE02840
C		BLE02850
C	-----	BLE02860
C	CALL INITIATES THE BLOCK LANCZOS PROCEDURE.	BLE02870
C	ON RETURN EIGENVALUE APPROXIMATIONS ARE IN E(I), I=1,KACT	BLE02880
C	IN ALGEBRAICALLY DECREASING ORDER. EIGENVECTOR APPROXIMATIONS	BLE02890
C	ARE IN FIRST N*KACT LOCATIONS IN THE Q-ARRAY.	BLE02900
C		BLE02910
	CALL LANCZS(BMATV,KML,KSET,KACT,MXBLK,N,Q,E,RESIDL,RESIDK,ERRMAX,	BLE02920
1	IPHASE,NITER,IWRITE)	BLE02930
C		BLE02940
C	-----	BLE02950
C		BLE02960
	IF(IPHASE.EQ.MPMIN) WRITE(15,200) N,KACT	BLE02970
200	FORMAT(2I10,' PHASE 2 TERMINATED '/' PROGRAM INDICATES ACCURACY SP	BLE02980
	1ECIFIED BY USER IS NOT ACHIEVABLE'//)	BLE02990
C		BLE03000
	ITERA = IABS(ITER)	BLE03010
	IF(IWRITE.NE.MPMIN.AND.ITER.GT.0) WRITE(6,210) IPHASE,ITERA	BLE03020
210	FORMAT(/1X,'PHASE COMPLETED',5X,' NUMBER MATRIX-VECTOR MULTIPLIES	BLE03030
	1USED'/I10,I30)	BLE03040
C		BLE03050
	IF(IWRITE.EQ.MPMIN.OR.ITER.LT.0) WRITE(6,220) IPHASE,ITERA	BLE03060
220	FORMAT(/1X,'PHASE TERMINATED',5X,' NUMBER MATRIX-VECTOR MULTIPLIES	BLE03070
	1 USED'/I10,I30)	BLE03080
C		BLE03090
	IF(ITER.GT.0.AND.IWRITE.NE.MPMIN) GO TO 250	BLE03100
C		BLE03110
	IF(ITER.LT.0) WRITE(6,230)	BLE03120
230	FORMAT(// ' SMALL EIGENVALUE SUBROUTINE DEFAULTED'/' BLOCK LANCZOS	BLE03130
	1 PROCEDURE STOPS AFTER SAVING CURRENT EIGENVECTOR APPROXIMATIONS'	BLE03140
	1/)	BLE03150
C		BLE03160
	WRITE(15,240)	BLE03170
	WRITE(6,240)	BLE03180

```

240 FORMAT(// ' BLOCK LANCZOS PROCEDURE TERMINATES WITHOUT CONVERGENCE BLE03190
1 ' ' USER SHOULD EXAMINE OUTPUT TO DETERMINE REASONS FOR TERMINATIOBLE03200
1N' //) BLE03210
C BLE03220
C WRITE EIGENVALUE AND EIGENVECTOR APPROXIMATIONS CONTAINED IN BLE03230
C THE FIRST Q-BLOCK TO FILE 15 BLE03240
C BLE03250
250 IF(IPHASE.EQ.1) WRITE(15,260) N,KACT,SEED BLE03260
260 FORMAT(I6,I4,I12,' PHASE 1, ORDER A-MATRIX, SIZE OF Q(1), SEED') BLE03270
IF(IPHASE.EQ.2) WRITE(15,270) N,KACT,SEED BLE03280
270 FORMAT(I6,I4,I12,' PHASE 2, ORDER A-MATRIX, SIZE OF Q(1), SEED') BLE03290
C BLE03300
JJ=KACT BLE03310
LINT = -N+1 BLE03320
LFIN = 0 BLE03330
DO 290 J=1,KACT BLE03340
LINT = LINT + N BLE03350
LFIN = LFIN + N BLE03360
JJ=JJ+1 BLE03370
C BLE03380
C NOTE THAT RESIDUAL PRINTED OUT CORRESPONDS TO VALUE OBTAINED BLE03390
C PRIOR TO FINAL PROJECTION Q(1)-TRANSPPOSE*AQ(1) DONE BEFORE BLE03400
C TERMINATION BLE03410
C BLE03420
IF(KM.LT.0) E(J) = -E(J) BLE03430
WRITE(15,280) E(J), SM(JJ) BLE03440
280 FORMAT(/E20.12,E13.4,'= EIGENVALUE, NORM(ERROR)**2,EIGENVECTOR=') BLE03450
290 WRITE(15,300) (Q(L), L=LINT,LFIN) BLE03460
WRITE(15,310) BLE03470
300 FORMAT(4E20.12) BLE03480
310 FORMAT('/' ABOVE ARE COMPUTED APPROXIMATE EIGENVECTORS') BLE03490
C BLE03500
IF(ITER.GT.MAXIT) WRITE(15,320) ITER,MAXIT BLE03510
320 FORMAT(// ' PROCEDURE TERMINATED BECAUSE NUMBER OF MATRIX-VECTOR MUBLE03520
1LTIPLIES ',I6/' EXCEEDED MAXIMUM NUMBER ',I6,' ALLOWED' //) BLE03530
C BLE03540
IF(ITER.LT.0) WRITE(15,330) BLE03550
330 FORMAT(// ' USER BEWARE. EIGENELEMENT COMPUTATIONS DEFAULTED BECAUBLE03560
1SE' // ' EISPACK SUBROUTINE DEFAULTED. EIGENVALUE AND EIGENVECTORBLE03570
1 APPROXIMATIONS' // ' ABOVE WERE THOSE AVAILABLE AT THE TIME OF DEFBLE03580
1AULT' // ' SOMETHING IS SERIOUSLY WRONG.' //) BLE03590
C BLE03600
C CHECK FOR TERMINATION AFTER PHASE 1 BLE03610
C ITER < 0 MEANS EISPACK SUBROUTINE DEFAULTED BLE03620
C IPHASE = MPMIN MEANS THAT PHASE 2 TERMINATED DUE TO ORTHOGONALITY BLE03630
C IWRITE = MPMIN MEANS THAT CONVERGENCE APPEARS TO HAVE STAGNATED BLE03640
C ITER > MAXIT MEANS MAXIMUM NUMBER OF MATRIX-VECTOR MULTIPLIES BLE03650
C ALLOWED BY USER WAS EXCEEDED BLE03660
IF(ITER.LT.0.OR.ITER.GT.MAXIT) GO TO 530 BLE03670
IF(IPHASE.EQ.MPMIN.OR.IWRITE.EQ.MPMIN) GO TO 530 BLE03680
IF(EFLAG.NE.1.OR.IPHASE.EQ.2) GO TO 530 BLE03690
C BLE03700
C ENTER 2ND PHASE OF COMPUTATION TO ATTEMPT TO OBTAIN MORE BLE03710
C ACCURATE EIGENVECTOR APPROXIMATIONS. BLE03720
C USER CONTROLS THE SIZE OF THE ERROR TOLERANCE BY SPECIFYING BLE03730

```



```

C      THE PARAMETER RELTOL. BLE03740
C
C      IPHASE = 2 BLE03750
C      MAXIT = MAXIT2 BLE03760
C      KSET = KACT BLE03770
C BLE03780
C BLE03790
C      ERROR TOLERANCE USES THE CONVERGED EIGENVALUE LARGEST IN BLE03800
C      MAGNITUDE. BLE03810
C      TD(1) = DABS(E(1)) BLE03820
C      IF(KML.EQ.1) GO TO 350 BLE03830
C      DO 340 J = 2,KML BLE03840
340 IF(DABS(E(J)).GT.TD(1)) TD(1) = DABS(E(J)) BLE03850
350 TD(1) = DMAX1(TD(1),1.D0) BLE03860
C      ERRMAN = RELTOL**2 * TD(1)**2 BLE03870
C      IF(ERRMAN.GE.ERRMAX) GO TO 430 BLE03880
C      ERRMAX = ERRMAN BLE03890
C BLE03900
C      WRITE(6,360) ERRMAX, MAXIT2 BLE03910
360 FORMAT('// ENTER PHASE 2 OF COMPUTATION'// CONVERGENCE CRITERION IBLE03920
1S REDUCED TO ',E13.4/' NO MORE THAN ',I5,' MATRIX VECTOR MULTIPLIEBLE03930
1S WILL BE ALLOWED.'// PROGRAM WILL TERMINATE IF BLOCK ORTHOGONALITYBLE03940
1 PROBLEMS MATERIALIZE'//) BLE03950
C BLE03960
C      GO TO 190 BLE03970
C BLE03980
C      INCONSISTENCIES IN THE DATA BLE03990
C BLE04000
370 WRITE(6,380) KM,KACT BLE04010
380 FORMAT('/' PROGRAM TERMINATES BECAUSE THE NUMBER OF EIGENELEMENTS BLE04020
1REQUESTED, KM = ',I3/' IS LARGER THAN THE SIZE OF THE FIRST Q BLOCBLE04030
1K, KACT = ',I3,' SPECIFIED'// USER MUST RESET KM OR KACT'//) BLE04040
C      GO TO 530 BLE04050
C BLE04060
390 WRITE(6,400) KMAX,N BLE04070
400 FORMAT('/' PROGRAM TERMINATES BECAUSE KMAX = ',I5,' IS TOO LARGE FOGLE04080
1R THE SIZE, N = ',I5,', OF THE GIVEN MATRIX'// USER MUST DECREASEBLE04090
1THE SIZE OF KMAX.'//) BLE04100
C      GO TO 530 BLE04110
C BLE04120
410 WRITE(6,420) NOLD,N,KACT,KSET BLE04130
420 FORMAT('/' PROGRAM TERMINATES BECAUSE FAULT OCCURRED IN READING IN BLE04140
1THE EIGENVECTOR APPROXIMATIONS'// EITHER THE SIZE MATRIX SPECIFIEDBLE04150
1ON THE EIGENVECTOR FILE' ,I6/' DID NOT MATCH THE SIZE SPECIFIED 'BLE04160
1,I5,' IN THE PROGRAM OR THE NUMBER'// OF VECTORS IN FILE 10 = 'BLE04170
1,I4,' IS LESS THAN THE NUMBER ',I3/' USER SAID WERE THERE'//) BLE04180
C      GO TO 530 BLE04190
C BLE04200
430 WRITE(6,440) ERRMAN, ERRMAX BLE04210
440 FORMAT('/' COMPUTED PHASE 2 CONVERGENCE CRITERION ',E13.4/' IS LARBLE04220
1GER THAN PHASE 1 CRITERION ',E13.4/' SO PROGRAM TERMINATES'//) BLE04230
C      GO TO 530 BLE04240
C BLE04250
450 WRITE(6,460) KACT,MXBLK BLE04260
460 FORMAT('/' PROGRAM TERMINATES BECAUSE THERE IS NOT ENOUGH ROOM TO BLE04270
1GENERATE 2 BLOCKS', ' BECAUSE KACT = ',I3,' AND MXBLK = ', I4/) BLE04280

```

GO TO 530	BLE04290
C	BLE04300
C	BLE04310
470 WRITE(6,480) MDIMTM, MXBLK	BLE04320
480 FORMAT(/' PROGRAM TERMINATES BECAUSE THE DIMENSION ',I6,' OF THE T	BLE04330
1M ARRAY'/' IS TOO SMALL FOR THE LARGEST T-MATRIX ALLOWED ',I4)	BLE04340
GO TO 530	BLE04350
C	BLE04360
490 WRITE(6,500)	BLE04370
500 FORMAT(/' USER SPECIFIED NUMBER OF EIGENVALUES OF INTEREST AS 0'/'	BLE04380
1 PROGRAM TERMINATES FOR USER TO RESET KM TO DESIRED NONZERO VALUE'	BLE04390
1/)	BLE04400
GO TO 530	BLE04410
C	BLE04420
510 WRITE(6,520) MDIMQ, KMAX,N	BLE04430
520 FORMAT(/' PROGRAM TERMINATES BECAUSE THE DIMENSION ',I6,' OF THE Q	BLE04440
1-ARRAY'/' IS TOO SMALL TO HOLD ',I5, ' VECTORS OF LENGTH ',I4)	BLE04450
GO TO 530	BLE04460
C	BLE04470
530 CONTINUE	BLE04480
C	BLE04490
STOP	BLE04500
C-----END OF MAIN PROGRAM FOR BLOCK LANCZOS PROCEDURE-----	BLE04510
END	BLE04520

8.4 BLMULT: Sample Matrix-Vector Multiply Subroutines

```

C-----BLMULT-----BLM00010
C  Authors:  Jane Cullum* and Bill Donath**      BLM00020
C          **IBM Research, T.J. Watson Research Center      BLM00030
C          **Yorktown Heights, N.Y. 10598      BLM00040
C          * Los Alamos National Laboratory      BLM00045
C          * Los Alamos, New Mexico 87544      BLM00050
C          E-mail:  cullumj@lanl.gov      BLM00060
C                                           BLM00070
C  These codes are copyrighted by the authors.  These codes      BLM00080
C  and modifications of them or portions of them are NOT to be      BLM00090
C  incorporated into any commercial codes or used for any other      BLM00100
C  commercial purposes such as consulting for other companies,      BLM00110
C  without legal agreements with the authors of these Codes.      BLM00120
C  If these Codes or portions of them are used in other scientific or      BLM00130
C  engineering research works the names of the authors of these codes      BLM00140
C  and appropriate references to their written work are to be      BLM00150
C  incorporated in the derivative works.      BLM00160
C                                           BLM00170
C  This header is not to be removed from these codes.      BLM00180
C                                           BLM00190
C          REFERENCE: Cullum and Willoughby, Chapter 7,      BLM00191
C          Lanczos Algorithms for Large Symmetric Eigenvalue Computations      BLM00192
C          VOL. 1 Theory. Republished as Volume 41 in SIAM CLASSICS in      BLM00193
C          Applied Mathematics, 2002. SIAM Publications,      BLM00194
C          Philadelphia, PA. USA      BLM00195
C                                           BLM00196
C                                           BLM00200
C          CONTAINS SAMPLE USPEC AND BMATV SUBROUTINES FOR USE WITH      BLM00210
C          THE BLOCK LANCZOS PROCEDURE FOR REAL SYMMETRIC MATRICES.      BLM00220
C          PROGRAMS ARE USED WITH BLEVAL AND BLSUB FILES.      BLM00230
C                                           BLM00240
C          NONPORTABLE CONSTRUCTIONS:      BLM00250
C          1.  THE ENTRY MECHANISM USED TO PASS THE STORAGE      BLM00260
C              LOCATIONS OF THE USER-SPECIFIED MATRIX FROM THE      BLM00270
C              SUBROUTINE USPEC TO THE MATRIX-VECTOR SUBROUTINE      BLM00280
C              BMATV.      BLM00290
C          2.  IN THE SAMPLE USPEC AND BMATV SUBROUTINES FOR DIAGONAL      BLM00300
C              TEST MATRICES: FREE FORMAT (8,*) AND THE FORMAT (20A4).      BLM00310
C                                           BLM00320
C-----USPEC (GENERAL SYMMETRIC SPARSE MATRICES)-----BLM00330
C                                           BLM00340
C          SUBROUTINE USPEC(N,MATNO,NNZ,AVER)      BLM00350
C          SUBROUTINE GUSPEC(N,MATNO,NNZ,AVER)      BLM00360
C                                           BLM00370
C-----BLM00380
C          DOUBLE PRECISION  ASD(10000),AD(5010),AVER,NNZ      BLM00390
C          INTEGER  IROW(10000),ICOL(5010)      BLM00400
C-----BLM00410
C          USPEC DIMENSIONS AND INITIALIZES THE ARRAYS NEEDED TO DEFINE      BLM00420
C          THE USER-SPECIFIED MATRIX AND THEN PASSES THE STORAGE LOCATIONS      BLM00430
C          OF THESE ARRAYS TO THE MULTIPLY SUBROUTINE BMATV.      BLM00440

```

```

C                                                    BLM00450
C  MATRIX IS STORED IN FOLLOWING SPARSE MATRIX FORMAT:      BLM00460
C  N = ORDER OF A-MATRIX,                                BLM00470
C  NZS = NUMBER OF NONZERO SUBDIAGONAL ENTRIES,           BLM00480
C  NZL = INDEX OF LAST COLUMN CONTAINING NONZERO SUBDIAGONAL ENTRIES, BLM00490
C  ICOL(J), J=1,NZL IS THE NUMBER OF NONZERO SUBDIAGONAL ELEMENTS BLM00500
C           IN COLUMN J.                                   BLM00510
C  IROW(K), K = 1,NZS IS THE CORRESPONDING ROW INDEX FOR ASD(K). BLM00520
C  AD(I), I=1,N CONTAINS DIAGONAL ENTRIES (INCLUDING ANY 0   BLM00530
C           DIAGONAL ENTRIES).                             BLM00540
C  ASD(K), K=1,NZS CONTAINS NONZERO SUBDIAGONAL ENTRIES, BY COLUMN BLM00550
C  FOR J > NZL THERE ARE NO NONZERO SUBDIAGONAL ELEMENTS IN COLUMN J. BLM00560
C  ICOL(J) = 0 IS ALLOWED                                   BLM00570
C                                                         BLM00580
C-----BLM00590
C  ARRAYS THAT DEFINE THE MATRIX ARE READ IN FROM FILE 8      BLM00600
C                                                         BLM00610
C      READ(8,10) NZS,NOLD,NZL,MATOLD                        BLM00620
10  FORMAT(I10,2I6,I8)                                       BLM00630
C                                                         BLM00640
C      WRITE(6,20) NZS,NOLD,NZL,MATOLD                       BLM00650
20  FORMAT(I10,2I6,I8,' = NZS,NOLD,NZL,MATOLD'/)           BLM00660
C                                                         BLM00670
C  TEST OF PARAMETER CORRECTNESS                             BLM00680
C      ITEMP = (NOLD-N)**2 + (MATNO-MATOLD)**2               BLM00690
C                                                         BLM00700
C      IF(ITEMP.EQ.0) GO TO 40                                BLM00710
C                                                         BLM00720
C      WRITE(6,30) NOLD,N,MATOLD,MATNO                       BLM00730
30  FORMAT('/ PROGRAM TERMINATES BECAUSE EITHER THE SIZE ',I4,' OF THEBLM00740
1  MATRIX'/' READ FROM FILE 8 DIFFERS FROM THE SIZE ',I4,' SPECIFIEDBLM00750
1  BY'/' THE USER OR THE MATNO ',I8,' READ IN DIFFERS FROM THE MATNOBLM00760
1  ' / I8,' SPECIFIED BY THE USER'/)                         BLM00770
C      GO TO 100                                              BLM00780
C                                                         BLM00790
C  40 CONTINUE                                                BLM00800
C                                                         BLM00810
C  NUMBER OF NONZERO SUBDIAGONAL ENTRIES IN EACH COLUMN IS READ BLM00820
C  THEN THE CORRESPONDING ROW INDEX FOR EACH SUCH ENTRY IS READ BLM00830
C      READ(8,50) (ICOL(K), K=1,NZL)                         BLM00840
C      READ(8,50) (IROW(K), K=1,NZS)                         BLM00850
50  FORMAT(13I6)                                             BLM00860
C                                                         BLM00870
C  DIAGONAL IS READ FIRST, THEN NONZERO BELOW DIAGONAL ENTRIES BLM00880
C      READ(8,60) (AD(K), K=1,N)                             BLM00890
C      READ(8,60) (ASD(K), K=1,NZS)                         BLM00900
60  FORMAT(4E19.10)                                         BLM00910
C                                                         BLM00920
C  COMPUTE NNZ, THE AVERAGE NUMBER OF NONZEROS PER COLUMN, AND BLM00930
C  AVER, THE AVERAGE SIZE OF NONZERO ENTRIES.              BLM00940
C      ITCOL = 0                                              BLM00950
C      AVER = 0.DO                                           BLM00960
C      DO 70 K = 1,N                                         BLM00970
C      IF(DABS(AD(K)).EQ.0.DO) GO TO 70                      BLM00980
C      ITCOL = ITCOL + 1                                     BLM00990

```

```

      AVER = AVER + DABS(AD(K))                                BLM01000
70 CONTINUE                                                  BLM01010
      NTCOL = ITCOL                                          BLM01020
      DO 80 K = 1,N                                          BLM01030
80 ITCOL = ITCOL + 2*ICOL(K)                                BLM01040
      NNZ = DFLOAT(ITCOL)/DFLOAT(N)                         BLM01050
      DO 90 K = 1,NZS                                         BLM01060
90 AVER = AVER + DABS(ASD(K))                                BLM01070
      AVER = AVER/DFLOAT(NZS + NTCOL)                       BLM01080
C                                                            BLM01090
C-----BLM01100
C      PASS STORAGE LOCATIONS OF ARRAYS THAT DEFINE THE MATRIX TO BLM01110
C      THE MATRIX-VECTOR MULTIPLY SUBROUTINE BMATV          BLM01120
C                                                            BLM01130
C      CALL BMATVE(ASD,AD,ICOL,IROW,N,NZL)                 BLM01140
C-----BLM01150
C                                                            BLM01160
C      RETURN                                                BLM01170
100 STOP                                                     BLM01180
C-----END OF USPEC-----BLM01190
C      END                                                    BLM01200
C                                                            BLM01210
C-----MATRIX-VECTOR MULTIPLY FOR REAL SPARSE SYMMETRIC MATRICES-----BLM01220
C                                                            BLM01230
C      SUBROUTINE BMATV(W,U)                                BLM01240
C      SUBROUTINE GBMATV(W,U)                               BLM01250
C                                                            BLM01260
C-----BLM01270
C      DOUBLE PRECISION  U(1),W(1),ASD(1),AD(1)             BLM01280
C      INTEGER  IROW(1),ICOL(1)                             BLM01290
C      COMMON/LOOPS/MAXIT,ITER                               BLM01300
C-----BLM01310
C      SPARSE MATRIX-VECTOR MULTIPLY FOR LANCZS  U = A*W     BLM01320
C      SEE USPEC SUBROUTINE FOR DESCRIPTION OF THE ARRAYS THAT DEFINE BLM01330
C      THE A-MATRIX                                         BLM01340
C-----BLM01350
C                                                            BLM01360
C      GO TO 3                                                BLM01370
C                                                            BLM01380
C-----BLM01390
C      STORAGE LOCATIONS OF ARRAYS ARE PASSED TO BMATV FROM USPEC BLM01400
C                                                            BLM01410
C      ENTRY BMATVE(ASD,AD,ICOL,IROW,N,NZL)                 BLM01420
C-----BLM01430
C                                                            BLM01440
C      GO TO 4                                                BLM01450
C                                                            BLM01460
C      3 CONTINUE                                             BLM01470
C      INCREMENT THE A*W COUNTER                             BLM01480
C      ITER = ITER + 1                                       BLM01490
C      COMPUTE THE DIAGONAL TERMS                           BLM01500
C      DO 10 I = 1,N                                          BLM01510
10 U(I) = AD(I)*W(I)                                         BLM01520
C                                                            BLM01530
C      COMPUTE BY COLUMN                                     BLM01540

```

```

      LLAST = 0
      DO 30 J = 1,NZL
C
      IF (ICOL(J).EQ.0) GO TO 30
      LFIRST = LLAST + 1
      LLAST = LLAST + ICOL(J)
C
      DO 20 L = LFIRST,LLAST
      I = IROW(L)
C
      U(I) = U(I) + ASD(L)*W(J)
      U(J) = U(J) + ASD(L)*W(I)
C
      20 CONTINUE
C
      30 CONTINUE
C
      4 RETURN
C-----END OF BMATV-----
      END
C
C-----MATRIX-VECTOR MULTIPLY FOR DIAGONAL TEST MATRICES-----
C      BMATV COMPUTES U = (DIAGONAL MATRIX) * W
C
      SUBROUTINE BMATV(W,U)
C      SUBROUTINE DBMATV(W,U)
C
C-----
      DOUBLE PRECISION W(1),U(1),D(1)
      COMMON/LOOPS/MAXIT,ITER
C-----
      GO TO 3
C-----
C      STORAGE LOCATIONS OF ARRAYS ARE PASSED TO BMATV FROM USPEC
      ENTRY MVDIAE(D,N)
C-----
      GO TO 4
C
      3 CONTINUE
C      INCREMENT THE LOOP COUNTER
      ITER = ITER + 1
C
      DO 10 I=1,N
      10 U(I)= D(I)*W(I)
C      10 U(I)= -D(I)*W(I)
C
      4 RETURN
C
C-----END OF DIAGONAL TEST MATRIX MULTIPLY-----
      END
C
C-----START OF USPEC FOR DIAGONAL TEST MATRIX-----
C
      SUBROUTINE USPEC(N,MATNO,NNZ,AVER)
C      SUBROUTINE DUSPEC(N,MATNO,NNZ,AVER)

```

```

C                                                     BLM02100
C-----BLM02110
      DOUBLE PRECISION  D(1000),SPACE,SHIFT,AVER,NNZ      BLM02120
      DOUBLE PRECISION  DABS, DFLOAT                      BLM02130
      REAL  EXPLAN(20)                                     BLM02140
C-----BLM02150
C                                                     BLM02160
      READ(8,10) EXPLAN                                     BLM02170
10  FORMAT(20A4)                                           BLM02180
      READ(8,*) NOLD,NUNIF,SPACE,D(1),SHIFT               BLM02190
      NNUNIF = NOLD - NUNIF                                BLM02200
      WRITE(6,20) NOLD,SPACE,NNUNIF,D(1),SHIFT            BLM02210
20  FORMAT(/' DIAGONAL TEST MATRIX, SIZE = ',I4/' MOST ENTRIES ARE ', BLM02220
      1E10.3,' UNITS APART.',I3,' ENTRIES'/' ARE IRREGULARLY SPACED. FIRSBLM02230
      1T ENTRY IS ',E10.3,' SHIFT = ',E10.3/)             BLM02240
C                                                     BLM02250
      IF(N.NE.NOLD) GO TO 100                               BLM02260
C  COMPUTE THE UNIFORM PORTION OF THE SPECTRUM             BLM02270
      DO 30 J=2,NUNIF                                       BLM02280
30  D(J) = D(1) - DFLOAT(J-1)*SPACE                        BLM02290
      NUNIF1=NUNIF + 1                                       BLM02300
      READ(8,10) EXPLAN                                     BLM02310
      DO 40 J=NUNIF1,N                                       BLM02320
40  READ(8,*) D(J)                                           BLM02330
C                                                     BLM02340
      IF(SHIFT.EQ.0.) GO TO 60                               BLM02350
      DO 50 J=1,N                                           BLM02360
50  D(J) = D(J) + SHIFT                                       BLM02370
C                                                     BLM02380
C  PRINT OUT THE EIGENVALUES OF INTEREST                   BLM02390
60  WRITE(6,70) (D(I), I=1,10 )                             BLM02400
      NB = NUNIF - 2                                         BLM02410
      WRITE(6,80) (D(I), I = NB,N)                          BLM02420
70  FORMAT(/' BLOCK LANCZOS TEST, 1ST 10 ENTRIES OF DIAGONAL TEST MATRBLM02430
      1IX = '/(3E22.14))                                     BLM02440
80  FORMAT(/' MIDDLE UNIFORM PORTION OF MATRIX IS NOT PRINTED OUT'/' BLM02450
      1' END OF UNIFORM PLUS NONUNIFORM SECTION = '/(3E25.16)) BLM02460
C                                                     BLM02470
C  DIAGONAL GENERATION COMPLETE                           BLM02480
C  COMPUTE NNZ AND AVER                                    BLM02490
      NNZ = 1.D0                                             BLM02500
      AVER = 0.D0                                             BLM02510
      DO 90 K = 1,N                                          BLM02520
90  AVER = AVER + DABS(D(K))                                  BLM02530
      AVER = AVER/DFLOAT(N)                                  BLM02540
C                                                     BLM02550
C-----BLM02560
C  CALL ENTRY TO MATRIX-VECTOR MULTIPLY SUBROUTINE TO PASS BLM02570
C  STORAGE LOCATION OF D-ARRAY AND ORDER OF A-MATRIX.     BLM02580
C                                                     BLM02590
      CALL MVDIAE(D,N)                                       BLM02600
C-----BLM02610
C                                                     BLM02620
      RETURN                                                 BLM02630
100 WRITE(6,110) NOLD,N                                     BLM02640

```

```
110 FORMAT(' PROGRAM TERMINATES BECAUSE NOLD = ',I5,'DOES NOT EQUAL N BLM02650
1 =',I5) BLM02660
C-----END OF USPEC SUBROUTINE FOR 'DIAGONAL' TEST MATRICES-----BLM02670
STOP BLM02680
END BLM02690
```


8.5 BLSUB: Other Subroutines used by the Codes in Chapters 8 and 9

```

C-----BLSUB-----BLS00010
C  Authors:  Jane Cullum* and Bill Donath**      BLS00020
C          **IBM Research, T.J. Watson Research Center      BLS00030
C          **Yorktown Heights, N.Y. 10598      BLS00040
C          * Los Alamos National Laboratory      BLS00050
C          * Los Alamos, New Mexico 87544      BLS00060
C          E-mail:  cullumj@lanl.gov      BLS00065
C                                           BLS00070
C  These codes are copyrighted by the authors.  These codes      BLS00080
C  and modifications of them or portions of them are NOT to be      BLS00090
C  incorporated into any commercial codes or used for any other      BLS00100
C  commercial purposes such as consulting for other companies,      BLS00110
C  without legal agreements with the authors of these Codes.      BLS00120
C  If these Codes or portions of them are used in other scientific or      BLS00130
C  engineering research works the names of the authors of these codes      BLS00140
C  and appropriate references to their written work are to be      BLS00150
C  incorporated in the derivative works.      BLS00160
C                                           BLS00170
C  This header is not to be removed from these codes.      BLS00180
C                                           BLS00190
C          REFERENCE: Cullum and Willoughby, Chapter 7,      BLS00191
C          Lanczos Algorithms for Large Symmetric Eigenvalue Computations      BLS00192
C          VOL. 1 Theory. Republished as Volume 41 in SIAM CLASSICS in      BLS00193
C          Applied Mathematics, 2002. SIAM Publications,      BLS00194
C          Philadelphia, PA. USA      BLS00195
C                                           BLS00196
C                                           BLS00200
C  PFORT VERIFIER IDENTIFIED THE FOLLOWING NONPORTABLE      BLS00210
C  CONSTRUCTIONS:      BLS00220
C  1. ENTRY MECHANISMS USED TO PASS THE STORAGE LOCATIONS OF      BLS00230
C     SEVERAL ARRAYS FROM THE MAIN PROGRAM TO THE SUBROUTINES      BLS00240
C     LANCZS AND LANCI1.      BLS00250
C  2. COMMON BLOCK: LOOPS: USED IN LANCZS AND LANCI1.      BLS00260
C                                           BLS00270
C  SUBROUTINES:  LANCZS, LANCI1, ORTHOG, START, AND DIAGOM      BLS00280
C                ARE USED WITH THE BLOCK LANCZOS PROGRAMS      BLS00290
C                BLEVAL AND BLIEVAL.  LPERM IS USED WITH BLIEVAL.      BLS00300
C                                           BLS00310
C                                           BLS00320
C-----LANCZS FOR BLOCK LANCZOS PROCEDURE-----BLS00330
C                                           BLS00340
C  ON EACH ITERATION CALLS LANCI1 SUBROUTINE TO GENERATE      BLS00350
C  THE Q-SUBBLOCKS AND THEN CALLS DIAGOM SUBROUTINE TO      BLS00360
C  DIAGONALIZE THE SMALL SYMMETRIC MATRIX WHICH IS THE PROJECTION      BLS00370
C  OF THE MATRIX BEING USED BY LANCZS ONTO THE SUBSPACE SPANNED      BLS00380
C  BY THESE Q-BLOCKS.      BLS00390
C                                           BLS00400
C  SUBROUTINE LANCZS(MATVEC,KML,KSET,KACT,MXBLK,N,Q,E,RESIDL,      BLS00410
C  1 RESIDK,ERRMAX,IPHASE,NITER,IWRITE)      BLS00420
C                                           BLS00430

```

C		BLS00440
	DOUBLE PRECISION E(1),Q(1),ERRMAX,SPREC,RESN,FRACT,RKM,SUM	BLS00450
	DOUBLE PRECISION TM(1),SM(1),TD(*),TOD(1),RESIDL(*),RESIDK(1)	BLS00460
	REAL G(1)	BLS00470
	INTEGER EFLAG,OFLAG,DIR(2,*),DESC(1),LEFT(1),XLFT(*)	BLS00480
	DOUBLE PRECISION FINPRO	BLS00490
	COMMON /LOOPS/MAXIT,ITER	BLS00500
	COMMON/FLAGS/EFLAG,OFLAG	BLS00510
	EXTERNAL MATVEC	BLS00520
C	-----	BLS00530
	GO TO 3	BLS00540
C	-----	BLS00550
C	ENTRY RECEIVES STORAGE LOCATIONS OF SEVERAL OF THE ARRAYS	BLS00560
C	USED BY THE LANCZS SUBROUTINE. THIS ALLOWS USER TO SPECIFY	BLS00570
C	THE DIMENSIONS OF THESE ARRAYS IN THE MAIN PROGRAM.	BLS00580
C		BLS00590
	ENTRY LANZP(DIR,DESC,SM, TM, TOD, TD, G, XLFT, LEFT, SPREC)	BLS00600
	GO TO 4	BLS00610
C	-----	BLS00620
C		BLS00630
	3 CONTINUE	BLS00640
C		BLS00650
	KM = KML	BLS00660
	MMT = MXBLK*MXBLK	BLS00670
	MPMIN = -1000	BLS00680
	IKACT = KACT + 10	BLS00690
	FRACT = RESIDL(1)	BLS00700
	NSTAG = RESIDL(2)	BLS00710
	IORTH0 = 0	BLS00720
C		BLS00730
C	CONSTRUCT STARTING VECTORS	BLS00740
	IF(KSET.EQ.0) GO TO 10	BLS00750
C	-----	BLS00760
	CALL ORTHOG(1,KSET,N,Q)	BLS00770
	10 CALL START (KSET+1,KACT,N,Q,G,ERRMAX)	BLS00780
C	-----	BLS00790
	20 CONTINUE	BLS00800
C	INITIALIZE THE LANCZOS T-MATRIX.	BLS00810
	DO 30 J=1,MMT	BLS00820
	30 TM(J)=0.DO	BLS00830
C		BLS00840
C	INITIALIZE THE Q-BLOCK DIRECTORY	BLS00850
	DIR(1,1)=1	BLS00860
	DIR(2,1)=KACT	BLS00870
C		BLS00880
C	ORTHOGONALIZE THE STARTING VECTORS	BLS00890
	IF(NITER.EQ.0) GO TO 40	BLS00900
C	-----	BLS00910
	CALL ORTHOG(1,KACT,N,Q)	BLS00920
C	-----	BLS00930
	40 CONTINUE	BLS00940
C		BLS00950
C	GENERATE THE QSUBBLOCKS USED ON ITERATION NITER AND STORE IN	BLS00960
C	THE Q-ARRAY	BLS00970
C		BLS00980

	DO 90 I=1,MXBLK	BLS00990
C		BLS01000
C	-----	BLS01010
	CALL LANCI1(MATVEC,MXBLK,NITER,I,N,Q,KACT,KML,ERRMAX,RESN,RKM,	BLS01020
	1 IND,KACTN,IWRITE)	BLS01030
C	-----	BLS01040
C		BLS01050
C	HAS CONVERGENCE OCCURRED?	BLS01060
	II = I+1	BLS01070
	IF (I.EQ.1.AND.DIR(2,I).EQ.DIR(2,II)) GO TO 140	BLS01080
C		BLS01090
C	WAS THERE ROOM FOR ANOTHER Q-BLOCK?	BLS01100
	IF (DIR(2,II).LT.DIR(1,II)) GO TO 100	BLS01110
C		BLS01120
C	IF OFLAG = 1 OR IPHASE = 2, CHECK THE ORTHOGONALITY OF	BLS01130
C	THE Q-SUBBLOCKS GENERATED WITH RESPECT TO THAT VECTOR	BLS01140
C	IN THE 1ST Q-BLOCK WHICH IS GENERATING DESCENDANTS.	BLS01150
C	IN PHASE 2 LOSSES IN ORTHOGONALITY ARE USED TO	BLS01160
C	DETERMINE WHEN THE LIMITS ON THE ACHIEVABLE ACCURACY HAVE	BLS01170
C	BEEN REACHED.	BLS01180
C		BLS01190
	IF(OFLAG.EQ.0.AND.IPHASE.EQ.1) GO TO 90	BLS01200
C		BLS01210
	L1=DIR(1,II)	BLS01220
	LL1 = (L1-1)*N + 1	BLS01230
	IND1 = (IND-1)*N + 1	BLS01240
C	-----	BLS01250
	SUM = FINPRO(N,Q(IND1),1,Q(LL1),1)	BLS01260
C	-----	BLS01270
C		BLS01280
	IF(DABS(SUM).LT.SPREC)GO TO 80	BLS01290
C		BLS01300
	IF(IWRITE.EQ.1) WRITE(6,50) IND,L1,SUM,I	BLS01310
50	FORMAT(/' INNER PRODUCT OF VECTORS ',I3,' AND ',I3,' = ',E13.3/	BLS01320
	1' THIS VIOLATES ORTHOGONALITY TEST. TERMINATE BLOCK GENERATION'	BLS01330
	1/' WITH ',I3,'TH BLOCK '/')	BLS01340
C		BLS01350
C	ORTHOGONALITY TEST VIOLATED, TERMINATE BLOCK GENERATION	BLS01360
C	FOR THIS ITERATION. IN PHASE 2 KEEP TRACK OF NUMBER OF	BLS01370
C	SUCH VIOLATIONS THAT LIMIT THE NUMBER OF BLOCKS TO < 10.	BLS01380
C	TERMINATE AFTER 3 SUCH VIOLATIONS IN PHASE 2.	BLS01390
	IF(IPHASE.NE.1.AND.I.LT.IKACT) IORTHO = IORTHO + 1	BLS01400
	IF(IORTHO.LT.3.AND.II.NE.2) GO TO 70	BLS01410
	WRITE(6,60)	BLS01420
60	FORMAT(/' THE ORTHOGONALITY TEST HAS FAILED THREE TIMES'/	BLS01430
	1' TERMINATE THE BLOCK PROCEDURE'/)	BLS01440
	IPHASE = -1000	BLS01450
C	BEFORE TERMINATING WRITE THE CURRENT EIGENVECTOR/EIGENVALUE	BLS01460
C	APPROXIMATIONS TO FILE 15	BLS01470
	GO TO 160	BLS01480
C		BLS01490
C	TERMINATE THE Q-BLOCK GENERATION ON THIS ITERATION	BLS01500
70	DIR(2,II)=DIR(2,I)	BLS01510
	GO TO 100	BLS01520
C		BLS01530

80	CONTINUE	BLS01540
C		BLS01550
C	END OF ORTHOGONALITY TESTS	BLS01560
C		BLS01570
90	CONTINUE	BLS01580
C		BLS01590
C	END OF RECURSIVE Q-BLOCK GENERATION	BLS01600
C		BLS01610
100	CONTINUE	BLS01620
	MM = DIR(2,II)	BLS01630
	IF(IWRITE.EQ.1) WRITE (6,110) MM,I	BLS01640
110	FORMAT(' T-MATRIX IS OF ORDER ',I3, ' NUMBER OF BLOCKS = ',I3)	BLS01650
C		BLS01660
C	-----	BLS01670
C	DIAGONALIZE THE PROJECTION MATRIX TM. ON RETURN THE	BLS01680
C	UPDATED APPROXIMATIONS TO THE DESIRED EIGENVECTORS ARE IN THE	BLS01690
C	FIRST KACT COLUMNS OF THE Q-ARRAY.	BLS01700
C	UPDATED EIGENVALUE APPROXIMATIONS ARE IN E.	BLS01710
	TD(1) = RKM	BLS01720
	TD(2) = FRACT	BLS01730
	IERR = NSTAG	BLS01740
C		BLS01750
	CALL DIAGOM(MXBLK,MM,TM,KACT,N,Q,E,RESIDL,RESIDK,	BLS01760
1	RESN,IND,KACTN,KM,TD,TOD,NITER,IERR,IWRITE)	BLS01770
C	-----	BLS01780
C		BLS01790
C	INCREMENT COUNTER FOR NUMBER OF BLOCK LANCZOS ITERATIONS	BLS01800
	NITER = NITER + 1	BLS01810
C	IWRITE = MPMIN MEANS BLOCK LANCZOS PROCEDURE TERMINATED ABNORMALLY	BLS01820
	IF(IWRITE.EQ.MPMIN) GO TO 160	BLS01830
C	IERR .NE. 0 MEANS EISPACK SUBROUTINE DEFAULTED	BLS01840
	IF(IERR.EQ.0) GO TO 130	BLS01850
	WRITE(6,120)	BLS01860
120	FORMAT('/' EISPACK SIGNALS TROUBLE IN SMALL IMTQL2 EIGENVALUE SUBRO	BLS01870
1	UTINE, '/' SO BLOCK LANCZOS PROGRAM TERMINATES')	BLS01880
	ITER = -ITER	BLS01890
C		BLS01900
	RETURN	BLS01910
C		BLS01920
130	IF (ITER.GE.MAXIT) GO TO 160	BLS01930
C		BLS01940
C	UPDATED APPROXIMATIONS WERE OBTAINED WITHOUT EXCEEDING	BLS01950
C	MAXIMUM NUMBER OF MATRIX-VECTOR MULTIPLIES SET BY THE USER.	BLS01960
C	CONTINUE BLOCK LANCZOS LOOP ITERATIONS	BLS01970
C		BLS01980
	GO TO 20	BLS01990
C		BLS02000
140	WRITE(6,150)	BLS02010
150	FORMAT('//' BLOCK LANCZOS PROCEDURE CONVERGED'//')	BLS02020
C		BLS02030
C	BLOCK LANCZOS PROCEDURE HAS CONVERGED.	BLS02040
C	ATTEMPT TO IMPROVE THE APPROXIMATE EIGENVECTORS BY DIAGONALIZING	BLS02050
C	THE SMALL PROJECTION MATRIX OBTAINED BY USING ONLY THE	BLS02060
C	FIRST BLOCK IN Q-ARRAY.	BLS02070
C		BLS02080

```

160 KACT2 = KACT*MXBLK                                BLS02090
    DO 170 KK = 1,KACT2                                BLS02100
170 TM(KK) = 0.DO                                      BLS02110
C-----BLS02120
    CALL ORTHOG(1,KACT,N,Q)                            BLS02130
C-----BLS02140
    KK0 = 1-N                                           BLS02150
    KACTP1 = (KACT)*N + 1                               BLS02160
    JJ0 = -MXBLK-1                                       BLS02170
    DO 190 K=1,KACT                                     BLS02180
    JJ0 = JJ0 + MXBLK + 1                               BLS02190
    KK0 = KK0 + N                                       BLS02200
C-----BLS02210
    CALL MATVEC(Q(KK0),Q(KACTP1))                      BLS02220
C-----BLS02230
    LLO = (K-2)*N + 1                                   BLS02240
    JJ = JJ0                                             BLS02250
    DO 180 L=K,KACT                                     BLS02260
    LLO = LLO + N                                       BLS02270
    JJ=JJ+1                                             BLS02280
C-----BLS02290
    TM(JJ) = FINPRO(N,Q(LLO),1,Q(KACTP1),1)           BLS02300
C-----BLS02310
180 CONTINUE                                           BLS02320
C                                                     BLS02330
190 CONTINUE                                           BLS02340
C                                                     BLS02350
C-----BLS02360
C    USE EISPACK SUBROUTINE TRED2 TO TRIDIAGONALIZE TM-MATRIX BLS02370
C    TM = (1ST Q-BLOCK)-TRANSPPOSE*A*(1ST Q-BLOCK).    BLS02380
C    ON RETURN DIAGONAL ELEMENTS COMPUTED ARE IN TD, OFF-DIAGONAL BLS02390
C    ELEMENTS ARE IN TOD, TRANSFORMATIONS USED ARE IN TM. BLS02400
C    THEN USE EISPACK SUBROUTINE IMTQL2 TO DIAGONALIZE THE T-MATRIX. BLS02410
C    ON RETURN. EIGENVALUES ARE IN TD IN ASCENDING ORDER. BLS02420
C    CORRESPONDING EIGENVECTORS ARE IN TM.             BLS02430
C                                                     BLS02440
    CALL TRED2(MXBLK,KACT,TM,TD,TOD,TM)                BLS02450
    CALL IMTQL2(MXBLK,KACT,TD,TOD,TM,IERR)              BLS02460
C-----BLS02470
C                                                     BLS02480
    IF(IERR.EQ.0) GO TO 200                             BLS02490
    WRITE(6,120)                                         BLS02500
    ITER = -ITER                                         BLS02510
C                                                     BLS02520
    RETURN                                              BLS02530
C                                                     BLS02540
C    COMPUTE SUCCESSIVELY THE JTH-COMPONENTS OF THE RITZ VECTORS. BLS02550
C    REORDER THE EIGENVALUES (AND EIGENVECTORS) SO THAT THEY BLS02560
C    ARE IN ALGEBRAICALLY DECREASING ORDER.           BLS02570
C                                                     BLS02580
200 DO 220 J=1,N                                       BLS02590
    JJ0 = - MXBLK                                       BLS02600
    JL0 = -N + J                                       BLS02610
    DO 210 K=1,KACT                                     BLS02620
    TOD(K)=0.DO                                         BLS02630

```

```

      JJ0 = JJ0 + MXBLK                                BLS02640
      JJ= JJ0                                           BLS02650
      JL = JL0                                           BLS02660
      DO 210 L=1,KACT                                   BLS02670
      JJ=JJ+1                                           BLS02680
      JL = JL + N                                       BLS02690
210  TOD(K)=TOD(K)+TM(JJ)*Q(JL)                        BLS02700
      JK = JL0                                           BLS02710
      DO 220 K=1,KACT                                   BLS02720
      JK = JK + N                                       BLS02730
      KACTK = KACT - K + 1                             BLS02740
      Q(JK)=TOD(KACTK)                                BLS02750
220  CONTINUE                                           BLS02760
      DO 230 K=1,KACT                                   BLS02770
      KACTK = KACT - K + 1                             BLS02780
230  E(K)=TD(KACTK)                                    BLS02790
C                                                    BLS02800
C   HAS CONVERGENCE OCCURRED?                         BLS02810
      IF(I.EQ.1.AND.DIR(2,I).EQ.DIR(2,I+1)) GO TO 250 BLS02820
C                                                    BLS02830
C   CONVERGENCE HAS NOT OCCURRED, PROCEDURE TERMINATED FOR SOME BLS02840
C   OTHER REASON                                       BLS02850
      WRITE(6,240)                                       BLS02860
240  FORMAT('// BLOCK LANCZOS PROCEDURE TERMINATES WITHOUT CONVERGENCE' BLS02870
      1/' AFTER WRITING THE CURRENT EIGENVALUE AND EIGENVECTOR APPROXIMAT BLS02880
      1IONS'/' TO FILE 15'/)                            BLS02890
C                                                    BLS02900
      RETURN                                           BLS02910
C                                                    BLS02920
250  IF(IPHASE.EQ.1) WRITE(6,260) (E(K), K=1,KACT)     BLS02930
      IF(IPHASE.EQ.2) WRITE(6,270) (E(K), K=1,KACT)     BLS02940
260  FORMAT('/ AT END OF PHASE 1, COMPUTED EIGENVALUES ='/(4E20.12)) BLS02950
270  FORMAT('/ AT END OF PHASE 2, COMPUTED EIGENVALUES ='/(4E20.12)) BLS02960
C                                                    BLS02970
C                                                    BLS02980
C-----END OF LANCZS-----BLS02990
      4 RETURN                                           BLS03000
      END                                               BLS03010
C                                                    BLS03020
C-----START OF LANCI1-----BLS03030
C   GENERATES THE Q-SUBBLOCKS ON EACH ITERATION OF THE BLOCK LANCZOS BLS03040
C   PROCEDURE.                                         BLS03050
C                                                    BLS03060
      SUBROUTINE LANCI1(MATVEC,MXBLK,NITER,I,N,Q,KACT,KML,ERRMAX, BLS03070
      1RESN,RKM,IND,KACTN,IWRITE)                      BLS03080
C                                                    BLS03090
C-----BLS03100
      DOUBLE PRECISION Q(1),TM(1),S,SM(1),T,ERRMAX,SUM,RESN,RKM BLS03110
      INTEGER DIR(2,*),DESC(1),LEFT(1),XLFT(*)          BLS03120
      DOUBLE PRECISION FINPRO, DSQRT                   BLS03130
      EXTERNAL MATVEC                                   BLS03140
C-----BLS03150
      GO TO 3                                           BLS03160
C-----BLS03170
C   ALLOWS PASSAGE OF LOCATIONS OF SOME OF THE ARRAYS USED BY LANCI1 BLS03180

```

C	SO THAT THESE ARRAYS CAN BE DIMENSIONED IN THE MAIN PROGRAM	BLS03190
C		BLS03200
	ENTRY LANCP1(DIR,DESC,TM,SM,XLFT,LEFT)	BLS03210
	GO TO 4	BLS03220
C-----		BLS03230
	3 CONTINUE	BLS03240
C		BLS03250
C	SIZE OF FIRST BLOCK CAN CHANGE.	BLS03260
	IF(I.EQ.1) KACTN = KACT	BLS03270
C		BLS03280
C	XLFT(I+2) IS CUMULATIVE TOTAL OF VECTORS IN 1ST QBLOCK NOT	BLS03290
C	GENERATING DESCENDANTS.	BLS03300
C		BLS03310
	IF(I.GT.1) GO TO 10	BLS03320
	XLFT(1) = 0	BLS03330
	XLFT(2) = 0	BLS03340
	10 XLFT(I+2) = XLFT(I+1)	BLS03350
C		BLS03360
C	INITIALIZE THE DIRECTORY FOR NEXT QBLOCK Q(I+1)	BLS03370
C		BLS03380
	I2=DIR(2,I)	BLS03390
	I1=DIR(1,I)	BLS03400
	DIR(1,I+1)=I2+1	BLS03410
	DIR(2,I+1)=I2	BLS03420
C		BLS03430
C	IS THERE ROOM FOR ANOTHER QBLOCK?	BLS03440
C		BLS03450
	MS = I2-I1+1	BLS03460
	IF (MS+I2.LE.MXBLK) GO TO 70	BLS03470
C		BLS03480
C	NOT ENOUGH ROOM TO GENERATE ANOTHER BLOCK	BLS03490
C	COMPLETE THE TM-MATRIX. NOTE THAT THE TM-MATRIX IS	BLS03500
C	DIMENSIONED AS (MXBLK,1) AND THE EISPACK SUBROUTINES	BLS03510
C	REQUIRE THE LOWER TRIANGULAR PART OF THIS MATRIX.	BLS03520
C		BLS03530
	I3=I2+1	BLS03540
	JI30 = (I3-1)*N	BLS03550
	JI31 = JI30 + 1	BLS03560
	JK1 = (I1-2)*N + 1	BLS03570
	DO 60 K=I1,I2	BLS03580
	JK1 = JK1 + N	BLS03590
C-----		BLS03600
	CALL MATVEC(Q(JK1),Q(JI31))	BLS03610
C-----		BLS03620
C	COMPUTE LAST DIAGONAL BLOCK IN TM-MATRIX FOR THIS ITERATION	BLS03630
C		BLS03640
	JL1 = (K-2)*N + 1	BLS03650
	KK = (K-1)*MXBLK + K - 1	BLS03660
	20 DO 30 L=K,I2	BLS03670
	KK = KK + 1	BLS03680
	JL1 = JL1 + N	BLS03690
C-----		BLS03700
	TM(KK) = FINPRO(N,Q(JL1),1,Q(JI31),1)	BLS03710
C-----		BLS03720
	30 CONTINUE	BLS03730

C		BLS03740
C	COMPUTE ASSOCIATED CORRECTION TERMS IN TM-MATRIX.	BLS03750
	IF(XLFT(I).EQ.0) GO TO 50	BLS03760
	LUP = XLFT(I)	BLS03770
	DO 40 JJ = 1,LUP	BLS03780
	L= LEFT(JJ)	BLS03790
	JL1 = (L-1)*N + 1	BLS03800
C	-----	BLS03810
	SUM = FINPRO(N,Q(JI31),1,Q(JL1),1)	BLS03820
C	-----	BLS03830
	KK = (L-1)*MXBLK + K	BLS03840
	TM(KK) = SUM + TM(KK)	BLS03850
40	CONTINUE	BLS03860
C		BLS03870
50	CONTINUE	BLS03880
C		BLS03890
60	CONTINUE	BLS03900
C		BLS03910
	RETURN	BLS03920
C		BLS03930
C	ON EVERY BLOCK PASS THROUGH HERE TO GENERATE THE ITH-BLOCK	BLS03940
C	DIAGONAL ENTRY A(I) OF THE TM-MATRIX, EXCEPT THE LAST DIAGONAL	BLS03950
C	BLOCK WHICH IS GENERATED ABOVE	BLS03960
C		BLS03970
70	CONTINUE	BLS03980
C	COMPUTE (A-MATRIX)*(ITH-Q-BLOCK)	BLS03990
	KA=I2	BLS04000
	DO 80 K=I1,I2	BLS04010
	KA=KA+1	BLS04020
	JKA1 = (KA-1)*N + 1	BLS04030
	JK1 = (K-1)*N + 1	BLS04040
C	-----	BLS04050
	CALL MATVEC(Q(JK1),Q(JKA1))	BLS04060
C	-----	BLS04070
	DESC(K)=KA	BLS04080
80	DESC(KA)=K	BLS04090
C		BLS04100
C	COMPUTE (A-MATRIX)*(ITH-Q-BLOCK) - ((I-1)TH-Q-BLOCK)*B(I)-TRANS	BLS04110
C	WHERE B(I) DENOTES THE ITH SUBDIAGONAL BLOCK	BLS04120
C		BLS04130
	IF(I.EQ.1) GO TO 110	BLS04140
	J1 = DIR(1,I-1)	BLS04150
	J2 = DIR(2,I-1)	BLS04160
	DO 100 K=I1,I2	BLS04170
	KD=DESC(K)	BLS04180
	JKD0 = (KD-1)*N	BLS04190
	KK = (J1-2)*MXBLK + K	BLS04200
	DO 90 L=J1,J2	BLS04210
	JL = (L-1)*N	BLS04220
	KK = KK + MXBLK	BLS04230
	S=TM(KK)	BLS04240
	JKD = JKD0	BLS04250
	DO 90 J=1,N	BLS04260
	JKD = JKD + 1	BLS04270
	JL = JL + 1	BLS04280


```

90 Q(JKD) = Q(JKD) - S*Q(JL) BLS04290
100 CONTINUE BLS04300
    LINT = (KD-1)*N + 1 BLS04310
    LFIN = KD*N BLS04320
C BLS04330
C COMPUTE A(I) BLS04340
C BLS04350
110 DO 130 K=I1,I2 BLS04360
    KKMX = (K-1)*MXBLK BLS04370
    KD=DESC(K) BLS04380
    JKD1 = (KD-1)*N+ 1 BLS04390
    JL1 = (K-2)*N + 1 BLS04400
    DO 120 L=K,I2 BLS04410
    JL1 = JL1 + N BLS04420
    KK = KKMX + L BLS04430
C-----BLS04440
    TM(KK) = FINPRO(N,Q(JL1),1,Q(JKD1),1) BLS04450
C-----BLS04460
120 CONTINUE BLS04470
130 CONTINUE BLS04480
C BLS04490
C COMPUTE P(I) = P(I) - (ITH-Q-BLOCK)*A(I) BLS04500
C BLS04510
    DO 170 K=I1,I2 BLS04520
    KKMX = (K-1)*MXBLK BLS04530
    KD=DESC(K) BLS04540
    JKD0 = (KD-1)*N BLS04550
    JL = (I1-1)*N BLS04560
    DO 140 L=I1,I2 BLS04570
    KK = KKMX + L BLS04580
    IF(L.LT.K) KK=(L-1)*MXBLK + K BLS04590
    S=TM(KK) BLS04600
    JKD = JKD0 BLS04610
    DO 140 J=1,N BLS04620
    JL = JL + 1 BLS04630
    JKD = JKD + 1 BLS04640
140 Q(JKD) = Q(JKD) - S*Q(JL) BLS04650
C BLS04660
C REORTHOGONALIZE THE BLOCK P(I) WITH RESPECT TO ALL VECTORS BLS04670
C IN THE 1ST QBLOCK THAT ARE NOT CURRENTLY GENERATING ANY BLS04680
C DESCENDANTS. NOTE THAT 2ND Q-BLOCK IS REORTHOGONALIZED BLS04690
C ELSEWHERE. BLS04700
    IF(XLFT(I).EQ.0) GO TO 170 BLS04710
    LUP = XLFT(I) BLS04720
    DO 160 JJ = 1,LUP BLS04730
    L= LEFT(JJ) BLS04740
    JL0 = (L-1)*N BLS04750
    LLMX = (L-1)*MXBLK BLS04760
    JL1 = JL0 + 1 BLS04770
    JKD1 = JKD0 + 1 BLS04780
C-----BLS04790
    SUM = FINPRO(N,Q(JL1),1,Q(JKD1),1) BLS04800
C-----BLS04810
    JKD = JKD0 BLS04820
    JL = JL0 BLS04830

```

```

      DO 150 J=1,N                                BLS04840
      JKD = JKD + 1                                BLS04850
      JL = JL + 1                                  BLS04860
150  Q(JKD) = Q(JKD) - SUM* Q(JL)                 BLS04870
      KK = LLMX + K                                BLS04880
      TM(KK) = SUM + TM(KK)                        BLS04890
C                                                    BLS04900
160  CONTINUE                                     BLS04910
170  CONTINUE                                     BLS04920
C                                                    BLS04930
C                                                    BLS04940
C  GENERATE B(I+1)                                BLS04950
C                                                    BLS04960
      K1=DESC(I1)                                  BLS04970
      K2=DESC(I2)                                  BLS04980
      IFLAG=0                                       BLS04990
C                                                    BLS05000
C  COMPUTE NORMS                                  BLS05010
C                                                    BLS05020
180  CONTINUE                                     BLS05030
      JK1 = (K1-2)*N + 1                          BLS05040
      DO 190 K=K1,K2                              BLS05050
      JK1 = JK1 + N                                BLS05060
C-----BLS05070
      SM(K) = FINPRO(N,Q(JK1),1,Q(JK1),1)         BLS05080
C-----BLS05090
190  CONTINUE                                     BLS05100
C                                                    BLS05110
      IF(I.EQ.1.AND.K1.EQ.I2+1) WRITE(6,200) NITER, BLS05120
      1 (K,SM(K), K =K1,K2)                       BLS05130
200  FORMAT(// ' ON ITERATION', I4, ' NORM(GRAIENTS)**2 OF 1ST BLOCK = ' BLS05140
      1/5(I4,E12.3))                              BLS05150
C                                                    BLS05160
C  TEST FOR CONVERGENCE OF BLOCK LANCZOS          BLS05170
C                                                    BLS05180
      IF(I.GT.1.OR.K1.GT.I2+1) GO TO 250          BLS05190
C                                                    BLS05200
C  TEST THE FIRST KM OF THE EIGENVALUES FOR CONVERGENCE BLS05210
      K2L = K1 + KML - 1                          BLS05220
      RKM = SM(K2L)                                BLS05230
      DO 210 K = K1,K2L                          BLS05240
      IF(SM(K).GT.ERRMAX ) GO TO 220              BLS05250
210  CONTINUE                                     BLS05260
      GO TO 430                                    BLS05270
C                                                    BLS05280
C  CAN WE REDUCE KACT? IF A SMALL RESIDUAL (GRADIENT) IS IDENTIFIED, BLS05290
C  SIZE OF 1ST BLOCK MAY BE REDUCED.             BLS05300
220  IF(KML.EQ.KACT) GO TO 250                   BLS05310
      DO 230 K = K2L,K2                          BLS05320
      IF(SM(K).GT.ERRMAX) GO TO 230              BLS05330
      KSAV = K                                     BLS05340
      KACTN = KSAV - KACT                        BLS05350
      GO TO 240                                   BLS05360
C                                                    BLS05370
230  CONTINUE                                     BLS05380

```

GO TO 250	BLS05390
C	BLS05400
240 K2 = KSAV	BLS05410
C	BLS05420
C GENERATE THE TRANSPOSE OF B(I)	BLS05430
C	BLS05440
250 CONTINUE	BLS05450
C	BLS05460
C DETERMINE THE MAXIMAL NORM	BLS05470
K=K1	BLS05480
S=SM(K)	BLS05490
DO 260 L=K1,K2	BLS05500
IF (SM(L).LT.S) GOTO 260	BLS05510
K=L	BLS05520
S=SM(L)	BLS05530
260 CONTINUE	BLS05540
C FOR 2ND QBLOCK, SAVE INDEX AND SIZE OF MAXIMAL NORM	BLS05550
IF(I.GT.1) GO TO 270	BLS05560
IND = K - KACT	BLS05570
RESN = SM(K)	BLS05580
C	BLS05590
270 IF(S.LE.ERRMAX)GO TO 340	BLS05600
C	BLS05610
IF(IFLAG.EQ.1) GO TO 340	BLS05620
C	BLS05630
S=DSQRT(S)	BLS05640
JK0 = (K-1)*N	BLS05650
JK = JK0	BLS05660
DO 280 J=1,N	BLS05670
JK = JK + 1	BLS05680
280 Q(JK)=Q(JK)/S	BLS05690
JL0 = (K1-2)*N	BLS05700
DO 310 L=K1,K2	BLS05710
JL0 = JL0 + N	BLS05720
LL=(DESC(L) - 1)*MXBLK + K1	BLS05730
IF (L.NE.K) GOTO 290	BLS05740
TM(LL)=S	BLS05750
GO TO 310	BLS05760
290 JK1 = JK0 + 1	BLS05770
JL1 = JL0 + 1	BLS05780
C-----	BLS05790
T = FINPRO(N,Q(JK1),1,Q(JL1),1)	BLS05800
C-----	BLS05810
TM(LL)=T	BLS05820
JK = JK0	BLS05830
JL = JL0	BLS05840
DO 300 J=1,N	BLS05850
JK = JK + 1	BLS05860
JL = JL + 1	BLS05870
300 Q(JL) = Q(JL) - T*Q(JK)	BLS05880
310 CONTINUE	BLS05890
IF (K.EQ.K1) GOTO 330	BLS05900
C	BLS05910
JK1 = (K1-1)*N	BLS05920
JK = JK0	BLS05930

DO 320 J=1,N	BLS05940
JK = JK + 1	BLS05950
JK1 = JK1 + 1	BLS05960
T=Q(JK1)	BLS05970
Q(JK1)=Q(JK)	BLS05980
320 Q(JK)=T	BLS05990
MA=DESC(K)	BLS06000
MB=DESC(K1)	BLS06010
DESC(K1)=MA	BLS06020
DESC(K)=MB	BLS06030
DESC(MA)=K1	BLS06040
DESC(MB)=K	BLS06050
330 CONTINUE	BLS06060
C	BLS06070
DIR(2,I+1)=K1	BLS06080
C	BLS06090
IFLAG=1	BLS06100
C	BLS06110
K1=K1+1	BLS06120
IF(I.EQ.1) GO TO 340	BLS06130
IF (K1.LE.K2) GO TO 180	BLS06140
C	BLS06150
RETURN TO LANCZS	BLS06160
C	BLS06170
RETURN	BLS06180
C	BLS06190
C	BLS06200
C	BLS06210
340 CONTINUE	BLS06220
J= XLFT(I+2)	BLS06230
IF(K1.GT.K2) GO TO 360	BLS06240
DO 350 L= K1,K2	BLS06250
J = J+1	BLS06260
350 LEFT(J) = DESC(L)	BLS06270
360 XLFT(I+2) = J	BLS06280
C	BLS06290
C	BLS06300
C	BLS06310
C	BLS06320
FORCE REORTHOGONALIZATION OF 2ND AND 3RD QBLOCKS W.R.T. THOSE	BLS06330
VECTORS IN 1ST QBLOCK THAT ARE NOT GENERATING DESCENDANTS	BLS06340
ON THIS ITERATION.	BLS06350
IF(I.GT.1) GO TO 370	BLS06360
XLFT(1) = XLFT(3)	BLS06370
XLFT(2) = XLFT(3)	BLS06380
370 IJJ = I + 2	BLS06390
IJJJ= XLFT(IJJ)	BLS06400
C	BLS06410
IF(IJJJ.EQ.0) GO TO 390	BLS06420
IF(IWRITE.EQ.1) WRITE(6,380) (LEFT(IJ),IJ= 1,IJJJ)	BLS06430
380 FORMAT(' VECTORS NOT GENERATING DESCENDANTS ARE '/(10I6))	BLS06440
C	BLS06450
390 IF(I.EQ.1.AND.KML.GT.1) GO TO 400	BLS06460
C	BLS06470
RETURN	BLS06480
C	
C	
C	
C	
REORTHOGONALIZE 2ND QBLOCK W.R.T VECTORS IN 1ST BLOCK NOT	
GENERATING DESCENDANTS	
400 IF(XLFT(I).EQ.0) RETURN	

```

      LUP = XLFT(I)                                BLS06490
      KD = DIR(2,I+1)                              BLS06500
      JKD0 = (KD-1)*N                              BLS06510
      DO 420 JJ = 1,LUP                            BLS06520
      L = LEFT(JJ)                                BLS06530
      JL0 = (L-1)*N                                BLS06540
      JL1 = JL0 + 1                                BLS06550
      JKD1 = JKD0 + 1                              BLS06560
C-----BLS06570
      SUM = FINPRO(N,Q(JKD1),1,Q(JL1),1)           BLS06580
C-----BLS06590
      JL = JL0                                     BLS06600
      JKD = JKD0                                  BLS06610
      DO 410 J=1,N                                BLS06620
      JL = JL + 1                                  BLS06630
      JKD = JKD + 1                                BLS06640
410 Q(JKD) = Q(JKD) - SUM *Q(JL)                  BLS06650
420 CONTINUE                                       BLS06660
C                                                  BLS06670
      RETURN                                       BLS06680
C                                                  BLS06690
C      EXIT IF CONVERGENCE OF DESIRED EIGENVECTORS IS CONFIRMED. BLS06700
C                                                  BLS06710
430 CONTINUE                                       BLS06720
      DO 440 L=K1,K2                              BLS06730
      M=DESC(L)                                    BLS06740
440 DESC(M)=0                                       BLS06750
      DIR(2,2)=DIR(2,1)                            BLS06760
C                                                  BLS06770
      WRITE(6,450) ERRMAX                          BLS06780
450 FORMAT(/' CONVERGENCE OBSERVED, ALL RESIDUALS**2 .LT. ERRMAX = ', BLS06790
      1 E20.12)                                     BLS06800
C                                                  BLS06810
C                                                  BLS06820
      4 RETURN                                       BLS06830
C-----BLS06840
      END                                           BLS06850
C                                                  BLS06860
C-----BLS06870
      ORTHOG-----BLS06870
C      ORTHOGONALIZE COLUMNS M = MA,MB OF Q-ARRAY W.R.T COLUMNS M = 1,MB BLS06880
C                                                  BLS06890
      SUBROUTINE ORTHOG(MA,MB,N,Q)                  BLS06900
C                                                  BLS06910
C-----BLS06920
      DOUBLE PRECISION Q(1), S                      BLS06930
      DOUBLE PRECISION FINPRO, DSQRT                BLS06940
C-----BLS06950
C      MAIN LOOP                                     BLS06960
      DO 50 M = MA,MB                               BLS06970
      MMO = (M-1)*N                                 BLS06980
      LLO = -N                                       BLS06990
      DO 40 L = 1,M                                 BLS07000
      LLO = LLO + N                                 BLS07010
      LL = LLO + 1                                  BLS07020
      MM = MMO + 1                                  BLS07030

```

C-----		BLS07040
	S = FINPRO(N,Q(LL),1,Q(MM),1)	BLS07050
C-----		BLS07060
C		BLS07070
	IF (M.EQ.L) GO TO 20	BLS07080
C		BLS07090
	MM = MM0	BLS07100
	LL = LLO	BLS07110
	DO 10 I=1,N	BLS07120
	LL = LL + 1	BLS07130
	MM = MM + 1	BLS07140
10	Q(MM) = Q(MM) - S*Q(LL)	BLS07150
	GO TO 40	BLS07160
C		BLS07170
20	S = DSQRT(S)	BLS07180
	MM = MM0	BLS07190
	DO 30 I=1,N	BLS07200
	MM = MM + 1	BLS07210
30	Q(MM) = Q(MM)/S	BLS07220
C		BLS07230
40	CONTINUE	BLS07240
50	CONTINUE	BLS07250
C		BLS07260
	RETURN	BLS07270
C-----	END OF ORTHOG-----	BLS07280
	END	BLS07290
C		BLS07300
C-----	START-----	BLS07310
C	GENERATES PSEUDO-RANDOM STARTING VECTORS.	BLS07320
C		BLS07330
	SUBROUTINE START(KA,KB,N,Q,G,ERRMAX)	BLS07340
C		BLS07350
C-----		BLS07360
	DOUBLE PRECISION Q(1), ERRMAX, S	BLS07370
	REAL G(1)	BLS07380
	COMMON/RANDOM/IIX	BLS07390
	DOUBLE PRECISION FINPRO, DSQRT	BLS07400
C-----		BLS07410
	IF(KA.GT.KB) RETURN	BLS07420
C		BLS07430
	IIL = IIX	BLS07440
	DO 110 K = KA,KB	BLS07450
	KKO = (K-1)*N	BLS07460
C		BLS07470
C-----		BLS07480
	CALL GENRAN(IIL,G,N)	BLS07490
C-----		BLS07500
C		BLS07510
	KK = KKO	BLS07520
	DO 10 I = 1,N	BLS07530
	KK = KK + 1	BLS07540
10	Q(KK) = G(I)	BLS07550
	LLO = -N	BLS07560
20	DO 70 L=1,K	BLS07570
	LLO = LLO + N	BLS07580

LL = LL0 + 1	BLS07590
KK = KK0 + 1	BLS07600
C-----	BLS07610
S = FINPRO(N,Q(LL),1,Q(KK),1)	BLS07620
C-----	BLS07630
C	BLS07640
IF (K.EQ.L) GO TO 40	BLS07650
C	BLS07660
LL = LL0	BLS07670
KK = KK0	BLS07680
DO 30 I=1,N	BLS07690
LL = LL + 1	BLS07700
KK = KK + 1	BLS07710
30 Q(KK) = Q(KK) - S*Q(LL)	BLS07720
GO TO 70	BLS07730
C	BLS07740
40 S = DSQRT(S)	BLS07750
IF(S.LE.ERRMAX) GO TO 80	BLS07760
KK = KK0	BLS07770
DO 50 I=1,N	BLS07780
KK = KK + 1	BLS07790
50 Q(KK) = Q(KK)/S	BLS07800
C	BLS07810
WRITE(6,60) K	BLS07820
60 FORMAT(I6,' TH STARTING VECTOR IS GENERATED RANDOMLY')	BLS07830
C	BLS07840
70 CONTINUE	BLS07850
GO TO 110	BLS07860
C	BLS07870
C-----	BLS07880
80 CALL GENRAN(IIX,G,N)	BLS07890
C-----	BLS07900
C	BLS07910
WRITE(6,90) K	BLS07920
90 FORMAT(/I6,' TH RANDOM VECTOR REJECTED, GENERATE ANOTHER'/)	BLS07930
C	BLS07940
KK = KK0	BLS07950
DO 100 I = 1,N	BLS07960
KK = KK + 1	BLS07970
100 Q(KK) = G(I)	BLS07980
GO TO 20	BLS07990
C	BLS08000
110 CONTINUE	BLS08010
RETURN	BLS08020
C-----END OF START-----	BLS08030
END	BLS08040
C	BLS08050
C-----START OF DIAGOM-----	BLS08060
C	BLS08070
DIAGOM CALLS THE EISPACK SUBROUTINES TRED2 AND IMTQL2 TO	BLS08080
DIAGONALIZE THE SMALL SYMMETRIC MATRICES GENERATED AT EACH	BLS08090
ITERATION OF BLOCK LANCZOS.	BLS08100
C	BLS08110
SUBROUTINE DIAGOM(MXBLK,MM,TM,KACT,N,Q,E,RESID,RESK,RESN,IND,	BLS08120
1 KACTN,KM,TD,TOD,NITER,IERR,IWRITE)	BLS08130
C	

```

C-----BLS08140
      DOUBLE PRECISION  TM(MXBLK,1),Q(1),E(1),TD(*),TOD(1),RESID(1)  BLS08150
      DOUBLE PRECISION  RESK(1),RESN,RATIO,FRACT,RKM,EMAX,SPREAD,EGAP  BLS08160
      DOUBLE PRECISION  DABS,DFLOAT,DMAX1  BLS08170
C-----BLS08180
      IF(NITER.GE.100) GO TO 270  BLS08190
      RKM = TD(1)  BLS08200
      FRACT = TD(2)  BLS08210
      NSTAG = IERR  BLS08220
      KWANT = KACT  BLS08230
C  BLS08240
C  STORE KM-TH RESIDUALS**2 FOR CHECK ON STAGNATION OF CONVERGENCE  BLS08250
      NITER1 = NITER + 1  BLS08260
      RESK(NITER1) = RKM  BLS08270
      IF(NITER.LE.NSTAG) GO TO 10  BLS08280
C  TEST FOR STAGNATION  BLS08290
      NITERM = NITER - 10  BLS08300
      RATIO = RKM / RESK(NITERM)  BLS08310
      IF(RATIO.GT.FRACT) GO TO 250  BLS08320
C  BLS08330
      10 CONTINUE  BLS08340
C  BLS08350
C  TEST GAPS TO DETERMINE IF SIZE OF 1ST Q-BLOCK CAN BE REDUCED  BLS08360
      IF(NITER.EQ.0) GO TO 40  BLS08370
      IF(KM.EQ.KACT.OR.NITER.LT.10) GO TO 30  BLS08380
      KACT1 = KACT - 1  BLS08390
      DO 20 K = KM,KACT1  BLS08400
      RATIO = DABS(E(K+1) - E(K))  BLS08410
      IF(RATIO.LT.25*EGAP) GO TO 20  BLS08420
      KACT = K  BLS08430
      GO TO 40  BLS08440
      20 CONTINUE  BLS08450
C  BLS08460
C  IF KACT.NE.KACTN, THEN SUBROUTINE LANCI1 IDENTIFIED A VERY  BLS08470
C  SMALL RESIDUAL FOR SOME E(J), J>= KM.  BLS08480
      30 IF(KACT.EQ.KACTN) GO TO 50  BLS08490
      RATIO = DABS(E(KACTN+1) - E(KACTN))  BLS08500
      IF(RATIO.LE.EGAP) GO TO 50  BLS08510
      KACT = KACTN  BLS08520
      40 ICOUNT = 1  BLS08530
      INDEXP = IND  BLS08540
      RESID(1) = RESN  BLS08550
      GO TO 80  BLS08560
C  BLS08570
      50 CONTINUE  BLS08580
      IF(IND.NE.INDEXP) GO TO 70  BLS08590
C  INDEX OF VECTOR OF MAXIMUM NORM IS SAME AS ON PREVIOUS ITERATION  BLS08600
      ICOUNT = ICOUNT + 1  BLS08610
      IF(ICOUNT.LE.5) GO TO 60  BLS08620
      ITEST = ICOUNT - 4  BLS08630
      RATIO = RESID(ITEST)/RESN  BLS08640
      IF(DABS(RATIO).GT.10.D0) GO TO 60  BLS08650
C  BLS08660
C  CONVERGENCE STAGNATED, ADD NEXT RITZ VECTOR IN THE CHAIN  BLS08670
C  TO THE 1ST Q-BLOCK AND RESET THE FLAGS THAT KEEP TRACK OF  BLS08680

```



```

C      CONVERGENCE.                                     BLS08690
      INDEXP = IND                                       BLS08700
      ICOUNT = 0                                         BLS08710
      KACT = KACT + 1                                    BLS08720
      KWANT = KACT                                       BLS08730
C      CHECK THAT THERE IS ENOUGH ROOM TO ENLARGE THE 1ST QBLOCK BLS08740
      IF(2*KACT.GT.MXBLK) GO TO 230                     BLS08750
      GO TO 80                                           BLS08760
C                                                     BLS08770
      60 RESID(ICOUNT) = RESN                           BLS08780
      INDEXP = IND                                       BLS08790
      GO TO 80                                           BLS08800
C                                                     BLS08810
      70 ICOUNT = 1                                       BLS08820
      RESID(1) = RESN                                    BLS08830
      INDEXP = IND                                       BLS08840
C                                                     BLS08850
C-----BLS08860
C      USE EISPACK SUBROUTINES TO DIAGONALIZE THE SMALL TM-MATRIX. BLS08870
C                                                     BLS08880
      80 CALL TRED2(MXBLK,MM,TM,TD,TOD,TM)              BLS08890
      CALL INTQL2(MXBLK,MM,TD,TOD,TM,IERR)              BLS08900
C-----BLS08910
      IF(IERR.EQ.0) GO TO 90                             BLS08920
      RETURN                                           BLS08930
C                                                     BLS08940
C      SELECT RELEVANT EIGENVALUES AND EIGENVECTORS OF THE T-MATRIX. BLS08950
      90 CONTINUE                                       BLS08960
C                                                     BLS08970
C      INTQL2 RETURNS EIGENVALUES (AND CORRESPONDING EIGENVECTORS) IN BLS08980
C      ALGEBRAICALLY-ASCENDING ORDER.  REARRANGE TO DESCENDING ORDER. BLS08990
C                                                     BLS09000
      DO 100 L=1,MM                                       BLS09010
      MML = MM-L+1                                       BLS09020
      100 E(L) = TD(MML)                                  BLS09030
C                                                     BLS09040
      110 WRITE(6,120) KACT, (E(J), J=1,KACT)           BLS09050
      120 FORMAT(' COMPUTED',I4,' ALGEBRAICALLY-LARGEST EIGENVALUES'/(4E20.1BLS09060
      12))                                              BLS09070
C                                                     BLS09080
C      COMPUTE ESTIMATE MAXIMUM EIGENVALUE AND OF SPREAD BLS09090
      IF(NITER.GT.1) GO TO 140                           BLS09100
      EMAX = DMAX1(DABS(E(1)),DABS(E(MM)))              BLS09110
      SPREAD = DABS(E(1) - E(MM))                      BLS09120
      EGAP = SPREAD/DFLOAT(N)                          BLS09130
      IF(NITER.EQ.1) WRITE(6,130) EMAX,SPREAD,EGAP      BLS09140
      130 FORMAT(/4X,'ESTIMATED NORM OF MATRIX',4X,'ESTIMATED SPREAD',6X,'SPBLS09150
      1READ*(SIZE)*(-1)'/E28.4,E20.4,E24.3)           BLS09160
      140 CONTINUE                                       BLS09170
C                                                     BLS09180
C      COMPUTE RITZ VECTORS                             BLS09190
      DO 180 I=1,N                                       BLS09200
      DO 150 KK=1,KWANT                                  BLS09210
      TOD(KK)=0.DO                                       BLS09220
      K = MM - KK + 1                                    BLS09230

```

```

      IL = - N + I                                BLS09240
      DO 150 L = 1,MM                              BLS09250
      IL = IL + N                                BLS09260
150  TOD(KK) = TOD(KK) + TM(L,K)*Q(IL)           BLS09270
      IKK = -N + I                                BLS09280
160  DO 170 KK=1,KACT                             BLS09290
      IKK = IKK + N                                BLS09300
170  Q(IKK)=TOD(KK)                               BLS09310
180  CONTINUE                                     BLS09320
C                                                  BLS09330
C  ON FILE 13 SAVE ANY EXTRA VECTORS NO LONGER NEEDED IN 1ST Q-BLOCK BLS09340
  IF(KWANT.EQ.KACT) GO TO 290                     BLS09350
  K1 = KACT + 1                                   BLS09360
  K2 = KWANT                                       BLS09370
  DUMMY = 100.                                    BLS09380
  DO 190 K = K1,K2                               BLS09390
  LINT = (K-1)*N + 1                             BLS09400
  LFIN = K*N                                       BLS09410
  WRITE(13,210) E(K),DUMMY,K                     BLS09420
  WRITE(13,220) (Q(L), L=LINT,LFIN)              BLS09430
190  CONTINUE                                     BLS09440
  KDELTA = KWANT - KACT                           BLS09450
  WRITE(13,200) KDELTA                           BLS09460
200  FORMAT('/' ABOVE ARE ',I3,' VECTORS STRIPPED FROM A 1ST Q-BLOCK'/' BLS09470
  1' DURING A BLOCK LANZCOS RUN WHICH COULD BE USED AS STARTING VECTOBLS09480
  1RS'/' IN A LATER RUN IF THE USER DECIDES THAT THESE EIGENVALUES SHBLS09490
  1OULD'/' BE COMPUTED AFTER ALL.  FORMAT USED IN THE SAME AS WAS USEBLS09500
  1D'/' IN THE CORRESPONDING BLSTARTV FILE'/' )    BLS09510
210  FORMAT(/E20.12,E13.4,I6,' = EVAL,DUMMY,EVAL NUMBER,EVEC='/' ) BLS09520
220  FORMAT(4E20.12)                             BLS09530
      GO TO 290                                   BLS09540
C                                                  BLS09550
C  DEFAULT, SIZE OF 1ST Q-BLOCK TOO LARGE FOR MXBLK BLS09560
230  IWRITE = -1000                               BLS09570
      WRITE(6,240) KACT,MXBLK                     BLS09580
      WRITE(15,240) KACT,MXBLK                    BLS09590
240  FORMAT('/' BLOCK LANCZOS PROCEDURE TRIED TO INCREASE THE SIZE OF 1BLS09600
  1ST QBLOCK'/' TO ',I3,' BUT THIS IS NOT FEASIBLE BECAUSE TWICE THISBLS09610
  1 SIZE'/' IS G.T. MXBLK WHICH EQUALS ',I4/' USER CAN RERUN PROGRAM BLS09620
  1WITH LARGER MXBLK'/' )                        BLS09630
      GO TO 290                                   BLS09640
C                                                  BLS09650
C  DEFAULT, CONVERGENCE RATE IS TOO SLOW           BLS09660
250  IWRITE = -1000                               BLS09670
      WRITE(6,260) NITER,RATIO,FRACT              BLS09680
      WRITE(15,260) NITER,RATIO,FRACT             BLS09690
260  FORMAT('/' ON ITERATION ',I3,' CONVERGENCE APPEARS TO BE STAGNATEDBLS09700
  1'/' RATIO OF SQUARE OF CURRENT KM-TH RESIDUAL TO CORRESPONDING SQUBLS09710
  1ARE'/' 10 ITERATIONS EARLIER IS ',E10.3,' COMPARED TO ' /    BLS09720
  1' USER-SPECIFIED RATIO ',E10.3,'. THEREFORE, PROGRAM TERMINATES'/'BLS09730
  1 USER SHOULD LOOK AT THE OUTPUT. IF CONVERGENCE HAS STAGNATED, USEBLS09740
  1R'/' CAN EITHER INCREASE KACT OR KMAX OR RESET THE STAGNATION PARABLS09750
  1METERS'/' NSTAG AND FRACT, AND RESTART THE BLOCK PROCEDURE USING TBLS09760
  1HE'/' CURRENT EIGENVECTOR APPROXIMATIONS AS STARTING VECTORS'/' ) BLS09770
      GO TO 290                                   BLS09780

```

```

C                                                    BLS09790
270 IWRITE = -1000                                BLS09800
    WRITE(6,280)                                  BLS09810
    WRITE(15,280)                                 BLS09820
280 FORMAT(// ' SOMETHING IS SERIOUSLY WRONG.  NUMBER OF ITERATIONS IS BLS09830
1EXCESSIVE'// ' PROGRAM TERMINATES FOR USER TO DECIDE WHAT TO DO'// BLS09840
1ALTERNATIVES INCLUDE INCREASING KACT OR KMAX OR BOTH, AND RESTARTIBLS09850
1NG'// ' USING THE CURRENT APPROXIMATIONS AS STARTING VECTORS'//) BLS09860
C                                                    BLS09870
290 CONTINUE                                      BLS09880
    RETURN                                         BLS09890
C-----END OF DIAGOM-----BLS09900
    END                                           BLS09910
C-----LPERM PERMUTES VECTORS-----BLS09920
C                                                    BLS09930
    SUBROUTINE LPERM(W,U,IPERM)                   BLS09940
C                                                    BLS09950
C-----BLS09960
    DOUBLE PRECISION U(1),W(1)                   BLS09970
    INTEGER IPR(1),IPT(1)                         BLS09980
C-----BLS09990
C    SUBROUTINE HAS 2 BRANCHES:  IPERM = 1,  CALCULATES BLS10000
C    U = P*W  WHERE  P IS THE PERMUTATION REPRESENTED BY IPR BLS10010
C    LET J = IPR(K) THEN U(K) = W(J), K = 1,N. WE SET W(K)=U(K), K=1,N BLS10020
C    IPERM = 2, USING THE PERMUTATION IPT (P-TRANSPOSE) U = P'*W, W=U BLS10030
C    LET J = IPT(K) THEN U(K) = W(J), K=1,N. WE SET W(K) = U(K), K=1,N BLS10040
C-----BLS10050
C                                                    BLS10060
    GO TO 3                                        BLS10070
C-----BLS10080
    ENTRY LPERME(IPR,IPT,N)                       BLS10090
    GO TO 4                                        BLS10100
C-----BLS10110
C                                                    BLS10120
3 CONTINUE                                       BLS10130
    IF(IPERM.EQ.2) GO TO 10                      BLS10140
C    IPERM = 1                                    BLS10150
    DO 20 K = 1,N                                BLS10160
        J = IPR(K)                                BLS10170
20 U(K) = W(J)                                   BLS10180
    DO 30 K = 1,N                                BLS10190
30 W(K) = U(K)                                   BLS10200
    GO TO 60                                       BLS10210
C    IPERM = 2                                    BLS10220
10 DO 40 K = 1,N                                 BLS10230
    J = IPT(K)                                    BLS10240
40 U(K) = W(J)                                    BLS10250
    DO 50 K = 1,N                                 BLS10260
50 W(K) = U(K)                                    BLS10270
60 CONTINUE                                       BLS10280
C                                                    BLS10290
C                                                    BLS10300
C-----END OF LPERM-----BLS10310
4 RETURN                                         BLS10320
    END                                           BLS10330

```


8.6 BLEVAL: File Definitions, Sample Input File

Below is a listing of the input/output files which are accessed by the real symmetric block Lanczos eigenvalue/eigenvector program, BLEVAL. BLEVAL computes a few extreme eigenvalues and corresponding eigenvectors of a real symmetric matrix A . Also below is a sample of the input file which BLEVAL requires on file 5. The parameters in this file are supplied in free format. File 8 contains data for the $n \times n$ real symmetric matrix A .

Sample Specifications of Input/Output Files for BLEVAL

```
-----
BLEVAL EXEC
FI 06 TERM
FILEDEF  5 DISK BLEVAL      INPUT      A (RECFM F LRECL 80 BLOCK 80
FILEDEF  8 DISK &1          INPUT      A (RECFM F LRECL 80 BLOCK 80
FILEDEF 10 DISK &1          BLSTARTV   A (RECFM F LRECL 80 BLOCK 80
FILEDEF 13 DISK &1          BLEXTRAV   A (RECFM F LRECL 80 BLOCK 80
FILEDEF 15 DISK &1          BLEIGVEC    A (RECFM F LRECL 80 BLOCK 80
*IMTQL2 AND TRED2 ARE 2 EISPACK LIBRARY SUBROUTINES
LOAD  BLEVAL  BLSUB  BLMULT  IMTQL2  TRED2
-----
```

Sample Input File for BLEVAL

```
-----
LINE 1 IWRITE (SPECIFY MESSAGE LEVEL TO FILE 6: 1 MEANS DETAILED
      1
LINE 2  N      MATNO (SIZE OF A-MATRIX, MATRIX IDENT. NUMBER
      528      528
LINE 3 MDIMQ      MDIMTM      MAXIT (DIMS. Q, TM, MAX Ax-mults
      40000      2500      1000
LINE 4 EFLAG  OFLAG (EFLAG=(0,1) 1=2PHASES. OFLAG: 1=ORTHOG CHECK
      1      1
LINE 5 SEED      (STARTING VECTOR SEED, RANDOM NUMBER GENERATOR
      3482736
LINE 6 KMAX  KACT  KSET (MAX T SIZE +1, SIZE 1ST BLOCK, VECs SUPPLIED
      21      4      0
LINE 7 KM      (NUMB. EVS FOR ALG-LARGEST, -(NUMB. EVS) FOR ALG-SMALLEST
      4
LINE 8 NSTAG  FRACT (NO. ITNS BEFORE TEST CONVERGENCE, TEST FRACTION
      25      .01
LINE 9 RELTOL  MAXIT2 (PHASE 2, CONVERGE. TOL. , Max Ax-mults
      .00000001      1000
-----
```


Chapter 9

Factored Inverses, Real Symmetric Block Lanczos Code

9.1 Introduction

The FORTRAN codes in this chapter address the question of using an iterative block Lanczos procedure to compute a 'few' eigenvalues and a basis for the corresponding eigenspace of a real symmetric matrix A by computing a few extreme eigenvalues and a corresponding basis for the inverse of a real symmetric matrix B obtained from A by scaling, shifting and permuting A . For a given real symmetric matrix A , the codes consider the inverse of a matrix B where

$$B \equiv PCP^T, \quad C \equiv (SCALE) * A + (SHIFT) * I, \quad (9.1.1)$$

$SCALE$ and $SHIFT$ are specified by the user, and the permutation matrix P is chosen so that for a sparse matrix A (or C), the resulting factorization of the associated B matrix is also sparse. An eigenvalue is 'extreme' if it is one of the algebraically-smallest or the algebraically-largest eigenvalues in the eigenvalue spectrum.

Specifically, for a given real symmetric matrix A and associated B -matrix as defined in Eqn(9.1.1), the codes in this chapter compute the q algebraically-largest eigenvalues, λ_i , $1 \leq i \leq q$, of B^{-1} and corresponding orthonormal real vectors $X_q \equiv (x_1, \dots, x_q)$ such that

$$B^{-1}X_q = X_qA_q, \quad A_q \equiv X_q^TAX_q. \quad (9.1.2)$$

Typically, $A_q = \Lambda_q$, a diagonal matrix whose nonzero entries are the eigenvalues λ_i . The number q is small and specified by the user.

Real symmetric matrices and factorizations of real symmetric matrices are discussed in Stewart [24]. See also Bunch and Kaufman [2] and George and Liu [10]. Chapter 2, Section 2.1 contains a brief summary of the properties of real symmetric matrices which we use in these codes.

The Lanczos code contained in this chapter is a simple modification of the hybrid 'block' Lanczos procedure given in Chapter 8 to handle the factored inverse of the B -matrix given in Eqn(9.1.1). Therefore please see Chapter 8, Section 8.1, for comments about this procedure and for comments regarding the differences between iterative block Lanczos procedures and single-vector Lanczos procedures.

BLIEVAL is the main 'block' program for the factored inverse version of the 'block' Lanczos codes in

Chapter 8. BLIEVAL uses the same subroutines as the real symmetric codes in Chapter 8, with the exception of the user-supplied subroutines. The user must supply a subroutine USPEC which defines and initializes the matrix which is to be used by the LANCZS and LANC11 subroutines. In the factored inverse case, USPEC specifies the factorization of the particular B-matrix being used. These Lanczos programs do not require the A -matrix. However, the user must supply the scalars $SCALE$ and $SHIFT$, and the permutation P (if any). The user must also supply a subroutine BLSOLV which solves the system of equations $Bu = x$ for any given vector x .

The sample USPEC and BLSOLV subroutines provided assume that the B -matrix being used is positive definite and that the Cholesky factors of B ,

$$B = LL^T \quad (9.1.3)$$

where L is a lower triangular matrix, are used for the matrix-vector multiply, $B^{-1}x$, for any given vector x . However, the user may replace these subroutines by subroutines which define and use a more general factorization. These Lanczos codes only require that the BLSOLV subroutine solves the system $Bu = x$, rapidly and accurately.

All computations are in double precision real arithmetic. On each iteration, the accuracy of the computed eigenvectors is checked in the process of computing the second block of Lanczos vectors on that iteration. Note that the eigenvectors of B^{-1} are simple permutations of the eigenvectors of A . These permutations are undone prior to the termination of the block procedure. The corresponding eigenvalues of A are obtained from those of B^{-1} by a simple scalar transformation which is included in the codes. The eigenelement computations for the small Lanczos matrices use two subroutines from the EISPACK Library [23, 8], TRED2 and IMTQL2.

Several optional preprocessing programs are provided, PERMUT, LORDER, LFACT, and LTEST. Listings for these programs are given in Chapter 4. PERMUT calls the SPARSPAK Library [23, 8] to attempt to identify a reordering or permutation P of a given matrix A for which sparseness is preserved under factorization of the permuted matrix. LORDER takes a given matrix C and permutation P and computes the sparse matrix format for the permuted matrix, $B \equiv PCP^T$. LFACT computes the Cholesky factors of a given positive definite matrix. LTEST performs a very crude check on the numerical condition of the matrix supplied to it, by solving a system of equations with and without iterative refinement, LINPACK [7].

The usefulness of this code for computing a few interior eigenvalues of a given real symmetric matrix is dubious. For such an application one would have to select a shift $SHIFT$ that places the desired eigenvalues of the A -matrix on the extreme of the spectrum of the associated matrix B^{-1} and is chosen so that the B -matrix is well-conditioned numerically. This is not a trivial task. The user should refer to Chapter 7 of Volume 1 of this book for more details on iterative block Lanczos procedures.

9.2 BLIEVAL: Main Program, Eigenvalue and Eigenvector Computations

```

C-----BLIEVAL (FEW EXTREME EIGENVALUES AND EIGENVECTORS)-----BLI00010
C      (USING FACTORED INVERSE OF A REAL SYMMETRIC MATRIX)      BLI00020
C  Authors:  Jane Cullum* and Bill Donath**                      BLI00025
C      **IBM Research, T.J. Watson Research Center              BLI00030
C      **Yorktown Heights, N.Y. 10598                          BLI00040
C      * Los Alamos National Laboratory                         BLI00050
C      * Los Alamos, New Mexico 87544                          BLI00060
C      E-mail:  cullumj@lanl.gov                                BLI00070
C                                                                BLI00080
C  These codes are copyrighted by the authors.  These codes    BLI00090
C  and modifications of them or portions of them are NOT to be BLI00100
C  incorporated into any commercial codes or used for any other BLI00110
C  commercial purposes such as consulting for other companies,  BLI00120
C  without legal agreements with the authors of these Codes.    BLI00130
C  If these Codes or portions of them are used in other scientific or BLI00140
C  engineering research works the names of the authors of these codes BLI00150
C  and appropriate references to their written work are to be    BLI00160
C  incorporated in the derivative works.                         BLI00170
C                                                                BLI00180
C  This header is not to be removed from these codes.          BLI00190
C                                                                BLI00195
C      REFERENCE: Cullum and Willoughby, Chapter 7,             BLI00200
C      Lanczos Algorithms for Large Symmetric Eigenvalue ComputationsBLI00205
C      VOL. 1 Theory. Republished as Volume 41 in SIAM CLASSICS in BLI00210
C      Applied Mathematics, 2002. SIAM Publications,            BLI00215
C      Philadelphia, PA. USA                                     BLI00220
C                                                                BLI00225
C  CONTAINS MAIN PROGRAM FOR COMPUTING A FEW EIGENVALUES        BLI00230
C  AND CORRESPONDING EIGENVECTORS OF A REAL SYMMETRIC MATRIX    BLI00235
C  BY COMPUTING A FEW OF THE ALGEBRAICALLY-LARGEST OR          BLI00240
C  ALGEBRAICALLY-SMALLEST EIGENVALUES OF THE INVERSE OF A SCALED, BLI00250
C  SHIFTED, AND PERMUTED VERSION B OF THE ORIGINAL A-MATRIX    BLI00260
C  USING A BLOCK FORM OF LANCZOS TRIDIAGONALIZATION WITH LIMITED BLI00270
C  REORTHOGONALIZATION. THIS BLOCK PROCEDURE IS ITERATIVE AND  BLI00280
C  REQUIRES A SUBROUTINE BLSOLV THAT FOR ANY GIVEN VECTOR W     BLI00290
C  COMPUTES U SUCH THAT B*U = W.  THE SAMPLE BLSOLV SUBROUTINES BLI00300
C  PROVIDED FOR SPARSE MATRICES ARE ONLY FOR THE CASE THAT B IS BLI00310
C  POSITIVE DEFINITE AND USE THE CHOLSKY FACTORS OF B.  HOWEVER, BLI00320
C  THE USER COULD REPLACE THESE BY A SUBROUTINE WHICH COMPUTES  BLI00330
C  FOR AN INDEFINITE MATRIX THE FACTORIZATION L*D*(L-TRANSPOSE). BLI00340
C                                                                BLI00350
C  THIS BLOCK PROCEDURE COMPUTES THE ALGEBRAICALLY-LARGEST      BLI00360
C  EIGENVALUES OF THE INVERSE OF THE B-MATRIX, UNLESS THE USER  BLI00370
C  SUPPLIES -(B-INVERSE)*X RATHER THAN (B-INVERSE)*X, IN WHICH  BLI00380
C  CASE IT COMPUTES THE CORRESPONDING ALGEBRAICALLY-SMALLEST    BLI00390
C  EIGENVALUES OF (B-INVERSE) BY COMPUTING THE ALGEBRAICALLY-    BLI00400
C  LARGEST EIGENVALUES OF -(B-INVERSE).  IN THIS CASE THE SIGNS  BLI00410
C  OF THE COMPUTED EIGENVALUES ARE CHANGED PRIOR TO WRITING TO  BLI00420
C  FILE 15 SO THAT ON EXIT, FILE 15 CONTAINS THE ALGEBRAICALLY-  BLI00430
C  SMALLEST EIGENVALUES OF B-INVERSE ALONG WITH THE CORRESPONDING BLI00440

```

EIGENVALUES OF THE ORIGINAL A-MATRIX AND CORRESPONDING	BLI00450
EIGENVECTORS. THE MATRIX B = SO*P*A*P' + SHIFT*I WHERE THE	BLI00460
SCALE SO AND SHIFT ARE READ IN THIS PROGRAM, AND THE	BLI00470
PERMUTATION P IS DEFINED IN THE CORRESPONDING USPEC SUBROUTINE.	BLI00480
THE PROGRAM ASSUMES THAT THE FACTORIZATION READ IN USPEC	BLI00490
CORRESPONDS TO THE SO, SHIFT AND PERMUTATION READ IN. THE SO	BLI00500
AND SHIFT ARE CHOSEN SO THAT THE DESIRED EIGENVALUES ARE AT	BLI00510
THE EXTREME OF THE SPECTRUM OF B-INVERSE.	BLI00520
	BLI00530
THIS IS AN ITERATIVE 'BLOCK' LANCZOS PROCEDURE FOR WHICH ON	BLI00540
EVERY ITERATION, THE 2ND AND SUCCEEDING BLOCKS CONTAIN ONLY ONE	BLI00550
VECTOR WHICH IS SELECTED ON THE BASIS OF ITS EXPECTED INFLUENCE	BLI00560
ON THE CONVERGENCE. Q-BLOCKS GENERATED ON A GIVEN ITERATION	BLI00570
ARE REORTHOGONALIZED ONLY W.R.T. THOSE VECTORS IN THE FIRST	BLI00580
Q-BLOCK WHICH ARE NOT ALLOWED TO GENERATE DESCENDANTS ON	BLI00590
THAT ITERATION.	BLI00600
	BLI00610
PFFT VERIFIER IDENTIFIED THE FOLLOWING NONPORTABLE CONSTRUCTIONS:	BLI00620
1. DATA MACHEP DEFINITION	BLI00630
2. FORMAT (20A4) USED FOR READING EXPLANATORY COMMENTS.	BLI00640
3. FREE FORMAT (5,*), USED FOR PARAMETER INPUT FROM FILE 5.	BLI00650
4. COMMON/LOOPS/ AS CONSTRUCTED IS NOT PORTABLE	BLI00660
	BLI00670
-----	BLI00680
DOUBLE PRECISION Q(44000),E(50),TM(2500),TOD(50),TD(50),EPSM,NNZ	BLI00690
DOUBLE PRECISION SM(100),ERRMAX,SPREC,MACHEP,AVER,RELTOL,ERRMAN	BLI00700
DOUBLE PRECISION EVAL, RESIDL(100), RESIDK(100), RESID, FRACT	BLI00710
DOUBLE PRECISION SO,SHIFT	BLI00720
REAL EXPLAN(20),G(2000)	BLI00730
INTEGER DIR(2,100),DESC(100),LEFT(100),XLFT(100)	BLI00740
INTEGER SEED,OFLAG,EFLAG	BLI00750
COMMON/LOOPS/MAXIT,ITER	BLI00760
COMMON /RANDOM/SEED	BLI00770
COMMON/FLAGS/EFLAG,OFLAG	BLI00780
DOUBLE PRECISION DABS, DFLOAT	BLI00790
-----	BLI00800
EXTERNAL BLSOLV	BLI00810
DATA MACHEP/Z3410000000000000/	BLI00820
-----	BLI00830
	BLI00840
ARRAYS MUST DIMENSIONED AS FOLLOWS:	BLI00850
	BLI00860
1. Q: >= KMAX*N	BLI00870
2. G: >= N	BLI00880
3. E: >= MXBLK	BLI00890
4. TM: >= MXBLK**2	BLI00900
5. TOD, TD, SM, DESC, LEFT, XLFT: >= MXBLK	BLI00910
6. DIR: ROW DIMENSION = 2; COLUMN DIMENSION >= MXBLK	BLI00920
7. RESIDL, RESIDK: >= MAXIMUM NUMBER OF ITERATIONS ALLOWED.	BLI00930
PROGRAM CURRENTLY TERMINATES IF MORE THAN 100 ITERATIONS	BLI00940
ARE REQUESTED. USED TO MONITOR CONVERGENCE. SEE SUBROUTINE	BLI00950
DIAGOM.	BLI00960
8. EXPLAN: DIMENSION = 20.	BLI00970
	BLI00980
-----	BLI00990

C	SPECIFY MAXIMUM T-SIZE ALLOWED (KMAX-1); INITIAL SIZE OF	BLI01550
C	STARTING BLOCK (KACT); NUMBER OF STARTING VECTORS SUPPLIED (KSET)	BLI01560
C	SEE BLOCK LANCZOS HEADER FOR COMMENTS REGARDING THE SIZE OF KACT.	BLI01570
	READ(5,20) EXPLAN	BLI01580
	READ(5,*) KMAX,KACT,KSET	BLI01590
C		BLI01600
C	SPECIFY NUMBER (KM) OF EXTREME EIGENVALUES AND EIGENVECTORS	BLI01610
C	OF B-INVERSE TO BE COMPUTED. THE BLOCK PROCEDURE WORKS WITH THE	BLI01620
C	INVERSE OF THE MATRIX $B = S0 * P * A * P' + SHIFT * I$, USING A	BLI01630
C	FACTORIZATION OF B. TO INDICATE THAT THE ALGEBRAICALLY-	BLI01640
C	SMALLEST EIGENVALUES OF B-INVERSE ARE BEING COMPUTED SET $KM < 0$.	BLI01650
C	IF $KM < 0$, THE PROGRAM ASSUMES THAT BLSOLV SUBROUTINE WHICH	BLI01660
C	THE USER HAS PROVIDED IS COMPUTING $-(B-INVERSE)*X$	BLI01670
C	INSTEAD OF $(B-INVERSE)*X$ AND INTERNALLY IT COMPUTES THE $ KM $	BLI01680
C	ALGEBRAICALLY-LARGEST EIGENVALUES OF $-(B-INVERSE)$.	BLI01690
	READ(5,20) EXPLAN	BLI01700
	READ(5,*) KM	BLI01710
	IF(KM.EQ.0) GO TO 540	BLI01720
	KML = IABS(KM)	BLI01730
C		BLI01740
C	STAGNATION OF CONVERGENCE OF THE KM-TH EIGENVALUE WILL BE	BLI01750
C	TESTED AFTER NSTAG ITERATIONS. CONVERGENCE WILL BE SAID TO	BLI01760
C	HAVE STAGNATED IF THE RATIO OF THE SQUARE OF THE CURRENT KM-TH	BLI01770
C	RESIDUAL TO THE SQUARE OF THE CORRESPONDING RESIDUAL OBTAINED	BLI01780
C	10 ITERATIONS EARLIER IS GREATER THAN FRACT. NSTAG SHOULD BE	BLI01790
C	≥ 25 . FRACT WAS SET EQUAL TO .01 IN THE TESTS.	BLI01800
	READ(5,20) EXPLAN	BLI01810
	READ(5,*) NSTAG, FRACT	BLI01820
C		BLI01830
C	READ IN THE RELATIVE TOLERANCE (RELTOL) USED TO DETERMINE A	BLI01840
C	CONVERGENCE CRITERION FOR PHASE 2, AND THE MAXIMUM NUMBER (MAXIT2)	BLI01850
C	OF CALLS TO SUBROUTINE BLSOLV ALLOWED IN PHASE 2.	BLI01860
	READ(5,20) EXPLAN	BLI01870
	IF(EFLAG.EQ.1) READ(5,*) RELTOL, MAXIT2	BLI01880
C		BLI01890
C	CONSISTENCY CHECKS	BLI01900
C	PROCEDURE REQUIRES ENOUGH ROOM IN THE Q-ARRAY FOR AT LEAST 2	BLI01910
C	BLOCKS OF SIZE KACT PLUS A WORKING VECTOR OF LENGTH N.	BLI01920
	MXBLK = KMAX - 1	BLI01930
	MXBLK2 = MXBLK * MXBLK	BLI01940
	IF(MDIMTM.LT.MXBLK2) GO TO 520	BLI01950
	NKMAX = N * KMAX	BLI01960
	IF(MDIMQ.LT.NKMAX) GO TO 560	BLI01970
	IF(KML.GT.KACT) GO TO 420	BLI01980
	IF(MXBLK.GT.N) GO TO 440	BLI01990
	IF(2 * KACT.GT.MXBLK) GO TO 500	BLI02000
C		BLI02010
C	-----	BLI02020
C	DEFINE AND INITIALIZE THE ARRAYS NEEDED TO DEFINE THE	BLI02030
C	FACTORIZATION OF THE B-MATRIX. PASS THE STORAGE LOCATIONS	BLI02040
C	OF THESE ARRAYS TO THE SUBROUTINE BLSOLV.	BLI02050
C		BLI02060
	CALL USPEC(N,MATNO,NNZ,AVER)	BLI02070
C		BLI02080
C	-----	BLI02090

```

C      MASK OVERFLOW AND UNDERFLOW                                BLI02100
      CALL MASK                                                    BLI02110
C                                                                    BLI02120
C-----BLI02130
C      ARE THERE STARTING VECTORS TO READ IN FROM FILE 10 (KSET.NE.0) ? BLI02140
      IF(KSET.EQ.0) GO TO 70                                         BLI02150
C                                                                    BLI02160
      READ(10,30) NOLD,KACT                                          BLI02170
30  FORMAT(I6,I4)                                                    BLI02180
      IF(NOLD.NE.N.OR.KSET.GT.KACT) GO TO 460                       BLI02190
      DO 50 J=1,KSET                                                  BLI02200
      READ(10,20) EXPLAN                                             BLI02210
      READ(10,40) EVAL,RESID                                         BLI02220
40  FORMAT(E20.12,E13.4)                                             BLI02230
      READ(10,20) EXPLAN                                             BLI02240
      LINT= (J-1)*N + 1                                             BLI02250
      LFIN = J*N                                                     BLI02260
50  READ(10,60) (Q(JL), JL = LINT,LFIN)                             BLI02270
60  FORMAT(4E20.12)                                                 BLI02280
C                                                                    BLI02290
70  CONTINUE                                                         BLI02300
C                                                                    BLI02310
C      WRITE TO A SUMMARY OF THE PARAMETERS FOR THIS RUN TO FILE 6  BLI02320
C                                                                    BLI02330
      MXBLK = KMAX - 1                                              BLI02340
      WRITE(6,80) N, NNZ, AVER, MATNO                               BLI02350
80  FORMAT(/4X,'ORDER OF B-MATRIX ',5X,'AVERAGE NUMBER NONZEROES PER RBLI02360
      10W IN FACTOR'/                                              BLI02370
      1I15,E47.4/3X,'CRUDE ESTIMATE OF SIZE NONZERO ENTRIES',5X,'MATRIX IBLI02380
      1D'/E31.4,I21/)                                              BLI02390
C                                                                    BLI02400
      WRITE(6,90) SO, SHIFT                                         BLI02410
90  FORMAT(/4X,'SCALE USED ON A-MATRIX',5X,'SHIFT USED ON A-MATRIX'/ BLI02420
      1E26.4,E27.4/)                                              BLI02430
C                                                                    BLI02440
      WRITE(6,100) MDIMQ, MDIMTM                                    BLI02450
100 FORMAT(/18X,'USER-SPECIFIED'/2X,'MAX. DIMENSION Q-ARRAY',4X,'MAX. BLI02460
      1DIMENSION TM-ARRAY'/I16,I26/)                               BLI02470
C                                                                    BLI02480
      WRITE(6,110) OFLAG, EFLAG                                     BLI02490
110 FORMAT(/4X,'OFLAG',4X,'EFLAG'/I8,I9/)                          BLI02500
C                                                                    BLI02510
      IF(OFLAG.EQ.1) WRITE(6,120) SPREC                             BLI02520
120 FORMAT(/4X,'ORTHOGONALITY TEST TOLERANCE'/E25.2)              BLI02530
C                                                                    BLI02540
      IF(EFLAG.EQ.1) WRITE(6,130) MAXIT,RELTOL,MAXIT2              BLI02550
130 FORMAT(/4X,' MAXIT ',8X,' RELTOL ',6X,' MAXIT2 '/I10,E20.6,I12/)BLI02560
      IF(EFLAG.EQ.0) WRITE(6,140) MAXIT                             BLI02570
140 FORMAT(/4X,' MAXIT '/I10/)                                       BLI02580
C                                                                    BLI02590
      WRITE(6,150) SEED                                             BLI02600
150 FORMAT(/' SEED FOR RANDOM NUMBER GENERATOR'/I24/)             BLI02610
C                                                                    BLI02620
      IF(KM.GT.0) WRITE(6,160) KML                                  BLI02630
160 FORMAT(/' COMPUTE THE',I3,' ALGEBRAICALLY-LARGEST EIGENVALUES AND BLI02640

```

```

1CORRESPONDING VECTORS'/' OF THE INVERSE OF B = (S0*P*A*P-TRANS + BLI02650
1HIFT*I)')/') BLI02660
      IF(KM.LT.0) WRITE(6,170) KML BLI02670
170 FORMAT('/' COMPUTE THE',I3,' ALGEBRAICALLY-SMALLEST EIGENVALUES ANDBLI02680
1 CORRESPONDING VECTORS'/' OF THE INVERSE OF THE MATRIX B = (S0*P*ABLI02690
1*P-TRANS + SHIFT*I).')/' PROGRAM ASSUMES THAT USER IS PROVIDING -(BBLI02700
1-INVERSE)*X INSTEAD OF (B-INVERSE)*X'/' AND COMPUTES THE ALGEBRAICBLI02710
1ALLY-LARGEST EIGENVALUES OF -(B-INVERSE).')/' HOWEVER ON EXIT, FILEBLI02720
1 15 CONTAINS THE ALGEBRAICALLY-SMALLEST EIGENVALUES'/' OF B-INVERSBLI02730
1E, THE CORRESPONDING EIGENVALUES OF THE ORIGINAL A-MATRIX'/' AND TBLI02740
1HE CORRESPONDING EIGENVECTORS OF A.'/') BLI02750
C BLI02760
C NOTE THAT THE ESTIMATE FOR AVER IN THE INVERSE CASE IS VERY CRUDE BLI02770
C COMPUTE PHASE 1 CONVERGENCE TOLERANCE BLI02780
      IF(AVER.GE.1.) BLI02790
1ERRMAX = 2.DO*DFLOAT(N+1000)*NNZ*AVER*MACHEP BLI02800
      IF(AVER.LT.1.) BLI02810
1ERRMAX = 2.DO*DFLOAT(N+1000)*NNZ*AVER**2*MACHEP BLI02820
C BLI02830
      WRITE(6,180) KACT,MXBLK,KSET BLI02840
180 FORMAT('/' ON INITIAL ITERATIONS, THE FIRST BLOCK CONTAINS ',I3,' VBLI02850
1ECTORS'/' HOWEVER THE SIZE OF THE FIRST BLOCK MAY CHANGE AS THE ITBLI02860
1ERATIONS PROCEED'/' THE MAXIMUM SIZE T-MATRIX THAT CAN BE GENERATEBLI02870
1D IS ',I4/' THE USER SUPPLIED ',I3,' STARTING VECTORS'/') BLI02880
C BLI02890
      WRITE(6,190) BLI02900
190 FORMAT('/' ITERATIVE PROCEDURE'/' PROCEDURE MONITORS THE SIZES OF TBLI02910
1HE NORM(GRAIENTS)**2 ON EACH'/' ITERATION. CONVERGENCE IS SAID BLI02920
1TO HAVE OCCURRED WHEN ALL'/' RELEVANT (NORMS)**2 ARE LESS THAN ERRBLI02930
1MAX',E10.3/' PHASE 1 ERRMAX MAY YIELD SOMEWHAT LESS THAN SINGLE PRBLI02940
1ECISION ACCURACY.'/' PHASE 2 REFINES THE VECTORS OBTAINED ON PHASBLI02950
1E 1, ACCORDING TO'/' THE ACCURACY SPECIFIED BY THE USER'/') BLI02960
C BLI02970
      WRITE(6,200) ERRMAX BLI02980
200 FORMAT('/' PHASE 1 CONVERGENCE CRITERION, ERRMAX '/E22.3/') BLI02990
C BLI03000
C-----BLI03010
C PASS STORAGE LOCATIONS OF VARIOUS ARRAYS TO LANCZS AND LANC11 BLI03020
C SUBROUTINES BLI03030
C BLI03040
      CALL LANZP(DIR,DESC,SM,TM,TOD,TD,G,XLFT,LEFT,SPREC) BLI03050
      CALL LANCP1(DIR,DESC,TM,SM,XLFT,LEFT) BLI03060
C BLI03070
C-----BLI03080
C BLI03090
C ENTER PHASE 1 OF BLOCK LANCZOS PROCEDURE. BLOCK PROCEDURE BLI03100
C HAS 2 POSSIBLE PHASES. USER SPECIFIES PHASE 1 ONLY OR PHASE 1 BLI03110
C AND PHASE 2 BY SETTING EFLAG = 0 OR 1, RESPECTIVELY. PHASE 1 BLI03120
C COMPUTES VECTORS THAT ARE USUALLY ACCURATE TO SINGLE PRECISION. BLI03130
C PHASE 2 TAKES THE VECTORS OBTAINED IN PHASE 1 AND REFINES THEM. BLI03140
C THE USER SPECIFIES THE DEGREE OF REFINEMENT DESIRED BY SELECTING BLI03150
C THE VALUE OF RELTOL AND MAXIT2. BOTH PHASES SHOULD BE USED. BLI03160
      IPHASE = 1 BLI03170
      NITER = 0 BLI03180
210 ITER = 0 BLI03190

```

```

RESIDL(1) = FRACT                                BLI03200
RESIDL(2) = NSTAG                                BLI03210
C                                                  BLI03220
C-----BLI03230
C    CALL INITIATES THE BLOCK LANCZOS PROCEDURE.    BLI03240
C    ON RETURN EIGENVALUE APPROXIMATIONS ARE IN E(I), BLI03250
C    I = 1,KACT, IN ALGEBRAICALLY DECREASING ORDER.  CORRESPONDING BLI03260
C    EIGENVECTOR APPROXIMATIONS ARE IN FIRST N*KACT LOCATIONS IN BLI03270
C    THE Q-ARRAY. BLI03280
C                                                  BLI03290
C    CALL LANCZS(BLSOLV,KML,KSET,KACT,MXBLK,N,Q,E,RESIDL,RESIDK,ERRMAX,BLI03300
1 IPHASE,NITER,IWRITE) BLI03310
C                                                  BLI03320
C-----BLI03330
C                                                  BLI03340
C    IF(IPHASE.EQ.MPMIN) WRITE(15,220) N,KACT BLI03350
220 FORMAT(2I10,' PHASE 2 TERMINATED '/' PROGRAM INDICATES ACCURACY SPBBLI03360
1ECIFIED BY USER IS NOT ACHIEVABLE'/) BLI03370
C                                                  BLI03380
C    ITERA = IABS(ITER) BLI03390
C    IF(IWRITE.NE.MPMIN.AND.ITER.GT.0) WRITE(6,230) IPHASE,ITERA BLI03400
230 FORMAT(/1X,'PHASE COMPLETED',5X,' NUMBER CALLS TO BLSOLV SUBROUTINBBLI03410
1E USED'/I10,I32) BLI03420
C                                                  BLI03430
C    IF(IWRITE.EQ.MPMIN.OR.ITER.LT.0) WRITE(6,240) IPHASE,ITERA BLI03440
240 FORMAT(/1X,'PHASE TERMINATED',5X,' NUMBER CALLS TO BLSOLV SUBROUTIBBLI03450
1NE USED'/I10,I32) BLI03460
C                                                  BLI03470
C    IF(ITER.GT.0.AND.IWRITE.NE.MPMIN) GO TO 270 BLI03480
C                                                  BLI03490
C    IF(ITER.LT.0) WRITE(6,250) BLI03500
250 FORMAT('// SMALL EIGENVALUE SUBROUTINE DEFAULTED '/' BLOCK LANCZOS BLI03510
1 PROCEDURE STOPS AFTER SAVING CURRENT EIGENVECTOR APPROXIMATIONS'/BLI03520
1/) BLI03530
C                                                  BLI03540
C    WRITE(15,260) BLI03550
C    WRITE(6,260) BLI03560
260 FORMAT('// BLOCK LANCZOS PROCEDURE TERMINATES WITHOUT CONVERGENCE BLI03570
1 '/' USER SHOULD EXAMINE OUTPUT TO DETERMINE REASONS FOR TERMINATIOBBLI03580
1N'//) BLI03590
C                                                  BLI03600
C    WRITE EIGENVALUE AND EIGENVECTOR APPROXIMATIONS CONTAINED IN BLI03610
C    THE FIRST Q-BLOCK TO FILE 15 BLI03620
C                                                  BLI03630
270 IF(IPHASE.EQ.1) WRITE(15,280) N,KACT,SEED BLI03640
280 FORMAT(I6,I4,I12,' PHASE 1, ORDER A-MATRIX, SIZE OF Q(1), SEED') BLI03650
C    IF(IPHASE.EQ.2) WRITE(15,290) N,KACT,SEED BLI03660
290 FORMAT(I6,I4,I12,' PHASE 2, ORDER A-MATRIX, SIZE OF Q(1), SEED') BLI03670
C                                                  BLI03680
C    PERMUTE THE EIGENVECTORS IF NECESSARY BLI03690
C    IF(JPERM.EQ.0) GO TO 310 BLI03700
C    LINT = -N + 1 BLI03710
C    KACT1 = KACT*N + 1 BLI03720
C    DO 300 J = 1,KACT BLI03730
C    LINT = LINT + N BLI03740

```

```

C-----BLI03750
      IPERM = 2                                BLI03760
      CALL LPERM(Q(LINT),Q(KACT1),IPERM)        BLI03770
C-----BLI03780
      300 CONTINUE                             BLI03790
C                                              BLI03800
C      COMPUTE THE EIGENVALUES OF THE A-MATRIX BLI03810
      310 DO 320 J = 1,KACT                     BLI03820
            IF(KM.LT.0) E(J) = -E(J)           BLI03830
            TD(J) = 1.DO/E(J)                  BLI03840
      320 TD(J) = (TD(J) - SHIFT)/SO           BLI03850
C                                              BLI03860
C      NOTE THAT RESIDUAL PRINTED OUT CORRESPONDS TO VALUE OBTAINED BLI03870
C      PRIOR TO FINAL PROJECTION Q(1)-TRANSPPOSE*AQ(1) DONE BEFORE BLI03880
C      TERMINATION                             BLI03890
      JJ=KACT                                  BLI03900
      LINT = -N + 1                            BLI03910
      LFIN = 0                                 BLI03920
      DO 340 J=1,KACT                          BLI03930
            LINT = LINT + N                    BLI03940
            LFIN = LFIN + N                   BLI03950
      JJ=JJ+1                                  BLI03960
C                                              BLI03970
C      NOTE THAT RESIDUAL PRINTED OUT CORRESPONDS TO VALUE OBTAINED BLI03980
C      PRIOR TO FINAL PROJECTION Q(1)-TRANSPPOSE*(B-INVERS)*Q(1) DONE BLI03990
C      BEFORE TERMINATION                     BLI04000
C                                              BLI04010
      WRITE(15,330) E(J), SM(JJ),TD(J)         BLI04020
      330 FORMAT(/E20.12,E13.4,E20.12,'BI-EVAL,ER**2,A-EVAL,A-EVEC'//) BLI04030
      340 WRITE(15,350) (Q(L), L=LINT,LFIN)     BLI04040
            WRITE(15,360)                     BLI04050
      350 FORMAT(4E20.12)                      BLI04060
      360 FORMAT(/' ABOVE ARE COMPUTED APPROXIMATE EIGENVECTORS'//) BLI04070
C                                              BLI04080
      IF(ITER.GT.MAXIT) WRITE(15,370) ITER,MAXIT BLI04090
      370 FORMAT(/' PROCEDURE TERMINATED BECAUSE NUMBER OF CALLS TO BLSOLV BLI04100
            1 SUBROUTINE',I6,' EXCEEDED MAXIMUM NUMBER ',I6,' ALLOWED'//) BLI04110
C                                              BLI04120
      IF(ITER.LT.0) WRITE(15,380)              BLI04130
      380 FORMAT(/' USER BEWARE. EIGENELEMENT COMPUTATIONS DEFAULTED BECAUSE BLI04140
            1SE'// EISPACK SUBROUTINE DEFAULTED. EIGENVALUE AND EIGENVECTORS BLI04150
            1 APPROXIMATIONS'// ABOVE WERE THOSE AVAILABLE AT THE TIME OF DEF BLI04160
            1AULT'// SOMETHING IS SERIOUSLY WRONG.'//) BLI04170
C                                              BLI04180
C      CHECK FOR TERMINATION AFTER PHASE 1     BLI04190
C      ITER < 0 MEANS EISPACK SUBROUTINE DEFAULTED BLI04200
C      IPHASE = MPMIN MEANS THAT PHASE 2 TERMINATED DUE TO ORTHOGONALITY BLI04210
C      IWRITE = MPMIN MEANS THAT CONVERGENCE APPEARS TO HAVE STAGNATED BLI04220
C      ITER > MAXIT MEANS MAXIMUM NUMBER OF CALLS TO BLSOLV BLI04230
C      ALLOWED BY USER WAS EXCEEDED           BLI04240
      IF(ITER.LT.0.OR.ITER.GT.MAXIT) GO TO 580 BLI04250
      IF(IPHASE.EQ.MPMIN.OR.IWRITE.EQ.MPMIN) GO TO 580 BLI04260
      IF(EFLAG.NE.1.OR.IPHASE.EQ.2) GO TO 580 BLI04270
C                                              BLI04280
C      ENTER 2ND PHASE OF COMPUTATION TO ATTEMPT TO OBTAIN MORE BLI04290

```



```

C      ACCURATE EIGENVECTOR APPROXIMATIONS.                                BLI04300
C      USER CONTROLS THE SIZE OF THE ERROR TOLERANCE BY SPECIFYING        BLI04310
C      THE PARAMETER RELTOL.                                              BLI04320
C                                                                           BLI04330
C      IPHASE = 2                                                         BLI04340
C      MAXIT = MAXIT2                                                     BLI04350
C      KSET = KACT                                                         BLI04360
C                                                                           BLI04370
C      ERROR TOLERANCE USES THE CONVERGED EIGENVALUE LARGEST IN           BLI04380
C      MAGNITUDE.                                                         BLI04390
C      TD(1) = DABS(E(1))                                                  BLI04400
C      IF(KML.EQ.1) GO TO 400                                              BLI04410
C      DO 390 J = 2,KML                                                    BLI04420
390 IF(DABS(E(J)).GT.TD(1))      TD(1) = DABS(E(J))                      BLI04430
400 TD(1) = DMAX1(TD(1),1.D0)                                             BLI04440
C      ERRMAN = RELTOL**2 * TD(1)**2                                     BLI04450
C      IF(ERRMAN.GE.ERRMAX) GO TO 480                                     BLI04460
C      ERRMAX = ERRMAN                                                    BLI04470
C                                                                           BLI04480
C      WRITE(6,410) ERRMAX, MAXIT2                                       BLI04490
410 FORMAT('/' ENTER PHASE 2 OF COMPUTATION'/' CONVERGENCE CRITERION IBLI04500
1S REDUCED TO ',E13.4/' NO MORE THAN ',I5,' CALLS TO SUBROUTINE BLSBLI04510
10LV WILL BE ALLOWED.'/' PROGRAM WILL TERMINATE IF BLOCK ORTHGONALIBLI04520
1TY PROBLEMS MATERIALIZE'/)                                           BLI04530
C                                                                           BLI04540
C      GO TO 210                                                         BLI04550
C                                                                           BLI04560
C      INCONSISTENCIES IN THE DATA                                     BLI04570
C                                                                           BLI04580
420 WRITE(6,430) KM,KACT                                                BLI04590
430 FORMAT('/' PROGRAM TERMINATES BECAUSE THE NUMBER OF EIGENELEMENTS BLI04600
1REQUESTED, KM = ',I3/' IS LARGER THAN THE SIZE OF THE FIRST Q BLOCBLI04610
1K, KACT = ',I3,' SPECIFIED'/' USER MUST RESET KM OR KACT'/)       BLI04620
C      GO TO 580                                                         BLI04630
C                                                                           BLI04640
440 WRITE(6,450) KMAX,N                                                BLI04650
450 FORMAT('/' PROGRAM TERMINATES BECAUSE KMAX = ',I5,' IS TOO LARGE FOBLI04660
1R THE SIZE, N = ',I5,', OF THE GIVEN MATRIX'/' USER MUST DECREASEBLI04670
1THE SIZE OF KMAX.'/)                                           BLI04680
C      GO TO 580                                                         BLI04690
C                                                                           BLI04700
460 WRITE(6,470) NOLD,N,KACT,KSET                                     BLI04710
470 FORMAT('/' PROGRAM TERMINATES BECAUSE FAULT OCCURRED IN READING IN BLI04720
1THE EIGENVECTOR APPROXIMATIONS'/' EITHER THE SIZE MATRIX SPECIFIEDBLI04730
1ON THE EIGENVECTOR FILE' ,I6/' DID NOT MATCH THE SIZE SPECIFIED 'BLI04740
1,I5,' IN THE PROGRAM OR THE NUMBER'/' OF VECTORS IN FILE 10 = 'BLI04750
1,I4,' IS LESS THAN THE NUMBER ',I3/' USER SAID WERE THERE'/)     BLI04760
C      GO TO 580                                                         BLI04770
C                                                                           BLI04780
480 WRITE(6,490) ERRMAN, ERRMAX                                       BLI04790
490 FORMAT('/' COMPUTED PHASE 2 CONVERGENCE CRITERION ',E13.4/' IS LARBLI04800
1GER THAN PHASE 1 CRITERION ',E13.4/' SO PROGRAM TERMINATES'/)     BLI04810
C      GO TO 580                                                         BLI04820
C                                                                           BLI04830
500 WRITE(6,510) KACT,MXBLK                                           BLI04840

```

```

510 FORMAT(/' PROGRAM TERMINATES BECAUSE THERE IS NOT ENOUGH ROOM TO   BLI04850
    1GENERATE 2 BLOCKS', ' BECAUSE KACT = ',I3,' AND MXBLK = ', I4/) BLI04860
    GO TO 580 BLI04870
C BLI04880
C BLI04890
520 WRITE(6,530) MDIMTM, MXBLK BLI04900
530 FORMAT(/' PROGRAM TERMINATES BECAUSE THE DIMENSION ',I6,' OF THE TBLI04910
    1M ARRAY'/' IS TOO SMALL FOR THE LARGEST T-MATRIX ALLOWED ',I4) BLI04920
    GO TO 580 BLI04930
C BLI04940
540 WRITE(6,550) BLI04950
550 FORMAT(/' USER SPECIFIED NUMBER OF EIGENVALUES OF INTEREST AS 0'/' BLI04960
    1 PROGRAM TERMINATES FOR USER TO RESET KM TO DESIRED NONZERO VALUE' BLI04970
    1/) BLI04980
    GO TO 580 BLI04990
C BLI05000
560 WRITE(6,570) MDIMQ, KMAX,N BLI05010
570 FORMAT(/' PROGRAM TERMINATES BECAUSE THE DIMENSION ',I6,' OF THE QBLI05020
    1-ARRAY'/' IS TOO SMALL TO HOLD ',I5,' VECTORS OF LENGTH ',I4) BLI05030
    GO TO 580 BLI05040
C BLI05050
580 CONTINUE BLI05060
C BLI05070
    STOP BLI05080
C-----END OF MAIN PROGRAM FOR INVERSE BLOCK LANCZOS PROCEDURE-----BLI05090
    END BLI05100

```



```

      DOUBLE PRECISION BD(2200),BSD(10000),NNZ,AVER          BLI00460
      INTEGER KCOL(2200),KROW(10000),IPR(2200),IPT(2200)     BLI00470
C-----BLI00480
C   THIS SAMPLE SUBROUTINE ASSUMES THAT B IS POSITIVE DEFINITE BLI00490
C   USER COULD REPLACE BY SIMILAR SUBROUTINE FOR GENERAL FACTORIZATIONBLI00500
C   DIMENSIONS ARRAYS NEEDED TO DEFINE CHOLESKY FACTOR OF B-MATRIX, BLI00510
C   READS CHOLESKY FACTOR FROM FILE 7, AND THEN PASSES STORAGE BLI00520
C   LOCATIONS OF THESE ARRAYS TO THE B-MATRIX SOLVE SUBROUTINE BLSOLV.BLI00530
C   BLI00540
C   HERE WE HAVE  $B = P \cdot C \cdot P' = L \cdot L'$  WHERE  $C = S \cdot A + \text{SHIFT} \cdot I$ . BLI00550
C   P IS A PERMUTATION MATRIX DEFINED BY THE VECTOR MAPS IPR AND IPT. BLI00560
C   THE ITH ROW OF B CORRESPONDS TO THE JTH ROW OF C (A) WHERE BLI00570
C    $J = \text{IPR}(I)$  AND  $I = \text{IPT}(J)$ . BLI00580
C   BLI00590
C   THE B-CHOLESKY FACTOR IS STORED IN THE FOLLOWING SPARSE FORMAT: BLI00600
C   N = ORDER OF THE B-MATRIX. BLI00610
C   NZT = NUMBER OF NONZERO SUBDIAGONAL ENTRIES IN THE CHOLESKY BLI00620
C   FACTOR, L. BLI00630
C   KCOL(J),  $J=1,N$  IS THE NUMBER OF NONZERO SUBDIAGONAL ELEMENTS IN BLI00640
C   COLUMN J OF L. BLI00650
C   KROW(K),  $K=1,N$  IS THE ROW INDEX FOR CORRESPONDING ENTRY BSD(K). BLI00660
C   BD(J),  $J = 1,N$  CONTAINS THE DIAGONAL ENTRIES OF L. BLI00670
C   BSD(K),  $K = 1,N$  CONTAINS THE NONZERO SUBDIAGONAL ENTRIES OF L BLI00680
C   JPERM = (0,1): 1 MEANS CHOLESKY FACTOR CORRESPONDS TO BLI00690
C   PERMUTED C. 0 MEANS NO PERMUTATION WAS USED. BLI00700
C-----BLI00710
C   READ CHOLESKY FACTOR FROM FILE 7. MUST BE STORED BLI00720
C   IN SPARSE MATRIX FORMAT. BLI00730
C   READ(7,10) NZT,NOLD,NZL,MATOLD,JPERM BLI00740
10  FORMAT(I10,2I6,I8,I6) BLI00750
C   BLI00760
C   WRITE(6,20) NZT,NZL,N,NOLD,MATOLD,JPERM BLI00770
20  FORMAT(' HEADER, CHOLESKY FACTOR FILE' / BLI00780
1   3X,'NZT',3X,'NZL',5X,'N',2X,'NOLD',2X,'MATOLD',1X,'JPERM' / BLI00790
1   4I6,I8,I6 /) BLI00800
C   BLI00810
C   IF (N.NE.NOLD.OR.MATNO.NE.MATOLD) GO TO 100 BLI00820
C   BLI00830
C   READ(7,30) (KCOL(K), K = 1,NZL) BLI00840
C   READ(7,30) (KROW(K), K = 1,NZT) BLI00850
30  FORMAT(13I6) BLI00860
C   READ(7,40) (BD(K), K = 1,N) BLI00870
C   READ(7,40) (BSD(K), K = 1,NZT) BLI00880
40  FORMAT(4Z20) BLI00890
C 20  FORMAT(3E25.16) BLI00900
C   BLI00910
C   DOES CHOLESKY FACTOR CORRESPOND TO PERMUTED B? BLI00920
C   IF(JPERM.EQ.0) GO TO 60 BLI00930
C   READ(7,30) (IPR(K), K = 1,N) BLI00940
C   BLI00950
C   DO 50 K = 1,N BLI00960
C   J = IPR(K) BLI00970
50  IPT(J) = K BLI00980
C-----BLI00990
CALL LPERME(IPR,IPT,N) BLI01000

```

```

C-----BLI01010
  60 CONTINUE                                BLI01020
C                                              BLI01030
C    COMPUTE NNZ, THE AVERAGE NUMBER OF NONZEROS PER COLUMN, AND    BLI01040
C    AVER, THE AVERAGE SIZE OF NONZERO ENTRIES IN THE FACTORS      BLI01050
C    OF THE B-MATRIX. FROM THIS, ESTIMATE (TOO CRUDELY) THE        BLI01060
C    AVERAGE FOR B-INVERSE AS AVER = 1/AVER.                      BLI01070
C    ITCOL = 0                                                    BLI01080
C    AVER = 0.DO                                                  BLI01090
C    DO 70 K = 1,N                                                BLI01100
C    IF(DABS(BD(K)).EQ.0.DO) GO TO 70                             BLI01110
C    ITCOL = ITCOL + 1                                           BLI01120
C    AVER = AVER + DABS(BD(K))                                    BLI01130
  70 CONTINUE                                                    BLI01140
C    NTCOL = ITCOL                                              BLI01150
C    DO 80 K = 1,N                                                BLI01160
  80 ITCOL = ITCOL + 2*KCOL(K)                                  BLI01170
C    NNZ = DFLOAT(ITCOL)/DFLOAT(N)                               BLI01180
C    DO 90 K = 1,NZS                                              BLI01190
  90 AVER = AVER + DABS(BSD(K))                                  BLI01200
C    AVER = AVER/DFLOAT(NZS + NTCOL)                             BLI01210
C    AVER = 1.DO/AVER                                           BLI01220
C                                                                BLI01230
C-----BLI01240
C    PASS STORAGE LOCATIONS OF FACTORS TO INVERSION SUBROUTINE BLSOLV BLI01250
C    CALL BSOLVE(BSD,BD,KCOL,KROW,N,NZT,NZL)                     BLI01260
C-----BLI01270
C                                                                BLI01280
C    GO TO 120                                                    BLI01290
C                                                                BLI01300
  100 CONTINUE                                                    BLI01310
C    DEFAULT EXIT                                                BLI01320
C    WRITE(6,110)                                                BLI01330
  110 FORMAT(/' TERMINATE.  PARAMETERS IN CHOLESKY FACTOR FILE'/
  1' DO NOT AGREE WITH THOSE SPECIFIED BY THE USER'/)          BLI01340
C    STOP                                                         BLI01350
C                                                                BLI01360
C                                                                BLI01370
  120 CONTINUE                                                    BLI01380
C-----END OF USPEC-----BLI01390
C    RETURN                                                       BLI01400
C    END                                                         BLI01410
C                                                                BLI01420
C-----BLSOLV-(FACTORED INVERSES OF REAL SYMMETRIC MATRICES)-----BLI01430
C                                                                BLI01440
C    SUBROUTINE BLSOLV(V,U)                                       BLI01450
C    SUBROUTINE CBSOLV(V,U)                                       BLI01460
C                                                                BLI01470
C-----BLI01480
C    DOUBLE PRECISION BD(1),BSD(1),U(1),V(1),TEMP,ZERO,ONE      BLI01490
C    INTEGER KCOL(1),KROW(1)                                       BLI01500
C    COMMON/LOOPS/MAXIT,ITER                                       BLI01510
C-----BLI01520
C    GO TO 3                                                       BLI01530
C-----BLI01540
C    ENTRY BSOLVE(BSD,BD,KCOL,KROW,N,NZT,NZL)                   BLI01550

```

```

      GO TO 4                                          BLI01560
C-----
      3 CONTINUE                                     BLI01570
        ITER = ITER + 1                             BLI01580
        ZERO = 0.0D0                                BLI01590
        ONE  = 1.0D0                                BLI01600
C      SOLVE B*U = V FOR U WHERE  B = L*L'          BLI01610
C      SET U = V. FIRST SOLVE L*U = U FOR U, THEN SOLVE L'*U = U FOR U BLI01620
        KL = 0                                       BLI01630
        DO 10 K = 1,N                               BLI01640
10      U(K) = V(K)                                  BLI01650
        DO 30 K = 1,N                               BLI01660
        TEMP = U(K)/BD(K)                           BLI01670
        U(K) = TEMP                                 BLI01680
        IF (KCOL(K).EQ.0.OR.K.EQ.N) GO TO 30        BLI01690
        KF = KL + 1                                 BLI01700
        KL = KL + KCOL(K)                           BLI01710
        DO 20 KK = KF,KL                             BLI01720
        KR = KROW(KK)                                BLI01730
20      U(KR) = U(KR) - TEMP*BSD(KK)                 BLI01740
30      CONTINUE                                     BLI01750
        NP1 = N+1                                    BLI01760
        KF = NZT + 1                                 BLI01770
        DO 50 K = 1,N                               BLI01780
        L = NP1 - K                                  BLI01790
        TEMP = U(L)                                  BLI01800
        IF (KCOL(L).EQ.0.OR.L.EQ.N) GO TO 50        BLI01810
        KL = KF - 1                                 BLI01820
        KF = KF - KCOL(L)                           BLI01830
        DO 40 LL = KF,KL                             BLI01840
        LR = KROW(LL)                                BLI01850
40      TEMP = TEMP - BSD(LL)*U(LR)                 BLI01860
50      U(L) = TEMP/BD(L)                           BLI01870
60      CONTINUE                                     BLI01880
C                                                    BLI01890
C                                                    BLI01900
      4 RETURN                                       BLI01910
C                                                    BLI01920
C-----END OF BLSOLV-----BLI01930
      END                                           BLI01940
C                                                    BLI01950
C-----SUBROUTINES FOR DIAGONAL TEST MATRICES-----BLI01960
C      BLSOLV AND USPEC SUBROUTINES FOR DIAGONAL TEST MATRICES BLI01970
C                                                    BLI01980
C-----BLSOLV DIAGONAL TEST MATRIX-----BLI01990
C                                                    BLI02000
C      SUBROUTINE DBSOLV(V,U)                       BLI02010
C      SUBROUTINE BLSOLV(V,U)                       BLI02020
C                                                    BLI02030
C-----BLI02040
      DOUBLE PRECISION  V(1),U(1),D(1)              BLI02050
      COMMON/LOOPS/MAXIT,ITER                        BLI02060
C-----BLI02070
      GO TO 3                                         BLI02080
C-----BLI02090
C      BELOW ENTRY IS FOR A DIAGONAL TEST MATRIX    BLI02100

```

```

      ENTRY DSOLVE(D,N)                                BLI02110
      GO TO 4                                           BLI02120
C-----BLI02130
      3 CONTINUE                                       BLI02140
        ITER = ITER + 1                                BLI02150
      10 DO 20 I=1,N                                  BLI02160
        20 U(I)= V(I)/D(I)                             BLI02170
C      20 U(I)= -V(I)/D(I)                             BLI02180
C                                                     BLI02190
      30 CONTINUE                                       BLI02200
      4 RETURN                                          BLI02210
C-----END OF 'DIAGONAL' TEST MATRIX  BLSOLV-----BLI02220
      END                                              BLI02230
C                                                     BLI02240
C-----START OF USPEC FOR DIAGONAL TEST MATRIX-----BLI02250
C                                                     BLI02260
      SUBROUTINE USPEC(N,MATNO,NNZ,AVER)               BLI02270
C      SUBROUTINE DUSPEC(N,MATNO,NNZ,AVER)             BLI02280
C                                                     BLI02290
C-----BLI02300
      DOUBLE PRECISION  D(1000),DI(1000),SHIFT,SPACE,NNZ,AVER  BLI02310
      DOUBLE PRECISION  DABS, DFLOAT                  BLI02320
      REAL  EXPLAN(20)                                BLI02330
C-----BLI02340
C                                                     BLI02350
      READ(7,10) EXPLAN                                BLI02360
      10 FORMAT(20A4)                                  BLI02370
      READ(7,*) NOLD,NUNIF,SPACE,D(1),SHIFT            BLI02380
      NNUNIF = NOLD - NUNIF                             BLI02390
      WRITE(6,20) NOLD,SPACE,NNUNIF,D(1),SHIFT         BLI02400
      20 FORMAT('/' DIAGONAL TEST MATRIX, SIZE = ',I4/' IS THE INVERSE OF MABLI02410
      ITRIX WITH MOST ENTRIES',E10.3/' UNITS APART AND WITH ',I3,' ENTRIESBLI02420
      IS IRREGULARLY SPACED'/' FIRST ENTRY WAS ',E13.4,' SHIFT = ',E10.3 BLI02430
      1/))                                              BLI02440
C                                                     BLI02450
      IF(N.NE.NOLD) GO TO 120                           BLI02460
C      COMPUTE THE UNIFORM PORTION OF THE SPECTRUM      BLI02470
      DO 30 J=2,NUNIF                                   BLI02480
      30 D(J) = D(1) - DFLOAT(J-1)*SPACE                BLI02490
      NUNIF1=NUNIF + 1                                  BLI02500
      READ(7,10) EXPLAN                                BLI02510
      DO 40 J=NUNIF1,N                                  BLI02520
      40 READ(7,*) D(J)                                BLI02530
      NB = NUNIF - 2                                    BLI02540
C                                                     BLI02550
      IF(SHIFT.EQ.0.) GO TO 60                           BLI02560
      DO 50 J=1,N                                       BLI02570
      50 D(J) = D(J) + SHIFT                             BLI02580
C                                                     BLI02590
C      COMPUTE EIGENVALUES OF INVERSE FOR PRINTOUT ONLY BLI02600
      60 DO 70 J = 1,N                                  BLI02610
      70 DI(J) = 1.D0/D(J)                              BLI02620
      WRITE(6,80) (J,DI(J), J=1,N )                   BLI02630
      80 FORMAT('/' INVERSE BLOCK LANCZOS TEST, LANCZS USES INVERSE OF GIVENBLI02640
      1MATRIX'/' ENTRIES OF INVERSE OF DIAGONAL TEST MATRIX = '/(I4,E20.1BLI02650

```

	12,I4,E20.12,I4,E20.12))	BLI02660
C		BLI02670
C	DIAGONAL GENERATION COMPLETE	BLI02680
C		BLI02690
C	COMPUTE NNZ AND AVER	BLI02700
	NNZ = 1.DO	BLI02710
	AVER = 0.DO	BLI02720
	DO 90 K = 1,N	BLI02730
90	AVER = AVER + DABS(DI(K))	BLI02740
	AVER = AVER/DFLOAT(N)	BLI02750
	AVER = 1.DO/AVER	BLI02760
C		BLI02770
C	COMPUTE THE GAPS	BLI02780
	N1 = N-1	BLI02790
	DO 100 K = 1,N1	BLI02800
100	DI(K) = DI(K+1) - DI(K)	BLI02810
	WRITE(6,110) (K,DI(K), K=1,N1)	BLI02820
110	FORMAT(/' GAPS BETWEEN EIGENVALUES'/(I4,E13.4,I4,E13.4,I4,E13.4,I4,E13.4))	BLI02830
		BLI02840
C		BLI02850
C	-----	BLI02860
C	PASS STORAGE LOCATIONS OF D AND N TO DSOLV SUBROUTINE	BLI02870
	CALL DSOLVE(D,N)	BLI02880
C	-----	BLI02890
C		BLI02900
	RETURN	BLI02910
120	WRITE(6,130) NOLD,N	BLI02920
130	FORMAT(' PROGRAM TERMINATES BECAUSE NOLD = ',I5,' DOES NOT EQUAL N	BLI02930
	1 =',I5)	BLI02940
C	-----END OF USPEC SUBROUTINE FOR 'DIAGONAL' TEST MATRICES-----	BLI02950
	STOP	BLI02960
	END	BLI02970

9.4 BLIEVAL: File Definitions, Sample Input File

Below is a listing of the input/output files which are accessed by the real symmetric block Lanczos eigenvalue/eigenvector program, BLIEVAL. This program calculates a few eigenvalues and corresponding eigenvectors of a real symmetric matrix A by computing a few extreme eigenvalues and corresponding eigenvectors of the inverse of a real symmetric matrix B obtained from A by scaling, shifting and permuting A .

Also below is a sample of an input file which BLIEVAL requires on file 5. The parameters in this file are supplied in free format. File 8 contains data for the $n \times n$ real symmetric matrix A .

Sample Definitions of Input/Output Files for BLIEVAL

```
-----
BLIEVAL EXEC
FI 06 TERM
FILEDEF 5 DISK BLIEVAL INPUT A (RECFM F LRECL 80 BLOCK 80
FILEDEF 8 DISK &1 INPUT A (RECFM F LRECL 80 BLOCK 80
FILEDEF 10 DISK &1 BLSTARTV A (RECFM F LRECL 80 BLOCK 80
FILEDEF 13 DISK &1 BLEXTRAV A (RECFM F LRECL 80 BLOCK 80
FILEDEF 15 DISK &1 BLEIGVEC A (RECFM F LRECL 80 BLOCK 80
*IMTQL2 AND TRED2 ARE 2 EISPACK LIBRARY SUBROUTINES
LOAD BLIEVAL BLSUB BLIMULT IMTQL2 TRED2
-----
```

Sample Input File for BLIEVAL

```
-----
LINE 1 IWRITE (SPECIFY MESSAGE LEVEL TO FILE 6: 1 MEANS DETAILED
      1
LINE 2 N MATNO SO SHIFT JPERM (SIZE,ID,SCALE,SHIFT,PERM?
      1250 1250 1. 0. 0
LINE 3 MDIMQ MDIMTM MAXIT (DIMS. Q, TM, MAX Ax-Mults
      40000 2500 1000
LINE 4 EFLAG OFLAG ( EFLAG=(0,1) 1=2PHASES. OFLAG: 1=ORTHOG CHECK
      1 1
LINE 5 SEED (STARTING VECTOR SEED, RANDOM NUMBER GENERATOR
      3482736
LINE 6 KMAX KACT KSET (MAX T SIZE +1,SIZE 1ST BLOCK,VECTORS SUPPLIED
      31 3 0
LINE 7 KM (NUMB. EVS FOR ALG-LARGEST, -(NUMB. EVS) FOR ALG-SMALLEST
      3
LINE 8 NSTAG FRACT (NO. ITNS BEFORE TEST CONVERGENCE, TEST FRACTION
      25 .05
LINE 9 RELTOL MAXIT2 (PHASE 2,CONVERGE.TOL., Max Ax-Mults
      .00000001 1000
-----
```


Chapter 10

Errata: Volume I: Theory

1. Chapter 4: Page 162: Section: Real Symmetric Generalized Eigenvalue Problems

(a) Line 10: $Ax = \lambda x$ should be $Ax = \lambda Bx$

(b) In Eqn(4.9.11),

$$|\beta_{i+1}| = \|L^{-1}(Av_i - \alpha_i v_i - \beta_i v_{i-1})\|$$

should be

$$|\beta_{i+1}| = \|L^{-1}(Av_i - \alpha_i Bv_i - \beta_i Bv_{i-1})\|$$

REFERENCES

- [1] Bjorck, Å. (1967). *Solving linear least square problems by Gram-Schmidt orthogonalization*. BIT, **7**, 1 – 21.
- [2] Bunch J. R. and Kaufman, L. (1977). *Some stable methods for calculating inertia and solving symmetric linear systems*. Math. Comp., **31**, 163 – 179.
- [3] Cullum, J., and Donath, W. E. (1974). *A block generalization of the symmetric s-step Lanczos algorithm*. IBM T. J. Watson Research Center, Research Report RC 4845, Yorktown Heights, New York, USA, 10598. (May 1974).
- [4] Cullum, J., and Donath, W. E. (1974). *A block Lanczos algorithms for computing the q algebraically largest eigenvalues and a corresponding eigenspace for large, sparse symmetric matrices*. In Proceedings 1974 IEEE Conference on Decision and Control, 505–509.
- [5] Cullum, Jane K, and Willoughby, Ralph A. (1985, 2002). *Lanczos Algorithms for Large Symmetric Eigenvalue Computations, Vol. I, Theory*. Birkhäuser, Basel 1985. (Republished as Volume **41**, SIAM Classics in Applied Mathematics, 2002.)
- [6] Cullum, J. (1978). *The simultaneous computation of a few of the algebraically largest and smallest eigenvalues of a large, symmetric, sparse matrix*. BIT, **18**, 265-275.
- [7] Dongarra, J. J., Bunch, J. R., Moler, C. B., and Stewart, G. W. (1979) *LINPACK User's Guide*. SIAM, Philadelphia, PA, USA.
- [8] Garbow, B. S., Boyle, J. M., Dongarra, J. J., and Moler, C. B. (1977) *Matrix Eigensystem Routines - EISPACK Guide Extension*. Lecture Notes in Computer Science **51**, Second Edition, Springer, New York.
- [9] George, A., Liu, J. W. H., and Ng, E. (1979). *SPARSPAK User Guide*. CS Dept. Tech. Report, U. Waterloo. Waterloo, Canada.
- [10] George, A., and Liu, J. W. H. (1981). *Computer Solution of Large Sparse Positive Definite Systems*. Prentice-Hall, Englewood Cliffs, NJ.
- [11] Golub, G. H., and Kahan, W. (1965). *Calculating the singular values and pseudoinverse of a matrix*. SIAM J. Numer. Anal. **2**, 205-224.
- [12] Golub, G. H., and Underwood, R. (1977). *The block Lanczos method for computing eigenvalues*. In Mathematical Software III. Rice, J. R. (Ed.), Academic Press, New York, 361-377.
- [13] Golub, G. H., Luk, F. T., and Overton, M. L. (1981). *A block Lanczos method for computing the singular values and corresponding singular vectors of a matrix*. Trans. Math. Software, **7**, 149-169.
- [14] Lanczos, C. (1950). *An iterative method for the solution of the eigenvalue problem of linear differential and integral operators.*, J. Res. Nat. Bur. Standards, Sect. B, **45**, 255-282.
- [15] Lanczos, C. (1961). *Linear Differential Operators*. Van Nostrand, New York.

- [16] Moro, G., and Freed, J. H. (1981). *Calculation of ESR spectra and related Fokker-Planck forms by the use of the Lanczos algorithm*. J. Chem. Phys. **74**, 3757-3773.
- [17] Paige, C. C. (1971). *The computation of eigenvalues and eigenvectors of very large sparse matrices*. Ph.D. Thesis, U. London.
- [18] Paige, C. C. (1972). *Computational variants of the Lanczos method for the eigenproblem*. J.Inst. Math. Appl. **10**, 373-381.
- [19] Paige, C. C. (1976). *Error analysis of the Lanczos algorithms for tridiagonalizing a symmetric matrix*. J. Inst. Math. Appl. **18**, 341-349.
- [20] Paige, C. C. (1980). *Accuracy and effectiveness of the Lanczos algorithm for the symmetric eigenproblem*. Linear Algebra Appl. **34**, 235-258.
- [21] Ryder, B. G. (1974). *The PFORT Verifier*. Software-Practice and Experience, **4**, 359-377.
- [22] Ryder, B. G., and Hall, A. D.(1981). *PFORT Verifier*. Bell Laboratory Computer Science Technical Report 12. Bell Laboratory, Murray Hill, New Jersey, USA
- [23] Smith, B. T., Boyle, J. M., Garbow, B. S., Ikebe, Y., Klema, V. C., and Moler, C. B. (1976), *Matrix Eigensystem Routines - EISPACK Guide*. Lecture Notes in Computer Science, **6**, Second Edition, Springer, New York.
- [24] Stewart, G. W. (1973). *Introduction to Matrix Computations*. Academic Press, New York.
- [25] Wilkinson, J. H. (1965). *The Algebraic Eigenvalue Problem*. Oxford University Press, New York.

Related Work by the Authors

- [1] Cullum, J. and Zhang, T. (2002). *Two-Sided Arnoldi and Nonsymmetric Lanczos Algorithms*. SIAM J. Mat. Anal. Appl., **24**, 303 – 319.
- [2] Cullum, J. and Ruehli, A. (2001), *Pseudospectra analysis, nonlinear eigenvalue problems, and studying systems with time delays*, BIT, **41**, 265–281
- [3] Cullum, J.K. and Ruehli, A.E. (2000), *Method for analyzing the stability and passivity of system models*, US Patent, 6058258 (May 5, 2000).
- [4] Cullum, Jane (1996). *Arnoldi versus nonsymmetric Lanczos algorithms for solving matrix eigenvalue problems*, BIT **36**, 470–493.
- [5] Cullum, Jane and Willoughby, Ralph A. (1996). *A QL procedure for computing the eigenvalues of complex symmetric tridiagonal matrices*, SIAM J. Matrix Anal. Appl., **17**, 83–109.
- [6] Cullum, Jane and Willoughby, Ralph (1991). *Computing eigenvalues of large matrices, some Lanczos algorithms and a shift and invert strategy*. Advances in Numerical Partial Differential Equations and Optimization, Eds., S. Gomez, J.P. Hennart and R.A. Tapia, SIAM Publications Philadelphia, PA, 198–246.
- [7] Cullum, J., Kerner, W. and Willoughby, R.A. (1989). *A generalized nonsymmetric Lanczos procedure.*, Computer Physics Communications, North-Holland, **53**, 19–48.
- [8] Cullum, Jane and Willoughby, Ralph A., (1986). Eds., *Large Scale Eigenvalue Problems*, Mathematics Studies, **127**, North-Holland.
- [9] Cullum, Jane and Willoughby, Ralph A. (1986). *A practical procedure for computing eigenvalues of large sparse nonsymmetric matrices*. In Large Scale Eigenvalue Problems, Mathematics Studies, eds., J. Cullum and R.A. Willoughby, **127**, North-Holland, 193–240.
- [10] Cullum, Jane and Willoughby, Ralph A. (1984). *A Lanczos algorithm for the modal analysis of very large, nondefective, nonsymmetric matrices*, in Proceedings of the IEEE 23rd Conference on Decision and Control, Las Vegas, Nevada, Dec. 12–14, 1984, IEEE Press, 1758–1761.
- [11] Chow, J.H., Cullum, Jane, and Willoughby, Ralph A. (1983). *A sparsity-based technique for identifying slow-coherent areas in large power systems*, IEEE Transactions on Power Apparatus and Systems, **103**, 463–473.
- [12] Cullum, J., Willoughby, R. A., and Lake, M. (1983). *A Lanczos algorithm for computing singular values and vectors of large matrices*. SIAM J. Sci. Statist. Comput. **4**, 197–215.
- [13] Cullum, J., and Willoughby, R. A. (1981). *Computing eigenvalues of very large symmetric matrices—an implementation of a Lanczos algorithm with no reorthogonalization*. J. Comput. Phys. **44**, 329–358.
- [14] Cullum, Jane and Willoughby, Ralph A. (1980). *The Lanczos phenomenon: An interpretation based upon conjugate gradient optimization*, Linear Algebra and Its Applications, **29**, 63–90.

- [15] Cullum, Jane and Willoughby, R. A. (1980). *Computing eigenvectors (and eigenvalues) of large, symmetric matrices using Lanczos tridiagonalization*. Lecture Notes in Mathematics No. **773**, Numerical Analysis, Proceedings Dundee, Scotland, 1979, Ed. G. A. Watson, Springer-Verlag, 46–63.
- [16] Cullum, Jane (1979). *Using Lanczos tridiagonalization to compute eigenvalues and eigenvectors of large symmetric matrices*, Conjugate Gradient Methods and Similar Techniques, ed. I. S. Duff, AERE Report R-9636, Computer Science Division, A.E.R.E. Harwell, Oxfordshire, England, December 1979, 72–90.
- [17] Cullum, Jane and Willoughby, R. A. (1979). *Fast modal analysis of large sparse but unstructured symmetric matrices..* Proceedings of 17th IEEE Conference on Decision and Control, San Diego, Calif., January 1979, IEEE Press, 45–53.
- [18] Cullum, J., and Willoughby, R. A. (1979). *Lanczos and the computation in specified intervals of the spectrum of large sparse real symmetric matrices.* in Proceedings of Symposium on Sparse Matrix Theory, Knoxville, Tenn., Nov. 2–3, 1978, Sparse Matrix Proceedings 1978, Eds., I. S. Duff and G. W. Stewart, SIAM, Philadelphia, 220-255.
- [19] Cullum, J., Donath, W. E., and Wolfe, P. (1975). *The minimization of certain nondifferentiable sums of eigenvalues of symmetric matrices.* In Nondifferentiable Optimization, Mathematical Programming Study **3**, North-Holland, 35-55,